







Shipping, Logistics and Supply Chain Management 2017-2018

MSc in International Shipping and Transport Logistics (Full-time stream)

Definitive Programme Document Programme Code: 44087-ISS



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Part II: Subject Syllabuses Version: September 2017

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ISTL (Full-time stream) Programme Web Page

http://www.lms.polyu.edu.hk/en

PolyU Student Handbook Web Page

http://www.polyu.edu.hk/as

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FOREWORD

It is our pleasure to welcome you to the full-time stream of the Master of Science in International Shipping and Transport Logistics programme offered by the Department of Logistics and Maritime Studies at The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

This programme prepares graduates to meet the needs of the shipping and transport logistics profession. Successful completion of this programme will equip you with knowledge and skills that are useful for business organizations to create value and sustain competitiveness in the shipping and transport logistics field.

This Programme Document contains important information that is of direct relevance to your studies. You are strongly advised to read it carefully and use it as a guide for working out your study plan.

We wish you an enjoyable and rewarding experience with the University.

With warmest regards

Prof. Andy Yeung

Head, Department of Logistics and Maritime Studies

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Academic Calendar 2017-18 (by Semester Week)

Month	Week	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Sem. Week	Notes
Sep 2017	1	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	Sep. 4: Sem. 1 commences (13 teaching weeks: 4 Sep - 2 Dec 2017)
^	2	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	2	Sep. 4 - 16: Add/Drop Period for Sem. 1
	3	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	3	
Oct	4	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	4	
	5	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	5	Oct. 2: The day following National Day
	6	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	6	Oct. 4: Mid-Autumn Festival (all evening classes suspended) / Oct. 5: The day following Mid-Autumn Festival
	7	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	7	
	8	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	8	Oct. 28: Chung Yeung Festival
Nov	9	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	9	
	10	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	10	
	11	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	11	
	12	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	12	
Dec	13	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	13	Dec. 2: Sem. 1 teaching ends
	14	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Exam.	Dec. 4 - 6: Revision Days for Sem. 1
	15	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Exam.	Dec. 7 - 22: Examination Period for Sem. 1
	16	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Exam.	Dec. 22: Winter Solstice (all evening examinations suspended)
	17	25	26	27	28	29	30	31) Exam.	Dec. 25: Christmas Day / Dec. 26: The first weekday after Christmas Day
Jan 2018	18	1	2	3	4	5	6	7) Result	Jan. 1: First Day of January / Jan. 3: All subject assessment results finalised
Jan 2018	19	8	9	10	11	12	13	14) Processing	Jan. 11: Finalisation of overall assessment results / Jan. 12: Announcement of Sem. 1 overall assessment results
	20	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	1	Jan. 15: Sem. 2 commences (13 teaching weeks: 15 Jan - 21 Apr 2018)
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	2	Jan. 15 - 27: Add/Drop Period for Sem. 2
Cab	22	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	3	San 25 Erindy Stop (Crist for San 2
Feb	23	5		7	8	9	10	11		
		10000	13	- 1		16			4	
	24	12	-	14	15		17	18	5 Lunar New Year Break	Feb. 15: Lunar New Year's Eve (all evening classes suspended) / Feb. 16 - 19: Lunar New Year Holidays Feb. 20 - 24: Lunar New Year Break (all day-time and evening classes suspended)
	26	19 26	20	21	22	23	24	25 4		1 cut. 20 - 24. Edital New Year Jan day time and evening wassess suspendedy
Mar	27	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	7	
	28	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	8	
	29	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	9	
Aust	30	26	27	28	29	30	31	1	10	Mar. 30 - Apr. 2: Easter Holidays
Apr	31	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	11	
	32	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	12	Apr. 5: Ching Ming Festival
	33	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	13	Any 21: Sam 3 teaching ands
	34	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	Exam.	Apr. 21: Sem. 2 teaching ends
May	35	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	Exam.	Apr. 23 - 26: Revision Days for Sem. 2 / Apr. 27 - May 14: Examination Period for Sem. 2 May 1: Labour Day
Iviay	36	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Exam.	THEY I. LEDOUS DEY
	37	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Exam./	
	38	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	Exam. Result Processing	May 22: The Buddha's Birthday / May 23: All subject assessment results finalised
Jun	39	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	1	May 28: Summer Term commences (7 teaching weeks: 28 May - 14 Jul 2018)
""	40	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	2	May 28 - Jun. 2: Add/Drop Period for Summer Term / May 31: Finalisation of overall assessment results
	41	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	3	Jun. 1: Announcement of Sem. 2 overall assessment results
	42	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	4	Jun. 18: Tuen Ng Festival
Jul	43	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	5	
	44	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	Jul. 2: The day following The HKSAR Establishment Day
	45	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	7	Jul. 14: Summer Term teaching ends
	46	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	Exam.	Jul. 16 - 21: Examination Period for Summer Term
	47	23	24	25	26	27	28	29) Exam.	Juli av - aa. aanminististi Fellow ist Julilliet Tellii
Aug	48	30	31	1	2	3	4	5) Result	Jul. 30: All subject assessment results finalised
AME	49	6	7	8	9	10	11	12) Processing	Aug. 7: Finalisation of overall assessment results
	50	13	14	15	16	17	18	19) Processing	Aug. 8: Announcement of Summer Term overall assessment results
	51	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
6 0	52	27	28	29	30	31	1	2	5	Son 3: Acadomic Voor 2017 19 ands
Sep	52	21	20	29	30	31	1	2		Sep. 2: Academic Year 2017-18 ends

General Holidays (tentative for 2018)

Dates of finalisation of examination results
July2016

PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION

1. PROGRAMME OVERVIEW

With the emergence of the logistics era, it is of strategic importance that Hong Kong can build on its success as one of the world's major transshipment hubs and develop into the most important centre of logistics in the Asia-Pacific region. Managers in shipping and logistics industries will need to continually develop their knowledge, skills and competencies to successfully meet the challenges of this new era of logistics provision.

The MSc in International Shipping and Transport Logistics (Full-time stream) is a unique postgraduate programme in Hong Kong. It particularly focuses on the highly specialized field of shipping and logistics and its curriculum has been developed in association with many leading experts from Hong Kong's shipping and logistics industries. The programme embodies a sound balance between academic theory and professional practice. The combination of compulsory subjects with a choice of electives plus the mandatory internship, reflects the multi-disciplinary nature of the business and the diversity of the career paths students on the programme can pursue.

2. PROGRAMME AIMS AND FEATURES

The programme aims to enable students to introduce modern and cost-effective reforms into shipping, transport, and logistics industries.

The features of the programme are:

- (i) Curriculum designed in consultation with industry leaders and prospective employers
- (ii) Balances academic theory with professional practice
- (iii) Integrates multidisciplinary knowledge and specialist expertise
- (iv) Graduates pursue diverse career paths
- (v) Graduates granted exemptions from professional examinations
- (vi) Postgraduate Diploma award as an intermediate exit

3. PROGRAMME LEARNING OUTCOMES

On completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- (i) stimulate critical and creative thinking in the business setting; (addressed by subjects: Organizational Management in Shipping and Logistics (LGT5001), International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management (LGT5002), Supply Chain Management (LGT5015), Shipping Law (LGT5064), Finance for shipping and Logistics (LGT5065))
- (ii) identify and resolve legal issues as they arise generally and in the specific business settings for which they are being prepared;
 (addressed by subjects: Law and Practice in Marine Insurance (LGT5012), Shipping Law (LGT5064))

- (iii) analyze business situations and problems in the context of international shipping and transport logistics by applying appropriate conceptual frameworks; (addressed by subjects: Organizational Management in Shipping and Logistics (LGT5001), International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management (LGT5002), Supply Chain Management (LGT5015), Shipping Law (LGT5064), Finance for shipping and Logistics (LGT5065), Ship Chartering Strategies (LGT5071), Liner Shipping Management (LGT5072))
- (iv) apply logistics and supply chain theories, and understand the logistics operation in the context of international shipping and logistics industry.

 (addressed by subjects: International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management (LGT5002), Port Policy and management (LGT5010), Supply Chain Management (LGT5015), Liner Shipping Management (LGT5072))
- (v) be attentive and responsive to ethical issues in business.

 (addressed by subjects: International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management (LGT5002), Supply Chain Management (LGT5015))

4. HONG KONG MARITIME AND LOGISTICS SCHOLARSHIP SCHEME

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HK Government) has set up the Hong Kong Maritime and Logistics Scholarship Scheme (Scholarship) in PolyU to support students enrolled on this <u>full-time stream</u> programme. The Scholarship aims to expand the manpower of the maritime industry in Hong Kong. Scholarship will cover the tuition fee for the programme and an allowance.

Each recipient is required to sign an undertaking to the effect of conditions set out below, which shall form a contract between the Scholarship Scheme and the recipient.

Conditions of the Scholarship

- the recipients are not allowed to concurrently hold any other local merit-based incentives such as awards, prizes and/ or scholarships during the studies of the programme;
- (ii) the recipients are required to complete the programme, covering 39 academic credits and 6 training credits of Maritime Industry Internship;
- (iii) within 3 calendar months upon successful completion of the programme, the recipients should start working full-time in the maritime industry in Hong Kong for a period of not less than twelve consecutive calendar months.

If the recipient is in breach of any one of the above conditions, he is required to refund the scholarship received in full to the Scholarship Scheme.

5. ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS

The minimum entrance requirements are:

Local Applicants

A Bachelor's degree in any discipline

Chinese Mainland and Overseas Applicants

A Bachelor's degree in International Shipping or Maritime Studies or other relevant disciplines with:

- i) English being the Medium of Instruction; OR
- ii) English not being the Medium of Instruction, then applicants are also required to meet either one of the following requirements:
 - An IELTS Academic Test with a score of at least 6; or
 - A TOEFL Paper-based test score of at least 550, including a score of at least 4.5 in the Test of Written English; or
 - A TOEFL Internet-based test score of at least 80, including a score of at least 20 in the Test of Written English.

Non-local prospective students must obtain a student visa for commencement of study in Hong Kong. Those who fail to obtain a valid student visa or only have a visitor or tourist visa are not allowed to register on the programme nor commence their studies.

6. PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

6.1 Programme Information

Programme Code and Title:

44087 Master of Science in International Shipping and Transport Logistics (Full-time Stream)

Award:

Master of Science in International Shipping and Transport Logistics

Medium of Instruction:

English

6.2 Credit Requirements

Students are required to obtain the credit requirements specified below for the MSc award:

No. of Required Subjects		Academic Credits	Training Credits
5 Compulsory Subjects	AND	15	-
4 International Shipping Core Subjects	AND	12	ı
4 Elective Subjects	OR		
2 Elective Subjects + Project (6 credits)	OR	12	-
1 Elective Subject + Dissertation (9 credits)			
240-hour Maritime Industry Internship (training cred	lits)	ı	6
Total No. of Required Credits		39	6

6.3 Mode and Duration of Study

The academic year is organized into Semester 1 (13 weeks), Semester 2 (13 weeks) and Summer Term (7 weeks), where appropriate.

Classes will be scheduled on weekday evenings, daytime or weekends. Summer

Term will be utilized for those who want to spread out more evenly their learning over the normal period. Also, Summer Term will be a more convenient time if academics from overseas or the Chinese Mainland are invited to deliver some subjects.

Actual number of class meetings may vary in light of certain conditions in the offering semester, such as the arrangement of public holidays; or other pedagogical needs of subject lecturers.

Occasionally, some topics may be delivered in BLOCK MODE of *full-day* attendance for a few consecutive days and/or over the weekends. Students will be notified of the arrangement before subject registration. This is usually arranged to make full use of overseas academic visitors or professionals.

Combined classes of students from full-time stream, part-time stream and mixed-mode stream are widely adopted. Students enrol on the full-time stream will attend classes with students from other streams.

Visits to organizations or port facilities will be an important part of some subjects. In addition to gaining an insight into the transport and logistics field operations, the discussions between the practicing managers and the students on prevailing issues facing the industries will also serve to enhance awareness, generate interest, stimulate thought and enrich the full spectrum of learning.

The *normal* duration of this programme is *two academic years*, while the maximum period of study is *four academic years*.

6.4 Subject Offerings

Starting from Year 1 through Year 2 Starting from Year 2 Starting from Year 1 through Year 2 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 2 In SE512 LGT5010 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 2 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 2 Starting from Year 2 Starting from Year 2 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 2 Starting from Year 1 Starting from Year 2 In Septimal Year Year Year Year Year Year Year Year
Starting from Year 1 through Year 2
Starting from Year 1 through Year 2
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Year 1 through Year 2 LGT5064 LGT5064 LGT5065 Supply Chain Management Shipping Law Finance for Shipping and Logistics International Shipping Core Subjects
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Starting from Year 1 through Year 2 LGT5010 LGT5012 Law and Practice in Marine Insurance Ship Chartering Strategies Liner Shipping Management LECT5072 Liner Shipping Management Elective Subjects (A combination of subjects equivalent to 12 credits) Accounting for Managers Starting from Year 1 Summer Term through Year 2 LGT5007 LGT5007 LGT5001 LGT5011 LGT5013 LGT5014 LGT5013 LGT5014 LGT5015 LGT5015 LGT5015 LGT5015 LGT5016 LGT5017 LGT5018 LGT5018 LGT5019 LGT5101 LGT5019 LGT5101 LGT5019 LGT5101 LGT5010 LGT5101 LGT5010 LGT5101 LGT5102 LGT5103 LGT5103 LGT5104 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5105 LGT5106 LGT5106 LGT5161 LGT5162 LGT5160 LGT5162 LGT5160 LGT5162 LGT5162 Air Transport Regulatory Policy LGT5162 LGT5163 Aviation Marketing
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LGT5162 Airline Strategic Management LGT5163 Aviation Marketing
LGT5163 Aviation Marketing
LGT5164 Aviation Safety Management
LGT5169 Airport Business Management
LGT5170 Maritime Arbitration Law
LGT5201 Dissertation*
For the LGT5202 Project*
Dissertation/ MM501 Research Methods
Project: MM544 E-Commerce
Starting from
Vear 2 Each subject counts for 3 credits while Dissertation & Project is worth 9 credits & 6
credits respectively
Semester 1
through Year 2
Semester 2
LGT5222 Maritime Industry Internship
(6 training credits)
The placement for internship will be monitored by the Steering Committee of the
Hong Kong Maritime and Logistics Scholarship Scheme.

Subject to university's minimum enrolment requirement, not all subjects will be offered each year. And, registration is subject to the availability of quota.

Starting from 2006/07, students at MSc level are allowed to choose <u>at most 1 elective</u>, equivalent to 3 credits, from the Common Pool to fulfill the elective requirements of the programme. Please visit the website http://www.fb.polyu.edu.hk/rpss/commonpool/ for subject lists and subject syllabuses. Students should strictly comply with the prescriptions of the programme curriculum when performing subject registration. Those who fail to meet the programme requirements will NOT be allowed to graduate. Credit transfer/exemption will not be granted for subjects chosen from the Common Pool, unless the elective subject concerned falls within the programme curriculum.

Remark:

First-year students are strongly advised to complete **ALL** the compulsory and essential subjects before taking elective subjects.

6.5 **Programme Curriculum and Assessment Weightings**

Compulsory subjects

						Assessment	
Subject Code	Subject Title	Credits	Pre- requisite	Exclusion	Contact hours	Coursework (%)	Examination (%)
LGT5001	Organizational Management in Shipping & Logistics	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50
LGT5002	International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management	3	Nil	CSE564/ LGT5061	39	50	50
LGT5015	Supply Chain Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	60	40
LGT5064	Shipping Law	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50
LGT5065	Finance for Shipping and Logistics	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50
LGT5222	Maritime Industry Internship	6 (Training Credits)	Nil	Nil	240	100	0

International Shipping Core Subjects

			_		Contact hours	Assessment	
Subject Code	Subject Title	Credits	Pre- requisite	Exclusion		Coursework (%)	Examination (%)
LGT5010	Port Policy and Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50
LGT5012	Law and Practice in Marine Insurance	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50
LGT5071	Ship Chartering Strategies	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50
LGT5072	Liner Shipping Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50

Elective subjects

Subject		Credits			Contact	Assessment		
Code	Subject Title		Pre-requisite	Exclusion	hours	Coursework (%)	Examination (%)	
AF5108	Accounting for Managers	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
ISE5010	Decision Support Modeling for Courier and Freight Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	100	0	
ISE512	Warehousing and Material Handling Systems	3	Nil	LGT5131	39	100	0	
ISE527	Logistics Information Systems	3	Nil	LGT5152	39	100	0	
LGT5007	Shipping Economics and Markets	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5011	Admiralty Law	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5013	Transport Logistics in China	3	Understand Putonghua & read simplified Chinese Characters	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5014	Air Transport Logistics and Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5017	Maritime Logistics	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5032	Strategic Procurement Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5037	Project Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5046	Contract Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5067	Intermodal Transport Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5073	Risk Management in Operations	3	None, but knowledge of elementary business statistics and probability will be advantageous.	ISE548	39	50	50	
LGT5101	Statistics for Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5102	Models for Decision Management	3	Nil	MGT532	39	50	50	

(Continued on next page)

(Continued) Elective subjects

Subject		Credits			Contact	Assessment		
Code	Subject Title		Pre-requisite	Exclusion	hours	Coursework (%)	Examination (%)	
LGT5105	Managing Operations Systems	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5113	Enterprise Resource Planning	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5122	Applications of Decision Making Models	3	LGT5102 (co-requisite)	Nil	39	100	0	
LGT5131	Warehousing and Materials Management	3	Nil	ISE512	39	50	50	
LGT5152	Information Systems for Supply Chain Management	3	Nil	ISE527	39	50	50	
LGT5160	Derivatives and Risk Management in Shipping	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5161	Air Transport Regulatory Policy	3	Nil	Nil	39	40	60	
LGT5162	Airline Strategic Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5163	Aviation Marketing	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5164	Aviation Safety Management	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	
LGT5169	Airport Business Management	3	Nil	LGT5069	39	50	50	
LGT5170	Maritime Arbitration Law	3	Nil	Nil	39	40	60	
*LGT5201	Dissertation	9	Nil	LGT5202	NA	100	0	
*LGT5202	Project	6	Nil	LGT5201	NA	100	0	
MM501	Research Methods	3	Nil	BRE501 MM5011	39	100	0	
MM544	E-Commerce	3	Nil	Nil	39	50	50	

^{*}For MSc only: choose either one

6.6 Recommended Progress Pattern

Students are encouraged to follow the recommended progression pattern ¹ to benefit from a cohort-based study and to graduate within the normal study period. The programme allows students the flexibility to proceed at their own pace. Despite the recommended progression pattern, all the compulsory, essential and elective subjects can be studied at any order provided that the pre-requisites, if any, of the subjects are satisfied.

Under the recommended progression pattern, students are advised to take 3 to 4 subjects over a regular 13-week semester, and 1 to 2 subjects over an optional 7-week Summer Term, compulsory and essential first, followed by other electives.

Students who opt for the Dissertation/Project should start the preparation during the 1st semester of Year 2. To enable students be better prepared for their MSc Dissertation/Project, the research methodology element will be taught in the form of guided study at the beginning of the preparatory phase.

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¹ Patterned subjects on offer are subject to change without prior notice. Students can enquire the class timetable of the semester concerned via http://www.polyu.edu.hk/student upon release of the relevant class timetable.

6.7 Professional Recognition

- Graduates of the MSc in International Shipping and Transport Logistics have been granted full exemption from the Qualifying Examination of The Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport in Hong Kong.
- ii. Graduates of the MSc in International Shipping and Transport Logistics have been granted exemption on the following subjects of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers:
 - Introduction to Shipping
 - Legal Principles in Shipping Business
 - Logistics and Multimodal Transport (as long as logistics is taken and shown on the transcript).

6.8 Curriculum Map

The **institutional learning outcomes** are as follows:

- a. Professional competence of specialists/leaders of a discipline/ profession - Graduates of PolyU TPg programmes will possess in depthknowledge and skills in their area of study and be able to apply their knowledge and contribute to professional leadership.
- b. **Strategic thinking -** Graduates of PolyU TPg programmes will be able to think holistically and analytically in dealing with complex problems and situations pertinent to their professional practice. They will be versatile problem solvers with good mastery of critical and creative thinking skills, who can generate practical and innovative solutions.
- c. Lifelong learning capability Graduates of PolyU TPg programmes will have an enhanced capability for continual professional development through inquiry and reflection on professional practice.

The above institutional learning outcomes are appropriately addressed by the totality of the programme learning outcomes of the MSc in International Shipping and Transport Logistics(Full-time Stream) programme, as set out in Section 3 of this documents.

7. PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT AND OPERATION

A Programme Committee is formed to exercise the overall academic and operational responsibility for the Programme and its development within policies, procedures and regulations defined by the University. Its composition comprises academics and student representatives.

The Programme Director and/or Deputy Programme Director and/or Programme Manager are responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the programme, student admissions, teaching and learning matters, quality assurance (QA) and programme development. Their prime role is to ensure the programme is delivered according to the established QA mechanism.

8. COMMUNICATIONS WITH STUDENTS

While we work to communicate clearly and in a timely manner with students according to University regulations and procedures, it is the **responsibility of students** to help

maintain the effectiveness of the communication process. Students should ensure that their up-to-date personal and correspondence details are provided to the University and the relevant departments (e.g. AS, LMS, subject offering departments, etc); and check relevant correspondence channels regularly to obtain the latest information regarding their studies and the status of any related applications (e.g. late assessment, appeal of subject results, add/drop of subjects, deferment, etc) lodged. Failure in doing so will not constitute any grounds for appeals/complaints against consequences/decisions of the relevant matters and applications.

9. SUBJECT REGISTRATION

9.1 Add/Drop of Subjects

In addition to programme registration, students need to register for subjects at specified period after the commencement of the semester.

If you wish to change the subjects enrolled, you may do so through the online add/drop system during the 2-week add/drop period (one week for summer term). You are advised not to make any changes to the subjects pre-assigned to you by the Department without consulting your Department/Academic Advisor. In case you wish to drop all subjects for a semester, you must first seek approval from your Department for zero subject enrolment. Otherwise, you may be considered as having decided to withdraw from study on the programme concerned. Dropping of subjects after the add/drop period is not allowed. If you have a genuine need to do so, it will be handled as withdrawal of subject.

If they have taken more credits, they will receive a second debit note on the remaining tuition fee about 5 weeks after the commencement of the semester. If they have taken less credits, a refund will be made.

9.2 Withdrawal of Subjects

If you have a genuine need to withdraw from a subject after the add/drop period, you should submit an application for withdrawal of subject to your programme offering department. Such requests will be considered by both the programme director and the subject lecturer concerned if there are strong justifications and when the tuition fee of the subject concerned has been settled. Requests for subject withdrawal will not be entertained after the commencement of the examination period for your programme.

For approved cases, a handling fee will be charged. The tuition fees paid for the withdrawn subject will be forfeited. The withdrawn subjects will still be reported in your Assessment Result Notification and Transcript of Studies although they will not be counted in GPA calculation. If the handling fee concerned is outstanding by the payment deadline, the approval given will be declared void and you are required to attend classes of this subject and complete its assessment(s) accordingly. A reinstatement fee of HK\$400 will be charged if you wish to reinstate the approval for the withdrawn subject.

10. SUBJECT EXEMPTION AND CREDIT TRANSFER

Irrespective of the extent of previous study or credits recognized, all students studying in PolyU should complete at least one third of the normal credit requirement in order to be eligible for the PolyU award.

If you consider your previous study relevant to your current programme, you may apply for subject exemption or credit transfer by using **Form AS41c**.

Subject Exemption

You may be granted exemption from taking certain subjects if you have successfully completed similar subjects in another programme. The credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted for satisfying the credit requirements of your programme. You should consult your Department and take another subject in its place. For students whose tuition fees are charged by credits, an exemption fee will be charged.

Credit Transfer

You should submit an application for credit transfer upon your initial enrolment on the programme or before the end of the add/drop period of the first semester of your first year of study. Late applications may not be considered. For students whose tuition fees are charged by credits, a credit transfer fee will be charged.

