



# **Air Pollution Laboratory**

ZN1109, Block Z,

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering,

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University



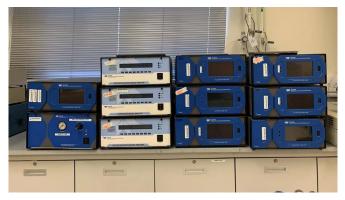


### Introduction

Air laboratory is a well-established laboratory in providing air pollution study at institutional level and serving to general public in Hong Kong since 1982. Our laboratory has equipped with many cutting-edge air sampling equipment and analyzers for supporting innovative research projects and general laboratory-teaching experiment. The main function of the Air Pollution Laboratory consists of three main categories, namely criteria air pollutant measurements, volatile organic compounds and organic aerosol measurements and indoor air quality (IAQ) study.







Teledyne API Gas Analyzers for Criteria Air Pollutant Measurements

Teledyne API Ozone / Carbon Monoxide / Carbon Dioxide / Sulphur Dioxide / Nitrogen Oxides / Methane and Nonmethane Analyzers provide a comprehensive criteria pollutants monitoring in the air which are considered hazardous to human health.



### **High Volume Air Samplers**

High volume air samplers are used for the collection of airborne particulate matter in ambient air. They are available for the collection of Total Suspended particulates (TSP), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of less than 10µm (PM10),or less than 2.5µm (PM2.5), and semi-volatile organic compounds and pesticides (PUF).



Cape D'Aguilar (Hok Tsui) Air
Monitoring Station

Cape D'Aguilar is a strategic air monitoring station in South China Sea to obtain the baseline levels of air pollutants in this region.

It also helps to monitor the long range transboundary air pollution due to cold-fronts in winters or due to the storm surge in typhoons and greenhouse gases emission due to tidal movements.



Thermo-desorption Aerosol Gas
Chromatography

The Aerodyne Thermo-desorption Aerosol Gas Chromatography (TAG) automates online sampling and analysis of condensed phase (e.g. aerosol) organic compounds and eliminates the laborious sample collection, transportation, storage, and preparation process associated with filter based measurement.



**Aerosol Mass Spectrometer** 

Aerodyne aerosol mass spectrometer (AMS) is the only currently available instrument capable of providing quantitative size and chemical mass loading information in real-time for nonrefractorv sub-micron aerosol particles. The AMS couples sizeresolved particle sampling and mass spectrometric techniques into a single real-time measurement system.



DRI 2001A Organic Carbon / Elemental Carbon Analyzer

Carbonaceous aerosols such as organic carbon (OC) and elemental carbon (EC) are detected by a 2001A carbon analyzer developed by Desert Research Institute.

The OC and EC by total optical reflectance (TOR) are insensitive to the change in temperature protocol, and therefore the long-term consistency of the IMPROVE database is conserved.

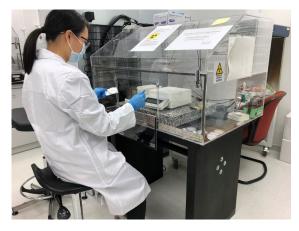




High Performance Liquid Chromatography

High-performance liquid chromatography is a technique in analytical chemistry used to separate, identify, and quantify each component in a mixture.

The HPLC in Air Pollution Laboratory is mainly for chemical characterization of trace-level of carbonyl compounds in air samples.



**Filter Handling Room** 

A temperature and pressure controlled clean room meets Class 5 ISO standard, which provides a stable environment for filter handling process for aerosol study.

The gravitational analysis is done by a 6-digit Mircobalance on antivirbration platform. It could accurately measure the mass of aerosol collected and deposited on the filter substrates.



**Environmental Chamber** 

The Environmental Chamber is a micro-environment which control temperature and humidity during measurements of pollutant emissions in indoor air and stimulation the evolution of air pollutants in ambient air.

By equipping the Teflon Air Chamber with UV sources, the Environmental Chamber can simulate the photochemical smog formation via chemical reactions of precursors in ambient air.

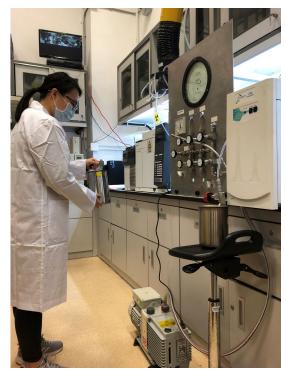




**Scanning Mobility Particle Sizer** 

The 1nm Scanning Mobility Particle Sizer (SMPS™) spectrometer system permits the measurement of particles as small as 1 nm. The optimized Differential Mobility Analyzer 3086 further reduces diffusional losses of those smallest of particles. Between the DMA and a standard Condensation Particle Counter (CPC), the Nano Enhancer 3757 uses diethylene glycol to pregrow 1 nm particles to enable detection by the CPC.





