

THE HONG KONG POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY

Department of Mechanical Engineering

Full-time

BEng(Hons) Scheme in Mechanical Engineering (43499)

Awards Offered under the Scheme:

BEng(Hons) in Mechanical Engineering BEng(Hons) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design

(4-Year undergraduate degree structure)

Programme Requirement Document

(For 2020/21 Cohort)

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This Programme Requirement Document is subject to review and changes which the programme offering Department can decide to make from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate.

PART A PROGRAMME SCHEME

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Programme Title and Programme Code

Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) Scheme in Mechanical Engineering (BEng Scheme in ME)

- Scheme Code: 43499
- JUPAS Code: JS3741

1.2 Host Department

Department of Mechanical Engineering

1.3 Award Title

There are two awards operating under the BEng Scheme in ME:

- Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) in Mechanical Engineering (BEngME)
- Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design (BEngPAED)

Students admitted into the BEng Scheme in ME will study together during the first two years and then complete their preferred award (BEngME or BEngPAED) in the next two years until graduation.

1.4 Mode of Attendance

Full-time

1.5 Normal Duration of Study

Mode of Study	Normal Duration of Study
Full-time	4 Years (2 Years for Senior Year)

1.6 Minimum Entrance Requirements

In addition to the general requirements for admission to the full-time honours degree programmes offered by the University, a candidate needs to satisfy one of the following requirements (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e):

(a) For entry with Hong Kong Diploma of Secondary Education Examination (HKDSE) Qualification

HKDSE	Core Subje	ects	Elective Subjects (including M1/M2)			
Subjects	Chinese Language	English Language	Mathematics	Liberal Studies	1 st Elective	2 nd Elective
Level Requirement	3	3	2	2	3	3

The general minimum entrance requirements are as follows:

There is no compulsory subject requirement. Preferred elective subjects for the Scheme include: Physics, Biology, Chemistry, Combined Science, Information and Communication Technology, and Extended Modules in Mathematics.

(b) For entry with A-Level Qualification

A minimum of grade of E in 3 A-Level subjects OR E in 2 A-Level and 2 AS-Level subjects; and Satisfy the English Language Requirement.

(c) For entry with International Baccalaureate (IB) Qualification

A minimum score of 24 with at least grade 4 in 2 Higher Level (HL) subjects; and Satisfy the English Language Requirement.

(d) For those with other Qualifications

A relevant Diploma passed with credit or a relevant Higher Certificate from a recognized institution; or A relevant Associate Degree / Higher Diploma from a recognized institution.

(e) **Qualifications equivalent to (a), (b), (c) or (d).**

- Note 1: Credit transfer may be granted to applicants with A-Level / IB qualification / Higher Diploma / Associate Degree, or the equivalent.
- Note 2: Holder of a Higher Diploma or Associate Degree in Mechanical Engineering/ Engineering Design or a related discipline with good academic result at graduation (as determined by PolyU ME) may be considered for the Senior Year curriculum.

2. PREAMBLE

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University (PolyU) aspires to be a leading university that excels in professional education, applied research and partnership with the industry for the betterment of Hong Kong, the nation and the world. It is the mission of the University (a) To pursue impactful research that benefits the world; (b) To nurture critical thinkers, effective communicators, innovative problem solvers and socially responsible global citizens; and (c) To foster a University community in which all members can excel in their aspirations with a strong sense of belonging and pride. Being one of the oldest departments in the University, the Department of Mechanical Engineering (ME Department) follows closely the progress and development of the University, and shares its vision and mission.

In line with the vision of the University, the ME Department aspires to achieve excellence in education and research in the discipline of mechanical engineering with global out-reach and impact. It is also our mission (a) To train future leaders, with creativity, broad vision, global outlook, and professional ethics for industry, academia, government and communities, who have sound knowledge in mechanical engineering with effective communication, analytical, and problem-solving skills; and (b) To create knowledge and technologies through fundamental research and its applications in mechanical engineering, in order to serve the societal needs.

Hong Kong is facing a fast-evolving and increasingly competitive world. In order to maintain economic growth in the face of globalization, its economy has to change from being efficiencybased to knowledge-based. The goal of the ME Department is to produce all-round graduates who can lead a changing society. This goal is accomplished by having forward looking course curricula. Thus, it is one of the objectives of the Department to provide a holistic education which is outcome-based, work-integrated, professionally and globally-oriented, and student centred to strengthen the holistic development of the students.

The ME Department is currently offering the following two full-time undergraduate degree programmes:

- Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) in Mechanical Engineering (BEngME); and
- Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design (BEngPAED)

Students wish to study in either BEngME or BEngPAED will firstly be admitted into the Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) Scheme in Mechanical Engineering (BEng Scheme in ME).

3. RATIONALE, AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

One of the missions of the ME Department is to produce graduates with a good general education, a competent command of the English and Chinese languages, a broad knowledge of mechanical engineering, and a deeper understanding of one of its sub-fields, with an aims to endow our graduates with competence to meet and lead the changing technological challenges of the 21st century.

PolyU aspires to develop all its students as all-round graduates with professional competence, and has identified a set of highly valued graduate attributes as the learning goals for students. While many of these graduate attributes can be developed through the curricular activities of the BEng Scheme in ME, some (including global outlook, interest in local and international affairs, sense of social and national responsibility, cultural appreciation) are primarily addressed through co-curricular activities offered by faculties, departments and various teaching and learning support units of the University. Students are encouraged to make full use of such opportunities to develop these attributes.

3.1 Aims of BEng Scheme in ME

In order to make our two undergraduate programmes (BEngME and BEngPAED) more attractive to the students, ME Department merges them together into the BEng Scheme in ME. Starting from September 2017, students admitted into the BEng Scheme in ME will study together during the first two years and then complete their preferred programme (BEngME or BEngPAED) in the next two years until graduation. After successful completion of their chosen programme, students will be awarded with either Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) in Mechanical Engineering or Bachelor of Engineering(Honours) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design. The structure of the BEng Scheme in ME is illustrated in Figure 3.1.

3.2 Programme Aims and Objective of BEng(Hons) in Mechanical Engineering (BEngME)

Due to rapid development of infra-structure, transportation engineering, clean energy, materials engineering, and building services engineering projects in Hong Kong, mechanical engineering becomes one of the most essential engineering disciplines required by the community. The major knowledge and skills in mechanical engineering: thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, mechanics, materials engineering, dynamics and control, and engineering design, are critical elements for successful completion of these multi-disciplinary projects. Thus, mechanical engineers are playing very important role in building the modern community and certainly of great demand.

The BEngME programme is designed with the following objectives:

- 1. To provide students with a broad base of knowledge in the fundamentals of mechanical engineering.
- 2. To help students develop the ability to engage in life-long learning and professional development.
- 3. To produce graduates that are aware of the global, societal, ethical and professional issues in the practice of engineering.

3.3 Programme Aims and Objective of BEng(Hons) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design (BEngPAED)

In order for Hong Kong to sharpen its competitive edge in the export-led international markets, it is of utmost importance for our industries to develop their own brand names as providers of top-quality, trendy and innovative products and engineering systems to *vast* customers worldwide, much like the labels of luxury goods or prestigious service industries excelled in well-developed countries. This pressing need has been transforming the Hong Kong industries from *low-cost* Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs), to *high-value-added* Original Design Manufacturers (ODMs), and to the ultimate target of being *creativity-led* and *innovation-driven* Original Brand Manufacturers (OBMs) so as tomaintain their success and even perform better in international market share. In order to achieve this transformation, the Hong Kong industries and business for the development of innovative products and engineering systems, that provide unprecedented experiences and service quality, across the breadth of engineering and design.

The ME Department identifies it as an excellent opportunity to offer an undergraduate programme that matches the educational needs for nurturing new breed design engineers for the transformation of Hong Kong industries to reach excellence in the innovation-driven business worldwide. The design engineers should be able to integrate fundamental engineering and design knowledge and skills, with a particular emphasis on computer-aided product analysis tools, creativity and engineering design processes, aesthetics and human factors, leverage of existing technologies, enterprise skills and industrial experience necessary to bring new innovations to international markets. With this ultimate goal in mind, the BEngPAED programme is designed with the following objectives:

- 1. To synergize technology with design and business with an aim to fulfilling the PolyU's strategic development of product design.
- 2. To provide graduates with excellent integration of knowledge, skills and hands-on experience in developing new products with superior quality including engineering design, industrial design, engineering sciences, simulation and analysis, prototyping and manufacture, management and marketing, via a coherent and well-balanced curriculum developed through collaboration between departments involved.
- 3. To produce preferred all-round graduates, who have developed all-roundedness knowledge and skills including self-learning, communication, team-playing, management, information search and global outlook, such that they are found immediately useful by the industry, and at the same time, will be able to develop themselves to play important roles in leading the local manufacturers to design and develop high-value-added new products with superior quality, in order to maintain the prosperity of Hong Kong.
- 4. To help graduates develop the ability to engage in life-long-learning and professional development and to acquire professional recognition from professional bodies including the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers.
- 5. To produce graduates who are aware of the global, societal, ethical and professional issues in the practice of product design and development.

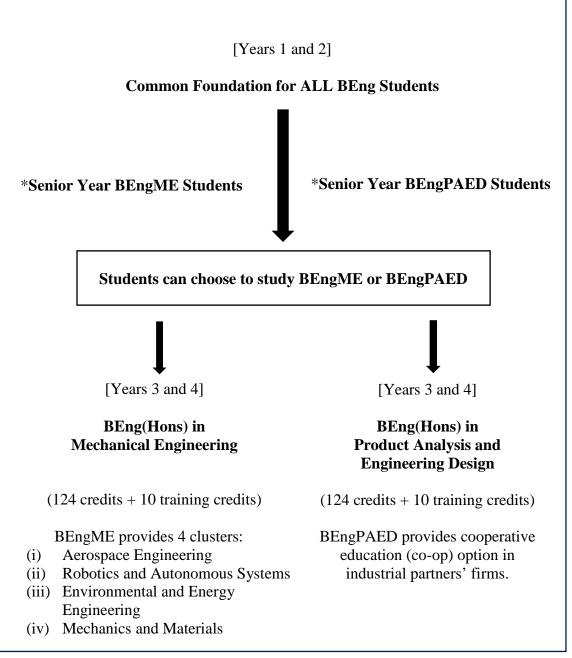


Figure 3.1 - Structure of Full-time BEng(Hons) Scheme in Mechanical Engineering

*Senior Year Students are admitted directly into either BEng(Hons) in Mechanical Engineering or BEng(Hons) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design.

4. INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOMES (ILOs)

The BEng(Hons) in Mechanical Engineering (BEngME) and BEng(Hons) in Product Analysis and Engineering Design (BEngPAED) programmes offered by the ME Department are designed to produce graduates that are broad-based and knowledgeable in mechanical engineering and design engineering respectively. It is expected that our graduates would accept responsibilities as professionals in academic, industrial and governmental organizations.

4.1 PolyU Institutional Learning Outcomes

It is PolyU's educational mission to nurture competent professionals who are also critical thinkers, effective communicators, innovative problem solvers, lifelong learners, and ethical leaders. The institutional learning outcomes for these attributes are provided as follows:

- (a) Competent professional: Graduates should be able to integrate and to apply in-depth discipline knowledge and specialised skills that are fundamental to functioning effectively as an entry-level professional (*professional competence*); understand the global trends and opportunities related to their professions (*global outlook*); and demonstrate entrepreneurial spirit and skills in their work, including the discovery and use of opportunities, and experimentation with novel ideas (*entrepreneurship*).
- (b) Critical thinker: Graduates should be able to examine and critique the validity of information, arguments, and different viewpoints, and to reach sound judgments on the basis of credible evidence and logical reasoning.
- (c) Effective communicator: Graduates should be able to comprehend and communicate effectively in English, and Chinese where appropriate, orally and in writing, in professional and day-to-day contexts.
- (d) Innovative problem solver: Graduates should be able to identify and define problems in both professional and day-to-day contexts, and produce innovative solutions to solve problems.
- (e) Lifelong learner: Graduates should be able to recognise the need for continual learning and self-improvement, and be able to plan, manage and evaluate their own learning in pursuit of self-determined goals.
- (f) Ethical leader: Graduates should have an understanding of leadership and be prepared to serve as a leader and a team player (*leadership and teamwork*); demonstrate self-leadership and psychosocial competence in pursuing personal and professional development (*intrapersonal competence*); be capable of building and maintaining relationship and resolving conflicts in group work situations (*interpersonal competence*); and demonstrate ethical reasoning in professional and day-to-day contexts (*ethical reasoning*).
- (g) Socially responsible global citizen: Graduates should have the capacity for understanding different cultures and social development needs in the local, national and global contexts (*interest in culture and social development*); and accept their responsibilities as professionals and citizens to society, their own nation and the world (*social, national, and global responsibility*).

4.2 Desired Learning Outcomes of The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE)

One of the main objectives of our undergraduate degree programmes is to obtain professional accreditation from The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE). Thus, the desired learning outcomes achieved by graduates of accredited engineering programmes proposed by HKIE are used as reference for the Department to develop learning outcomes of our academic programmes. Desired learning outcomes proposed by HKIE are presented as below:

- (a) an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering appropriate to the degree discipline;
- (b) an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;
- (c) an ability to design a system, component or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints, such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability and sustainability;
- (d) an ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams;
- (e) an ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems;
- (f) an ability to understand professional and ethical responsibility;
- (g) an ability to communicate effectively;
- (h) an ability to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global and societal context, especially the importance of health, safety and environmental considerations to both workers and the general public;
- (i) an ability to stay abreast of contemporary issues;
- (j) an ability to recognize the need for, and to engage in life-long learning;
- (k) an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice appropriate to the degree discipline; and
- (1) an ability to use the computer/IT tools relevant to the discipline along with an understanding of their processes and limitations

4.3 Intended Learning Outcomes of BEngME

To fulfill PolyU's educational mission as well as BEngME's educational objective, the ME programme aims to equip students with the following 12 learning outcomes developed by referring to the desired learning outcomes proposed by HKIE. Each student is expected to achieve these learning outcomes, which are classified into two groups, before graduation:

(A) Professional/academic knowledge and skills (PAK)

- (a) an ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems;
- (b) an ability to apply their knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering;
- (c) an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;
- (d) an ability to design a system, component or process to meet desired needs;
- (e) an ability to use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools, including computational tools necessary for engineering practice;
- (f) an ability to work professionally in general mechanical systems, including the design and realization of such systems;
- (g) a basic understanding of manufacturing methods.

(B) Professional outlook and workplace skills (POW)

- (a) a knowledge of contemporary issues and the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global and societal context;
- (b) an ability to function professionally in multidisciplinary teams;
- (c) an understanding of professional and ethical responsibility;
- (d) an ability to communicate effectively;
- (e) a recognition of the need for and an ability to engage in life-long learning.

The BEngME programme outcomes that support its three objectives are indicated below:

Programme Intended Learning Outcomes of	BEngME Programme Objectives					
BEngME	1	2	3			
PAK (a)		\checkmark				
PAK (b)						
PAK (c)						
PAK (d)						
PAK (e)						
PAK (f)						
PAK (g)						
POW (a)						
POW (b)						
POW (c)						
POW (d)		\checkmark				
POW (e)		\checkmark				

4.3.1 Relationship of BEngME Intended Learning Outcomes to Institutional Learning Outcomes

Programme Intended	PolyU's Institutional Learning Outcomes						
Learning Outcomes of BEngME	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
PAK (a)	\checkmark						
PAK (b)	\checkmark						
PAK (c)	\checkmark						
PAK (d)	\checkmark						
PAK (e)	\checkmark						
PAK (f)	\checkmark						
PAK (g)	\checkmark						
POW (a)	\checkmark						
POW (b)	\checkmark						
POW (c)	\checkmark						
POW (d)	\checkmark						
POW (e)	\checkmark						

4.3.2 Relationship of BEngME Intended Learning Outcomes to the Desired Learning Outcomes of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE)

Since the development of the BEngME intended learning outcomes is initially referred to the desired learning outcomes proposed by HKIE, thus the HKIE desired learning outcomes can be fully covered.

4.4 Intended Learning Outcomes of BEngPAED

To fulfill PolyU's educational mission as well as BEngPAED's programme objectives, the BEngPAED programme aims to equip students with the following 12 learning outcomes developed by referring to the desired learning outcomes proposed by HKIE. Each student is expected to achieve these learning outcomes, which are classified into two groups, before graduation:

(A) Professional/academic knowledge and skills (PAK)

- (a) An ability to evaluate consumers' needs and market situation for a new product, and to identify and formulate a design problem by developing design specifications to achieve the planned goals.
- (b) An ability to generate, evaluate and select design concepts with creative design thinking, awareness of business consideration and efficient information search.
- (c) An ability to apply knowledge of arts, mathematics, sciences and engineering, via analytical, computational or experimental approaches, to analyze or predict the performance of a design in the life cycle of product development.
- (d) An ability to assess the impacts of human factors, materials, manufacturing processes, environmental issues, product safety and quality in the design and development of quality products.
- (e) An ability to apply state-of-the-art technology and computer/IT tools related to product development.
- (f) An ability to appreciate the concept and trend in industrial design, and to identify market opportunity, and to understand the approach in generating new design concepts to meet the existing as well as potential market needs.
- (g) An ability to apply project management technique to ensure successful completion of a product development process.

(B) Professional outlook and workplace skills (POW)

- (a) A knowledge of contemporary issues and the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering design in a global and societal context.
- (b) An ability to function professionally in a multidisciplinary design team as the leader or team member.
- (c) An awareness of professional ethics and social responsibilities and the drive to achieve quality.
- (d) An ability to communicate effectively and present fluently in English, Chinese and multimedia.
- (e) Recognition of the need for and an ability to engage in life-long learning.

The BEngPAED programme outcomes that support its five objectives are indicated below:

Programme Intended	BEngPAED Programme Objectives						
Learning Outcomes of BEngPAED	1	2	3	4	5		
PAK (a)	\checkmark	\checkmark					
PAK (b)	\checkmark	\checkmark					
PAK (c)	\checkmark	\checkmark					
PAK (d)		\checkmark					
PAK (e)	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			
PAK (f)	\checkmark	\checkmark					
PAK (g)		\checkmark					
POW (a)		\checkmark					
POW (b)		\checkmark					
POW (c)							
POW (d)							
POW (e)				\checkmark			

4.4.1 Relationship of BEngPAED Intended Learning Outcomes to Institutional Learning Outcomes

Programme Intended Learning Outcomes of	PolyU's Institutional Learning Outcomes						
BEngPAED	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
PAK (a)							
PAK (b)	\checkmark						
PAK (c)							
PAK (d)							
PAK (e)			\checkmark				
PAK (f)							
PAK (g)				\checkmark			
POW (a)							
POW (b)			\checkmark				
POW (c)							
POW (d)							
POW (e)							

4.4.2 Relationship of BEngPAED Intended Learning Outcomes to the Desired Learning Outcomes of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE)

Since the development of the BEngME intended learning outcomes is initially referred to the desired learning outcomes proposed by HKIE, thus the HKIE desired learning outcomes can be fully covered.

4.5 General Approach to Teaching, Learning and Assessment

To accomplish the intended learning outcomes of the programme, students are expected to achieve specific learning outcomes for each subject outlined in Part B. These learning outcomes are spelt out explicitly in the syllabus of each subject. They provide a motivation and a target for students who may use this information to formulate their study plan before the teaching. The students may also use the information to conduct a self-assessment after the teaching.

Generally speaking, a one-credit subject is allocated with a contact time of one hour per week. Hence, a typical PolyU subject offered by the Department normally requires 3 hours per week of class attendance. There are 13 weeks in each semester leading to a total of 39 hours of contact time for a three-credit subject. The structuring of those 39 contact hours varies from subject to subject, and the details are given in the syllabi.

The Department uses a wide variety of teaching methods, in a number of different settings including formal lectures, invited lectures by guest speakers, seminars, laboratory work, practical work, project work, case studies and student project presentations. In most of the classroom activities, the staff member will begin with a formal lecture that is designed to give students an overview of the topic on hand, which may also require their engagement through questioning or interactive hand-outs. Some of these hand-outs form a part of the assignments where the students are required to work after the class. The students are frequently required to contribute through presentations, through working on case studies and mini-projects, through experimental studies by laboratory classes. In many of these teaching/learning activities, students are asked to participate in small groups. These different teaching and learning approaches will be assessed with appropriate methods. In case of group activity, both the overall performance of the group as well as the individual effort/contribution of each team member will be assessed.

The prime purpose of assessment is to enable students to demonstrate that they have met the aims and objectives of the academic programme: in particular, they have fulfilled the requirement of each subject and have, at the end of their study, achieved the standard appropriate to the award.

Assessment also fulfils two major functions. It is used to evaluate whether the specific studentlearning-outcomes of a subject have been achieved by the students, and distinguish their performance in achieving them.

Assessment will also serve as prompt and useful feedback to students. Students will be informed of their performance in the assessment so that they are aware of their progress and attainment to facilitate teaching and learning. Students' performance in a subject will be judged by continuous assessment, or final examination and continuous assessment as deemed appropriate. Where both methods are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade will be clearly stated in the relevant subject syllabi. Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, project reports and oral presentations, laboratory work and other forms of classroom participation. As assessment should be a matter of judgment, the subject lecturer will have the discretion to assign a final grade which is considered to reflect more appropriately the overall performance of the student in a subject.

4.6 Alignment of Teaching, Learning and Assessment Methods with Programme Outcomes

There are compulsory and elective subjects offered in the programme. The details for each individual subject are contained in the respective syllabus listed in Part B. These explain how the objectives, teaching/learning activities, and eventually student learning outcomes, can be matched together so that they are constructively aligned in the context of these subjects. Typical teaching methods include lectures, tutorials, laboratory work, case studies which are supplemented by miniprojects, and presentations by individual students.

The major forms of assessment used in the programme are written examinations (open or closed book) and continuous assessment. In assessing students' academic performance and attainment of teaching and learning outcomes, much emphasis is placed on their ability to analyze, synthesize, integrate and apply what they have learnt in the course of their studies.

Details of the alignment of teaching, learning and assessment methods with programme outcomes are shown in Section 5.4 and the individual subject syllabus.

5 PROGRAMME STRUCTURE, CURRICULUM AND STUDY PATTERN

5.1 General Structure and Curriculum of BEngME and BEngPAED

The number of credits required for graduation is 124 academic credits and 10 Industrial Centre Practical Training credits. Futhermore, the students are required to fulfill the Work-Integrated Education (WIE).

The 124 academic credits consist of 30 mandatory credits of General University Requirements (GUR) and 94 credits of Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR). Students who do not have Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics), or the equivalent qualifications, additional credits on "AP10001 Introduction to Physics" should be taken.

Details of GUR and DSR of BEngME and BEngPAED are shown in the following tables:

- Table 5.1.1: General University Requirements (GUR) for both BEngME and BEngPAED
- Table 5.1.2: Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) for BEngME
- Table 5.1.3: Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) for BEngPAED

Table 5.1.1 - General University Requirements (GUR) for both BEngME and BEngPAED

Areas	Credits
Language & Communication Requirements (LCR)	9
 English 	(6)
Chinese	(3)
Cluster Areas Requirements (CAR)	12
 3 credits from each of the following 4 cluster areas 	
 Human Nature, Relations and Development 	(3)
 Community, Organisation and Globalisation 	(3)
• History, Cultures and World Views	(3)
 Science, Technology and Environment 	(3)
and of which	
• A minimum of 3 credits on subjects designated as "China-related"	
Other Requirements	9
 Leadership and Intra-personal Development 	(3)
 Service-Learning 	(3)
Freshman Seminar	(3)
 Healthy Lifestyle (non-credit bearing) 	(Nil)
Total GUR credits	30

Subject Code	Subject Title		Credits
AF3625	Engineering Economics		3
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics		3
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II– Calculus and Linear Algebra		3
AMA2111	Mathematics I		3
AMA2112	Mathematics II		3
AP10005 (i)	Physics I		3
AP10006	Physics II		3
CLC3241P ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Professional Communication in Chinese		2
EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics		3
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering	ng Students	2
ENG2001 (iii)	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/ Chemistry/Biology		3
ENG2002	Computer Programming		3
ENG2003	Information Technology		3
ENG3003	Engineering Management		3
ENG3004			3
ME22003	Visualization and Communication in Design Engineering		3
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics		3
ME31001	Dynamics and Vibrations		3
ME31002	Linear Systems and Control		3
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals		3
ME32002	Engineering Design Fundamentals		3
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials		3
ME34002	Engineering Thermodynamics		3
ME34004			3
ME46002	002 Numerical Methods for Engineers		3
ME49001 Final Year Capstone Project		6	
	t I / II / III / IV / V ^(iv) quired to complete five subjects from a pool of elective e 5.1.2(a))	subjects	15
IC2105			4 (training credits)
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes		3 (training credits)
IC382			3 (training credits)
Total number of	of DSR credits	94 + 10 t	raining credits

Table 5.1.2 - Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) for BEngME

Notes:

- Students who do not have Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics), or the equivalent qualifications, additional credits on "AP10001 Introduction to Physics" should be taken before studying "AP10005 Physics I".
- (ii) Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Requirement -Chinese and Cluster Area Requirement - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.
- (iii) Students must choose <u>one</u> subject from the list of subjects below:

Engineering Materials:	(a)	ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering
Biology#:	(b)	ABCT1101 Introductory Life Science
	(c)	ABCT1303 Biotechnology and Human Health
	(d)	BME11101 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human
Chemistry#:	(e)	ABCT1301 Chemistry and Modern Living
	(f)	ABCT1314 Chemistry and Sustainable Development

#Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR

Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline-Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR-D (Science, Technology and Environment). They are required to choose any 3-credit subject (except for Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training)) to make up for the total credit requirement.

(iv) Elective Subjects^

Students are required to study five elective subjects. They may choose any five elective subjects from Table 5.1.2(a). These elective subjects are classified into the following four clusters in accordance to their cluster:

- (a) Aerospace Engineering (AE)
- (b) Robotics and Autonomous Systems (RAS)
- (c) Environmental and Energy Engineering (EE)
- (d) Mechanics and Materials (MM)

A list of elective subjects is shown in Table 5.1.2(a).

Elective Subjects ^		Specialism Clusters				
		AE	RAS	EE	MM	
ENG4001	Project Management		\checkmark			
ME41001	Automatic Control Systems		\checkmark			
ME41003	Principles of Sound and Vibration					
ME41005	Noise Control Engineering					
ME41006	Perceptual Robotics					
ME42001	Artificial Intelligence in Products					
ME42004	Development of Green Products					
ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product Development					
ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics					
ME43001	Advanced Materials for Design and Technology					
ME43003	Product Testing Technology					
ME44001	Air Conditioning for Indoor Thermal and Environmental Quality			\checkmark		
ME44002	Engine Technology		\checkmark			
ME44003	Combustion and Pollution Control					
ME44004	Heat and Mass Transfer					
ME44007	Fluids Engineering					
ME45001	Aerodynamics					
ME45002	Aircraft Systems		\checkmark			
ME45006	Aircraft Structure and Engineering Composites					
ME47005	Aircraft Performance and Flight Management		\checkmark			
ME47007	Aircraft and Spacecraft Propulsion					

Table 5.1.2(a) - Elective Subjects for BEngME

[^] The elective subjects are updated from time to time to ensure the best development of the programme and to ensure the best career for our students. Since there is minimum planned class size for each subject, the Department has the discretion to cease the offering of subjects which fail to enroll students up to the minimum class size.

Subject Code	Subject Title	Credits
AF3625	Engineering Economics	3
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics	s <u>3</u>
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II– Calculus and Linear Algebra	3
AMA2111	Mathematics I	3
AP10005 (i)	Physics I	3
AP10006	Physics II	3
CLC3241P ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Professional Communication in Chinese	2
EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics	3
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Stu	udents 2
ENG2001 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/ Chemistry/Biology	3
ENG2002	Computer Programming	3
ENG2003	Information Technology	3
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	3
ENG4001	Project Management	3
ME22003	Visualization and Communication in Design Engineering	3
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	3
ME31003	System Dynamics	3
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	3
ME32002	Engineering Design Fundamentals	3
ME32101 ^(iv)	Engineering Design for the Community	3
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	3
ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics	3
ME41004	Mechatronics and Control	3
ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product Development	3
ME42007	Design for Product Safety and Reliability	3
ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics	3
ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer	3
ME49003	Capstone Project	6
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	3
SD3401	Designing for Humanities	3
PAED Elective	Subject (as listed in Table 5.1.3(a))	3
IC2105	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals	4 (training credits)
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes 3 (train	
IC382	Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project 3 (trainin	
Total number o		4 + 10 training credits

 Table 5.1.3 - Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) for BEngPAED

Notes:

- Students who do not have Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics), or the equivalent qualifications, additional credits on "AP10001 Introduction to Physics" should be taken before studying "AP10005 Physics I".
- (ii) Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Requirement -Chinese and Cluster Area Requirement - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.
- (iii) Students must choose <u>one</u> subject from the list of subjects below:

Engineering Materials: (a)	ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering
Biology#: (b)	ABCT1101 Introductory Life Science
(c)	ABCT1303 Biotechnology and Human Health
(d)	BME11101 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human
Chemistry#: (e)	ABCT1301 Chemistry and Modern Living
(f)	ABCT1314 Chemistry and Sustainable Development

#Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR

Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline-Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR-D (Science, Technology and Environment). They are required to choose any 3-credit subject (except for Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training)) to make up for the total credit requirement.

(iv) Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL. However, credits will not be counted twice, you need to take a free elective subject to make up the total credit requirement of the award.

Elective Subject ^		
ISE376	Entrepreneurship and Innovation	
ISE430	New Product Planning and Development	
ISE457	Business Process Management	
ME42001	Artificial Intelligence in Products	
ME42004 Development of Green Products		
ME43003	Product Testing Technology	

^ The elective subjects are updated from time to time to ensure the best development of the programme and to ensure the best career for our students. Since there is minimum planned class size for each subject, the Department has the discretion to cease the offering of subjects which fail to enroll students up to the minimum class size.

5.2 Normal Study Pattern of BEngME and BEngPAED

This section outlines the normal 4-year study patterns for BEngME and BEngPAED. They are only indicative and by no means mandatory; students may take slightly different plans provided that the credit requirements of the intended award are fulfilled within the maximum period of registration. Each subject carries 3 credits, unless specified otherwise.

- Table 5.2.1: BEngME Normal Progression Pattern for students with Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent.
- Table 5.2.2: BEngME Normal Progression Pattern for students without Level 2 or above inHKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent.
- Table 5.2.3: BEngPAED Normal Progression Pattern for students with Level 2 or above in
HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent.
- Table 5.2.4:
 BEngPAED Normal Progression Pattern for students without Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent.

Table 5.2.1 - BEngME Normal Progression Pattern for students with Level 2 or above inHKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent

Year 1 (Common with PAED) (33 academic credits + 4 training credits)

Semester 1 (15 + 2 training credits)			ester 2 (18 + 2 training credits)
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I		Basic Mathematics II
AP10005	Physics I	AP10006	Physics II
CAR I ^^		APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders
ENG1003	Freshman Seminars for Engineering	CAR II ^^	
LCR I	English Language Subject	ENG2003	Information Technology
		LCR II	English Language Subject
	Healthy Lifestyle (n		-
	IC2105 Engineering Communication	and Fundame	entals (4 training credits)
	Year 2 (Common with PAED) (33 a	cademic crea	lits + 3 training credits)
Seme	ester 1 ($15 + 3$ training credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)
AMA2111	Mathematics I	CAR III ^^	
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science	CAR IV ^^	
	and Engineering/Chemistry/Biology		
ENG2002	Computer Programming	EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics
ME22003	Visualization and Communication	LCR III	Chinese Language Subject
	in Design Engineering		
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	ME32002	Engineering Design
			Fundamentals
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing	ME33001	Mechanics of Materials
	Processes (3 training credits)		
	Year 3 (30 academic cre	edits + 3 train	ning credits)
Seme	ster 1 ($15 + 1.5$ training credits)	Seme	ster 2 ($15 + 1.5$ training credits)
AF3625	Engineering Economics	ME31002	Linear Systems and Control
AMA2112	Mathematics II	ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals
ENG3003	Engineering Management	ME34004	Fluid Mechanics
ME31001	Dynamics and Vibrations	ME46002	Numerical Methods for Engineers
ME34002	Engineering Thermodynamics	Service-lear	ming (recommendation: ME3S01
		Engineering	g Design for Community) ^^
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufac	cturing Projec	et (3 training credits)
	Year 4 (28 aca	demic credit	ts)
	Semester 1 (13 credits)		Semester 2 (15 credits)
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in	ENG3004	Society and the Engineer
	Chinese (2 credits)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ELC3531	Professional Communication in	Elective Sul	bject III
	English for Engineering Students		5
	(2 credits)		
Elective Sul		Elective Sul	bject IV
Elective Sul		Elective Sul	
ME49001 Final Year Capstone Project (6 academic credits)			
ML+9001 Final Teal Capstone Froject (6 academic creatis)			

^ The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

Table 5.2.2 - BEngME Normal Progression Pattern for students without Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent

(= = = = = =				
Year 1 (Common with PAED) (33 academic credits + 4 training credits)				
Sem	ester 1 (15 + 2 training credits)	Semester 2 (18 + 2 training credits)		
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I	AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II	
AP10001	Introduction to Physics	AP10005	Physics I	
CAR I ^^		APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders	
ENG1003	Freshman Seminars for Engineering	CAR II ^^		
LCR I	English Language Subject	ENG2003	Information Technology	
		LCR II	English Language Subject	
	Healthy Lifestyle (1	non-credit bea	aring) ^{^^}	
	IC2105 Engineering Communication	and Fundam	entals (4 training credits)	
Year 2 (Common with PAED) (36 academic credits + 3 training credits)				
Sem	ester 1 (18 + 3 training credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)	
AMA2111	Mathematics I	CAR III ^^		
AP10006	Physics II	CAR IV ^^		
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Chemistry/Biology	EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics	
ENG2002	Computer Programming	LCR III	Chinese Language Subject	
ME22003	Visualization and communication in	ME32002	Engineering Design	
	Design Engineering		Fundamentals	
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing			
	Processes (3 training credits)			
Year 3 (30 academic credits + 3 training credits)				
Seme	ster 1 (15 + 1.5 training credits)		ester 2 (15 + 1.5 training credits)	
AF3625	Engineering Economics	ME31002	Linear Systems and Control	
AMA2112	Mathematics II	ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	
ENG3003	Engineering Management	ME34004	Fluid Mechanics	
3 (1001)				

(Total credits required for graduation: 127 academic credits + 10 IC training credits)

English for Engineering Students			
(2 credits)			
Elective Subject I	Elective Subject IV		
Elective Subject II	Elective Subject V		
ME49001 Final Year Capstone Project (6 academic credits)			
^ The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according			

IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project (3 training credits) Year 4 (28 academic credits)

ME46002

ENG3004

Elective Subject III

* The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

Dynamics and Vibrations

Semester 1 (13 credits)

CLC3241P Professional Communication in

Chinese (2 credits)

Engineering Thermodynamics

Professional Communication in

ME31001

ME34002

ELC3531

Numerical Methods for Engineers

Service-learning (recommendation: ME3S01 Engineering Design for Community) ^^

Semester 2 (15 credits)

Society and the Engineer

Table 5.2.3 - BEngPAED Normal Progression Pattern for students with Level 2 or above inHKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent

Year 1 (Common with ME) (33 academic credits + 4 training credits)			
Ser	nester 1 (15 + 2 training credits)	S	Semester 2 (18 + 2 training credits)
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I	AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II
AP10005	Physics I	AP10006	Physics II
CAR I ^^		APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders
ENG1003	Freshman Seminars for Engineering	CAR II ^^	
LCR I	English Language Subject	ENG2003	Information Technology
		LCR II	English Language Subject
	Healthy Lifestyle	e (non-credit l	bearing) ^{^^}
	IC2105 Engineering Communication	ion and Funda	amentals (4 training credits)
	Year 2 (Common with ME) (33	academic cr	edits + 3 training credits)
Ser	nester 1 (15 + 3 training credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)
AMA2111	Mathematics I	CAR III ^^	
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and	CAR IV ^^	
	Engineering/Chemistry/Biology		
ENG2002	Computer Programming	EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics
ME22003	Visualization and Communication in	LCR III	Chinese Language Subject
	Design Engineering		
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	ME32002	Engineering Design Fundamentals
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing	ME33001	Mechanics of Materials
	Processes (3 training credits)		
	Year 3 (30 academic	credits + 3 tr	raining credits)
Sem	ester 1 ($15 + 1.5$ training credits)	S	emester 2 ($15 + 1.5$ training credits)
AF3625	Engineering Economics	ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics
ME31003	System Dynamics	ME41004	Mechatronics and Control
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product
			Development
ME32101	Engineering Design for Community*	SD3401	Designing for Humanities
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	Free Electiv	
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manu	ufacturing Pro	bject (3 training credits)
	Year 4 (28	academic cre	edits)
	Semester 1 (13 credits)		Semester 2 (15 credits)
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese (2 credits)	ME42007	Design for Product Safety and Reliability
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2 credits)	ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
ENG4001	ENG4001 Project Management PAED Elective Subject		
	ME49003 Capstone Project (6 academic credits)		

(Total credits required for graduation: 124 academic credits + 10 IC training credits)

[^] The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

* Double fulfillment subject. Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL.

[®] "Free electives" under the 4-year undergraduate degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose. Students are encouraged to select subject under PAED elective subject pool.

Table 5.2.4 - BEngPAED Normal Progression Pattern for students without Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent

(Total credits required for graduation: 127 academic credits + 10 IC training credits) Year 1 (Common with ME) (33 academic credits + 4 training credits)					
Semester 1 (15 + 2 training credits) AMA1110 Basic Mathematics I		AMA1120	hester 2 (18 + 2 training credits) Basic Mathematics II		
AMA1110 AP10001	Introduction to Physics	AMA1120 AP10005	Physics I		
CAR I ^^		AP10003 APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders		
	Enchmon Comings for Engineering	CAR II ^^	Tomorrow's Leaders		
ENG1003 LCR I	Freshman Seminars for Engineering English Language Subject		Information Teachingloon		
LURI	English Language Subject	ENG2003 LCR II	Information Technology		
	Haalthy Lifestyle (no.		English Language Subject		
Healthy Lifestyle (non-credit bearing) ^^					
IC2105 Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4 training credits)					
	Year 2 (Common with ME) (36 acad	lemic credits			
	emester 1 (18 + 3 training credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)		
AMA2111	Mathematics I	CAR III ^^			
AP10006	Physics II	CAR IV ^^			
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and	EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics		
	Engineering/Chemistry/Biology				
ENG2002	Computer Programming	LCR III	Chinese Language Subject		
ME22003	Visualization and communication in	ME32002	Engineering Design Fundamentals		
	Design Engineering				
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	ME33001	Mechanics of Materials		
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes				
	(3 training credits)				
	Year 3 (30 academic cred	its + 3 trainiı	ng credits)		
Sei	mester 1 (15 + 1.5 training credits)	Seme	ester 2 (15 + 1.5 training credits)		
AF3625	Engineering Economics	ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics		
ME31003	System Dynamics	ME41004	Mechatronics and Control		
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product		
	C		Development		
ME32101	Engineering Design for Community*	SD3401	Designing for Humanities		
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	Free Electiv	e Subject [@]		
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufact				
Year 4 (28 academic credits)					
	Semester 1 (13 credits)		Semester 2 (15 credits)		
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in	ME42007	Design for Product Safety and		
	Chinese (2 credits)		Reliability		
ELC3531	Professional Communication in	ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics		
	English for Engineering Students				
	(2 credits)				
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat		
			Transfer		
ENG4001	Project Management	PAED Elective Subject			
ME49003 Capstone Project (6 academic credits)					
ML+9005 Capstone i roject (0 academic creans)					

(Total credits required for graduation: 127 academic credits + 10 IC training credits)

[^] The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

* Double fulfillment subject. Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL.

[@] "Free electives" under the 4-year undergraduate degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose. Students are encouraged to select subject under PAED elective subject pool.

5.3 Work-Integrated Education (WIE)

In accordance with the University's policies, all full-time UGC-funded undergraduates should fulfill the mandatory requirement of Work-integrated Education (WIE). WIE is a work-based, structured and measurable learning experience in an industrial context which is relevant to the students' areas of studies. A student is required to spend at least 2 weeks on WIE before graduation. WIE is aimed at providing value-added education leading to the development of all-round students with professional competence.

Mandatory WIE activities are credit-bearing, but they are not included in the 124 academic credits required for graduation. The WIE components will not be counted towards GPA calculation except as stipulated below. For the completion of every two weeks of WIE activities, one credit will be earned. The WIE activities can be fulfilled by at least one of the following:

- (a) Integration into the Final Year Capstone Project (ME49001)/Capstone Project (ME49003), which is industrially/commercially based. However, it is most important that the Final Year Capstone Project and WIE activities should be assessed separately. It is equally important that the WIE activities of students working in the same project team should be assessed individually as they can vary from student to student. In addition, the duration of the WIE activities is not necessarily the same as that of the Final Year Capstone Project. In these cases, the credit value of the project incorporating the WIE component will be counted in full towards the GPA calculation.
- (b) Perform during a summer placement in industrial/commercial sector.
- (c) Conduct in firm proposed by students with the prior approval of the WIE coordinator.

Detailed guidelines for students on WIE are available on the ME website (www.polyu.edu.hk/me).

5.3.1 Cooperative Education Option of BEngPAED

The ME Department provides a cooperative education (co-op) option to BEngPAED students so as to help them learn and master the major BEngPAED knowledge more effectively through real-world experiential learning in professional setting. Co-op is a structured method of combining lecture-based education with practical work experience. It essentially falls under the umbrella of WIE but it is distinct in its own right for the involvement of a partnership between industry and ME Department. The co-op option is facilitated through combining summer intern right before the commencement of Year 4 BEngPAED study with ME49003 Capstone Project. Having paired up with an industrial partner, a co-op student is expected to be engaged in an remunerated fulltime position and perform the same tasks as a training/entry-level professional in co-op industrial partner's establishment to gain practical experience. In addition he/she is required to conduct a solo project during co-op period for the fulfillment of ME49003 under joint supervision of an academic staff from ME Department and a supervisor assigned by the co-op industrial partner. He/She will be assessed with respect to the same ME49003 intended learning outcomes for the six academic credits of the subject.