The validity period of subject credits earned is eight years from the year of attainment, i.e. the year in which the subject is completed, unless otherwise specified by the department responsible for the content of the subject (e.g. the credit was earned in 2008-09, then the validity period should count from 2009 for eight years). Credits earned from previous studies should remain valid at the time when the student applies for transfer of credits. There is a limit on the maximum number of credits that could be transferred. If the credits attained from previous study are from PolyU, the total credits transferred should not exceed 67% of the required credits for the award. If the credits gained are from other institutions, the total credits transferred should not exceed 50%. In cases where both types of credits are transferred, not more than 50% of the required number of credits for the academic award may be transferred. Grades may or may not be given for the transferred credits.

All credits transferred will be counted for satisfying the award requirements. Transferred credits may be counted for meeting the requirements of more than one award.

11. RETAKING OF SUBJECTS

After the announcement of subject results in a semester, you should check whether you have failed any subject via the eStudent and arrange for retaking of the subject during subject registration.

In addition to retaking a subject due to failure, you may retake any subject for the purpose of improving your grades. These students will be accorded a lower priority for taking the concerned subjects and can only do so if study places are available. Students concerned can register for such subjects during the last 2 days of the add/drop period.

When you retake a subject, only the grade obtained in the final attempt of retaking (even if the retake grade is lower than the original grade of originally passed subject) will be included in the calculation of the Grade Point Average (GPA) and the Grade Point Average for award classification. Although the original grade will not be included in the calculation of GPAs, it will be shown on the transcript of studies. If students have

passed a subject but failed after retake, credit accumulated for passing the subject in a previous attempt will remain valid for satisfying the credit requirement for award. (The grades obtained in previous attempts will only be shown in transcript of studies.) You should refer to this document to ascertain the requirements, in particular for subjects offered in consecutive semesters, for retaking failed subjects or seek advice from the Department concerned.

Students paying credit fee will be charged for the subjects retaken.

12. ZERO SUBJECT ENROLLMENT

If you do not wish to take any subject in a semester (including the compulsory summer term as specified in this document), you must seek approval from your Department to retain your study place by submitting **Form AS112** before the start of the semester and in any case not later than the end of the add/drop period. Otherwise, your registration and student status with the University will be removed. The semesters during which you are allowed to take zero subject will be counted towards the maximum period of registration for the programme.

You will receive notification from the Department normally within 2 weeks if your application is successful. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. A fee of HK\$2,105 per semester for retention of study place will be charged.

13. DEFERMENT OF STUDY

You may apply for deferment of study if you have a genuine need to do so, such as illness. The deferment period will not be counted as part of the maximum period of registration.

You are required to submit an application for deferment of study via **Form AS7** to the programme offering department. You will be informed of the result of your application in writing or via e-mail by the Department normally within three weeks from the date of application.

It is necessary for you to settle all the outstanding tuition fee and/or other fees in order to have your application for deferment processed if the application is submitted after the start of a semester. All fees paid are non-refundable. Students approved for deferment of study will normally not be eligible for access to the campus facilities/services. Students can check for further details from the relevant service providing units. Alternatively, you may apply for zero subject enrolment to reserve your study place.

Students who have been approved for deferment of study can retain their student identity card for use upon their resumption of study. You will be advised to settle the tuition fee and complete the subject registration procedures upon expiry of the deferment period. If you do not receive such notification one week before the commencement of the Semester, you should enquire at the Academic Secretariat.

14. WITHDRAWAL OF STUDY

14.1 Official Withdrawal

If you wish to discontinue your study at the University before completing your programme, it is necessary for you to complete the withdrawal procedure via Form **AS6**. Fees paid for the semester which you are studying will not be refunded.

Your application will not be processed if you have not returned your student identity card with the application form or have not cleared outstanding matters with the various departments/offices concerned, such as settling outstanding fees/fines and Library loans and clearing your locker provided by the Centre STARS.

The relevant Faculty/School Board Office will inform you in writing or via e-mail of the result of your application, normally within three weeks from the date of application.

Upon confirmation of your official withdrawal, you will be eligible for the refund of the caution money paid if you have no outstanding debts to the University.

All fees paid are non-refundable.

If you discontinue your study at the University without completing proper withdrawal procedures, you will be regarded as having unofficially withdrawn and the caution money paid at first registration will be confiscated.

14.2 <u>Discontinuation of Study</u>

If you discontinue your study without following the proper procedures for official withdrawal, you will be regarded as having given up your study at the University. In such cases, you will not be eligible for the refund of caution money and shall not be considered for re-admission to the same programme/stream in the following academic year.

14.3 <u>De-registration</u>

If you are de-registered on grounds of academic failure, you must return your student identity card to the Academic Secretariat within 3 weeks upon the official release of assessment result. Failure to return the student identity card may render you not eligible for any certification of your study nor for admission in subsequent years. The caution money paid will also be confiscated. Any subsequent request for the refund of caution money by returning the student identity card after the original deadline will not be entertained.

Students who have been de-registered shall not be considered for re-admission to the same programme/stream in the following academic year.

15. ASSESSMENT METHODS

Students' performance in a subject can be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering Department. Where

both continuous assessment and examinations are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade shall be clearly stated in this document. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous Assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.

Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering Department.

At the beginning of each semester, the subject teacher should inform students of the details of the methods of assessments to be used, within the assessment framework as specified in the definitive programme document.

16. PASSING A SUBJECT

In order to pass in a subject offered by the School/Departments in the Faculty of Business (i.e. subjects with prefix of AF/LGT/MM/FB), all students have to obtain Grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and examination components of the subject. If a subject is assessed by only one component (either by continuous assessment or examination), then the passing grade for the subject is D.

17. ASSESSMENT OF DISSERTATION/PROJECT

17.1 General Regulations

The dissertation/project is equivalent to 9 and 6 credits respectively; and students must satisfy the appropriate pre-requisites before they can enrol in the dissertation/project.

The dissertation/project will include a "Research Methodology" class, normally before the start of dissertation/project. The normal period for completion is one academic year (two 13-week semesters and 7-week Summer Term). To ensure that students are suitably equipped before the dissertation/project is started, a minimum of 12 credits must have been achieved before registering for the dissertation/project. Students who are unable to pass the subject within the normal period would be deemed having failed the subject. The normal period for dissertation may be extended, subject to the approval of the Dissertation/Project Coordinator and based on the academic judgement of the likelihood of the student succeeding within the time granted for the extension, for a period of one semester every time. When permission is granted to extend the registration, the student will be required to pay a 3-credit course fee for each additional semester.

Break of study is normally not permitted once a student registers for dissertation/project and students are expected to pursue their dissertation/project in consecutive semesters. No re-assessment or retake of the failed dissertation/project is allowed.

17.2 Procedures for Preparing the Dissertation/Project

Preparatory Phase – to identify a research topic area with matching Dissertation/Project Supervisor, and agree on the research goals and methodology, with plans and schedules, through literature search and active dialogue between student and Supervisor. Student will not proceed to the 2nd phase if the research proposal is not satisfactory.

Research Phase – this is the period for carrying out the actual research work. The student should meet with the Supervisor regularly for guidance and continuous assessment of the progress. When the Supervisor is satisfied that the research goals have been achieved the student can then proceed to the final phase.

Submission of the dissertation/project – this is the writing up of the work according to the standard format.

As a standalone compulsory component not directly assessed, there is a "Research Methodology" class that students taking the dissertation/project must attend, normally before the preparatory phase but can also be taken during the research phase. This taught component serves to introduce tools and techniques useful for doing research and writing up a dissertation/project.

17.3 Assessment of Dissertation/Project

The final project will be assessed by the Supervisor and a moderator. For student who opts for dissertation, an oral examination is also appraised by an Assessment Panel consisting of the Supervisor, the moderator and a 3rd panel member appointed by the Dissertation Coordinator.

The Dissertation Supervisor shall make arrangements on a mutually convenient time and place for an oral examination with presence of assessors after submission of THREE temporary bound copies of the dissertation.

18. GRADING

Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A Students' overall performance in a subject shall be graded as follows:

Grade	Description	Numeral Grade Point
A+	Exceptionally Outstanding	4.5
Α	Outstanding	4
B+	Very Good	3.5
В	Good	3
C+	Wholly Satisfactory	2.5
С	Satisfactory	2
D+	Barely Satisfactory	1.5
D	Barely Adequate	1
F	Inadequate	0

'F' is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ('D' to 'A+') are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

$$\label{eq:GPA} \begin{aligned} &\sum Subject \ Grade \ Point \times Subject \ Credit \ Value \\ &GPA = \frac{n}{\sum Subject \ Credit \ Value} \end{aligned}$$

where n = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation.

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned
- (v) Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e. those with the grade "W")

Subject which has been given an "S" subject code, i.e. absent from examination, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance and is capped at 4.0.

Any subject passed after the graduation requirement has been met or subjects taken on top of the prescribed credit requirements for award shall not be taken into account in the grade point calculation for award classification.

19. PROGRESSION AND DE-REGISTRATION

A student will normally have "progressing" status unless he/she falls within any one of the following categories shall be regarded as grounds for de-registration from the Programme:

- (i) The student has exceeded the maximum period of registration; or
- (ii) The student's GPA is lower than 2.0 for two consecutive semesters <u>and</u> his/her Semester GPA in the second semester is below 2.0; or
- (iii) The student's GPA is lower than 2.0 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within the categories as stipulated above, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

Notwithstanding the above, the Board of Examiners will have the discretion to de-

register students with extremely poor academic performance before the time specified in (ii) and (iii) above.

The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in an optional Summer Term and that the Summer Term study does not constitute a substantial requirement for graduation.

20. ACADEMIC PROBATION

The academic probation system is implemented to give prior warning to students who need to make improvement in order to fulfil the GPA requirement of the University. If your GPA is below 2.0, you will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If you are able to obtain a GPA of 2.0 or above by the end of the probation semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected on the web assessment results and the Official Assessment Result Notifications. However, this status will not be displayed in the transcript of studies.

To improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, students on academic probation are required to seek academic advice on study load and subjects to be taken. Students should complete the Form 'Study Load for Students on Academic Probation' (Form AS150) indicating the proposed study plan and meet with the Academic Advisor(s) to finalize the subjects and credits to be taken in the semester following academic probation within one week of assessment results announcement.

21. ELIGIBILITY FOR AWARD

A student would be eligible for the award of Master of Science in International Shipping and Transport Logistics if he/she satisfies all the conditions listed below:

- (i) Accumulation of the requisite number of credits for the award, as defined in this document:
- (ii) Satisfying all the 'compulsory' and 'elective' requirements defined; and
- (iii) Having a GPA of 2.0 or above at the end of the programme.

A student is required to graduate as soon as he/she satisfies all the conditions stated above. A student may take more credits than he/she needs to graduate on top of the prescribed credit requirements for his/her award in or before the semester within which he/she becomes eligible for award.

22. AWARD CLASSIFICATIONS

The following award classifications apply to your programme:

Award Classification	GPA
Distinction	3.7+ – 4.0
Credit	3.2+ - 3.7-
Pass	2.0 – 3.2

The above ranges for different classifications are subject to Board of Examiners' individual discussion of marginal cases.

Note: "+" sign denotes 'equal to and more than'; "-" sign denotes 'less than'.

23. RECORDING OF DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS IN STUDENTS' RECORDS

- (i) With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.
- (ii) Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.
- (iii) Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and non-academic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee

(iv) Students who have committed academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass.

The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study to a student who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

24. LATE ASSESSMENT

If you have been absent from an examination or are unable to complete all assessment components of a subject because of illness, injury or other unforeseeable reasons, you may apply for a late assessment. Application in writing should be made to the Head of Department offering the subject within five working days from the date of the examination together with any supporting documents such as a medical certificate. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the Subject Lecturer concerned, in consultation with the Programme Director.

In case you are permitted to take a late assessment, that examination or other forms of assessment will be regarded as a first assessment and the actual grade attained will be awarded.

You are required to settle a late assessment fee before taking/completing the late assessment. If you fail to settle the fee, the result of your late assessment would be invalidated.

25. PROCEDURES FOR APPEAL

25.1 Appeals against De-registration Decisions

Students appealing against the de-registration decision shall pay a fee of HK\$125. Payment forms are obtainable from the Academic Secretariat Service Centre. The fee shall be refunded if the appeal is upheld. Students should complete and submit Form AS149 "Appeal against the Decision of BoE on De-registration" to the General Office of the Department hosting the programme/award (or to the Faculty Office if the programme/award is hosted by the Faculty, or for students on Broad Discipline programme) within one Calendar Week upon the official announcement of the overall results, i.e. the date when the results are announced to students via the web. [For 2017-18, the announcement dates for overall results are 12 January 2018 (Semester 1), 1 June 2018 (Semester 2) and 8 August 2018 (Summer Term).] When submitting the form, the appellant has the responsibility to make known to the Academic Appeals Committee full details and evidence that would support his/her appeal.

The appeal by the students will be considered by the Academic Appeals Committee, which will deliberate the appeal cases making reference to the recommendations of the programme-hosting Department/Faculty and the

Faculty Dean/School Board Chairman.

The decisions of the Academic Appeals Committee shall be final within the University.

25.2 Appeals against Decisions other than De-registration

Students appealing against the decision on their assessment results shall pay a fee of HK\$125. Payment forms are obtainable at the Academic Secretariat Service Centre. If more than one examination paper is involved, an extra fee of HK\$125 shall be charged for each additional paper. The fee shall be refunded if the appeal is upheld.

A student should make his/her appeal in writing to his/her Head of Department within 7 working days upon the public announcement of his/her examination results, i.e. the date when the results are announced to students via the web. [For 2017-18, the announcement dates for overall results are 12 January 2018(Semester 1), 1 June 2018 (Semester 2) and 8 August 2018 (Summer Term).] The Head of Department shall deal with the appeal if the student is studying in a department-based programme/scheme. If the student is studying in other types of programmes/schemes, the Head of Department shall refer the appeal to the Scheme Committee Chairman for Postgraduate Schemes.

The appeal should be accompanied by a copy of the fee receipt, for inspection by the Department concerned. The student should give a complete account of the grounds for the appeal in the letter, and provide any supporting evidence.

Departments should inform the student concerned of the appeal result within 7 working days after either the announcement of the student's overall result or receipt of the letter of appeal, whichever is later.

If the appellant is dissatisfied with the decision, he/she may then appeal in writing to the Academic Secretary within 7 working days from the date of the post-mark of the Department's reply letter. He/She should provide the following information together with other relevant documents in support of the appeal:

- name in English and Chinese;
- student number;
- programme title, year and class of study;
- examination/subject results appealing against; and
- grounds for appeal.

The Academic Secretary shall then refer the case to the Academic Appeals Committee, who shall determine whether there are prima facie grounds for a reconsideration of the Subject Lecturer's/SARP's/BoE's decision.

The decisions of the Academic Appeals Committee shall be final within the University.

26. SIT-IN ARRANGEMENT

Subject to the following procedures and guidelines, students may be permitted to sit in on only elective subjects:

- (a) Before commencement of the elective subject, students must obtain endorsement from the subject lecturer concerned and seek prior approval from the Programme Director;
- (b) Students are required to comply with all the assessment requirements as prescribed by the subject lecturer concerned except the final examination. The subject result will NOT be counted towards the overall GPA; and
- (c) Throughout the programme, students can sit in on one additional Faculty of Business elective taught subject without paying tuition fee.

27. DISMISSAL OF CLASS

If the subject lecturer does not show up after 30 minutes of the scheduled start time, the class is considered cancelled and appropriate follow up arrangements (e.g. rescheduled class, make-up class, etc) will be announced to students in due course.

28. PLAGIARISM AND BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCING

The University and the LMS view plagiarism and copying of copyright materials, without the licence of the copyright owner, as a serious disciplinary offence. Students should comply with the University's policy on plagiarism in continuous assessment, bibliographic referencing and photocopying of copyright materials.

- (i) Plagiarism refers to the act of using the creative works of others (e.g. ideas, words, images or sound, etc) in one's own work without proper acknowledge of the sources.
- (ii) Students are required to submit their original work and avoid any possible suggestion of plagiarism in the work they submit for grading or credit.
- (iii) At the Faculty of Business, for any significant pieces of written assignments or essays in continuous assessment (i.e., counting 15% or more of total assessment) for a subject, students are required to submit their own assignment to *Turnitin*, a plagiarism prevention software built in Blackboard, and to generate an Originality Report. They are required to provide a copy of the Report when handing in their essay.
- (iv) The University/Faculty views plagiarism, whether committed intentionally or because of ignorance or negligence, as a serious disciplinary offence. Excuses such as "not knowing what is required" or "not knowing how to do it" will not be accepted.
- (v) Depending on the seriousness of the plagiarism cases, they may be referred to the Student Discipline Committee for investigation and decision. If a student is found guilty of the alleged offence, penalties considered appropriate by the Committee may be imposed. These may include:
 - . suspension of studies for a specified period of time;

- . expulsion for a specified period or indefinitely; and
- . any other penalties as considered appropriate

29. PREVENTION OF BRIBERY ORDINANCE

PolyU staff members may in no circumstances solicit or accept an advantage. For relevant details, please refer to the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201) of the Laws of Hong Kong at http://www.legislation.gov.hk.

For details of all the regulations covered in this publication, please refer to the Student Handbook of the relevant year.

PART II: SUBJECT SYLLABUSES

Subject Code	Subject	Page No.
Subjects offered k	by the School of Accounting and Finance	
AF5108	Accounting for Managers	28
Subjects offered by	by the Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering	
ISE5010	Decision Support Modeling for Courier and Freight Management	32
ISE512	Warehousing and Material Handling Systems	35
ISE527	Logistics Information Systems	38
Subjects offered by	by the Department of Logistics and Maritime Studies	
LGT5001	Organizational Management in Shipping and Logistics	41
LGT5002	International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management	44
LGT5007	Shipping Economics and Markets	47
LGT5010	Port Policy and Management	49
LGT5011	Admiralty Law	52
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LGT5013	Transport Logistics in China	57
LGT5014	Air Transport Logistics and Management	60
LGT5015	Supply Chain Management	63
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LGT5032	Strategic Procurement Management	69
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.		
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Website of Common Pool Electives

http://www.fb.polyu.edu.hk/rpss/commonpool/

The subject syllabuses contained in this Definitive Programme Document are subject to review and change from time to time. The Department of Logistics and Maritime Studies / subject offering department(s) reserve(s) the right to revise or withdraw the offer of any subject contained in this document. For teaching and learning, students should refer to the updated subject syllabuses distributed to them by the relevant subject lecturers when they take the corresponding subjects.

Subject Code	AF5108					
Subject Title	Accounting for Managers					
Subject Title	Accounting for Managers					
Credit Value	3					
Level	5					
Normal Duration	One Semester					
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	None					
Role and Purposes	This course introduces the fundamental concepts and analytical techniques on financial and managerial accounting. It contributes to the achievement of MSc in Management Program Outcome by improving students' understanding on basic concepts on company's financial and managerial accounting information. Students will learn how economic transactions are recorded in accounting system and compiled into various financial statements, and students will also learn how relevant cost accounting information can be utilized in budgeting, controlling and performance evaluation. Students are expected to be able to understand the financial information provided by accounting system and apply both financial and managerial accounting information to analyze company's financial positions (Outcome 1).					
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:					
Outcomes	Financial Accounting (FA)					
	 Understand the accounting system of an organization (both profit making and non-profit making). 					
	 Record accounting information properly and communicate with accounting information effectively. 					
	 Understand the basic concepts and principles underlying the financial statements, and be able to interpret financial statements, including balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement. 					
	d. Identify the characteristics of good corporate governance and apply the knowledge in analyzing the potential governance problems.					
	Managerial Accounting (MA)					
	e. Be familiar with various managerial accounting techniques such as CVP, contribution margin concepts, relevant costing, etc.					
	f. Utilize managerial accounting information in budgeting, controlling and performance evaluation.					
	g. Be aware of the limitation of accounting information.					

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Financial Reporting Systems and Accounting Procedures Concepts and principles underlying financial statements, measuring and reporting assets and equities			
	Techniques of Analyzing Financial Statements Ratio analysis, vertical analysis, horizontal analysis			
	Corporate Governance Principles and issues relating to internal control			
	Cost Behaviour and Decision Making Cost-volume-profit analysis, cost estimation, relevant costing			
	Concept of Cost Allocation and Measurement Importance of cost allocation in understanding and interpreting cost information in business decisions.			
	Management Control Process Responsibility accounting concepts, segment reporting, performance measures (i.e. ROI, Residual income), basic concepts and methods of investment appraisals			
Teaching/Learning Methodology	cepts and issues in the Indicative Contents are discussed in seminars. cises, problems and short cases are used to illustrate the concepts and es so as to enhance students' understanding of the materials discussed. ents are expected to be interactive in classes to maximize the exchange lowledge and opinions.			

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Financial Accounting	Managerial Accounting
Case presentations and discussions	15%	V	√
2. Mid-term test	25%	V	n.a.
3. Participation	10%	√	V
4. Final examination	50%	√	V
Total	100%		$\sqrt{}$

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

- 1. Students will be arranged to analyze real life business cases and present their analyses in groups which encourage students to apply concepts and techniques in business cases and problems.
- Mid-term test and final examination are used to test students' understanding of accounting concepts and the ability to apprehend and resolve problems.
- 3. Participation marks are given to motivate students to think and speak out in classes.

Note: To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Examination components. In addition, the specific requirements on individual assessment components discussed above could be adjusted based on the pedagogical needs of subject lecturers.

Student Study Effort Expected

rt	Class contact:	
	Lectures / Seminars	39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Assignments, projects 	21 Hrs.
	Revision	57 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs.

Reading List and References

Edmonds, T.P., C.T. Edmonds, P.R. Olds, F.M. McNair, and B. Tsay, *Survey of Accounting*, Latest Edition, McGraw-Hill.

Kimmel, P., D., J. Weygandt and D. Kieso, *Accounting*, Latest Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Horngren, C., W. Harrison and L. Bamber, *Accounting*, Latest Edition, Prentice Hall.

Horngren, C. and W. Harrison, *Financial and Managerial Accounting*, Latest Edition, Prentice Hall.

Jiambalvo, J., Managerial Accounting, Latest Edition, Wiley.

Libby, P., R. Libby and D. Short, *Financial Accounting*, Latest Edition, McGraw-Hill.

Wild, J., *Financial Accounting: Information for Decisions*, Latest Edition, McGrawHill Irwin.

Williams, J., S. Haka and M. Bettner, J.V. Carcello, N.C.Y. Lam, and P.T.Y. Lau, *Financial Accounting*, Asia Global Edition, McGraw-Hill.

Garrison, Noreen, Brewer, *Managerial Accounting,* Latest Edition, McGraw-Hill

Anthony, RN, Govindarajan, V, *Management control Systems*, Latest Edition, McGraw-Hill.

Subject Code	ISE5010
Subject Title	Decision Support Modeling for Courier and Freight Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject provides students with
	the concepts and experience in various modern decision support models with applications in courier and freight management;
	the knowledge of scenario articulation values, strategy formulation, and case examples.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	a. apply the basic skills and concepts of various decision support models in business and logistics environments;
	b. recognize scenario articulation values, strategy formulation and implementation;
	c. solve logistics problems using tools and methodologies associated with decision support theories and applications.
Subject Synopsis/	Introduction to Decision Support Models
Indicative Syllabus	Decision support models compared with other intelligent expert systems; Pivot tables and expert systems with applications; Multidimensional database and data analysis approaches; Online analytical processing; Architecture and components of knowledge-based systems; Rule-based reasoning principles and applications.
	2. <u>Development of Organizational Strategies</u>
	Organizational strategies for supporting ES, KBS, and DSS; Management involvement in DSS; Executive information system to support decision making; Tools for DSS.
	3. Case Studies of Decision Support Systems
	Application systems in courier and freight forwarding activities; Production scheduling; Optimization examples in business and logistics settings.

