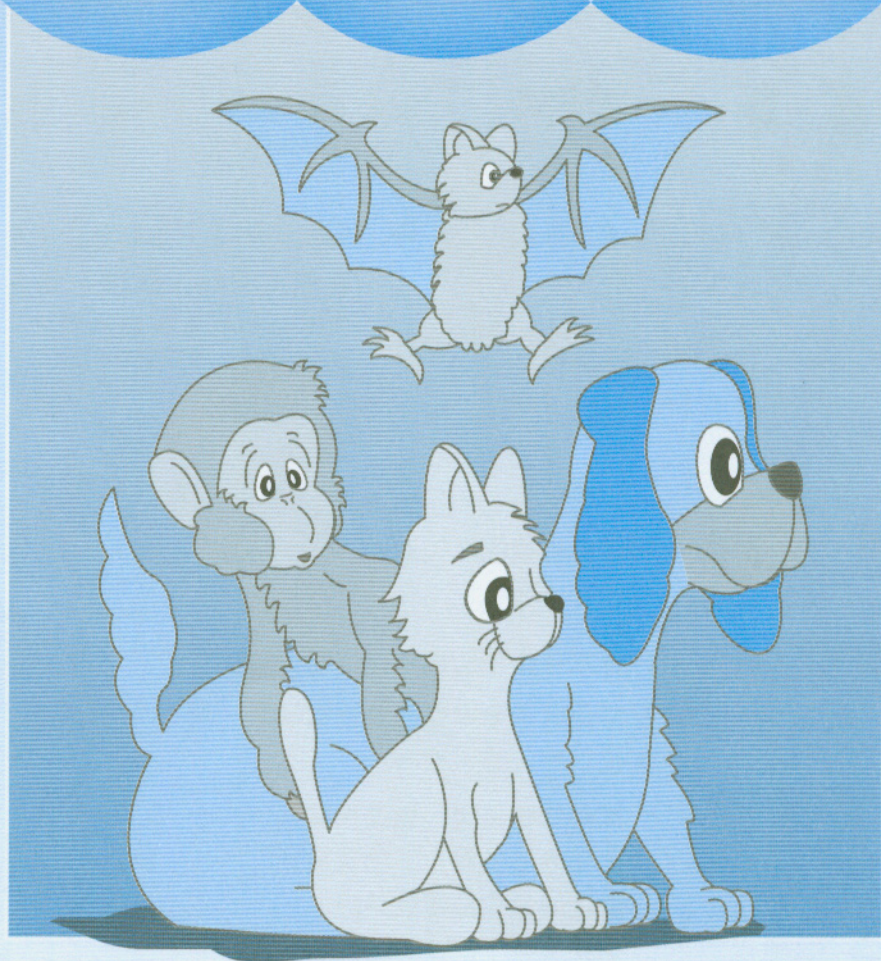


預防 瘋狗症



衛生署

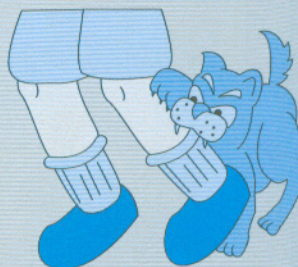


中央健康教育組

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病原體：

瘋狗症病毒，可影響狗、貓及野生動物如猴子、狼及蝙蝠等。



傳染途徑：

被帶病毒動物咬傷時動物唾液內的病毒經傷口侵入人體，沿神經直到腦部，造成腦炎。



潛伏期：

通常 2-8 週，但可超過一年。

病徵：

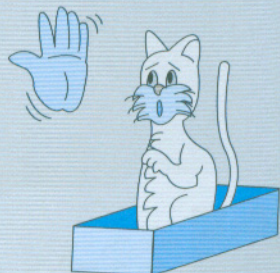
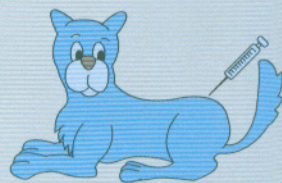
初期不明顯，受傷部位附近可能麻痺或刺痛、發燒、流涎、焦慮、行為異常、肌肉僵硬、痙攣甚至死亡。

治療：

病徵出現後便無法治癒。

預防：

1. 替家畜作預防瘋狗症注射。
2. 避免與不明來歷的動物接觸，包括狗、貓、猴等。
3. 被動物咬傷後，盡速用清水及肥皂清洗傷口，然後前往附近的急症室接受治療。
4. 如有需要，可接受預防瘋狗症疫苗。



HEALTH ADVICE ON RABIES PREVENTION



Department of
Health



Central Health
Education Unit

服務市民
SERVING THE COMMUNITY



Infectious Agent:

Rabies virus, affecting dogs, cats, and wild animals like monkeys, wolves and bats.



Mode of Transmission:

When bitten or scratched by an **infected animal**, the virus in the saliva enters the body through the wound and travels through nerves to the brain, leading to encephalitis



Incubation Period :

Usually 2-8 weeks, can be 1 year or longer.

Symptoms :

Not obvious initially. There may be numbness and tingling around the site of the wound, fever, salivation, irritability, anxiety, behavioural abnormality, stiffness of muscle, convulsion and even death.

Treatment :

When symptoms appear, there is no cure.

Prevention :

1. Immunization of pets.
2. Avoid stray animals, including dogs, cats, monkeys.
3. After being bitten by animal, wash wound thoroughly with plain water & soap immediately. Then seek medical attention at the nearest Accident and Emergency Department.
4. If necessary, receive anti-rabies immunization.