The co-op option promotes early professional development of BEngPAED students. It allows students to take on increasing levels of design engineering responsibility and to use their job knowledge and learning in campus to make contributions to the establishments in which they work. Through such experience, the students can keep abreast of the latest trends of industrial innovations required by the customers worldwide. As such the normal 4-year study patterns for BEngPAED with co-op option are structured and outlined in Tables 5.3.1 and 5.3.2 below.

Table 5.3.1 BEngPAED Normal Progression Pattern on Cooperative Education (Co-op) option for students with Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent

Year 1 (Common with ME) (33 academic credits + 4 training credits)					
Semester 1 (15 + 2 training credits) Semester 2 (18 + 2 training credits)					
	Basic Mathematics I	AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II		
AP10005	Physics I	AP10006	Physics II		
CAR I ^^		APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders		
ENG1003	Freshman Seminars for Engineering	CAR II ^^			
LCR I	English Language Subject	ENG2003	Information Technology		
		LCR II	English Language Subject		
Healthy Lifestyle (non-credit bearing) ^^					
IC2105 Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4 training credits)					
	Year 2 (Common with ME) (33 ac	ademic credi	ts + 3 training credits)		
Semester 1 (15 + 3 training credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)			
AMA2111	Mathematics I	CAR III ^^			
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and	CAR IV ^^			
	Engineering/Chemistry/Biology				
ENG2002	Computer Programming	EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics		
ME22003	Visualization and Communication in	LCR III	Chinese Language Subject		
	Design Engineering				
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	ME32002	Engineering Design Fundamentals		
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes	ME33001	Mechanics of Materials		
	(3 training credits)				
	Year 3 (38 academic cro				
Semester 1 (18 + 1.5 training credits)			mester 2 (17 + 1.5 training credits)		
AF3625	Engineering Economics	CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese (2 credits)		
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics		
ME31003	System Dynamics	ME41004	Mechatronics and Control		
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product		
			Development		
ME32101	Engineering Design for Community*	SD3401	Designing for Humanities		
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	Free Electiv			
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufa				
		rm (3 credits)			
ME49003 Capstone Project (connected to FT summer intern in Year 3 at an industrial firm)					
Year 4 (20 academic credits)					
	Semester 1 (3 credits)	EX COSOL	Semester 2 (17 credits)		
ME49003 Capstone Project		ELC3531	Professional Communication in English		
(Connected to FT summer intern in Year 3 at an		ENG 4001	for Engineering Students (2 credits)		
industrial firm)		ENG4001	Project Management		
		ME42007	Design for Product Safety and Reliability		
		ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics		
		ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer		
PAE			ive Subject		
		1	J		

(Total credits required for graduation: 124 academic credits + 10 IC training credits)

[^] The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

* Double fulfillment subject. Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL.

[®] "Free electives" under the 4-year undergraduae degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose. Students are encouraged to select subject under PAED elective subject pool.

Table 5.3.2 BEngPAED Normal Progression Pattern on Cooperative Education (Co-op) option for students without Level 2 or above in HKDSE Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics) or equivalent

	Year 1 (Common with ME) (33 aca								
5	Semester 1 (15 + 2 training credits)	Se	emester 2 (18 + 2 training credits)						
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I	AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II						
AP10001	Introduction to Physics	AP10005	Physics I						
CAR I ^^		APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders						
ENG1003	Freshman Seminars for Engineering	CAR II ^^							
LCR I	English Language Subject	ENG2003	Information Technology						
		LCR II	English Language Subject						
	Healthy Lifestyle (no	on-credit bear	ing) ^{^^}						
	IC2105 Engineering Communication	and Fundame	ntals (4 training credits)						
	Year 2 (Common with ME) (36 aca	demic credit	s + 3 training credits)						
5	Semester 1 (18 + 3 training credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)						
AMA2111	Mathematics I	CAR III ^^							
AP10006	Physics II	CAR IV ^^							
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and	EE2901S	Basic Electricity and Electronics						
	Engineering/Chemistry/Biology		-						
ENG2002	Computer Programming	LCR III	Chinese Language Subject						
ME22003	Visualization and communication in Design	ME32002	Engineering Design Fundamentals						
	Engineering								
ME23001	Engineering Mechanics	ME33001	Mechanics of Materials						
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes								
	(3 training credits)								
	Year 3 (38 academic cree								
	emester 1 (18 + 1.5 training credits)	Semester 2 (17 + 1.5 training credits)							
AF3625	Engineering Economics	CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese						
			(2 credits)						
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics						
ME31003	System Dynamics	ME41004	Mechatronics and Control						
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product						
			Development						
ME32101	Engineering Design for Community*	SD3401	Designing for Humanities						
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	Free Electiv							
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufac	turing Project	t (3 training credits)						
	Summer Terr	m (3 credits)							
	ME49003 Capstone Project (Connected to FT	summer inter	n in Year 3 at an industrial firm)						
	Year 4 (20 aca	demic credits	5)						
Semester 1 (3 credits) Semester 2 (17 credits)									
ME49003 0	Capstone Project	ELC3531	Professional Communication in English						
	to FT summer intern in Year 3 at an		for Engineering Students (2 credits)						
industrial fi		ENG4001	Project Management						
		ME42007	Design for Product Safety and Reliability						
		ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics						
		ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat						
			Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer						

(Total credits required for graduation: 127 academic credits + 10 IC training credits)

[^] The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

* Double fulfillment subject. Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL.

[®] "Free electives" under the 4-year undergraduate degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose. Students are encouraged to select subject under PAED elective subject pool.

5.4 Curriculum Mapping with Programme Learning Outcomes

An analysis of the curriculum in terms of the coverage of the programme learning outcomes of BEngME and BEngPAED, respectively (as shown in Sections 3.2 and 3.3, respectively), is presented in Tables 5.4.1 (a, b and c) and 5.4.2 (a, b and c). The tables indicate the subjects of Discipline-Specific requirements (DSR), elective and training natures that we **Teach (T)** students, give students **Practice (P)** and **Measure (M)** achievement of the Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs). In summary, the curriculum address two programme learning outcomes which students are expected to achieve (A) professional/academic knowledge and skills (PAK), and (B) professional outlook and workplace skills (POW). There are seven items for PAK and five items for POW. The technical elective subjects are updated continually to meet the need of the ever-evolving industrial communities in Hong Kong and the South China region. Essentially, they cover most of the programme learning outcomes with variations of themes from subject to subject. The subject learning outcomes to be achieved by every subject of the programme are listed in the syllabi as shown in Part B of this document.

Subject			Iı	ntended	Learni	ng Outc	omes (I	LOs) of	BEngM	E		
Code				PAK						POW		
	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	a	b	с	d	e
AF3625								TP	TP		TP	
AMA1110	TP	TP										
AMA1120	TP	TP										
AMA2111	TP	TP										
AMA2112	TP	TP										
AP10005		TP										
AP10006		TP										
CLC3241P											TPM	
EE2901S	TP	TP	TP									
ELC3531											TPM	
ENG2001	TP	TP	TP									
ENG2002	TP				TP			TP				Т
ENG2003	TP			TP	TP			TP				
ENG3003							TPM	TPM	TPM	TPM		
ENG3004								TPM	TPM	TPM	TP	TPM
ME22003		TP		TP	TP						TP	
ME23001	TP	TP	TP				TP				TP	
ME31001	TPM	TP	TPM	TP		TP						
ME31002	TP	TP	TPM	TPM	TPM	TPM						
ME32001				TP	TP	TP	TPM		TP	TPM	TPM	
ME32002				TPM	TPM		TPM			TP	TP	
ME33001	TPM	TPM	TPM		TP	TP						
ME34002	TP	TPM	TPM			TPM					TP	
ME34004	TPM	TPM	TP		TPM	TPM						
ME46002	TP	TPM			TPM			TPM			TP	TPM
ME49001	TPM	TPM	TP	TPM	TP	TP	TP	TPM	TPM	TP	TPM	TPM

Table 5.4.1(a) - Curriculum Map for DSR Subjects with ILOs of BEngME

Subject			In	tended]	Learnin	g Outco	mes (IL	Os) of l	BEngM	E		
Code			•	PAK						POW		•
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	a	b	c	d	e
ENG4001		TP			TP				TP	TP	TP	
ME41001	TP	TP			TP						Р	
ME41003	TP	TP		TP							Р	
ME41005	TP	TP		TP	TP						Р	
ME41006	TP	TP	TP	TP	TP			TP				
ME42001		TP		TP	TP	TP					Р	TP
ME42004		TP		TP				TP	TP		Р	TP
ME42005		TP		TP	TP	TP						
ME42011	TP	TP	TP		ТР			TP				Т
ME43001	TP	TP			ТР		ТР	TP				
ME43003			TP		TP	TP	ТР			TP		
ME44001		TP		TP		TP			TP	TP		
ME44002	TP	TP	TP			TP		TP				
ME44003	TP	TP						TP		TP		Т
ME44004	TP	TP	TP					TP				TP
ME44007	TP	TP	TP		TP							
ME45001	TP	TP			TP			TP				
ME45002		TP	TP		ТР					TP		Т
ME45006	TP	TP			TP		TP		TP			Т
ME47005	TP	TP		TP				TP				
ME47007	TP	TP	TP	TP								

Table 5.4.1(b) - Curriculum Map for Elective Subjects with ILOs of BEngME

Subject Code		Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs) of BEngME										
Code				PAK						POW		
	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	a	b	с	d	e
IC2105		TP			TP	TP	TP					
IC348				TP	TP	TP	TPM					
IC382				TPM	Р	TPM	Р		TPM	TPM	Р	
WIE								Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

Subject			Int	ended I	Learning	g Outco	mes (IL	Os) of B	EngPA	ED			
Code				PAK				POW					
	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	a	b	c	d	e	
AF3625								TP	TP		TP		
AMA1110	TP	TP											
AMA1120	TP	TP											
AMA2111	TP	TP											
AP10005		TP											
AP10006		TP											
CLC3241P											TPM		
EE2901S			ТР		TP							TP	
ELC3531											TPM		
ENG2001	TP	TP	TP										
ENG2002	TP				TP			TP				Т	
ENG2003	TP			TP	TP			TP					
ENG3004								TPM	TPM	TPM	TP	TPM	
ENG4001				TP	TP		TPM		TPM	TPM	TPM		
ME22003		TP		TP	TP						TP		
ME23001	TP	TP	TP				TP				TP		
ME31003	TPM		TPM	TP	TP								
ME32001				TPM	TP	TP	TPM		TP	TP			
ME32002				TPM	TP	TPM	TPM			TP	TP		
ME32101		TP		TP	TP	TP	TP				TP		
ME33001	TP		TPM	TPM									
ME34003			TP	TP					TPM	TPM		TP	
ME41004			TPM		TPM			TPM			TP	TP	
ME42005		TPM	ТР		TPM	ТР	ТР					TPM	
ME42007	TPM			TPM		TP	TP	TPM		TPM			
ME42011			TPM		TPM			TPM				TPM	
ME46003		TPM	TPM		TPM			TP					
ME49003	TPM	TPM	TP	TP	TP	TPM	TP	TP	TPM	TP	TPM	TPM	
SD348	TPM	TPM	TP			TPM						TP	
SD3401	ТР			TP		TPM				ТР			

Table 5.4.2(a) - Curriculum Map for DSR Subjects with ILOs for BEngPAED

Subject		Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs) of BEngPAED										
Code				PAK						POW		
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	a	b	с	d	e
ISE376	TP	TP		TP		TP			TP			TP
ISE430	TP	TP		TP		TP			TP			TP
ISE457	TP	TP		TP		TP			TP			TP
ME42001	TP		ТР		TP			TP		TP		TP
ME42004	TP		TP		TP			TP		TP		TP
ME43003	TP		TP		TP			TP		TP		TP

Table 5.4.2(b) - Curriculum Map for Elective Subjects with ILOs for BEngPAED

Table 5.4.2(c) - Curriculum Map for Training Subjects with ILOs for BEngPAED

G 1 . 4			In	tended]	Os) of H	Os) of BEngPAED						
Subject Code				PAK						POW		
Coue	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	a	b	с	d	e
IC2105		TP			TP	TP	TP					
IC348				TPM	TP	TP	TP					
IC382				TP	TP	TPM	TPM		TPM	TP		
WIE								Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

5.5 Curriculum Design for Senior Year Intakes of BEngME and BEngPAED

5.5.1 Credit Requirements for Graduation

Normally 64 (plus 6 IC training credits)*

* Since students may be required to meet specific requirements at admission, the credits required for graduation will vary according to the academic background of students.

5.5.2 Work-Integrated Education (WIE)

In accordance with the University's policies, all full-time UGC-funded undergraduates should fulfill the mandatory requirement of Work-integrated Education (WIE). WIE is a work-based, structured and measurable learning experience in an industrial context which is relevant to the students' areas of studies. A student is required to spend at least 2 weeks on WIE before graduation.

For details, please refer to Section 5.3.

5.5.3 General University Requirements (GUR) for BEngME and BEngPAED Senior Year Intakes

Areas	Credits
Cluster Areas Requirements (CAR)	6
■ 6 credits from any two of the following 4 cluster areas	
 Human Nature, Relations and Development 	
 Community, Organization and Globalization 	
 History, Cultures and World Views 	
 Science, Technology and Environment 	
and of which	
 Students need to fulfill the English and Chinese reading and writing requirements and 3 credits of China Studies requirement (CSR). 	
Students may apply for a waiver if they have fulfilled the English and	
Chinese reading and writing requirements and/or CSR requirement in their	
previous studies.	
Service-Learning	3
Language and Communication Requirements (LCR) **	-
Total GUR credits	9
** This is normally not required. Only those students not meeting the	
equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their	
previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance)	
will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal	
curriculum requirement.	

5.5.4 Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) for BEngME Senior Year Intakes

Subject Code	Subject Title	Credits
AMA2112	Mathematics II	3
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese	2
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students	2
ENG3003	Engineering Management	3
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	3
ME31001	Dynamics and Vibrations	3
ME31002	Linear Systems and Control	3
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	3
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	3
ME34002	Engineering Thermodynamics	3
ME34004	Fluid Mechanics	3
ME46002	Numerical Methods for Engineers	3
ME49001	Final Year Capstone Project	6
	I / II / III / IV / V quired to complete five subjects from a pool of elective subjects as .1.2(a))	15

Subject Code	Subject Title		Credits
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes		3 (training credits)
IC382	Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project		3 (training credits)
Total number of	f DSR credits	55 + 6 tı	raining credits

5.5.5 Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) for BEngPAED Senior Year Intakes

Subject Code	Subject Title	Credits
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese	2
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students	2
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	3
ENG4001	Project Management	3
ME31003	System Dynamics	3
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	3
ME32101	Engineering Design for Community	3
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	3
ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics	3
ME41004	Mechatronics and Control	3
ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product Development	3
ME42007	Design for Product Safety and Reliability	3
ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics	3
ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer	3
ME49003	Capstone Project	6
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	3
SD3401	Designing for Humanities	3
PAED Elective	Subject (as listed in Table 5.1.3(a))	3
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes	3 (training credits)
IC382	Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project	3 (training credits)
Total number	of DSR credits 55 + 6	training credits

Notes:

(i) Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL. However, credits will not be counted twice, you need to take a free elective subject to make up the total credit requirement of the award.

5.6 Normal Study Pattern of Senior-Year Intakes

Table 5.6.1, 5.6.2(a) and 5.6.2(b) outline the normal 2-year study patterns for BEngME and BEngPAED Senior Year Intakes respectively.

Table 5.6.1 - Normal Progression Pattern for BEngME Senior Year

(Total credits required for graduation: 64 academic credits + 6 IC training credits)

Year 1 (33 academic credits + 6 training credits)				
Semes	ter 1 (18 + 3 training credits)	Semester 2 (15 + 1.5 training credits)		
	Mathematics II	CAR II ^^		
CAR I ^^		ME31002 Linear Systems and Control		
ME31001	Dynamics and Vibrations	ME32001 Manufacturing Fundamentals		
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	ME34004 Fluid Mechanics		
ME34002	Engineering Thermodynamics	ME46002 Numerical Methods for Engineers		
Service-learning (recommendation: ME3S01		IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufacturing		
	Design for Community) ^{^^}	Project (1.5 training credits)		
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing			
	Processes (3 training credits)			
	Summer Term (1.5 training credits)			
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufac	cturing Project (1.5 training credits)		
	Year 2 (31 ac	cademic credits)		
	Semester 1 (16 credits)	Semester 2 (15 credits)		
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese (2 credits)	ENG3004 Society and the Engineer		
ELC3531	Professional Communication in	Elective Subject III		
	English for Engineering			
	Students (2 credits)			
ENG3003 Engineering Management Elective Subject IV		Elective Subject IV		
Elective Sul	oject I	Elective Subject V		
Elective Sul	Elective Subject II			
ME49001 Final Year Capstone Project (6 credits)				

[^] The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

Table 5.6.2(a) - Normal Progression Pattern for BEngPAED Senior Year

(Total	credits required for graduation: (64 academic	c credits + 6 IC training credits)
	Year 1 (30 academic cr	edits + 6 tra	aining credits)
Semester 1 (15 + 3 training credits) Semester 2 (15 + 1.5 training credits)			
ME31003	System Dynamics	ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	ME41004	Mechatronics and Control
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for
			Product Development
ME32101	Engineering Design for	SD3401	Designing for Humanities
	Community*		
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	Free Elective Subject [@]	
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing	IC382	Multidisciplinary Manufacturing
	Processes (3 training credits)		Project (1.5 training credits)
Summer Term (1.5 training credits)			
	IC382 Multidisciplinary Manufa	cturing Proj	ect (1.5 training credits)
	Year 2 (34 ac	ademic cre	dits)
	Semester 1 (16 credits)		Semester 2 (18 credits)
CAR I ^^		CAR II ^^	
CLC3241F	Professional Communication in	ME42007	Design for Product Safety and
	Chinese (2 credits)		Reliability
ELC3531	Professional Communication in	ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics
	English for Engineering Students		
	(2 credits)		

^ The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

ME49003 Capstone Project (6 credits)

PAED Elective

ME46003 Numerical Fluid Mechanics and

Heat Transfer

* Double fulfillment subject. Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL.

[®] "Free electives" under the 4-year undergraduate degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose. Students are encouraged to select subject under PAED elective subject pool.

ENG3004 Society and the Engineer

ENG4001 Project Management

Table 5.6.2(b) – Normal Progression Pattern on Cooperative Education (Co-op) option for BEngPAED Senior Year

Year 1 (38 academic credits + 4.5 training credits)					
Semester 1 (18 + 3 training credits) Semester 2 (17 + 1.5 training credits)					
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	CLC3241P Professional Communication in			
			Chinese (2 credits)		
ME31003	System Dynamics	ME34003	Thermofluid Mechanics		
ME32001	Manufacturing Fundamentals	ME41004	Mechatronics and Control		
ME33001	Mechanics of Materials	ME42005	CAD/CAE Technologies for		
			Product Development		
ME32101	Engineering Design for	SD3401	Designing for Humanities		
	Community*				
SD348	Introduction to Industrial Design	Free Electi	ve Subject [@]		
IC348	Appreciation of Manufacturing	IC382	Multidisciplinary Manufacturing		
	Processes (3 training credits)		Project (1.5 training credits)		
	Summer Term (3 credits)				
ME49	003 Capstone Project (Connected to I	FT summer in	ntern in Year 1 at an industrial firm)		
	Year 2 (26 academic cre	edits + 1.5 tr	raining credits)		
	Semester 1 (3 credits)	Semeste	r 2 (17 credits +1.5 training credits)		
	Capstone Project	ELC3531	Professional Communication in		
·	to FT summer intern in Year 1 at an		English for Engineering Students		
industrial fin	rm)		(2 credits)		
ENG4001 Project Management					
		ME42007	Design for Product Safety and		
			Reliability		
		3 55 10011			
		ME42011	Fundamentals of Robotics		
			Fundamentals of RoboticsNumerical Fluid Mechanics and		
			Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer ctive		
		ME46003	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer ctive Multidisciplinary Manufacturing		
		ME46003 PAED Elec IC382	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer ctive Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project (1.5 training credits)		
	Summer Te	ME46003 PAED Elec IC382 erm (6 credi	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer ctive Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project (1.5 training credits)		
	CA	ME46003 PAED Elec IC382	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer ctive Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project (1.5 training credits)		

(Total credits required for graduation: 64 academic credits + 6 IC training credits)

^ The study pattern for these GUR subjects is indicative only. Students may take the subjects according to their own study plan.

* Double fulfillment subject. Upon passing it, students will fulfill the requirements of both DSR and SL.

[®] "Free electives" under the 4-year undergraduate degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose. Students are encouraged to select subject under PAED elective subject pool.

6. ACADEMIC REGULATIONS AND ASSESSMENT

The academic regulations described below are based on the information known as of August 2020. They are subject to review and changes from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate. Important information relating to students' study is also published in the Student Handbook (website: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ar/web/en/for-polyu-students/student-handbook/index.html).

6.1 Subject Registration and Withdrawal

In addition to programme registration, students need to register for the subjects at specified periods prior to the commencement of the semester. An add/drop period will also be scheduled for each semester/term. Students may apply for withdrawal of their registration on a subject after the add/drop period if they have a genuine need to do so. The application should be made to the relevant programme offering department and will require the approval of both the subject teacher and the host department Programme Leader concerned (or an alternate academic staff authorised by the programme offering Department). Applications submitted after the commencement of the examination period will not be considered. For approved applications of subject withdrawal, the tuition fee paid for the subject will be forfeited and the withdrawal status of the subject will be shown in the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, but will not be counted in the calculation of the GPA.

The pre-requisite requirements of a subject must have been fulfilled before a student registers for that subject. However, the subject offering department has the discretion to waive the pre-requisite requirements of a subject, if deemed appropriate. If the pre-requisite subject concerned forms part of the requirements for award, the subject has to be passed in order to satisfy the graduation requirements for the programme concerned, despite the waiving of the pre-requisite.

Subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of study places, students are allowed to take additional subjects on top of the prescribed credit requirement for award before they become eligible for graduation. Students will be allowed to take additional subjects for broadening purpose, after they fulfil the graduation requirements and for the following semester. However, they will still be subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of places in the subjects concerned, and their enrolment will be arranged as subject-based students only and be subject to the rules on 'Admission of Subject-based Students', except that graduates from UGC-funded programmes will not be restricted to taking only subjects from a self-financed programme.

6.2 Study Load

For students following the progression pattern specified for their programme, they have to take the number of credits and subjects, as specified in the Programme Requirement Document, for each semester. Students cannot drop those subjects assigned by the department unless prior approval has been given by the department.

The normal study load is 15 credits in a semester for full-time study. The maximum study load to be taken by a student in a semester is 21 credits, unless exceptional approval is given by the Head of the programme offering Department (or his/her delegates). For such cases, students should be reminded that the study load approved should not be taken as grounds for academic appeal.

To help improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, these students will be required to take a reduced study load in the following semester (Summer Term excluded). The maximum number of credits to be taken by the students varies according to the policies of individual Departments and will be subject to the approval of the authorities concerned.

Students are not allowed to take zero subject in any semester, including the mandatory summer term as required by some programmes, unless they have obtained prior approval from the programme offering Department; otherwise they will be classified as having unofficially withdrawn from their programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will nevertheless be counted towards the total period of registration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20).

Students who have obtained approval to pace their studies and students on programmes without any specified progression pattern who wish to take more than the normal load of 15 credits in a semester should seek advice from the Department concerned before the selection of subjects.

6.3 Subject Exemption

Students may be exempted from taking any specified subjects, including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, if they have successfully completed similar subjects previously in another programme or have demonstrated the level of proficiency/ability to the satisfaction of the subject offering department. If students are exempted from taking a specified subject, the credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted towards meeting the award requirements. It will therefore be necessary for the students to consult the programme offering department and take another subject in order to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

6.4 Credit Transfer

Students may be given credits for recognised previous studies including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects; and the credits will be counted towards meeting the requirements for award. Transferred credits may not normally be counted towards more than one degree. The granting of credit transfer is a matter of academic judgment.

Credit transfer may be done with or without the grade being carried over; the former should normally be used when the credits were gained from PolyU. Credit transfer with the grade being carried over may be granted for subjects taken from outside the University, if deemed appropriate, and with due consideration to the academic equivalence of the subjects concerned and the comparability of the grading systems adopted by the University and the other approved institutions. Subject credit transfer is normally decided by the subject offering Department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the decision will be made by the programme offering Department in consultation with the subject offering Departments.

The validity period of credits previously earned, is 8 years after the year of attainment. Normally, not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferable from approved institutions outside the University. For transfer of credits from programmes offered by PolyU, normally not more than 67% of the credit requirement for award can be transferred. In cases where both types of credits are being transferred (i.e. from programmes offered by PolyU and

from approved institutions outside the University), not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferred.

All credit transfers approved will take effect only in the semester for which they are approved. A student who applies for transfer of credits during the re-enrolment or the add/drop period of a particular semester will only be eligible for graduation at the end of that semester, even if the granting of credit transfer will immediately enable the student to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

Regarding credit transfer for GUR subjects, the Programme Host Department is the approval authority at the time of admission to determine the number of GUR credits which an Advanced Standing student will be required to complete for the award concerned. Programme Host Departments should make reference to the mapping lists of GUR subjects, compiled by the Committee on General University Requirements (CoGUR), on the eligibility of the subjects which can qualify as GUR subjects. Applications for credit transfer of GUR subjects after admission will be considered, on a case-by-case basis, by the Subject Offering Department or Office of General University Requirements (OGUR)/Office of Service Learning (OSL), in consultation with the relevant Sub-committee(s) under CoGUR, as appropriate.

For credit transfer of retaken subjects, the grade attained in the last attempt should be taken in the case of credit transfer with grade being carried over. Students applying for credit transfer for a subject taken in other institutions are required to declare that the subject grade used for claiming credit transfer was attained in the last attempt of the subject in their previous studies. If a student fails in the last attempt of a retaken subject, no credit transfer should be granted, despite the fact that the student may have attained a pass grade for the subject in the earlier attempts.

Students should not be granted credit transfer for a subject which they have attempted and failed in their current study unless the subject was taken by the student as an exchange-out student in his current programme.

For students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 60 credits to be eligible for award.

6.5 Deferment of Study

Students may apply for deferment of study if they have a genuine need to do so such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong. Approval from the Department offering the programme is required. The deferment period will not be counted towards the total period of registration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20).

Application for deferment of study from students who have not yet completed the first year of a full-time programme will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.

Where the period of deferment of study begins during a stage for which fees have been paid, no refund of such fees will be made.

Students who have been approved for deferment are not entitled to enjoy any campus facilities during the deferment period.

6.6 Recording of Disciplinary Actions in Students' Records

With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.

Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty/non-compliance with examination regulations'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.

Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and non-academic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee.

The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study to a student/graduand who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

6.7 General Assessment Regulations

Students progress by credit accumulation, i.e. credits earned by passing individual subjects can be accumulated and counted towards the final award.

A 'level' in a programme indicates the intellectual demand placed upon students and may characterise each subject with respect to its recommended sequencing within that programme. Upper level subjects should normally build on lower level subjects. Pre-requisite requirements, if any, must therefore be spelt out on a subject basis.

A 'subject' is defined as a discrete section of the programme which is assigned a separate assessment. A list of subjects, together with their level and weightings, shall be published in the Programme Requirement Document.

The language of assessment for all programmes/subjects shall be English, unless approval is given for it to be otherwise. Such approval shall normally be granted at the stage of validation.

6.8 Principles of Assessment

Assessment of learning and assessment for learning are both important for assuring the quality of student learning. Assessment of learning is to evaluate whether students have achieved the intended learning outcomes of the subjects that they have taken and have attained the overall learning outcomes of the academic programme at the end of their study at a standard appropriate to the award. Appropriate methods of assessment that align with the intended learning outcomes should be designed for this purpose. The assessment methods will also enable the teacher to differentiate students' different levels of performance within the subject. Assessment for learning is to engage students in productive learning activities through purposefully designed assessment tasks.

Assessment will also serve as feedback to students. The assessment criteria and standards should be made explicit to students before the start of the assessment to facilitate student learning, and feedback provided should link to the criteria and standards. Timely feedback should be provided to students so that they are aware of their progress and attainment for the purpose of improvement.

The ultimate authority in the University for the confirmation of academic decisions is the Senate, but for practical reasons, the Senate has delegated to the Faculty/School Boards the authority to confirm the decisions of Boards of Examiners provided these are made within the framework of the General Assessment Regulations. Recommendations from Board of Examiners which fall outside these Regulations shall be ratified by the Academic Regulations Committee (ARC) and reported to the Senate.

6.9 Assessment Methods

Students' performance in a subject can be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering department. Where both continuous assessment and examinations are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade shall be clearly stated in the Programme Requirement Document. The subject offering Department can decide whether students are required to pass both the continuous assessment and examination components, or either component only, in order to obtain a subject pass, but this requirement (to pass both, or either, components) shall be specified in the Programme Requirement Document. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.

Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering department.

At the beginning of each semester, the subject lecturer should inform students the details of the methods of assessments to be used, within the assessment framework as specified in the Programme Requirement Document.

6.10 Progression/Academic Probation/Deregistration

The Board of Examiners shall, at the end of each semester (except for the Summer Term unless there are students who are eligible to graduate after completion of Summer Term subjects or the Summer Term is mandatory for the programme), determine whether each student is:

- (i) eligible for progression towards an award; or
- (ii) eligible for an award; or
- (iii) required to be de-registered from the programme.

When a student has a Grade Point Average (GPA) lower than 1.70, he will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If a student is able to pull his GPA up to 1.70 or above at the end of the semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected in the examination result notification but not in the transcript of studies.

A student will have "progressing" status unless he falls within any one of the following categories which shall be regarded as grounds for deregistration from the programme:

- (i) the student has exceeded the maximum period of registration for that programme as specified in the Programme Requirement Document (applicable to students admitted in or before 2019/20); or
- (ii) the student has reached the final year of the normal period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Programme Requirement Document, unless approval has been given for extension (applicable to students admitted in or after 2020/21); or
- (iii) the student has reached the maximum number of retakes allowed for a failed compulsory subject; or
- (iv) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for two consecutive semesters <u>and</u> his Semester GPA in the second semester is also lower than 1.70; or
- (v) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within any of the categories as stipulated above, except for category (ii) with approval for extension, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

A student may be deregistered from the programme enrolled before the time frame specified in the above conditions (iv) or (v) if his academic performance is poor to the extent that the Board of Examiners deems that his chance of attaining a GPA of 1.70 at the end of the programme is slim or impossible.

The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in the Summer Term, unless Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme and constitutes a requirement for graduation, and is so specified in the Programme Requirement Document.

If the student is not satisfied with the de-registration decision of the Board of Examiners, he can lodge an appeal. All such appeal cases will be referred directly to Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for final decision. Views of Faculties/Schools/Departments will be sought and made available to AAC for reference.

6.11 Retaking of Subjects

Students may only retake a subject which they have failed (i.e. Grade F or S or U). Retaking of subjects is with the condition that the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester is not exceeded.

The number of retakes of a subject should be restricted to two, i.e. a maximum of three attempts for each subject is allowed. The retake count for students admitted in or before 2019/20 will be reset to "0" in 2020/21 when the revised regulations come into effect.

In cases where a student takes another subject to replace a failed elective subject, the fail grade will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the replacement subject. Likewise, students who fail in a Cluster Area Requirement (CAR) subject may need to

take another subject from the same Cluster Area in order to fulfill this part of the GUR, since the original CAR subject may not be offered, in such cases, the F grade of the first CAR subject will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the second CAR subject. (Note 1)

Students need to submit a request to the Faculty/School Board for the second retake of a failed subject.

Students who have failed a compulsory subject after two retakes and have been de-registered can submit an appeal to the Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for a third chance of retaking the subject. In case AAC does not approve further retakes of a failed compulsory subject or the taking of an equivalent subject with special approval from the Faculty, the student concerned would be de-registered and the decision of the AAC shall be final within the University.

Note 1: In these circumstances when students do not have a choice to retake a failed subject, such as when the failed subject has been phased out, a 'tie-subject' arrangement can be made with the approval of the Faculty/School Board. Under the arrangement, another appropriate subject can be taken as equivalent to the subject which is not offered. Upon passing the equivalent subject, the fail grade of the original subject will be replaced by the latest grade of the retake subject and the failure grade of the original subject will not be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA.

6.12 Exceptional Circumstances

Absence from an assessment component

If a student is unable to complete all the assessment components of a subject, due to illness or other circumstances which are beyond his control and considered by the subject offering Department as legitimate, the Department will determine whether the student will have to complete a late assessment and, if so, by what means. This late assessment shall take place at the earliest opportunity, and normally before the commencement of the following academic year (except that for Summer Term, which may take place within 3 weeks after the finalisation of Summer Term results). If the late assessment cannot be completed before the commencement of the following academic year, the Faculty/School Board Chairman shall decide on an appropriate time for completion of the late assessment.

The student concerned is required to submit his application for late assessment in writing to the Head of Department offering the subject, within five working days from the date of the examination, together with any supporting documents. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the subject teacher concerned, in consultation with the Programme Leader.

Aegrotat award

If a student is unable to complete the requirements of the programme in question for the award due to very serious illness, or other very special circumstances which are beyond his control, and considered by the Board of Examiners as legitimate, the Faculty/School Board will determine whether the student will be granted an aegrotat award. Aegrotat award will be granted under very exceptional circumstances.

A student who has been offered an aegrotat award shall have the right to opt either to accept such an award, or request to be assessed on another occasion to be stipulated by the Board of Examiners; the student's exercise of this option shall be irrevocable.

The acceptance of an aegrotat award by a student shall disqualify him from any subsequent assessment for the same award.

An aegrotat award shall normally not be classified, and the award parchment shall not state that it is an aegrotat award. However, the Board of Examiners may determine whether the award should be classified, provided that they have adequate information on the students' academic performance.

6.13 Grading

Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A student's overall performance in a subject shall be graded as follows from 2020/21 onwards.

Subject Grade	Short Description	Elaboration on Subject Grading Description
A+ A A-	Excellent	Demonstrates excellent achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to skillfully use concepts and solve complex problems. Shows evidence of innovative and critical thinking in unfamiliar situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
B+ B B-	Good	Demonstrates good achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to use appropriate concepts and solve problems. Shows the ability to analyse issues critically and make well-grounded judgements in familiar or standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
C+ C C-	Satisfactory	Demonstrates satisfactory achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Shows some capacity for analysis and making judgements in a variety of familiar and standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a manner that is generally logical but fragmented.
D+ D	Pass	Demonstrates marginal achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Can make basic comparisons, connections and judgments and express the ideas learnt in the subject, though there are frequent breakdowns in logic and clarity.
F	Fail	Demonstrates inadequate achievement of intended subject learning outcomes through a lack of knowledge and/or understanding of the subject matter. Evidence of analysis is often irrelevant or incomplete.

"F" is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ("D" to "A+") are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

Indicative descriptors for modifier grades

Main Grade (solid)	The student generally performed at this level, indicating mastery of the
	subject intended learning outcomes at this level.
+	The student consistently performed at this level and exceeded the
(exemplary)	expectations of this level in some regards, but not enough to claim
	mastery at the next level.
-	The student basically performed at this level, but the performance was
(marginal)	inconsistent or fell slightly short in some regards.

Note: The above indicative descriptors for modifier grades are not applicable to the pass grades D and D+

A numeral grade point is assigned to each subject grade. The grade points assigned to subject grades attained by students from 2020/21 are as follows:

Grade	Grade Point for grades attained from 2020/21
A+	4.3
А	4.0
A-	3.7
B+	3.3
В	3.0
B-	2.7
C+	2.3
С	2.0
C-	1.7
D+	1.3
D	1.0
F	0.0

The grade points assigned to subject grades attained by students before 2020/21 are as follows:

Grade	Grade Point for grades attained before 2020/21
A+	4.5
A	4.0
B+	3.5
В	3.0
C+	2.5
С	2.0
D+	1.5
D	1.0
F	0.0

At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed, as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Grade Point} \times \text{Subject Credit Value}}{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Credit Value}}$$

where n = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned
- (v) Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e. those with the grade "W")

Subject which has been given an "S" code, i.e. absent from all assessment components, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance, and ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

Different Types of GPA

GPA will be calculated for each Semester including the Summer Term. This <u>Semester GPA</u> will be used to determine students' eligibility to progress to the next Semester alongside with the 'cumulative GPA'. However, the Semester GPA calculated for the Summer Term will not be used for this purpose, unless the Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme concerned and constitutes part of the graduation requirements.

The GPA calculated after the second Semester of the students' study is therefore a "<u>cumulative</u>" <u>GPA</u> of all the subjects taken so far by students, and without applying any level weighting.

Along with the "cumulative" GPA, a <u>weighted GPA</u> will also be calculated, to give an indication to the Board of Examiners on the award classification which a student will likely get if he makes steady progress on his academic studies. Weighted GPA will be computed as follows:

Weighted GPA =
$$\frac{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Grade Point } \times \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_{i}}{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_{i}}$$

where $W_i =$ weighting to be assigned according to the level of the subject

n = number of all subjects counted in GPA calculation, except any subjects passed after the graduation requirement has been met.

For calculating the weighted GPA (and award GPA) to determine the Honours classification of students who satisfy the graduation requirements of Bachelor's degree awards, a University-wide standard weighting will be applied to all subjects of the same level, with a weighting of <u>2</u> for Level 1 and 2 subjects, a weighting of <u>3</u> for Level 3, 4 and 5 subjects. <u>Although the Industrial Centre training credits are counted in the GPA calculation, they are excluded from the calculation of weighted GPA and award GPA</u>. Same as for GPA, Weighted GPA ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

When a student has satisfied the requirements for award, an <u>award GPA</u> will be calculated to determine his award classification. GUR subjects will be included in the calculation of award GPA for all programmes.

For students taking the Major/Minor study route, a separate GPA will be calculated for their Major and Minor programmes. The <u>Major GPA</u> will be used to determine his award classification, which will be so reflected on the award parchment. The <u>Minor GPA</u> can be used as a reference for Board of Examiners to moderate the award classification for the Major, as explained further in Section 8.

6.14 University Graduation Requirements

To be eligible for a Bachelor's Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- 1. Complete successfully the requisite number of credits as defined in Section 5.
- 2. Earn a cumulative GPA of 1.70 or above at graduation.
- 3. Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component.
- 4. Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the normal credit requirement for the award unless the professional bodies concerned stipulate otherwise.
- 5. Satisfy any other requirements as specified in the Programme Requirement Document.
- 6. Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

(a) Language and Communication Requirements	9 credits
(b) Freshman Seminar	3 credits
(c) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development	3 credits
(d) Service-Learning	3 credits
(e) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)	12 credits
(f) China Studies Requirement	(3 of the 12 CAR credits)
(g) Healthy Lifestyle	Non-credit bearing
	Total = 30 credits

(a) Language and Communication Requirements (LCR)

<u>English</u>

All undergraduate students must successfully complete <u>two</u> 3-credit English language subjects as stipulated by the University, according to their English language proficiency level (Table A). These subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of English language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the English Language Centre

(ELC) entry assessment (when no HKDSE score is available, e.g. in the case of non-local students).

Table A - English LCR subjects	(each 3 credits)
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English language competence level/ Subject	ELC1011 Practical English for University Studies	ELC1012/ELC1013 English for University Studies	Any LCR Proficient level elective subject in English (Table B)
HKDSE Level 4 and above or equivalent		Subject 1	Subject 2
HKDSE Level 3 or equivalent	Subject 1	Subject 2	

Table B - Proficient level elective subjects for DSE Level 4 students and above (or equivalent) (each 3 credits)

	ELC2011 A dwared English Deading and Writing Skills
	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills ELC2012
LCR Proficient level	Persuasive Communication
elective subjects	ELC2013
	English in Literature and Film
	ELC2014
	Advanced English for University Studies

Chinese

All undergraduate students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit Chinese language subject as stipulated by the University, according to their Chinese language proficiency level. All Chinese-speaking students will be required to take the same Chinese LCR subject.

Cantonese will be used as the Medium of Instruction (Mol) of a certain proportion of Chinese LCR subject (Table C). Students taking the Cantonese version of the subjects will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-Learning course in Putonghua (optional).

Subject Code	Subject Title	Mol
CLC1104C	University Chinese	Cantonese
CLC1104P	University Chinese	Putonghua

Table C - Chinese LCR subjects (each 3 credits)

For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below:

Depending on students' Chinese Language Centre entry assessment result, one subject from Table D will be re-assigned to students as Chinese LCR. Students are also exempted from the Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements of CAR.

Table D - Chinese LCR Subjects for non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below

Subject Code	Subject Title	
CLC1151	Chinese I (for non-Chinese speaking students)	
CLC1152	Chinese II (for non-Chinese speaking students)	
CLC2151	Chinese III (for non-Chinese speaking students)	
CLC2154	Chinese IV (for non-Chinese speaking students)	
CLC2152	Chinese Literature - Linguistics and Cultural Perspectives (for non-Chinese speaking students)	

For the updated information, please refer to the website of Office of General University Requirement (OGUR): <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur</u>.

Writing Requirement

In additional to the LCR in English and Chinese explained above, all students must also, among the Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects they take (see Section (e) below), pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in Chinese.

Reading Requirement

All students must, among the CAR subjects they take, pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in Chinese.

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the Writing Requirement (with a "W" designation) and for meeting the Reading Requirement (with an "R" designation) is shown at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>.

Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR – Chinese and CAR – Chinese Reading and Writing requirement. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

Note: In addition to the LCR in General Education Requirements, students also have to complete 4 credits of discipline-specific language requirements (2credits in English and 2 credits in Chinese) as specified in the curriculum requirements of their Major.

(b) Freshman Seminar

All students must successfully complete, normally in their first year of study, <u>one</u> 3-credit Freshman Seminar offered by their chosen Broad Discipline. The purpose is to (1) introduce students to their chosen discipline and enthuse them about their major study, (2) cultivate students' creativity, problem-solving ability and global outlook, (3) give students an exposure to the concepts of, and an understanding of, entrepreneurship, and (4) engage

students, in their first year of study, in desirable forms of university learning that emphasises self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding.