Teaching/Learning A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and case studies are used to deliver Methodology the various topics in this subject, some of which are covered in a problembased format where the learning objectives are enhanced. Other topics are covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies, largely based on consultancy experience, are used to integrate these topics and thus demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and how they apply in real-life situations. Teaching/Learning Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Methodologies assessed b С ✓ ✓ ✓ Lecture Case Study Project **Assessment Methods** in Alignment with Intended Learning Specific assessment % Intended subject learning **Outcomes** methods/tasks weighting outcomes to be assessed b а С 20% ✓ 1. Assignments 2. Project 30% 3. Case studies 20% 4. Test 30% Total 100% The test and project are designed to measure students' depth of knowledge on the issues of decision support modeling for courier and freight management. Assignments are designed to reflect students' understanding of the concepts and skills taught on various decision support models in business and logistics environments. Case studies are designed to appraise students' recommendations in applying the skills taught, tools, and methodologies associated with decision support theories and applications to solve logistics problems. **Student Study Effort** Class contact: **Expected** 18 Lecture Hrs. 12 Case studies/Seminars Hrs. 9 Laboratory/Tutorial Hrs.

Other student study effort:

	-	Preparation for case studies and assignments	33 Hrs.			
	-	Self-revision for project and test	34 Hrs.			
	Tota	I student study effort	106 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	1.	Akerkar, R, A and Sajja, P, S. 2010, <i>Knowledge-Based</i> S Jones and Bartlett, Priti Srinivas	Systems,			
	2.	Turban, Efraim and Aronson, and JE. 2009, <i>Decision Support Syste and Intelligent Systems</i> , Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, N.J. Lewis, J. 2008, <i>Mastering Project Management: Applying Advance Concepts to Systems Thinking, Control & Evaluation, Resou Allocation</i> , 2 nd edn, McGraw-Hill, New York				
	3.					
	4.	Phillips-Wren, G, Ichalkaranje, Nikhil and Lakhmi, C, Intelligent Decision Making: An Al-Based Approach, Springe Berlin, Heidelberg				
	5.	Turban, E and Aronson, J, E. 2005, <i>Decision Support Syste Intelligent Systems, 7th edn</i> , Pearson Education, Upper Sadd N.J.				
	6.	Moore, J, H and Weatherford, L, R. 2001, <i>Decision Mode Microsoft Excel, 6th edn</i> , Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, N.				

Subject Code	ISE512
Subject Title	Warehousing and Material Handling Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject provides students with
	a basic understanding of material handling facilities and the fundamental principles of material handling;
	quantitative techniques for designing warehouse and material handling systems and an understanding of their limitations;
	an understanding of safety issues and regulations in warehouse and material handling.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	a. select appropriate equipment for material handling and understand the basic roles of the different equipment;
	b. apply appropriate techniques for improving existing material handling systems;
	c. recognize the importance of safety issues in the areas of warehouse and material handling.
Subject Synopsis/	Introduction to Basic Material Handling Equipment and Principles
Indicative Syllabus	Performance of physical work: conveyers, power trucks, cranes and hoists, robots, automated guided vehicles (AGVs), automated storage/retrieval systems. Assistance in material flow management: barcode systems, radio frequency identification (RFID), shelves, containers. Twenty principles of material handling from the College-Industry Council on Material Handling Education (CICMHE).
	5. Quantitative Techniques in Material Handling
	Equipment selection: present value calculation, estimation of fixed and variable costs, calculation of the upper and lower bounds for equipment selection. Order picking and routing policies at warehouses. Warehouse layout design, methods of assigning dedicated storage.
	6. <u>Material Transportation Optimization</u>
	AGV routing techniques. Behaviors of dynamic shortest paths with known events. Transportation and transshipment models. Vehicle-routing problems: traveling distance, customer demand, limited/unlimited capacity.
	7. Regulations and Safety Issues
	Health and safety aspects of warehouse and material handling systems. Types of legal liability and contributory negligence. Duty of care, breach of duty, causation and remoteness, damages, statutory duty, and employer liability.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorials, and laboratory exercises are used subject. External speakers may also be invited to broaden sknowledge. Group works such as mini-projects, laboratory work, studies in the related areas are employed to enhance students' p solving ability and team spirit. Tests and individual assignments a designed to assess the student performance.								dents' case blem-
	Teaching/Learning Methodologies								
				а		b		С	
	Lecture			√		√		<u>√</u>	
	Assignment/Laboratory	У		√		✓			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weigh			ded sul	bject le	arning	outco	omes
				а	b	С			
	1. Tests	50	%	✓	✓	✓			
	2. Assignments	20	%	✓	✓	✓			
	3. Laboratory exercises	30	%	✓	√				
	Total	100	%						
	Laboratory exercises are and tests and assignment subject.								
Student Study Effort	Class contact:								
Expected	Lectures/Seminare	s/Tutori		3 hours	/week	for 9 w	eeks	27	' Hrs.
	 Laboratory work 3 hours/week for 2 weeks plus 6 hours/week for 1 week 							12 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort	ort:							
	 Assignments 							40	Hrs.
	Self-study/Prepara	ation wo	rk					40	Hrs.
	Total student study effor	rt				_		119	Hrs.

Reading List and References

- 7. Askin RG and Standridge CS 1993, *Modeling and Analysis of Manufacturing System*, New York, Wiley
- 8. McCormik EJ and Sanders M 1993, Human Factors in Engineering and Design, New York, McGraw-Hill
- 9. Bozer YA, Chapter 56: Material Handling Systems, Handbook of Industrial Engineering: Technology and Operations Management, 3nd edition, New York: John Wiley & Sons
- Smith JD, Chapter 57: Storage and Warehousing, Handbook of Industrial Engineering: Technology and Operations Management, 3nd edition, New York: John Wiley & Sons
- 11. Francis RL and White JA 1998, Facility Layout and Location: An analytical Approach, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice-Hall
- 12. Muther R and Wheeler JD 1994, Simplified Systematic Layout Planning, Kansas City, MO, Management and Industrial Publication
- 13. Stanks J 1994, *Management Systems for Safety*, Financial Times, Pitman Publishing
- 14. Ridley J 2008, Safety at work, Routledge.
- 15. Konz A 1999, *Work Design: Industrial Ergonomics*, Holcomb Hathaway Pubs.
- 16. Alberto Garcia-diaz, J. Macgregor Smith 2007, Facilities Planning and Design, Prentice Hall
- 17. Edward Frazelle 2004, *World-class Warehousing and Material Handling*, McGraw Hill
- 18. Matthew P. Stephens, Fred E. Meyers 2013, *Manufacturing Facilities Design and Material Handling*, Prentice Hall

Subject Code	ISE527
Subject Title	Logistics Information Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject provides students with the ability to
	 understand the theory, principles, and applications of logistics information systems (LISs);
	describe the concepts of operations research for solving logistics optimisation problems;
	 identify the relationship between data warehousing and online analytical processing (OLAP) in logistics operations;
	apply artificial intelligence techniques for distribution planning and logistics operation improvement.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	 demonstrate their understanding of LISs and how such systems can be used in existing work situations to identify how the dispersed operations of a supply chain network can be configured;
	 examine the concepts of data preprocessing and OLAP in logistics operations;
	 apply the concepts of operations research to physical distribution planning and logistics operation improvement;
	d. select appropriate LISs to achieve logistics intelligence.
Subject Synopsis/	The syllabus includes the following topics
Indicative Syllabus	1. Introduction to Logistics Information Systems
	LIS concepts and architecture for knowledge discovery in databases. Issues related to the use of database management systems in data mining and operations carried out during data preprocessing. Relationships among data warehousing, OLAP, and data processing.
	2. Applications of Logistics Information Systems
	Linear programming for optimisation and transportation carrier operations. Genetic algorithms and simulated annealing for distribution planning. Artificial intelligence techniques for logistics operations.
	3. <u>Strategies for Implementing Data Mining to Enhance Logistics Intelligence</u>
	Articulating data mining problems with logistics problems or objectives. Handling the critical steps required for success

Teaching/Learning Methodology	in logistics knowledge discovery tasks. Evaluating logistics operations and enhancing the efficiency of logistics operations using suitable tools. 4. Case Studies Application of logistics operation control systems; vehicle scheduling and routing. A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and laboratory exercises is used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem-based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through case studies to enhance students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case examples, largely based on consultancy experience, are used to integrate these topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in logistics operations.								
	Teaching/Learning Methodologies		Intend			arning	Outcon	nes to be	
			а	l	b		С	d	
	Lecture Tutorial		~		√		√	-	
	Seminars						<u>√</u>	/	
	Project/case studies		✓	/	✓		√	✓ ·	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks		% ghting		ded su asses:	-	ct learning outcomes		
				а	b	С	d		
	1. Assignments	4	-0%	✓	✓		✓		
	2. Lab exercises	1	0%	✓					
	3. Test	3	0%	✓			✓		
	4. Projects	2	20%			✓	✓		
	Total	10	00%						
	The assignments are designed to assess students' ability to apply their knowledge of LISs and OLAP. The laboratory exercises are designed to assess students' understanding of LISs.								
	The projects involve ca the working principles, assessed.	desi	gn con	cepts,	and s	electio	n of L	Ss can be	
	The test is designed to whether they can preser					tandin(g of the	topics and	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							-	
Lybeolea	Lectures	3 hou	rs/week	for 6 v	veeks			18 Hrs.	

	•	Tutorials	3 hours/week for 3 weeks	9 Hrs.				
	•	Laboratories	3 hours/week for 4 weeks	12 Hrs.				
	Oth	er student study e	r student study effort:					
	•	Assignment prep	Assignment preparation					
	•	Presentation pre	Presentation preparation and report writing					
	•	Test preparation	20 Hrs.					
	Tot	al student study ef	l student study effort					
Reading List and References	1.		08, Logistics Management and ply Chain, Harlow: Financial Time					
	2.	Conferences on Marketing, Vehic	Logistics Management and Environmental Aspects: Special Innova Conferences on Intelligent Transportation Systems and Telemetr Marketing, Vehicle Finance and Leasing. Croydon, England: ISA Düsseldorf Trade Fair, 1998					
	3.	Dror, M. 2000, <i>Arc Routing: Theory, Solutions, and Applications</i> , IMA: Kluwer Academic Roiger, R. 2003, <i>Data Mining: A Tutorial-based Primer Boston, P</i> Wesley						
	4.							
	5.	International Jou 3, Nov 1999.	rnal of Logistics: Research and A	Applications, vol. 2 no.				

Subject Code	LGT5001
Subject Title	Organisational Management in Shipping & Logistics
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To provide students with a full understanding of the organisational and human resources management in the context of international shipping and logistics.
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 Demonstrate relevant professional knowledge and understanding of maritime and logistics organisations, the external environment in which they operate and how they are managed.
	b. Understand and respond to changes in global business environment with respect to the management issues of globalisation, organisational structure, cultural diversity, ethics and quality management in the context of international shipping and logistics.
	c. Analyse the inter-relationships among and the integration of these areas within the overall student learning experience.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Logistics organisation structures; Generic organisational choices for logistics; Development of an optimal logistics organisation; Organisational issues in an international shipping and logistics context.
	Developing strategic alliances, shipping alliances and consortia. International joint venture formation and licensing. Managing diversity in organisations; organisation culture; managing multi-cultural organisations in shipping and logistics; Management of global logistics.
	Organisational issues in managing logistics productivity and performance, Logistics quality process, Third-party logistics, Outsourcing.
	Regulating regimes in international shipping; Effects of OSRA 1998 and EU competition policy on international shipping. Management issues in e-commerce in relation to shipping and logistics.
	Corporate social responsibilities. Human resources management in context, leadership and customer care.
Teaching/Learning	Lectures introduce and explain key theoretical risk-related concepts. Lectures are followed by class discussions where concepts are linked

Methodology

to real events in the industry through appropriate examples and their analysis.

Seminars are highly interactive and include discussions of current / past events, case studies, and student presentations. Students are expected to actively participate in the classes and to share their experience and learn from each other.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		a b c					
1. Coursework	50%						
Mini-project	40%	✓	✓	✓			
Presentation	10%	√	√	✓			
2. Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓			
Total	100 %						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

Since the course focuses on the organizational management in shipping and logistics, case analysis and learning from practical, work-based experiences form an important constituent of student assessment. Coursework in the form of mini-project which targets some critical issues in organisational management in context will reinforce theoretical concepts learnt during the lectures and enable their applications in real-life operational situations. Presentation of student projects in the form of seminars will enhance students' communications skills and reinforce their concepts through two-way dialogue and discussions.

Final examination is an open-book examination that assesses student's in-depth understanding on the theoretical concepts of the subject and the ability to apply conceptual framework in real business case analysis.

Students would be given regular feedback on their performance, by email or as comments on assignments submitted. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.

		Γ				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Lifert Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Self study	45 Hrs.				
	Coursework	42 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Rahim, M. Afzalur, Managing conflict in organize Publishers, 2011, 4th <i>Edition</i> . Managing confl Harvard Business School Press, c2007.					
	Aba-Bulgu,M. and Sardar M.N. Islam, Corpora management : modelling, strategies and SME at Elsevier, 2007.					
	McLean, Hamish, Crisis command : strategicorporate crises, ARK Group, 2009.	ies for managing				
	Richard G. Human Resources, Renckly, Barron's Educational Series, 2011, 3 rd Edition.					
	Deresky, Helen (2008), International management borders and cultures: text and cases, Upper S Pearson Prentice Hall (6th edition).					
	Morschett, Dirk, Strategic international manager cases, Springer e-books, Gabler , 2009.	ment text and				
	Hogan-Garcia, Mikel (2007), The four skills of competence: a process for understanding and practition.					
	Pozdnakova, Alla (2008), Liner shipping and E Wolters Kluwer.	U competition law,				
	Joint ventures, mergers and acquisitions, and cap Tobin and Lawrence R. Parker, editors. New Yo Publishers, 2009.	<u> </u>				
	Crane, Andrew ; Matten, Dirk ; Mcwilliams, Ab Jeremy ; Siegel, Donald. <u>The Ox</u> <u>Corporate Social Responsibility</u> University Press , 2008	ford Handbook of				
	Journals: Journal of Business Logistics Human Resources Journal International Journal of Physical distribution & Logis International Journal of Production Economics Maritime Economics and Logistics Maritime Policy and Management	stics				

Subject Code	LGT5002
Subject Title	International Logistics Systems, Operations and Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Exclusion	CSE564 Transportation and Logistics LGT5061 International Logistics Management
Role and Purposes	This subject aims to provide students with an understanding of the growing importance of international logistics systems, operations and management.
	To familiarize students with the fundamental knowledge and skills of international logistics and how they can be applied to help firms achieve cost and service advantages in the world's marketplace, by integrating the logistics concept into the business and applying appropriate methods for specific logistics management problems at different international contexts.
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify and evaluate the elements of an international logistics system; b. Understand the relationships between international logistics management, the international business environment, and the opportunities and challenges for Hong Kong; c. Recognize the complexity of the elements in international logistics system and how they are related to organizational performance; d. Learn the current issues for the design and evaluation of an international logistics system; e. Understand how the elements of an international logistics system should be integrated and coordinated in the most cost effective manner; f. Study the contemporary topics for logistics management in international context g. Understand ethical issues for managing international logistics systems and operations.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Concept of a logistics system; Logistics and competitiveness; Globalization and the world economy; International logistics and the opportunities and challenges for Hong Kong; International trade theories and practices; Logistics outsourcing and the risks; Logistics information management; IT-enabled logistics and emerging information technologies for logistics, Logistics customer services; Shipping markets and the roles of international shipping; Trends in the shipping industry, Air cargoes and intermodal freight transport; International purchasing and supply; Logistics and maritime security

issues; Warehousing management; Reverse logistics and environmental issues; Customer and supplier relationships for international business; Trading terms and practices; Import/ export issues; Risks for international logistics operations; Quality management for logistics; Emerging topics and corporate social responsibility issues on international logistics management.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

The learning outcomes are achieved through a participative approach where students are

- Encouraged to think of real life examples and discuss their management implications with peers in the class and with the lecturer:
- Required to learn from lectures, case analyses, article review, research papers, group discussion, and interactions with the lecturer and among themselves;
- Instructed to review current international logistics related articles to enhance their understanding of international logistics systems, operations, and management.

Teaching/Learning Methodologies	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be assessed							
	а	a b c d e f g						
Lecture	\checkmark	✓	✓	√	\checkmark	✓	✓	
Tutorial	✓	√	✓	\checkmark	✓	√	√	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g
1. Coursework	50 %	✓	√	√	✓	√	✓	✓
2. Examination	50 %	√	√	√	✓	√	✓	√
Total	100 %							

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

The objective of the three hours examination (50%) is for students to review all concepts covered in the course. There are four parts in coursework:

Article review presentation (10%) helps students to grasp the latest development in international logistics management and link the concepts and ideas covered in the course.

Group review report (15%) helps students organize ideas from their article review presentation after receiving comments from the lecturer and peers. This report needs to be supplemented with examples and applications in the issue being analyzed. Students are also required to propose actions to tackle the identified problems and managerial

	insights for international logistics management.					
	Individual report (20%) requires students to write an essay summarizing key points from various class activities with the aim for evaluating student learning outcomes on individual basis.					
	Class attendance performance (5%) encourages st and contributions to various class activities.	udent participation				
	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam co					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Lifett Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 	39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Preparation for coursework activities 42 Hrs 					
	■ Self-study for course materials 45 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Recommended reference materials					
	Lun, Y. H. V., Lai, K. H. and Cheng, T. C. E. (2010) Shipping and Logistics Management, Springer, UK. (ISBN-978-1-84882-996-1)					
	International Journal of Shipping and Transport Logistics , Inderscience, (ISSN:-1756-6517)					
	Journal of Shipping and Trade, Springer (ISSN:-236	64-4575)				

LGT5007									
Shipping Economics and Markets									
3									
5	5								
1-semester	1-semester								
Nil	Nil								
shipping economics; knowledge of shipping environment; to equip making; to demonstra	To familiarise students with important concepts and principles in shipping economics; to provide students with practical and essential knowledge of shipping markets in an international business environment; to equip students' analytical skills in strategic decision-making; to demonstrate how various models and theories can be applied to specific shipping sectors.								
 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts and theories in shipping economics and markets. b. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the procedures and common problems in shipping management and daily shipping operation. c. Demonstrate abilities and skills in solving common problems encountered in shipping management. 									
A brief introduction of shipping history, maritime economics and shipping market; Theory of demand and its application in shipping market; The supply of shipping firms and market supply; Market equilibrium and evolution; Market structure and firm competition; Decision-making under uncertainty; Freight market economics and evolution; Relationship between different market segments in shipping industry; Decision-making on ship investment; Economics of ship chartering; Externality in shipping; Emission reduction in international shipping.									
Teaching/Learning Methodologies	Learnin	g Outc							
Lecture Tutorial	√ √	√ ✓	√ √						
	Shipping Economics 3 5 1-semester Nil To familiarise student shipping economics; knowledge of shipping environment; to equipmaking; to demonstrate applied to specific shipping by the common problems operation. c. Demonstrate known common problems operation. c. Demonstrate ability encountered in shipping market; The supply of equilibrium and evolution; Relationship industry; Decision-making undevolution; Relationshipping. Lectures will be use will be conducted for the	Shipping Economics and Maria 5 1-semester Nil To familiarise students with im shipping economics; to provid knowledge of shipping market environment; to equip student making; to demonstrate how vapplied to specific shipping set upon completion of the subject a. Demonstrate knowledge theories in shipping economic b. Demonstrate knowledge and common problems in shipping operation. c. Demonstrate abilities and encountered in shipping market; Theory of demarket; The supply of shipping equilibrium and evolution; Mander uncert evolution; Relationship between industry; Decision-making on chartering; Externality in shipping. Lectures will be used for interval will be conducted for case set a Lecture	Shipping Economics and Markets 3 5 1-semester Nil To familiarise students with important shipping economics; to provide stude knowledge of shipping markets in an environment; to equip students' analymaking; to demonstrate how various applied to specific shipping sectors. Upon completion of the subject, stude a. Demonstrate knowledge and und common problems in shipping operation. c. Demonstrate knowledge and und common problems in shipping operation. c. Demonstrate abilities and skills encountered in shipping managem. A brief introduction of shipping histor shipping market; Theory of demand a market; The supply of shipping firms equilibrium and evolution; Market structure in shipping on ship inchartering; Externality in shipping; Enshipping. Lectures will be used for introducing the conducted for case studies. Teaching/Learning Intended Subjection in the conducted for case studies. Teaching/Learning Intended Subjection in the conducted for case studies. Teaching/Learning Intended Subjection in the conducted for case studies. Teaching/Learning Intended Subjection in the conducted for case studies. Teaching/Learning Intended Subjection in the conducted for case studies. Teaching/Learning Intended Subjection in the conducted for case studies.	Shipping Economics and Markets 3 5 1-semester Nill To familiarise students with important concepts a shipping economics; to provide students with praknowledge of shipping markets in an international environment; to equip students' analytical skills in making; to demonstrate how various models and applied to specific shipping sectors. Upon completion of the subject, students will be a. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding theories in shipping economics and markets. b. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding common problems in shipping management operation. c. Demonstrate abilities and skills in solving encountered in shipping management. A brief introduction of shipping history, maritime shipping market; Theory of demand and its applimarket; The supply of shipping firms and market equilibrium and evolution; Market structure and for Decision-making under uncertainty; Freight markevolution; Relationship between different market industry; Decision-making on ship investment; Echartering; Externality in shipping; Emission redustrying. Lectures will be used for introducing the conwill be conducted for case studies and discussive in the condu					

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	Intended subject outcomes to be a (Please tick as a			sed	
Outcomes			а	b	С			
	1. Course work	50%	√	✓	√			
	2. Final exam	50%	✓	✓	√			
	Total	100 %						
	To pass this subject, s in BOTH the Continuo							above
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
P	 Lectures / Tutorial 	S					39	Hrs.
	Other student study eff	ort:						
	 Term project 87 Hrs. 						Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	ort					126	Hrs.
Reading List and References	References							
References	Stopford, M. (2009) <i>Maritime Economics</i> , 3 nd Ed., Routledge, London.							
	Wayne K. Talley (2011 Economics. Wiley-B						ime	
	Alderton, P.M. (2004) Sea Transport: Operation and Economics, Thomas Reed, East Molesey.							
	Berenson, M and Levir Concepts and Applie		•		iness .	Statist	ics:	
	Branch, A.E. (2007) <i>El</i> Routledge.	ements of S	hippin	g, 8 th I	Ed., L	ondon	; New	York:
	Button, K. (2010) <i>Trans</i> Elgar.	sport Econo	mics, 3	3 rd Ed.	., Che	ltenha	m: Edv	ward
	McConville, J. (1999) <i>E</i> Practice, Witherby, I		of Mari	time T	ransp	ort: Th	neory a	and

Subject Code	LGT5010							
Subject Title	Port Policy and Management							
Credit Value	3							
Level	5							
Normal Duration	1-semester							
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil							
Role and Purposes	It provides students with comprehensive knowledge on the nature of port, its evolution, development, and management. It also introduces students to the roles and functions of ports in the economic and transport infrastructure of a territory, as well as port competition and policy choices.							
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. To provide the students with comprehensive understanding on port management and operations, port competition and policy choices. b. To provide students with the ability to analyze the implications of port policy and management.							
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Port development: Historica location; classification and chrole and functions of ports.							
	Port policy and regulation: port administration and struct port policies: port reform and competition; port safety and s	ture (priva governan	te vs. publ	ic sector o	wnership);			
	Port management: port man port investment and financing future development of ports i	g; port mai	nagement	informatio	n systems;			
	Green policy: ports and the environment: ship-borne and cargoborne pollution; the influence of ports on the marine ecosystem.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will be used to present the basic theories and their application to the real world. General principles of the syllabus topic will be presented and developed during the lectures. There will also be seminar-type discussions where students will develop and apply the general principles of the topic in student-centred activities, including group discussions of cases, student presentations and discussions.							
		tended Su e assesse	•	ning Outco	omes to			
	Last	a	b					
1	Lecture	\checkmark	\checkmark	•				

