

NEWSLETTER ISSUE 09 (MAR 2024)

Dr. Yvonne HAN's tDCS and cognitive remediation training in adolescents and young adults with Autism

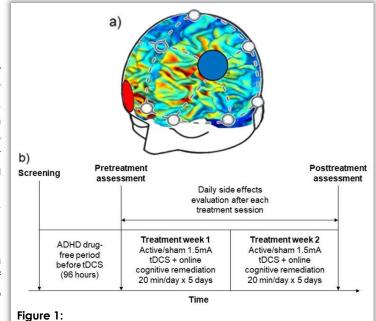
o date, there is no known cure for autism spectrum disorder (ASD). Although some behavioural interventions have shown positive therapeutic effects in reducing the outward problem behaviours associated with ASD, the disorder remains a highly disabling condition. Few treatment options are available for targeting core symptoms of ASD. The development of treatments that target common neural circuit dysfunctions is promising. Recently, a noninvasive brain stimulation technique, transcranial Direct Current Stimulation (tDCS), has shown great promise as a potentially effective and cost-effective tool for reducing core symptoms such as anxiety, aggression, impulsivity, and inattention in patients with autism.

A PolyU research team led by Dr. Yvonne Han, Associate Professor of the Department of Rehabilitation Sciences, is the first research team to conduct a series of double-blind randomised controlled trials (RCTs) to the clinical, neuropsychological, examine and neurophysiological of effects tDCS, alongside computerised cognitive remediation training, in adolescents and young adults with autism. This technique has been shown to modify behaviour by inducing changes in cortical excitability and enhancing information processing between the targeted brain areas.

To evaluate the clinical effects and neurophysiological processes of multisession prefrontal tDCS combined with cognitive remediation training, participants were randomly assigned to either active or sham-tDCS group. Participants were administered 1.5mA of prefrontal tDCS using the Starstim device from Neuroelectrics (cathode:F3, anode: FP2, size of electrodes: 25 cm²) for 20 minutes per session over two consecutive weeks. tDCS was administered simultaneously with a computerized cognitive remediation training program. The †DCS group received identical cognitive sham as those in the active group, with the only difference being the absence of the 20-minute stimulation. Social functioning, information processing efficiency during cognitive tasks, and brain activities were measured using EEG before and after the treatment (Figure 1).



Researcher from Dr. Han's group, training with a participant



Intervention protocol used in this study.

a) shows the electrode placement and the electric field modelling generated by 1.5mA tDCS with F3 (25cm² circular cathode) – Fp2 (25cm² circular anode) montage for 20 minutes.

b) shows the experimental design of this study.

Findings from this study indicated that, relative to sham tDCS, active tDCS was effective in enhancing overall social functioning and information processing efficiency during cognitive tasks in these individuals. Electroencephalography data showed that this tDCS protocol was effective in reducing the theta-band E/I ratio of the cortical midline structures and that this reduction significantly predicted information processing efficiency enhancement (Figure 2).

sham tDCS group received identical cognitive Study results support the use of multisession cathodal remediation training and followed the same tDCS protocol tDCS over the left dorsolateral prefrontal cortex combined as those in the active group, with the only difference being with online cognitive remediation for reducing the elevated the absence of the 20-minute stimulation. Social theta-band E/I ratio in sociocognitive information processing efficiency during circuits in ASD patients, resulting in more adaptive regulation of global brain dynamics that is associated with enhanced information processing efficiency 1).

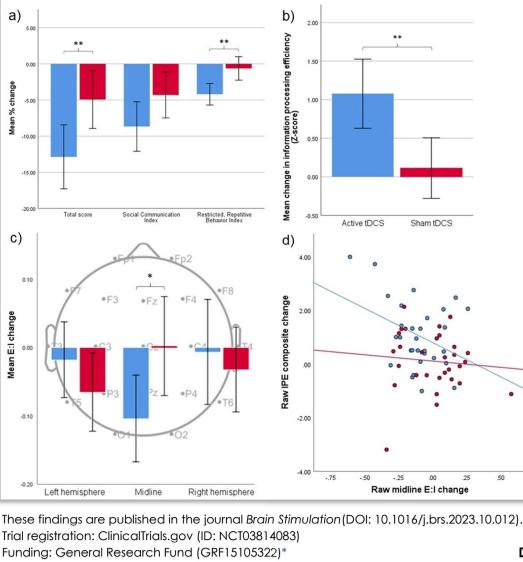


Figure 2:

Clinical, neuropsychological and neurophysiological effects of prefrontal tDCS in ASD (blue: active tDCS; red: sham tDCS).

shows that active **†DCS** a) significantly reduced SRS-2 total and RRB index scores when compared to sham tDCS (ps < .01).

b) shows that when compared to sham tDCS, active tDCS significantly enhanced information processing efficiency (p < .01). Regarding neurophysiological outcome,

that active **†DCS** c) shows specifically modulated midline E:I (i.e. averaged E:I values from Fz, Oz and Pz; p < .05).

d) is a scattered plot showing that reduction in midline E:I only significantly predicted IPE composite enhancement in active tDCS (R2 linear = -.141; p = .041), but not in the sham tDCS (R2 linear = -.008; p = .637) group.