A list of Freshman Seminars offered by the Broad Disciplines can be found at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>.

(c) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in the area of Leadership and Intra-Personal Development, which is designed to enable students to (1) understand and integrate theories, research and concepts on the qualities (particularly intra-personal and interpersonal qualities) of effective leaders in the Chinese context, (2) develop greater selfawareness and a better understanding of oneself, (3) acquire interpersonal skills essential for functioning as an effective leader, (4) develop self-reflection skills in their learning, and (5) recognise the importance of the active pursuit of knowledge on an intra-personal and interpersonal level and its relationship to leadership qualities.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the leadership and intra-personal development requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>.

(d) Service-Learning

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject designated to meet the servicelearning requirement, in which they are required to (1) participate in substantial community service or civic engagement activities that will benefit the service users or the community at large in a meaningful way, (2) apply the knowledge and skills acquired from their Major or other learning experiences at the University to the community service activities, and (3) reflect on their service learning experience in order to link theory with practice for the development of a stronger sense of ethical, social and national responsibility.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the service-learning requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>.

(e) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)

To expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain and to enable them to tackle professional and global issues from a multidisciplinary perspective, students are required to successfully complete at least <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in <u>each</u> of the following four Cluster Areas:

- Human Nature, Relations and Development
- Community, Organisation and Globalisation
- History, Culture and World Views
- Science, Technology and Environment

A list of CAR subjects under each of the four Cluster Areas is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>.

(f) China Studies Requirement

Of the 12 credits of CAR described in (e) above, students are required to successfully complete a minimum of 3 credits on CAR subjects designated as "China-related". The

purpose is to enable students to gain an increased understanding of China (e.g. its history, culture and society, as well as emerging issues or challenges).

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the China Studies Requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>.

(g) Healthy Lifestyle

Healthy lifestyle is the platform for all-round development. Students are required to successfully complete a non-credit-bearing programme in healthy lifestyle.

With effect from the 2015/16 intake cohort, students will be required to complete the following components: (i) sports training/participation, (ii) e-learning modules, and (iii) lectures/talks. The syllabus covers physical health, mental health, social health, spiritual health, values and priorities on health behavior with reference to competing priorities in life, reflection on healthy living and plans for self-improvement or maintenance of health behavior. Details of the programme can be found at: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/

Students in Articulation Degree Programmes and Senior Year intakes to the 4-year Undergraduate degree programmes are not required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme. Advanced Standing students are required to take HLS (except for those who are HD/AD holders who follow the Senior Year/Articulation Degree programme GUR curriculum).

A student is required to graduate as soon as he satisfies the graduation requirements. The student concerned is required to apply for graduation, in the semester in which he is able to fulfil all his graduation requirements, and after the add/drop period for that semester has ended.

Students are allowed to take more elective subjects beyond GUR and DSR until the total number of credits reaches 150 without incurring a higher tuition rate. Subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of study places, students are allowed to take additional subjects on top of the prescribed credit requirement for award before they become eligible for graduation.

The awards will be classified based upon the Award GPA. Any subject passed after the graduation requirement has been met or subject taken on top of the prescribed credit requirements for award shall not be taken into account in the grade point calculation for award classification. However, if a student attempts more elective subjects (or optional subjects) than the requirement for graduation in or before the semester in which he becomes eligible for award, the elective subjects (or optional subjects) with higher grade/contribution shall be included in the grade point calculation (i.e. the excessive subjects with lower grade/contribution, including failed subjects, will be excluded except for students who have indicated inclusion of specific free electives for fulfilment of award requirements).

The following are guidelines for Boards of Examiners' reference in determining award classifications:

Honours Degrees	Guidelines
1st	The student's performance/attainment is outstanding and identifies him as exceptionally able in the field covered by the programme in question.
2:i	The student has reached a standard of performance/ attainment which is more than satisfactory but less than outstanding.
2:ii	The student has reached a standard of performance/ attainment judged to be satisfactory, and clearly higher than the 'essential minimum' required for graduation.
3rd	The student has attained the 'essential minimum' required for graduation at a standard ranging from just adequate to just satisfactory.

Under exceptional circumstances, a student who has completed an Honours degree programme, but has not attained Honours standard, may be awarded a Pass-without-Honours degree. A Pass-without-Honours degree award will be recommended, when the student has demonstrated a level of final attainment which is below the 'essential minimum' required for graduation with Honours from the programme in question, but when he has nonetheless covered the prescribed work of the programme in an adequate fashion, while failing to show sufficient evidence of the intellectual calibre expected of Honours degree graduates. For example, if a student in an Honours degree programme has a Grade Point Average (GPA) of 1.70 or more, but his Weighted GPA is less than 1.70, he may be considered for a Pass-without-Honours classification. A Pass-without-Honours is an unclassified award, but the award parchment will not include this specification.

Students who have committed academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. For undergraduate students who should be awarded a Third class Honours degree, they will be downgraded to a Pass-without-Honours. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass.

Honours classification	Award GPA
1st	3.60 - 4.30
2:i	3.00 - 3.59
2:ii	2.40 - 2.99
3rd	1.70 - 2.39

The following are the award GPA ranges for determining award classifications:

Decisions by the Boards of Examiners on award classifications to be granted to each student on completion of the programme shall be ratified by the Faculty/School Board (of Examiners). For cases the decisions of which do not conform to the above indicative GPA range, they should be referred, by the Faculty/School Board (of Examiners), to the APRC for ratification.

7. SCHEME/PROGRAMME OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT

7.1 Departmental Undergraduate Programme Committee

The Departmental Undergraduate Programme Committee will exercise the overall academic and operational responsibility for the Scheme/Programme.

7.2 Programme Executive Group

The day-to-day operation of the Scheme/Programme will be carried out by the Programme Executive Group, which consists of the Scheme/Programme Leader and Deputy Scheme/Programme Leader. The Group will report the operation back to the Departmental Undergraduate Programme Committee.

7.3 Student-Staff Consultative Committee

The Student-Staff Consultative Committee consists of Student Representatives together with the Scheme/Programme Leader. The Committee is normally chaired by the Scheme/Programme Leader and meets at least twice a year. Issues to be kept under consideration include: student workload, teaching methods, balance between subject areas, training matter and other areas of mutual concern.

7.4 Academic Advising

There are two components in the academic advising system at PolyU - Department-based Academic Advising (primarily for matters related to major programme and career) and Institutional level Academic Advising by the Student Affairs Office (SAO) (primarily for matters related to GUR).

Academic advising at PolyU aims to help students to make informed and intelligent academic decisions/choices about their study at PolyU that suit their intellectual, professional and personal goals. It is instrumental to promoting student success, and plays a vital role in enhancing students' overall learning experience at PolyU. The specific objectives are:

- To provide accurate information about academic regulations and studies;
- To help students formulate study plans;
- To connect students to resources and support;
- To strengthen the connection between students and their home departments;
- To explore students' interests so that they can set suitable academic, professional, and personal goals.

Every student will be assigned an Academic Advisor from the ME Department. The main responsibilities of the academic advisor will include:

- Building rapport with students;
- Being accessible, available and responsive to students;
- Helping students formulate and refine their academic, professional, and personal goals;
- Helping students to develop an appropriate study plan;

- Alerting students to academic regulations and requirements, particularly those relating to one's Major;
- Providing early identification of students with special learning needs or signs of learning problems and making necessary referrals;
- Contacting with students regularly and have at least one face-to-face meeting (individually or in small groups) during the academic year. Students are expected to consult the advisors before subject registration.

8. MINOR AND DOUBLE MAJOR

The 4-year undergraduate degree framework allows students to work for a single discipline Major, a Major plus a Minor (unless the Major is so designed as to preclude the possibility of a further Minor study) or Double Majors.

8.1 Minor Study

Minor study will be a free choice by students and not mandatory. Each student can be applied to take not more than one Minor. This option will not be applicable to students who are admitted to the advanced stage of the programme. Students who opt for Minor study will be subject to the following regulations.

- (i) A Minor programme will comprise a collection of subjects totaling 18 credits, with at least 50% of the subjects (9 credits) at Level 3 or above.
- (ii) Students must apply to and obtain approval from the Minor-offering Department, at the start of second year of study.
- (iii) Subject to approval by the Minor-offering Department, students may count up to 6 credits from their Major/GUR subjects [including Language Communication Requirement (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] towards their chosen Minor. Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme.
- (iv) Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study enrolment. The Minor-offering Department can also set a quota and additional requirements for enrolment on their Minors.
- (v) Departments have the discretion to allow students who fail to obtain a GPA of 2.5 or above <u>after</u> enrolment, to stay on the Minor programme for a longer while in order to pull up their GPA to the required level.
- (vi) Students must complete their approved Minor as part of their graduation requirements. Students who wish to withdraw from a Minor need to obtain approval from the Minoroffering Department, before the end of the add/drop period of the last Semester of study.
- (vii) Students are required to obtain a GPA of at least 1.70 to satisfy the requirement for graduation with a Major plus a Minor.
- (viii) Since students are expected to complete their approved Minor as part of their graduation requirements, students taking the Major/Minor route will be considered for an award of both the Major and Minor simultaneously, and not separately.
- (ix) Students graduating with a Major plus a Minor will receive one award parchment, which will list the title of the Major programme only. The honours classification will be based on the Major GPA, and reflected accordingly on the parchment. The award title of the Minor programme will not be reflected on the parchment. It will be recorded in the Transcript of Studies.
- (x) There is no guarantee that a clash-free timetable can be provided for all students who pursue Minor study.

8.2 Double Majors

Double Majors will provide an opportunity for the more capable students, who are interested in expanding their study beyond a single degree, to take a Second Major study. Students who opt for a double Major study will be subject to the following regulations:

- (i) Completion of Double Majors requires more than the normative study period of 4/5 years and extra credits on self-financed basis (therefore require higher tuition fee). The total credit requirements of a Double Major will depend on the degree of commonality between the 2 Majors, but should be more than 120 in all instances. Apart from the 30 credits of GUR subjects, up to 1/3 of the Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR) of the First Major which are common to the Second Major can be double-counted towards the Second Major.
- (ii) Students who wish to take a Second Major must obtain approval from the host Department of the First Major.
- (iii) Only students with a GPA of 3.0 or above can be considered for admission to a Second Major, while Departments offering the Second Major can stipulate a higher GPA requirement if deemed appropriate.
- (iv) Students will be put on academic probation if they fail to obtain a GPA of 1.70 or above.
- (v) Students who wish to withdraw from a Second Major must obtain approval from the Department offering the Second Major, before the end of the add/drop period of the last Semester of study.
- (vi) Students will not be allowed to drop the First Major and continue with the Second Major only. This is to avoid students using the Double Major mechanism to gain a "backdoor" entry to a "popular" and oversubscribed Major programme.
- (vii) Students are required to obtain an overall GPA of at least 1.70, in order to satisfy the requirement for graduation with Double Majors. They will not be allowed to graduate with one of the 2 Majors.
- (viii) Two award parchments will be issued for the Double Majors (one for each Major programme). The honours classification of the two Major awards need not be identical.

PART B SYLLABI

GUR Subject

Subject Code	ENG1003
Subject Title	Freshman Seminar for Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 The objectives of this subject are to: (1) Introduce students to the engineering broad discipline and enthuse them about their major study (2) Cultivate students' creativity and problem-solving ability, and global outlook (3) Introduce students to the concept of entrepreneurship (4) Engage the students in desirable forms of learning at university that emphasizes self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: (a) Be able to demonstrate an understanding and an enthusiasm about the engineering broad discipline and their major study (b) Develop their problem-solving ability and global outlook (c) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of entrepreneurship (d) Be able to research for information, formulate a project plan, and manage a project with initiative (e) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 1. Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (4 hours*) Students will be required to complete successfully an Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of the first semester. The students will understand the importance of academic integrity by completing the Online Tutorial. 2. Seminars (12 hours*) There will be seminars given by various speakers on various topics to introduce to students the engineering broad discipline, to enthuse them about their major study, to arouse students' interests in engineering and to cultivate their understanding of and sense of belonging to the discipline and the engineering profession, and to cultivate students' global outlook. The formats of the seminars may be, but not limited to, Departmental Seminars, and Renowned Speaker Seminar. 3. Freshman Project (45 hours*) There will be practical workshops, presentation and demonstration sessions for the Freshman Project. The freshman project aims at developing students' creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information, and project management abilities through practical and hands-on tasks at a level commensurate with their first-year engineering backgrounds. Students will work in small groups under the guidance of teachers/instructors to design and implement an engineering solution to some given problems.

	 4. Entrepreneurship Project (45 hours*) The entrepreneurship project is designed to develop students' appreciation and understanding about entrepreneurship and the commercialization process by attending lectures, workshops and tutorials. In the course of the Entrepreneurship Project, students will identify technology opportunities and learn the skills of preparing a simple business plan. (* Note: hours indicate total student workload)
Teaching/Learning	Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity
Methodology	The Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (OTAI) is developed by the University to help the students understand the importance of academic integrity. By going through the Online Tutorial, students will be aware of the importance of upholding academic integrity during University study. They will also learn good practices by which to stay clear of dishonest behaviors and academic plagiarism. Completing the OTAI is a completion requirement of Freshman Seminar. For successful completion of the OTAI, the students need to attempt the pre-test in the Tutorial, read all four modules in the Tutorial, obtain at least 75% in the posttest in the Tutorial and sign the Honour Declaration before the completion deadline. Students who fail to complete the OTAI before the completion deadline will fail the Freshman Seminar for Engineering.
	<i>Seminars</i> The seminars (such as renowned speaker seminars and departmental seminars) are designed to arouse students' interest about engineering. The delivery mode will be <i>interactive</i> and <i>engaging</i> . Students will be motivated to search for information and do background reading. They will be encouraged to raise questions and discuss with the presenters. Assessment tasks (quizzes) will be designed to measure students' learning outcomes as well as to encourage participation and interaction.
	<i>Freshman Project</i> For the Freshman Project, students will work collaboratively with their group members to design and implement an engineering solution to a given problem under the guidance of instructors. There will be close staff-students and students- students <i>interaction</i> . Students will be given opportunities to develop creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information and project management abilities. Assessment tasks will consist of demonstration, presentation, reports, and reflective essay writings. These are designed to evaluate individual student's performance and achievement of the relevant intended learning outcomes as well as to encourage active participation. Appropriate pedagogies will also be used to promote the "Learning to Learn" ability of students.
	<i>Entrepreneurship Project</i> There will be lectures, workshops, and tutorials. A general overview of the concepts required to conduct the project will be provided to students through lectures. They will then work in small groups in a workshop to appreciate the essential elements in the development of a business plan and subsequently to produce a simple business plan and to present it to fellow classmates. Assessment will focus towards students' understanding about entrepreneurship, innovation and creativity.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Students' performance in this subject will be assessed by using a letter-grading system in accordance with the University's convention from grade F (failure) to A+. The relative weights of the different assessment components are as follows:

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		а	b	с	d	e	
Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity	0%					\checkmark	
Seminars Quizzes	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
<i>Freshman Project</i> Project demonstration, presentation, report and reflective essay writing	45%		\checkmark		~		
<i>Entrepreneurship Project</i> Business plan	45%			~	~		
Total	100 %						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

<u>Quizzes</u> (online or paper-based) can measure the students' *understanding* about the engineering discipline. Through <u>reflective essays</u>, students can reflect on their appreciation and understanding about the *engineering* discipline. Through project <u>demonstration</u>, <u>presentation</u> and project <u>reports</u>, students can demonstrate their *creativity and problem-solving skills abilities*. They can also demonstrate their *ability to research for information, formulate a project plan*, and *manage a project with initiative*. Through <u>business plan</u>, students can demonstrate their understanding about *entrepreneurship*.

Pass Conditions

In order to pass this subject, students must obtain a Grade D or above for total marks comprising the Seminars, Freshman Project and Entrepreneurship Project as described here <u>AND</u> successfully complete the Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (OTAI) on or before week 5 of semester 1 as described in the previous section.

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	 Introduction and Seminars (such as Departmental Seminars, Renowned Speaker Seminar) 	6 hours
	Freshman project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks	15 hours
	 Entrepreneurship project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks 	15 hours
	 Other student study effort: <u>4</u> hours for Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity; <u>6</u> hours for seminars quizzes preparation; <u>60</u> hours for Freshman project and Entrepreneurship project: background information search, project work preparation, meeting and 	70 Hours

	discussion, presentation and demonstration, and report writing.	
	 Total student study effort 	106 Hours
Reading and References List	H. Scott Fogler and Steven E. LeBlanc, <i>Strategies for creative problem solving</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2008	
	N.J. Smith (ed), <i>Engineering project management</i> , Oxford, UK; Malden, MA: Blackwell, 2008	
	Gene Moriaty, <i>The engineering project: its nature,</i> <i>ethics, and promise,</i> University Park, Pa.: Pennsylvania State University Press, 2008.	
	K. Allen, <i>Entrepreneurship for scientists and engineers</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2010.	
	The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, "Engineering Our City", Youtube clip ref. no. nYMmI6vlVeQ	
	HKIE Corporate Video, Youtube clip ref. no. INMV18MuNEY	

(revised) June 2020

Core Subjects

Subject Code	AF3625
Subject Title	Engineering Economics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Exclusion	AF2618
Objectives	 This subject aims to equip students with The fundamental concepts of micro- and macroeconomics related to the engineering industry; The fundamental understanding of finance and costing for engineering operations, budgetary planning and control.
Intended Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon successful completion of this subject, students will be able to: Understand how the relevant economic factors shape the environment within which an engineering company operates; Evaluate the financial condition of a company based on the financial statements; Apply the basic cost accounting techniques in the planning and control of engineering and production activities.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Economic Environment of a Firm Microeconomic Factors Scarcity, choice and opportunity cost; Demand, supply and price; Profit- maximizing behavior of the firm; Organization of industry: perfect competition and monopoly Macroeconomic Factors International trade and globalization Accounting and Engineering Economics Financial statements; Financial ratio analysis; Return on investment; Composition of cost; Cost-volume-profit analysis; Accounting profit versus economic profit Fundamentals of Budgetary Planning and Control Principle types of budgets for production and service operations; Approaches to budgeting and the budgeting process; Investment and source of finance; Cost of capital; Evaluation of investment alternatives
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	The two-hour lecture each week focuses on the introduction and explanation of key concepts of Engineering Economics. The one-hour tutorial provides students with directed studies to enhance their self-learning capacities. Individual and group activities including discussions and presentations are conducted to facilitate students' understanding and application of the concepts they have learned to tackling real-life problems in Engineering Economics.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting	Learnin Assesse	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
			1	2	3		
	Continuous Assessment	50%					
	1. In-class activities	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Written assignments	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Final Examination	50%			\checkmark		
	Total	100 %					
	To pass this subject, students are Continuous Assessment and Examir			or above ir	the <u>both</u> the		
Student Study Effort	Class contact:						
Required	Lecture		26 Hours				
	Tutorial		13 Hours				
	Other student study effort:						
	Study and self-learning						
	Presentation preparation and written assignments						
	Total student study effort:	1	105 Hours				
Reading List and	Recommended Textbooks						
References	 Parkin and Bade, <i>Foundations of Microeconomics</i>, 8th ed., Pearson, 2018. Sullivan, Wicks and Koelling, <i>Engineering Economy</i>, 16th ed., Pearson, 2019. 						
	References						
	 Drury, Colin, Management and Cost Accounting, 10th ed., Cengage Le 2018. Robert H. Frank, The Economic Naturalist: Why Economics Explain Everything?, Basic Books, 2007. 				-		
Last Updated	July 2019						
Prepared by	School of Accounting and Finance						

Subject Code	AMA1110					
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics					
Credit Value	3					
Level	1	1				
Pre-requisite	Nil					
Objectives	elementary calculus and fundamental concepts and	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic concepts and applications of elementary calculus and statistics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts and the use of mathematical techniques in handling practical problems in science and engineering.				
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; (b) make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; (c) apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; (d) demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<u>Elementary calculus</u> : Limit and continuity, derivatives and their geometric meaning, rules of differentiation including chain rule, Leibniz's rule and L'Hopital's rule, exponential and logarithmic functions, trigonometric functions and their inverses, hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions, applications of differential calculus.					
	<u>Elementary Probability and Statistics</u> : Descriptive statistics, random variables, probability and probability distributions, binomial, Poisson and normal distributions, applications.					
	Population and random samples. Sampling distributions related to sample mean, sample proportions, and sample variances. Concepts of a point estimator and a confidence interval. Point and interval estimates of a mean and the difference between two means.					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and elementary techniques of differential and integral calculus and elementary statistics will be taught in lectures. These will be further enhanced in tutorials through practical problem solving.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
			а	b	с	d
	1.Assignments and mid-term tests	40%	✓	~	✓	~
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	✓	✓
	Total	100 %				

	Continuous Assessment comprises of assignments, in-class quizzes, online quizzes and a mid-term test. An examination is held at the end of the semester.		
	Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering.		
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment n intended learning outcomes:	nethods in assessing the	
	The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course.		
Student Study Effort	Class contact:		
Expected	Lecture	26 Hrs.	
	Tutorial	13 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:		
	 Homework and self-study 	81 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.	
Reading List and	Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, McGraw Hill 2013		
References	Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics & Statistics, McGraw Hill 2013		
	Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012		
	Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. Ye, K. Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Prentice Hall, 2012		

Subject Code	AMA1120					
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics II –C	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra				
Credit Value	3					
Level	1					
Pre-requisite	Basic Mathematics I – C	alculus and P	robability &	& Statistics	s (AMA11	10)
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic concepts and applications of elementary calculus and statistics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts and the use of mathematical techniques in handling practical problems in science and engineering.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; (b) make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; (c) apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; (d) demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<u>Elementary calculus</u> : Mean Value Theorem with applications to optimization and curve sketching. Definite and indefinite integrals, fundamental theorem of calculus, methods of integration (integration by substitution, integration by parts, integration of rational functions using partial fractions and integration of trigonometric and hyperbolic functions), reduction formulas, applications to geometry and physics. Improper Integrals.					
	Linear algebra: Basic properties of matrices and determinants, linear systems, Gaussian elimination, inverse of a square matrix, Cramer's rule, vectors in 2-space or in 3-space, applications to geometry.					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and elementary techniques of differential and integral calculus and linear algebra will be taught in lectures. These will be further enhanced in tutorials through practical problem solving.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks% weightingIntended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes			a	b	c	d
	1.Assignments and tests	40%	~	~	~	~
	2. Examination	60%	✓	✓	~	✓
	Total	100 %		L	.	·
	Continuous Assessment held at the end of the ser		assignmen	its and test	ts. An exa	mination is

	 Questions used in assignments, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and elementary linear algebra. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course. 		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lecture Tutorial 	26 Hrs. 13 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort: Homework and self-study	81 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.	
Reading List and References			
	Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012 Larson, R. Elementary Linear Algebra, Brooks/Cole 2013		

Subject Code	AMA2111		
Subject Title	Mathematics I		
Credit Value	3		
Level	2		
Pre-requisite	Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA1007) or Calculus I (AMA1101) or Calculus IA (AMA1102) or Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA1120) or Calculus for Engineers (AMA1130) or Foundation Mathematics for Accounting and Finance (AMA1500)		
Exclusion	Intermediate Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA2007) Introduction to Differential Equations (AMA2008) Mathematics for Engineers (AMA2308) Engineering Mathematics (AMA2380) Applied Mathematics I (AMA2511) Mathematics for Scientists and Engineers (AMA2882) Engineering Mathematics (AMA290)		
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.		
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:		
	 apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; search for useful information in the process of problem solving. 		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Algebra of complex numbers</u> Complex numbers, geometric representation, complex exponential functions, n-th roots of a complex number. <u>Linear algebra</u> Systems of linear equations, vector spaces, inner product and orthogonality, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, applications. 		
	 Ordinary differential equations ODE of first and second order, linear systems, Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, applications to mechanical vibrations and simple circuits. 		

	4. Differential calculus	of functions of	several	variable	<u>s</u>					
	and minima, direc	Partial derivatives, total differential, chain rule, Taylor's expansion, maxima and minima, directional derivatives, Lagrange multipliers, implicit differentiation, applications.								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lecture aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for th understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability.									
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	led subj mes to b s approj	e assess		nse			
			1	2	3	4	5			
	1.Homework, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~			
	2. Examination	60%	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	~			
	Total	100%								
	mathematical techniques Explanation of the appro- intended learning outcom The subject focuses on techniques in engineering mainly on examinations/ students are required to su subject lecturers to keep to	priateness of es: understanding g mathematics tests/quizzes is ubmit homewo	the asses g of bas c. As suc s conside rk assign	ssment 1 ic conc ch, an a ered app iments re	nethods epts and ssessme propriate egularly	in asses d applic nt metho e. Furth in order	ssing the eation of od based hermore,			
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
Lifert Expected	• Lecture					26 Hours				
	• Tutorial					13	Hours			
	Mid-term test and exa									
	Other student study effe					-				
	Assignments and Self study					78 Hours				
	Total student study effo			- F -			Hours			
Reading List and References	1. C.K. Chan, C.W. Cha McGraw-Hill, 2015.		-	-	_		ucs,			
	2. Anton, H. Elementar	y Linear Algel	<i>bra</i> (11th	n edition). Wiley	, 2014.				

3.	Kreyszig, E. (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th ed. Wiley.
4.	James, G. (2015). <i>Modern Engineering Mathematics</i> , 5th ed. Pearson Education Limited
5.	Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. D. & Hass, J. R. <i>Thomas' Calculus</i> , 14th ed. Pearson Education 2017

Subject Code	AMA2112
Subject Title	Mathematics II
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite	Mathematics I (AMA2111)
Exclusion	Intermediate Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA2007) Introduction to Differential Equations (AMA2008)
Objectives	This subject is a continuation of AMA2111. It aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
	 apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; search for useful information in the process of problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Multiple integrals</u> Double and triple integrals, change of variables, applications to problems in geometry and mechanics.
	2. <u>Vector calculus</u> Vector and scalar fields, the del operator, line and surface integrals, the theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, applications to electromagnetic theory and fluid mechanics.
	3. <u>Series expansion</u> Infinite series, Taylor's expansion, Fourier series expansion of a periodic function.
	4. <u>Partial differential equations</u> Formulation of PDE of mathematical physics, separation of variables, initial-boundary value problems, introduction to Fourier transforms.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delive aim to provide the stud understanding and appl Tutorials will mainly be u	ents with an i ication of ma	integrate athematic	d know cal con	vledge r acepts a	equired and tec	for the hniques.		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	methods/tasks weighting o				rning sed (Ple	ase		
Outcomes		1	2	3	4	5			
	1. Assignments, quizzes and mid- term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	✓	~	~		
	Total	100%							
	students' level of unders mathematical techniques Explanation of the appro- intended learning outcom The subject focuses on techniques in engineering mainly on examinations/ students are required to su subject lecturers to keep t	in solving probl priateness of th es: understanding g mathematics. tests/quizzes is ubmit homework	lems in s ne assess of basic As suci consider kassignn	science a sment m c conce h, an as red app nents re	and engi nethods pts and csessmer ropriate gularly	neering in asses l applic ut metho . Furth in order	sing the ation of od based hermore,		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
Lifert Expected	• Lecture					26 Hours			
	• Tutorial					13	Hours		
	• Mid-term test and exa	mination							
	Other student study effo	ort							
	Assignments and Self	study				78	Hours		
	Total student study effor	rt:				117	Hours		
Reading List and References	1. C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan and K.F. Hung, <i>Basic Engineering Mathematics</i> , McGraw-Hill, 2015.								
	2. Anton, H. Elementar		-		•				
	3. Kreyszig, E. (2011). <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i> , 10th ed. Wiley.								
	4. James, G. (2015). <i>Modern Engineering Mathematics</i> , 5th ed. Pearson Education Limited								

5. Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. D. & Hass, J. R. Thomas' Calculus, 14th ed.
Pearson Education 2017

Subject Code	AP10001
Subject Title	Introduction to Physics
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This is a subject designed for students with no background in physics studies. Fundamental concepts in major topics of physics (mechanics, heat, wave and electromagnetism) will be discussed. The aim of this subject is to equip students with some basic physics knowledge, and to appreciate its applications in various branches of science and technology.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) solve simple problems in kinematics Newton's law and Energy; (b) solve problems in heat capacity and latent heat; (c) explain phenomena related to the wave character of light; (d) apply the superposition of waves; (e) understand electrostatic field and potential; (f) solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; and (g) describe and demonstrate the phenomenon of electromagnetism.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Mechanics: scalars and vectors; kinematics and dynamics; Newton's laws; momentum, impulse, work and energy; conservation of momentum and conservation of energy. Thermal physics: heat and internal energy; heat capacity; conduction, convection and radiation; latent heat. Waves: nature of waves; wave motion; reflection and refraction; image formation by mirrors and lenses; superposition of waves; standing waves; diffraction and interference; electromagnetic spectrum; sound waves. Electromagnetism: charges; Coulomb's law; electric field and potential; current and resistance; Ohm's law; magnetic field; magnetic force on moving charges and current-carrying conductors; Faraday's law and Lenz's law.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify

	their solutions before seeking ass to apply their knowledge gaine consolidate what they have lea understanding of the subject in re e-learning : In order to enhance electronic means and multimedi lectures; communication between and notices etc.	d from the le rrned. Furthe lation to daily the effectiver a technologies	ecture. ermore life phoness of would	The stud enome teach d be a	y also ents o ena or ning a adopte	help can de experi nd lea	the evelop ence. rning prese	stude p a o g proc entatio	nts to leeper cesses, ons of
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended weighting to be asse (Please ti			sed		-	tcom	es
			a	b	c	d	e	f	g
	(1) Continuous assessment	40	1	✓	1	1	1	1	1
	(2) Examination	60	1	✓	1	1	1	1	1
	Total	100							
	 timely checking of learning progr of checking how effective the stu- class. Examination: This is a major closed-book examination. Comp such that the emphasis of assessm and problem solving ability of the 	dents digest an assessment co- licated formula nent would be	nd con mpone as wou	solida nt of ld be	te the the su given	materi ibject. to avc	als ta It v	would te me	in the l be a emory,
Student Study	Class contact:								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: • Lecture								33 h
•									33 h 6 h
•	• Lecture								
•	Lecture Tutorial								
•	 Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort: 							1	6 h
•	 Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort: Self-study 	Johnson, Intr	oducti	on to	Phys		h ed:		6 h 81 h 20 h

Subject Code	AP10005
Subject Title	Physics I
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This course provides a broad foundation in mechanics and thermal physics to those students who are going to study science, engineering, or related programmes.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 (a) solve simple problems in single-particle mechanics using calculus and vectors; (b) solve problems in mechanics of many-particle systems using calculus and vectors; (c) understand simple harmonic motion and solve simple problems; (d) solve problems related to acoustic standing waves; (e) calculate changes in frequency received due to Doppler's effect; (f) apply ideal gas laws to solve problems; (g) apply the first law of thermodynamics to simple processes; and (h) solve simple problems related to the cyclic processes.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Mechanics : calculus-based kinematics, dynamics and Newton's laws; calculus-based Newtonian mechanics, involving the application of impulse, momentum, work and energy, etc.; conservation law; gravitational force; systems of particles; collisions; rigid body rotation; angular momentum; oscillations and simple harmonic motion; pendulum; statics; longitudinal and transverse waves; travelling wave and standing wave; Doppler effect; sound waves and beats.
	Thermal physics : conduction, convection and radiation; black body radiation; ideal gas and kinetic theory; work, heat and internal energy; first law of thermodynamics; entropy and the second law of thermodynamics; Carnot cycle; heat engine and refrigerators.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lecture : Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given.
	Student-centered Tutorial : Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience.
	e-learning : In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inten	ided su	ıbject	learn	ing ou	itcome	es to b	e		
Intended Learning Outcomes			(Please tick as appropriate)									
Outcomes	(1) Continuous assessment	40	a ✓	b ✓	c V	d ✓	e ✓	f ✓	g ✓	h ✓		
	(1) Continuous assessment (2) Examination	60	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓		
	Total	100	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v		
	 checking the progress of students' study throughout the course, assisting them in fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis and problem solving ability of the students. 											
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: • Lecture									33 h		
	Tutorial			6						6 h		
	Other student study effort:											
	• Self-study							81 h				
	Total student study effort: 120 h								20 h			
Reading List and References	 John W. Jewett and Raymond A. Serway, "Physics for Scientists and Engineers", 2014, 9th edition, Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning. Hafez A. Radi, John O. Rasmussen, "Principles of physics: for scientists and engineers", 2013, Springer. 											
	W. Bauer and G.D. Westf McGraw-Hill.	fall, "Unive	rsity	Physic	cs wi	th M	odern	Phys	sics",	2011,		

Subject Code	AP10006
Subject Title	Physics II
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with fundamental knowledge in physics focusing on the topics of waves and electromagnetism. This course prepares students to study science, engineering or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply simple laws in optics to explain image formation; (b) understand phenomena related to the wave character of light; (c) solve problems in electrostatics; (d) solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; (e) apply electromagnetic induction to various phenomena; and (f) solve problems in simple circuits.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Waves and optics: nature of light, reflection and refraction; Snell's law; image formation by mirrors and lenses; compound lens; microscope and telescope; superposition of waves; Huygen's principle; interference and diffraction; diffraction grating; Rayleigh's criterion and optical resolution; polarization. Electromagnetism: charge and Field; Coulomb's law and Gauss' law; electrostatic field and potential difference; capacitors and dielectric; current and resistance; Ohm's law; electromotive force, potential difference; Lorentz force; magnetic force on moving charges and current; Hall effect; Biot-Savart law and Ampere's law; Faraday's law and Lenz's law; induction; transformers; AC circuits and applications.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lecture: The fundamentals in optics and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework

	and notices etc.										
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed								
Intended Learning Outcomes		6 6				propri d	ate) e	f			
	(1) Continuous assessment	40	~ ✓	√ √		<i>.</i>	<i>·</i>				
	(2) Examination	60	1	· ·	· ·	1					
	Total	100	-	-		-					
	 assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis and problem solving ability of the students. 								neans of as means ht in the uld be a memory,		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:										
	• Lecture						33 h				
	• Tutorial							6 h			
	Other student study effort:										
	• Self-study					81 h					
	Total student study effort120						120 h				
Reading List and References	John W. Jewett and Raymond A. Serway, "Physics for Scientists and Engineers", 2014, 9th edition, Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning.										
	Hafez A. Radi, John O. Rasmu 2013, Springer.	ussen, "Princ	ciples o	of ph	ysics: 1	for scie	entists a	and eng	gineers",		
	W. Bauer and G.D. Westfa McGraw-Hill.	all, "Univer	sity F	hysic	es with	n Moo	lern P	hysics'	", 2011,		

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[T					
Subject Code	CLC3241P (2019-20 onward)					
	CBS3241P (2018-19 and before)					
Subject Title	Professional Communication in Chinese					
Credit Value	2					
Level	3					
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	Chinese LCR subjects					
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in Chinese required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals and reports.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in Chinese, students will be able to					
	a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals and reports with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers					
	b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences					
	c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences					
Subject Synopsis/	1. Project proposals and reports in Chinese					
Indicative Syllabus	 Planning and organising project proposals and reports 					
	• Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project					
	• Referring to the literature to substantiate project proposals					
	• Describing the methods of study					
	• Describing and discussing project results, including anticipated results and results of pilot study					
	• Presenting the budget, schedule and/or method of evaluation					
	Writing executive summaries./abstracts					
	2. Oral presentations of projects					
	Selecting content for audience-focused presentations					

	 Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in team presentations Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies 							
Teaching/Learning	0 0 11							
Methodology							ly and jects. It	
	The study approach is pr instructor input as well as evaluating texts, mini-presen	individual ar	nd grou	up wo	rk, inv	olving		
	The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project which will engage students in proposing and reporting on an engineering-related project to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in:						on an	
	 planning and researching the project writing project-related documents such as project proposals and reports giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders of the project 						oorts	
	The study plan outlining the	allocation o	f conta	ict hou	rs is at	tacheo	1.	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					omes
			а	b	c			
	1. Project proposal in Chinese	60%	~		~			
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal	40%						
	Total	100 %						
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The assessments will arise from the course-long engineering-related project. Students will be assessed on written documents and oral presentations targeted at different intended readers/audiences. This facilitates 							
	assessment of stude style appropriate to	ents' ability t	o selec	ct cont	ent an	d use	langua	age and

	• Students will collaborate in groups in planning, researching, discussing and giving oral presentations on the project. The written proposals will be individual work to ensure that students will be rigorously engaged in the application of language skills for the entire document.					
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Seminars	26 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Researching, planning, writing, and preparing the project 44 H 					
	Total student study effort	70 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 a)路德慶主編(1982)《寫作教程》,華東師範大學出版社。 b)司有和(1984)《科技寫作簡明教程》,安徽教育出版社。 c)葉聖陶呂叔湘朱德熙林燾(1992)《文章講評》語文出版社。 d)邢福義汪國勝主編(2003)《現代漢語》,華中師範大學出版社。 e)于成鯤主編(2003)《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社。 					

Subject Code	EE2901S
Subject Title	Basic Electricity and Electronics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the fundamental principles for operating basic electric devices, circuits, and machines applicable to ME students. To introduce the appropriate techniques for analyzing basic electric devices, circuits, and machines. To introduce the appropriate skills and tools for experimenting basic electric devices, circuits, and/or machines.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Describe the fundamental principles for operating basic electric devices, circuits, and machines. Apply the appropriate techniques for analyzing basic electric devices, circuits, and machines. Use the appropriate skills and tools for conducting relevant hands-on/simulated experiments and reporting the findings.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 DC Electric Circuits Fundamentals — How electricity works. Electromechanical analogies. Common Prefixes. Atoms and atomic structure. Basic electric quantities: charge, potential, current, voltage, power, and energy. Resistance, Ohm's law, and resistors. Resistors in series and in parallel. Sign convention. Practical, ideal, independent, and dependent voltage and current sources. Voltage and current dividers. Use of basic test meters: voltmeters, anmeters, ohmmeters, and multimeters. Analysis — Lumped circuit elements. Network description: branch, node, loop, and mesh. Kirchhoff's voltage and current laws. Tellegen's theorem. Mesh-current and node-voltage methods. Thévenin's and Norton's theorems. Loading effect and maximum power transfer. AC Electric Circuits Fundamentals — The war of the currents. AC versus DC. Time-dependent, periodic, and sinusoidal signals. Sinusoidal sources. Worldwide mains electricity. Peak, average, and root-mean-square values. Inductors and capacitors. Sinusoidal steady-state analysis by time-domain method. Complex number. Euler's identity. Phasors and phasor diagrams. Impedance and admittance. Sinusoidal steady-state analysis by phasor-impedance method. Power — Power, energy, and electricity bill. Instantaneous and average powers. Power in resistive, inductive, capacitive, and complex loads. Complex power and power factor. Power generation, transmission, and distribution. Three-phase power basics. Single (split)-phase three-wire source. Star (wye)-connected three-phase four-wire source. Star-star and star-delta source-load connections. Star-delta transformations.

	 Semiconductor Devices and Circu Diodes — Semiconductor basics: inthe holes, doping, donors and acceptors. diodes: basic structure, symbol, dereverse bias, ideal current–voltage equation, breakdown characteristics. diode assumptions, analysis of basic Transistors — Bipolar junction transymbols, BJTs as electric switches and characteristics. BJT circuits: DC eq DC biasing schemes. Electric Machines Electromagnets and Transformers of Ampère's, Faraday's, and Lenz's Reluctance. Inductance. Magnetic Electromagnetic structure analysis for mutual inductances. Dot conversion. DC Machines — Electric machine generators. DC machines: basic equations of currents, voltages, spee Laboratory Experiments (Two of to 1. EE2901S-E01: DC Circuit Anal 2. EE2901S-E03: Electromagnet a 	rrinsic and extrins , n-type and p-typ epletion region, characteristics, C , Zener diodes. D and specific diod nsistors (BJTs): tr nd amplifiers, mod uivalent circuits, — Basic principle a laws. Magneto ic field energy by magnetic equir Step-up, step-dow basics: DC versu operations, phys d and torque, stea the following): lysis. nalysis.	be semiconductor barrier potentia DN and OFF st iode circuits: id e circuits. ransistor basics, les of operation, DC analysis, lo es of electromage omotive force. Z. Electromage valent circuit m wn, and impedan us AC machine ical structures, dy-state analysi	ors. P–N al, forw ates, ide leal and basic s , input a bad line, mad line, metic a netic a nethod. nce tran es, moto , config	l junction ard bias, eal diode practical tructures, nd output Q-point, Ørsted's, etic flux. nalogies. Self- and sformers. rs versus
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcome		
		1	2		3
	Lecture	✓	✓ ✓		
	In-class Practice	✓	✓ ✓		
	Assignment	✓	✓ ✓		
	Laboratory				✓
	Lecture: Students are introduced comprehension is strengthened with In-class Practice: Students apply wh class (outcomes 1 and 2). Assignment: Students further to comprehension of the knowledge by Laboratory: Students acquire hands- and test equipment in circuits, a experimentally validate the theoretics and report writing skill (outcome 3).	interactive Q&A (at they have learn test and devel after-class exerci- on/simulated exp apply what they al investigations,	(outcomes 1 and it in solving the op their und ises (outcomes 1 erience in using have learnt i	d 2). problem derstand 1 and 2) g electri in the	ns in the ing and ic devices class to
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended learn be assessed	ning out	comes to

	Continuous Assessment	50%	✓	\checkmark	~		
	Examination	50%	√	✓			
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:						
	Overall Assessment:						
	$0.5 \times \text{Continuous Assessm}$	nent + $0.5 \times \text{End} c$	of Subject E	Examination	L		
	Continuous Assessment covers all int involves intended learning outcomes		tcomes 1 to	3, while example	amination		
	Continuous Assessment (50%) contat (16%), aiming to provide timely fee including their assignment works, lal & test equipment in circuits, data and	dbacks to students boratory skills, us	s on variou e of approp	is topics of oriate electric	syllabus,		
	Examination (50%) is in form of a examination, aiming to assess studen the fundamental principles and analy	nts' overall under					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						
Enort Expected	Lecture		30 Hrs.				
	In-class Practice				3 Hrs.		
	Laboratory				6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:						
	Self-study 41 Assignment Laboratory log & report writing						
	Total student study effort				100 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 Textbooks: 1. Giorgio Rizzoni and James Kearns, <i>Principles and Applications of Electrica Engineering</i>, 6th Edition, Boston: McGraw-Hill Higher Education (2018). 2. Donald A. Neamen, <i>Microelectronics: Circuit Analysis and Design</i>, 4th Edition Boston: McGraw-Hill Higher Education (2010). 						
Reference books: 1. W. H. Hayt, J. E. Kemmerly, and S. M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit A Edition, New York: McGraw-Hill (2012). 2. A. H. Robbins and W. C. Miller, Circuit Analysis: Theory and Practice, Thomson Learning (2013). 3. R. A. DeCarlo and P. M. Lin, Linear Circuit Analysis, 2 nd Edition University Press (2001).							