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Gutoomes			а	b				
	1. Final Examination	50%	✓	✓				
	2. Continuous Assessment	50%	✓	✓				
	Total	100 %						
	To pass this subject, so in BOTH the Continuou		•					above
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorial	S					39	Hrs.
	Other student study effort:							
	Revisions 67						Hrs.	
	■ Course project and presentation 20 H						Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	ort	126 Hrs					6 Hrs.
Reading List and References	Books: Alderton, P. (2005): FLLP, London.	Port Manago	ement	and	Opera	ations,	2 nd e	dition,
	Brooks, M.R. and C Governance and Port I		•	, ,	,		olution,	, Port
	Cullinane, K. and T Elsevier, London.	alley, W.K.	(Eds	s.) (20	006):	Port	Econ	omics,
	Frankel, E.G. (1987): Sons, New York.	Port Plannii	ng and	d Deve	elopm	ent, Jo	ohn W	'iley &
	Song, D.W. and Cullinane, K. (Eds.) (2007): Asian Container Popular Research						Ports,	
	Talley, W.K. (Ed.) (200 London.	08): <i>Maritim</i>	e Safe	ety, Se	ecurity	/ and	Piracy	, LLP,
	Wang, J., Olivier, D., N Cities, and Global Sup				•	, ,	2007):	Ports,

Journals :
Environment and Planning A Journal of Transport Geography Maritime Economics and Logistics (formerly International Journal of Maritime Economics) Maritime Policy and Management Research in Transportation Economics

Subject Code	LGT5011
Subject Title	Admiralty Law
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To help the students to familiarize the relevant international legal practice relate to admiralty law, coverage will include jurisdictions of major admiralty nations, such as US, UK, Australia, Singapore, and Hong Kong.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Familiar with the essential legal principles and concepts relate to admiralty law b. Evaluate various options to solve legal disputes relate to an admiralty matter c. Spot relevant legal issues relate to an admiralty matter. d. Understand the critical aspects of various forms of dispute resolutions, such as how to confirm an arbitration award in court and its enforcement.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Ownership issues: nationality, flag, at what stage a ship acquires the status of a vessel, not a mere structure of steel components. Maritime liens: various types and how they attach to a vessel. Claims management: Conventional litigation, Maritime arbitration, New York Convention, validity of a arbitration clause, enforcement of an arbitration award. Pilotage: compulsory/voluntary pilotage; authority and liability Collision: nature, measurement of damages, allocation of liability, conventions Pollution: concepts discussed in leading oil pollution cases. Salvage and wreckage: nature of salvage, concepts discussed in leading cases. General average: common law and York-Antwerp Rules. Limitation of shipowners liability: convention on limitation of liability Admiralty Jurisdiction: action in rem, ship arrest
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The teaching method will be focused on case analysis. In each class, the lecturer will introduce the students the essential cases concerning various admiralty law topics. From the case discussion, the students will gain an understanding about the underlying admiralty legal principles and theories. During the tutorials, the students will engage in class exercises by spotting the legal issues from hypothetical cases,

	and the tutor will give constructive feedbacks to guide the students in analyzing the exercise. Both the lectures and the tutorials will be aimed to help the students in attending the intended learning outcomes of the subject.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Coursework	% weighting 50 %	appropriate) a b c d					
	2. Examination Total To pass this subjetin BOTH the Continuous c							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lectures / Tutorial Non-class contact							39 Hrs.
	Class preparation		s revie	W.				87 Hrs.
Reading List and References	TOTAL STUDY EFFORT 126 Hrs. References Various articles selected from: a. American Maritime Cases b. The Journal of Maritime Law and Commerce c. Loyola Maritime Law Journal d. Tulane Maritime Law Journal e. University of San Francisco Maritime Law Journal							

Subject Code	LGT5012
Subject Title	Law and Practice in Marine Insurance
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To facilitate learning of the principles and law of marine insurance through covering the law on insurance mainly with a maritime subject matter, and to develop the knowledge and skills of students in respect of theoretical and practical alternatives in controlling insurable risks in the transport logistics industry.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate the operations of the insurance industry in Hong Kong and London, the United Kingdom. b. Apply principles and law of marine insurance in Hong Kong. c. Analyse legal cases and interpret legislation and legal documents. d. Develop the ability to solve real legal issues by applying the legal method and conducting legal research.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Brief review of Marine Insurance Ordinance of Hong Kong; Structure of insurance market, operation of insurance and insurance company; Alternatives in insurance markets: cargo insurance, hull and machinery insurance, liability insurance, reinsurance, P&I insurance, double and under insurance; Risk assessment and underwriting principles: insurable interest and assignment, good faith, warranties, subrogation and etc.; Insurance brokers and other Intermediaries.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The lectures cover the basic concepts and theories. Tutorial sessions allow students to discuss the lectures and present the applications of principles and law of marine insurance in smaller groups.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	methods/tasks weighting outcomes to								
Outcomes			а	b	С	d				
	Case presentation	20%	✓	√	✓	✓				
	Assignment/Test	30%	✓	√	✓	✓				
	Examination	50%	√	√	✓	✓				
	Total	100 %		1			•			
	Explanation of the apprassessing the intended Students will be asked	learning outo	comes jal me	: :						
	problems which are practice. To pass this subject, stuin the Case Preser components.		equire							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
Lifert Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials Other student study effort: 						39 Hrs.			
	Self Study						87	Hrs		
	Total student study effor	rt					126	Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Merkin, Robert (2012), 2nd ed, Hong Kong: Tho				uranc	e in F	long	Kong,		
	Goo, S.H. (gen. ed.) (Kong, Hong Kong: Swee			Law	and I	Practio	ce in	Hong		
	Rose, F. D. (2012), <i>M</i> Informa Law.	larine Insura	nce:	Law a	and P	ractice	e, 2nd	d ed.,		
	Bennett, Howard (2006)	, The Law o	f Marii	ne Insi	uranc	e, Oxfo	ord.			
	Soyer, Baris (2005), Routledge-Cavendish	Warranties	in N	<i>larine</i>	Insu	rance,	2nd	ed.,		
	Jervis, Barrie G. (2005 Coles Nautical.	5), Reeds M	<i>larine</i>	Insur	ance,	Lond	lon: A	Adlard		
	Kenneth, Goodacre J London: Witherby.	(1996), <i>Ma</i>	arine	Insura	nce (Claims	s, 3rc	l ed.,		
	Hodges, Susan (1996), Pub. Ltd.	Law of Mar	ine In	surand	ce, Lo	ndon:	Cave	endish		

Hodges, Susan (1999), Cases and Materials on Marine Insurance Law, London: Cavendish Pub. Ltd

Recommended periodicals, newspapers, internet materials

Lloyd's Maritime and Commercial Law Quarterly Journal of Maritime Law and Commerce Lloyd's Maritime Law Newsletter Journal of International Maritime Law Dr Tai's Maritime Law (website): http://hkmaritimelaw.com

Dr Tai's Maritime Law (Facebook): https://www.facebook.com/TaiMarL

Subject Code	LGT5013				
Subject Title	Transport Logistics in China				
Credit Value	3				
Level	5				
Normal Duration	1-semester				
Pre-requisite	Students are expected to understand Putonghua and to read simplified Chinese Characters.				
Role and Purposes	To provide within an operational and business environment:				
	an advanced understanding of the market demand and supply, as well as principles and complexities of different mode of transportation in freight industry in China;				
	the advanced skills necessary to implement logistics and supply chain management strategy in various industrial sector within a logistics company environment;				
	proactive thinking to achieve and sustain advantage in a rapidly changing business/freight operational environment in China.				
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse macro economical and industrial situation of transport logistics in China with updated facts and numbers. b. Describe the modes of logistics operation of road, water, air, and rail in China. c. Gain strategic insight on how to develop logistics related business within China, with deep-dive analysis into rapid developing sectors. d. Examine the policy and regulations in domestics and international trade, and the logistics relationship between China and Hong Kong. e. Apply the Chinese transport and customs law. f. Develop the ability to assess and evaluate the different logistics environments in China and Hong Kong. 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Organizational and Principal Characteristics of Transport Logistics in China: Logistics operation of Air Transport; Logistics operation of Sea/Inland waterway Transport; Logistics operation of Rail Transport; Logistics operation of Road Transport; and Port Operations. Transport Economics. Demand and supply for freight transportation services, market structure and organization, government intervention, as well as strategic infrastructure investment in different Chinese transport sectors (port, air, rail, road, and sea/inland waterway). Overview of China Trade and its impact on logistics; Commercial Transport Policy; Human Resource Management in China; Trading 				

practice and related government organizations in China; Hong Kong/China co-operation; Future developments in China Trade.

 Customs ordinances and trade regulations; Legal framework for transport and logistics in China; Foreign investment law in transport and logistics industries; Chinese judicial system for maritime and logistics cases, Chinese Maritime Law (covering bills of lading, voyage and time charter parties; marine insurance;); and Build and Finance Ships in China.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Lectures introduce and explain key concepts and key sectors with case analysis. Lectures are followed by class discussions where concepts are linked to real events in the industry through appropriate examples and their analysis.

Seminars are highly interactive and include discussions of current / past events, case studies, and student presentations. Students are expected to actively participate in the classes and to share their experience and learn from each other.

Teaching/Learning	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes							
Methodologies	to be assessed							
	a	a b c d e f						
Lecture	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark		
Tutorial	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
		a	b	c	d	e	f		
1.Coursework Assignment/ case analysis	50%	✓	√	√	√	√	√		
2. Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√		
Total	100 %								

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

- Since the course focuses on transport logistics in China, case analysis and learning from practical, work-based experiences forms an important constituent of student assessment. Further, assignments and case analysis reinforce theoretical concepts learnt during the lectures and enable their applications in real-life operational situations. Final examination that assesses student's familiarity with theoretical concepts and the ability to apply conceptual framework in case analysis.
- Students would be given regular feedback on their performance, by email or as comments on assignments submitted.

To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.

Student Study Effort	Class contact:					
Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 					
	Other student study effort:					
	 Self study 	45 Hrs.				
	Coursework	42 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Charles Guowen Wang, CSCMP Global Logistics Po 2005, 2015	erspective – China,				
	Binglian Liu, ect, Contempery Logistics in China, 20	012, 2013				
	Blauwens, Gust; Peter De Baere, Eddy van de Voord <i>economics Antwerpen</i> : De Boeck.	e (2006), Transport				
	China freight transport report [electronic resource] / Business Monitor International London: Business Monitor International.					
	Anming Zhang et al. (2004), <i>Air cargo in mainland China and Hong Kong /</i> Anming Zhang [et al.]. Aldershot, England : Ashgate, c2004.					
	.Hirst, Mike., (2008), <i>The air transport system</i> , Cambridge, England: Woodhead Pub.					
	Ports, cities, and global supply chains, Edited by James Wang et al., Aldershot, England: Ashgate, 2007.					
	《中国物流学术前沿报告》/中国物流与采购联合会,北京市:中国物资出版社,2014,2015,2016					
	《中國海關》 [electronic resource] 北京:中國學術期刊(光盤版)電子雜誌社					
	《海关报关实务》[electronic resource], 谢国娥编著. 上海: 华东理工大学出版社, 2004.					
	《中国海关监管与征》[electronic resource] / 朱新瑞主编. 中国:中国海洋大学出版社, 2003.					
	《中国现代物流发展报告》,南开大学/国家发改委, 2014,2015,2016					
	《中国物流年鉴》,中国物资出版社,2009,2011,2012,2013, 2014,2015,2016					
	《中国供应链管理蓝皮书》,/丁俊发主编,中国:中国物资出版社, 2011-2014, 2015, 2016					

Subject Code	LGT5014					
Subject Title	Air Transport Logistics and Management					
Credit Value	3					
Credit value						
Level	5					
Normal Duration	-semester					
Pre-requisite	Nil					
Role and Purposes	To provide students with an insight and understanding of the key issues and decisions involved in the logistics operation and management of air transport in a rapidly changing regulatory environment.					
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate the dynamic nature of the air transport logistic industry. b. Understand the impacts of the external forces (economic, geographic, demographic, legal, political, environmental and technological), and the internal forces (micro-economic,					
	competitive, operational and organisational) on the air transport logistics business. c. Analyze real market data and forecast the trend in different air transport and logistics markets. d. Understand the basic principles of revenue management, total factor productivity analysis and various demand forecast models					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Current issues in the air transport industry The air cargo business Air freight forwarding The economics of air cargo Intermodal issues for the air transport industry Air logistics management Airline Alliances - threats and opportunities for air cargo Revenue management for air cargo 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will be used to present the theoretical foundations and how alternative skills can be applied to particular cases. Mini cases shall be used to give the students an updated view on the industry practices. Students are required to use the knowledge and methodology learned in this course to conduct projects which are related to some important issues in the aviation industry.					

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	omes t	to be a	ct learning e assessed appropriate)				
Outcomes			а	b	С	d				
	Coursework	50%	√	√	√	✓				
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	√				
	Total	100 %								
	Explanation of the apparassessing the intende	•			ssmer	nt meth	nods i	n		
	To pass this subject, s in BOTH the Continuo							above		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
Lifort Expected	Lectures / Tutoria	ls				39 Hrs.				
	Other student study ef	ffort:								
	Self study						87 Hrs.			
	Total student study eff	fort					126	Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Book									
References	Button, K. and Stough, R. (2000). <i>Air Transport Networks: Theory and Policy Implications</i> , Cheltenham, Northampton, Mass.: Edward Elgar Pub.									
	De Neufville, R., Odoni, A., Belobaba, P. and Reynolds, T. (201 Airport Systems – Planning, Design and Management (2 e McGraw-Hill.									
	Doganis, R (2002) Fly Airlines, Routledge.	ying Off Cou	ırse: Ti	he Ec	onomi	cs of	Intern	ational		
	Vasigh, B., Fleming, Finance. Ashgate	K. and Mack	ay, L.	(2010)), Fou	ndatio	ns of	Airline		
	Vasigh, B., Fleming, Transport Economics.		cker, 7	Г. (20	08), <i>I</i>	ntrodu	ction	to Air		
	Oum, T.H, and Yu, C. (1998) Winning Airlines: Productivity and Competitiveness of the World's Major Airlines, Kluwer Acade Boston.									

Oum, T.H., Park, J. H. and Zhang, A. (2000), *Globalization and Strategic Alliances: The Case of the Airline Industry,* Pergamon for Elsevier Science.

Wensveen, J. G. (2011). *Air Transportation: A Management Perspective* (7th ed.), Ashgate.

Journals

Air Cargo News
Airline Business
Aviation Strategy
Flight International
Aviation Economics
Journal of Air Transport Management

Subject Code	LGT5015
Subject Title	Supply Chain Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	This course discusses the concepts, theory, models, tools, and the best practices of modern product supply chain management to help students: understand the strategic importance of SCM in improving a firm's competitive position in the marketplace; understand the key characteristics of successful supply chains and how they differ from the traditional approaches; gain insights into issues involved in the design, planning, and deployment of a supply chain; understand the impact of SCM principle on a firm's overall strategy, in particular, the impact on a firm's marketing strategy; understand the supply chain management development in the internet plus time; develop fundamental skills for analyzing and managing a supply chain in an organization.
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. evaluate the impact of supply chain and logistics activities on the financial performance of a firm b. identify and assess the inter-actions of inventory, time, information, and financial factors in a supply chain context c. recognize and understand some basic modelling approaches for supply chain design and optimization d. recognize and understand the importance of the multi-organizational nature of supply chain management e. recognize and understand some key issues in supply chain management and the possible approaches that can be used to tackle these issues f. understand the ethical issues in the global supply chain management

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

- Logistics, supply chain, and competitive advantages
- The role of inventory in supply chains and basic methodologies for inventory management
- Uncertainty and risk, and how to deal with them through good inventory management approaches
- Value of information and information sharing in supply chains
- Distribution strategies
- Supply chain coordination and strategic alliance
- Procurement and outsourcing
- Supply chain integration
- Ethical issues in supply chain and logistics operations

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Lectures to introduce concepts, theories, management issues, and methodologies.

Case study and group discussion: make connections of the contents from the lectures with real business practices so as to deepen the understanding of the concepts, theories, and issues of supply chain management.

In-class exercises and take-home assignments: help students to grasp some of the key methodologies and tools; practice some basic analysis skills and access their understanding of some basic concepts and analysis skills.

Group project to help students to recognize the key management issues in a complex real business context and develop systematic approaches and solutions to resolve the management problem.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
		а	b	С	d	е	f		
1. Coursework*	60 %	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2. Examination	40 %	✓	✓	✓		√	✓		
Total	100 %								

^{*}Coursework may include case studies, group projects, and individual assignments

To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.

Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 	39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:							
	Group discussions	12 Hrs.						
	Projects	42 Hrs.						
	Reading and homework	33 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort							
Reading List and References	Simchi-Levi, Kaminsky and Simchi-Levi, <i>Designing and Managing the Supply Chain: Concepts, Strategies and Case Studies</i> , 3 rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2007.							
	Martin Christopher, <i>Logistics and Supply Chain Management</i> , Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005.							
	Handout reading materials							

Subject Code	LGT5017
Subject Title	Maritime Logistics
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	The aim of this unit is to provide students with a full understanding of current developments in maritime transport logistics, and to enable them to identify and solve problems related to maritime transport logistics in the context of international shipping.
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 Demonstrate relevant professional knowledge and understanding of maritime logistics, the international maritime environment in which they operate and how they are managed.
	 Understand and respond to current developments of the relevant political, economical, social and technological issues and their influences on the operations and management of maritime logistics.
	 Analyse and integrate the inter-relationships among the various components of subject matters in shipping logistics for effective problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	International seaborne trade. Maritime transportation and cargoes. Dry bulk and liquid bulk commodity logistics and services. Maritime transport terminals design and operations. Port and carrier selection. Third party shipping management. Materials handling and packaging for maritime transport. Environmental issues and international regulations on environmental protection in maritime logistics. Regulating regimes in international shipping. Issues in liner shipping. Transhipment hub, logistical networks and feeder concepts. Logistics of empty containers. Management of multimodal transport. Technologies in maritime logistics. Logistics center and free trade zone. Maritime security issues and technology.
Teaching/Learnin g Methodology	Lectures introduce and explain key theoretical risk-related concepts. Lectures are followed by class discussions where concepts are linked to real events in the industry through appropriate examples and their analysis.
	Seminars are highly interactive and include discussions of current / past events, case studies, and student presentations. Students are expected to actively participate in the classes and to share their experience and learn from each other.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	omes t		learnir ssesse e)		ease	
			а	b	С				
	Coursework								
	Presentation / quiz	30%	✓	✓	✓				
	Participation in discussions / Attendance	20%	✓	✓	✓				
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓				
	Total	100 %							
	Since the course foculearning from practice constituent of stude presentation and que management of marite concepts learnt during life operational situations skills and reinforce discussions. Students would be gremail or as comments are made to the comments of the continuous from the	al, work-bas nt assessm iz which ta ime logistics the lectures ans, as well a their concep iven regular on assignme students are	sed execution of the content of the	cperier Course some ontext nable ance s rough ack o bmitte	nces fework critic will retudent two-venthein d.	orm a in the cal isseinforce applicates is a community of the car	n impose for impose fo	oortant rm of n the oretical n real- cations e and ce, by	
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	■ Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	Self-study / research for self-learning tasks						42 Hrs.		
	Assignment / preparation for examination / test					45 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort					126 Hrs.			

Reading List and References

Maritime logistics: a complete guide to effective shipping and port management; Kogan Page, 2012

Container terminals and automated transport systems: logistics control issues and quantitative decision support / Hans-Otto Günther, Kap Hwan Kim, editors. Berlin: Springer-Verlag, 2005.

Meisel, Frank, Seaside operations planning in container terminals, Springer e-books, Physica-Verlag, 2009.

International handbook of maritime economics, Edward Elgar, 2011.

House, D.J., Cargo work for maritime operations; Oxford; Boston: Elsevier/Butterworth-Heinemann, 2005; 7th ed.

Swadi, Dhananjay, Cargo notes, Witherby Seamanship International Ltd., 2009, 2nd Edition.

McNicholas, Michael (2008), Maritime security: an introduction. Burlington, Mass.: Butterworth-Heinemann.

Lloyd's MIU handbook of maritime security, CRC Press; Lloyd's MIU, 2009.

Maritime private security market responses to piracy, terrorism and waterborne security risks in the 21st century, Routledge, 2012

Pozdnakova, Alla (2008), Liner shipping and EU competition law, Wolters Kluwer.

LNG operational practice. Seamanship Intl. Ltd., 2006.

LNG operations in port areas: recommendations for management of operational risk attaching to liquefied gas tanker and terminal operations in port areas. London: Witherby, c2003

MARPOL 73/78: articles, protocols, annexes, unified interpretations of the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973, as modified by the Protocol of 1978 relating thereto. London: IMO, 2002.

Clean seas complying with MARPOL 73/78 MARPOL Annex I: prevention of pollution by oil, IDESS Interactive Technologies IDESS IT Inc., 2010. Handbook of container shipping management, Vol.2: management issues in container shipping, Editors: Christel Heideloff, Thomas Pawlik, Bremen 2008.

Journals

Maritime Economics and Logistics Journal. Fairplay- The International Shipping Weekly. Maritime Policy and Management.

Alphaliner, Available at: http://www.alphaliner.com/Llyod's List/Containerisation International, Available at: http://www.lloydslist.com/ll/sector/containers/

Subject Code	LGT5032
Subject Title	Strategic Procurement Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To ensure that students fully comprehend how procurement and supply as key strategic business competences can impact directly on the competitive position and operational efficiency of organisations. To enable students to understand the wider economic drivers on business and the importance of the structures of the supply and value chains in which the organisation operates and the power regimes that determine the strategic options available to them. To establish awareness of a range of perspectives of strategic procurement management, and the importance of managers having knowledge of the range of tools available for strategic analysis and decision-making and supply chain circumstances, and the ability to understand the most appropriate tools to use in certain contingent circumstances.
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: A. Develop procurement and supply as a key strategic business competence in an organisation. B. Understand and manipulate the economic drivers in the supply and value chain for the benefits of an organisation. C. Apply appropriate strategic procurement tools in contingent circumstances, including business ethics. D. Be able to understand the differences between commercial and government purchasing
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Explore ways of thinking about procurement and supply chain management from a strategic perspective and the linkages among business strategy, procurement, and supply competence. Consider theories that firms may adopt including transaction costs, asset specificity, organisational competence, business and supply management, and identify the economic drivers of business success. Examine the concepts of power and leverage and how they contribute to effective strategic procurement management through understanding the unique structures of supply chains and the power structures embedded in them. Study the contractual and relational governances for managing buyer-

supplier relationships as well as the cultural issues involved.

- Critically look at the strengths and weaknesses in established strategic procurement and supply chain management.
- Identify the new procurement opportunities available to firms and public bodies, through flexible strategies, to reduce costs and add value and quality improvements to existing business processes.
- Consider a wide range of strategic and operational procurement and supply chain tools and techniques and understand their appropriate applications in contingent circumstances of particular supply and value chains and power regimes, including business ethics.
- The characteristics of institutional, legal and government purchasing

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Teaching and Learning Methods:

The above course objectives will be achieved through a participative approach. Students are expected to assume a very active role in the learning process and the role of the lecturer will be one of the facilitators. Specifically, students are:

- 1) encouraged to think of real life examples and discuss their management implications with peers in the class and with the lecturer;
- 2) expected to learn from lectures, group discussions, case studies, and interactions with the lecturer and among themselves;
- 3) required to review current supply management related articles to enhance their understanding of the strategic procurement management;
- 4) given case studies to understand the important concepts and topic areas covered in the course.

At the end of the course, students are expected to have a clearer understanding of how strategic procurement actually works.

