



CAMPUS SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE CAMPUS SUSTAINABILITY OFFICE

21 March is the **International Day of Forests**. Let's learn more about the history of our forests! #LoveForests #IntlForestDay

GREEN TIPS - MARCH 2017

HISTORY OF HK'S FORESTS

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There were subtropical rainforests in Hong Kong long before it was inhabited by people.

Deforestation started on the high ground for tea cultivation.

JAPANESE OCCUPATION 1941-1945 ▼

Countering the water shortage crisis, the government resorted to building reservoirs and started planting more trees around Hong Kong **TRUCK** as they can improve the catchment area.

The occupying Japanese cleared Hong Kong's forests for fuel. Only patchy forests survived and covered less than 4% of its land.

REFORESTATION PROGRAM LAUNCHED 1970s **▼**

The government designated about 41% of the land area of Hong Kong as country parks and restricted areas. About two-thirds of its forests are protected in these areas since then.

1997 ▶

WATER

SHORTAGE

1960s ►

Kadoorie Farm established a native tree nursery. It can home 400 native species and produces 25,000 seedlings every year.



COUNTRY PARKS PLANTATION ENRICHMENT SCHEME 2009▼

The Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD) launched this Scheme to enrich the overall value of country park plantations. Major improvement measures include thinning of aging exotic tree species and planting of native tree seedlings.

READ MORE FROM THESE SOURCES:

- + Beyond the city, Hong Kong is recreating its lost woodlands - from BBC https://goo.gl/xCx8j7
- + Our Forest, Our Future from WWF Hong Kong https://goo.gl/0Qzj6y
- + Country Parks Plantation Enrichment Project - from AFCD https://goo.gl/IPHz9N



AFCD planted 400,000 tree seedlings in Hong Kong's country parks. 80% of them were native species.