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Subject Code	ELC3531				
Subject Title	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students				
Credit Value	2				
Level	3				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	English LCR subjects				
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication English required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals.				
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in English, students will be able to:				
	a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers				
	b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences				
	c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences				
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	 Project proposal in English Planning and organising a project proposal Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the current situation or existing literature to substantiate a project proposal Describing the methods of study Describing and discussing anticipated project results and (if applicable) results of a pilot study Presenting the budget, schedule and (if applicable) method of evaluation Writing an executive summary Oral presentation of project proposal in English Selecting content for an audience-focused presentation Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in a team presentation Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies 				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject is designed to develop the English language skills, both oral and written, that students need to use to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.				

	input as w presentat The learn which wi different • pl • w	y approach is prim well as individual a ions, discussions a ing and teaching a ll engage students intended readers/a anning and researc riting project-relat ving oral presenta	and group wo and simulation activities in th in proposing udiences. Dur ching the proj ed documents	rk, invol ns. e subjec and repo ring the fect s such as	lving dr t will fo orting o course, s projec	afting a ocus on n an eng student t propos	nd evalu a course gineering s will be sals	uating t e-long p g-relate	exts, mini- project d project to		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	-	ific assessment ods/tasks	% weighting		•	oject learning outcomes to be ease tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes				a	b	c					
	1. Pr Engli	oject proposal in ish	40%	~		~					
		al presentation oject proposal in ish	60%		\checkmark	~					
	Tota	l	100%								
	learning o The assess collaborat the project different in	sments will arise fi e in groups in plar t. They will be ass ntended readers/au tent and use langua	rom a course- nning, researc essed on writ idiences. This	long eng hing, dis ten docu	gineerin scussing iments a tes asse	g-relate g and giv and oral ssment	d projec ving ora presenta	et. Stud l present ations to nts' ab	ents will ntations on cargeted at ility to		
	Assessment type					Intended readers/audience			Timing		
	 Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of 2000-2500 words; and each member writes a report of 200-250 words explaining his/her contribution to the project 					Mainly engineering experts		Week 8			
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal in EnglishEach team delivers a speech (30 minutes for a team of four), simulating a presentation of the final proposal				Main non-e	ly experts		Weeks 12-13			
Student Study	Class cont	act:						I.	I		

Effort Expected	Seminars	26 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Researching, planning and writing the project Rehearsing the presentation	52 Hrs.
	Total student study effort:	78 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 D. F. Beer, Ed., Writing and Speaking in the Technol guide, 2nd ed. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2003. R. Johnson-Sheehan, Writing Proposals, 2nd ed. New S. Kuiper, Contemporary Business Report Writing, Western, 2009. M. H. Markel, Practical Strategies for Technical Co Bedford/St. Martin's, 2016. D. C. Reep, Technical Writing: Principles, strategie Pearson/Longman, 2011. E. D. Zanders and L. Macleod, Presentation Skills for 2nd ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2013. 	w York: Pearson/Longman, 2008. 4th ed. Mason, OH: South- ommunication. New York: es, and readings, 8th ed. Boston: or Scientists: A practical guide,

Subject Code	ENG2001
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	1. To realize the impact of the development of engineering materials on human civilization;
	2. To enable students to establish a broad knowledge base on the structure and properties of materials for solving engineering problems.
	3. To enable students to understand the applications and selection of engineering materials based on the consideration of properties, cost, ease of manufacture, environmental issues and their in service performance.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. comprehend the importance of materials in engineering and society;
	b. explain the properties and behaviour of materials using fundamental knowledge of materials science.
	c. apply the knowledge of materials science to analyze and solve basic engineering problems related to stress, strain and fracture of materials;
	d. select appropriate materials for various engineering applications taking into consideration of issues in cost, quality and environmental concerns.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction Historical perspective; Evolution of engineering materials; Materials science and engineering; Classification of materials
	2. <u>Atomic Structure and Structures of Materials</u> Atomic structure; Bonding forces and energies; Primary interatomic bonds and secondary bonding; Crystalline and non-crystalline materials; Phase diagram and microstructure of alloys
	3. <u>Electrical and Optical Properties of Materials</u> Conductors and insulators; Semi-conductor materials; N-type and P-type semiconductors; P/N junction; Light interactions with materials; Light emitting diode (LED) and photovoltaics; Light propagation in optical fibers; Liquid crystal; Photoelasticity

	 <u>Mechanical Properties of Materials</u> Concept of stress and strain; Stress-strain behaviour; Elastic and plastic properties of materials; Concepts of dislocations and strengthening mechanisms; Tensile properties; Elastic recovery after plastic deformation; Hardness; Stress concentration; Impact energy, Fracture toughness; Design and safety factors <u>Introduction to Failure Analysis and Prevention</u> Fundamentals of fracture: ductile, brittle, fatigue and creep; Corrosion; Nondestructive testing; Techniques for failure analysis and prevention <u>Selection of Engineering Materials</u> 							
	Characteristics of materials; Economic,	environmen	tal and	recycli	ng issu	es		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures but tutorials, case studies and laboratory work will substantially supplement which. Practical problems and case studies of material applications will be raised as a focal point for discussion in tutorial classes, also laboratory sessions will be used to illustrate and assimilate some fundamental principles of materials science. The subject emphasizes on developing students' problem solving skills.						blems nt for ustrate	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes			a	b	c	d		
	1. Assignments	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Test	20%			\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Laboratory report	5%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Examination	60%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100 %						
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The assignments are designed to reflect students' understanding of the subject and to assist them in self-monitoring of their progress. The laboratory report is designed to assess the capability of students in analyzing and reporting experimental data relates to learning outcome (b). The test and examination are for determining students' understanding of key concepts as well as for assessing their achievement of the learning outcomes. 						oject	

Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	Lectures, tutorials, practical	39Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	 Guided reading, assignments and reports 	37Hrs.		
	 Self-study and preparation for test and examination 	47Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	123Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 William D. Callister, Jr., David G. Rethwisch, <i>Fundamentals of materials science and engineering</i>, 4th edition, <i>E-Text</i> John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 978-1-118-53126-6 			
	 William D. Callister, Jr., David G. Rethwisch, <i>Materi</i> <i>Engineering</i>, 8th edition, <i>E-Text</i> John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 978-1-118-37325-5 Materials World (Magazine of the Institute of Materials, Minerals and I 			

Revised (April 2014)

Subject Code	ENG2002
Subject Title	Computer Programming
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co- requisite / Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 (i) To introduce the fundamental concepts of computer programming (ii) To equip students with sound skills in C/C++ programming language (iii) To equip students with techniques for developing structured and object- oriented computer programs (iv) To demonstrate the techniques for implementing engineering applications using computer programs.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Familiarize themselves with at least one C/C++ programming environment. Be proficient in using the basic constructs of C/C++ to develop a computer program. Develop a structured and documented computer program. Understand the fundamentals of object-oriented programming and be able to apply it in computer program development. Apply computer programming techniques to solve practical engineering problems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: Introduction to programming - Components of a computer; Programming environment; Process of application development. Bolts and Nuts of C/C++ - Preprocessor; Program code; Functions; Comments; Variables and constants; Expressions and statements; Operators. Program Flow Control - Branching and looping; Function parameters passing; Return values; Local and global variables; Scope of variables. Program Design and Debugging - Structured program design; Debugging a program. Case study: Using the Visual C++ debugger. Basic Object Oriented Programming - Objects and classes; Private versus public; Implementing class methods; Constructors and destructors. Pointer and Array - Stack and Free store; Create and delete objects in the free store; Pointer arithmetic; Passing function arguments by pointer; Returning values by pointer; Array of objects; Array and pointer; Array of pointers; Pointer of array; Character array; Command-line processing. Stream I/O - Input and output as streams; File I/O using streams.

Teaching/Learning							
Methodology	Teaching and Learning Method	Intended Subject Learning Outcome	Remark	S			
	Lectures, supplemented with short quizzes	2,3,4	Students knowled program and illus Compre is streng Students skills of techniqu structure applicati	lge of o ming t strative hensic gthene s will b using o ues of o ed obje	comput through examp on of the d with s e able C/C++ develop	ter oles. e know short q to mor and ap ping	nation /ledge uizzes. nitor the
	Laboratories/tutorials where problems are given to students for them to solve	1,2,3,4	Students learnt in problem purpose captured Tutors w helping exercise take pla	lectur s in ex is to e d the ir vill aid the stu es, and	es and ercises ensure mportai the lec idents f	solve s. The studen nt poin turer ir finishin	ts have ts. o g the
	Assignment, tests and final examination	1,2,3,4,5	By doing assignment, students will develop a firm understanding and comprehension of the knowledge taught. They will analyse given C/C++ applications and apply knowledge to solve problems. They will have to design solutions by evaluating different alternatives. To enhance the students' problem solving skill in a given programming environment, open- book programming tests are arranged regularly. To assure students' understanding of fundamental concepts, a closed- book final examination is arranged.				ig and ledge ven ily is. utions natives. roblem open- e ure
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inten		subjecto to be a		
Outcomes			1	2	3	4	5
	1. In-class exercises	10	~	~	~	~	
	2. Short-quizzes	10		~	~	~	
	3. Programming tests	30	~	~	~	~	~
	4. Assignment	20	~	~	~	~	~
	5. Final examination	30	~	~	~	~	\checkmark
	Total	100 %					

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assess assessing the intended learning outcomes: The short-quizzes are for assessing the understand concepts. The in-class exercises are conducted to help with the programming language and skills. The progra assessing the ability of students on solving compute programming within a specified period. Through doing a will be able to experience how to solve computer po- solutions by using a systematic approach. The fina assessing the students' ability on using the program- analysing computer programs.	ling of fundamental students familiarized amming tests are for er problems through assignment, students roblems and design I examination is for
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lectures, Tests and Quizzes Laboratory/Tutorial Other student study effort: Self-studying Homework Total student study effort	39 Hours 26 Hours 13 Hours 69 Hours 57 Hours 12 Hours 108 Hours
Reading List and References	 Reference Books: S. Rao, Sams Teach Yourself C++ in One Ho Indianapolis, IN: Sams, 2017. P. Deitel and H. Deitel, C++ How to Program : Introdu Standard, 10th ed. Boston, MA: Pearson, 2017. R. Cadenhead and J Liberty, Sams Teach Yourself ed. Indianapolis, IN: Sams, 2017. 	ucing the New C++14

(revised) July 2018

Subject Code	ENG2003
Subject Title	Information Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide the foundation knowledge in internet applications, computer networks, and database management that is essential to modern information system design
Intended Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <u>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</u> 1. Understand the functions and features of modern computing systems. 2. Understand the client-server architecture and be able to set up multiple internet applications. 3. Understand the principles of computer networks and be able to set up simple computer networks. 4. Understand the basic structure of a database system and be able to set up a simple database system. <u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u> 1. Solve problems using systematic approaches.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: <u>Introduction to computers</u> Introduction to information technology using Internet of Things as a real life example. Introduction to modern computing systems. <u>Computer Networks</u> Introduction to computer networks (Client-Server Architecture). Study different internet applications (HTTP/FTP/DNS). Explain basic concepts on packet routing (Data Encapsulation/IP Addressing/Functions of Routers). Introduction to basic network security measures. <u>Introduction to data processing and information systems</u> Database systems – architecture, relational database concept, structural query language (SQL), database management systems, Web and database linking, database application development. Introduction to Information systems. Workflow management. Case study: Database design, implementation and management.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	There will be a mix of lectures, tutorials, and laboratory sessions/workshops to facilitate effective learning. Students will be given case studies to understand and practice the usage of modern information systems.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
			A1	A2	A3	A4	B1	
	1. Quizzes (in tutorials)	3%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	2. Quizzes (in lectures)	14%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	3. Workshops	14%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	4. Mid-term Test	11%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	5. Assignment	8%					\checkmark	
	6. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	Total	100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriat the intended learning outcom The assessment methods includ (total 50%) and other assessm mid-term test, workshops, and learning outcomes A1, A2, A3,	es: le an end-of-sul ent methods (t an assignmen	oject 2- otal 50	hour v)%), ir	vritten Icludii	exam ng qui	ination zzes, a	
Student Study Effort	Class contact:							
Expected	• Lectures (18), tutorials (6), and workshops (15)						39 Hours	
	Other student study effort:							
	Workshops preparation (6/workshop)					30 Hours		
	• Self study (3/week)					39 Hours		
	Total student study effort 108 Hours						lours	
Reading List and References	 B. Williams and S. Sawye Introduction to Computers 2014. J. F. Kurose and K. W. Ross, 7th ed., Pearson, 2016. D. E. Comer, Computer Net B. A. Forouzan, TCP/IP Pro W. Stalling, Data and Comp S. Morris and C. Coronel, D Management, 11th Edition, M. Mannino, Database Administration. 6th ed., Chi 	and Commun , Computer Net tworks and Inte ptocol Suite, 4 th puter Communi Database System Course Techno e Design, A	ication: working rnets, 6 ed., Ti cations ns: Des ology, 2 Applica	s, 11 th g: A To 5 th ed., nh, 20 s, 10 th e sign, In 2014. tion	ed., N pp-Dov Pearso 10. ed., Pe nplem	McGra wn App on, 201 arson, <i>entatio</i>	w-Hill, proach, .5. 2013. on, and	

(revised) July 2018

Subject Code	ENG3003
Subject Title	Engineering Management
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject provides students with:
	1. A practical introduction to management and a comprehensive guide to the tools and techniques used in managing people and other resources.
	2. Opportunities to trace the historical development and describe the functions of management, from planning, and decision making to organizing, staffing, leading, motivating, and controlling. It also includes a discussion on engineering ethics.
	3. Opportunities to explore the core business strategy, technology, and innovation, and examine how these functions intertwine to play a central role in structural design, as well as supporting an organization's overall success.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	a. perform tasks in an organization related to organizing, planning, leading and controlling project and process activities;
	b. select appropriate management techniques for improving organizational structures, work procedures, and quality performance of operational tasks;
	c. analyze the factors that affect changes in the work environment, and be aware of the approaches in implementing change in an organization;
	d. be aware of the imperatives of ethical and business behaviors in engineering organizations in a fast-changing business environment.
Subject	1. <u>Introduction</u>
Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus	General management concepts in organizations; Functions and types of industrial organizations; Organizational structures; Corporate objectives, strategy, and policy
	2. Industrial Management
	Roles of managers: Process of management, leadership, planning, organizing, motivating, and control of social and engineering activities; Quality management: Related tools and techniques

	3. Project Management							
	Project scope and objectives; Network analysis; Tools that support engineering operations and task scheduling							
	4. <u>Management of Change</u>							
	Change leadership; Organizational change; Phases of planned change; Stress management; Factors that affect the execution of change						ge;	
	5. Effects of Environmental Factor	<u>rs</u>						
	The effects of extraneous fa organizations, such as ethics and		-			-		ng
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and case studies are used to deliver various topics in this subject. Some topics are covered by problem-based format whenever applicable in enhancing the learning objectives. Other topics are covered by directed study so as to develop students' "life-long learning" ability.					ed .cs		
	The case studies, largely based on re topics covered in the subject and to inter-related and applied in real life s	illustrate the		-		-		
Assessment Methods								
in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment	%	Inte	nded s			•	
Outcomes	methods/tasks	weighting	outc	omes	to be	asse	ssed	
0	methods/tasks	weighting	outc a	b b	to be	asse d	ssed	
0	methods/tasks 1. Coursework	weighting 40%		_			ssed	
0			a	b			ssed	
0	1. Coursework		a	b			ssed	
0	 Coursework Group learning activities (10%) 		a	b				
0	 Coursework Group learning activities (10%) Presentation (individual) (30%) 	40%	a	b ✓	c ✓	d ✓		

Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	Lectures and review	27 Hrs.		
	Tutorials and presentations	12 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	Research and preparation	30 Hrs.		
	Report writing	10 Hrs.		
	Preparation for oral presentation and examination			
	Total student study effort	116 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	1. John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., 2013, Introduction to Management, 12th Ed., John Wiley			
	 Robbins, S P, DeCenzo, D A, and Coulter, M, 2013, Fundamentals of Management Essential Concepts and Applications, 8th Ed., Pearson 			
	 Morse, L C and Babcock, D L, 2010, Managing Eng Technology: an Introduction to Management for Engine Prentice Hall 			
	4. White, M A and Bruton, G D, 2011, The Management o and Innovation: A Strategic Approach, 2nd Ed., S Cengage Learning	0.		

(revised) July 2015

Subject Code	ENG3004
Subject Title	Society and the Engineer
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject is designed for engineering students as a complementary subject on the role of the professional engineer in practice and their responsibilities toward the profession, colleagues, employers, clients, and the public. The objectives of the subject are to enable students to
	1. appreciate the historical context of modern technology and the nature of the process whereby technology develops and the relationship between technology and the environment, as well as the implied social costs and benefits;
	2. understand the social, political, legal, and economic responsibilities and accountability of the engineering profession and the organizational activities of professional engineering institutions;
	3. be aware of the short-term and long-term effects related to safety and health, and the environmental impacts of technology;
	4. observe professional conduct, as well as the legal and other applicable constraints, related to various engineering issues; and
	5. develop a strong vision to optimize their contribution to sustainable development.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	a. identify and evaluate the effects of technology as it applies to the social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society;
	b. explain the importance of local and international professional training, professional conduct and ethics, and responsibilities in various engineering disciplines, particularly the Washington Accord;
	c. evaluate and estimate, in a team setting, the impact of contemporary issues, planned projects, and unforeseen technological advances related to engineers; effectively communicate and present the findings to laymen and peers.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Impact of Technology on Society Historical cases and trends of technological innovation explored through their impact on social and cultural developments of civilization and their commonalities.

	2. Environmental Protection and Related Issues
	Roles of the engineer in energy conservation, ecological balance, and sustainable development.
	3. <u>Global Outlook for Hong Kong's Economy and Industries</u>
	Support organizations, policies and their impacts on industrial and economic development in Greater China, the Pacific Rim, and the world.
	4. <u>Regulatory Organizations and Compliance</u>
	Discussion of engineer's responsibilities within different regulatory frameworks and environments; Examples from various entities such as the Labor Department and the Occupational Health and Safety Council; Legal dimensions to engineering such as liability, contract law, and industrial legislation.
	5. <u>Professional Institutions</u>
	Local and overseas professional institutions; Washington Accord and the qualifications and criteria of professional engineers.
	6. <u>Professional Ethics</u>
	Prevention of bribery and corruption; The work of the Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC); Social responsibilities of engineers.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Class comprises short lectures to provide essential knowledge and information on the relationships between society and the engineer under a range of dimensions.
	Other methods include discussions, case studies, and seminars to develop students' in-depth analysis of the relationships.
	Each student will submit two assignments based on their weekly learning activities, which will be part of the subject's evaluation. The assignments will deal with important issues of social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society.
	Students are assembled into groups; throughout the course, they will work on engineering cases by completing the following learning activities:
	1. Case analysis where students explore the relationships between society and the engineering issues of a project under specific dimensions;
	2. Construction and assembly of a case portfolio which includes
	 i. Presentation slides ii. Feedback critiques iii. Weekly summary reports iv. A report on Sustainable Development v. Individual Reflections
	3. Final oral presentation

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
			a	b	с		
	1. Continuous assessment	70%					
	• Group weekly learning activities	(20%)	~	~	✓		
	• Individual Assignments (2)	(20%)	~	\checkmark			
	• Individual final presentation	(15%)	~	\checkmark			
	Individual reflection statement	(5%)	~	~			
	• Group project and SD reports	(10%)	~	✓	\checkmark		
	2. Examination	30%	~	~			
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:						
	The coursework requires students to we perspectives of the eight dimensions in exercises, students' ability to apply and assessed through their performance during and the quality of their portfolio reports of	an engineer l synthesize ng groups' di	ing setti acquired	ng. Base knowled	d on these lge can be		
	The closed-book examination is used problem-solving skills when working on		dents' c	ritical thi	inking and		
Student Study Effort	Class contact:						
Expected	 Lectures and review 				27 Hrs.		
	Presentation				12 Hrs.		
	Other student study efforts:						
	Research and preparation				55 Hrs.		
	Report and Assignments writing		25 Hrs				
	Total student study effort				119 Hrs.		

Reading	Reference Books & Articles:
List and References	1. Education for Sustainable Development - An Expert Review of Processes and
	Learning, UNESCO, 2011 2. Poel, Ibo van de, and Lambèr M. M. Royakkers. Ethics, Technology, and
	Engineering : an Introduction. Wiley-Blackwell, 2011
	3. Engineering-Issues, Challenges and Opportunities for Development, USECO, 2010
	4. Engineering for Sustainable Development: Guiding Principles, Royal Academy of Engineering, 2005
	5. Securing the future: delivering UK sustainable development strategy, 2005
	6. Johnston, F S, Gostelow, J P, and King, W J, 2000, Engineering and Society
	 <i>Challenges of Professional Practice</i>, Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Prentice Hall 7. Hjorth, L, Eichler, B, and Khan, A, 2003, <i>Technology and Society A Bridge to the 21st</i>
	<i>Century</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Prentice Hall
	8. The Council for Sustainable Development in Hong Kong,
	http://www.enb.gov.hk/en/susdev/council/
	9. Poverty alleviation: the role of the engineer,
	http://publications.arup.com/publications/p/poverty_alleviation_the_role_of_the_eng
	ineer
	Reading materials:
	Engineering journals:
	- Engineers by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers
	- Engineering and Technology by The Institution of Engineers and Technology
	Magazines: Time, Far East Economic Review
	Current newspapers: South China Morning Post, China Daily, Ming Pao Daily

(revised) July 2019

Subject Code	ENG4001
Subject Title	Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 This subject provides students with knowledge in: project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; project management methodologies and their application; choosing project variables for effective project management; and various developments of project management.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to engineering projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; and d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Project Overview, Management Principles, and the Systems Approach Characteristics of projects and project management. Management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts and principles. Conflict management. Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure. Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gantt charts, network analysis techniques, time-phased networks, CPA, PERT, and resource smoothing. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u> Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Experience curve. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u> Earned value measurement system. Managing project risks. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutoria deliver the various topics in based format where this adv through directed study to en studies are from best practice to integrate the topics and interrelated and applied in re	this subject. S vances the lear hance the stud- es of projects, demonstrate to	Some mate ming obje ents' "leased on based on o students	erial is co ectives. O rning to le a literatur	overed us ther mate earn" abil re review.	ing a pro rial is co ity. Som They are	oblem- overed e case e used		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ntended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
			a	b	с	d			
	1. Tutorial exercises/ written report	10%		~	~				
	2. Oral presentation	10%		~	\checkmark				
	3. End Term Test	15%	~	~	✓				
	4. Written examination	65%	~	~	\checkmark	~			
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:								
	Continuous assessment (1), (2), and (3): Test, written reports, oral presentation, and tutorial exercises are used to assess students' understanding and application of the knowledge that they have learnt relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c). Written examination: questions are designed to assess learning outcomes (a), (b), (c), and (d).								
Student Study Effort	Class contact:								
Expected	Lectures 3 hours/week for 9 weeks 27								
	Tutorials / Case studies	s 3 hours/we	ek for 4 v	veeks		12	Hrs.		
	39 Hrs								
	Other student study effort: • Preparation for assignments, short tests, and the written examination 7								
	Total student study effort					118	Hrs.		

Reading List and References	1.	Meredith JR and Mantel SJ, 2010, <i>Project Management: a Managerial Approach</i> , Wiley, Hoboken NJ
	2.	Kerzner, H 2009, Project Management: a Systems Approach to Planning, Scheduling, and Controlling, John Wiley, New York
	3.	Smith, NJ (ed.) 2008, Engineering Project Management, Blackwell, Oxford

(Revised) August 2019

Subject Code	ME22003
Subject Title	Visualization and Communication in Design Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To enhance the students' three-dimensional visualization skills and equip them with range of visual communication tools; and To provide students with fundamental understanding of the engineering design process.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate the qualities of a well-designed product and have awareness of the need of specific disciplinary knowledge to develop functional products that meet customer's and manufacturer's need; b. Communicate engineering design details with confidence using range of visualization and communication tools including hand-sketching, CAD geometric models, mechanism simulations, engineering drawings and physical prototypes; c. Work in a team to modify or improve an existing consumer product; and d. Apply project management techniques in meeting planned schedule.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Appreciation of Design Engineering – Characteristics of good design, customer's perspective, manufacturer's perspective, role of materials, investigation of manufacturing methods, skills of a design engineer, examples of successful design. Creativity and Design process – What is design? Basic introduction to engineering design process, creativity in design, Visual thinking (brainstorming, concept mapping) and its relationship with design innovation, applications of computer in design. Visualization and Communication techniques for Design Engineering – hand-sketching, 3-D solid modelling, assembly modeling and simulation, engineering drawings, prototyping (virtual prototypes, 3-D printing, physical prototypes). Working in a Team Environment – Multi-disciplinary project team: its importance in modern industry/community. Functions of design project team: its aroles, design logbook, project scheduling, review and assessment of design stages, project outcome communication including interim report, oral presentation, final report and prototype presentation.

Teaching/ Learning Methodology	and related sk interest and cu appreciate the the products. T experienced w tools includir simulation, en use of real pro	ctory course aims at arousing students' interest in design engineering skills important for engineering design. It also aims at developing curiosity in all relevant subsequent subjects. Students are learnt to he qualities of well-designed products through direct interaction with a. The importance of design visualization and communication will be with in-class group/individual activities. Design communication ding hand- sketching, CAD geometric modeling, mechanism engineering drawings, and 3D printing will be introduced with the product examples. The focus of software introduction is not mere education in fundamentals to equip the students with sound skills for per					
	group design in All the learning a product give the function, de of the product product. The p take part mean model is used and use creative the product for details of the communication hand crafted m	learning outcomes of the subject are mainly achieved through a mprovement project. Students will work in groups of 4-5 members. g activities, including CAD skill development are centered around on to each student group. Students begin the learning by studying esign features, materials, manufacturing methods, technology, etc. t. They then develop visualization techniques by sketching the product is then dissected to learn about the internal mechanisms, surements and develop CAD geometric models. The geometric for assembly and mechanism visualization, basic design analysis wity techniques to make a simple design improvement to improve unction/cost reduction/improve its aesthetic qualities, etc. The final design are then presented using different visualization and n techniques such as photo rendering, 3-D printed physical models, models, and 2-D engineering drawings. Final outcome will be ly and through a written technical report.					
	Week 1 Introduction of the subject and the mini team-project Weak 2 Approximation of design engineering						
	Week 2	Appreciation of design engineering; Introduction to solid modelling: Part modelling					
	Week 3	Creativity and design process; Introduction to solid modelling: Assembly modelling and 2-D Engineering documentation					
	Week 4	Practice and consultation: (for weeks 1, 2 & 3 including planning of the mini team- project)					
	Week 5	Solid Modelling with mechanism					
	Week 6	Surface Modelling and sheet metal modelling					
	Week 7	Practice and consultation: (for weeks 5 & 6 including checking milestones of the mini team- project)					
	Week 8	Basic simulation of mechanism motion					
	Week 9	ek 9 Basic Structural/static analysis					
1	WOOK)						
	Week 10	3-D printing and Solid Modelling with photo rendering					

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			ect learni e assesse	U
Learning				b	c	d
Outcomes	1. Individual assignments	30%	\checkmark			
	2. Group assignments	20%	\checkmark			
	3. Oral communication: Group oral presentation	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	4. Written communication: Group technical report (with peer evaluation)	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Total	100 %				
	intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 1.0 x Conti Written examination is not su knowledge is not the intended development, critical thinkin assessment of students can be presentation and peer evaluat presentation and a written repo assessors that includes guest ass mainly based on the performanc spirit. Intra-group peer evalu contribution for project activities	itable for this learning outco g and creati achieved throu ion. Project a rt. The assessm sessors from th e of the whole ation is perfo	course me. Foc vity in gh indiv ssessme nent is p e industi project g	cus is n aproven vidual a nt cons perform ry. Proj group to	nore on nent. In assignme sists of ed by a ect asses o encour	the skill adividual ents, oral an oral panel of ssment is age team
Student Study	Class contact:]	Time			
Effort Expected	 Lectures 	1:	15 Hrs.			
	Small group activities/Work	24	4 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:]	Гіте			
	 CAD and sketching skills defined 	4	0 Hrs.			
	 Independent study and home 	20	0 Hrs.			
	 Project 				20	0 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	11	9 Hrs.			

Reading List and References	1. D.K. Lieu and S. Sorby, Visualization, Modeling, and Graphics for engineering Design, CENGAGE Learning, Latest Edition.
	2. M.N. Horenstein, Design Concepts for Engineers, Prentice Hall, latest edition.
	3. T. Taura, Creative design engineering : introduction to an interdisciplinary approach, Academic Press, Latest Edition.

Modified July 2017

Subject Code	ME23001
Subject Title	Engineering Mechanics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AP10005 Physics I
Objectives	To provide students the fundamental mechanics concepts of equilibrium and motion for rigid structural systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply the fundamental knowledge of mechanics to solve for forces and moments in simple systems. b. Distinguish the basic differences between diverse engineering systems and select the suitable design in achieving the engineering purposes. c. Employ engineering mechanics to solve the problems encountered in assignments and projects. d. Collaborate with peers in experiments and projects and present effectively the results of experiment or project.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <i>Fundamentals of Mechanics</i> - Basic concepts of mechanics; Scalar and vectors: Vector algebra and vector components; Position, unit of force vectors; Two and three-dimensional force systems; Moment of a force about a point; Moment of a force about a line. <i>Statics</i> - Equilibrium of a particle and the associated free-body diagrams; Equilibrium of a rigid body and the associated free-body diagram; Two and three force members equilibrium in three dimensions; Simple trusses: the method of joints; the method of sections; zero-force members; Internal forces developed in structural members; Shear and moment equations and diagrams in structural members; Relations between distributed load, shear and moment; Theory of dry friction; Systems with friction; Wedges; Belt friction; Rolling resistance. <i>Equivalent Systems</i> - Determination of the resultant concurrent forces; Equivalent force/couple systems; Centre of gravity and centroid: by composite parts, by integration; Resultant of a general distributed force system; Moment of inertia of areas; Parallel-axis theorem for an area; Radius of gyration of an area; Calculation of moments of areas: by composite areas, by integration; Product of inertia for an area; Principles of virtual work. <i>Dynamics</i> - Kinematics and kinetics of particles; rectilinear motion; plane curvilinear motion; relative motion; equation of motion.

Teaching/Learning Methodology		ures are used to de ribed in the section					0		to the top	ics as
	Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (Outcomes a, b and c).									
	expo	eriments are used to sed to hand-on exp s on interpreting ex	erience	, prope	er u	ise of e	quipment	and applicat		
	Teaching/Learning					Ou	tcomes			
		Methodology		a		b	c	d		
		Lecture				\checkmark				
		Tutorial				\checkmark	\checkmark			
		Experiment/Proje	cts				\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with		Specific assessment	% weighting						arning outcomes to be k as appropriate)	
Intended Learning Outcomes		methods/tasks				a	b	с	d	
		1. Assignment	20% 20% 60%			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
		2. Test								
		3. Examination				\checkmark				_
		Total	100)%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the									
	intended learning outcomes:									
	Overall Assessment: $0.60 \times$ End of Subject Examination + 0.40 × Continuous Assessment									
	Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the tests, assignments and laboratory/project reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus.									
Student Study	Class	s contact:								
Effort Expected	Lecture							33	Hrs.	
	Tutorial/Laboratory/Projects							6	Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:									
	•	Course work							23	Hrs.
	•	Self-study							43	Hrs.
	Tota	l student study effo	rt		_				105	Hrs.

Reading List and	 R.C. Hibbeler, Engineering Mechanics – Statics, Prentice Hall, latest edition. A. Pytel, J. Kiusalaas, Engineering Mechanics – Statics, Stamford, CT: Cengage
References	Learning, latest edition.

Revised June 2020

Subject Code	ME31001
Subject Title	Dynamics and Vibrations
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME23001 Engineering Mechanics
Objectives	To teach students basic concepts of rigid body planar motion and mechanical vibration.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate and solve planar motion problems in rigid body dynamics by applying knowledge of dynamic analyses and mathematics. b. Formulate and solve vibration problems in single DOF mechanical systems by applying knowledge of vibration theory and mathematics. c. Analyse and interpret data obtained from experiments in dynamics and vibrations. d. Present effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Dynamics - Plane kinematics of rigid bodies, rotation, absolute motion, relative velocity, instantaneous centre of zero velocity, relative acceleration, motion relative to rotating axes. Plane kinetics of rigid bodies, force, mass and acceleration, general equation of motion, applications, e.g., four-bar linkage and slider-crank mechanisms, gear trains, work and energy, impulse, momentum, impulse-momentum equations, impact and applications and whirling of rotating shafts. Vibration of a Single-degree-of-freedom System - Free vibration of particles, equation of motion, damping effects, forced vibration of particles, vibration of rigid bodies, energy methods, computer simulations of the free and forced vibration response of a single-degree-of-freedom system. Laboratory Experiment There is one 2-hour laboratory session. Typical Experiments: Gear train experiment Forced vibration Whirling of shaft

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lectures aim at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding dynamics and single-degree-freedom vibration systems. Theories and examples will be presented to cover the syllabus on kinematics and kinetics of rigid bodies; equation of motions, work and energy, impulse and momentum, and one DOF vibrations. (Outcomes a and b) Tutorials aim at enhancing the analytical skills of the students. Examples will be provided to teach students the skills of solving different engineering problems using the knowledge of dynamics and single-degree-freedom vibration systems. Students will be able to solve real-world problems using the knowledge they acquired in the class. (Outcomes a and b) Experiments will provide students with experience on gear train systems, forced vibration systems and whirling of shafts. These experiments are designed to train students how to apply theories to practical applications, how to analyze and present experimental data. (Outcomes c and d) 							
	Teaching/Learning Met	hodology		Outc	omes			
			a b c d					
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Tutorial	\checkmark	\checkmark					
	Laboratory				\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	с	d		
Outcomes	1. Class test	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	2. Homework	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	3. Laboratory	5%			\checkmark	\checkmark		
	4. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Total	100%						
	From 100% Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability to apply the concepts. It is supplemented by the tests, assignments and laboratory report which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus.							

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	31 Hrs.
	Laboratory/Tutorial	8 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Reading and review	45 Hrs.
	 Homework assignment 	22 Hrs.
	Laboratory report	6 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	112 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 F.P. Beer and E.R. Johnson, Vector Mechanics for McGraw-Hill, latest edition. J.L. Meriam and L.G. Kraige, Engineering Mechanics, Jol S. Graham Kelly, Fundamentals of Mechanical Vibration edition. W.T. Thomson, Theory of Vibration with Application edition. 	nn Wiley, latest edition. ons, McGraw Hill, latest

Revised July 2014

Subject Code	ME31002
Subject Title	Linear Systems and Control
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31001 Dynamics and Vibrations
Objectives	To teach students time and frequency responses of dynamic systems to different inputs and the feedback control of such systems using PID controllers
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Model physical elements in dynamic systems and find the transfer function of a system comprising mechanical and other physical components. b. Predict the output response of a first- or second-order system both in time and frequency domains subject to typical input signals. c. Complete a given task in linear system control, such as an assignment or a project, by applying concepts in dynamics and control systems. d. Analyze and interpret the data obtained from a control experiment. e. Design a first-order and second-order system with suitable parameters and/or PID controller that will be stable and has the required system performance.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Dynamic Responses of First-Order and Second-Order Systems - Mathematical modelling of system elements, interconnection of elements in systems by differential equations, parameters of first-order and second-order systems, system response analysis due to step, ramp and impulse inputs using Laplace transform, simulation of dynamic systems using Matlab. Frequency Response of First-Order and Second-Order Systems - Harmonic response, Bode diagrams, frequency domain specifications, frequency response applications. Introduction to Feedback Control - Analysis of open-loop and closed-loop systems, transfer functions and block diagrams, time-domain specifications, system stability analysis, time-domain analysis of control systems. Feedback Control Systems - Automatic controllers, basic P, PD, PID controllers, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion, numerical computations for the frequency-domain analysis of dynamical systems. Laboratory Experiment There are two 2-hour laboratory sessions. Typical Experiments: Digital simulation of feedback control systems Digital simulation of feedback control systems Water level control

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures aim at providin understanding and analyzin Tutorials aim at enhanci modeling, transient and free stability of control systems problems using the knowled Experiments will provide and measurement of physic control. It also trains stude (Outcome d)	g feedback co ng analytical quency respon will be invol- dge they acqu students with cal variables s	ontrol sys l skills nse of dyn ved. Stud ired in the hands-on uch as m	tems. (Ou of studen namic sys lents will e class. (C n experien otor speed	tcomes a nts. Exa tems, and be able t Dutcomes nce on th d and wa	h, b, c and mples or d perform to solve r s a, b, c as he instrum ter level,	l e) n system nance and eal-world nd e) mentation and their
	Teaching/Learning Metho	dology		(Dutcomes	5	
			a	b	с	d	e
	Lecture		\checkmark				
	Tutorial	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Experiment				\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e
Outcomes	1. Class test	25%			√		
	2. Homework	15%		\checkmark	\checkmark	1	
	3. Laboratory report	10%	1	1	1		1
	4. Examination Total	50% 100%		\checkmark			N
	Explanation of the appro intended learning outcomes Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Assignments, laboratory re students' timely feedback overall understanding of th are further assessed through	priateness of Examination eports, and te to and on-go to course and	+ 0.50 × sts are ac bing und ability in	Continuou lopted in erstanding n applyin	us Assess continue g of the	sment Dus asses course.	sment on Students'

Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	31 Hrs.			
	Laboratory/Tutorial	8 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	 Self-study 	45 Hrs.			
	 Homework assignment 	20 Hrs.			
	Laboratory report	8 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	112 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, latest edition. N.S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering, John Wiley, latest edition. C.L. Phillips and R.D. Harbor, Feedback Control Systems, Prentice-Hall, latest edition. M.R. Driels, Linear Control Systems Engineering, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. 				

Revised July 2014

Subject Code	ME31003
Subject Title	System Dynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME23001 Engineering Mechanics
Objectives	To provide students the knowledge in modeling and solving different dynamic systems including plane kinematics and kinetics of rigid bodies through theoretical and mathematical principles.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
	 a. Construct and analyze the dynamic models of different systems by applying knowledge of physical laws and mathematical techniques. b. Formulate and analyze the translational and rotational motions of mechanical systems by applying knowledge of rigid body dynamics. c. Complete a given task in modeling and analysis of dynamic systems such as an assignment or a project by applying concepts and knowledge in system dynamics, mathematical and simulation tools. d. Present effectively in completing written reports of a given task.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Dynamics - Plane kinematics of rigid bodies, translation and rotation, relative velocity, instantaneous centre of zero velocity, relative acceleration, motion relative to rotating axes. <i>Plane kinetics of rigid bodies</i> , force, mass and acceleration, general equation of motion, applications, e.g., four-bar linkage and slider-crank mechanisms, principles of work, energy, impulse and momentum.
	<i>Modelling of Linear Systems</i> – Dynamic equations of multi-degrees-of-freedom spring-mass-damper systems, and other systems; introduction to Laplace transform and analysis of vibration systems; block diagram construction and simplification; Transfer functions; Characteristic equations, Zeros and poles; Transient responses of 1 st and 2 nd order systems.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures aim at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding and analyzing the dynamics of rigid bodies and systems. (Outcomes a to c)
	Tutorials aim at enhancing the analytical skills of the students. Examples will be provided to teach students the skill of modeling dynamic systems and determining their responses. (Outcomes a to c)
	Assignments aim at providing opportunities for students to apply concepts and knowledge in system dynamics and mathematical tools in solving real-world problems. The project aims at providing opportunities for students to design/enhance a real-life product or system using the knowledge they acquired in the class. (Outcomes a to d)

	Teaching/Learning Met	hodology		Outco	mes		_			
		a	b	с	d	_				
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					
	Tutorial		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					
	Task (Assignments, Pro	oject)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	-			earning o ick as ap					
Intended Learning			a	b		c	d			
Outcomes	1. Class test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark						
	2. Assignments	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark				
	3. Project	20%				\checkmark	\checkmark			
	4. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark						
	Total	100%								
	Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subj The continuous assessm assignments (10%), and interim knowledge gain students in preparation project aims at integration The examination will be understanding and analy modeling and analysis of	nent includes a project (20 led by the st for the tests of the knowled e used to asse yzing the pro	three con %). The cl audent. Th and check lge through ess the kno oblems, cr	nponents losed-boo e assign ing the p a design wledge a itically a	: closed- ok tests a ments ai progress project.	-book to im at as m at a of their by the s	ests (20%), sessing the ssisting the study. The			
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lecture	Lecture					32 Hrs.			
	Tutorial									
	Tutorial					Other student study effort:				
		rt:					7 Hrs.			
							7 Hrs. 36 Hrs.			
	Other student study effor	,	ct							

Reading List and	 F.P. Beer and E.R. Johnson, Mechanics for Engineers: Dynamics, McGraw-Hill,
References	latest edition. J.L. Meriam and L.G. Kraige, Engineering Mechanics, John Wiley, latest edition. N.S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering, Wiley, latest edition. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, latest edition.