The teaching method will be a combination of lecture and class discussion. Lectures will be delivered to introduce students into the foundation of "Strategic Procurement Management" and an analytical framework for the

subject. Class discussion will be used as a vehicle to exchange experiences and ideas in the subject matters. Assigned readings and analytical case studies will be used to consolidate and develop the students' knowledge, skills, and desire in the subject.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		a	b	c	d		
1. Course Work	50 %	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2. Examination	50 %	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Total	100 %						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

Assessment: The assessment will be based on two components: a) A three-hour examination will contribute to a weight of 50% in the course. The objective of the examination is for students to review all concepts covered in the course one last time. b) Team project presentation (25%), individual assignment (20%) and class performance (5%) will in total contribute to a weight of the remaining 50% in the course. Guidelines to Team Project Presentation: The objective of the team project presentation is to help students organize and apply the ideas and concepts learnt from the course in real life settings. The class is to be divided into teams of 3-7 students in each team. All members in the team are expected to be present in their presentation week for assessment purpose. The week of presentation will be informed to students on or before the 3rd lecture of the new semester. Team *projects are* due for submission one week on or before the presentation week. If any individual has not contributed for the team works, s(he) should not append his/her name to the project presentation and report, but submit a separate report on their own. It will also be the team's responsibility to ensure that this happens. Each team member must contribute to the analysis leading to the assessed works in the course. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components. **Student Study Effort** Class contact: Expected Lectures / Tutorials 39 Hrs. Other student study effort: Revision, doing exercises and cases 87 Hrs. Hrs. Total student study effort 126 Hrs. **Reading List and** Weele, Arjan A.J. (the latest edition), Purchasing and Supply Chain References Management, Cengage Learning. Burt, D.N., Dobler, D.W., and Starling, S.L. (the latest edition) World Class Supply Management: The Key to Supply Chain Management, McGraw Hill. Cousins, P., Lamming, R., Lawson, B., and Squire, B. (the latest edition), Strategic Supply Management: Principles, Theories and Practices, Prentice Hall/ Financial Times, Harlow, England. Cox, A., Sanderson, J. and Watson, G. (the latest edition), *Power Regimes*:

Mapping the DNA of Business and Supply Chain Relationships, Earlsgate Press.

Erridge, A., Fee, R. and Mcllroy, J. (Eds.) (the latest edition), *Best Practice Procurement: Public And Private Sector Perspectives*, Gower.

Lamming, R. and Cox, A. (the latest edition), *Strategic Procurement Management*, Earlsgate Press.

Luo, Y. (the latest edition) Guanxi and Business, World Scientific, Singapore.

Porter, M. (the latest edition), Competitive Advantage, Free Press.

Saunders, M. (the latest edition), *Strategic Purchasing and Supply Chain Management*, Prentice Hall.

Wincel, Jeffrey (2004) *Lean Supply Chain Management: a handbook for strategic procurement*, New York NY: Productivity Press.

Subject Code	LGT5037
Subject Title	Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To provide the students a comprehensive overview and the fundamental concepts of project management, and an understanding on how project management can be used as a strategic tool to deliver business performance for organizations.
	To provide the students key components of project management, and practical methodologies in managing projects of different natures.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Obtain the fundamental principles, concepts and techniques in project management. b. Understand modern project management trend and methods. c. Apply project management methodologies and techniques in enhancing business performance for organizations. d. Manage projects of different natures with sound judgment and skills.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Modern project management and trends; project teams and organizational relationship; effective project communication; stakeholder analysis; project selection; project portfolio evaluation; definition and characteristics of a project; project success criteria; project management trade off; project charter; project life cycle; project plan; project scheduling; project budgeting; monitoring and progress control; risk management; project network; Work Breakdown Structure (WBS); PERT and Gantt charts; critical path analysis techniques (CPM); theory of constraint and critical chain method; resource management; cost management; contract management; project management software tools; change management; performance measurement; project closeout and project audit; management information and reporting; multiple project management.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are designed to provide a basic grounding in principles, concepts and techniques in project management. Tutorials provide the environment and means for student-centered learning, in the form of class discussions, case analyses, problem exercises and experience sharing.

Assessment										
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outc		to be a	t learning assessed (Please ite)				
Outcomes			а	b	С	d	е			
	1.Continous assessment	50%	√	V	V	V				
	2. Final examination	50%	√	√	√	√				
	Total	100 %								
	Explanation of the apprassessing the intended	•			ssmen	t meth	ods in			
	homework assignment, theories, techniques an	Continuous assessment consists of case study, course project and nomework assignment, which can assess the students' understanding in heories, techniques and principles, evaluate their ability to solve problems in real business environment.								
	Final examination will assess the students' understanding in and principles, evaluate their ability to apply methods and to independently.									
	To pass this subject, st in BOTH the Continuou		•					bove		
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials						39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:									
	■ Readings					45Hrs.				
	Assignments						4	2Hrs.		
	Total student study effo	ort					126	8 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Brown, K.A. and Hyer, Approach. McGraw-Hill	, , ,	Mana	ging P	roject	s: A Te	eam-B	ased		
	Gray, C.F. and Larson, Managerial Process. 5 th				ınager	ment: t	he			
	Klastorin, T. (2004), Pro Wiley & Sons, Inc.	oject Manag	ement	, Tools	s and [·]	Trade-	e-offs. John			
	Goldratt, E.M. (1997), (Barrington, MA, USA.	Critical Chair	n. The	North	River	Press,	Great	t		

Stevenson, N. (2004), Microsoft Project 2003 for Dummies. Wiley.

Meredith, J.R. and Mantel, S. (2006), Project Management: a Managerial Approach. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Thomke, S. (2007), Managing Product and Service Development: Text and Cases. McGraw-Hill.

Lister, A. (2005), Project Planning and Control. Elsevier Ltd.

PMI. (2004), A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide). Newton Square, PA, USA.

Subject Code	LGT5046
Subject Title	Contract Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To equip students with the knowledge and understanding of the forms and management of contractual relationships, specific emphasis being placed on ways to realize purchasing objectives through legal contracting, negotiation and management.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Recognize the different stages of a standard contract, from contract formation to its conclusion (full performance, termination, or novation) b. Understand the key concepts related to contract law, with special attention to that of the UCC and the Vienna Convention on International Sales of Goods c. Understand the basic legal concepts in drafting commercial agreements [recognizing key points of drafting a "Joint Letter of Intent" by analyzing the legal issues discussed in SCS Communications, Inc. v. Herrick Co., Inc., 360 F.3d 329 (2d Cir. 2004)] d. Develop and review hands-on knowledge and understanding about Contract Management and Enterprise Contract Management, including but not limited to the review of the contemporary issues of Contract Management. e. Comprehend the practical approaches, applications and skills that are required for managing contracts from their inception (precontract negotiation) to the conclusion of the contract; organizing, discharging and executing the duties and responsibilities in Contract Management; and finally resolving disputes between the contracting parties. e. Examine major issues of legal risk exposure and risk management
	under the contract management spectrum.

	f. Familiar with contract management to a level that is adequate for continued self-enhancement of knowledge and practical applications of the subject.								
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Legal aspects of contracting: what are the different stages of a standard contract? (from contract formation to its conclusion (full performance, termination, or novation); what are the key concepts that can commonly find in contract law? (with special attention to that of the UCC and the Vienna Convention on International Sales of Goods); how to draft commercial agreement, with a focus on "Joint Letter of Intent".								
	Dispute resolution and relationship strategies : making and defending a claim, dispute resolutions.								
	Overview of the management of contract: definitions and common types of business contract, understanding and importance of contract management, contract life cycle, general guidelines for contract management, major threats and critical success factors of contract management, and specific roles and responsibilities under contract management.								
	Pre-Contract Negotiation : understanding, objectives and phases of contract negotiation; contract negotiation power and skills; roles of negotiator and negotiation tactics.								
	Contract Management management framewor	ent Frame k and practi				actice action	,	ontract	
	Dispute Resolution a handling, alternative dis								
	Current Issues of Contract Management: legal risks and management, legal remedies, standard form contract, relationship management, and enterprise contract management software solutions.								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The lectures cover the allow students to discudifferent methods to ma	uss the lect	ures a	nd pr	esent	the a			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	, ,					lease	
Outcomes			а	b	С	d	е	f	
	Coursework	50%							
	Group Presentation	25%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Group Written Report	25%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

	Final Examination	50%	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	Total 100 %									
	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.									
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials						39	9 Hrs.		
	Other student study 6	effort:								
	Preparation for lecture	es and tutoria	als				4	5 Hrs.		
	Preparation for course	work and fin	al exa	minati	on		42	2 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	ort					120	6 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Main Reference Texts The Chartered Institute Contract Management,	of Purchasi	ng and	d Supp	oly (20	02), P	roject	t and		
	Peter Siviglia (2013) C Drafting and Negotiatin Chapter 1. The ABC's	ng, Part I. Dra	afting (Comm	ercial	al Agreements,				
	West Law Database (2 negotiate in good faith' Electronic Data System Communications, Inc.	' (LPURCH § <u>ns Corp</u> . (19	49:28 97) 11:	3); <i>Flig</i> 2 F.3d	<i>ight Systems, Inc. v.</i> 3d 124; <u>SCS</u>					
	Burt, D., Petcavage, S. and Pinkerton, R. (2010). 'Supply management'. 8 th Edition, McGraw-Hill/Irwin.							Supply		
	Costintino, C.A. and Merchant, C.S. (1996). 'Designing conflict management systems: A guide to creating productive and healthy organizations'. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass.									
	Oliver, D. (2010). 'How to negotiate effectively'. 3 rd edition, Kogan Page.									
	Saxena, A. (2008). 'Enterprise contract management. A practical guide to successfully implementing an ECM solution'. J. Ross Publishing Inc., Florida.									
	Yarn, D. H. (1995). 'Dictionary of conflict resolution'. Sa Jossey-Bass.							ncisco:		
	Main Reference Journals The International Association for Contract & Commercial Management									
	National Contract Ma Management	nagement i	Associ	ation	– Jo	urnal	of C	ontract		

Institute for Supply Management – Journal of Supply Chain Management
Legislations Sale of Goods Ordinance (Cap 26) (Hong Kong)
Uniform Commercial Code (U.S.)
Vienna Convention on International Sales of Goods (international)

Subject Code	LGT5064
Subject Title	Shipping Law
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To equip the students with the knowledge of principles of law of carriage of goods and enable them to foresee legal difficulties in making business decisions and to solve some basic legal problems in shipping practice.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand and apply the carriage of goods law. b. Analyse legal cases and interpret legislations and legal documents. c. Develop the ability to solve real legal issues by applying the legal method and conducting legal researches
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Sea: Carrier's rights and obligations at common law and under Hague Rules, Hague-Visby Rules, Hamburg Rules, Hong Kong Carriage of Goods by Sea Ordinance; Function of Shipping Documents including Bills of Lading, Delivery Orders, Mate's Receipts, Sea Waybills, Electronic Bills of lading; Charter parties: voyage, time and demise charterparties.
	Land and Air: Carrier's rights and obligations under CMR, COTIF/CIM and Warsaw Convention. Function of related documents including consignment notes and air waybills.
	Multimodal / Combined transport: analysis of some common standard trading conditions and international/regional conventions, e.g. the U.N. Convention on Multimodal Transportation of Goods 1980 and the Rotterdam Rules.
	Freight forwarding: functions of freight forwarders and relevant standard trading conditions.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	In lectures, the general principles of the syllabus topics will be presented and developed, together with guidance on further readings and activities. The blackboard will be used to provide additional learning materials and discuss different issues.
	In tutorials, students will have the chance to practice the legal method through the discussion and analysis of legal cases.

Assessment									
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inter outco tick a	ng ed (Pl	ease				
Outcomes			а	b	С				
	Legal case presentation	25%	✓	✓	√				
	Mid-term test	25%	✓	✓	√				
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓				
	Total	100 %		ı		J		•	
	assessing the intended learning outcomes: Students will be asked to apply legal method to provide solutions to problems which are practical and real. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.								
	in BOTH the Continuou	us Assessme	ent an	d Exar	n com	ponen	its.		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
	Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	Voluntary test and quiz					42 Hrs.			
	■ Further readings					45 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	ort				126 Hrs.			

Reading List and References

Baughen, Simon (2015) Shipping Law, 6th ed., London and New York: Routledge Taylor & Francis Group

Chan, Felix W. H., et al, (2002) Shipping and logistics law: principles and practice in Hong Kong, 1st ed, Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press

Clarke, M & Yates, D, (2008) Contracts of Carriage by Land and Air, 2nd ed, London: Informa Law

Glass, D, (2004) Freight Forwarding and Multimodal Transport Contracts, 1st ed, London: Informa Professional

Rogers, Anthony, et al, (2016) Cases and Materials on the Carriage of Goods by Sea, 4th ed., London and New York: Routledge Taylor & Francis Group

Wilson, John F., (2010) Carriage of Goods by Sea, 7th ed, England: Pearson Education Ltd

Recommended periodicals, newspapers

Journal of Maritime Law and Commerce

Journal of Business Law

Lloyd's Maritime and Commercial Law Quarterly

Lloyd's Maritime Law Newsletter

Journal of International Maritime Law

Tulane Maritime Law Journal

Subject Code	LGT5065
Subject Title	Finance for Shipping and Logistics
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To provide students with knowledge of a broad range of concepts and methods in financial and investment management and to develop skills in applying these to decision-making in shipping and logistics.
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Understand a broad range of concepts and methods in financing and investment management and decision-making.b. Develop and apply appropriate financial management skills to financing and investment decision-making in shipping and logistics.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Fundamental concepts in financing and investment management and decision-making: financial statements analysis; principles of valuation; capital budgeting; cost of capital and portfolio theory; capital structure and financing; economic and industry analysis; ship ownership and registration.
	Sources and types of finance in shipping and logistics, bank shipping finance, ship mortgage, credit analysis in shipping finance; shipping investment, shipping industry analysis, shipping cost and profitability, managing and hedging shipping risks.
Teaching/Learning	Lecture: study basic concepts and techniques in financial decisions.
Methodology	Case study: put the concepts and techniques into context.
	Group project: learn to apply basic financial techniques to logistics/maritime industry; study selected topics in-depth.

Accessment											
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weightin g	Intended subjection outcomes to be (Please tick as			e assessed					
			а	b							
	Coursework	50%	✓	✓							
	Final examination	50%	✓	√							
	Total	100 %									
	Explanation of the a assessing the intende				asse	essmei	nt me	thods	in		
	The coursework includes a participation (5%), an assign for basic concepts and methods), and a group project students apply the basic skill to real world situation). Example test students' basic concepts and methods and their a basic skills to solve problems.								or to		
	To pass this subject, in BOTH the Continuo							or abo	ve		
Student Study	Class contact:										
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials					36 Hrs.					
	Case study					3 Hrs.					
	Other student study ef	fort:									
	■ Group Project					42 Hrs.					
	Reading and self-st	f-study				45 Hrs.					
	Total student study eff	ort					1	26 Hrs			
Reading List and References	Brealey A.R, C.S. Mye Finance, International						of Corp	orate			
	S. Ross, R. Westerfiel (8ed), McGraw-	d, J. Jaffe,	2007,	Mode	rn Fin	ancial	Mana	gemen	t		
	Drewry Consultants (1 Risk/Reward Equation				oices	, Com	petitio	n and			
	Drewry Consultants (2 London.	2001). Ship	Finan	ce and	Inve	stmen	t. Drev	vry,			
	Ocean Shipping consu	ultants Ltd (2004)	, Shipp	oing p	rofitab	ility to	2015.			
	Stokes, P. (1997) Ship Cycle, Lloyd's of Lond M. Stopford. (2009). M	on Press.		•				m-bus	t		

Subject Code	LGT5067
Subject Title	Intermodal Transport Management
Credit Value	3
Credit value	
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	To comprehend and apply concepts of international trade and transport economics in the container transport chain via international transport.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Demonstrate relevant knowledge and understanding of the concepts of intermodal transport and the business environment in which they operated; b. Understand the current developments of relevant economical and technological issues in relation to the operations and management of intermodal transport; c. Evaluate intermodalism in an integrated form which reflects sound business practices; d. Develop approaches to defining and analyzing problems as well as formulate solutions for structured and unstructured problems in intermodal transport.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Introduction and development of intermodal transport; Containerization and the concept of container transport chain; Intermodal and the auxiliary transport system; Contemporary freight transport patterns; Managing road haulage and rail-freight operations, inland waterway, short-sea and coastal shipping; The economics of transshipment; The role of seaport and inland infrastructure in intermodal transport; Strategic analysis and current strategies of carriers in intermodal transport; Formulation of business strategies in managing intermodal transport
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures supplemented by class activities such as tutorials, seminar, case discussion, and presentations. In the lectures the general principles of the syllabus will be presented and developed. Students are expected to take an active part in the learning processes.

Assessment										
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco		o be a	ct learning assessed (Please late)				
Outcomes			а	b	С	d				
	Coursework	50%		✓	✓	✓				
	Examination	50%	✓	✓		✓				
	Total	100 %								
	To pass this subject, si in BOTH the Continuou							bove		
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	S				39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:									
	Project					40 Hrs.				
	Self-study					47 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	ort				126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Recommended textbooks									
References	1. Lun Y.H.V., Lai K.H. and Cheng T.C.E., 2009, Container Transport Management, Shipping and Transport Logistics Book Series, Inderscience 2.Lun Y.H.V., Lai K.H and Cheng T.C.E. 2010, Shipping and Logistics Management, Springer									
	References									
1.Stopford Martin, 2009, <i>Maritime Economics</i> , Routledge 2. Goulielmos A.M., Lun Y.H.V., Ng C.T. and Cheng T.C.E., <i>Business of Shipping</i> , Shipping and Transport Logistics Bool Inderscience 3.Lowe David, 2005, <i>Intermodal Freight Transport</i> , Elseiver							ook Series,			
	4.Branch Alan, 2008, E									

Subject Code	LGT5071								
Subject Title	Ship Chartering Strate	gies							
Credit Value	3	3							
Level	5	5							
Normal Duration	1-semester								
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil								
Role and Purposes	focus on the application previous subjects in the	An overview study of ship-brokering and chartering strategies, with a ocus on the applications of knowledge and skills acquired from previous subjects in the context of the maritime transport environment e.g. law, economics, finance, trading, marketing, and operations).							
Subject Learning Outcomes Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	a. Understand the contraction of	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the concept and major processes of "ship chartering". b. Analyse a chartering. c. Obtain a general understanding of related shipping markets. d. Discuss chartering strategy at corporate level. Studying this subject will also help develop students' relevant communication skills in chartering. Ships; Chartering alternatives, Charter markets, Chartering market practices; Financial elements of charterparties; Voyage estimation; Laytime counting and calculation; Ship sale and purchase; Tanker chartering; Containership chartering; Port agency; Freight derivatives.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	discussions and assign Basic concepts and tec will be covered in lectur tutorials. Students are before lectures and tuto	The teaching approach will be a combination of lectures, class discussions and assignments on assigned topics and case analysis. Basic concepts and technical knowledge of brokering and chartering will be covered in lectures. Cases and examples will be discussed in tutorials. Students are expected to read the relevant text materials before lectures and tutorials. Students are encouraged to contact the lecturer or the tutor for any problems related to the subject							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	ded su omes t use tick	o be a	ssess	ed		
	Coursework	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓			

	Total	100 %				
	1 otal	100 70				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	A group assignment wi a real corporate.	ll be designe	ed to analyse cha	rtering decisions of		
	To pass this subject, so in BOTH the Continuou					
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorial	S		39 Hrs.		
	Other student study 6	effort:				
	Assignment 1			45 Hrs.		
	Assignment 2			42 Hrs.		
	Total student study e	ffort		126 Hrs.		
Reading List and	References					
References	Alizadeh, A. H. and Nomikos, N. K. (2009). <i>Shipping Derivatives and Risk Management</i> . Palgrave MacMillan.					
	BIMCO (2009), Check before Fixing, Copenhagen, BIMCO.					
	Collins, N. (2000) The Freight Market, Clarks		-	g and the Dry		
	Gorton L., Hillenius P., and Chartering Practic					
	Grey J. (1990), Shippir	ng Futures, L	ondon, LLP.			
	ICS (2013) ICS Tutors	ship Series. I	nstitute of Charte	red Shipbrokers.		
	Kavussanos, M. G., an Management in Shippi			ntives and Risk		
	Latarche, M. (1998) P	ort Agency.	Witherby.			
	Lorange, P. (2004). Sh	nipping Com	oany Strategies. I	Elsevier.		
	Lorange, P. (2009). Sh Cambridge University I	•	egy: Innovating fo	r Success.		
	McConville, J. (1999) Practice. Witherby.	Economics o	of Maritime Transp	oort: Theory and		
	Packard W. (1978). Vo	yage Estima	ating, London: Fai	rplay.		

Packard W. (1979). Laytime Calculating, London: Fairplay.

Packard, W. V. (1995) *Shipping Pools* (2nd edition). Lloyds of London Press.

Panayides, P.M. (2014). *Principles of Chartering*. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform.

Strong, M. and P. Herring (2009) *Sale of Ships: The Norwegian Saleform (2nd edition)*. Thomson.

Wilson J. F. (2008), Carriage of Goods by Sea, Pearson.

Periodicals

Marine Money

Lloyd's List

Fairplay- The International Shipping Weekly

Maritime Transport, OECD publication

Seatrade Maritime Review

Subject Code	LGT5072
•	
Subject Title	Liner Shipping Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	This subject is designed to help students gain knowledge of logistics and strategic managements in liner shipping companies, and establish full understanding of current developments in liner shipping sector.
Subject Learning Outcomes	The aim of this subject is to meet the demand in the shipping and logistics industry for professional managers. On successfully completing this subject, students will be able to:
	a. Demonstrate relevant professional knowledge and understanding of liner shipping business,b. Analyze and integrate the inter-relationships among the various components of subject matters in liner shipping for effective problem solving.
	Students are expected to be able to demonstrate a range of cognitive and intellectual skills together with techniques specific to the management of liner shipping.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Supply and demand of container trade. Structure of liner companies and market behaviour. The strategies of liner companies and competition issues in liner shipping. Technical and operations management in liner shipping. Ship type and market role. Optimal ship size and shipping costs. The development of fleet of container ship. Economies of scale in ship capacity. The logistics of container transport networks. The formation of shipping pools, consortium and alliances. Routes selection criteria such as Multi-port calling verse trans-shipment. Demise in Liner conference system, UN Liner code, CSI, ISPS code and related government policies. Service contract and pricing mechanism. Structure of freight rates. Selection of equipment and container leasing. Port costs and charges. E-commerce in container shipping. Chartering in the liner sector. Market structure and key influences in liner chartering.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures supplemented by small group activities such as tutorials, seminar, and presentations. Students are expected to take an active part in the learning process. Blackboard will be used extensively.

Accepament										
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco		o be a	ect learning e assessed (Please riate)				
Outcomes			а	b						
	Coursework	50%	✓	✓						
	Examination	50%	√	✓						
	Total	100 %								
	To pass this subject, s in BOTH the Continuou							above		
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 	3					39	Hrs.		
	Other student study e	effort:								
	Self Study						87 Hrs.			
	Total student study ef	ffort					126	6 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Recommended Textbo		in Line	r Ship _l	o <i>ing</i> , F	Pergan	non, Lo	ondon.		
	Brooks. M. R., (2002),	Maritime Tra	nsport	t, Edwa	ard Elg	gar				
	Talley W., (2012), <i>The</i> John Wiley & sons	Blackwell co	ompan	ion to	maritir	ne ecc	nomic	es,		
	Buckley, James J., (200 Cornell Maritime Press	08),_The bus	siness	of ship	pping.	Centre	ville, N	Иd.,		
	Drewry Shipping Consu Risk & High Stakes: Wi	•	•					ligh		
	Drewry Shipping Consumble the Opportunities, Drew	•	2), Cor	ntainer	Leasi	ng: Se	eking (out		
	Graham, M.G. (1985), (Press, London.	Containerisa	tion in	the E	ighties	, Lloyc	l's of L	ondon.		
	Greve, Majbritt. (2007), a case study of A.P. Mo Copenhagen Business	oller - Maers	k in S							
	Lloyd's List (2001), <i>Cor</i> November 2001, Island Asia Ltd.									