HP 6980 Gas Chromatography
and 5977A Mass Selective
Detector / Flame Ionization
Detector /Electron Capture
Detector equipped with
Entech 7200 Preconcentrator

GC/MSD/FID/ECD are used to analyze VOCs in canister samples. This technique reaches world-class level. Interlaboratory comparison is regularly conducted between Air Pollution Laboratory and authoritative institutions in the world.

Trace-level volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in air are analyzed by HP 6980 Gas Chromatography and Mass Selective Detection / Flame Ionization Detection / Electron Capture Detection by directly injecting transformed condensate compounds, which are preconcentrated by Entech 7200 Preconcentrator, from gas phase canister samples collected in ambient air.

With connecting to the Environmental Chamber, the VOCs compounds can be measured directly for emission measurements of indoor air studies or stimulation of photochemical smog formation studies.



### **Academic Staff**



Prof. GUO, Hai (郭海)

Professor and Air Pollution Laboratory in Charge

Email: ceguohai@polyu.edu.hk

Homepage: <a href="https://www.polyu.edu.hk/cee/~ceguohai/">https://www.polyu.edu.hk/cee/~ceguohai/</a>



Prof. LEE, Shuncheng (李順誠)

Professor and Associate Head (Partnership)

Email: ceslee@polyu.edu.hk

Homepage: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/cee/~cesclee



Prof. WANG, Tao (王韜)

Chair Professor of Atmospheric Environment

Email: cetwang@polyu.edu.hk

Homepage: http://www.polyu.edu.hk/cee/~cetwang/



Dr. LYU, Xiaopu (呂效譜)

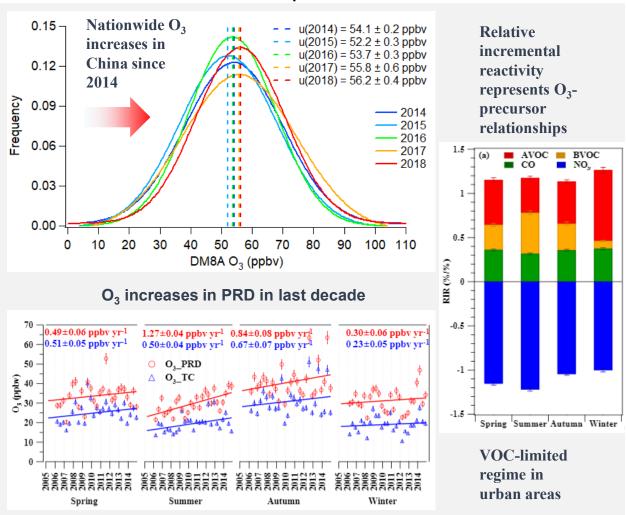
Research Assistant Professor

Email: xiaoplyu@polyu.edu.hk

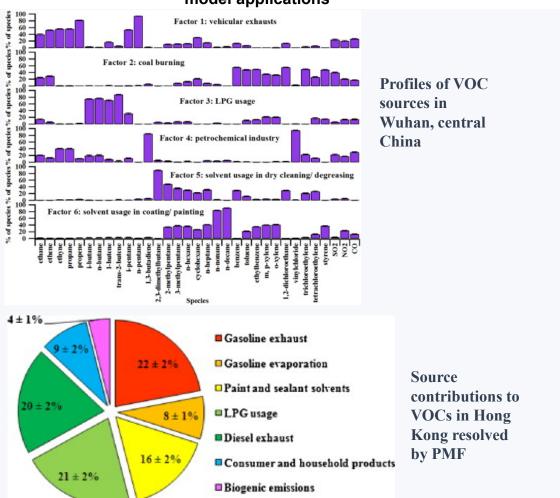


## Research Spotlight

Ground-level ozone increases across China and relationships with ozone precursors