Revised March 2017

Subject Code	ME32001
Subject Title	Manufacturing Fundamentals
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME22001 Engineering Design Fundamentals, or ME32002 Engineering Design Fundamentals, and ME23001 Engineering Mechanics
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of manufacturing processes and to teach students on how to apply manufacturing processes in product design and development.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the basic working principles and rationales of common manufacturing processes and the related tooling for product development. b. Select appropriate manufacturing processes for product fabrication at up-front design stage. c. Present the completed mini-project related to manufacturing.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Machining - The principle, operation, mechanisms and the related machines of boring, drilling, facing, grinding, milling, planning, turning, sawing, ECM and EDM. Finishing - The principles and realization of anodizing, honing, painting, plating and polishing and their related facilities. Bulk Plastic Deformation - The principles, rationales and realization related to facilities of extrusion, forging, rolling, bar drawing, wire drawing processes. Sheet Metal Forming - The principles, design rationales and the process realization of drawing, blanking, bending, punching, shearing and spinning processes. Casting - The operation, realization and principles of die casting, investment casting, permanent mold casting, sand casting, and centrifugal casting. Polymer Processing - The process, principles and the realization of blow molding, casting, compression molding, extrusion, injection molding, and thermoforming. Assembly - Introduction to the process principle of welding (fusion, brazing & soldering, solid state), adhesive bonding and mechanical fastening. Process determination, die and tooling design, plastic deformed components design and product quality for bulk metal forming, sheet metal forming, casting and polymer processing.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge related to conventional and advanced manufacturing processes. (Outcomes $a - b$).					
	Tutorials and case studies are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (Outcomes $a - c$).					
		project/study report is used to enhalledge (Outcomes a – c).	nce the unders	tanding and	d use of th	ne learned
	7	Feaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes		
			а	b	c	
	Ι	Lecture	\checkmark	\checkmark		
]	Futorials	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Ν	Mini-project	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	5	Study report	\checkmark	\checkmark		
			•			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	S	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended outcomes (Please ti		essed
				а	b	с
	1	. Test and quizzes	20 %	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2	2. Mini-project report	15 %	\checkmark		\checkmark
	3	B. Presentation of the mini-project	t 15 %	\checkmark		\checkmark
	4	Le Examination	50 %	\checkmark		
]	Fotal	100 %			
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	Overall Assessment: 0.5 × End of Subject Examination + 0.5 × Continuous Assessment					
	Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the test, quizzes, mini-project report and presentation which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus.					
Student Study	Class	contact:				
Effort Expected	• I	Lecture and seminar				33 Hrs.
	•]	Futorial				6 Hrs.
	Other	student study effort:				
		Performing mini-projects/study repo	rt			20 Hrs.

	Course work	23 Hrs.
	Literature search and private study	22 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	104 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 S. Kalpakjian, S. Schmid, manufacturing engineer Hall, latest edition. B. Benhabib, Manufacturing: Design, Production, Marcel Dekker, latest edition. J.Y.H. Fuh, Y.F. Zhang, A.Y.C. Nee, M.W. Fu, C design and manufacture, Marcel Dekker, Inc, latest ed Jiri Tlusty, Manufacturing processes and equipment. Robert H. Wagoner, Jean-Loup Chenot, Fundame York: Wiley, latest editon. MW Fu, Design and development of metal-forming by finite element simulation, Springer, 2017 	Automation and Integration, omputer-aided injection mold edition. Prentice Hall, latest editon. ental of metal forming, New

Revised August 2017

Subject Code	ME32002				
Subject Title	Engineering Design Fundamentals				
Credit Value	3				
Level	2				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME22003 Visualization and Communication in Design Engineering				
Objectives	To provide students with an extensive knowledge in product design and development process, and professional obligations of an engineer with the use of real world open-ended engineering problems.				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
Outcomes	 a. Identify, formulate and solve engineering design problems and search for design related/needed data, information and knowledge for decision-making and design solution generation in product design and development. b. Explore up-to-date information on product design, materials and manufacturing processes. c. Recognize the design for X, human factors/ergonomics, product safety and reliability, and the professional and ethical responsibilities in product design and development. d. Use different modes of communications effectively to present outcomes of design activities. 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Overview of Design Process</i> - Design problem formulation, identifying product function and establishing engineering specifications, generating and evaluating design alternatives, detail design, product testing and prototyping, communicating the design outcome: virtual/physical prototypes, engineering drawings, oral and written reports				
	<i>Types of Design Problems</i> – Selection design, configuration design, variant design, adaptive design, original design, redesign				
	<i>Design of Common Mechanical Components</i> – Load and stress analysis, material selection, strategies for failure prevention, safety factors, overview and design/selection design of common engineering components (gears, bearings, couplings, belt and train drives, shafts, keys, springs, etc.)				
	<i>Design for X</i> – Design for manufacture, assembly, tolerance, affordability, safety & reliability, quality, environment, human factors / ergonomics				
	<i>Cost Estimation in Design Engineering</i> – Time value of money, design to cost, cost and price estimation, break-even economics				
	Ethics in Design – Professional obligations, codes of ethics				

Methodology	 This subject provides students with the opportunity to develop essential skil required for a professional design engineer and understanding of key concept through activity-, project-, and problem-based (APPB) learning approach. A learning challenges students to continually hone their interpersonal skills, c abilities and understanding of the design process. It also allows students to estrategies to enable and direct their own learning, which is the ultimate goal education. Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge related to product engineering design and development (Outcomes a – c). Group/individual design activities and case studies are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (Outcomes a – Group project is used to apply concepts learned to develop design solution/s for world open-ended engineering problem and enhance team-working skills, commu skills, project management skills, etc. (Outcomes a – d). 						
Assessment	Teaching/Learning		0	4			
Methods in Alignment with	Teaching/Learning Methodology		b	tcomes		d	
Intended Learning Outcomes	Lecture	a √	 √	c √		u	
Outcomes	Small group activities		√	√			
	Project			√			
	Homework/assignment	\checkmark		√√			
	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed a b c d			
	 Group Project Individual concept solutions Final group report Group oral presentation Peer and facilitator evaluation 	60 %	√	√	 √	√	
	2. Homework/Assignments	15 %	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	3. Test	25 %	\checkmark				
	Total	100 %		I	1	<u>+</u>	

	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methor intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 1.0 x Continuous Assessment The group project is intended to be carried out by student groups outcome of the group design project is presented orally in group in a detailed design project report. Other than the contribution for student in the group need to develop individual conceptual design assessed individually. Peer and facilitator assessments will be use individual contribution by group members for project activities. It assignments are used to enhance students' comprehension and as design concepts. Test is adopted for assessment of individual student understanding and the ability of applying engineering design correct. 	of 3-4 members. The oral presentation and r group activities each ns which will be ed to decide the Individual homework ssimilation of selected dent's overall
Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Required	Lectures	24 Hrs.
	Small group activities/ Workshops/ Consultations	15 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Reading and review 	20 Hrs.
	 Homework assignment 	20 Hrs.
	 Project 	40 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	119 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 C.L. Dym and P. Little, Engineering Design – A Project-Bas Wiley & Sons, latest edition D.G. Ullman, The Mechanical Design Process, McGraw Hill edition R.J. Eggert, Engineering design, Prentice Hall, latest edition. B. Hyman, Fundamentals of Engineering Design, Prentice H George E. Dieter, Engineering Design, McGraw-Hill Interna edition. G. Pahl and W. Beitz, Engineering Design-A systematic app edition. R.C. Juvinall, Fundamentals of machine component design, latest edition J.A. Collins, Mechanical design of machine elements and m prevention perspective, John Wiley & sons, latest edition 	ll Education, latest Iall, latest edition. ational Editions, latest roach, Springer, latest John Wiley & sons,

Revised March 2017

Subject Code	ME32101/ ME3S01
Subject Title	Engineering Design for the Community
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Fundamental knowledge in Design and Engineering Science
Objectives	The objectives of this subject are to:
	1. Introduce to students the concept and practice of service learning.
	2. Raise students' awareness of social issues in Hong Kong and educate them on the challenges and needs of underprivileged communities in Hong Kong.
	3. Develop a systemic platform to facilitate engineering/design students to apply their knowledge/skills to serve the community.
	4. Reinforce the students' problem solving skill through real-life design projects.
	5. Enhance students' generic competencies of innovative problems solving, communication and teamwork.
	6. Nurture students' sense of social awareness, responsibility and engagement.
Intended	Upon the completion of the subject, the students will be able to:
Learning Outcomes	1. Concept and Practice of Service Learning
Outcomes	a) Link their service learning activities and experiences with academic content of the subject.
	b) Demonstrate empathy for people in need and a strong sense of civic responsibility.
	c) Evaluate people's needs by considering the complex issues in the service setting.
	d) Understand the role and responsibility both as a professional in their chosen discipline and as a responsible citizen.
	e) Function effectively in a multi-disciplinary team.
	2. Discipline-specific Concepts, Issues and Skillsf) Identify and formulate a design problem by developing design specifications to achieve the planned goals.

	g) Apply knowledge of design, mathematics and engineering science to
	analyze and predict the life-cycle performance of a design.
	h) Assess the impacts of various factors including, materials, human, environment, safety and reliability of a design.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative	The topics in the course syllabus cover three major areas:
Syllabus	1. Concept and Practice of Service Learning
	(i) Understand the social responsibility
	(ii) Proper attitude and behaviours in service delivery
	(iii) Reflection as a tool for learning
	(iv) Ethical issues in service learning
	2. Discipline-Specific Concepts, Issues and Skills
	Fundamental knowledge of engineering design for problem solving including:
	(i) Problem identification and analysis
	(ii) Develop a design project with the goal to solve the problem
	(iii) Develop design specifications
	(iv) Design for ergonomics
	(v) Application of materials
	(vi) Use of common engineering components
	(vii) Design for reliability, safety and environmental-friendly
	(viii) Proper use of engineering/computational tools to conduct the design project
	3. Project-Specific Concepts, Issues and Skills
	Knowledge about and understanding of an identified target group of the community including:
	(i) Their human psychology and behavior
	- Human psychology and behavior focuses on the human factors that affect the elderly daily life operation. It involves their feeling in dealing with common tasks, their sensory and motion, their reaction to different materials.
	(ii) Social problems related to and social services provided for them
	(iii) Primary health and social care available
	(iv) Market situation for the possible preferable product
Teaching/Learnin g Methodology	The following teaching and learning methodology will be used for the first and second offerings of the subject and then reviewed before it is continued to offer:
	1. E-learning of service learning (10 hours)

	2. Project-Specific L	ectures, Tutor	ials,	Sem	inars	s and	/or V	Vork	shop)
	• Study the psyc (1 lecture)	chology and be	ehavi	or o	f the	ider	ntifie	d tar	get g	group
	±	• Understand public information in relation to the problems of the identified target group (1 lecture)								
	3. Service Learning	Service Learning Project								
		Identification of a target group at the beginning, during and at the end of the entire project to complete the following tasks (40								
	(i) Identify th	e need for a de	sign	proj	ect					
	(ii) Modify the	•	-							group
	(iii)Train the i	dentified targe	t gro	up to	o use	the	end	prod	uct	
	• Discuss with lectures)	different pro	ofessi	ional	s re	lated	l in	the	fie	ld (2
	 Develop and target group following activity 	in solving th	-		-					
	(i) Visits and	l workshops								
	(ii) Literature	search and sel	lf-stu	ıdy						
	(iii) Design te	•								
	(iv) Consultat				-	ofes	sion	als		
	(v) Written re									
	Examples of organization		•							
	• The Hong Kong S									
	• The Hong Kong C		•						. 1.	
	The Institution of	Mechanical Er	igine	ers,	Hon	g Ko	ong F	srand	cn	
Assessment										
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods /tasks	%					lear isses	0		
Intended	methous / tasks	weighting	out	com			isses	seu		
Learning			а	b	с	d	e	f	g	h
Outcomes	1. E-learning Module and Project-specific seminars and workshops (individual)	20	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Reflective Journal/report (individual)	30	\checkmark					\checkmark		\checkmark
	 3. Final Report (group) Problem solving skill 	30	V	V	V	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	• Ability to assess									

						r 1		
alternative design								
• Report writing skill								
Helping prototype								
making								
• Providing service								
Oral presentation								
4. Performance in Rendering Service (individual)	20	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
Total	100 %							
The students are expected an engineering design pro- group, therefore their perfe- the engineering design pro- Explanation of the approp- the intended learning outco • In the preliminary re-	opject to provormance in b ject will be as riateness of to mes are show eport (group	vide oth t ssesso he as vn be repo	servi the so ed. ssess elow: ort),	ce to ervice ment	an id learnin methoc nts will	entifiong pro ls in a l pres	ed ta oject asses sent	arget and ssing their
understanding of the the design task, as w and specifications of	ell as the app	prop	riater	-	•	-		U
• Making use of the re able to further elabor provide service to an demonstrate empathy responsibility.	ate the object identified ta	ives rget	of th grou	ne desi p of tl	ign tasl he com	k in re muni	elatio ty ar	on to nd to
• In addition to those students are expected engineering science t of their design in the required to conside materials, human, en the oral presentation precisely and concise the time constrain formulation and analy	to apply known o analyze and he final repor- tor the impac- vironment, so (group prese- ly on their co t, the tech visis may not b	owled ort (g cts cafety ntationtril nical poe en	dge of edict group of v and on), outio l de npha	of desi the line preparious relial studer n will etails sized.	ign, ma fe-cyclort). s facto bility o nts' abi be ass incluo	othem e perf They ors in of a d lity to essed ling	atics form are ncluc esign o exj o exj . Du prol	and ance also ding, n. In plain ue to plem
 The students' attitude their degree of en- collaboration with o recipients and/or coll ability to communica sense of responsibil people in need. Because of the nature 	gagement w ther students aborating NG te effectively ity, professio	vith , and Os a v with onal	the d int are of h clie ethio	servi eractio bvious ents an es ano	ce rec ons wi sly indi nd stak d their	th the icator ehold emp	tts, e sei s of lers, pathy	their their their their for
necessary.								

Student Study	Class contact:		
Effort Expected	 Lectures and seminars 	13 Hrs.	
	 e-learning of service learning 	10 Hrs.	
	Workshops	8 Hrs.	
	 Discussions and consultations 	8 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:		
	 Visits to the identified target group at different stages of the project 	40 Hrs.	
	Literature review and marketing survey	9 Hrs.	
	 Prepare preliminary report, final report, reflective journal and oral presentation, and Participate in prototype fabrication. 	30 Hrs.	
	 Self studying 	10 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	128 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Mandell, B.R. and Schram, B., An introduction to h policy and practice, Pearson, latest edition. Schriver, J.M., Human behavior and the social enviro paradigms in essential knowledge for social work prace Bacon, latest edition. Wayne, J.H., The social services: an introduction, Publishers, latest edition. Ulrich, K.T., Product design and development, McG edition. Budynas, R.G. and Nisbett, J.K., Shigley's mechanic design, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Boothroyd, G., Dewhurst, P. and Knight, W.A., Proo manufacture and assembly, Boca Raton, CRC Press, late Szalma, J.L. (2009). Individual differences in hun interaction: Incorporating variation in human characteriss factors and ergonomics research and design. Theore Ergonomics Science, 10(5), 381-3 10.1080/14639220902893613 Wickens, C.D., & Kramer, A. (1985). Engineering Psyc Review of Psychology, 36(1), 307 doi:10.1146/annurev.ps.36.020185.001515 	onment: shifting ctice, Allyn and F.E. Peacock raw-Hill, latest cal engineering duct design for est edition. man-technology stics into human etical Issues in 397. doi:	

Revised August 2019

Subject Code	ME33001
Subject Title	Mechanics of Materials
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME23001 Engineering Mechanics; and ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering
Objectives	To introduce the fundamental mechanics knowledge of solid materials under basic loading conditions. And to introduce practical approaches to solve for the stress and strain/deformation of solid materials under external mechanical loadings.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Solve for external forces and moments applied on a structure and determine the distribution of internal forces and moments in the structure by using free body diagrams and the laws of equilibrium. b. Recognize the crucial material and geometrical properties for a structural component under different types of loading, and solve for stress and deformation in a structural component due to axial loading, torsion, and bending acting individually or in combination. c. Evaluate the principal stresses in structural components subjected to a combined state of loading. d. Formulate and solve problems involving tension, compression, torsion or bending for statically indeterminate structural components.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Fundamentals - Free Body Diagram; Equilibrium of a deformable body; General state of stress; Strain; Mechanical properties of materials. Axial Load - Saint-Venant's Principle; Axial elastic deformation; Principle of superposition; Statically indeterminate axially loaded member; Thermal stress. Torsion - Torsional deformation; Torsional Stress; Angle of twist; Statically indeterminate torque-loaded members. Bending - Equilibrium of beams; Shear force and bending moments; Flexural stresses; Beam deflection; Slope and deflection by method of superposition; Statically indeterminate systems. Combined Loading - Transformation of stresses; Principle stresses and maximum shear stress; Mohr's circle. Thin walled pressure vessels; Cylinders and spheres under internal and external pressures; Compounded cylinder; Stress distribution in beams; Stresses due to combined loads.

	 Laboratory Experiment There are two 2-hour laboratory sessi Typical Experiments: 1. Torsion test 2. Deflection of beam 	ons.				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to the topics as described in the section subject synopsis (Outcomes a to d).					
	Tutorials are used to illustrate the ap situations (Outcomes a to d).	plication of fu	ndament	al know	vledge to	o practical
	Experiments are used to relate the co exposed to hand-on experience, prop- skills on interpreting experimental res	er use of equip	ment and	l applic		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outc	omes		
		а	b		c	d
	Lecture	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
	Tutorial	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark
	Experiment	\checkmark				\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		es to be	ct learni assesse appropr	ed
outcomes			a	b	c	d
	1. Assignment	25%				\checkmark
	2. Laboratory report	5%				
	3. Test	10%				
	4. Examination	60%				\checkmark
	Total	100%				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.60 × End of Subject Examination + 0.40 × Continuous Assessment					
	Examination is adopted to assess stud of applying the concepts. It is supple reports which provide timely feedb topics of the syllabus.	emented by the	tests, as	signme	nts and	laboratory

Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort ExpostedExposted	Lecture	33 Hrs.				
ExpectedExpected	Tutorial/Laboratory	6 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Course work	23 Hrs.				
	 Self-study 	42 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	104 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	2. F.P. Beer, E.R. Johnston and Jr. J.T. DeWolf, Mechan Hill, latest edition.	ural, A.C. and S.K. Fenster, Advanced Strength and Applied Elasticity,				

Revised August 2014

Subject Code	ME34002
Subject Title	Engineering Thermodynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite:AP10005 Physics I, and AMA2111 Mathematics IExclusion:ME34001 Engineering Thermodynamics
Objectives	To provide fundamental knowledge of steam and gas power cycles and refrigeration cycle, and air-conditioning, combustion and heat transfer processes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 a. Formulate and solve thermodynamic problems relating to steam power, gas power and refrigeration cycles; and air-conditioning, combustion and heat-transfer processes by applying knowledge in engineering thermodynamics, air-conditioning, combustion, heat-transfer and mathematics. b. Complete a given task such as a design project in thermodynamics by applying knowledge acquired in the subject and information obtained through literature search. c. Analyze and interpret data obtained from experiments in engineering thermodynamics, combustion and heat transfer. d. Present effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work and the given task.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Review of Basic Concepts of Thermodynamics - Thermal properties. Ideal gas. First law of thermodynamics. Non-flow and steady-flow processes. Second law of thermodynamics. Second Law of Thermodynamics - Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. Reversible and irreversible processes. Carnot cycle. Thermodynamic temperature scale. Inequality of Clausius. Entropy. The second law for a control mass/control volume. Isentropic efficiency. Power and Refrigeration Cycles - Vapour cycles: Carnot cycle and Rankine cycle. Superheat and reheat. Air standard engine cycles: Otto cycle and Diesel cycle. Gas turbine cycles. Carnot efficiency. Refrigerator and heat pump. Vapor compression cycle. Coefficient of Performance. Psychrometry and Air Conditioning - Psychrometry. Psychrometric chart. Introduction to air conditioning. Combustion - Hydrocarbon fuels. Combustion equations. Stoichiometric air fuel ratio. Lean and rich mixture. Review of Fundamental Heat Transfer - Mechanisms and governing equations of conduction, convection and radiation. Convection Heat Transfer - Forced, free and mixed convection. Hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layers. Use of non-dimensional parameters: Reynolds number;

	Nusselt number; Prandtl number; Grashof number and Richardson number. Application of convective heat transfer correlations to solve convective heat transfer problems.						
	 Laboratory Experiment There are two 2-hour laboratory sessions with the typical experiments: 1. Refrigeration system 2. Diesel engine test-bed 3. Convection heat transfer 4. Combustion 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to thermodynamics and heat transfer (outcomes a and b).						
	Tutorials are used to illustrate t situations (outcomes a, b and d)		catio	on of fund	damental	knowledge	e to practical
	Experiments are used to relate exposed to hand-on experience, skills on interpreting experimen	the conce proper u	ise c	of equipm	ent and a		
	Teaching/Learning Methodolo	gy			Outco	omes	
				a	b	с	d
	Lecture			\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorial			\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
	Experiment					\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighti	ing		sed (Plea	learning ou se tick as a	ppropriate)
Intended Learning Outcomes				a	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%			√		
	2. Tests	20%		V	/		
	3. Thermal Design Project	10%			√		√ (
	4. Laboratory Work/Reports	10%					\checkmark
	Total	100%	Ď				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:						ssessing the
	Overall Assessment: 0.6 × End of Subject Exam	ination +	- 0.4	× Contin	uous Ass	essment	
	Examination is adopted to asses of applying the concepts and kn design project (and report) and feedbacks to both lecturers and	owledge l laborate	. It i	s supplen work (an	nented by d reports)	the tests () which pro	usually two),

Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	• Lecture			
	Tutorial / Experiment	6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	Course work	40 Hrs.		
	 Self-study and Literature Search 	38 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 R.E. Sonntag, C. Borgnakke and G.J.V. Wylen. Thermodynamics, John Wiley and Son, latest edition. T.D. Eastop and A. McConkey, Applied Thermodynar Technologists, Pearson, latest edition. K. Wark, and D. Richards, Thermodynamics, McGraw-Hill, K.D. Hagen, Heat Transfer with Applications, Prentice Hall, F.D. Incropera, and D.P. Dewitt, Introduction to Heat T edition. 	nics for Engineering latest edition. latest edition.		

Revised July 2018

Subject Code	ME34003
Subject Title	Thermofluid Mechanics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AP10005 Physics I
Objectives	 To provide fundamental concepts and knowledge of fluid mechanics, acoustics and heat transfer. To provide fundamental concepts and knowledge of internal and external flow systems, pump and fan systems, heating and cooling systems and their applications to product design.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate and solve fluid-mechanic/heat-transfer/acoustic problems by applying knowledge of thermofluids, heat transfer, acoustics and mathematics. b. Complete a design project of a thermofluid system by applying knowledge acquired in the subject with the aid of computer technology. c. Analyze and interpret data obtained from experiments in fluid mechanics, acoustics and heat transfer. d. Search for updated technology in thermofluid engineering in completing a design project of a thermofluid system. e. Communicate effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work and design project.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Fluid Mechanics – Basic concepts. Fluid pressure and manometers. Bernoulli, energy and momentum equations. Pitot tubes. Laminar and turbulent flow in pipes. Moody chart, frictional and minor losses. Design for pipes in parallel and in series. Pump matching in pipe flow system. Parallel flow over flat plates, flow over cylinders and spheres. Dimensional Analysis. Buckingham π theorem. Flow similarity and modeling. Flow Generation – Conservation of angular momentum and working principles of fluid machinery. Performance characteristics of fans, pumps and blowers and their design selections. Engineering estimates of the working point of the fluid machines in products. Heat Transfer – Revision: basic heat transfer modes; one-dimensional steady state heat conduction in plane walls and cylinders; electrical analogy method. Thermal insulation. Critical thickness of insulation. Fins. Natural convection over surfaces. Forced convection over flat plates and in pipes. Heat exchangers. Thermal, blackbody and gray body radiations. View factors. Radiative exchange between surfaces in enclosures.

	 <i>Noise</i> – Sound pressure and sound power levels. Point source models. Common noise source mechanisms involving flow and vibration and their sound power laws. Simple noise control design. Experimental Work There are two 2-hour laboratory sessions with the following typical experiments: Flow pattern at exit of a hair dryer Heat transfer via a heat sink Natural convection and radiation heat transfer Noise control technique 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 The subject intends to lay a solid scientific foundation for the design and analysis of a product in which thermofluid sciences play a crucial role. Systematic lectures are required to achieve such foundation building coupled with assignments (outcomes a, and b). Tutorials are used to illustrate the applications of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a, b, and d). Laboratory works are essential for students to have hands-on experience of the thermofluid systems to be learned (outcomes c and e). The design project aims to integrate the thermofluid sciences to engineering design of a thermofluid system, and this design task provides opportunity to apply knowledge of mathematics, thermofluid sciences and acoustics to design a real-life product (outcomes a, b, d and e). It is intended to make use of these teaching/learning methodologies to achieve 					cial role. building vledge to rience of gineering rtunity to ustics to	
			(Dutcome	e		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	a	b	c	d	e	
	Lecture			<u> </u>			
	Tutorial	\checkmark					
	Experimental Work/Report			\checkmark			
	Design Project/Report					\checkmark	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting				Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e			
Outcomes	1. Examination	50%								
	2. Test	25%	\checkmark	\checkmark						
	3. Assignments	7.5%	\checkmark			\checkmark				
	3. Design Project/Report	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	4. Laboratory Work/Report	7.5%			\checkmark		\checkmark			
	Total	100%					I			
	intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.5 × End of Subject Examin Examination is adopted to asses						ng and			
	ability in applying the concepts a supplemented by homework assi works/reports. The mid-term ter materials provides useful timely the topics.	gnments, desig st which cover	gn proj rs the	ect/rej first	oort ar half o	nd labo f the	oratory course			
Student Study Effort Expected	Lecture					22	Hrs.			
•	 Tutorial/laboratory 					6 Hrs.				
							о піз.			
	 Other student study effort: Coursework (Assignments, Design Project/ Laboratory Works and Reports) 					39 Hrs.				
	Self Study				39 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort					117 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Cengel Y.A., Turner R. H. and Cimbala J. M., Fundamentals of t fluid sciences. McGraw Hill, latest edition. Holman J. P., Heat Transfer, McGraw Hill, latest edition. Wright T., Fluid machinery: performance, analysis, and design, CR latest edition. Munson B. R., Young D. F., Okiishi T. H., Huebsch W. W., Funda of Fluid Mechanics, John Wiley, latest edition. Barron, R. F., Industrial Noise Control and Acoustics, Marcel Dekl latest edition. 					, CRC Sundan	Press, nentals			

Revised July 2014

Subject Code	ME34004
Subject Title	Fluid Mechanics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2112 Mathematics II
Objectives	 To teach fundamental concepts and knowledge of fluid mechanics. To provide fundamental concepts and knowledge of inviscid and viscous flows, low-Reynolds number and high-Reynolds number flows, incompressible and compressible flows, and their applications in mechanical engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate and solve flow problems by applying knowledge of fluid mechanics and mathematics. b. Analyze and interpret data obtained from experiments in fluid mechanics. c. Search for updated technology in fluid mechanics in completing assignments related to fluid systems. d. Communicate effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work and assigned tasks.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Basic Concepts – Define fluid and its important properties; viscosity and shear stress; Newton's Law of viscosity; Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids; compressibility; incompressible and compressible fluids; introduction to shock waves. Fluid Statics - Fluid pressure; Pascal's law and pressure-height relation; forces on submerged surfaces and buoyancy; manometers; stability of unconstrained body in fluid. General Description & Equations of Motion of Fluid Flow - Flow: steady and unsteady, uniform and non-uniform, incompressible and compressible, laminar and turbulent; subsonic and supersonic; shock waves; streamline; Continuity, Euler's, Bernoulli's and Momentum Equations; Pitot and Pitot-static tubes, venture-meter and orifice; force on stationary/moving object caused by a fluid jet. Dimensional Analysis - Principle of dimensional analysis; fundamental dimensions; Buckingham's π theorem; dimensionless groups and their physical significance; similarity and model testing. Conservation Equations - Navier-Stokes equations and Energy equation; exact solutions on solving N-S equations applied to fluid systems: Couette flow and Poiseuille flow; introduction on solving N-S equations by CFD software and numerical simulation models. Internal Flow - Fully developed flow and entrance length in a pipe; Darcy's law; Moody chart; primary (frictional) and minor losses in pipe system; design for pipes in

	over a flat plate; effects of adverse pressure gradient and flow separation; velocity profiles and characteristics of flow over bluff body and streamline body; lift, friction and profile drag; boundary layer theory; boundary layer thicknesses; laminar boundary layer profiles; skin friction coefficient; turbulent boundary layer profiles, power law and laws of walls.						
	 Laboratory Experiment There are two 2-hour laboratory sessions and the typical Experiments are: Compressible flow nozzle Potential Flow Visualization (Hele-Shaw Experiment) Wind Tunnel Testing of Cylinder and aerofoil Universal velocity Profile Boundary Layer Experiment 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures aim to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to fluid mechanics (Outcome a). Tutorials are deployed to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (Outcomes a and c). Experiments are arranged to relate the concepts to practical applications and students are exposed to hand-on experience, proper use of equipment and application of analytical skills on interpreting experimental results (Outcomes b, c and d). Assignments are arranged to provide opportunity for students to search information, to analyze fluid systems with knowledge obtained, and to present the completed tasks						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology]	Learning	Outcome	s		
		a	b	с	d		
	Lectures						
	Tutorials			\checkmark			
	Laboratory Work		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Assignments						

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/ tasks	% weighting			bject lear o be asses	-
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	c	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Assignments/ Laboratory Reports	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	3. Test	20%				
	Total	100%			_	1
	Examination is adopted to assess st of applying the concepts. It is su analyses of fluid systems and prob timely feedbacks to both lecturers a	upplemented by lem-solving) a	y the te nd labor	sts, assig atory rep	gnments orts whic	(includin h provid
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	• Lecture				33 Hrs.	
	Tutorial / Laboratory				6 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:					
	Assignments					38 Hrs.
	Laboratory Reports		10 Hrs.			
	• Self-study and information sea				30 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort117					117 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Y.A. Cengel J.M. Cimbala, Fluid Mechanics (Fundamentals and Application McGraw-Hill, latest edition. F.M. White, Fluid Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. J.F. Douglas, J.M. Gasiorek and J.A. Swaffield, Fluid Mechanics, Pearson, 1 edition M.C. Potter, and D.C. Wiggert, Mechanics of Fluids, Prentice-Hall, 1 edition. 					

September 2017

Subject Code	ME41004
Subject Title	Mechatronics and Control
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31003 System Dynamics
Objectives	To provide students the knowledge in designing mechatronic systems for product development which integrate mechanical, electrical and control systems engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate and solve problems related to sensors, actuators, and signal conditioning in mechatronic systems, controller design and stability analysis, and performance specifications for mechatronic systems. b. Design and analyze a given task or project in mechatronics system by applying knowledge acquired in the subject and information obtained through literature search. c. Analyze and interpret data obtained from experiments to evaluate the performance and/or stability of mechatronic systems. d. Present effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work and the given task.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Sensors and Actuators - Instrumentation and measurement principles; frequency response characteristics; sensors for motion and position measurement; force, pressure and acceleration sensors, etc; actuators such as direct current motors, stepper motors, piezoelectric actuators, etc. Signal Conditioning and Transmission - Concepts and principles; analogue electronics with operational amplifier; conversion between analog and digital signals, multiplexing; data acquisition principles, signal filtering. Digital Logic Controller and PLC - Logic; controller design in mechatronic system integration, combinational and sequential control, minimization of logic equations; ladder logic diagrams; introduction to microcontrollers and programmable logic controllers (PLC). Introduction to Feedback Control – Analysis of open-loop and closed-loop systems; transfer functions and block diagrams, time-domain specifications such as overshoot, settling time, steady-state error etc. Feedback Control Systems – Automatic controllers, basic P, PD, PI, PID controllers, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion, controller design to satisfy the design specifications.

	 Laboratory Experiment There are two laboratory sessions. Typical Experiments: Displacement Measurement using Linear Variable Differential Transformer (LVDT) Sequential control using programmable logic controller (PLC) DC servomechanism Water level control 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to sensors and actuators, signal conditionings, digital logic controllers, feedback control systems and stability analysis (Outcomes a and b).						
	Tutorials are used to illustr situation (Outcomes a and b		cation of fu	Indamental	knowledge	to practical	
	Assignments are used to concepts taught (Outcomes	-	in develop	ping a firm	understan	ding in the	
	Experiments are used to rel exposed to hand-on experie skills on interpreting experim	nce, proper u	ise of equip	ment and a			
	The project is used to help s relation to sensors and actua		•	•	* * *	•	
	Teaching/Learning Method	Ceaching/Learning Methodology			omes		
			a	b	с	d	
	Lecture						
	Tutorial		\checkmark				
	Assignments		\checkmark				
	Experiment				\checkmark		
	Project			\checkmark		\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Outcomes			a	b	с	d	
	1. Class Test	15%					
	2. Assignments	10%		\checkmark			
	3. Laboratory Report	10%	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
	4. Project	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	5. Examination	50%	√	\checkmark			
	Total	100%					

	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 x End of Subject Examination + 0.50 x Continuous Assessment. Tests, assignments, laboratory reports, and project are adopted in continuous assessment on students' timely feedback to and on-going understanding of the course. Students' overall understanding of the course and ability in applying the delivered knowledge are further assessed through a formal examination. 				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lecture 	33 Hrs.			
	Laboratory / Tutorial 6 Hrs Other student study effort: Self-study 36 Hrs				
	 Homework assignment 	15 Hrs.			
	 Laboratory report 	6 Hrs.			
	 Project 	9 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Shetty, D. and Kolk, R. A., Mechatronic System Design, PWS Publishing Company, latest edition. Alciatore, D. G. and Histand, M. B., Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems, McGraw Hill, latest edition. Bolton, W., Mechatronics: Electronic Control Systems in Mechanical Engineering, Prentice Hall, latest edition. Ogata, K., Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, latest edition. Gopal, M., Control Systems Principles and Design, Tata McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Nise, N.S., Control Systems Engineering, John Wiley, latest edition. 				

Revised March 2017

Subject Code	ME42005
Subject Title	CAD/CAE Technologies for Product Development
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite:AMA2111 Mathematics IExclusion:ME42008 Computer-Aided Technology for Design
Objectives	To provide students with computer-aided design (CAD) and computer-aided engineering (CAE) technologies and the ability in using CAD and CAE software for product design and development.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Use CAD and CAE technologies to support product design activities, including geometry modeling, design solution modeling, analysis and evaluation, in different design process of the whole product design and development cycle. b. Understand data exchange standards and practices between CAD and CAE models and systems and their interoperability and associativity. c. Use CAD and CAE commercial software systems for product design and development in terms of geometry modeling, kinetics simulation, design solution analysis and evaluation. d. Optimize design solutions with the aid of CAD and CAE technologies.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Computer-aided Design Geometric Models of Products Wireframe model Surface model Solid Model Geometry modeling technologies Curve Modeling Surface Modeling Solid Modeling Solid Modeling Solid Modeling Product kinetics modeling and simulation Design Analysis and Evaluation Finite Element Modeling and Analysis Basic concept of finite element method Modeling techniques Mesh types Boundary constraints Material and Properties Symmetry in modeling and analysis Mechanical and thermal stress analyses Dynamic response Product optimization in terms of product size, shape and material Non-linear stress analysis

	 CAD/CAE Integration Data exchange standards: STL, STEP and IGES Interoperability and associativity between CAD and CAE Model defect and repairing 					
	Case Studies - CAD case studies - CAE case studies - CAD and CAE integra	tion				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will be given to explain the theories behind CAD and CAE and their applications. (Outcomes b, c and d)					
	Tutorials will be used to teach the students on how to conduct product design, analysis and evaluation using state-of-the-art CAD and CAE software commercial software systems. Students will be given various assignments to learn how to represent and model the products from geometry perspective, how evaluate and analyze the design solutions from thermal, mechanical and physical perspectives and how to optimize the design solutions in terms of product size, shape and material. (Outcomes a, c and d) A mini-project will be given to students so that they will go through all the design phases in using computer-aided technologies to achieve design objectives. (Outcomes a to d)					
	Teaching/Learning Metho	dology		Outco	omes	
			a	b	с	d
	Lecture			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Tutorial		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
	Case study				\checkmark	
	Mini-project		\checkmark		\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
Outcomes			а	b	с	d
	1. Class test	20%	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
	2. Written/computer assignment	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	3. Case study	10%			\checkmark	
	4. Mini-project report/presentation	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	5. Examination	50%	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	Total	100%				

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:				
	Overall Assessment: $0.50 \times$ End of Subject Examination + $0.50 \times$ Contin	uous Assessment			
	 Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the tests, written and computer assignments which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus. Written reports on various case studies and mini-project are used to assess the students' knowledge in the application of state-of-the-art CAD/CAE software to facilitate the product design and analysis process. Mini-project report and presentation assess the students' ability to assimilate the learnt knowledge for solving a more realistic, open-ended design problem systematically. 				
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	30 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	3 Hrs.			
	Guided study of CAD/CAE				
	Other student study effort:				
	 Performing CAD/CAE in design (tutorial problems) 	20 Hrs.			
	 Performing modeling of design problems (case studies and mini-project) 	24 Hrs.			
	• Literature search and private study	23 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	106 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Michael E. Mortenson, Geometric Modeling, John Wiley & Sons, latest edition. Kunwoo Lee, Principles of CAD/CAM/CAE System, Addison-Wesley Longman, latest edition. Vince Adams and Abraham Askenazi, Building Better Products with Finite Element Analysis, Onword Press, latest edition. J.Y.H. Fuh, Y.F. Zhang, A.Y.C. Nee, M.W. Fu, Computer-aided injection mold design and manufacture, Marcel Dekker, Inc, latest edition. 				

Revised June 2019

Subject Code	ME42007
Subject Title	Design for Product Safety and Reliability
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME22002 Integrated Product Development Fundamentals or ME32002 Engineering Design Fundamentals
Objectives	To provide students an overview of the product liability and legal aspects in launching of new consumer products and develop their understanding of the management strategy in achieving product safety.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify problems related to liability, safety and reliability for an existing product design and apply their knowledge in reliability engineering to devise a technically and economically feasible solution. b. Apply knowledge of mathematics and engineering sciences via analytical and computational approaches to assess the risks of a product design and development project, and to assess the impacts of various key elements in achieving product safety. c. Develop systematically a safer and more reliable design for an existing product via a group project and present in a professional manner their ideas using multimedia and written reports.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Product Reliability – Definition of product reliability, reliability programme plan, reliability requirements, parameters, modeling, prediction, test requirement, and design for reliability. Product Liability - Meaning of product liability. Definition of defective product. Product liability in Hong Kong. Product liability law in Hong Kong. Product liability law in other Jurisdictions. The Management of Design Risks - Management strategy in product safety. Reducing product design risks through design reviewing systems. Personal and environmental risk identification of the whole product life from manufacturing to end of services disposal. Product Safety Standards - The consumer Product Safety Acts. The safety standards used in different countries such as Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) in USA, British Standards in United Kingdom and International Electro-technical Commission (IEC) in Europe. Overview of the application and testing procedures in obtaining product safety markings for new products. Planning, implementation and control in product test and assurance.

	 Product Risk Identification Methods - Fault Tree Analysis (FTA). Failure Mode and Effect Analysis(FMEA). Hazard and Operability Study (HAZOP) and Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP). The use of quantitative and statistical methods in assessing product risks and design optimisation. Product Risk Management - Product Risk transfer through insurance and contract conditions. 					
						tract
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lectures give coverage and exposure and arouse interest. (Outcomes a to 2. Group discussions and tutorials help students consolidate lecture m (Outcomes a to c) Assignments, through which students learn to compile, assimilate, ass analyze. (Outcomes a to c) Through thematic projects students would keep abreast of current liability law and strategies for management of design risks. The present reports allows students develop communication skills. (Outcomes a to c) 					and oduct
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	logy		Outcomes		
		logy	a	b	с	
	Lecture			\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Tutorial			\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Assignment			√		
	Project		\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
			а	b	с	
	1. Group project	15%	\checkmark			
	2. Individual report	25%	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	3. Class presentation	10%	\checkmark			
	4. Examination	50%	\checkmark			
	Total	100%				
	Explanation of the appropri intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 x End of Subject Ex	amination + (0.50 x Continu	ous Assess	ment.	
	1. For continuous assessment evaluation, each student is required to minimum of three reports. One of these reports is group-based and the are individual assignments. Besides assessing all the written as students will be required to present the group and/or individual projection.				and the other ten assignme	two ents,

	Class presentation and participation in discussions	Class presentation and participation in discussions will be assessed.			
		To achieve the intended learning outcomes, it is considered that more emphasis on formative assessment would be appropriate as students' performance will be improved via written and verbal feedback.			
	3. Marked assignments provide feedback and reir concepts and outcomes.	Marked assignments provide feedback and reinforcement on learning key concepts and outcomes.			
	 Through presentations/discussions, students will learn how to: i. Work effectively with diverse group of people; ii. Persuasively explain in both oral and written form their product safety concepts; iii. Tackle diverse and unstructured questions; iv. Tell thoughts, feelings, ideas so that others may understand; v. Supports and leads others in discussion. 				
	5. The examination will be used to assess the knowled to deal with product design risks in a strategic many standards with which the learning outcomes are met	ner. It provides a reference of			
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	 Lecture and seminar 	33 Hrs.			
	 Tutorial and group discussion 	6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	Performing group project	25 Hrs.			
	 Conducting case study and assignment 	23 Hrs.			
	Literature search and private study	18 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Abbot, Howard: Safer by design: a guide to the management and law of designing for product safety, Gower, latest edition. Hammer, Willie: Product Safety management and engineering, American Society for Safety Engineers, latest edition. The Law Reform Commission of Hong Kong: Report on Civil Liability for Unsafe Products, latest edition. 				