Nair R (2009), Economic regulation and structural changes: liner shipping industry, Saarbwcken, Muller

Pozdnakova. A (2008), Liner shipping and EU competition law, alphen aan den Rijn, Kluwer Law International

Sjeetnan, Karen (1999), *The Future of Container Shipping Industry*. A Cargo Systems Report.

Stopford, Martin. (2009), *Maritime economics*, Abingdon; New York: Routledge,

Other publications

Containerisation International

Dynamar B.V. (2003), Container Liner Operators: Trading Profiles [in Disc format]

Fairplay - The International Shipping Weekly

Maritime Economics and Logistics Journal

Maritime Policy and Management

Maritime Transport, OECD Publication

Subject Code	LGT5073
Subject Title	Risk Management in Operations
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/	None, but knowledge of elementary business statistics and probability will be advantageous.
Exclusion	ISE548 Risk and Crisis Management
Role and Purposes	This subject seeks to develop the knowledge and analytical skills necessary in organizations related to logistics, maritime trade or those with a strong emphasis on operations and quality management, for making risk management decisions and ensuring business continuity, through the application of risk management principles.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyze risks in operations, by applying basic principles and techniques of risk management. b. Comprehend risk management assessment, identify appropriate risk management solutions and to effectively implement them. c. Use risk management concepts to devise appropriate risk management and business continuity (contingency) plans. d. Be familiar with risk management in operations to a level that is adequate for continued self-enhancement of knowledge and practical applications of the subject.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Introduction and Concepts in Risk Management Definitions of risk, concepts in risk management, identifying assets that need risk management, responsibility for risk management. Identification of positive and negative risks. Identifying and Managing risks Business process risks, market risks, organizational risks, socioeconomic and environmental risks. Controllable and uncontrollable risks, low-frequency and random risks, management of risks. Assessing Risks Perceptions of risks, strategic and tactical approaches to risks, assessing various types of risks, Limitations of qualitative and quantitative risk assessments and the considerations for selection.

Risk reduction strategies

Risk management strategies: risk avoidance, risk reduction, risk acceptance, risk transfer, insurance, identification, evaluation and ranking of risk reduction measures. Overview of risk culture and risk attitude.

Risk mitigation measures / Business continuity planning

Contingency planning, crisis management, responding to disasters and risk events.

Risk management plans

Cost of risk management, perceptions of risk and political factors, regulations and their effects on risk management, Security threats and insurance costs.

Safety and Security risks

Safety and security risks, human factors, security threats to logistics / shipping, piracy, terrorism, impact of disruptions in shipping, resilience and vulnerability of shipping / logistics networks.

International Standards and Regulatory Requirements

International standards, regulatory requirements and best practices for business continuity.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Lectures introduce and explain key theoretical risk-related concepts. Lectures are followed by class discussions where concepts are linked to real events in the industry through appropriate examples and their analysis.

Discussions are highly interactive and include discussions of current / past events, case studies, and student presentations. Students are expected to actively participate in the classes and to share their experience and learn from each other.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
		а	b	С	d			
Continuous Assessment	50 %							
Group presentation	25 %	√	✓	✓	✓			
Group written report	25 %	√	✓	✓	√			
Final Examination	50 %							

	Final examination	50 %	✓	✓	✓	✓				
	Total	100 %			ı					
		Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:								
	analysis and learning f important constituent and class discussions lectures and enable the Final examination is	Since the course focuses on risk management in operations, case analysis and learning from practical, work-based experiences forms an important constituent of student assessment. Further, assignments and class discussions reinforce theoretical concepts learnt during the lectures and enable their applications in real-life operational situations. Final examination is to assess student's familiarity with theoretical concepts and the ability to apply conceptual framework in case analysis.								
	Students would be given email or as comments					perfo	rmano	ce, by		
	To pass this subject, si in BOTH the Continuou							above		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	Class contact:								
Enon Expected	Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.				
	Other student study eff	ort:								
	 Self study for prepa final examination 	aring lecture	s, tuto	rials a	nd		45	Hrs.		
	Preparation for group	up assignme	ent			42 Hrs				
	Total student study effort	ort				126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Main Reference Book Blunden, T & John Thir Harlow, England ; New	rlwell. (2010								
	Devlin, E.S. (2007) <i>Cri</i> Raton, FL: Auerbach P				ng and	l exec	ution.	Boca		
	Haimes, Y. Y. (2004) New York: Wiley.	Risk Model	ing, A	ssess	ment a	and M	anage	ement.		
	Handfield, R.B. & Kevii management: minimizii Fla.: Auerbach Publica	ng disruptio								
	Hubbard, D.W. (2009) and how to fix it. Hobo					nt: why	ıit's br	roken		
	Oliver, E. Clifford. (20 response [electronic re						nd			

Trim, Peter R.J & Jack Caravelli (ed.) (2009). *Strategizing resilience and reducing vulnerability*. New York: Nova Science Publishers, c2009.

Main Reference Journals

Journal of Business Continuity & Emergency Planning Institute of Risk Management (IRM) The Public Risk Management Association, US (PRIMA) The Public Risk Management Association, UK (ALARM) Association of Insurance and Risk Managers

Subject Code	LGT5101
Subject Title	Statistics for Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	 To introduce students to statistics as a tool for data preparation and analysis.
	 To impart on students the concepts, theories and techniques of a variety of statistical methods.
	 To develop students' ability and confidence in the use of statistics for preparing and analyzing data to support management decision making.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Able to use statistics for preparing and analyzing data to support management decision making b. Understand the concepts, theories and techniques of a variety of managerial statistics
	Staustics

Subject Synopsis/	Data Representation
Indicative Syllabus	Frequency distribution; histogram; other graphical methods.
	Statistical Measures Measures of central tendency; measures of variability; measures of shape.
	Probability Concepts Sample space; simple and compound events; probability laws; random variables.
	Statistical Distributions Discrete distribution; Continuous distribution; Binomial, Normal and other distributions and their characteristics.
	Sampling Theory Sampling distributions; central limit theorem.
	Estimation Point and interval estimates; confidence intervals; significance level.
	Tests of Hypothesis Null and alternative hypotheses; sample size; type I and type II errors. Inference about a population; Inference about comparing two populations; T-test.
	Analysis of Variance
	One-way analysis of variance
	Linear Regression and Correlation Least squares method; coefficient of correlation.
	Multiple Regression Applications of multiple regression equation; inferences about parameters.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Concepts and techniques will be introduced through lectures. Students are required to apply the knowledge and skills to solve various applied statistical problems in the form of exercise and case study. The use of relevant computer package will be encouraged.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	be as	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
			a	b					
	Continuous Assessment	40 %	✓	√					
	Examination	60 %	✓	√					
	Total	100 %		l	I			ı	
	Students need to do a group case study, testing whether they know how to ap the theories learnt to some real life situations. Mid-term test and examination are also required to test their understanding and familiarity with the knowled To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.								
Student Study Effort	Class contact:								
Expected	Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	Reading and doing exercises					87 Hrs.			
	-							Hrs.	
	Total student study effort						120	6 Hrs.	

Reading List and References

OpenIntro Statistics 3rd Edition

(https://www.google.com.hk/?gws_rd=ssl#q=OpenIntro+Statistics+(Third+Edition))

Statistics. Penn State Online.

(https://onlinecourses.science.psu.edu/statprogram/programs)

Levine, D.M., Stephan, D.F. and Szabat, K.A., *Statistics for Managers Using Microsoft Excel*, 7th edition, Pearson, 2014.

McClave, J. T., Benson, P. G. and Sincich, T.T., *Statistics for Business and Economics*, 12th edition, Pearson, 2014.

Gerald, K., *Managerial Statistics: abbreviated*, 9th edition, Australia: South-Western, 2012.

Hair, J.F. et al., Multivariate Data Analysis, 7th edition, Pearson, 2006.

Journal of the American Statistical Association

Journal of the Royal Statistical Society

The Statistician

Subject Code	LGT5102			
Subject Title	Models for Decision Making			
Credit Value	3			
Level	5			
Normal Duration	1-semester			
Exclusion	MGT532 Deterministic Operations Research			
Role and Purposes	 c. To introduce students to the methodology of management science as a scientific approach to managerial decision making. d. To impart on students the concepts, theories and techniques of a variety of management science methods. e. To develop students' ability and confidence in the use of management science methods for solving management decision problems. 			
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the methodology of management science as a scientific approach to managerial decision making. b. Understand the concepts, theories and techniques of a variety of management science methods. c. Develop the ability and confidence in the use of management science methods for solving management decision problems. 1. 			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Introduction Applications and impact; history; rise of business analytics; management science modeling approach. Linear Programming Formulation; graphical solution; simplex algorithm; sensitivity analysis; applications; transportation and assignment application, goal programming Integer Programming Formulation; Branch and Bound method; applications. Network Models Minimum spanning tree problems; shortest path problems; network flow problems. Queueing models Examples of queueing systems; performance measures; Little's law; single/multiple servers models; priority models; economic analysis. Dynamic Programming Resource allocation problems; inventory problems; formulation; applications. Case Study			

	Application of management science models in real-life managerial decision making.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Concepts and techniques will be introduced through lectures. Students are required to apply the knowledge and skills to analyse and solve various realistic management science problems in the form of case study. The use of relevant computer package will be encouraged.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
			a	b	c			
	Continuous Assessment	50 %	√	√	✓			
	Examination	50 %	√	✓	✓			
	Total	100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Coursework includes homework assignments, class participation, test(s), term project/group case study, etc. Through term project, students learn to apply the theories to some real life situations. Examination are also required to test their understanding and familiarity with the knowledge. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
•	Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort: Revision, doing exercises and cases							
						87 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort						126 Hrs.	

Subject Code	LGT5105		
Subject Title	Managing Operations Systems		
Credit Value	3		
Level	5		
Normal Duration	1-semester		
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil		
Role and Purposes	This module introduces students to both the philosophy and the techniques of operations management. Students will understand the basic concepts and basic tools in operations management, and become familiar with the scientific methods used in daily management.		
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) Understand the terminology of operations management. (b) Understand basic concepts of various areas of operations management. (c) Build up basic quantitative models that are used for decision-making in operations management, including assumptions and limitations of the models. (d) Apply these models practically in management issues with critical thinking and creative manner to solve real life problems. (e) Beware of ethical issues in business. 		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Introduction to Operations System The concepts, the operations functions and its relation with other business functions, particularly, strategic aspects of operations management and its relationship to major elements of business models. Quality Management, Quality Control and Lean Operations Total quality management; quality measurement; quality cost; quality inspection; statistical quality control; lean operations. Business Process Design and Reengineering Process concept; process design method; process effectiveness and efficiency; business process reengineering. Forecasting Objective of forecasting; logic of forecasting; qualitative and quantitative methods for forecasting; measurement and monitoring of forecasting systems. Capacity Planning Strategic capacity planning; equipment management; concept of total cost of ownership; volume analysis; breakeven models; decision tree analysis.		

Facility Location and Layout

Factors affecting location decisions; methods for analysing location problems; facility layout problems and decision analysis in manufacturing and service sectors.

Inventory Management

Functions and costs of inventory management; ABC analysis; economic ordering quantity model; vendor managed inventory system; inventory replenishment systems.

Just-in-Time Systems

Philosophy and concept of JIT systems; pulling versus pushing production system; JIT in service industry.

Supply Chain Management

Concept of supply chain management; information coordination; cost and benefit of postponement; quick response; worldwide sourcing.

Project Management

Project and its working team; project break down; Gantt charts; project time and cost; critical tasks in projects.

Ethics

Ethical issues in operation management; codes of ethics; worker safety; product safety; the environment and quality; employees' right; and closing facilities.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Concepts and techniques will be introduced through lectures. Students are required to apply the knowledge and skills to analyse and solve various realistic operations management problems in the form of case studies.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
		а	b	С	d	е		
1. Coursework	50 %	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2. Examination	50 %	√	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Total	100 %							

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

Students need to do a group case study, testing whether they know how to apply the theories learnt to some real life situations. Mid-term test and examination are also required to test their understanding and familiarity with the knowledge.

To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in

	BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Lifort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Reading and doing exercises	87 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Books					
	Anupindi, R., et. al. <i>Managing Business Process Operations Management</i> , latest ed, Prentice Hall	Flows – Principle of				
	Jacobs F.R., Chase, R.B. and Aquilano, N.J., Operations & Sul Chain, latest ed., McGraw Hill.					
	Cheng, T.C.E. and Podolsky, S. (1996), <i>Just-in-time Manufacturing Introduction</i> , Chapman & Hall. Davis M.M., Aquilano N.J. and Chase R.B., <i>Fundamentals of Opera Management</i> , latest ed., McGraw Hill.					
	Heyl, J. E., Bushnell, J.L. and Stone, L.A. (1994), Management, Addison-Wesley.	Cases in Operations				
	Johnston, R. (2003), Cases in Operations Manager Prentice Hall.	ment, Finance Times				
	Russell R.S. and Taylor B.W., <i>Operations Mana</i> Prentice Hall.	agement, latest ed.,				
	Shafer, S.M. and Meredith, J.R. (1997), Operations I	Management, Willy.				
	Stevenson W.J., Operations Management, latest ed.	, McGraw Hill.				
	Whybark, D.C. (1989), International Operations Man	agement, Irwin.				
	Journals					
	International Journal of Operations and Production M Journal of Operations Management Management Science	lanagement				

Subject Code	LGT5113						
Subject Title	Enterprise Resource	e Planning					
Credit Value	3						
Level	5						
Normal Duration	1-semester						
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	Nil					
Role and Purposes	 Understand t be able to di systems; and Develop stu executing ER 	 To enable students to: Understand the basic concepts and issues of ERP systems; be able to discuss issues in the current IT environment for ERP systems; and Develop students' ability and confidence in planning and executing ERP projects. Be familiar with the basic usage of ERP systems 					
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. A grasp of basic concepts and issues of ERP systems b. A basic understanding of the adoption of ERP systems to enhance operational efficiency c. A basic understanding of ERP planning and implementation d. A grasp of basic functions and usages of ERP systems						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Topics Introduction to ERP, and System and Technology Background Business	Introduction to the course SAP De Introduction to ERP, and System and Technology Background SAP De ERP Life Cycle Opening ERP Market Awareness- History, Present, and Future					
	Process Management and ERP Business Process Business Process Business Process Business Process Modelling Business Data Management in ERP Management in ERP Sales and marketing management with ERP With ERP Supreme (Part 1) Process Modeling Tutorial 4: Master In in SAP Tutorials 5&6: Sale and Distribution in (1)(2)						
	systems (Part 1)	Accounting and finance management with ERP	Tutorial 6: Accounting and Controlling in SAP				
	ERP Life Cycle (Part 1)	ERP Initiatives ERP Selection					

	Management with ERP systems (Part 2) ERP Life Cycle (Part 2) Project Presentation and Course Review	management with ERP Mana Production Tutor			Mana Tutori	rial 7: Material agement in SAP rial 8: Production ning in SAP			
Teaching/Learning Methodology	During lectur introduced, aDuring tutoria and usages of	ind als,	case studies	s will b Il be g	e disc uided	ussed to prac	ctice a _l		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks weighting Intended subject outcomes to be a tick as appropriate					o be a	assessed (Please		
				а	b	С	d		
	1. Coursework		50%		✓	✓	✓		
	2. Examination		50%	✓	✓	✓			
	Total		100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods assessing the intended learning outcomes: The coursework includes a series of tutorial exercises of using E systems, assignments and case studies, and a group project about E implementation in real business. They are used to assess the inten outcomes 1-4. The final exam is based on questions relevant to be concepts of ERP and a case study about the ERP life cycle, which relevant to intended outcomes 1-3. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or about BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.						g ERP ut ERP tended basic ch are		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
	 Lectures / Tutor 	ials	3					39	Hrs.
	Other student study	effo	ort:						
	Group Project						45	5 Hrs.	
	Self-Study						42 Hrs.		
	Total student study e	effo	ort				126Hrs.		

Reading List and References

Monk, Ellen and Wagner, Bret J., *Concepts in Enterprise Resource Planning*, 4th Edition, Course Technology Cengage Learning, 2013

O'Leary, Daniel E., *Enterprise Resource Planning Systems:* Systems, Life cycle, Electronic Commerce, and Risk, Cambridge University Press, 2000

Buck-Emden, R., The SAP R/3 System, An Introduction to ERP and Business Software Technology, Addison-Wesley, 2000.

Curran, T. A. Ladd, A., *Business Blueprint: Understanding Enterprise Supply Chain Management,* Prentice Hall, 2000.

Curran, T. A., Ladd, A. and Ladd, D., SAP R/3, Reporting & eBusiness Intelligence, Prentice Hall, 2000.

Norris G., Hurley, J., Hartley, K. Dunleavy, J. Balls, J., *E-Business and ERP: Transforming the Enterprise*, New York: John Wiley, 2000.

Wyzalek, J., *Enterprise Systems Integration*, Auerbach Publications, 2000.

Subject Code	LGT5122				
Subject Title	Applications of Decision Making Models				
Credit Value	3				
Level					
Normal Duration	1-semester				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite / Exclusion	Preferably with knowledge of LGT5102 "Models for Decision Making".				
Role and Purposes	2. To impart on students the skills in applying the concepts, theories and techniques of a variety of management science methods.				
	3. To develop students' ability and confidence in solving management decision problems, particularly paying attention to the practical considerations.				
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
Outcomes	a. Understand the range of practical application of management decision analysis techniques, the characteristics of successful application, and the limitations of the techniques.				
	b. Develop skills in analyzing complex operations problems, using quantitative techniques as appropriate.				
	c. Tackle a management decision situation from different angles of view, hence develop the creative thinking and be more critical to evaluate the outcomes of different decisions.				
Subject Synopsis/	Decision scope: find out a clear scope of decision required.				
Indicative Syllabus	How to evaluate different decisions: identify the objectives; there may be conflicting objectives.				
	Model the situation: search for appropriate analytical or heuristic methods to solve the problem; understand the limitations of each method.				
	Analysis of results: cost and benefits analysis; sensitivity analysis.				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Mainly through small group discussions. Students will be guided throughout the discussion process, particularly addressing on the following issues:				
	How to start to tackle a complicated situation?				
	2. How to understand the data given and link up the relationship among data?				
	3. Point out mistakes when applying different methods.				
	4. How to apply what they have learnt in other subjects to a real situation?				

Assessment								
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learni outcomes to be assess tick as appropriate)					ease
Outcomes			а	b	С			
	Continuous Assessment*	100%						
	2 Group cases	40%	✓	✓	✓			
	1 Individual case	30%	✓	✓	✓			
	Class participation	30%	✓	✓	✓			
	Total	100 %						
	*Weighting of assessment methods/tasks in continuous assessment may be different, subject to each subject lecturer. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above							
	in the Continuous Assessment components. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:							
	This subject will be dealing with cases in every session and students will learn through undergoing this process. There is no examination in this subject. Therefore performance in class through participating in discussion is most important and is allocated with the most major part in the assessment. There will also be 2 group case studies to be assessed. But in order to distinguish more on the individual effort, there is another individual case study.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Small group discus	ssions				26 Hrs.		
	Lectures						13	Hrs.
	Other student study eff	ort:						
	Preparation for lectures					45 Hrs.		
	 Preparation for assignment / group project and presentation 					42 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					126Hrs.		

Reading List and References

Hillier F.S. & Hillier M.S., Introduction to Management Science: A Modeling And Case Studies Approach With Spreadsheets, latest ed.

Klassen, R. D., Menor, L. J., Cases in Operations Management, Sage publication, 2006

Lapin L.L. and Whisler W.D., Cases in Management Science, Duxbury, 1996

Journals

Asia Pacific Journal of Operational Research

Decision Sciences

European Journal of Operational Research

IIE Transactions

Interfaces

Journal of the Operational Research Society

Management Science

Naval Research Logistics

Omega - International Journal of Management Science

Operations Research

OR Insight

OR/MS Today

Subject Code	LGT5131
Subject Title	Warehousing and Materials Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Exclusion	ISE512 Warehousing and Material Handling Systems
Role and Purposes	To provide students with the methods and tools necessary for the design and management of warehousing, materials handling systems, and inventory control. In particular, this subject emphasizes aspects of logistics and supply chain management in warehousing, the handling of products, and control of inventories. On completion students will be able to both analyze existing systems and recommend improvement solutions.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Design and manage warehousing, material handling and inventory control systems. b. Improve existing warehousing, material handling and inventory control systems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Materials handling systems and their objectives: cost reduction, increased productive capacity and better working conditions. Types of handling equipment in manufacturing and warehousing: conveyors, cranes, hoists, and trucks. Their advantages and limitations. Advanced computer aided storage and picking systems. Critical analysis and measurement on the efficiency of warehousing systems. The unit load concept. Selection of the most appropriate equipment in particular situations. Integration with warehousing systems. Economic analysis of different systems. Planning, layout and design of different types of warehouses. Automation and IT systems in warehouses and materials handling processes. Inventory planning and control. Advanced EOQ models and safety stock. Fixed order quantity inventory control. Fixed order cycle inventory control. Just-in-time scheduling. Warehouse quality system and management. Warehouse safety and security system design and implementation, logistics cost analysis
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Concepts, theories and key issues will be introduced to students in lectures. Case studies will be used to illustrate some application aspects and to stimulate discussions leading to context-specific knowledge. Students are required to apply the knowledge to analyze some contemporary issues.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	omes t	to be	assess	earning ssessed propriate)		
Outcomes			а	b					
	Continuous Assessment	50%	√	✓					
	Examination	50%	√	√					
	Total	100 %							
	Explanation of the ap assessing the intended The achievement of th students' knowledge in	learning out e two learn conceptual	tcomes ing ou	s: tcome	s will	be de	epende	ent on	
	quantitative techniques. Since examination is effective in assessing the knowledge level conceptual theories and continuous assessment (include assignments and projects) is effective in assessing the ability applying techniques, both methods will be needed to assess the outcomes of this subject. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or all in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.						luding lity in ne two		
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 	3				39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	Preparation for lectures and seminars					45 Hrs.			
	Preparation for assignments/projects						42	Hrs.	
	Total student study effort						126	Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Wood, D.F., Wardlow, D.L., Murphy, P.R., Johnson, J.C., (the latest edition) <i>Contemporary Logistics</i> , Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, N.J.								
	Frazelle, E., (the latest edition) World-Class Warehousing and Handling, McGraw-Hill, Boston.						nd Ma	iterial	
	Render, B., Stair, R.M. Management, Prentice-	•	st edit	ion) Q	uantit	ative A	Analysi	is for	
	Francis, R.L., McGinnis Layout and Location: A Cliffs, NJ.								

Mulcahy, D., (the latest edition) Warehouse Distribution & Operations Handbook, McGraw-Hill, Boston.
Ackerman, K.B., (the latest edition) <i>Practical Handbook of Warehousing</i> , Chapman & Hall, New York
Stephens, M.P., Meyers, F.E., (the latest edition) <i>Manufacturing Facilities Design and Material Handling</i> , Prentice Hall.

