Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AF1BN01				
Subject Title	Economic Logic in Everyday Life				
Credit Value	3				
Level	1				
Normal Duration	1-semester				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	None				
Role and Purposes	The objective of this course is to stimulate interest in economics, by contextualizing it in terms of how it influences both consciously and sub-consciously, the choices and decisions we all make as part of our daily lives. Towards this the aim is to unravel the apparent complexity of economic decisions, by enabling the processes underlying economic thinking, accessible to even those who might have no prior training or background in economics.				
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) examine the process underlying thinking like an economist; (b) apply the lessons from economic decision-making to choices in other domains; (c) analyze the influence of social and psychological factors on our economic behavior; (d) develop our ability to make prudent decisions in daily life				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Topic 1: The Lessons in Economics Cognitive systems and economic thinking; Scarcity, value and opportunity cost; Thinking marginally; Cost-Benefit analysis; Gains from exchange. Topic 2: Thinking Strategically Anticipation and strategy; Cooperation and cheating; Threats and bluffs in conflicts; Brinkmanship and commitment. Topic 3: Power of Markets Demand and Supply; Price as signal; Market equilibrium; Market efficiency and fairness. Topic 4: Market Failure and Public Policy Externalities; Public goods; Regulation: Rent control; Public policy (unintended) consequences. Topic 5: Economics of Information – Uncertainty Uncertainty, assets and financial markets; Systematic vs. unsystematic risk; Reward for risk; Portfolios and diversification. Topic 6: Economics of Information - Asymmetry Hidden information and action; Market for used cars; Insurance markets; Education as a signal; Managerial pay and performance.				

	•	Topic 7: Social Preferences and Norms Altruism; Fairness; Inequity Aversion; Reciprocity.						
	Topic 8: Psychology of Choice - Heuristics Dual cognitive systems and behavioral economics; Predictable heuristics and biases in judgement. Topic 9: Psychology of Choice - Time Inconsistency Hyperbolic discounting and present bias; Projection bias, Pre-commitment and self-control.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will explain, emphasize and apply the key concepts. In tutorials, students will demonstrate their ability to examine real-world economic issues and outcomes, using the insights gained from the lecture and the readings.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Outcomes			a	b	c	d		
	1.Group Presentation	10%	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	√		
	2. Written Report	15%	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	√		
	3. Class Participation	10%	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	√		
	4. Midterm Test	15%	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	√		
	5. Examination	50%	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	√		
	Total	100 %		l	•	<u> </u>	,	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	■ Lecture				26 Hrs.			
	■ Tutorials				13 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:							
	Self study and homework preparation				75 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort				114 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	Hidden Order: The Economics of Everyday Life by David D. Friedman. Harper Paperbacks (1997).							
	Harford, Tim (2006). <i>The Undercover Economist</i> . Random House Trade Paperbacks. <i>Naked Economics: Undressing the Dismal Science</i> by Charles J. Wheelan. W. W. Norton & Company (2003).							

Harford, Tim (2008). *The Logic of Life: The Rational Economics of an Irrational World.* New York: Random House.

Malkiel, Burton G. (2007). A Random Walk Down Wall Street: The time tested strategy for successful investing. W. W. Norton & Co.

Frank, R. H. (2007). The Economic Naturalist. New York: Basic Books.

Ariely, Dan (2008). *Predictably Irrational: The Hidden Forces that Shape our Decision*, New York: HarperCollins

Kahneman, Daniel (2012). Thinking, Fast and Slow, Penguin.