Revised July 2018

Subject Code	ME42011
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Robotics
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31002 Linear systems and control; or ME41004 Mechatronics and Control
Objectives	 To provide students with the concepts and techniques for the design, modeling, analysis of robot manipulators. To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of machine vision for robot guidance and automation.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify different types of robots and their applications in the industry. b. Construct the kinematics and dynamics equations of robot manipulators for motion analysis. c. Apply trajectory planning algorithms to generate the path for robot manipulators. d. Apply different machine vision and image processing algorithms to automate robot manipulators.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <i>Robot Manipulators</i> - degrees of freedom, coordinate frame and homogeneous transformation, Denavit-Hartenberg (DH) convention, forward and inverse kinematics, Jacobian matrix, singularity, Lagrange's equation kinetic and potential energy, trajectory planning and obstacle avoidance. <i>Computer Vision</i> - Image formation, acquisition, histogram, edge and line detections, image enhancement, filtering, object recognition, stereo vision, camera modeling and calibration. Laboratory Work There is at least 1 2-hour laboratory session or an equivalent project. Typical Experiments are: 1. Object manipulation through a robot manipulator. 2. Programming and control of gantry robot. 3. Path planning of mobile robots for collision avoidance.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures aim at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding and analyzing different robots, including system modeling, trajectory planning and image processing (Outcomes a to d) Tutorials aim at enhancing students' analytical and problem solving skills on robotics. Students will be able to solve real-world problems using the knowledge they acquired in the class. (Outcomes a to d) The project/experiments aims to have hand-on experience to automation of a robot system with vision or other functions. (Outcomes a to d)						s on robotics. hey acquired
	Teaching/Learning Methodology				Outcon	nes	
			a	b		с	d
	1. Lectures		\checkmark	V	1		
	2. Tutorials			V	1	\checkmark	\checkmark
	3. Homework assignments			V	1	\checkmark	\checkmark
	4. Project or experiments			V		\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	weighting outcomes to be assessed				-	
	1. Examination	5	0%		\checkmark		
	2. Class Test	2	0%				
	3. Coursework including Project/Experimental Work	3	0%	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	
	Total	10)0%				
	Total 100% Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing t intended learning outcomes: 1. The assessment is comprised of 50% continuous assessment and 50 examination. 2. The continuous assessment consists of three components: homewore assignments, test, and experiments/projects. They are aimed at evaluating the progress of students' study, assisting them in self-monitoring fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of the knowledge learnt. 3. The examination is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyse the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes.					homework t evaluating phancing of hancing the red by the itically and	

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial/Laboratory	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Reading and review 	36 Hrs.
	 Coursework (assignments, project) 	40 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	115 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 S. B. Niku, Introduction to robotics : analysis, contra- edition. M. W. Spong S. Hutchinson, and M. Vidyasagar, F. Wiley, latest edition. C. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learnin, R. C. Gonzalez and R. E. Woods, Digital Image Pro- edition. 	Robot Modeling and Control, g, Springer, latest edition.

Revised March 2017

Subject Code	ME46002
Subject Title	Numerical Methods for Engineers
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Mathematics I
Objectives	To teach students numerical methods of solving typical engineering problems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate simple engineering problems with knowledge in engineering mathematics. b. Solve non-linear equations, simultaneous linear algebraic equations, eigenvalue problems, using numerical methods. c. Perform numerical differentiation and integration and analyze the errors. d. Apply curve fitting to experimental data. e. Use MATLAB or other numerical software tools to compute the solutions of engineering problems using the appropriate numerical methods.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to Mathematical Modelling and Computational Methods – Importance of computational modelling in engineering. Data representation and errors. Applications of commercial software packages such as MATLAB. Functions and plotting using MATLAB. Computer Solution of Non-linear Equations - Bracketing Methods. Bisection Method. Open Methods. Newton-Raphson Method. Secant Method. Convergence of methods. Determination of multiple roots. Engineering applications. Simultaneous Linear Equations - Solving simultaneous linear equations by Matrix Inversion. Cramer's Rule. Gauss Elimination. Gauss-Jordan Elimination. LU decomposition method. Engineering applications and choice of methods. Eigenvalue Problems - Standard and General Eigenvalues Problems. Methods of solving Eigenvalue problems. Applications in vibrations and Modal Analysis. Curve Fitting and Interpolation - Collocation-Polynomial Fit. Lagrange Interpolation. Newton's Divided-Difference Interpolating Polynomials. Interpolation using splines. Least-Squares Regression. Numerical Differentiation and Integration - Taylor's series expansion. Finite differences for the first derivative and the second derivative. High-accuracy differentiation formulas. Trapezoidal rule. Simpson's rule. High-order Newton-Cotes formulas. Applications of numerical differentiation and integration in heat transfer, solid mechanics and fluid flow problems.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to numerical methods. (Outcomes a - d) Tutorials will be conducted in small groups to facilitate discussions. (Outcomes a - d)					numerical		
						nes a - d)		
	Computational workshops provide hands-on experience in using software to numerical problems. (Outcomes b - e)							
	Teaching/Learning Metho	dology			Outcomes	8		
			а	b	с	d	e	
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorial		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Computational workshop			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods								
in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment % Intended subject learn methods/tasks weighting assessed (Please tick)							
Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e	
	1. Test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Assignment	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Examination	50%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Tests will be conducted to assess students' learning on numerical methods.							
	Assignments will be used to assess students' learning on using numerical methods in solving engineering problems and using computational software in solving such problems.							
	Examination will be conduc	cted to assess	students	' learning	g on nume	erical me	thods.	

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial	4 Hrs.
	Computational Workshop	2 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Performing assignment	40 Hrs.
	Applying computational software	12 Hrs.
	Private study	25 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	116 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 S.C. Chapra and R.R. Canale, Numerical Methods latest edition. S.S. Rao, Applied Numerical Methods for Engin Hall, latest edition. S.C. Chapra, Applied Numerical Methods with Scientists, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. D.M. Etter, Engineering Problem Solving with edition. 	eers and Scientists, Prentice- MATLAB for Engineers and

Revised August 2018

Subject Code	ME46003
Subject Title	Numerical Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ENG2002 Computer Programming, and ME34003 Thermofluid Mechanics
Objectives	To equip students with numerical methods and computational techniques in analyzing fluid dynamics and heat transfer problems which are usually encountered in the design of thermofluid systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:a. Understand and apply numerical differentiation method, and analyze the stability and errors involved.
	 b. Apply knowledge of thermofluid science/engineering to formulate numerical equations for solving steady-state/transient fluid mechanics or heat transfer problems, and apply appropriate mathematics methods for their evaluation.
	c. Apply knowledge of mathematics and thermofluid science/engineering via computational approaches to analyze and predict the performance of thermofluid systems/products.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Introduction to Numerical Methods for Product Analysis</i> – Mathematical modeling for fluid mechanics and heat transfer systems. Numerical approximations of scientific equations. Direct and iterative methods for solving simultaneous equations. Stability and major errors involved in numerical methods.
	<i>Numerical Differentiation</i> – Finite-differences for the first derivative and the second derivative. Finite-differences for partial differentiation. High-accuracy differentiation formulas.
	Finite-Difference Methods in Solving Heat Transfer Problems – Governing equations for heat transfer. Boundary conditions in heat conduction and heat convection. Steady-state and transient heat transfer problems. Dimensionless differential equations. Discretization. Explicit scheme finite-difference. Implicit scheme finite-difference. Direct and iterative mathematics methods. Analysis on solution stability and estimation of errors.

	 Finite-Difference Methods in Solving Fluid Dynamics Problems – Classification of partial differential equations for fluid dynamics. Navier- Stokes equations. Grid types. Explicit and implicit scheme finite-difference formulations. Introduction to turbulence and its modeling. Introduction to computational approach – Introduction to commercial CFD software and their applications to solve fluid mechanics problems. 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 The lectures are aimed at providing students with necessary background knowledge in related mathematical principles and computational approaches for analysis of thermofluid problems. (Outcomes a to c) The tutorials and in-class exercises are aimed at enhancing the students' skills in effectively using numerical and computational approaches to solve thermofluid problems. Thus, some tutorial classes will be held in 					
	 the Computational Laboratory. (Outcomes a to c) 3. The homework assignments are to get students engaged with learning activities continuously and to provide them with self-assessment opportunities on their progress of learning. (Outcomes a to c) 					
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		a	Dutcome: b	с	
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Tutorials/In-class exercises			\checkmark		
	Homework assignments		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in			1			
Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		d subject es to be a	U	
Outcomes			a	b	c	
	1. Homework assignments/ In-class exercises	30%	V	V	\checkmark	
	2. Test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. End-of-semester Examination50% $$ $$					
	Total100% $$ $$					

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.5 × Continuous Assessment + 0.5 × Examination. 1. Homework assignments and in-class exercises are aimed at evaluating students' progress in study, and assisting them in fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes. Homework assignments and in-class exercises should include analyses of thermofluid systems, case-study of problems encountered in thermofluid design, and applications of computational technique (including CFD software) to solve thermofluid problems. 2. Test and end-of-semester examination will be used to assess the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes by individual student. Their understanding of numerical methods and ability to apply them to critically analyze thermofluid problems will be evaluated. 		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	Time	
	Lectures	26 Hrs.	
	 Tutorials/In-class Exercises 	13 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:	Time	
	 Performing assignments including computational work 	50 Hrs.	
	 Self-study 	31 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 S.C. Chapra and R.R. Canale, Numerical Methods for Engineers McGraw-Hill, latest edition S.S. Rao, applied Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists Prentice-Hall, latest edition A. Cengel Yunus, and J. Ghajar Afshin, Heat and Mass Transfer- Fundamentals and Applications, 4th edition in SI units, McGraw-Hill, 2011. H. K. Versteeg and W. Malalasekera, An Introduction to Computationa Fluid Dynamics, 2nd edition, Pearson Prentice Hall 2007. 		

Developed in March 2017

Subject Code	ME49001
Subject Title	Final Year Capstone Project
Credit Value	6
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31001 Dynamics and Vibrations; ME31002 Linear Systems and Control; ME32001 Manufacturing Fundamentals; ME33001 Mechanics of Materials; ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics; and ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	To provide students with an opportunity of integrating and applying knowledge from different disciplines of mechanical engineering to conduct an engineering project that is open-ended and requires team collaboration for its completion.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate the problem and suggest a practical solution to solve an open-ended real-world engineering problem. b. Utilize knowledge from different disciplines of engineering to solve problems encountered in conducting the team project. c. Design, plan and carry out scientific and engineering experiments (physical tests and/or computer numerical simulations) to prove the feasibility of their designed solutions. d. Design the test apparatus, rigs, assemblies or systems as required by the project. e. Apply appropriate engineering tool (analytical, experimental, and/or computational) for carrying out tasks in the development and implementation of a designed solution. f. Work in a professional manner and comply with all applicable standards and regulations in conducting the project. g. Select and employ the appropriate manufacturing methods in the production and fabrication of components and assemblies required by the project. h. Evaluate the potential impact of their designed solution on performance, safety, cost and environment. i. Participate and lead in a multi-functional team. j. Take into account of safety, legal, environmental protection considerations in an engineering project. k. Communicate their project work to sponsors (if any), supervisors, other peer teams, and even non-technical audience and articulate the results and findings with scientific and logical arguments. l. Conduct literature search including patents, books, archived publications and product catalogues, and to perform the state-of-the-art and benchmark studies.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 A project group consubstantial project analytical study, a simulation aimed a through the following Problem ident Literature revional Methodology Project execute Report writing Project present 	of a r an expe at solvin ing stage ification iew of study ion	najor rime g an es of	⁺m ntal eng	echa l in gine	anica vestig	l eng gatior	gineer 1, a	ing desig	task gn p	. Tl proje	he ta ect c	ask o ora	can t num	be an erical
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject is taught through guided studies. The students are given the project objectives and description. The students are guided by the project supervisor through the different stages of the project as shown in the Subject Synopsis/Indi Syllabus. (Outcomes $a - 1$)							visor	to go						
	Teaching/Learnin	g						Outc	ome	8					
	Methodology	а	b		с	d	e	f	g	h	L	i	j	k	1
	Guided study	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		٧	1		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	······································								ase					
Outcomes	memous/tasks			a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1
	1. Continuous monitoring	15%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
	2. Interim report	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	3. Final report	50%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	4. Oral examination	25%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
	Total	100%								•			•		•
	 Explanation of th intended learning of Overall Assessmen Performance of team's overall and an examin The continuou 	outcomes t: 1.0 of each perform nation pa	s:) × C stude nance nel c	ont ent e by ons	inuc sho / the sistin	ous A uld b e supe ng of	Assess De ass erviso at lea	ment sessec or, an ast thr	l ind inde ee a	livid epen cade	ually dent emic	y tog asso staf	gethe essor f.	r wit , the	h the peers

	3. 4. 5.	both the supervi process, each gro completing the p In case of an in industrial supervi assessment. The supervisor through regular independent asses submitted before and the independent contribution and During the oral project especially respond to the qu for oral examinat group's overall p	sed by the independent assessor. The final report is assessed visor and the independent assessor. As part of the assessing group member is required to specify his/her own contribution project when compared to his/her team mates (peer assessment industrial-based project, comments will be invited from provisor but he/she will not be required to perform the four monitors and assesses the overall and individual progreter meetings. The interim report should be submitted to assessor at around week 8 of the first semester. The final report endent assessor. Due consideration of each student's individual performance will be taken into account. All examination, every group member is required to present and individual project, questions addressed to him/her by the examination panel. Meation are awarded to individual student by taking into account performance.						
			Continuous Monitoring (15)	Interim Report (10)	Final Report (25)	Final Report (25)	Oral Examination (25)		
		Supervisor	(13) √	(10)	(2 5) √	(20)	(23)		
		Independent Assessor		\checkmark		V			
		Examination Panel					\checkmark		
Student Study Effort	Clas	ss contact:							
Expected		Guided study					26 Hrs.		
	Otł	ner student study e	effort:						
		Conducting proje	ect				154 Hrs.		
	•	Literature search	and private stu	dy			72 Hrs.		
	Tota	al student study ef	fort				252 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Toł	be advised by supe	ervisor		I				

Revised June 2019

Subject Code	ME49003
Subject Title	Capstone Project
Credit Value	6
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31003 System Dynamics; ISE386 Integrated Design for Manufacture or ME32001 Manufacturing Fundamentals; ME33001 Mechanics of Materials; ME34003 Thermofluid Mechanics; and ME41004 Mechatronics and Control
Objectives	To provide students an opportunity to utilize and integrate their knowledge of engineering, design and marketing in completing a real-life product design engineering project.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate a design problem addressing certain market needs and to develop design specifications with due consideration of industrial design. b. Generate alternative design concepts, and then evaluate each of these concepts by considering the impacts of various important factors including human factors, materials used, manufacturing processes, quality and environmental issues, health and safety on product design and development. c. Apply arts, mathematics, information technology and engineering sciences via analytical, computational and experimental approaches to realize a selected design concept. d. Work effectively and make contributions independently in a multi-disciplinary design project team, and apply project management technique to ensure successful competition of the design project. e. Understand the importance of life-long learning and perform literature search to upkeep with the state-of-the-art product design technology. f. Present a design project via oral presentation and written report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 In-depth Study of Substantial Design Tasks - Marketing survey; Alternative conceptual design; Engineering design and analysis; Product safety and reliability; Product testing techniques; Prototyping and development technologies. Areas of Design Project - Toys; Home appliances; Electronic and electrical appliances; Bio-medical equipment; Plastic and metallic products; Green products; Health products; Computer-aided technology for product development; Products for specialists. Knowledge and Skills Required for Performing Design Project - Problem identification; Literature review; Methodology for data analysis; Engineering design and analysis; Design concept generation; Safety and risk analysis; Prototyping technology; Project management; Report writing and presentation skill.

Guidance will be given to students d) Regular group discussions with the industrial-based project) to ensure (Outcomes a to e) The interim report aims at ensuring The final report aims at exampracticability and engineering com Prototype and/or computer-aide functionality and safety of the pro- to f) Oral examination will be conduct provide prompt response to a que project.	ne supervis the corr ng the prop mining the tent of the d simulate oduct being cted to ex- puestion a	sor (and rect dire per progree comp product tion wil g design amine th	the induction and the induction and the ress of the leteness o	ustrial s nd focus he proje s, quali designed onducte develop	upervise s of the ect. ty, wor l and de d to s ed. (Ou skill, a	or for an project kability veloped. how the tcomes a
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	direction and focus of the project. The interim report aims at ensurin The final report aims at exampracticability and engineering cor Prototype and/or computer-aide functionality and safety of the pro- to f) Oral examination will be conduc- provide prompt response to a con-	direction and focus of the project. (Outcome The interim report aims at ensuring the prop The final report aims at examining the practicability and engineering content of the Prototype and/or computer-aided simular functionality and safety of the product bein to f) Oral examination will be conducted to exprovide prompt response to a question a project. aching/Learning Methodology a torial $$ roup Discussion $$	direction and focus of the project. (Outcomes a to e The interim report aims at ensuring the proper prog The final report aims at examining the comp practicability and engineering content of the product Prototype and/or computer-aided simulation wil functionality and safety of the product being design to f) Oral examination will be conducted to examine t provide prompt response to a question and unde project.aching/Learning Methodology a $$ $$ roup Discussion	direction and focus of the project. (Outcomes a to e)The interim report aims at ensuring the proper progress of the final report aims at examining the completeness practicability and engineering content of the product being Prototype and/or computer-aided simulation will be conducted simulation will be conducted to examine the press provide prompt response to a question and understanding project.Outcomestion and understanding project.	direction and focus of the project. (Outcomes a to e)The interim report aims at ensuring the proper progress of the project.The interim report aims at ensuring the proper progress of the project.The final report aims at examining the completeness, qualities protocompleteness, qualities product being designed.Prototype and/or computer-aided simulation will be conducted functionality and safety of the product being designed and develop to f)Oral examination will be conducted to examine the presentation provide prompt response to a question and understanding of the project.eaching/Learning Methodologyabcddutorial $\sqrt{1}$	direction and focus of the project. (Outcomes a to e)The interim report aims at ensuring the proper progress of the project.The final report aims at examining the completeness, quality, wor practicability and engineering content of the product being designed and dee Prototype and/or computer-aided simulation will be conducted to si functionality and safety of the product being designed and developed. (Our to f)Oral examination will be conducted to examine the presentation skill, a provide prompt response to a question and understanding of the whol project.Outcomesaching/Learning Methodologyaching/Learning Methodology $\sqrt{1/2}$

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
Outcomes			a	b	с	d	e	f	
	1. Continuous monitoring	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Interim report	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	3. Final report	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	4. Oral presentation	25%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the ap intended learning outco Overall Assessment: 1.0 x Continuous Ass	omes:	s of the	assess	ment m	ethods	in asse	ssing the	

Nor	mal Study Pattern
1.	 Performance of each student should be assessed individually together with the team's overall performance by the supervisor, an independent assessor, the peers and an examination panel consisting of at least three academic staff. The following criteria should normally be used for performance assessment: Innovative approaches in generating alternative design concepts to meet market need; Functionality, workability, practicability and engineering content of the final design; General attitude, initiative and effectiveness in making progress; Engineering design and analysis, and work accomplishment; Quality of the interim and the final report; Performance during the oral examination.
2.	The continuous monitoring of a project group as a whole and that of each group member on an individual basis are conducted by the supervisor. The interim report is assessed by the independent assessor. The final report is assessed by both the supervisor and the independent assessor. As part of the assessment process, each group member is required to specify his/her own contribution in completing the project when compared to his/her team mates (peer assessment). In case of an industrial-based project, comments will be invited from the industrial supervisor but he/she will not be required to perform the formal assessment.
3.	The supervisor monitors and assesses the overall and individual progresses through regular meetings. The interim report should be submitted to the independent assessor around week 8 of the first semester. The final report submitted before the end-of-year examination is assessed by both the supervisor and the independent assessor. Deal consideration of each student's individual contribution and performance will be taken into account.
4.	During the oral examination, every group member is required to present the project especially on his/her significant contribution to the whole project, and respond to the questions addressed to him/her by the examination panel. Marks for oral examination are awarded to individual student by taking into account the group's overall performance.
<u>Co-</u>	Op Study Pattern
1.	 Performance of each student should be assessed individually by the academic supervisor, the industrial supervisor from the collaboration company, an independent assessor and an examination panel consisting of at least three academic staff. The following criteria should normally be used for performance assessment: i. Innovative approaches in generating alternative design concepts to meet customer and/or market need agreed by academic and industrial
	 supervisors; ii. Functionality, workability, practicability and engineering content of the final design; iii. General attitude, initiative and effectiveness in making progress;
	 iv. Engineering design and analysis, and work accomplishment; v. Quality of the interim and the final report; vi. Performance during the oral examination.

	2. 3.	industrial supervisor. The interim report is assessed by the independent asses The final report is assessed by the academic supervisor, the industrial superv and the independent assessor. As part of the assessment process, studer required to specify his/her own contribution in completing the industrial proje the collaboration company.							
	4.	end of first semest the industrial supe During the oral ex his/her significant addressed to him/h	ter of academic y ervisor, and the in amination, stude contribution to	year and is ndependent ent is require the whole j	assessed b assessor. ed to prese project, an	by the acad	lemic supervisor, ject especially on		
		assessment system on in the following		nal and co	-op study	pattern is	summarized as		
		Assessor	Asse Continuous Monitoring (15)	Interim Report (10)	Final Report (25)	% of the Final Report (25)	total) Oral Examination (25)		
		Supervisor	√						
		Independent Assessor				\checkmark			
		Examination Panel					\checkmark		
Student Study	Clas	s contact:							
Effort Expected	Guided study						26 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:								
	Conducting project						154 Hrs.		
	Literature search and private study						72 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort252 Hrs.								
		ents will be guided rvisor.	l to search releva	ant referenc	es by the				
Reading List and References	To t	be advised by sup	ervisor.						

Revised June 2019

Subject Code	SD3401
Subject Title	Designing for Humanities
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 There are three sections in the subject: Human Factors in Design, Designing for Disabilities, and the introduction of "Universal Design". To introduce to students the fundamentals of human requirements that are essential to the success of user-related design. Well-designed visuals, products, systems and environments involve the appreciation and thorough consideration of the human aspects of design. Such aspects include the physiological, psychological and sociological factors. Students will devise more appropriate solutions to design problems in the acknowledgement of the people they design for. This subject intensifies at a later stage. It guides students to the appreciation of higher levels and more complex human requirements that relate to the success of user-interface design. The subject addresses particularly the interface issues, which will contribute to future design studies (projects). The issue of designing for special group of users such as the disabled and the ageing populations will be investigated.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 The "Universal Design" principles will be discussed. Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Formulate a design problem addressing to certain market needs and by fully considering impacts of human factors, product safety and environmental issues. b. Fully consider the physiological, psychological, cultural and sociological factors in generating and evaluating alternative design concepts in product design. c. Present a design project via oral presentation and/or written report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Human Factors in Design - Understanding people's activities at work, rest & in play. The basic principles of human factors are introduced. The significance and relevance of the subject to design tasks are explained. The appreciation and application of data in the physiological, psychological cultural and sociological aspects of people are presented. This section will start with anthropometry (body measurements). The evaluation of designs for people use: This includes people's abilities and limitations in relation to the tasks & environments, and thereby the designs. Methods of approaching human aspects for design projects are discussed.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Students are expected carry out related tests to evaluate the design 4. The goal is to enhance user/design interface. User-related Design and 1. User in normal condit 2. User in extreme condit 3. Designing for the elded 4. User testing methods made in early phases problems); Pluralistic specialists, designers a 5. Usability test: A desi during the developme result in re-design of (compared against corr 6. Universal Design Print The teaching and learning below: 1. The teaching and learning in Design. 3. The design exercise is appreciate the lecture project through literawriting and presentation 4. The tutorials are aim smoothly, and to guid knowledge they acquire 5. Case studies are there 	results. ce effectiveness, d Designing tions and envi itions and envi tions and envi erly and the d s: Heuristic es s of design c usability (and real users ign evaluation or modificat mpetitor's de topes. mg approache rning methon thent (design es ed at providi nding and ar aimed at allows ature survey on of results. ned at helpi de the student red in the cla	efficience efficience ironme vironme	eeded t <i>y, comfo</i> <i>isabilit</i> ents. ents. y. on (qu luate th ion pe ne usab yystem r tated in ude lec). tated lec). dents w g Huma ands-o: require mation ative th dents reference	to support <i>rt and sa</i> <i>rt an</i>	ort desi <i>ufety</i> by l inexpet t signit d by at can al proble t/syster on E a sutorials integra ors and ience in articipa i, discu is encou throughd proble	ensive : improv ficant u user if be per ems. T n com re just s, case ted kno l related n team te in th ussions, uraged. n the o lems us	eks, and ring the method isability nterface formed his may parison ified as studies, owledge d issues work to is mini- report exercise sing the	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	1 5 6							
6			а	b	c	d	e		
Intended Learning Outcomes			u						
Intended Learning	Design exercise assignment, presentation	90	v	v					
Intended Learning		90 10		v	v				

	 Professional, 1995. Gary, D. et al. Designing and using assistive technology: The human perspective. London: Paul H. Brookes, 1998. Grandjean, E. Fitting the task to the man. London: Taylor & Francis, 1998. Green, W. S., Jordon, P. W. Human factors in product design: Current practice and future trends. London: Taylor and Francis. 1999. Karwowski, W., Soares, M. M., Stanton, N. A. Human factors and ergonomics in consumer product design. Boc Raton: Taylor & Francis Group. 2011. 					
Reading List and References		<i>qualitative approach.</i> Hong Kong: 93. or & Francis, 1993 onal User Interfaces. Boston: AP				
	Total student study effort	80 Hrs.				
	 Research, preparation of design exercise and presentation 	41 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Case Studies and Design Exercise 	17 Hrs				
	Tutorial, Seminar	16 Hrs.				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lecture	6 Hrs.				
	 attendance. Minimum condition to consider a grade, would r satisfactorily complete and submit the assignment, and p pass grade or above will depend on how well the stud learning outcomes. In addition, the following points consideration: A minimum grade "D" should be obtained in assignm Assignment may require both "group effort" and "ind Copy right must be strictly respected. If a copy is de be assigned regardless of whom/which group did the Attendance of class is very important. If a student from class for any reason, please notify the course is In the event of absence, it is the student's responsib work missed. 	hent has achieved in the should be taken into hent. dividual effort". etected, a zero score will assignment. anticipates being absent nstructor ahead of time.				
	 The Design Exercise assessment is in an "open-book" continuous effort throughout the whole period of ass The presentation allows student to learn about and ex one's view, opinion and argument in open critique, by The grade for motivation encourages students to wor energetically, in private and in group. It can be checked attendance. 	ignment. aperiencing in presenting thorough preparation. k postively,				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment method intended learning outcomes: <i>The assessment methods are justified as below:</i>	is in assessing the				

10.	Kroemer, K. Ergonomics: How to design for ease and efficiency. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice Hall,
	1994.
11.	. Kroemer, K. Fitting the task to the human: A textbook of occupational ergonomics. London: Taylor &
	Francis, 1997.
12	. Law, Kenneth Wing-kin (ed.). Aging, gender and family in Singapore, Hong Kong and China. Taipei:
	Programme for Southeast Asian Area Studies Academia Sinica. 2001.
13	. Laurel, B. (ed.). Design research: methods and perspectives. Cambridge, Mass.: MIT Press. 2003.
14	
15	,
16	. Norman, D. The design of everyday things. New York: Doubleday, 1990.
17	. Philips, D. R; Yeh, A. (ed.). Environment and ageing: environmental policy, planning and design for elderly people in
	Hong Kong. Hong Kong: Centre of Urban Planning and Environmental Management, University of
	Hong Kong, 1999.
18	. Prikl, J. Guidelines and strategies for designing transgenerational products: a resource manual for industrial
	design professionals. Syracuse, NJ: Syracuse University. 1998.
19	. Sanders, M. Human factors in engineering and design. New York : McGraw-Hill, 1993.
20	. Schifferstein, H. N. J., Hekkert, P. Product experience. San Diego, CA: Elsevier. 2008.
21	Siu, K. W. M. (ed.). New era of product design: Theory and practice. Beijing: Beijing Institute of
	Technology Press, 2009.
22	. Tilley, A. The Measure of man and woman: Human factors in design. New York: Whitney Library, 1993.
23	. Trans-generational design: Products for an aging population. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1994.
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
W	ebsites:
htt	<u>p://www.baddesigns.com/</u> (Examples of bad Human Factors in design)
	p://gemma.apple.com/ngs/lpp/adrpub/docs/dev/techsupport/insidemac/HIGuidelines/HIGuidelines-
	1.html (Human Factors Society)
	tp://www.usernomics.com/hf.html (Human factors & ergonomics)
	p://www.iat.unc.edu/guides/irg-05.html (User interface design: Bibliography)

Subject Code	SD348
Subject Title	Introduction to Industrial Design
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject gives an introduction to the field of industrial design as a creative discipline, a discipline which synthesises knowledge from fields as diverse as arts, sciences and engineering. Industrial design is known for its capacity to innovate and to add value to products and services. Industrial designers solve problems centred on user needs with the intent to improve the quality of people's lives. The design process incorporates unique problem solving methods and creativity process. Industrial design intends to work with technological and ecological parameters in an appropriate way. The development and use of state of the art tools and technologies puts industrial design in a significant position socially and economically.
	The subject aims to equip students with knowledge and experience of industrial design to appreciate the profession, relate to its practitioners in different work situations, employ the design process appropriately for problem identification, solving and innovation, and to realise the importance of a user centred approach to the creation of new products and services.
	The subject is project-oriented that the students are expected to learn through a design project. The subject does not include any engineering skill, such as software application. The students are expected to apply the technological and engineering knowledge, skills and experience obtained from other subjects to tackle the project.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to basic knowledge to: a. Appreciate the industrial/product design profession, relate to its practitioners in different work situations. b. Employ the design process appropriately for problem solving and innovation. c. Realise the importance of a user centered approach to the creation of new products and services. d. Apply visualisation skill in project presentation. e. Understand objectives of industrial/product design, and apply knowledge and experience in other related subjects and future career.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	The field of industrial design is introduced through a series of lectures featuring a review of milestones of design achievements internationally and locally. The relationships between design, culture and society are highlighted through a look at topics like cultural identity in product design, user centred design, employment of technologies, and design and sustainability.

 Further lectures and seminars cover two major parts of industrial design an professional practice: 1. The essentially theoretical foundation of the industrial design process methodology covering topics such as: Design and culture Form, aesthetics and semantics Human factors and ergonomics in design Research and problem identification 							
methodology covering topics such as: Design and culture Form, aesthetics and semantics Human factors and ergonomics in design Research and problem identification	and						
Design requirements and design brief Design development and specifications Design evaluation and concept selection 2. The essentially practical aspects of the industrial design process covering to such as: Design visualisation, presentation and communication	opics						
Product prototyping and user testing Manufacturer and marketing relations							
	Emphasis in the practical learning activities is placed on students' creativity in relation to designing. Students explore different approaches to problems and experience methods of problem solving with the designer's tools.						
Assessment Specific assessment % Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate) Alignment with methods/tasks weighting assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
Intended LearningOutcomes							
1. Design project: Understanding design process10 \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark							
2. Design project: investigation and application in design30✓✓							
3. Design project: development of design ideas45 \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark							
4. Design project: presentation of design ideas							
Total 100 %							
Project and continuous assessment approaches are adopted in the subject.							
Student Study Class contact:							
Effort Required Lectures and seminars 26 H	łrs.						

	 Tutorials and exercises 	13 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Research and design	31 Hrs.
	 Preparation of presentation 	10 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	80 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Design Issues. The MIT Press. (Journal) Design Management Journal. The Design Manage Design Studies. Elsevier Science. (Journal) International Journal of Design (Journal) Forest, D. (Ed.) (2014). The art of things: Product Abbeville Press Publishers. Fung, A., Lo, A., & Rao, M. N. (2005). Creative Design, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Graedel, T. E. (2003). Industrial ecology (2nd Prentice Hall. Jordan, P. W. (1997). Putting the pleasure into pre 249-252. Koos, E. (2014). Sketching product design prentice Hall. Jordan, P. W. (1997). Putting the pleasure into pre 249-252. Koos, E. (2014). Sketching product design prentice Hall. Jordan, P. W. (1997). Green design: Design f London: Laurence King. Monika, H. (2013). Branding and product desi Surrey, England: Gower Publishing Limited. Norman, D. A. (1998). The invisible computer: W personal computer is so complex and informatic Cambridge, Mass., London: The MIT Press. Norman, D. A. (1998). The design of everyday thin 16. Richard, M. (2016). The fundamentals of prod Fairchild Books. Roqueta, H. (2002). Product design. London: Laur 18. Roqueta, H. (2002). Product design. London: Laur 18. Roqueta, H. (2002). Product design of product (Chinese ed.) Beijing: Beijing Institute of Tect (2009) : 《產品設計新紀元: 理論與實踐》 注 ° Stanton, N. (Ed.) (1998). Human factors in consum Francis. Ulrich, K. T. (2004). Product design and develop McGraw-Hill/Irwin. Wang, S. Z. (1995). A history of modern design 18 Chu Ban She. Whiteley, N. (1993). Design for society. London: Kannake, Ka	et design since 1945. New York: e tools. Hong Kong: School of ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: oducts. IEE Review, Nov. 1997, presentation. Amsterdam, The design. Hong Kong: The Hong for the environment (2nd ed.). gn: An integrated perspective. Why good products can fail, the on appliances are the solution. gs. London: The MIT Press. uct design (2nd ed.). London: ence King. Yeues. Mass.: The MIT Press. et design: Theory and practice hnology Press. 邵健偉 編著 · • 北京: 北京理工大學出版 mer products. London: Taylor & oment (3rd ed.). New York, NY: 64-1996. Guangzhou: Xin Shi Ji

Intended Blank

Elective Subjects

Subject Code	ISE376				
Subject Title	Entrepreneurship and Innovation				
Credit Value	3				
Level	3				
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	The objectives of the subject are to enable the students to				
	1. gain an overview of the concept of entrepreneurship and entrepreneurship strategies;				
	2. develop an awareness of the sources/processes of innovation;				
	3. develop the ability to analyze innovative business.				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to				
Outcomes	a. understand entrepreneurship strategies in which innovation is an important part of business and corporate strategy;				
	b. recognize various types of innovations and their processes;				
	c. apply the techniques involved in assessing corporate ventures;				
	d. evaluate the management of innovative business development or processes from a strategic and contemporary viewpoint.				
Subject Synopsis/	Entrepreneurship and Industry Analysis				
Indicative Syllabus	1. <u>Overview of Entrepreneurship</u>				
	This provides the fundamental concept of entrepreneurship and relevant issues.				
	2. <u>Understanding Industry Context and Entrepreneurship Strategies</u>				
	This details the approaches to justify the industry context.				
	This introduces the various strategies involved in the business development process.				
	Innovation and Business Development				
	3. <u>Introduction of Innovation Types</u>				
	Innovation styles and approaches are discussed.				
	4. <u>Implementation of Innovation</u>				
	This discusses the approaches to integrate innovation in entrepreneurship.				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The teaching/learning approach combines lectures, cases, and in-class activities. Each session includes a number of readings (required/optional) pertaining to the theme of the session.				

	Lectures: Lectures a	re conducted	to gi	ve stu	dents a	an ove	erview	of the	
	Lectures: Lectures are conducted to give students an overview of the fundamental concepts and theories.								
	Case studies are given to students to facilitate the application of learned knowledge and interactive knowledge sharing.								
	In-class activities inclu hands-on experience on		by inc	lustrial	ists an	d proje	ects in	volving	
Assessment Methods in									
Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intend be ass		ject lea	arning o	outcom	es to	
Outcomes			a	b	c	d			
	1. Ind. Assessments, in-class activities and Test(s)	50 %	~	~					
	2. Project	30 %			~	~			
	3. Reflection	20 %				~			
	Total	100%							
	 Assessment methods 1: Assignments and tests are used to assess students' understanding of the basic concepts of the subject, student are also required to participate in in-class activities and Assessment methods 2 & 3: Project and individual reflections are used to assess the students' ability in applying learned knowledge, that is the techniques in assessing corporate ventures and the management o innovative entrepreneurship. 							tudents re used that is,	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact								
Linon Expected	 Lectures / Test(s) 3 hours/week x 6 weeks 					18 Hrs.			
	Case studies/Workshops/Guided project/ Reflection 3 hours x 7 weeks 21						1 Hrs.		
	Other student study effo	orts							
	Individual reading	and assignme	ents				4	2 Hrs.	
	Project						4	2 Hrs.	
	Total student study effo	rt					12	3 Hrs.	

Reading List and References	1.	Dorf, R C & Byers, T H 2008, <i>Technology Ventures: From Idea to Enterprise</i> , 2 nd edn, McGraw Hill
	2.	Hisrich, R D, Peters, M P, & Shepherd, D A. 2008, <i>Entrepreneurship</i> , 7 th edn, McGraw Hill
	3.	Gerry, G & Bock, A 2009, Inventing Entrepreneurs: Technology Innovators and their Entrepreneurial Journey, Prentice Hall
	4.	Drucker, F P 1985, Innovation and Entrepreneurship, New York: Harper Business

Subject Code	ISE430				
Subject Title	New Product Planning and Development				
Credit Value	3				
Level	4				
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Exclusion: MM484 Managing New Product Development				
Objectives	This subject will enable students to				
	1. understand the new product development process and strategic features of new product development;				
	2. develop strategic thinking and planning abilities throughout the early product design stage;				
	3. understand various techniques for new product planning.				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to				
Outcomes	a. appreciate the generation of product concepts that satisfy the needs of customers;				
	b. explore and analyze market needs and appreciate their direct relationship with new products;				
	c. identify new product opportunities;				
	d. introduce financial, environmental, social, and cultural considerations with regard to design decisions.				
Subject Synopsis/	1. Introduction to New Product Planning and Development				
Indicative Syllabus	New product planning and development process, Types of new products, Drivers of new product development, Success and failure factors, New product development strategy, Analysis of business and completion environments for new product development				
	2. <u>Issues of Strategic Planning for New Products</u>				
	Modular product design, Product architecture, Product family design, Product line design, Product Portfolio planning, Customized products versus mass products, Technology roadmapping				
	3. <u>Customer Needs and Value</u>				
	Acquisition, organization and analysis of customer needs, Customer value and its measurement				

	4			.,					
	4.	Segmentation, Tar	geting, and Po						
		Market and benefit segmentation and its techniques, Product positioning, Perceptual mapping, Value mapping						tioning,	
	5.	. Opportunity Specification and Justification							
		Needs analysis, l charter	Ethnography,	Scena	rio an	alysis,	Produ	ct inn	ovation
	6.	Defining Design Sp	pecification						
		Conjoint analysis,	QFD-based te	chnique	es				
	7.	Concept Test							
		Concept statement	s, Considerati	ons, Fo	ormats				
	8.	Sales Forecasting a	and Financial	Analysi	<u>s</u>				
		Sales forecasting products, Example			leling,	Pricing	g techni	ques f	for new
Teaching/Learning Methodology	proje with com class unde tutor matt case deve and Labo	Teaching and learning activities include lectures, tutorials, case studies, a group project, and a laboratory exercise. The lectures are aimed at providing students with the basic understanding of new product development process, as well as common techniques and methods used in new product planning. In tutorial classes, small group discussions are facilitated for students to enhance their understanding of the subject matter. Through a number of minor exercises in tutorial classes, students not only have better understanding of the subject matter, but teachers are also allowed to monitor their learning progress. All the case studies are related to real-life successful and failed cases of new product development. Through the case studies, students can appreciate various issues and factors leading to the success and failure of new product development. Laboratory exercises provide students with hands-on experience on the segmentation and generation of perceptual maps.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with									
Intended Learning Outcomes	-	ecific assessment hods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
				а	b	с	d		
	1.	Case studies	25%	~	~	✓	~		
	2.	Assignments	45%	~	~	~			
	3.	Test	30%	~	~	~	~		
	Tot		100%		1				

	The case studies are aimed at assessing all the ILOs of students. The assignments of this subject contain in-class assignments and take-home assignments which are used to assess the ILOs a, b and c of students. A test is normally conducted by the end of the semester and is aimed at assessing all the ILOs of students.					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Enort Expected	Lectures	24 Hrs.				
	Tutorials	11 Hrs.				
	Laboratory exercise	2 Hrs.				
	• Test	2 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Case studies	25 Hrs.				
	Preparation for test	28 Hrs.				
	Take-home assignments	30 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	122 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	McGraw Hill	Crawford, C.M., and Di Benedetto, C.A., <i>New Products Management</i> , McGraw Hill Glen, L. 1993, <i>Design and Marketing of New Products</i> , Prentice Hall				
	3. Lilien, G.L. and Rangaswamy, A. 2003, Computer Assisted Marketing Analysis and Pla	0 0 0				
		Baxter, M. 1995, Product Design – Practical Methods for Systematic Development of New Products, Chapman & Hall				
	5. Ulrich, K.T. and Eppinger, S.D., <i>Product</i> McGraw-Hill	Ulrich, K.T. and Eppinger, S.D., Product Design and Development, McGraw-Hill				
	6. Design Management Journal, Design Managem	nent Institute Press				
	7. The Journal of Product Innovation Manageme	nt, Elsevier Science Inc.				

Subject Code	ISE457					
Subject Title	Business Process Management					
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil					
Objectives	This subject aims at enabling students to					
	1. appraise the importance of structuring and measuring business processes in an organization;					
	2. identify and build business processes for various business applications;					
	3. apply appropriate measures to assess, report and improve the performance of business processes.					
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to					
Outcomes	a. describe the basic concept of business process management;					
	b. assess the organizational implications of functional and process-centric management;					
	c. illustrate the process of designing and developing a Business Process Management Solution;					
	d. configure and manage a business process management system with knowledge of the scope and limitations of such tools;					
	e. develop an overall understanding of team building and governance of processes in an organization.					
Subject Synopsis/	1. Introduction to Business Process Management					
Indicative Syllabus	Definition of business process management; Process and workflow life cycle; Transformation of a functional enterprise to a process-centric enterprise; Business value and risk of process automation.					
	2. <u>Business Process Management Solution Development</u>					
	Business process management solution architectures; Business process analysis; BPM Process Development; BPM reporting and monitoring. BPM and application integration; BPM and Robotic Process Automation; Configuration of business process management solutions; BPM software vendor products; and Evaluation and selection.					