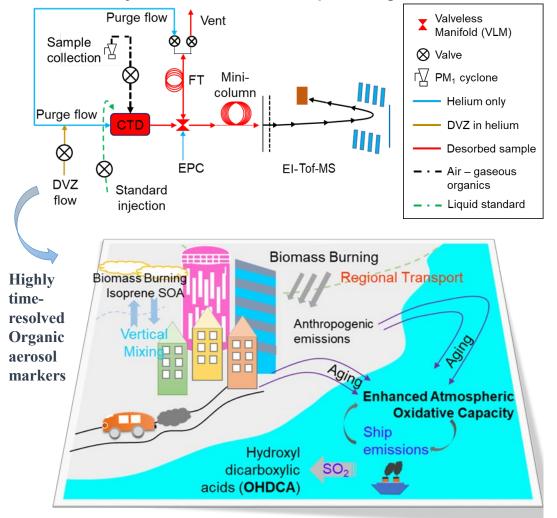
### Sources of volatile organic compounds – receptor model applications



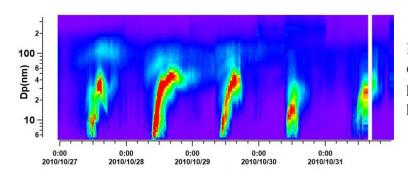


## Research Spotlight

In situ measurements of molecular organic aerosol markers and dynamic sources of atmospheric organic aerosols

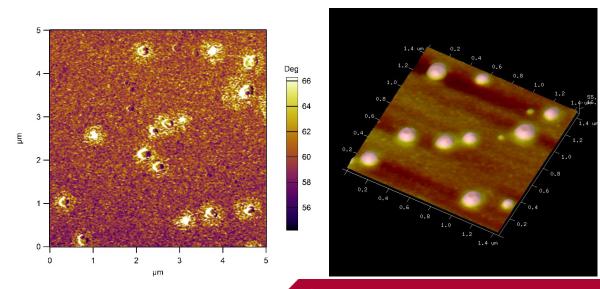


### Ultrafine and acidic particles in the atmosphere



Particle number distributions in new particle formation processes

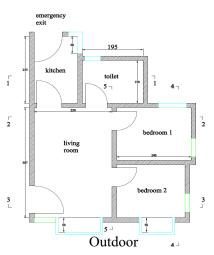
### Atomic force microscopic images of acidic ultrafine particles in the atmosphere





## Research Spotlight

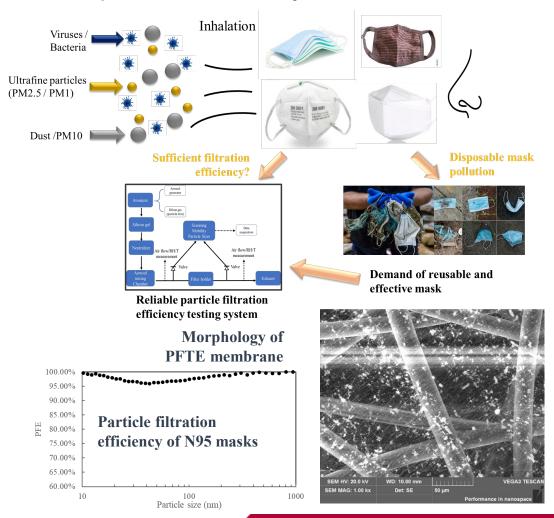
Indoor air pollution – Are we breathing healthy air at home?





#### **PM1-OM** 8.1% Incense burning 33.4% Cigarette smoking Non-activity PM1-OM 7.0% Candle burning 6.7% Cooking 2 5.4% Cigarette smoking Sources of 11.8% Cooking 1 7.6% Incense burning and source 2.8% Candle burning contributions 2.2% Cooking 1 to indoor organic matters 3% Outdoor influence 23.3% Outdoor influence 16.3% Cooking 2

### Tests of particle removal efficiency of filtration materials





## Lab-in-charge and Technical Staff



Lab-in-Charge

Prof. GUO, Hai (郭海)

Professor and Air Pollution Laboratory in Charge

Email: ceguohai@polyu.edu.hk

Homepage: <a href="https://www.polyu.edu.hk/cee/~ceguohai/">https://www.polyu.edu.hk/cee/~ceguohai/</a>



**Technical Staff** 

Mr. CHAN, Chi Sing, Jazz

Email: jazz.chan@polyu.edu.hk

Tel: (852) 2766 6023

#### **Address**

Room ZN1109, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

### **Opening Hours**

Monday 8:45am – 12:30pm, 1:30pm – 5:45pm Tuesday to Friday 8:45am – 12:30pm, 1:30pm – 5:30pm (excluding Saturday, Sunday & public holidays)