Subject Code	LGT5152						
Subject Title	Information Systems for Supply C	hain Management					
Credit Value	3	3					
Level	5	5					
Normal Duration	1-semester						
Exclusion	ISE527 Logistics Information Syst	ems					
Role and Purposes	The objective of this subject is to following challenges:	better prepare the student to meet the					
	 information systems and supple Provide solutions to the issumanagement and improve systems. Exploit the inherent capability information systems, and we 						
Subject Learning Outcomes	To demonstrate a clear and releimportance, potential benefits, and and systems not only from a teorganizational and management part a. Being able to illustrate how to be enhanced through the technologies and systems.	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: To demonstrate a clear and relevant understanding of the definitions, importance, potential benefits, and structures of information technology and systems not only from a technical point of view, but also from organizational and management perspectives. a. Being able to illustrate how the management of supply chains can be enhanced through the use of a number of information technologies and systems. b. To put together the concepts and tools studied in class to develop					
	supply chains for real busines	SS.					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Topics Basic Concepts on Information Systems and Supply Chain Management Information Technology Infrastructure of Information Systems for Supply Chain Management Strategic impact of information systems Sub-topics Course Introduction Information systems for global business IT Fundamentals on hardware and software, networks, and database Information Resources, Strategic value of IS: Porter's Generic Model, Five Force's Model, Value Chain Model, IS for Hyper-						

	Key Applications of Information Technology & Information Systems for Supply Chain Management (1)			Data Processing for Supply Chain Management: RFID, EDI, Data Management Achieving Operational Excellence: SRM, ERP, CRM E-Commerce: Digital Markets, Digital Goods					
	Information Systems I Development and Mar		Inform	ation	Syster	Building estems nagement			
	Key Applications of Information Technology & Information Systems for Supply Chain Management (2) Project Presentation and Course Review			Enhancing Decision Making: Business Intelligence and Decision Support System					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 During lectures, basic concepts of ERP and ERP introduced. During tutorials, students will be guided to discuss of be discussed. 				•				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment % Intended subject outcomes to be tick as appropria				o be a	assessed (Please			
			а	b	С				
	Coursework	50%		✓	✓				
	Examination	50%	✓	✓					
	Total	100 %							
	Explanation of the ap	•			assess	ment	metho	ods in	
	The coursework includes assignments of case studies, and a gro project. They are used to assess the intended outcomes 2 and respectively. The final exam is based on questions relevant to base concepts of ERP and a case study about information system management, which are relevant to intended outcomes 1 and 2.					and 3 basic			
	To pass this subject, s in BOTH the Continuou		•					above	
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 	3					39	Hrs.	
	Other student study eff	ort:							
	 Assignment and Se 	elf Study					45	Hrs.	

	Group Project	42 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	Laudon, K.C., and Laudon, J.P., Management Information Systems : Managing the Digital Firm, 13rd Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2014						
	Technology Forecast: 2002-2004, Volume 1 Navigating the Future of Software, PriceWaterhouseCoopers, 2002.						
	Handbook of Quantitative Supply Chain Analysis: Modeling in the E-Business Era (International Series in Operations Research & Management Science) by David Simchi-Levi (Editor), et al. 2004. Managing the Supply Chain: The Definitive Guide for the Business Professional by David Simchi-Levi, et al., (2003). Manufacturing planning and control systems for supply chain management: The Definitive Guide for Professionals by Thomas E Vollmann, et al, 2004. New Directions in Supply-Chain Management: Technology, Strategy, and Implementation by Tonya Boone (Editor), Ram Ganeshan (Editor) 2002.						
	ERP:Making It Happen: The Implementers' Guide Enterprise Resource Planning by Thomas F. W Kremzar, 2001.						

0.1101	LOTELOS
Subject Code	LGT5160
Subject Title	Derivatives and Risk Management in Shipping
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	The growing trend of globalization and internationalization increases a wide array of risks to enterprises. Thus, more and more enterprises are entering into risk management practices for their business as management realizes that often the survival of enterprises amongst competitors is largely and highly dependent on the effective management of risks that they face. This is particularly true and important for shipping industry as the high volatility and cyclicality in freight rates, bunker prices, vessel values, foreign exchange rates, interest rates etc. make risk management a vital issue and take a central role in the effective strategic management of enterprises.
	Shipping derivatives have been developed as one of the most effective tools to manage risks in a flexible manner and with positive repercussions in a number of directions. If managed effectively, the use of shipping derivatives is not solely for the risk management of negative risks, but also for enhancing investment opportunities of positive risks in shipping.
	This subject is designed to provide students with a full and complete understanding and knowledge of how shipping derivatives can be used in the day-to-day management of both negative risks for risk management and positive risks for investment purposes, through both traditional and derivatives strategies, emanating from fluctuations in freight rates, bunker prices, vessel prices, scrap prices, interest rates, and foreign exchange rates in the shipping industry.
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 understand and analyze the basic sources of business risks and traditional risk management strategies at both the investment and operational level in shipping,
	b. deal with and comprehend the practical applications of various types of derivatives products for managing typical risks in shipping,
	c. make rational decisions to use derivatives for risk management and investment purposes as compared with traditional methods of risk management, and
	d. be familiar with derivatives and risk management in shipping to a level that is adequate for continued self-enhancement of knowledge and practical applications of the subject.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

This subject is designed to cover the following modules and key topics in the shipping industry:

- 1. Fundamentals of shipping risks,
- 2. Risk management strategies in the shipping industry,
- 3. Development, growth and mechanics of derivatives markets,
- 4. Principles and practices of derivatives,
- 5. Freight derivatives and risk management,
- 6. Bunker price derivatives and risk management,
- 7. Vessel value and derivatives and risk management, and
- 8. Foreign exchange and interest rate derivatives and risk management.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

- 1. Lectures are used to cover, introduce and explain all the key concepts, principles, practices and practical applications of the modules and key topics of this subject in details.
- 2. To strengthen the students' knowledge of the practices and practical applications of derivatives, guest instructor will be invited to deliver at least one lecture.
- 3. Tutorials are highly interactive to include discussions, case studies, quiz questions, and students' group presentations and discussions. Students are expected to actively participate and involve in the tutorials to share their experiences, and what they have learned and the insights that they have obtained from the lectures.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		а	b	С	d		
Individual essay assignment	25%	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Group presentation	25%		✓	✓	✓		
3. Examination	50%	✓	√	✓			
Total	100 %						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods/tasks in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

<u>Coursework (50%) – a combination of academic learning and practical applications</u>: individual essay assignment and group presentation

- 1. Individual essay assignment: essay in 2,500 words on selected topics in Derivative and Risk Management in Shipping.
- 2. Group presentation and discussion to examine a case study to

	display and demonstrate the students' ability to applications that the students have acquired in the case study is linked.		
	Examination (50%): 3-hour examination testing sintegrative thinking and knowledge, and practic Derivative and Risk Management in Shipping.		
	Note: To pass this subject, students are required to above in both the Coursework and Examination com-		
Student Study	Class contact:		
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:		
	Private studies		
	 Preparation for lectures and tutorials/class discussions 		
	 Preparation of coursework and final examination 	87 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Main Reference Books Kavussanos, M.G and Visvikis, I.D. (2006). management in Shipping. London. UK: Witherby 2. Alizadeh, A.H. and Nomikos, N.K. (2009). Ship risk management. Hampshire, UK: Palgrave Mad 3. Gray, J. (1990). Shipping futures. London, UK Press. Gray, J. (1986). Financial risk management in the London, UK: Fairplay Publications. Kavussanos, M.G and Visvikis, I.D. (2011). The shipping freight derivatives. London, UK: Risk Book. Cockett, N. (1997). Neil Cockett on bunkers London, UK: LLP, pp. 237 – 259. Arnold, G. (2012). Modern financial markets and UK: Pearson Education Limited. Chisholm, A.M. (2010). Derivatives demystification guide to forwards, futures, swaps and options Sussex, UK: John Wiley & Sons. Sundaram, R.K. and Das, S.R. (2011). Derivation Practices. NY: McGraw-Hill Irwin. Main Reference Journals Journal of Futures Markets Maritime Policy and Management Transportation Research Part E, Logistics and Review International Journal of Forecasting Journal of Derivatives and Hedge Funds (forme Trading and Regulation) 	Publishing. ping derivative and cmillan. Lloyd's of London of the shipping industry. Peory and practice of the poks. — practical guides. Institutions. Essex, Ped: A step-by-step of the poks. A step-by-step of the process of the poks. Principles and the process of the poks. Principles and the process of the poks. Principles and the principles and the poks.	

6. Review of Derivatives Research
7. Journal of Banking and Finance
8. Journal of Finance
9. Marine Money
10. CFA Digest

Subject Code	LGT5161
Subject Title	Air Transport Regulatory Policy
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite	Nil
Role and Purposes	Air transport markets have undergone fundamental changes in their regulatory environments in the last couple of decades. The liberalization of air transport markets, the subsequent huge growth of air traffic, the development of new airline business models and new forms or airline collaborations, the growing importance of non-aeronautical airport businesses, privatization strategies, and new and innovative methods of economic airport regulation contributed to the development of an exciting industry with tremendous business opportunities but also substantial social responsibilities. This subject handles all these issues. It explains general facts of the air transport industry, and how airport businesses have developed over time, why airlines may be exempted from antitrust regulations, while airports are often subject to heavy economic regulation, and how regulation shapes airline and airport businesses today. The purpose is to help the students to develop a profound understanding of the most important drivers of economic aviation regulation today, and to offer ways to successfully address the challenges arising from historic and current industry developments.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the role of air transport markets worldwide and especially in Northeast Asia. b. Appreciate the benefits of market liberalization that could be achieved in the past all over the world in air transport. c. Understand how public and private institutions govern national and international air transport markets. d. Understand why airlines and especially airports are subject to regulation until now. e. Critically assess current regulatory practice in the air transport industry.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Liberalization: This covers the development of aviation markets in the Asia-Pacific region, the United States and Europe. Airlines Alliances & mergers: Antitrust regulations should protect customers from excessive pricing by companies. But, airlines are often exempted from antitrust regulations because collaborative price

- setting can reduce airline ticket prices. This part discusses empirical evidence on this issue and the effects of collaboration on ticket prices for transfer and non-stop passengers.
- Collusion: Airport charges are traditionally aircraft weight related.
 Yet, it seems that airports change charging structures in a way that
 increases the share of airport revenues derived from charges that
 are passenger based. The effects of the airport charges structures
 on airline competition are the topic of this part.
- Low cost airlines (Econometrics): One of the major achievements
 of liberalizing airline markets is the development of the low-cost
 carrier business model. This part discusses empirical methods to
 quantify the strong pressure low-cost airlines exert on ticket prices.

Airports

- Public supply: Airports are often owned and operated by government agencies. This is different from many other industries that are mainly driven by private companies. This part discusses some benefits of the public supply of transport infrastructure.
- Natural monopoly: Here students will be provided with a data set and some econometric methods to analyze airport cost structures. This helps to understand why airports are often considered as "natural monopolies."
- Privatization and "concession services:" Nowadays private involvement in airport ownership in operation has substantially increased. Furthermore, many airports earn a large share of their revenues from the supply of services that are not primarily related to airport infrastructure (so called concession services. The implications of these developments for the optimal pricing of airport infrastructure is a major theme of this subject.
- Regulation: Private involvement often comes together with some form of airport infrastructure charges regulation. The benefits and drawbacks of different forms of regulation are discussed in detail in this class. Regulation forms discussed in class include cost-based regulation, price-cap regulation
- Competition: Airports are often considered as natural monopolies, while they still compete in various dimensions. This part covers the competition between neighboring airports, competition for transfer passengers and the role of the evolving airport and airline businesses for airport market power.
- Congestion: The tremendous growth in air traffic is often associated with shortages in infrastructure supply, which then leads to a drop of service quality in terms of airline punctuality. How airlines strategically react to such shortages and its implications for airport infrastructure pricing is discussed in detail in this class.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

A combination of lectures, guest talks by industry experts (online and face-to-face), company visits, real case studies and students-directed learning activities will be included in this subject.

Accomment										
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inten outco	ng ed (Pl	ease					
			а	b	С	d	е			
	Coursework	40%	√	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Examination	60%	√	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Total	100 %		L	1		L			
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods assessing the intended learning outcomes: To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or about in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.									
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials						39 Hrs.			
	•									
	Other student study eff	ort:								
	 Self study 					87 Hrs.				
	Total student study effor	ort				126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Total student study effort Czerny, A. I. and Zhang, A. (forthcoming), Can market power be controlled by regulation of core prices alone?: An empirical analysi of airport demand and car rental price, <i>Transportation Research Part A</i>. Czerny, A. I. and Zhang, A. (2015), Single-till versus dual-till regulation of airports, Tinbergen Institute Discussion Paper TI 2015-049/VIII. Doganis, R. (2009), <i>Flying Off Course - Airline Economics an Marketing</i>, 4th Edition, Routledge, London. Fu, X., Lei, Z., Wang, K. and Yan, J. (2015), Low cost carried competition and route entry in an emerging but regulated aviation market – The case of China, <i>Transportation Research Part A</i> 79: 316. Fu, X., Oum, T. H., Chen, R. and Lei, Z. (forthcoming), Dominant carried performance and international liberalization – The case of Northeast Asia, <i>Transport Policy</i>. Graham, A. (2013), <i>Managing Airports: An International Perspective</i> 4th Edition, Routledge, London. Zhang, A. and Czerny, A. I. (2012), Airports and airlines economics and policy: An interpretive review of recent research, <i>Economics of Transportation</i> 1: 15-34. 							nalysis search ulation /VIII. es and carrier viation 79: 3-carrier rtheast pective, mics		

Cubicat Cada	LOTE400
Subject Code	LGT5162
Subject Title	Airline Strategic Management
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite	Nil
Role and Purposes	To provide an advanced understanding of the core concepts of strategic management and develop the student's ability to design effective strategies for airlines in a competitive environment.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand key theories and approaches in strategic management. b. Apply analytical tools in strategic management to the airline industry. c. Develop strategies for airlines in response to changing market environment. d. Evaluate the effectiveness of different strategies in airline management.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Core concepts of strategic management Key analytical tools in strategic analysis Core competence Low cost business model Network airlines Airline Alliances Gaining competitiveness through mergers and acquisitions Strategic evaluation
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A combination of lectures, seminars, case studies, group discussions and students-directed learning activities will be included in this subject.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	3						
Outcomes			а	b	С	d			
	Coursework	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Examination	50%	✓	√	✓	✓			
	Total	100 %		•		•	•		
	Explanation of the appl assessing the intended To pass this subject, so in BOTH the Continuous	I learning ou tudents are	itcome require	s: ed to o	btain (Grade	D or a		
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	S				39 Hrs.			
	Other student study eff	ort:							
	Self study					87 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	ort				126 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Books Delfmann, W., Baum, H., Auerbach, S. and Albers, S. (2005) Strategic Management in the Aviation Industry, Ashgate. Doganis, R. (2009) Flying Off Course – Airline Economics and Marketing, 4th Edition, Routledge, London. Flouris, T. and Oswald, S. (2006) Designing and Executing Strategy in Aviation Management, Ashgate. Holloway, S. (2008) Straight and Level: Practical Airline Economics, 3rd Edition, Ashgate: Aldershot, UK. Johnson, G., Scholes, K. and Whittington, R. (2008) Exploring Corporate Strategy, 8th Edition, Prentice hall. Shaw, S. (2011) Airline Marketing and Management, 7th Edition, Ashgate, Aldershot, UK.)		
	Journal Journal of Air Trans	sport Manag	ement						
	Trade magazinesAir Transport WorldAirline Business	j							

Subject Code	LGT5163
Subject Title	Aviation Marketing
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite	Nil
Role and Purposes	To provide students with knowledge, understanding and skills in airline and airport marketing.
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Describe the characteristics of the main segments of airline and airport markets.
	b. Identify and explain the key issues in planning airline products and the importance of product differentiation.
	c. Critically assess the links between promotion, branding and customer loyalty.
	d. Use marketing research approaches to investigate airline and airport markets.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 The market for air transport services Airline product analysis Airport product analysis Pricing and revenue management Airline distribution strategy Managing airline brand Advertising and promotional strategy Understanding consumer behaviour Market segmentation Airport marketing Market research, survey design, and analytical approaches
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A combination of lectures, seminars, case studies, group discussions and students-directed learning activities will be included in this subject.

A										
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	methods/tasks weighting of			Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
Outcomes			а	b	С	d				
	Coursework	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓				
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓				
	Total	100%		L	I	I	ı			
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment massessing the intended learning outcomes: To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grain BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam composite									
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
Lifett Expected	Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.				
	Other student study eff	ort:								
	 Self study 					87 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	ort				126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Total student study effort Books Doganis, R. (2009) Flying Off Course – Airline Economics and Marketing, 4th Edition, Routledge, London. Halpern, N. and Graham, A. (2013) Airport Marketing, Routledge, London. Kotler, P. (2005) Marketing Management, 12th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey. Sheehan, J. (2013). Business and Corporate Aviation Management, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill Professional. Shaw, S. (2007) Airline Marketing and Management, 6th Edition, Ashgate, Aldershot. Journal Journal of Air Transport Management Trade magazines Air Transport World 						dge, rson ation			

Subject Code	LGT5164						
•							
Subject Title	Aviation Safety Management						
Credit Value	3						
Level	5						
Normal Duration	1-semester						
Pre-requisite	Nil						
Role and Purposes	To provide the student with an understanding of the key issues in aviation safety management, the implementation of Safety Management Systems, and how safety is managed in airlines, airports and aviation-related companies.						
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the fundamental concepts behind Safety Management						
	Systems (SMS), as defined by ICAO and other parties.						
	b. Select and implement techniques for the identification and management of hazards and risks.						
	c. Understand key issues in the implementation of Safety Management Systems						
	d. Critically assess the ways in which safety is measured and managed in airport, airline and other aviation operations.						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Safety management philosophy and implementation Safety supervision in civil aviation Principles of quality management Hazard identification Process-based safety risk management Crisis management Emergency response planning Safety culture Human factors Managing the Safety Management Systems Implementing and Safety Management Systems 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A combination of lectures, seminars, case studies, group workshops and students-directed learning activities will be included in this subject.						

Assessment									
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment % weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
Outcomes			а	b	С	d			
	Coursework	50%	√	✓	✓	✓			
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Total	100 %							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials					39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	 Self study 					87 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort					126 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Ferguson, M. and Nelson, S. (2013) Aviation Safety: A Balanced Industry Approach, Cengage Learning. ICAO (2009) Safety Management Manual (2nd Edition), Doc. 9859, Montreal – Downloadable from http://www.icao.int/anb/safetymanagement/documents.html. Rodingues, C. and Cusick. S. (2011). Commercial Aviation Safety, 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill Professional. Stolzer, A.J., Halford, C.D. and Goglia, J.J. (2008) Safety Management Systems in Aviation, Ashgate, Aldershot UK. Stolzer, A.J., Halford, C.D. and Goglia, J.J. (2013), Implementing Safety Management Systems in Aviation, Ashgate, Aldershot UK. 							ting	

Subject Code	LGT5169					
Subject Title	Airport Business Management					
Credit Value						
Level						
Normal Duration	semester					
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	GT5069 Airport and Terminal Management					
Role and Purposes	To provide an insight into the key issues crucial to the planning and management of airports.					
Subject Learning Outcomes	Jpon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the key functions and operations of airports. b. Appreciate the airport planning and management process. c. Analyze air transport market and forecast airport demand. d. Manage airport aeronautical and commercial services.					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Airport commercialization, privatization, and regulation Airport policy in China Airport functions and systems Airport congestion management and slot allocation Air traffic management Airport system planning Airport master plan and land use planning Airport safety and security management Airport ground transportation planning Air cargo management Airport finance and commercial management Hub development strategy Public administration and future development of air transport Innovations for airport business 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will be used to present the basic knowledge and how alternative skills can be applied to particular cases. Mini cases shall be used to give the students an updated view on the industry practices. Students are required to apply the knowledge and methodology learned in this course to conduct projects which are related to the management and operation of airports.					

A									
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outco	tended subject learning stcomes to be assessed (Plea k as appropriate)					
Outcomes			а	b	С		d		
	Coursework	50%		V	√	V V			
	Examination	50%	√		√		√		
	Total	100 %				1			
	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	3				39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	Self Study					87 Hrs.			
	Total student study effo	ort					126	Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Total student study effort Recommended Textbooks Horonjeff, R., (2010), Planning and Design of Airports, McGraw-Hill Neufville, R. and Odoni, A. (2003), Airport Systems: Planning, Design and Management, McGraw-Hill Professional. Young. S., Wells. A., (2011), Airport Planning and Management, McGraw-hill Professional Bradley. A., (2010), The Independent Airport Planning Manual, Woodhead Pub. Cambridge Burghouwt G.,(2007), Airline Network Development in Europe and its Implications for Airport Planning, Ashgate, Aldershot, England Supplementary References: Ashford, N. (1992), Airport Engineering, McGraw-Hill Ashord, N., Stanton, H. P. M. and Moore, C. A. (1997), Airport Operations, McGraw-Hill Professional. Baldwin, R. (1998), Developing the Future Aviation System, Aldershot: Ashgate. Belobaba P, Odoni, A, Barnhart, C., (2009) The Global Airline Industry (Aerospace Series), Wiley Blow, C. J. (1996), Airport Terminals, 2nd Edition, Oxford: Butterworth Architecture. Blow, C. J. (2005), Transport Terminals and Modal Interchanges, Oxford: Elsevier. Dempsey, P. S. (1999), Airport Planning and Development Handbook: A Global Survey, McGraw-Hill Professional. Doganis, R., (2003), Flying Off Course, Third Edition, The Economics of								

Doganis, R. (2001), *The Airline Business in the 21st Century*, Routledge. Edwards, B. (2005), *The Modern Airport Terminal*, 2nd Edition, New York: Spon Press.

Forsyth, P. (2004), *The Economic Regulation of Airports*, Aldershot: Ashgate.

Jarach, D. (2005), Airport Marketing: Strategies to Cope with the New Millennium Environment, England: Ashgate.

Liu, W.M., Luk, M., (2009), Reform and opening up: Way to the sustainable and harmonious development of air transport in China, Transport Policy, Volume 16, Issue 5Luk, M. (2003), Planning and Design of Air Cargo Systems, Transport & Logistics, Proceedings of the 8th Conference of Hong Kong Society for Transportation Studies, pp 310-319

Schwieterman, J.P. (1993), Air Cargo and the Opening of China: New Opportunities for Hong Kong, Chinese University Press.

Yeh, A., Hills, P., Ng, S., (2002), *Modern Transport in Hong Kong for the 21st Century*, Centre of Urban Planning and Environmental Management, University of Hong Kong, pp 69 - 104 & 247-256

Journals

Economics of Transportation
International Journal of Aviation Management
Journal of Air Transport Management
Journal of Air Transportation World Wide
Journal of Transport Economics and Policy
Journal of Transport Geography
Transportation Research Part A
Transportation Research Part D

Transportation Research Part E

Subject Code	LGT5170
Subject Title	Maritime Arbitration Law
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Role and Purposes	The purpose of this course is to equip students with the knowledge and understanding of arbitration as a means of effective dispute resolution in the maritime business. The course concerns the contractual and procedural elements of maritime arbitration from both comparative and practical perspectives. It also addresses the international, regional and local aspect of maritime arbitration and involves extensive case law and reports.
	This course primarily focuses on two jurisdictions, which are London and Hong Kong. London is claimed as the largest international maritime arbitration forum due to its popularity of its specific contractual clauses in terms of maritime arbitration. Hong Kong, with the advantage of its intimate relation with China, is able to withstand the competition by providing supportive and efficient arbitration service with an international element. The course introduces the New Arbitration Ordinance (LHK Cap. 609), which is enacted in 2011, and analyzes how it is different to the Repealed Arbitration Ordinance (LHK Cap. 341). The course encourages analytical and evaluative discussions on the comparison between the Hong Kong and London regimes on maritime arbitration. On the other hand, this course explores Hong Kong's neighbour arbitral forum such as Shanghai in China on a general basis.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the course, students will be able to: a. Understand the development, legal framework and theoretical dimension of maritime arbitration b. Lay the groundwork for further inquiry into the application of arbitration laws in relation to maritime disputes c. Develop the ability to identify and analyze legal issues arising from the maritime business sector
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Arbitration Ordinance (LHK Cap. 609), Repealed Arbitration Ordinance (LHK Cap.341), UNCITRAL Model law, Arbitration Act 1996 of the United Kingdom, Arbitration Law of the PRC, The Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (The New York Convention), Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC), HKIAC Administered Arbitration Rules 2013, London Maritime Arbitrators Association (LMAA), LMAA Terms 2012, Arbitrability, Arbitration Agreement, Commencement of Arbitration, Appointment of Arbitrators and Tribunals, Jurisdiction, Interim Measures and Security of Costs, Small Claims Procedure, Documents-only Procedure, Third

	Parties' Rights, Enforcement of Arbitral Awards.								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	This course is separated into two parts, mainly lectures and tutorials. Different themes will be discussed according to the syllabus outline on a weekly basis. Tutorials will provide students the assistance in applying law to problems and further strengthen their knowledge on specific areas of maritime arbitration law through interactive discussions.								
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
			а	b	С				
	Assignment	40%	✓	✓	✓				
	Examination	60%	√	√	√				
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods assessing the intended learning outcomes: Students will be asked to apply legal method to provide solutions problems which are practical and real. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or about in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials 					39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	AssignmentSelf-study					30 Hrs.			
							57	' Hrs.	
	Total student study effort					126 Hrs.			