	3. <u>Technology for Business Process Management</u>								
	Process Modeling Standards - Business Process Modeling Notation (BPMN); Process repository and Business rules systems.								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mix of lectures, laboratories, tutorial exercises, and projects is used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Practical problems and case studies are raised as a focal point for discussion in tutorial classes. Laboratory session(s) are also used to illustrate and assimilate some fundamental principles of business process management, some of which are covered in a problem-based format and exercises to enhance the learning objectives. Others are covered through directed study in order to enhance the students' ability of "learning to learn." The subject stresses creative thinking, and problem solving approach. Local and overseas case studies are also included to reinforce understanding and enhance practicality.								
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ntended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
			a	b	c	d	e		
	1. Assignment	20%	~	~	~				
	2. Forum discussions	10%	~	~			~		
	2. Tests	40%	~	~	~	~	~		
	3. Project	30%			~	~			
	Total	100%					•		
	The coursework consists of assignments with individual and gro components, usually up to two individual tests. All assessment component require students to apply concepts delivered in lectures to real life cases. The assignments require students to conduct background research on BPM and identify, among others, potential applications and benefits. Short quizzes and also used to test student's understanding of the taught concepts and ability apply BPM to stated situations. As they work in groups, students must tackled project by identifying the problem structure, representing the processed presenting and simulating the process flow, as well as identifying innovation and potential improvements in the current design.						ponents ses. The PM and zzes are bility to tackle a pocesses,		
Student Study Effort	Class contact:								
Expected	Lecture (In-person & Online)					21 Hrs.			
	Tutorial/Case Stud	ly/Guest pres	entation	n(s)				9 Hrs.	
	Online Bulletin Bo	bard						6 Hrs.	

	 Laboratory 	3 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Tackling of assignments and preparation for tests 	35 Hrs.				
	 Background research and project 	40 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	114 Hrs.				
Reading List and	Reference Books					
References	1. Burton, R 2001, Business Process Management: Profiting from Sams, Indianapolis					
	 Smith, H and Fingar, P 2006, Business Process Management: The The Wave, Megan Kiffer Press, Tampa Journal 					
	3. Bradford X 2005, Business Process Mana MCB University Press	agement Journal, England:				

Subject Code	ME41001
Subject Title	Automatic Control Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31002 Linear Systems and Control
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of controller design for automatic control systems.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. Formulate and solve problems relating to modeling of linear mechanical systems, analysis of system relative stabilities; determining specifications for open- or closed-loop control systems and designing controllers or compensators for mechanical systems. b. Complete a given task such as a project in system modeling or controller design by applying knowledge acquired in the subject and information obtained through literature search. c. Analyze and interpret data obtained from experiments in system modeling, stability analysis or frequency-domain analysis of mechanical systems. d. Present effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work and the given task.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Time Domain Controller Design</i> - Multi-mode controllers; Optimum controller settings; Ratio, cascade and feedforward control.
	<i>Frequency Domain Compensator Design</i> - Nyquist criterion; Phase and gain margins; Multiple design constraints; Characteristics of lead, lag and lag-lead elements; Compensator design via Bode plots.
	<i>State-Space Representation of Dynamic Systems</i> - State variables of a dynamic system; State differential equations; State-space form equations from transfer functions; Canonical forms and decoupled systems; Relationship between eigenvalues and system poles.
	<i>Control System Analysis Using State Variable Method</i> - Direct numerical solution of state equation; Solution using state transition matrix; System stability; Controllability and observability.
	<i>Control System Design Using State Variable Method</i> - State variable feedback; Direct calculation of gains by comparison with characteristic equation; Pole placement via control canonical form of state equations; Pole placement via Ackermann's formula.
	Laboratory Experiment

	There are two 2-hour laboratory sessions.						
	 Typical Experiments: 1. Twin-rotor control 2. Inverted pendulum control 3. DC servo control 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures aim at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding controller or compensator design, analyzing and designing state-space control systems (Outcomes a and b).						
	Tutorials aim at enhancing the analytical skills of the students. Examples on time- domain controller design, frequency domain compensator design, state-space system representation, analysis and controller design are used to illustrate the application of integrated knowledge to solve real-world problems (Outcomes a and b).						
	Experiments will provide the students with experience on the use of simulation tools for the computer-aided analysis and controller design of typical state-space dynamic systems. It also trains students in the measurement and instrumentation, the analysis and presentation of experimental data (Outcomes c and d).						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes						
			a	b	с	d	
	Lecture $\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1-1}}}$					_	
	Tutorial		\checkmark	\checkmark			_
	Experiment $$				\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Intended Learning			a	b		c	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	50%		\checkmark			
	2. Test	25%		\checkmark			
	3. Assignment	15%		\checkmark			
	4. Laboratory report	10%				\checkmark	\checkmark
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					sessing the	
	Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment						
	Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus.						

Student Study	Class contact:		
Effort Expected	Lecture	31 Hrs.	
	Tutorial/Laboratory	8 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:		
	Course work	26 Hrs.	
	Self-study	45 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	110 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 M. Gopal, Control Systems, Principles and Design, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. N.S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering, Wiley, latest edition. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, latest edition. 		

Revised July 2014

Subject Code	ME41003
Subject Title	Principles of Sound and Vibration
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of generation and measurement of sound and vibration and the sound propagation.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the physics of the vibration of simple structure and sound propagation in the acoustic medium, in duct and in room. b. Formulate and solve the sound and vibration problem relating to vibration of string, beam and plate, sound radiation from the source, sound reflection and transmission through a junction and a flat interface of acoustic media by applying knowledge in noise mitigation method. c. Understand the mechanisms of basic measurement devices for sound and vibration, analyze and interpret the measured data from the experiments of noise and vibration.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Fundamentals of Sound - Fluid compressibility, wave equation, sound pressure level and sound power, addition of sounds of different frequencies, octave bands and one-third octave bands, conservation of acoustic energy flux at the absence of a mean flow. Vibration of Continuous Systems - Vibration of string, rod, beams and plates; energy transmission through structures, natural modes, free and forced vibrations. Sources of Sound - Radiation of sound by pistons (1D, 2D), impedance, radiation efficiency, monopole and dipole, critical frequency, sound radiation by 2D structures. Sound Propagation - Single travelling wave and properties of standing wave, reflection of sound at pipe junctions and at interface of two media. Sound and Vibration Measurement - Measuring systems, microphones, sound level meters, background noise, measurement of sound intensity, reverberation time and absorption coefficient; accelerometers, calibration and mounting of accelerometers; shakers, hammers, force transducers and amplifiers; damping measurement, experimental modal analysis. Laboratory Measurement Sound propagation in anechoic chamber Impedance tube measurement Experimental modal analysis of a vibrating beam Traffic noise measurement

knowledge to implement real engineering systems (Outcomes b and c).Teaching/Learning MethodologyQuitcomesabcLecture $\sqrt{1}$	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are aimed at providing students with the knowledge of acoustics and vibration. (Outcomes a to c).						
knowledge to implement real engineering systems (Outcomes b and c). Image: Complexity of the systems of the sy			ary for analyzi	ng the physics of				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting in Alignment with in		Laboratory experiments are conducted to improve students' ability to apply their knowledge to implement real engineering systems (Outcomes b and c).						
Lecture \eqcup display= \eqcup display= Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Specific assessment methods/tasks \vert display= Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate) 1. Class test 20% \vert display= \vert display= 2. Homework 20% \vert display= \vert display= 3. Laboratory report 10% \vert display= \vert display= Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Develop= Vertical Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is used to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the knowledge. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students. Student Study Effort Class contact:		Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outcomes			
Tutorial Image: Constraint of the system of th				a	b	с		
Experiment Image: Note of the system of the sy		Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting ueighting Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate) 1. Class test 20% √ √ 2. Homework 20% √ √ 3. Laboratory report 10% √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ √ Total 100%		Tutorial			\checkmark			
in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Intended Second Please tick as appropriate) Intended Second Please tick as appropriate) a b c 1. Class test 20% √ √ 2. Homework 20% √ √ 3. Laboratory report 10% √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ 50% √ √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ 7. Total 100%		Experiment			\checkmark	\checkmark		
Outcomes a b c 1. Class test 20% √ √ √ 2. Homework 20% √ √ √ 3. Laboratory report 10% √ √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ √ Total 100%	Assessment Methods in Alignment with	A		5	5 0			
1. Class test 20% √ √ √ 2. Homework 20% √ √ √ 3. Laboratory report 10% √ √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ √ Total 100% √ √ √ Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is used to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the knowledge. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students. Student Study Effort Class contact: 10 Expected 32 Hrs. 10 Ver student study effort: 32 Hrs. 10 Hrs. • Lecture 32 Hrs. 10 Hrs. • Laboratory report 10 Hrs. 10 Hrs.	0			a	b	с		
3. Laboratory report 10% √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ √ Total 100% √ √ √ Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is used to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the knowledge. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students. Student Study Effort Class contact: 10 Expected 32 Hrs. • Lecture 32 Hrs. • Tutorial/Laboratory 7 Hrs. Other student study effort: 10 Hrs. • Reading and review 43 Hrs. • Homework assignment 10 Hrs.	outcomes	1. Class test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
4. Examination 50% √ √ 4. Examination 50% √ √ Total 100% ✓ Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is used to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the knowledge. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students. Student Study Effort Class contact: • Lecture 32 Hrs. • Tutorial/Laboratory 7 Hrs. Other student study effort: • • Reading and review 43 Hrs. • Homework assignment 10 Hrs. • Laboratory report 10 Hrs.		2. Homework	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Total 100% Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is used to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the knowledge. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students. Student Study Effort Class contact: • Lecture 32 Hrs. • Tutorial/Laboratory 7 Hrs. Other student study effort: • Reading and review • Homework assignment 10 Hrs. • Laboratory report 10 Hrs.		3. Laboratory report	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Student Study Effort Class contact: Expected 32 Hrs. • Tutorial/Laboratory 7 Hrs. Other student study effort: • Reading and review • Laboratory report 10 Hrs. • Laboratory report 10 Hrs.		4. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
learning outcomes:Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous AssessmentExamination is used to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the knowledge. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students.Student Study Effort ExpectedClass contact: 		Total	100%					
Expected. Lecture. 32 Hrs.• Tutorial/Laboratory. 7 Hrs.Other student study effort:		Examination ess students is supplemen	+ 0.50 × Contin on the overall u ted by tests, ass	nuous Assessme understanding a signments and la	ent and the ability of			
 Tutorial/Laboratory Tutorial/Laboratory Other student study effort: Reading and review Homework assignment Laboratory report Hor Hrs. 	Student Study Effort	Class contact:						
Other student study effort:• Reading and review43 Hrs.• Homework assignment10 Hrs.• Laboratory report10 Hrs.	Expected	Lecture			32 Hrs.			
• Reading and review 43 Hrs. • Homework assignment 10 Hrs. • Laboratory report 10 Hrs.		Tutorial/Laboratory			7 Hrs.			
• Homework assignment 10 Hrs. • Laboratory report 10 Hrs.		Other student study effort:						
Laboratory report 10 Hrs.		Reading and review	43 Hrs.					
		Homework assignmen	10 Hrs.					
Total student study effort 102 Hrs.		Laboratory report	10 Hrs.					
		Total student study effort				102 Hrs.		

Reading List and References	 L.E. Kinsler, et al., Fundamentals of Acoustics, Wiley, latest edition. M.P. Norton, Fundamentals of Noise and Vibration Analysis for Engineers, Cambridge University Press, latest edition. H. Benaroya, Mechanical Vibration: Analysis, Uncertainties and Control, Prentice- Hall, latest edition. A.P. Dowling and J.E. Ffowcs Williams, Sound and Sources of Sound, Chichester: E. Horwood, latest edition. L.L. Beranek, Noise and Vibration Control Engineering: Principles and
	Applications, Wiley, latest edition.

Revised July 2014

Subject Code	ME41005
Subject Title	Noise Control Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics; and ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	To provide students with fundamental concepts and knowledge of acoustic noise and control, including sound generation mechanism, noise abatement technology and applications
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. Understand the sound generation mechanisms and the method to analyze the type of noise source. b. Understand the simple sound fields and identify the noise sources and their respective mitigation measures. c. Understand the importance and usage of the noise assessment criteria for typical problems such as duct and room noise applications. d. Apply the state-of-the-art noise abatement technology and design elementary reactive and absorptive noise control device, analyze and interpret its performance from measurement. Understand basic principles in structural noise and aero-acoustic noise.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Noise Characteristics and its modeling</i> – Sound and noise characterization, sound measure in time frequency domain, elementary noise source, modelling of acoustic waves, and various types of sound source models. Overview of control strategy for different frequency ranges.
	<i>Sound Reflection and Absorption</i> – Sound propagation in different acoustic media, typical sound propagation phenomena and characterization, duct acoustics, sound reflection by expansion chamber, Helmholtz resonator, sound absorbing materials and absorbers, design of reactive silencers, acoustic enclosures etc.
	<i>Flow-induced Noise and Control</i> – Von Karman vortices, turbulence noise, cavitations, jet noise, fan noise etc.
	<i>Structure-induced Noise and Control</i> – Basic sound radiation phenomena, vibration isolation and absorption, sound transmission and mass law.
	<i>Environmental Noise and Control</i> – Basic concepts of sound propagation outdoors, absorption of sound in air; attenuation of sound over ground, temperature gradient etc. Noise reduction by sound barriers, Maekawa formula. Train noise, etc.
	Room Acoustic Control - Basic concepts of room acoustics, direct and diffuse sound

	field, reverberation time, Sabin formula, prediction of internal sound field and noise mitigation measures.					
	Laboratory ExperimentThere is one 1-hour laboratory session.Typical experiment:1. Helmholz resonator2. Expansion chamber					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are aimed at providing students with the knowledge of acoustics and noise control for achieving the subject outcomes. (Outcomes a to d)					
	Tutorials are aimed at enhancing students' skills necessary for analyzing and designing the noise control method. (Outcomes a, b and d)				lyzing and	
	Laboratory experiments are conducted to improve students' ability to apply their knowledge to implement real engineering systems, to develop the students' interest and curiosity in the design of noise control method. (Outcomes b to d)					~ ~ ·
	Teaching/Learning Meth	odology		Outc	omes	
			a	b	с	d
	Lecture	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Tutorial	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	Experiment $$ $$					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	s Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject learning outcome assessed (Please tick as approp					
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d
	1. Homework	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Lab report	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	3. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Total 100%					
	Explanation of the appre- intended learning outcome Overall Assessment: 0.60 × End of Subjec Examination is applied to the concepts. It is suppl- provide timely feedbacks syllabus.	t Examination + assess student emented by the	- 0.40 × Cor s on unders e homeworl	tinuous As tanding an c and labo	ssessment d the abili- pratory rep	ty to apply orts which

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial/Laboratory	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Reading and review	44 Hrs.
	Homework assignment	12 Hrs.
	Laboratory report	10 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 A.D. Pierce, Acoustics: an Introduction to in Applications, Acoustical Society of America, Wood A.P. Dowling and J.E. Ffowcs Williams, Sou Chichester: E. Horwood, latest edition. L.L. Beranek, Noise and Vibration Control In Applications, Wiley, latest edition. D.A. Bies and C.H. Hansen, Engineering Noise Conduct & FN Spon, latest edition. 	Ibury, N.Y., latest edition. nd and Sources of Sound, Engineering: Principles and

Developed Jan. 2018

Subject Code	ME41006
Subject Title	Perceptual Robotics
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31002 Linear Systems and Control
Objectives	The subject aims to equip students with knowledge of:
	 Artificial robot perception Perception-guided control Adaptive robot behaviour Perception-aided algorithms
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a) Able to mathematically model the different perceptual modalities used for robotic systems; b) Able to design perception-guided motion controls for mechanical robots c) Able to use perceptual feedback to implement adaptive robot behaviours d) Able to design perception-aided methods for learning properties about the environment e) Able to conduct experiments with perceptual and robotic systems
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Artificial robot perception. Vision sensors (monocular perception and RGB-D sensors), thermal imaging (models and principles), touch (force and tactile imaging), proximity (different ranging methodologies), audio sensing. Perception-guided control. Sensor-motion coordination problem, derivation of sensorimotor models (analytical and computational), formulation of sensor servoing controls (vision-based, thermal-based, touch-based, proximity-based). Adaptive robot behaviour. Braitenberg machines, reactive motion paradigms (potential fields, subsumption architecture, etc.), hybrid paradigms, multi-agent systems, robot babbling, bug algorithms, sensor-based navigation. Perception-aided algorithms. Iterative closest point (ICP), simultaneous localisation and mapping (SLAM), sensor-based model learning, and image registration. Practical work. A robotic platform is assigned to a team of 2-3 students. Each chapter is delivered with a hands-on experimental session where students reinforce their knowledge in the subject.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lectures aim at provid understanding and anal mathematical models, c Tutorials aim at enhan robotics. Students will b they acquired in the cla The experiments/projec perceptual robots, and n 	ysing differe controller des cing students be able to solv ss. (Outcome ct aim to pro- reinforcing th	nt percept ign, and a s' analytic ve real-wor es a to d) ovide hand	ual robo lgorithm al and p rld probl ds-on ex l knowle	otic syst ns. (Out problem lems us xperiend edge. (O	ems, inc comes a solving ing the k ce for d Dutcome	luding its to d) skills on nowledge eveloping s a to e)	
	Methodology	a	b	1	c	d	е	
	1. Lecture	√ √	√ √		V			
	2. Tutorial	V			, V			
	3. Experiments/Project				V			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended be assess					
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	c	d	e	
	1. Class test	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Coursework: includes assignments, project, experiments, lab report	40%	V	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Final Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment:							
	0.50 x End of Subject Examination + 0.50 x Continuous Assessment.							
	1. The continuous assessment aims at evaluating the progress of the students' study, assisting them in self-monitoring the respective learning outcomes, and applying the knowledge learnt in practical situations.							
	2. The examination is us understanding and an well as to determine t	nalysing the	problems	critical	ly and	indepen	dently; as	
Student Study Effort	Class contact:							
Expected	Lectures						33 Hrs.	
	Tutorials / Laboratory						6 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:							

	Course work	40 Hrs.
	 Self-learning 	36 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	115 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Lecture Notes, Articles, and Handouts Computer Vision: A Modern Approach, David A. Forsyth latest edition. Introduction to AI Robotics, Robin Murphy, MIT Press Ca USA, latest edition. Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Imp Choset et al, MIT, latest edition. Vehicles: Experiments in Synthetic Psychology, Valenting Press Ltd, latest edition. Robotics Modelling, Planning and Control, Bruno Sicilian 	ambridge, MA, lementations, Howie o Braitenberg, MIT

Developed in June 2019

Subject Code	ME42001
Subject Title	Artificial Intelligence in Products
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME31002 Linear Systems and Control ; or ME41004 Mechatronics and Control
Objectives	To provide students with basic knowledge on Artifical Intelligence (AI) for product design and development.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply knowledge of mathematics, expert systems, fuzzy systems and learning models to aid the design and development of intelligent products and systems. b. Understand applications of AI in different fields. c. Work effectively as a member to tackle a multi-disciplinary design project involving the application of AI. d. Appreciate the state-of-the-art applications of AI in products and present a design project via computer programming and written report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <i>Expert Systems</i> - Principles of expert systems; Knowledge representations; Inference mechanisms; Graph search algorithms; Rule-based expert systems; Application of expert systems to product design and product data management using Prolog or available software packages. (Delete some topics) <i>Fuzzy Inference Systems</i> - Fuzzy sets and crisp sets; Membership functions; Properties of fuzzy sets; Operations on fuzzy sets; Operations on fuzzy relations; Fuzzy if-then statements; Inference rules; Developing fuzzy inference systems using Matlab or available software packages. <i>Learning Models</i> – Introduction to different learning algorithms and models; Regression; Classification; Supervised learning; Unsupervised learning; Reinforcement learning; Neural Network; Deep learning; Developing learning models using Python or available software packages

Teaching/Learning Methodology	1. 2. 3.	The lectures are aimed at providing fundamental knowledge on artification intelligence for product design and development. (Outcomes a and b) The tutorials/computer labs are aimed at enhancing applicable skills of the students. Examples of machine intelligence and other forms of AI in commercial products will be involved. (Outcomes a and b) The project is aimed at integrating the knowledge that will be applied through team project on product design and development with intelligence system (Outcomes a - d)					ls of the ommercial through a		
		Teaching/Learning N	lethodology		Outo	comes			
			lethodology	а	b	c	d		
		Lecture							
		Tutorial			\checkmark				
		Project			\checkmark				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes		Specific assessment methods/tasks% weightingIntended subject learnin outcomes to be assessed tick as appropriate)				assessed (
				а	b	c	d		
		1. Class Test	10%		\checkmark				
		2. Homework	10%		\checkmark				
		3. Group Project	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
		4. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
		Total	100%						
		xplanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing tended learning outcomes: verall Assessment: 0.50 x End of Subject Examination + 0.50 x Continuous Assessment.					s in asse	ssing the	
	Ove								
	cons worl stud by s will exar	weighting of 50% on continuous assessment is meant to allow students to solidate their learning through continuous effort such as assignments and project k. The group project will be assigned to students at early stage of the subject y which enables students to link the knowledge they learnt with the project step tep. Report and the presentation will be major outcomes of the project work that show how the students are able to design intelligent systems for products. The nination is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for erstanding artifical intelligence of the products.				nd project ne subject oject step work that ucts. The			

Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	Lecture	30 Hrs.		
	Tutorial / Computer Labs	9 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	Reading and review	20 Hrs.		
	Homework assignment	10 Hrs.		
	Project Report	36 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Luger, G.F., and Stubblefield, W.A., Artificial Intelligence and the Design of Expert Systems, The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Co., latest edition. Clocksin, W. F., Programming in Prolog, Berlin; New York: Springer-Verla latest edition. Ross, Timothy J., Fuzzy logic with engineering applications, Chicheste Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, latest edition. Campesato, O., Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, and Deep Learning, Mercury Learning & Information, latest edition.			

Revised Jun 2020

Subject Code	ME42004					
Subject Title	Development of Green Products					
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: CEE370 Environmental Science I; or ME22002 Integrated Product Development Fundamentals; or ME32001 Manufacturing Fundamentals; or ME32003 Design and Manufacturing; or ISE386 Integrated Design for Manufacture					
Objectives	To enhance students' awareness of environmental issues and provide them with necessary knowledge in green product development.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate the environmental impact of product manufacturing, distribution, use and disposal. b. Critically evaluate the environmental impacts of products during their life cycle and suggest appropriate actions to minimize/mitigate the impacts. c. Apply green design concepts in designing/re-designing products to fulfill the needs of green product market. d. Evaluate existing products/processes/technologies in terms of their environmental performance, and present the findings via oral presentation and written report. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Environmental Issues of Concern - Depletion and degradation of natural resources, environmental pollution and history of responses to pollution, waste and waste disposal issues, global warming, ozone layer depletion, acid rains, desertification, climate change, consumerism and its effect on global environment , individual and social preference for green living. Environmental Impact of Products - Life-cycle of a product, environmental impact of products over its life-cycle, environmental impact of packaging, strategies for minimizing environmental impact, drivers for green product design Green and Sustainable Product Development Process - Concept of green and sustainable product development: product design, planning and innovation for environmental management standards. Material Selection and Procurement for Green Product Development – Material selection for green design: Material selection process steps for green design, material selection methods, and material assessments. Green Procurement: Benefits of green procurement, green procurement process steps, evaluation of suppliers, green procurement programmes. 					

	<i>Environmental Assessment of Green Products</i> - Criteria on the global warming, stratospheric ozone depletion, photochemical ozone formation, acidification, nutrient enrichment, ecotoxicity, human toxicity, resource consumption and working environment. Normalisation and weighting in the environmental assessment of products, life-cycle impact assessment (LCA) of products. <i>The Green Future</i> - Green consumerism, opportunities from green technologies, green taxes and their effect on product development and marketing.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	1. The lectures are aimed at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding the need for a green design approach, developing green products, assessing environmental impact of products and highlighting the opportunities arising from green consumerism. They provide a necessary framework for subsequent self-learning and group-learning activities. (Outcomes a to c)							
	2. The tutorials are aimed at enhancing the students' skills necessary for analyzing the environmental impact of existing products and packaging solutions using various tools and develop solution strategies to minimize impact. Therefore, students will be able to solve real-world problems using the knowledge they acquired in the class. (Outcomes a to c)							
	3. The mini-project is aimed at enhancing the written and oral communication skills and teamwork spirit of the students. The students are expected to utilize the knowledge acquired in class to analyze the environmental impact of a selected existing product and systematically redesign it to enhance its green attributes in order to strategically place the product in rapidly developing green market. (Outcomes c and d)							
	4. The assignments and case studies are aimed at providing students with learning opportunities to study the practical implementations of green product and process assessments and developments. (Outcomes a, b and d)							
	Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes							
		a b c d						
	Lecture/Tutorial	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Mini-project report & presentation			\checkmark				
	Homework assignments/Case studies	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting						
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	c	d		
Outcomes	1. Homework assignments/ Case studies	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	2. Test	20%	\checkmark					
	3. Mini-project report & presentation	20%				\checkmark		
	4. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Total	100%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the as learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination 1. The continuous assessment will	+ 0.50 × Co	ntinuou	is Asses	sment.			
 1. The continuous assessment will comprise three assignments & case studies (10%), test (20%) an presentation (20%). The homework assignments and tee the progress of students study and assisting them in fulfi learning outcomes. The mini-project and case studie learning outcomes while providing them with opportunknowledge, enhance written & oral communication skills 2. The examination (50%) will be used to assess the knowlindependently in understanding and analysing related product determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes. 						report & evaluating ve subject s students heir learnt spirit. y students		
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture					33 Hrs.		
	Tutorial/Mini-project discussion & pres	sentation				6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:							
	 Self study/coursework 					43 Hrs.		
	 Mini-project report preparation and pre- 	esentation				24 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort 106 I							
Reading List and References						ncil, latest ion. g the Way		

Subject Code	ME43001					
Subject Title	Advanced Materials for Design and Technology					
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite:ME33001 Mechanics of MaterialsExclusion:ME45006 Aircraft Structure and Engineering Composite					
Objectives	To provide advanced knowledge on the design, development, processing, applications and structural evaluations of advanced materials and structures, including smart materials and aircraft and aerospace structures.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply the mechanics of composites and smart materials in the product design process. b. Design innovative products/structures by applying knowledge in advanced materials and technology including smart materials and intelligent technology. c. Identify the limitations and constraints by using advanced materials at different environments. d. Consider environmental factors during the product design process. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Advanced Composite Materials - Design and mechanical performance; Lamination theory; The rule of mixtures; Design for aircraft and aerospace structures; Environmentally-friendly composites; Composite manufacturing process; Recycling advanced composites; Environmental impact. Smart Materials and Structures and Integrated Systems - Shape memory alloy (SMA) sensors and actuators; Hysteresis loop; Constitutive models; Active piezo-electric actuators; PVDF; Magnetostrictive materials; Dynamic control of smart structures; Bio-compatibility; Embedded sensor technology. Nano-structural Materials - Carbon nanotubes and their composite structures; Nanoclay/polymer composites; Superhard particles for wear resistance; Micro-electromechanical (MEMs) and Nano-electro-mechanical (NEMs) devices. 					

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to advanced materials. (Outcomes a, b and c) Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations. (Outcomes a, b and c)					ed	
						cal	
		Project or case study is used to allow students to deepen their knowledge on a specific topic through search of information, analysis of data and report writing. (Outcomes to d)					
	Experiments are used to relat exposed to hand-on experience skills on interpreting experime	e, proper use	of equipm	ent and ap			
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	logy		Outc	omes		
			a	b	с	d	
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorial		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Project/case study	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Experiment			\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	J E				
Outcomes			a	b	с	d	
	1. Examination	50%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Assignment	25%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Project / case study / Presentation	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	4. Laboratory report	5%	\checkmark		\checkmark		
	Total	100%					
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessment intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the assignments and laboratory which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topic syllabus. Written report and oral presentation on a specific project or case strused to assess the students' knowledge on smart materials. 					nd the abili atory report topics of t	ity orts the

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial/Laboratory	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Assignment	21 Hrs.
	Self-study	40 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	100 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Nano-scale materials: from science to technology, and P. Jena, editors, New York, Nova Science Publ Smart Materials, edited by Mel Schwartz, CRC I edition. Progress in Smart Materials and Structures, Peter Nova Science Publishers, latest edition. Smart Structures -Analysis and Design, A. V. Srin Cambridge University Press, latest edition. Shape Memory Materials, K. Otsuka & C. M. Wa Press, latest edition. Zafer Gurdal, Raphael T. Haftka and Prabhat Hajel Laminated Composite Materials, John Wiley & Sor Sergey Edward Lyshevski, MEMS and NEM Structures, Boca Raton, Fla.: CRC Press, latest edit Facing up to the Recycling Challenge, Reinforce Periodocal, latest edition. Principles of Composite Material Mechanics, Ro Taylor & Francis Group, latest edition. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction G. Rethwisch, John Wiley & Sons, latest edition. 	ishers, latest edition. Press/Taylor & Francis, latest L. Reece, editor, New York, ivasan and D. M. McFarland, ayman, Cambridge University a, Design and Optimization of as, latest edition. MS: Systems, Devices, and ion. d Plastics, Elsevier, Monthly onald F. Gibson, CRC Press,

Revised March 2015

Subject Code	ME43003
Subject Title	Product Testing Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME33001 Mechanics of Materials
Objectives	To equip students with basic knowledge and universal standards of common product testing and examination technologies.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply knowledge of mathematics, engineering sciences and computing simulation to analyze and test a product design via analytical, experimental and computational approaches. b. Understand and explain the effects of various important factors including materials, manufacturing processes, environmental and health issues, reliability and safety issues on product design and development. c. Work effectively as a member and apply project management technique in the capacity of a team leader to complete a multi-disciplinary product testing project. d. Appreciate the state-of-the-art product testing technologies and present a design project via written report. e. Recognize the need to develop the ability of life-long learning.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Purpose and Classification of Product Testing and Examination - Damage and degradation of products, environmental attack, crack initiation, aging, fault in manufacturing process; classification of testing and examination methods. Destructive Testing - Tensile and shear strength tests; Drop tests for home appliances and toys; Impact and fracture toughness tests for plastics and metallic materials; Scratch and wear tests of surface coatings; Hardness test; Creep and durability tests for static and dynamic products. Non-destructive Testing (NDT) - Damage detection in products; embedded sensor technology; Wireless sensing technique; Ultrasonic spectroscopy and detection technique; Vibration and acoustic emission technique; Acousto-ultrasonic reproducibility; C-scan of composite products; Thermal wave imaging and full-field NDE; Microwave evaluation; Eddy current and Magnetic flux techniques. Product Examination Techniques - Surface morphology examination using optical technique, scanning electron microscopy (SEM) and atomic force microscopy (AFM); Chemical analysis using EDX and XRF; Structure examination using XRD. Standards and Data Handling - Design for inspection; Testing codes and standards; Data collection and analysis techniques.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	1. The lectures are aimed at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding and analyzing product testing technology and methodology. (Outcomes a and b).						
	2. The tutorials are aimed at enhancing the analytical skills of the students. Examples on the analysis of testing methods and testing results will be involved. So the students will be able to solve real-world problems using the knowledge they acquired in the class. (Outcomes a, b and e).						
	3. The experiments will provide the students with hands-on experience on the instrumentation and measurement. It also trains students in the analysis and presentation of experimental data. (Outcomes a and b).						
	 4. The mini-project is aimed at enhancing the written and oral communication skills and team-work spirit of the students. The students are expected to apply the knowledge learnt in product testing technologies. The students are required to participate in the mini-project through literature survey, information search, discussions, report writing and presentation of results. Innovative thinking is encouraged. (Outcomes a, b, c, d and e). 						
	Taashing/Learning Mathadala	~~~		(Outcome	s	
	Teaching/Learning Methodolo	egy	а	b	с	d	e
	Lecture		\checkmark				
	Tutorial		\checkmark				\checkmark
	Experiment		\checkmark				
	Mini-project		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende be asse	omes to			
Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e
	1. Test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Assignment	10%		\checkmark			\checkmark
	3. Project	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	4. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 x End of Subject Examination + 0.50 x Continuous Assessment.						

	 The continuous assessment will comprise of four components: one test (20%), assignments (10%), project reports (10%) and oral presentation (10%). The test is aimed at assessing the interim knowledge gained by the student. The assignments are aimed at assisting the students in preparation for the tests and checking the progress of their study. The project report is aimed at assessing the capability of the student in analyzing and reporting experimental data, self-learning and problem-solving skills, and English writing capability. The oral presentation is aimed at assessing the student's communication and presentation skills. The examination will be used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the product problems related to property testing and defect/motion detecting technologies. 				
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	30 Hrs.			
	Laboratory / Tutorial	9 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	Reviewing and Reading	26 Hrs.			
	Assignment / Laboratory Report	40 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Mechanical Testing, ASM International, ASM Handbook Volume 8, latest edition. Sampling and analysis, Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Prentice Hall, latest edition. Nondestructive testing of materials, Amsterdam; Washington, D.C.: IOS Press; Tokyo: Ohmsa, latest edition. Practical non-destructive testing, Raj Baldev, New Delhi: Narosa Pub. House; Materials Park, Ohio: Distribution in North America only by ASM International, latest edition. Encyclopedia of Materials Characterization, TA418.7.B73, latest edition. 				

Subject Code	ME44001
Subject Title	Air Conditioning for Indoor Thermal and Environmental Quality
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics or ME34003 Thermofluid Mechanics
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of air conditioning for indoor thermal and environmental quality.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate and understand the concepts and components of air conditioning and refrigeration systems and applications. b. Applied the general knowledge of indoor thermal comfort and environmental health. c. Applied the knowledge of moist air properties and conditioning processes. d. Apply the knowledge of heating and cooling load required for a building. e. Applied the knowledge of refrigeration systems and cycles.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Introduction of Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Systems and Applications - Basic components of air conditioning and refrigeration systems. The complete air conditioning system. Central mechanical equipment. All-air systems, air-and-water systems, all-water systems. Unitary air conditioners. Heat pumps. Heat recovery systems. Thermal storage.
	<i>Moist Air Properties and Conditioning Processes</i> - Moist air and standard atmosphere. Fundamental parameters. Adiabatic saturation. Wet bulb temperature and the Psychrometric chart. Space air conditioning- design and off-design conditions.
	<i>Space Heating and Cooling Loads</i> - Outdoor and Indoor design conditions. Heat transmission in building structures. Infiltration. Heat losses from air ducts. Auxiliary heat sources. Supply air for space heating. Source media for space heating. Heat gain, cooling load and heat extraction rate. Solar radiation. Outside and interior surface heat balance. Zone air heat balance. Implementation of the heat balance method.
	<i>Refrigeration</i> - Refrigerants. Mechanical vapour-compression refrigeration cycles. Modifications to basic cycles. Reciprocating compressors. Cooling towers.
	<i>Indoor Thermal Comfort</i> - Physiological considerations. Thermal comfort indices and conditions. Hot and humid, and extreme cold environments.
	<i>Indoor Environmental Health</i> - Terminology and standards. Health sciences. The basic concerns of indoor air quality (IAQ). Prediction of indoor air quality model. Physical agents. Methods to control contaminants. Gas and particulate removal applications.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 The subject intends to equip students with fundamental knowledge of conditioning for indoor thermal and environmental quality. Systematic lecture required to achieve such foundation building coupled with assignments (outcomb, c, d and e). Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowled practical situations (outcomes a, b, c, d and e). It is intended to make use of these teaching/learning methodologies to achieve intended subject learning outcomes as indicated in the following table: 							es are nes a, ge to
	Teaching/Learning Me	thodology		(Outcome	s		
		unodology	а	b	с	d	e	
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Tutorial		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes			a	b	c	d	e	
	1. Assignment	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100%						
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intend learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment 1. The continuous assessment will comprise two components: assignments (30%) a tests (20%). The assignments are aimed at evaluating the progress of studer study, assisting them in fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, a enhancing the integration of their knowledge learnt. The mid-term test whicovers the first half of the subject material provides useful feedback to be lecturer and students on the learnt topics. 2. The examination (50%) will be used to assess the knowledge acquired by a students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically a independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes.) and dents , and which both y the and	

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Coursework	33 Hrs.
	 Self-study/ 	33 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 ASHRAE Handbooks on HVAC Systems and Refrigeration, and HVAC Applications, latest edition. F.C. McQuiston, J.D. Parker and J.D. Spitler, Conditioning- Analysis and Design, John Wiley & S W.T. Grondzik W.T.; J.S. Reynolds ; B. Stein; Electrical Equipment for Buildings, John Wiley & S 	Heating, Ventilating and Air ons, Inc., latest edition. A.G. Kwok Mechanical and

Subject Code	ME44002
Subject Title	Engine Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of engine technology, and its combustion-related emissions.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand and evaluate physical parameters of engine design and operating characteristics. b. Apply the fundamental knowledge of solving air-standard and real air-fuel engine cycles. c. Apply the fundamental knowledge of thermochemistry and fuels. d. Understand the general principles of engine combustion, emissions controls and standards.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction - Historical perspective of engines. Engine classifications. Terminology and abbreviations. Engine components. Basic engine cycles. Engine Design and Operating Characteristics - Engine parameters. Indicated work per cycle. Mean effective pressure. Brake torque and power. Dynamometers. Air-fuel and fuel-air ratios. Specific fuel consumption. Fuel efficiencies. Volumetric efficiency. Specific emissions and emission index. Relationships between performance parameters. Engine design and performance data. Noise abatement. Engine Cycles - Air-standard cycles. Otto Cycle. Diesel cycle. Dual cycle. Comparison of Otto, Diesel and Dual cycles. Real air-fuel engine cycles. Thermochemistry and Fuels - Thermochemistry. Gasoline, diesel and alternative fuels. Engine Combustion and Emissions - Spark ignition engine combustion, ignition and burning rate analysis. Compression ignition engine combustion, fuel injection, ignition delay. Engine emissions controls and standards.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to inter- combustion engines (outcomes a to d).							ernal
	Tutorials will be conduced coursework assignments (conduction)			discussio	ons of t	typical of	examples	and
	Teaching/Learning Metho	odology			Outc	comes		
				а	b	с	d	
	Lecture			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Assignment/Tutorial			\checkmark			\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		nded subj ssessed (I				
Alignment with Intended Learning				a	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Assignment	30%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Test	20%		\checkmark		\checkmark		
	3. Examination	50%			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total 100%							
	 intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment 1. The continuous assessment will comprise two components: assignmen and tests (20%). The assignments are aimed at evaluating the prostudents' studies, assisting them in fulfilling the respective intended learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of their knowledge learnid-term test(s) covers the first half of the subject material and provide feedback to both the lecturer and students on the learnt topics. 2. The examination (50%) will be used to assess the knowledge acquire students for understanding and analyzing the problems critical independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes. 						e progress ended su ge learnt. rovides u equired by critically	ss of bject The seful y the and
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						22 1	Ire
Litter Expected	Lecture				33 Hrs.			
	Tutorial						61	Hrs.
	Other student study effort:							
	Self-study/Coursewor	'k					67 H	
	Total student study effort						106 H	Irs.

Reading List and References123	 C.R. Ferguson and A.T. Kirkpatrick, Internal Combustion Engines, John Wiley & Sons Inc., latest edition W.W. Pulkrabek, Engineering Fundamentals of the Internal Combustion Engine, Prentice Hall, latest edition. J.C. Guibet, Fuels and Engines- Technology, Energy and Environment, Vol. 1 & 2, Technip, Paris, latest edition.
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Subject Code	ME44003
Subject Title	Combustion and Pollution Control
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of combustion phenomena, and formation and control of combustion-generated air pollutants.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply the fundamental knowledge of thermodynamics and chemical kinetics of combustion. b. Apply the general principles of combustion of fuels. c. Understand the formation mechanisms of combustion-generated air pollutants, and fuel emissions. d. Understand and determine appropriate methods for air pollution measurement and control. e. Determine the air pollutant concentration and dispersion from source(s).
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Thermodynamics and Chemical Kinetics of Combustion - Application of First Law of Thermodynamics. Reactant and product gaseous mixtures. Enthalpy of combustion. Adiabatic flame temperatures. Chemical and partial equilibrium. Global versus elementary reaction rates. Chemical time scales. Preignition kinetics. Global and quasi-global mechanisms. Nitrogen oxide kinetics. Combustion of Gaseous and Vaporised Fuels - Laminar and turbulent premixed flames. Diffusion flames. Mechanisms of flame stabilisation. Explosion limits. Mechanisms of quenching, flammability and ignition. Combustion of Liquid Fuels - Spray formation. Size distribution. Fuel injectors. Spray dynamics. Vaporisation of single droplet. Air Pollutants and Their Formation - Formation of carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, unburnt hydrocarbon, soot and particulates. Measurement techniques and quantification of air pollutants. Fuels and Emissions - Gasoline and diesel fuels. LPG, natural gas and biodiesel as alternative fuels. Oxygenated fuels. Effect of sulphur contents on diesel emissions. Aftertreatment for Motor Vehicle and Power Plant Emissions - Two and three way catalysts. Cyclones, precipitators, filters and traps, evaluation of capturing efficiency. Scrubbers for flue gas desulphurisation. NOx reduction. Advanced aftertreatment devices/systems.

	<i>Introduction to Air Pollutant Dispersion</i> - Chimneys, inversions and the atmosphere. Air pollutant concentration and dispersion from motor vehicles and chimneys. Street canyon effect.								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to combustion and pollution control (outcomes a to e). Tutorials will be conducted to facilitate discussions of typical examples and coursework assignments (outcomes a to e).								
	Teaching/Learning Methodol	ogy		(Outcome	s			
			а	b	с	d	e		
	1. Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Assignment/Tutorial		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject learning outcome be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)								
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e		
Outcomes	1. Assignment	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Test	20%	\checkmark						
	3. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark					
	Total	100%							
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment 1. The continuous assessment will comprise two components: assignments (30%) and tests (20%). The assignments are aimed at evaluating the progress of students study, assisting them in fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of their knowledge learnt. The mid-term test(s) covers the first half of the subject material and provides useful feedback to both the lecturer and students on the learnt topics. 2. The examination (50%) will be used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the intended subject learning outcomes. 								

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Self-study/coursework 	67 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	106 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 G.L. Borman and K.W. Ragland, Combustion Eng edition. R.J. Heinsohn and R.L. Kabel, Sources and Cont Hall, latest edition. N.D. Nevers, Air Pollution Control Engineering, M S.R. Turns, An Introduction to Combustion- McGraw-Hill, latest edition. 	rol of Air Pollution, Prentice cGraw-Hill, latest edition.