Dr. Yvonne HAN Associate Professor **Dept of Rehabilitation Sciences**

Behavioural test:

Tail Suspension Test

The Tail Suspension Test is a commonly employed test used for assessing depressive-like behaviour in rodents. By suspending the animal by its tail, this test measures immobility time as an indicator of despair-like behaviour. It aids in studying the efficacy of

potential treatments and enhancing our comprehension of depressive disorders.

Specifications:

- 20cm(w) * 40cm(h) * 30cm(d)
- Designed as two sets of boards that assemble inside an open field box to form two partitions of the above dimensions.
- Can be used with ANY-maze tracking software



*A plastic model is used in this photo for demonstration purposes.

Behavioural test:

Forced Swim Test

The Forced Swim Test is a widely used behavioural test, placing rodents in an unpleasant environment, assessing their depressive-like behaviour. This test provides valuable insights into the efficacy of potential antidepressant

treatments and helps advance our understanding of mood disorders.

Specifications:

- 15cm(diameter) * 20cm(h)
- Acrylic cylinder
- Fits into our behavioural equipment bundle, and use our open field box arena as backdrop
- Can be used with ANY-maze tracking software

Officer-in-charge: Dr. Howard CHAN (howardhw.chan@polyu.edu.hk) More information on UBSN equipment: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ubsn/facilities/equipment/

"UBSN Best Paper" Award 2024 Is Now Open for Application!



Recent events at UBSN

In January, UBSN organised a workshop for the Multifocal Visual Evoked Cortical Potentials (VECP) System which measures Electroretinogram (ERG) in mice here at UBSN. We also welcomed student visitors from Zhejiang University!



Electroretinogram (ERG) **Animal Neuroscience Workshop** Instructor: Gaush Meditech Ltd.



Visitors from Zhejiang University University students

In February, UBSN warmly received Prof. YI Chung-Hwi and his colleagues from Yonsei University, South Korea.



Visitors from Yonsei University, South Korea Visitor: Prof. YI Chung-Hwi & his colleagues

In March, Prof. Arturo HERNANDEZ from University of Houston, USA, visited UBSN! UBSN is also honoured to have Prof. Henry CHAN from School of Optometry sharing his research on Electroretinogram (ERG) with us. They also gave us a very in-depth lab demonstration at his lab!



USA Visitor: Prof. Arturo HERNANDEZ



Visitor from University of Houston, Electroretinogram (ERG) Research Seminar Speaker: Prof. Henry CHAN



Electroretinogram (ERG) Research Lab Demo Instructor: Milan RAI (Prof. Henry CHAN group)

At UBSN, we hope to bring users useful knowledge regularly and inspire more innovative research at PolyU. If you have any requests or suggestions on an equipment, please drop us a message!

For more UBSN news and events, visit our website: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ubsn/news-and-events/</u>

Upcoming Events at UBSN

Up next in April and May we will have two Capacity Building Scheme seminars.

A selected piece of UBSN equipment is featured every few months. This bimester featured "ERG" (Electroretinogram in Animal); Later this year, we will have seminars and workshops on Human behaviour equipment e.g. fNIRS, TMS, EEG, etc

We also have our first-ever Open Day on 4th of May 2024 (Sat). Seminars, lab tours and souvenirs will be organised!

Stay tuned: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ubsn/news-and-events/



Have any questions? Interested in using our equipment? Please contact us! Website: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ubsn E-mail: ubsn.enquiry@polyu.edu.hk University Research Facility in Behavioral and Systems Neuroscience (UBSN)

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4th May 2024 Date: 10:00 - 17:00 Time: Venue: Block Z, PolyU

- 2/F Podium (Exhibits)
- Rm Z211 (Seminars)
- Rm ZB216-218 (UBSN/ Lab tours)



- Seminars from Keynote Presenters UBSN Best Paper Award Ceremony
- Seminars from UBSN Principal Investigators

2024

- Lab Tours (Introductions to various equipment: Human 3T MRI and Mock MRI, Human and Animal Electrophysiological and Behavioral equipment)
- UBSN Souvenirs (USB Flash Drive, Mug Set, Umbrella, Coaster, Travel Adaptor and more)



Keynote Speakers:



Prof. GAO Jia-Hong, **Professor and Director** Center for MRI Research, Peking University

Prof. Gao is an expert in the fields of functional and molecular magnetic resonance imaging and their applications in neuroscience and medicine.



Prof. QIU Angi, Professor, Global STEM Scholar Department of Health Technology and Informatics, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Prof. Qiu is an expert in the fields of machine learning in medical images, medical image analysis, neuroimage, imaging genetics, brain development and aging, precision of psychiatric disorders.

Plenary Speakers:



Prof. SUN Lei, Professor Department of Biomedical Engineering, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University



Dr. Bolton CHAU, ADoMHRC & Associate Professor Department of Rehabilitation Sciences, The Hong Kong **Polytechnic University**



Dr. Yvonne HAN. **Associate Professor &** Programme Leader of BSc (Hons) in Occupational Therapy

Department of Rehabilitation Sciences, The Hong Kong **Polytechnic University**

For enquiry, please contact Dr. Patrick Yeung



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