

<b>Subject Code</b>	FH6900
<b>Subject Title</b>	Advanced Academic English Literacy: Presenting Effectively
<b>Credit Value</b>	Non-credit bearing
<b>Level</b>	6
<b>Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion</b>	No pre-requisite
<b>Objectives</b>	This subject aims to support doctoral students advanced academic literacy with a focus on giving academic presentations. The subject is specifically designed for doctoral students in applied language sciences and draws on texts from applied linguistics.
<b>Intended Learning Outcomes</b>  <i>(Note 1)</i>	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <p><b>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>select appropriate conferences and write effective abstracts;</li> <li>express ideas and arguments verbally using an appropriate register for academic presentations;</li> <li>understand the structure of oral presentations, and plan, design , and deliver academic conference presentations.</li> <li>understand the tenor of a presentation, use coherent and appropriate language, and respond to questions during academic presentations; and</li> <li>adopt verbal and non-verbal communication strategies that enhance presentations.</li> </ol> <p>Through participating in the subject, you will also:</p> <p><b>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>develop analytical reasoning, critical thinking, and problem-solving skills and a sense of belonging to the academic discourse community via: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>analytical reasoning: thinking in a logical manner and, supporting ideas with well-reasoned arguments and evidence;</li> <li>critical thinking: evaluating information and evidence critically, being able to recognize flaws or inconsistencies in an argument; and</li> <li>problem solving: understanding the problem, exploring plausible answers, and selecting the most appropriate decision/solution.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
<b>Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus</b>  <i>(Note 2)</i>	<p><b>Session 1</b></p> <p>Selecting appropriate conferences</p> <p>Writing effective abstracts</p> <p>The purposes of and audiences for academic oral presentations</p> <p>The structure of an academic presentation</p>

	<p>Visual aids and producing effective PPTs</p> <p><b>Session 2</b>  Student presentation practice (conference presentation)  Q&amp;A sessions and handling questions effectively  Webinars and poster sessions</p> <p><b>Session 3</b>  Oral defense/viva voce  Student presentation practice (research proposal)</p> <p><b>Session 4</b>  Verbal qualities in academic oral presentations  The importance of non-verbal qualities  The role of image and paralinguistic features in presentations</p> <p><b>Session 5</b>  Student presentations  Feedback from peers and teacher</p>																																												
<b>Teaching/Learning Methodology</b>  <i>(Note 3)</i>	The teaching and learning approach will be task-based, student-centred, interactive, and reflective. Students will learn how to become competent presenters. This subject requires critical and creative thinking, problem-solving and attention to detail.																																												
<b>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</b>  <i>(Note 4)</i>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th><th rowspan="2">% weighting</th><th colspan="6">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)</th></tr> <tr> <th>a</th><th>b</th><th>c</th><th>d</th><th>e</th><th>f</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Write an abstract</td><td>30%</td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr> <tr> <td>2. Presentation</td><td>70%</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td><td>✓</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total</td><td>100 %</td><td colspan="6"></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>The assessments directly reflect the demands of academic presentations from selecting an appropriate conference, to writing an abstract and giving a presentation. Though the subject is non-credit-bearing, all students are nonetheless expected to complete both assignments.</p>							Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						a	b	c	d	e	f	1. Write an abstract	30%	✓	✓				✓	2. Presentation	70%		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Total	100 %						
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<b>Student Study</b>	Class contact:																																												

<b>Effort Expected</b>	▪ Seminar	15Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Read, prepare, draft, and rehearse presentations.	30Hrs.
	▪ Review websites and video data of effective presentations.	15Hrs.
	Total student study effort	60Hrs.
<b>Reading List and References</b>	<p>Bhattacharyya, E. (2014) Walk the talk: Technical oral presentations of engineers in the 21st century. <i>Social and Behavioral Sciences</i>, 123, 344-352.</p> <p>Evans, S. (2013). Just wanna give you guys a bit of an update: Inside perspectives on business presentations in Hong Kong. <i>English for Specific Purposes</i>, 32, 195-207.</p> <p>Forey, G. &amp; Feng, D. (2016). Interpersonal meaning and audience engagement in academic presentations: A multimodal discourse analysis perspective. In K. Hyland &amp; P. Shaw, P. (Eds) <i>The Routledge handbook of English for academic purposes</i>. Routledge.</p> <p>Glasman-Deal, H. (2010). <i>Science research writing for non-native speakers of English</i>. Imperial College Press.</p> <p>Ho, V. (2018). Exploring the effectiveness of hotel management's responses to negative online comments. <i>Lingua</i>, 216, 47-63.</p> <p>Hood, S. &amp; Forey, G. (2005). Presenting a conference paper: Getting interpersonal with your audience. <i>Journal of English for Academic Purpose</i>, 24, 291-306.</p> <p>Jenks, C.J. (2019). Talking trolls into existence: On the floor management of trolling in online forums. <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i>, 143, 54-64.</p> <p>Querol-Julian, M. &amp; Fortanet-Gomez, I. (2012). Multimodal evaluation in academic discussion sessions: How do presenters act and react? <i>English for Specific Purposes</i>, 31, 271–283.</p>	

	<p>Reershemius, G. (2012). Research cultures and the pragmatic functions of humoring academic research presentations: A corpus-assisted analysis. <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i>, 44, 863–875.</p> <p>Recski, L. (2005). Interpersonal engagement in academic spoken discourse: A functional account of dissertation defenses. <i>English for Specific Purposes</i>, 24, 5-23.</p> <p>Rowley-Jolivet, E. (2002) Visual discourse in scientific conference papers. A genre-based study. <i>English for Specific Purposes</i>, 21(1), 19–40.</p> <p>Rowley-Jolivet, E. (2004). Different visions, different visuals: A socialsemiotic analysis of field-specific visual composition in scientific conference presentations. <i>Visual Communication</i>, 3(2), 145-175.</p> <p>Rowley-Jolivet, E. &amp; Carter-Thomas, S. (2005). The rhetoric of conference presentation introductions: context, argument and interaction. <i>International Journal of Applied Linguistics</i>, 15(1), 45-70.</p> <p>Tay, D. (2018). Metaphors of movement in psychotherapy talk. <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i>, 125, 1–12.</p> <p>Thompson, S. E. (2003). Text-structuring metadiscourse, intonation and the signalling of organisation in academic lectures. <i>Journal of English for Academic Purposes</i>, 2(1), 5-20.</p> <p>Wulff, S., Swales, J. M. &amp; Keller, K. (2009). ‘We have about seven minutes for questions’: The discussion sessions from a specialized conference. <i>English for Specific Purposes</i>, 28, 79-92.</p> <p>Zareva, A. (2013). Self-mention and the projection of multiple identity roles in TESOL graduate student presentations: The influence of the written academic genres. <i>English for Specific Purposes</i>, 32, 72-83.</p>
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