Subject Code	ME44004
Subject Title	Heat and Mass Transfer
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics; and ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	To provide students with the fundamental knowledge of heat and mass transfer.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply the fundamental knowledge of heat transfer mechanisms, namely conduction, convection and radiation. b. Evaluate different types of heat exchangers. c. Apply the numerical techniques in heat transfer applications. d. Apply the fundamental knowledge of mass transfer.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction - Conduction, convection and radiation. Fourier's law. Newton's law of cooling. Conduction - The plane wall. Insulation and thermal resistance. Radial systems. The overall heat transfer coefficient. Critical thickness of insulation. Heat-Source systems. Cylinder with heat sources. Heat transfer from extended surfaces. Unsteady conduction in slab or cylinder, Lumped-heat-capacity method. Forced and Free Convection - Governing equation for the boundary layer. Fluid and thermal boundary layer. The relation between fluid friction and heat transfer. Flow over a flat plate. Flow across cylinders/tubes and spheres. Heat transfer coefficients for free convection of plates and cylinders. Numerical Simulation - General differential equations for heat conduction. Energy balance method. Finite-difference solutions for differential equations of heat conduction. Explicit and implicit methods. Grid shape and size. Gauss-Seidel iteration. Accuracy and stability. Heat Exchanger - Heat exchanger types. The overall heat transfer coefficient. Heat exchanger analysis: Log mean temperature difference, parallel and counterflow heat exchanger analysis: The Effectiveness-NTU Method. Radiation - Black body and grey body. Absorptivity and emissivity. View factors. Irradiation and radiosity. Radiation exchange between surfaces and its network approach.
	<i>Mass Transfer</i> - Basic equations in mass transfer. Analogy between heat and mass transfer. Mass diffusion. Boundary conditions. Steady mass diffusion through a wall.

	Water vapour migration in buildings. Simultaneous heat and mass transfer.						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to heat tra- mass transfer (outcomes a to d). Tutorials will be conducted to facilitate discussions of typical exam- coursework assignments (outcomes a to d).						
	Teaching/Learning Methodolo	ogy		Outo	comes		7
			a	b	с	d	
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Assignment/Tutorial		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Outcomes		200/	a	b	c	d	-
	1. Assignment	30%					-
	2. Test	20%	<u>۷</u>	N	1	1	-
	3. Examination Total	50% 100%		\checkmark		\checkmark	_
	 Explanation of the appropriation intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Exa 1. The continuous assessme and tests (20%). The assign study, assisting them into outcomes, and enhancing test(s) covers the first half both the lecturer and stude 2. The examination (50%) we students for understance independently; as well a subject learning outcomes 	mination + 0.3 nt will compr nments are ain fulfilling th the integration of the subject ents on the leas will be used t ling and an s to determin	50 × Conti ise two co med at eva the respect the of their k the material a rnt topics. to assess the alyzing the	nuous A omponer luating t ive inte nowledg and prov he know the pro	ssessmer nts: assig he progra nded su ge learnt. ides usef vledge ac blems of	nt nments (3 ess of stud bject lear The mid- ful feedbac equired by critically	30%) dents rning term ck to y the and

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	 Tutorial 	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Self-study/Coursework 	67 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	106 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Y.A. Cengel and A.J. Ghajar, Heat and Mass T Applications, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. J.P. Holman, Heat Transfer, McGraw Hill, latest edit F.P. Incropera, D.P. Dewitt, T.L. Bergman and A. and Mass Transfer, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., latest edit 	tion. S. Lavine, Principles of Heat

Subject Code	ME44007
Subject Title	Fluids Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	 This subject provides students with knowledge to: Apply principle of rotodynamic machinery to centrifugal pump design. Select centrifugal pump system to aid operation of pipe flow system. Understand major parameters of axial-flow fan design and their effects on fan characteristics. Understand the phenomena of crossflow around cylinder(s) and their applications to flow-induced vibration.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply fluid mechanics/dynamics and mathematics to centrifugal/axial-flow pump/fan selection and design. b. Acquire skills and hands-on experience to assess the performance of centrifugal/axial-flow pump/fan at different operation conditions. c. Apply fluid mechanics/dynamics and mathematics to analyze the vibration caused by crossflow around cylinder. d. Conduct a pump/fan design project and produce a design report. e. Search for suitable information related to pump/fan design, and methods to control flow-induced vibration.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Rotodynamic Machinery – Construction and characteristics of rotodynamic machinery: pump/fan and turbine, centrifugal pump/fan, axial-flow fan/turbine; application of Euler's equation and Bernoulli's equation. Centrifugal Pump – Velocity triangles through impeller and volute; losses and efficiency; Net Positive Suction Head (NPSH); impeller design: blade angle and number of blades; problem of cavitation; revision of pipe-flow system; selection of centrifugal pump for pipe flow system; characteristics of pumps in series/parallel; effects of pump speed; Similarity Laws and specific speed. Axial-flow Fan – Velocity triangles through impeller blade and stationary vane; static pressure and efficiency vs volume discharged; aero-foil lift/drag coefficients and angle of attack; hub/tip ratio; number and solidity of blades (pitch/chord ratio); relation of lift coefficient with blade solidity and flow deflection angle; effects of blade speed; aero-foil blades with losses. Crossflow around Cylinder(s) – Velocity distribution; effect of Reynolds numbers; flow separations; laminar and turbulent vortex street; vortex shedding; lift and drag; pressure distribution and coefficients; mean and fluctuating forces; effects of freestream turbulence, surface roughness and compressibility of the fluid on flow

	field; Prandtl's mixing length model; t control of vortex induced vibration.	flow-ind	uced	viorau	011, 111	ulti-cy	inders	system.
	Laboratory Work: There are 2 two-hour laboratory session Typical experiments are: 1. Selection of centrifugal pump for a 2. Performance of axial-flow fan at di 3. Vortex generation for a crossflor cylinder.	pipe-flo ifferent b	lade	design		s numł	bers ar	round a
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fund axial-flow pump/fan, and crossflow an			-				trifugal/
	Tutorials are used to illustrate the app situations (outcomes a, b and c).	olication	of fui	ndame	ntal ki	nowled	lge to p	oractical
	Design project/case study are used to knowledge and skills in design/analys induced vibration problem (outcomes	sis of cer	ntrifug	gal/axi		-		
	Experimental works are used to rela							
	students are guided to obtain hand- application of analytical skills on interest.	-		-	-			
	application of analytical skills on inte	-		rimen	tal res		utcome	
	application of analytical skills on interest.	-		rimen	tal res	ults (o	utcome	
	application of analytical skills on interest.	-	; expe	erimen Le	tal res	ults (o	utcome comes	es b and
	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology	-	expe a	erimen Le	arning	ults (o g Outc c	utcome comes	es b and
	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures	-	; expe a √	Le	arning	ults (o g Outc c √	utcome comes	es b and
	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials	-	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$		arning	ults (o g Outc c 	omes d	es b and
Assessment Methods in	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study	-	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$		arning	ults (o g Outc \overline{c} subject	omes d	e e √ √
	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study Experimental Work Specific assessment	erpreting	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$		arning	ults (o g Outc \overline{c} subject	d d √ ct learn	e e √ √
Methods in Alignment with	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study Experimental Work Specific assessment	erpreting	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$	Le Le I I Int ou	arning arning	ults (o g Outc c subjection	d d d ct learne asses	e e $$
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study Experimental Work Specific assessment methods/tasks	weight	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$	Le Le I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	arning arning	ults (o g Outc c subject es to bo c	d d d ct learne asses	e e $$
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	application of analytical skills on inte e). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study Experimental Work Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination	weight 50 %	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$	Le Le I I I I I I I I I I I I	arning arning b d ended atcome	ults (o g Outc c subject es to be c 	d d d ct learne asses	e e $$
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	application of analytical skills on intere). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study Experimental Work Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Test	erpreting % weight 50 % 20 %	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$	Irrt a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	arning arning v v v ended atcome v v	ults (o g Outc c subject es to be c 	d d √ ct learn e assess d	e $$ $$ $$ $$
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	application of analytical skills on intere). Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Design Project / Case Study Experimental Work Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Test 3. Design Project and Report	erpreting % weight 50 % 20 %	$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\sqrt{2}}$	Irrt a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	arning arning v v v ended atcome v v	ults (o g Outc c subject es to be c 	d d √ ct learn e assess d	e

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment m intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.5 × End of Subject Examination + 0.5 × Continuous A Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall under of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the test, design laboratory work which provide timely feedbacks to both be various topics of the syllabus. Written reports on design laboratory work are used to assess the students' knowledge of on report writing.	ssessment erstanding and the ability gn project, case study and ecturers and students on project, case study and
On Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	• Lectures	33 Hrs.
	Laboratory Work/Tutorials	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	• Assignments: Design Project and Report, Case-study and Report, Laboratory Work and Reports	48 Hrs.
	Self-study and Literature Search	30 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Darby, R., Chemical Engineering Fluid Mechanics, M edition. Zdravkovich, M.M., Flow around Circular Cylinders, O latest edition. Shaw, C.T., Using Computational Fluid Dynamics, Pren Wallis, R.A., Axial Flow Fans and Ducts, John-Wiley, Is Osborne, W.C., Fans, Pergamon, latest edition. 	Oxford University Press, tice Hall, latest edition.

August 2017

Subject Code	ME45001
Subject Title	Aerodynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	To equip students with necessary knowledge of flow physics, analytical and numerical techniques for the prediction of forces acting on and performance analysis of aerodynamic bodies.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Formulate and solve problems relating to low-speed flow past two-dimensional airfoils and aerodynamic bodies by applying inviscid and incompressible flow theories.
	b. Formulate and solve problems relating to downwash and induced drag phenomena for finite wings by applying the techniques derived from laws of vortex motion.
	c. Formulate and solve problems relating to compressible flow through nozzles/diffusers and supersonic flow past aerodynamic bodies by applying one- dimensional compressible flow equations and knowledge of flow compressibility and wave phenomena in aerodynamics.
	d. Analyze and interpret data obtained from experiments in incompressible and compressible aerodynamics.
	e. Present effectively in completing written reports of laboratory work and the given task.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Fundamental Principles and Equations</i> - Control volume concept for fluid. Continuity equation. Momentum equation. Energy equation. Substantial derivative. Angular velocity, vorticity and strain. Dimensional analysis.
	<i>Inviscid and Incompressible Flow</i> - Stream function and velocity potential. Potential flow. Laplace's equation and its elementary solutions.
	<i>Incompressible Flow over Two-Dimensional Airfoils</i> - Airfoil nomenclature and characteristics. The Kutta condition. Circulation and lift. Kelvin's circulation theorem and starting vortex. General thin airfoil theory. Symmetric and cambered airfoils. Aerodynamic Center. Panel method for arbitrary lifting bodies. Viscous airfoil drag.
	<i>Finite Wings</i> - Downwash and induced drag. Vortex system on finite wing. Law of vortex motion. Prantdl's lifting line theory. Lifting-surface theory and vortex lattice numerical method.

	Go wa	<i>iscid and Compressible</i> verning equations. One ves. Two-dimensional su pugh nozzles and diffuse	-dimensional f upersonic flow	low:	weak	wave	es an	d pla	ane	nor	mal s	shock
	Pra	<i>mpressible Flow over A</i> ndtl-Glauert compressib personic pressure coeffic	oility correction	ı. Ĉr	itical l	Mach	numł	ber. 🛛				
Teaching/Learning Methodology		ctures are used to deliver well as solution techniqu		-	-	es and	l equa	ation	s of	aero	odyna	umics
		corials are used to illust gineering situations (out		atior	ı of fu	ndam	ental	prin	ciple	es to	o prae	ctical
	dee	jects, in the form of des pen their knowledge on a and report writing (out	a selected topi	ic th								
	and pro are	periment(s) on evaluatin aerodynamic character vided for bridging the k exposed to proper use operimental results (outcome	ristics, either nowledge of flu of knowledge t	in la uid n augh	aborate nechar	ory on nics w	r nun ith cu	neric Irrent	al s t suł	setup oject	o, is t. Stu	(are) dents
							Outo	come	es			7
		Teaching/Learning	g Methodology		а	b		c	d		e	
		Lecture				\checkmark				1		
		Tutorial			\checkmark	\checkmark						
		Project/Laboratory			\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark	
		Experiment			\checkmark				١	/	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning		pecific assessment ethods/tasks	% weighting	out	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
Outcomes				a		b	c	d	l	e		
	1.	Assignment	20%		1	V						
	2.	Project/Laboratory report	15%		~	V		\checkmark	,			
	3.	Test	15%	٧	1	\checkmark						
	4.	Examination	50%		1	\checkmark	\checkmark					
	Т	otal	100%									
		planation of the appro ended learning outcomes		the	assess	ment	meth	nods	in	asse	essing	g the
	Ov	erall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject	Examination +	0.50) × Co	ntinuc	ous As	ssess	mer	nt		

	Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by continuous assessment including assignments projects and test(s), which provide timely feedback to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus. Assigned homework and test are designed to enhance the students' learning of fundamental principles in aerodynamics. The projects provide students an opportunity to capitalize on the knowledge they learn for tackling practical aerodynamic problems arising from real practice. Written report and oral presentation on a specific project or case study is used to assess the students' knowledge in contemporary aircraft maintenance engineering.				
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	 Self-study 	45 Hrs.			
	Homework assignment	12 Hrs.			
	 Project/case study 	12 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	108 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Anderson Jr., J. D., Fundamentals of Aerodynamics, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Houghton, E. L., and Carpenter, P. W., Aerodynamics for Engineering Students, Butterworth & Heinemann, latest edition. Bertin, J. J. and Cummings, R. M., Aerodynamics for Engineers, Pearson Prentice- Hall, latest edition. Anderson Jr., J. D., Aircraft Performance and Design, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. 				

Subject Code	ME45002
Subject Title	Aircraft Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	To develop students' fundamental knowledge and basic concepts on components and operating principles of essential mechanical and electrical systems in civil transport aircraft.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. Demonstrate good understanding of the principles of flight control and various systems in civil transport aircraft; and formulate and solve problems relating to aircraft systems. b. Identify the flight control and utility functions to be considered in the design of an aircraft hydraulic system. c. Explain major electrical loads and the characteristics of modern aircraft electrical system. d. Explain the need for cabin and avionics conditioning and outline recent advances in aircraft environmental control system design. e. Explain the design philosophy and objectives of aircraft emergency systems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Flight Control Systems</i> - Principles of flight control. Primary and secondary flight controls. Flight phases.
	<i>Power Plant</i> - Fuel efficiency. Effect of specific thrust. Specific fuel consumption and flight speed. Engine cycle and performance.
	<i>Fuel Systems</i> - Characteristics of aircraft fuel systems. Fuel system components. Aircraft mass and payload.
	<i>Hydraulic Systems</i> - Flight control and utility functions. Emergency power sources. Landing-gear system. Braking and anti-skid.
	<i>Electrical systems</i> - Characteristics of civil aircraft electrical system. Electrical loads. Emergency power generation.
	Pneumatic systems - Pitot-static systems. Use of engine bleed air. Bleed air control. Thrust reversers.
	<i>Environmental Control Systems</i> - The need for cabin and equipment conditioning. Environmental control system design. Air distribution systems. Cabin pressurization.
	<i>Emergency Systems</i> - Warning systems. Fire detection and suppression. Emergency oxygen. Explosion suppression. Passenger evacuation.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the systems (outcomes a to e).	fundamental	knowle	edge in	relation	to variou	s aircraft
	Tutorials are used to illustrate t situations (outcomes a to e).	he applicatio	n of fu	ndament	tal know	ledge to	practical
	used to relate the concepts lea	arnt on class	s to en	gineerin	g practi	ces. Stuc	lents are
	Teaching/Learning Methodolog	gy			Outcom	es	
			а	invited industrial professionals are Outcomes 0utcomes 0utcomes 0ut $\sqrt{10}$			
	Lecture		\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark
	Tutorial		\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark
	Industrial field visit and specia	l seminar	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/ tasks	% weighting	be ass	sessed (I			omes to
Outcomes			a	b	c	d	e
	1. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	2. Assignment and test	40%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	3. Industrial field visit and visit report, report for special seminars	10%					\checkmark
	Total	100%			1		•
	Explanation of the appropriate intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Exam Examination is adopted to asses of applying the concepts. It is assignments, closed-book tests, assessment is aimed at enhanc various topics of the syllabus.	ination + 0.50 s students on s supplement industrial vis	0 × Cor the over the by sits and	ntinuous erall unc continu special	Assessn lerstandi ous asse seminar	nent ng and tl essment i s. The co	ne ability including ontinuous

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Course work 	20 Hrs.
	 Self-study 	45 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	104 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 The Rolls-Royce Book of the Jet Engine, latest ededition. SAE Aerospace Information Report 5005, Aeros Hydraulic Systems, latest edition. I. Moir amd A.G. Seabridge, Design and Developm Introduction, First Edition, AIAA Education Series. 	space – Commercial Aircraft nent of Aircraft Systems – An

Subject Code	ME45006
Subject Title	Aircraft Structure and Engineering Composites
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite:ME33001 Mechanics of MaterialsExclusion:ME43001 Advanced Materials for Design and Technology
Objectives	To provide students fundamental knowledge relevant to the structures and composite materials used in modern aircraft, and broad knowledge of all aspects of the technology related to aircraft structural applications.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Demonstrate an understanding of key aspects of aircraft structures. b. Formulate, analyze, design and optimize an aircraft structure subject to a combined loading using stress analysis tools. c. Formulate and solve problems involving compression/tension, bending, torsion and buckling in aircraft structures. d. Understand mechanical behaviors and manufacturing of composites used in aircraft. e. Gain appreciation of the wide design flexibility composites in modern aircraft.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Fundamentals of Aircraft Structures and Materials – Aircraft structures. Wing, fuselage, tail and landing gear. Aircraft materials. Elasticity – Equations of equilibrium in a non-uniform stress field. Linear stress-strain relations. Loads Applied on Aircraft Structures – Torsion of wing and fuselage. Bending and Flexural shear of wing and fuselage. Closed single-cell thin-walled fuselage. Transverse shear stress due to transverse force in symmetric sections of fuselage. Flexural Shear Flow in Fuselage – Flexural shear flow in open thin-walled section. Shear centre in open sections. Closed thin-walled sections and combined flexural and torsional shear flow. Failure Criteria – Ductile and brittle materials. Fracture mechanics. Stress intensity factor. Fatigue. Failure criteria. Elastic Instability – Eccentrically loaded beam-column. Elastic buckling of landing gear. Torsional-flexural buckling of thin-walled bars. Analysis of Lamina and Laminates in Aircraft – Plane stress equations for composite lamina. Off-axis loading. Stacking sequence in laminates. Symmetric laminate under in-plane loading. Effective moduli for symmetric laminates. Laminar stresses.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to aircraft structures and composites (outcomes a to e).										
	Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to e).										
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	Outcomes									
		a	b	c d		e					
	Lecture		\checkmark			\checkmark					
	Tutorial	Tutorial					\checkmark				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with				Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Examination	50%	a √	b √	c √	$\frac{d}{}$	e √				
Outcomes	2. Assignment and test	50%	v √	v √	 √	v √	 √				
	Total	100%	V	N	N	N	v				
	Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject Examination + 0.50 × Continuous Assessment Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by continuous assessment including assignments and closed-book tests. The continuous assessment is aimed at enhancing the students' comprehension and assimilation of various topics of the syllabus.										
Student Study	Class contact:										
Effort Expected	Lecture				33 Hrs.						
	Tutorial			6 Hrs.							
	Other student study effort:										
	Course work						20 Hrs.				
	 Self-study 			45 Hrs.							
	Total student study effort				104 Hrs.						
Reading List and References	 C.T. Sun, Mechanics of A R.F. Gibson, Principles International Editions, la 	of Comp									

Revised March 2015

Subject Code	ME47005
Subject Title	Aircraft Performance and Flight Management
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To teach students the fundamental aerodynamic principles and performance analyses for the management of aircraft flight in atmosphere.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Demonstrate a good understanding of the aircraft wing aerodynamic forces and their management in cruising flight; b. Define the combinations of aircraft aerodynamic features and propulsion methods for different cruising requirements; c. Describe the relationships between the performance prescriptions and the power and thrust requirements for steady flight; d. Evaluate the aircraft manoeuvre stability for managing flying qualities.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Aircraft Wing Aerodynamics – Airfoil lift, drag and moments. Airfoil data. Compressibility correction. Finite wing aerodynamics. Induced drag. High-lift mechanisms. Aircraft Performance – Concept of drag polar. Propulsion characteristics. Tradeoff between thrust availability and performance efficiency. Thrust and power requirements for cruising flight. Altitude effects. Climb and descent performance. Gliding flight. Takeoff and landing. Level turn, pull-up and pull-down. Manoeuvre Management – Flying qualities. Elementary concepts of stability and control. Tail surfaces. Pitching moments of airfoil. Static and dynamic stability. Longitudinal and lateral stability. Stalling and spinning. Flight management and guidance computers (FMGC).

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to various aspects of aerodynamic characteristics for aircraft as well as their influence in determining the aircraft performance and manouvre management for atmospheric flight (Outcomes a to d). Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical flight situations (Outcomes c and d). Experiment on evaluating the effects on aircraft wing profile on aerodynamic force characteristics, either in laboratory or numerical setup, is provided for bridging the knowledge of aerodynamics with flight performance. Students are exposed to proper use of knowledge taught and analysis skills on evaluating their experimental results 									
	(Outcomes a and c).									
	Teaching/Learning Methode	omes	omes							
			a	b	с	d				
	Lectures		\checkmark							
	Homework assignments					\checkmark				
	Test			\checkmark	\checkmark					
	Examination		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark				
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks% weightingIntended subject learning outcomes to be assessed1. Homework assignments20% $\sqrt{1}$ $\sqrt{1}$ 2. Experiment15% $\sqrt{1}$ $\sqrt{1}$ 3. Test15% $\sqrt{1}$ $\sqrt{1}$ 4. Examination50% $\sqrt{1}$ $\sqrt{1}$ Total100% $\sqrt{10}$ $\sqrt{10}$ Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:Overall Assessment: $0.50 \times$ End of Subject Examination + $0.50 \times$ Continuous AssessmentExamination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability									
	of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by continuous assessment including assignments projects and test(s), which provide timely feedback to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus. Assigned homework and test are designed to enhance the students' learning of fundamental flight mechanics of an aircraft. The experiment provides students an opportunity to capitalize on the knowledge they learn for tackling practical aircraft flight performance problems. Written report and oral presentation on a specific project or case study is used to assess the students' knowledge in contemporary aeronautical engineering practice.									

Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.			
	Tutorials	6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	 Self Study 	42 Hrs.			
	 Homework assignments 	12 Hrs.			
	 Project/Case study 	12 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Kermondes, A. C., Mechanics of Flight, Prentice Hall, latest edition. Anderson Jr., J. D., Introduction to Flight, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Torenbeek, E., and Wittenberg, H., Flight Physics, Springer, latest edition. Hull, D. G., Fundamentals of Airplane Flight Mechanics, Springer, latest edition 				

March 2014

Subject Code	ME47007
Subject Title	Aircraft and Spacecraft Propulsion
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ME34002 Engineering Thermodynamics; and ME34004 Fluid Mechanics
Objectives	 To provide students with the basic knowledge relevant to propulsion systems of aircraft and spacecraft. To provide students with knowledge and applications of thermodynamic cycles in propulsion systems of aircraft and spacecraft and the chemistry and thermodynamics of combustion.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand basic knowledge of modern propulsion systems used in today's aircraft and spacecraft, such as turbojet, turbofan and rocket propulsion. b. Obtain state-of-the-art knowledge in the area of advanced aerodynamics and thermodynamics related to modern propulsion systems in aircraft and spacecraft. c. Apply their knowledge, skills and hand-on experience to the design and analysis of propulsion systems in aircraft and spacecraft. d. Extend their knowledge of mechanical engineering to different situations of engineering context and professional practice in turbomachinery.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Basic Knowledge of Compressible Flows and Thermodynamics - Conservation laws including continuity equation, momentum equation and energy equation. Brief review of thermodynamics. Isentropic and polytropic processes, stagnation concept. Speed of sound and Mach number. Quasi-one-dimensional flows, including compressible flows with friction and heat and nozzle flows. Introduction to Propulsion Systems of Aircraft - Thrust and drag. Engine stall. Ramjet, turbojet, turbofan, turboprop, turbo-shaft engines, and new types of engines. Engine maintenance. Engine airworthiness. Basic Components of Aircraft Gas-turbine Engine - Inlets. Compressor. Combustion chambers and afterburners. Turbine and nozzles. Cycle Analysis and Performance - Thrust equations. Engine performance parameters. Thermal and propulsion efficiencies. Fuel consumption rate and specific thrust. Basic considerations in the analysis of jet propulsion. Inter-cooling. Reheating. Regeneration. Cycle analysis. Modifications to turbojet engines. Introduction to Propulsion Systems of Spacecraft - Chemical rockets. Spacecraft propulsion. Electric propulsion. Rocket thrust. High-speed Airbreathing engines. Hypersonic propulsion.

	systems of aircraft and spacecraft (outcomes a to d). Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to d).									
	Teaching/Learning Me	thodology	Outcomes							
			а	b	с	d				
	Lecture			\checkmark						
	Tutorial									
	Experiment					\checkmark				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment % methods/tasks weigh		Intended subject learning outcomes to b assessed							
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d				
Outcomes	1. Examination	50%								
	2. Assignments including Tests	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	3. Experiment	20%			\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Total	100%								
	as to fulfill the requirements of being space engineers. All assigned homework inclusive of any computer problems should be worked independently. It is the students' responsibilities to work out the problems individually and to ask questions on those problems they have difficulty with. Unless stated otherwise, no group submission or copies are permitted. If a copy is detected, a zero score will be assigned									
	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' response on those proble	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	e problems i lty with. Ur	be worke ndividuall iless state				
Student Study Effort	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' response on those proble	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	' capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state				
	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub score will be assigned.	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' response on those proble	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	' capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state				
	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub score will be assigned. Class contact:	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' response on those proble	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state cted, a zer				
	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub score will be assigned. Class contact: • Lecture	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' respons on those proble omission or copi	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state cted, a zer 33 Hrs.				
	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub score will be assigned. Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial/Lab.	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' respons on those proble omission or copi	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state cted, a zer 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.				
	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub score will be assigned. Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial/Lab. Other student study effo	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' respons on those proble omission or copi	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state cted, a zer 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.				
Student Study Effort Expected	All assigned homework independently. It is the s and to ask questions of otherwise, no group sub score will be assigned. Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial/Lab. Other student study effo • Assignments	ents of being sp k inclusive of students' respons on those proble omission or copi	ace engine any comp sibilities to ms they h	ers. outer proble work out th ave difficul	ms should e problems i lty with. Ur	 capacitie English s be worke ndividuall nless state cted, a zer 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 36 Hrs. 				

Intended Blank

Training Subjects

Subject Code	IC2105
Subject Title	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals
Credit Value	4 Training Credits
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject offers a wide spectrum of fundamental engineering practice that are essential for a professional engineer. This subject includes Engineering Drawing and CAD, Industrial Safety and Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice, Basic Mechatronic Practice and Basic Scientific Computing that aims at providing fundamental and necessary technical skills to all year 1 students interested in engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a) Describe the principles and conventional representation of engineering drawings according to engineering standards and be able to use it as a medium in technical communication and documentation with CAD application, modelling and practice with application in mechanical, industrial systems and electrical engineering; b) Interpret basic occupational health and industrial safety requirements for engineering practice; c) Explain common electronic product safety tests; d) Design and implement simple mechatronic systems with programmable controller, software, actuation devices, sensing devices and mechanism; and e) Apply scientific computing software for computing in science and engineering including visualization and programming;

Subject Synopsis/	Syllabu	s:
Indicative Syllabus	1. <u>(TM</u>	(8059) Engineering Drawing and CAD
	1.1.	Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing and CAD Principles of orthographic projection; sectioning; dimensioning; sketching; general tolerances; conventional representation of screw threads and fasteners; types of drawings including part drawing and assembly drawing.
		Introduction to CAD; features of 2D CAD system (layer; draw; modify; block & attributes; standard library); techniques for the creation of titleblock; setup of 2D plotting; general concepts on 3D computer modeling; parametric feature based solid modeling; construction and detailing of solid features; solid model modification and its limitations; concepts of assembly modeling including bottom up and top down approaches for the generation of parts, subassemblies, and final assembly; virtual validation and simulation, generation of 2D drawings from 3D parts and assemblies; drawing annotation including dimensioning, tolerancing, and part list.
	1.2.	Electrical Drawing Wiring diagram and wiring table for electronic and electrical installation, functional representation of circuit, system block diagram, electrical and electronic device symbols and layout, architectural wiring diagram with reference to the architectural symbols for electrical drawings in Hong Kong and international standards.
	2. <u>(TM</u>	(2009) Industrial Safety
	2.1.	Safety Management: Overview, essential elements of safety management, safety training, accident management, and emergency procedures.
	2.2.	Safety Law: F&IU Ordinance and principal regulations, OSH Ordinance and principal regulations.
	2.3.	Occupational Hygiene and Environmental Safety: Noise hazard and control; dust hazard and control; ergonomics of manual handling.
	2.4.	Safety Technology: Mechanical lifting, fire prevention, dangerous substances and chemical safety, machinery hazards and guarding, electrical safety, first aid, job safety analysis, fault tree analysis, personal protective equipment.

3.	<u>(TM1</u>	116) Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice
	3.1	Use of basic electronic test instruments, current and voltage measurements, waveform measurement, power supply and signal sources;
	3.2	Electronic product safety test method; High Voltage Isolation Test, Insulation Resistance Test, Continuity Test, Leakage Current Measurement, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Test.
Δ	(TM0	510) Basic Mechatronic Practice
т.		Definitions of mechatronics; design and operation of typical mechatronic systems; appreciation of measurement system, actuator system, motor drives, mechanical drives, gear train and linkage, pneumatic and hydraulic systems, signal conditioning, and human-machine interfaces.
	4.2.	Integration of system components using appropriate controller hardware and software such as PLC, PAC, and Microcontroller system; use of simulation software packages for pneumatic and hydraulic circuit design.
Or	ne of th	e followings as decided by hosting programme
5.	<u>(TM3</u>	014) Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB
	5.1.	Overview to scientific computering; introduction to MATLAB; interactive calculations, random number generators, variables, vectors, matrices and string; mathematical operations, polynomial operation, data analysis and curve fitting, file I/O functions. Basic 2D and 3D plots.
	5.2.	M-file programming & debugging; scripts, functions, logic operations, flow control, introduction to graphical user interface.
6.	<u>(TM3</u>	300) Basic Scientific Computing with Python
	6.1.	Basic data structures and data operations; script programming and debugging; logic operations, flow control and graphical user interfaces.
	6.2.	Use of functions and popular Python packages, such as Numpy, Panda and Matplotlib.
	6.3.	Data visualization by using graphics packages; such as basic plotting, formatting, 2D and 3D plots and modifying colormap.

Learning Methodology	The teaching and learning methods include lectures, workshop tutorials, and practical works. The lectures are aimed at providing students with an overall and concrete background knowledge required for understanding key issues in engineering communication, use of standard engineering components and systems, and importance of industrial safety. The workshop tutorials are aimed at enhancing students' in-depth knowledge and ability in applying the knowledge and skills to complete specific tasks. The practical works aim at facilitating students to review the diverse topics covered in this course and
	facilitating students to review the diverse topics covered in this course and perform active learning with research, practice, questioning, and problem solving in a unified activity.

Assessment					-						
Methods in Alignment with Intended	Assessment Method	ls	Weighting (%)		Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed						
Learning Outcomes			(70)	a	b	c	d	e		
	Continuous Assessm	nent	ent								
	1. Assignment / Project 2. Test		Refer to individual		~	~	✓	~	~		
			Mod Descrip			~		~	✓		
	3. Report / Logbook	3. Report / Logbook					\checkmark	~			
	Total	100)								
	Assessment Method	Remarks									
	1. Assignment / Project	The project is designed to facilitate students to reflect and apply the knowledge periodically throughout the training.									
	2. Test		Test is designed to facilitate students to review the breadth and depth of their understanding on specific topics.								
	3. Report / Logbook		Report / Logbook is designed to facilitate students to acquire deep understanding on the topics of the training and to present those concepts clearly.								
							_				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class Contact	TM8059 TM2009 TM1116 TM0510							TM3014 or TM3300		
	 Mini-lecture 	1	1 Hrs.	7 H	Irs. 2 Hrs.		6 Hrs.		6 Hrs.		
	 In-class Assignment/ Hands-on Practice 		0 Hrs.	8 H	lrs.	rs. 4 Hrs.		Hrs.	15 Hrs.		
	Other Study Effort				1		•				
	• Nil										
	Total Study Effort	Total Study Effort							120 Hrs.		

Reading List and	Reference Software List:			
References	1. AutoCAD from Autodesk Inc.			
	2. SolidWorks from Dassault Systèmes Solidworks Corp.			
	3. MATLAB from The Mathworks Inc.			
	4. Python from Python Software Foundation			
	Reference Standards and Handbooks:			
	1. BS8888 Technical Product Specification (TPS) Specification.			
	2. Cecil H. Jensen, et al, Engineering Drawing and Design, McGraw-Hill, 2008.			
	3. Warrendale, SAE fastener standards manual, Society of Automotive Engineers, 1997.			
	4. Timothy H Wentzell, et al, Machine Design, Delmar Learning, 2004.			
	5. Czernik, Daniel, Gaskets: Design, Selection, and Testing, McGraw-Hill, 1995.			
	6. Michael M. Khonsari, E. Richard Booser, Applied Tribology: Bearing Design and Lubrication, Wiley-Interscience, 2001.			
	 IEEE Standard 315 / ANSI Y32.2 / CSA Z99 Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics Diagrams. 			
	8. IEC 61082 Preparation of Documents used in Electrotechnology.			
	Reference Books: Training material, manual and articles published by Industrial Centre.			

Subject Code	IC348			
Subject Title	Appreciation of Manufacturing Processes			
Credit Value	3 Training Credits			
Level	3			
Pre-requisite	IC2105			
Objectives	This subject aims at developing students' understanding on:			
	 the principles and operations of common manufacturing processes, and the properties and application of different materials. 			
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	a) demonstrate a holistic understanding on the working principle, capability and operation of common manufacturing processes.			
	b) justify appropriate manufacturing processes for specific product requirements.			
	c) select and use various common engineering materials for specific purpose. and			
	d) collaboratively complete an application oriented project through group work and discussions / and discuss current industrial practices and technologies.			
Subject Synopsis/	Outline Syllabus:			
Indicative Syllabus	 Properties and uses of common materials including ferrous metal, non- ferrous metals, and polymers. 			
	2) Working principles and operation of metal removal processes including turning, milling, CNC machining, and electro-discharge machining.			
	3) Working principles and operation of common production processes including casting methods for metal parts, and plastic injection moulding.			
	4) Working principles and operation of arc welding and gas welding.			
	5) Working principles and operation of common sheet metal parts manufacturing processes including blanking, forming, and turret pressing.			
	6) Working principles, operation, and comparison of surface-finish processes including electro-plating, and aluminium anodising.			

	7) Application of dimensional and geometrical measuring tools.					
Learning Methodology	 Min-lectures aim at providing students an understanding of the principles and application of common manufacturing technologies, properties and selection of common engineering materials. Hands-on activities will be used for students to appreciate the working principles, capability and operation procedures of common manufacturing processes. Group product assembly will be used to enable students to apply acquired practical knowledge and skills to produce a functional product, and to facilitate students in performing group collaboration and problem solving skills learning. 				ies and vorking	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Assessment Methods	Weighting	Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed			
		(%)	a	b	c	d
	1. Individual Assignments	60	~	~	~	
	2. Product Assembly	10				~
	3. Individual Report	30	~	~	~	~
	Total	100				
	The Individual Assignments are aimed at assessing student's ability in using various processes to produce the components for the The Product Assembly is aimed at assessing student's group collar organization, time management and problem solving capability. The individual Report is aimed at assessing student's apprunderstanding, and application of all the processes involved in the					oroduct. oration, ciation,
Student Study	Class Contact					
Effort Required	Min-lecture /Hands-on Practice/ Product Assembly /Report Writing				90 Hrs.	
	Other Study Effort 0				0 Hrs.	
	Total Study Effort			90 Hrs.		

Reading List and References	Reading Materials published by the Industrial Centre :
References	1. Marking Out, Measurement, Fitting & Assembly
	2. Metal Cutting Processes 1-Turning
	3. Metal Cutting Processes 2 - Milling
	4. Computer Numerical Control (CNC)
	5. Foundry Processing
	6. Plastics Technology Practice
	7. Sheet Metal Fabrication
	8. Welding Practice
	9. Photo-Chemical Machining (PCM)
	10. Surface Finishing

	I			
Subject Code	IC382			
Subject Title	Multidisciplinary Manufacturing Project			
Credit Value	3 Training Credits			
Level	3			
Pre-requisite	IC348 or IC2114 or IC381			
Objectives	The subject provides opportunity for students to work in a multidisciplinary project team to accomplish realistic engineering goals. Through the project, students will apply and integrate the engineering knowledge and practical skills acquired from prior engineering subjects and industrial trainings.			
	Students will also be able to analyse engineering problems from multiple perspectives, and synthesize a solution from ideas contributed by teammates of multiple disciplines.			
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	a) apply engineering knowledge in carrying out an industrial project starting from problem definition, design, manufacturing, down to assembly, testing and evaluation;			
	b) select and use appropriate technology building blocks, components and manufacturing processes to develop a solution to meet given specifications and constraints;			
	c) Work collaboratively and effectively in a multidisciplinary team to accomplish mutual project goals; and			
	d) Communicate effectively in a multidisciplinary project team.			
Contribution of the	Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills			
Subject to the Attainment of Outcomes of EIE	• Design systems, components and processes to meet given specifications and constraints.			
Programmes	• Use modern engineering/IT tools appropriate to EIE practice.			
	Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness			
	• Work with others collaboratively in a multi-disciplinary team and have a knowledge of leadership			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Students will be divided into groups to design and manufacture and engineering product that satisfy an existing demand in IC or a certain customer from the industry. Throughout the project, students will encounter situations that reinforce the following skills:			
	1) Project specification : Identification of client needs and wants; Identification of resource constraints such as time, manpower,			

	equipment, budget; Formulation of project plan.			
	equipment, budget, i ormulation of project plan.			
	2) Engineering design : Selection of design methodology; collaborative design; Make-or-buy decisions; Design prototyping; Testing and simulation.			
	3) Product manufacturing: Material procurement; Component machining; PCB fabrication; Programming; Assembly and fine-tuning.			
	4) Project collaboration: Determination of project stages and milestones; CAD and PDM; Leadership and Collaborative decision making; Tolerances and fits; Project documentations.			
Learning Methodology	Students will be divided into groups of 5-8 to design and manufacture an engineering product. Each project group will be formed by students from two or more engineering streams. The project topics will be provided by the subject supervisor team. Topics will be either initiated by supervisors or by commercial clients. All topics shall demand two or more skillsets including Mechanics, Electronics, and IT. Typical topics include: automated production equipment, mobility products, robotic toys, airframe structures, cabin installations, aircraft maintenance tools, jigs and gauges, <i>etc.</i>			
	The subject is divided into two stages:			
	Design Stage			
	During this period, the project team, under the guidance of the supervisors and clients, have to discover, understand and analyze the requirement of the project; and apply their knowledge to design a solution. Furthermore, students are required to search and track down parts and components with suppliers to obtain materials for the following manufacturing stage.			
	Manufacturing stage			
	During this period, the project team will fabricate, test, and debug the product they designed. The supervisors will guide and monitor the groups on personal commitment, cooperation and coordination among team members.			
	Regular group tutorials in the form of student-centred project meeting will be arranged between project group and respective supervisors.			

Assessment Methods							
in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Assessment Methods	Weighting (%)	Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed				
			а	b	c	d	
	1. Quality of final product	30	✓	~			
	2. Report	20	✓	~	~	~	
	3. Presentation and demonstration	20			~	~	
	4. Reflective Journal	30	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100					

Group assessment components

Quality of final product will be assessed by the supervisor team during demonstration. The assessment is to determine how well the group's solution meets with client's requirement in terms of completeness and functionality. The assessment also determines how well the group has carried out the manufacturing in terms of accuracy and craftsmanship. This addresses the intended learning outcomes (a) & (b).

Report submitted at the end of project will be summative evidence of how well the group applied knowledge and made decisions collectively. Compulsory report chapters include: Technical description of final design; Justification of technology building blocks used; Critical review on project execution; and Record of internal communications. This addresses the intended learning outcomes (a), (b), (c) & (d).

Individual assessment components

Oral presentation and demonstration in an exhibition booth setting allow individual members to demonstrate their ability in presenting engineering contents clearly and logically. Through Q&A session supervisors can also determine the effectiveness of individual members' effort toward the final product outcomes. This addresses the intended learning outcomes (c) & (d).

Individual reflective journal serves as summative evidence of how well the student has functioned in the group and embrace the multidisciplinary collaboration concept. Compulsory journal contents include: Technical description of design and manufacturing tasks performed; Critical review of technical ideas proposed and adapted; Critical review on personal performance in the project execution and the collaboration experience. This addresses the intended learning outcomes (a), (b), (c) & (d).

Student Study	Class Contact			
Effort Required	 Project works 	78 Hrs.		
	Tutorial	12 Hrs.		
	Other Study Effort	0 Hrs.		
	Total Study Effort			
Reading List and References	 E. Tebeaux and S. Dragga, 'Chapter.9 Proposals and Progress Reports', in <i>The Essentials of Technical Communication</i>, 3rd ed., New York: Oxford, 2012 			
	2. J. Abarca et al, 'Teamwork and Working in Teams', in <i>Introductory</i> <i>Engineering Design: A Projects-Based Approach</i> , 3rd ed., University of Colorado at Boulder, 2000.			
	 J. Tropman, <i>Effective meetings</i>. Thousand Oaks, Calif.: Sage Publications, 3rd ED. 2014. P. Harpum, 'Design Management', in <i>Engineering Project Management</i>, 3rd ed., N. Smith, Ed. Oxford: Blackwell, 2008, pp. 234-254. Alur, Rajeev. Principles of Cyber-physical Systems. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT, 2015. Valvano, Jonathan W. Introduction to ARM Cortex-M Microcontrollers. Fifth ed., Jonathan W. Valvano, 2017 			