

## Subject Description Form

<b>Subject Code</b>	LSGI2224
<b>Subject Title</b>	<b>Geo-referencing Systems</b>
<b>Credit Value</b>	3
<b>Level</b>	2
<b>Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion</b>	Nil
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The objectives of this subject are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To provide an understanding of the fundamental concepts of Space-time reference systems and realization of geodetic datum in local and global scale</li> <li>2. To be able to use various map projections for different applications, with a focus on the Hong Kong Reference Systems</li> </ol>
<b>Intended Learning Outcomes</b>	<p>At the end of this subject students who gain a pass will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Describe the basic concepts of various geodetic space and time reference systems (L2)</li> <li>2. Use various transformations for different geodetic reference systems (L3)</li> <li>3. Understand geodetic datum and realization of reference frames (L2)</li> <li>4. Apply different map projection methods for various applications (L3)</li> </ol>
<b>Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. Concepts of geodetic space and time reference systems</li> <li>B. Coordinate and time systems in geodesy Earth-fix earth-centred system, Ellipsoidal system, Astronomic System, Celestial system, time systems</li> <li>C. Transformations among various coordinate systems</li> <li>D. Local and global geodetic datum</li> <li>E. Realization of Reference frame</li> <li>F. Concepts of Map projections</li> <li>G. Universal Transverse Mercator (<i>UTM</i>) Projection</li> <li>H. Hong Kong Geodetic Datum and Map Projection</li> </ol>

<b>Teaching/Learning Methodology</b>	Students are exposed to the new concepts through lectures and extensive reading materials					
<b>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</b>	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
			1	2	3	4
	1. Assessment	40%	✓	✓	✓	✓
	2. Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Total	100 %				
Students' understanding on different expected learning outcomes on the concepts, methodology and theories will be assessed with continuous assignments, phase test and a final exam. Students' abilities and skills of analytical, critical and creative thinking will be assessed with challenging problems embedded in the test and exam.						
<b>Student Study Effort Expected</b>	Class contact:					
	▪ Lectures					26 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial					13 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:					
	▪ Self study, reading and revision					66 Hrs.
	Total student study effort					105 Hrs.
<b>Reading List and References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Map projection transformation : principles and applications / Qihe H. Yang, John P. Snyder, Waldo R. Tobler (2000)</li> <li>2. Map projections : cartographic information systems / Erik W. Grafarend, Rey-Jer You, Rainer Syffus (2014)</li> <li>3. Jonathan Iliffe, Roger Lott (2008). Datums and Map Projections For Remote Sensing, GIS and Surveying. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Whittles Publishing.</li> <li>4. Soffel, M., &amp; Langhans, R. (2013). Space–Time. In Space-Time Reference Systems (pp. 49-60). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.</li> <li>5. Van Sickle, J. (2017). Basic GIS coordinates. CRC press.</li> </ol>					

6. Boucher, C., & Wilkins, G. A. (Eds.). (2012). *Earth Rotation and Coordinate Reference Frames: Edinburgh, Scotland, August 10–11, 1989* (Vol. 105). Springer Science & Business Media.
7. Geodesy / Wolfgang Torge, Jürgen Müller(2012)
8. Mugnier, C. J. (2022) *Coordinate Systems of the World: Datums and Grids*.
9. *Introduction to geometrical and physical geodesy : foundations of geomatics* / Thomas H. Meyer (2010)
10. Vanicek, P., & Krakiwsky, E. J. (2015). *Geodesy: the concepts*. Elsevier.
11. Hooijberg, M. (2008). *Geometrical geodesy*. Springer, Berlin.