Reading List and References

Books

Clare Ambrose and Karen Maxwell (2009) London Maritime Arbitration, 3rd ed, United Kingdom: Informa Law from Routledge

Felix W. H. Chan, Jimmy J M Ng and Bobby K Y Wong (2002) Shipping and Logistics Law: Principles and Practice in Hong Kong, 1st ed, Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press

John Choong, Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer, Romesh Weeramantry, and Cliffford Chance (ed.) (2015). The Hong Kong Arbitration Ordinance: Commentary and Annotations, 2nd. ed, Hong Kong: Sweet and Maxwell

Ma Geoffrey GBM QC SC (Editor-in-Chief) and Brock Denis (General Editor) (2014) Arbitration in Hong Kong: A Practical Guide, 3rd ed, Hong Kong: Sweet and Maxwell

Maritime Arbitration in Hong Kong: A Practical Guide, 2nd ed, Hong Kong: Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre and Hong Kong Maritime Arbitration Group

Michael J. Moser and Teresa Y. W. Cheng (2014) Hong Kong Arbitration: A User's Guide, 3rd ed (Bilingual English-Chinese), Hong Kong: Wolters& Kluwer

Felix Sparka (2009) Jurisdiction and Arbitration Clauses in Maritime Transport Documents: A Comparative Analysis, 1st ed, Germany: Springer

Christopher To and Damon So (2012) Butterworths Hong Kong Arbitration Law Handbook, 1st ed, Hong Kong: LexisNexis

Philip Yang, Danny Mok and Ernest Yang (2006) Arbitration Law – from The Arbitration Act 1996 to international commercial arbitration, China: Law Press.

Anselmo Reyes (2012) How to be an Arbitrator: A Personal View, 1st ed, Hong Kong: HKMLA

Georgios I. Zekos (2008) International Commercial and Marine Arbitration, 1st ed, United States and Canada: Routledge-Cavendish

Recommended periodicals, newspapers

Journal of Maritime Law and Commerce
Lloyd's Maritime and Commercial Law Quarterly
Lloyd's Maritime Law Newsletter
Journal of International Maritime Law
Tulane Maritime Law Journal
Asian International Arbitration Journal
Journal of International Arbitration
American Review of International Arbitration
International Arbitration Law Review

Online Resources

Department of Justice, the Government of HKSAR, 'Background of the New Arbitration Ordinance, Cap. 609' website at http://www.doj.gov.hk/eng/public/arbitration.html

Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC) website at http://www.hkiac.org/en/

Hong Kong Shipowners Association- Maritime Arbitration Group (MAG) at http://www.hksoa.org/links/maritime_arbitation.html

The Hong Kong Maritime Law Association (HKMLA) website at http://www.hkmla.org/sub_committees.php.

The London Maritime Arbitrators Association (LMMA) website at http://www.lmaa.org.uk/

The New York Arbitration Convention website at http://www.newyorkconvention.org/

The Repealed Arbitration Ordinance Cap. 341 website at http://www.wipo.int/edocs/lexdocs/laws/en/hk/hk163en.pdf

United Nations Commission on International Trade (UNCITRAL) website

http://www.uncitral.org/uncitral/en/uncitral_texts/arbitration.html

Subject Code	LGT5201
Subject Title	Dissertation
Credit Value	9
Level	5
Normal Duration	1 academic year (two 13-week semesters and one 7-week summer term)*
Exclusion	LGT5202 Project
Role and Purposes	 The objectives for the whole dissertation subject are: To examine critically and in-depth a focused topic of interest arising, ideally, from the work done within the programme and/or in the student's employment and to make integrative linkages
	 between classroom learning and work experience; To demonstrate the use of relevant scientific and analytical methods and practical skills, including those acquired during the programme, in the treatment of the chosen topic;
	 To demonstrate an understanding of relevant research literature in the dissertation topic-area;
	 To demonstrate an ability to set the chosen topic in its wider context, to sustain an argument, and to present conclusions related to policies or practices.
	The subject includes a research methodology class to equip students with the basic skills and techniques for conducting research for a higher degree.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify a research problem in real world and write research proposals. b. Conduct literature review on issues related to the problem areas. c. Apply appropriate research methodologies with sound academic rigor in data collection, analysis and interpretation of the research findings. d. Deduce the solutions to the identified problems scientifically and understand the limitations. e. Communicate the research results effectively.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Why do research? What is good research? Scientific thinking – styles of thinking, the thought process, the scientific attitude; What makes an investigation scientific? What can empirical research do? The necessity of knowing the purpose of research; The ethics of research; Qualitative and quantitative approaches; Variable, Parameter, Assumption, Theory, Model, Hypothesis, Ideal causal-study design; Case-study descriptive research; Classification research; Measurement and estimation; Comparison; Research trying to find relationships; Investigating cause and effect; Mapping structures; Evaluation research; Questionnaire

	design; Interview; Survey; Sampling methods; Some principles of measurement – reliability and validity; Data analysis and interpretation; Writing Scientific Reports: Research report components and structure; Presentation of statistics; Plagiarism.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Guided study programme on research methodology equivalent to 1 credit value.						1	
	Student-centred activities in the form of investigational/research work, literature review, data collection, data analysis and interpretation according to the requirements specified in the Guidelines for Dissertation (LGT5201)/Project (LGT5202) for MScISTL. The effort of these activities should be equivalent to 8 credit values.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes			а	b	С	d	е	
	Coursework							
	Dissertation assessed by supervisor	45%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Dissertation assessed by moderator	35%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Viva voce	20%	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Total	100 %		•	•	•		
	[This new % weighting will be effective for students newly registered on this subject starting from Semester 2 of 2011/12.] Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: In order to have objective and comprehensive assessment on the student's research work in the form of dissertation, the Final Dissertation will be assessed by the supervisor and by a moderator who is appointed by the Dissertation/ Project Co-ordinator.							
	In addition to these two assessments, students pursuing a Dissertation will also be appraised at the Oral Presentation (Viva Voce) by a selected panel consisting of the supervisor, the moderator and a 3 rd panel member, who is also appointed by the Dissertation/ Project Coordinator.							
	All the assessment criteria are set out in the Guidelines for Dissertation (LGT5201)/Project (LGT5202) for MScISTL.							
	Finally, all these marks are combined and the final grade for the Subject LGT5201 Dissertation is to be determined by the Dissertation Co-ordinator according to the assessment weighting set out in the							

	Guidelines for Dissertation (LGT5201)/Project (LGT5202) for MScISTL. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in the Continuous Assessment.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Meeting and Discussion with Supervisor	28 Hrs.					
	•	Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	Research work	400 Hrs.					
		Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	400 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	Remenyi, D., Field methods for academic research: groups and questionnaires in business and manage Academic Publishing International, 2011.						
	Grigoroudis, Evangelos. Customer satisfaction evaluation methods for measuring and implementing service quality, SpringerLink e-books, Springer, 2010. Stokes, Peter, Key concepts in business and management research methods, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.						
	Remenyi, D., Field methods for academic research: interviews, focus groups and questionnaires in business and management studies, Academic Publishing International, 2011.						
	Bryman, Alan. Business research methods, Oxford University Press, 2011, 3 rd Edition. Crowther, David. Research methods: a concise introduction to research in management and business consultancy, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009, 2 nd Edition.						
	Eriksson, Päivi, <u>Qualitative methods</u> in <u>business rese</u> Publications, 2008.	<u>earch,</u> SAGE					

Subject Code	LGT5202						
Subject Title	Project						
Credit Value	6						
Level							
Normal Duration	academic year wo 13-week semesters and one 7-week summer term)*						
Exclusion	GT5201 Dissertation						
Role and Purposes	To create an opportunity for the application of concepts and techniques acquired during the taught programme, in a management practitioner environment, in order to complete the formal learning experience, and to be of use to the sponsor.						
	Concepts and techniques:						
	 To provide a testing ground for concepts presented in the taught programme. 						
	 To serve as a basis for developing new concepts not covered in the literature. 						
	Management practitioner environment:						
	 Individual students or groups are involved in the development of a practical solution to a business problem provided by the sponsor; or based on a realistic case study. 						
	 To provide the opportunity to identify and explore aspects of purchasing and supply management practice in specific organisational contexts. 						
	 To relate the above to the knowledge and perspectives acquired during the course programme. 						
	Personal learning experience:						
	To develop and test the students' ability to produce a coherent and extended account on a topic of considerable conceptual content.						
	 To provide an elective topic of interest to the student and his/her organisation, additional to the taught course subjects. 						

Subject Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:

- a. Identify a research problem in real world and write research proposals.
- b. Conduct literature review on issues related to the problem areas.
- c. Apply appropriate research methodology in data collection, analysis and interpretation research findings.
- d. Deduce the solutions to the identified problems scientifically and understand the limitations.
- e. Communicate the research results effectively.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

Why do research? What is good research? Scientific thinking – styles of thinking, the thought process, the scientific attitude; What makes an investigation scientific? What can empirical research do? The necessity of knowing the purpose of research; The ethics of research; Qualitative and quantitative approaches; Variable, Parameter, Assumption, Theory, Model, Hypothesis, Ideal causal-study design; Case-study descriptive research; Classification research; Measurement and estimation; Comparison; Research trying to find relationships; Investigating cause and effect; Mapping structures; Evaluation research; Questionnaire design; Interview; Survey; Sampling methods; Some principles of measurement – reliability and validity; Data analysis and interpretation; Writing Scientific Reports: Research report components and structure; Presentation of statistics; Plagiarism.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Guided study programme on research methodology equivalent to 1 credit value.

Student-centred activities in the form of investigational/research work, literature review, data collection, data analysis and interpretation according to the requirements specified in the Guidelines for Dissertation (LGT5201)/Project (LGT5202) for MScISTL. The effort of these activities should be equivalent to 5 credit values.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		а	b	С	d	е	
Coursework							
Project assessed by supervisor	60%	√	√	√	√	√	
Project assessed by moderator	40%	√	√	√	√	√	
Total	100%						

	[This new % weighting will be effective for stude registered on this subject starting from Semester					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment assessing the intended learning outcomes:	ent methods in				
	In order to have objective and comprehensive assessment on the student's research work in the form of project work, the Final Project Report will be assessed by the supervisor and by a moderator who is appointed by the Dissertation/ Project Co-ordinator. The assessment criteria are set out in the Guidelines for Dissertation (LGT5201)/Project (LGT5202) for MScISTL.					
	Finally, all these marks are combined and the final LGT5202 Project is to be determined by the Dissert ordinator according to the assessment weighting se Guidelines for Dissertation (LGT5201)/Project (LGT	cation/Project Co- et out in the				
	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain in the Continuous Assessment.	n Grade D or above				
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Meeting and Discussion with Supervisor	14 Hrs.				
	•	Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Research work 	270 Hrs.				
	•	Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	270 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Remenyi, D., Field methods for academic research: groups and questionnaires in business and manage Academic Publishing International, 2011.	-				
	Grigoroudis, Evangelos. Customer satisfaction evaluation <u>methods</u> for measuring and implementing service quality, SpringerLink e-books, Springer, 2010. Stokes, Peter, <u>Key concepts in business and management research methods</u> , Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.					
	Remenyi, D., Field methods for academic research: interviews, focus groups and questionnaires in business and management studies, Academic Publishing International, 2011. Bryman, Alan. Business research methods, Oxford University Press, 2011, 3rd Edition.					

Subject Code	LGT5222							
Subject Title	Maritime Industry Internship							
Credit Value	6 Training Credits							
Level	5							
Normal Duration	240 hours							
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil							
Role and Purposes	aritime Industry Internship (MII) is work-based learning experiences hich take place in a maritime organizational context relevant to a udent's future profession, or the development of generic skills that will evaluable in maritime profession.							
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:							
Outcomes	a. Areas of Personal Development							
	 Appreciate his/her own learning and development needs and chart his/her learning and development plan for the next 3-5 years; Make informed choices/preferences for his/her career and 							
	formulate a suitable plan for achieving it.							
	b. Areas of Workplace Appreciation							
	 Understand the issues involved in the practical application of the skills, knowledge and information in the maritime context; 							
	 Appreciate the requirements and demands of the real-world work environment, especially in the maritime industry where MII was done so as to facilitate the smooth transition to full-time employment after graduation; 							
	 Evaluate factors in organizational culture that influences sustainable competitive advantage, excellence, and progress. 							
	c. Areas of Key Skills							
	 Develop strategic approaches to anticipate and handle challenges; 							
	 Analyze problems and strategize solutions; 							
	 Communicate effectively and confidently; 							
	 Work effectively in teams as well as lead small groups. 							
Subject Synopsis/	Requirements of MII							
Indicative Syllabus	 2 MII credits are equivalent to 80 hours work, so that the 6-credit requirement demands 240 hours work, approximately 							

equivalent to 6 weeks of full-time internship engagement.

- MII credits may be granted for a minimum of 80 hours work (i.e. on a 2-credit basis).
- All work for MII credit must be structured and measurable, where structured means that objectives are set for the work experience before it begins and measurable means that the attainment of those objectives is monitored and attested to by the student's employer.
- All work for MII credits must take place in maritime organizational context relevant to the MScISTL programme for which students are enrolled, OR must demonstrate that it develops generic transferable skills relevant to that programme.
- MII credits can be achieved through full-time, part-time, or project work done locally or overseas.

Information on MII

- The MII Coordinator, who is usually the Programme Director or Manager, will be monitoring the student's progress and performance in the internship placement.
- Students should contact the MII Coordinator for assistance should they have questions and queries.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

MII facilitates the integration of knowledge, skills, and competences between the classroom and the real-world, thus equipping students with valuable work experience as well as practical readiness for full-time employment upon graduation.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		а	b	С	d	е	
Assessment Report	100%	✓	✓	✓			
Total	100 %						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

MII Assessments

Assessment of MII will be based on an Assessment Report (attached as Appendix) prepared by the student and his employer concerned. The report will cover the following aspects

- An initial statement from the student on the objectives and duration of the work; and
- A self-evaluation / reflection from the student; and

	the work and s	 A statement from the student's employer confirming the duration of the work and satisfactory performance. The final grade will be on a Pass/Fail basis decided by the MII Coordinator, based on the Assessment Report. 						
Student Study	Class contact:	class contact:						
Effort Expected	•	■ Full-time internship						
	•	•						
	Other student stud	y effort:						
	•	Assessment Report	40 Hrs.					
	•		Hrs.					
	Total student study effort 280 Hrs.							
Reading List and References	Sweitzer, F. and K Cole.	Sweitzer, F. and King, M. A (2009). The Successful Internship. Brooks Cole.						

Subject Code	MM501
Subject Title	Research Methods
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Research and Consultancy Techniques for CRE (BRE501) and Business Research Methods (MM5011) and Marketing Research (MM586)
Role and Purposes	scientific research as a problem solving tool, and enables them to equip with the adequate knowledge and practical skills that are often required to conduct independent research in business and management fields. Specifically, this subject enables students: 1. To understand the processes of research in the management and operation of the public and private sectors, and the various approaches that are used in that research; 2. To critically review published material and other research and consultancy reports; 3. To equip with the necessary skills required to undertake a substantial supervised research project at a Master's degree level; 4. To experience the process of preparing a properly constructed proposal for a
Subject Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. appreciate different research paradigms; b. formulate theoretically grounded research questions; c. exhibit skills essential to the planning and conduct of rigorous research; d. demonstrate familiarity with the concepts of validity and reliability in research; e. design appropriate sampling strategies, as well as collect, analyze and interpret data in diverse research settings; f. demonstrate a systematic understanding of the range of advanced research techniques, be able to critically evaluate these techniques and apply them appropriately; g. appraise the ethical implications of implementing research programmes; h. identify the range of channels for disseminating research and demonstrate the ability to communicate research findings effectively, both orally and in written form, to the business research and practitioner communities.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

Introduction to Research

Overview of management research: basic, applied and action research. Exploratory, descriptive and causal research. Evaluations studies.

Basic research paradigms: positivism and the scientific method; phenomenology and qualitative methodologies.

The Research Process

The research process. The research proposal.

Research Problems and Literature Review

Identifying and defining a research topic: the literature review.

Theoretical Framework and Hypothesis Development

The nature of theory: concepts, variables, the theoretical framework, hypotheses; deduction and induction; the nature of causality in the social sciences; dependent and independent variables.

Measurement

Measurement: types of scales; concepts and their dimensions; variables; Likert and other scales; validity and reliability; use of existing scales.

Data Collection Methods and Sampling

Questionnaire design; ways of administering questionnaires; survey and sampling methods; causes of bias in surveys; causal and correlational studies; experimental designs; internal and external validity; quasi experiments.

Exploratory research: reasons for and methods.

Qualitative research: ethnography; grounded theory; problems of data collection and analysis; analytical versus statistical generalizability.

Case study research: the study questions, propositions, units of analysis, criteria for interpreting the findings; qualitative and quantitative aspects; evaluation as an example of case studies.

Data Analysis and Interpretation

Data analysis and interpretation; basic concepts involved in statistical analysis; outline of the use of some multivariate statistics.

The Research Report

Purposes; audience; characteristics of a well-written report; integral parts of the report.

Research Ethics

The politics of management research; stakeholders; access to information.

The ethics of management research; the PolyU's requirements.

Plagiarism in academic writing and how to avoid it.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Lectures cover the core principles and concepts of the subject syllabus. Seminars are structured to enhance students' understanding of relevant concepts through various kinds of activities, including presentation and discussion. Occasionally various staff members will visit the class to discuss ongoing research projects with which they are involved.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
		a.	b.	C.	d.	e.	f.	g.	h.
Continuous Assessment*	100%								
1. Individual assignment	20%		✓						
2. Group reports	50%		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3. Presentation	10%								✓
4. Peer assessment	10%								✓
5. Class participation	10%						√		
Total	100 %		•	•		•	•		

^{*}Weighting of assessment methods/tasks in continuous assessment may be different, subject to each subject lecturer.

To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in the Continuous Assessment components.

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: the various methods are designed to ensure that all students taking this subject –

Individual assignment – Students are required to submit an individual work by addressing the core principles and concepts of the subject syllabus.

Group reports and presentation – Students are required to prepare two interim reports, a final report, and present their work by applying their subject knowledge and demonstrating their research skills.

Class participation – Feedback is given to students immediately following the presentations. All students are invited to join this discussion to demonstrate their understandings of the core principles and concepts of the subject syllabus.

Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	■ Lectures	39 Hrs.				
	- Lectures					
	Other student study effort:					
	Preparation for lectures	39 Hrs.				
	 Preparation for assignment / group project and presentation 	39 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs.				
Reading List and References						
	Sekaran, U. and Bougie, R. (2016). Research M Building Approach (7th edition). NY: John Wiley & S					
	Suggested Readings					
	Bowerman, B. L., O'Connell, R. T. and Murph Statistics in Practice (7 th edition). NY: McGraw-Hill.					
	Cooper, D. R. and Schindler, P. S. (2014). <i>Busines</i> edition). NY: McGraw-Hill.	ss Research Methods (12 th				
	Dillman, D. A., Smyth, J. D. and Christian, L. M. and Mixed-Mode Surveys: The Tailored Design I NJ: John Wiley & Sons.					
	Ghauri, P. and Gronhaug, K. (2010). Research Me edition). London: Financial Times Prentice Hall.	ethods in Business Studies (4 th				
	Hair, J. F., Black, W. C., Babin, B. J. and Ander Data Analysis (7 th edition). Upper Saddle River, NJ	, ,				
	Miles, M. B., Huberman, A. M. and Saldaña, J. (20 A Methods Sourcebook (3rd edition). Thousand Oal					
	Yin, R. K. (2014). Case Study Research: Design and Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.	nd Methods (5 th edition).				

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Subject Code	MM544
Subject Title	E-Commerce
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Normal Duration	1-semester
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	None
Role and Purposes	The central goal of this course is to develop an integrative knowledge of the digital economy. It focuses on the information superhighway as the technological enabler that has dramatically changed the way in which companies orchestrate their value creation. This course, with a strategic perspective in mind, looks into the knowledge-enabled enterprises and the influence of electronic commerce in shaping the rules of modern business environments. From a managerial point of view, the course will delineate the skills and knowledge required in the digital world. Finally, this course also offers a technology perspective that touches upon the underlying IT mechanisms for electronic commerce.
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. comprehend the underlying economic mechanisms and driving forces of E-Commerce; b. understand the critical building blocks of E-Commerce and different types of prevailing business models employed by leading industrial leaders; c. appraise the opportunities and potential to apply and synthesize a variety of E-Commerce concepts and solutions to create business value for organizations, customers, and business partners; d. formulate E-Commerce strategies that lever firms' core competencies, facilitate organizational transformation, and foster innovation; e. undertake planning, organizing, and implementing of E-Commerce initiatives to effectively respond to of dynamic market environments.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus#

- Introduction of e-Commerce
- E-commerce Framework
- B2C, B2B, C2C,
- E-commerce Supply Chain Management
- Payment System, Internet Banking and Supporting Systems
- Mobile Commerce
- Social Media and e-Commerce
- Shared Economy
- · Legal, ethical and societal issues of e-Commerce

*The above syllabus may be modified and updated by each subject lecturer without prior notice.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

The course will use a variety of methods as its pedagogy to help students achieve the above learning outcomes. Each class will roughly take the following format:

- General announcement and an opportunity for students to ask question to address any unfinished thoughts from the previous class:
- Overview of the current class agenda and its relationships to past discussion:
- Extended period of students- or instructor-lead discussion of the key issues in the assigned case or readings. Collaborative learning strategies (learning via discussion in a small group) may be employed during part of this time.

Assessment Methods in Alignment	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	be as		bject learning outcomes to d (Please tick as					
with Intended			a.	b.	C.	d.	e.			
Learning Outcomes	Continuous Assessment*	50%								
	Attendance and class participation	15%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	2. Individual assignment	15%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	3. Group assignment	20%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓	√			
	Total	100 %			1	•	1			
	*Weighting of assessment methods/tasks in continuous assessment may be different, subject to each subject lecturer.									
	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in both the Continuous Assessment and Examination components.									
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: the various methods are designed to ensure that all students taking this subject to have a balanced learning experience.									
	Feedback is given to stude students are invited to join to		-	ollowing	the pres	sentatio	ns and all			
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort	■Lectures						39 Hrs.			
Expected	Other student study effort:									
	■Preparation for lectures						39 Hrs.			
	■Preparation for assignmen presentation / examination	t / group pro	oject ar	nd			57 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort				135 Hrs.					

Reading List	<u>Textbook</u>
and References	Gary P. Schneider, 2017. <i>Electronic Commerce</i> , 12 th Edition, Cengage Learning US
	References
	Angwin, J. 2014. Dragnet Nation: A Quest for Privacy, Security, and Freedom in a World of Relentless Surveillance. Times Books.
	Liebana-Cabanillas, 2014. Electronic Payment Systems for Competitive Advantage in E-Commerce. Business Science Reference
	Schmidt E, and Cohen, J 2014. The New Digital Age: Transforming Nations, Businesses, and Our Lives. Vintage
	Stone, B. 2014. The Everything Store: Jeff Bezos and the Age of Amazon. Random House
	Swilley, E, 2014. Mobile Commerce: How It Contrasts, Challenges and Enhances Electronic Commerce
	Bharat Bhasker. (2013) Electronic Commerce: Framework, Technologies and Applications, McGraw Hill
	Recent articles from Journal of Management Information Systems, Harvard Business Review, Internet Research, MIS Quarterly, Marketing Intelligence and Planning, Decision Support Systems, MIT Sloan Management Review, California Management Review, MISQ Executive, Academy of Management Perspectives, Long Range Planning, Gartner Research, Forrester Research, McKinsey Quarterly, and others.







