

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering

Full-time Programme Code: 41481-SY PROGRAMME REQUIREMENT DOCUMENT



Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering (Senior Year)

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering

<u>CON</u>	<u>FENTS</u>		PAGE			
1	Prear	nble	1			
2	Gene	ral Information				
	2.1	Programme Title	2			
	2.2	Duration and Mode of Attendance	2			
	2.3	Final Award	2			
	2.4	External Recognition	2			
	2.5	Implementation Dates	2			
	2.6	Minimum Entrance Requirements	2			
	2.7	Study Options	2			
	2.8	Summer Training / Industrial Placement	2			
	2.9	Student Exchange Programme	3			
	2.10	Summer Term Teaching	3			
	2.11	Daytime and Evening Teaching	3			
	2.12	Medium of Instruction	3			
3	Aims and Rationale					
	3.1	Programme Philosophy	4			
	3.2	Programme Objectives	5			
	3.3	Programme Outcomes	5			
4	Curri	culum				
	4.1	Summary of University Graduation Requirements	7			
	4.2	General University Requirements (GUR)	9			
	4.3	Discipline Specific Requirements (DSR)	13			
	4.4	Progression Pattern for Senior Year Students	15			
	4.5	Subject Support to Programme Outcomes	18			
	4.6	Work-Integrated Education and Summer Practical Training	20			
	4.7	Industrial Centre (IC) Training	21			
	4.8	Language Enhancement Subjects	21			
5	Mana	gement and Operation				
	5.1	Administration	22			
	5.2	Academic Advisors	22			

6	Acad	emic Regulations on Admission, Registration and Assessment	
	6.1	Admission	23
	6.2	Re-admission	23
	6.3	Transfer of Study within the University	23
	6.4	Concurrent Enrolment	23
	6.5	Normal Duration for Completion of the Programme	23
	6.6	Validity Period of Subject Credits	24
	6.7	Residential Requirement	24
	6.8	Subject Registration and Withdrawal	24
	6.9	Study Load	25
	6.10	Subject Exemption	26
	6.11	Credit Transfer	26
	6.12	Deferment of Study	27
	6.13	General Assessment Regulations	27
	6.14	Principles of Assessment	28
	6.15	Assessment Methods	29
	6.16	Progression / Academic Probation / Deregistration	29
	6.17	Retaking of Subjects	31
	6.18	Absence from an assessment component	31
	6.19	Assessment to be completed	32
	6.20	Aegrotat Award	32
	6.21	Grading	33
	6.22	Different types of GPA	37
	6.23	Guidelines for Award Classification	40
	6.24	Classification of Awards	41
	6.25	Examination result announcements, transcripts, testimonials and references	42
	6.26	Recording of disciplinary action in student's record	43

Appendix I Subject Description Forms

This Programme Requirement Document (PRD) is subject to review and changes which the programme offering Faculty/Department can decide to make from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate.

1 Preamble

The overarching aim of the University's 4-year undergraduate curriculum is to nurture and develop students with abilities/attributes that will prepare them to become preferred leaders for the professions and responsible global citizens in the 21st century.

Given the huge number of forthcoming transportation projects in Hong Kong and its neighbouring regions in the coming decades, there is an ever growing demand on the transportation engineering professionals. The 4-year Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering, being currently the only engineering degree programme in the transportation systems area in Hong Kong, addresses the coming huge manpower demand of the transportation systems engineering profession, with particular emphasis on railways, highways and planning of transportation systems and related disciplines. This programme complies with the new university curriculum framework, which features a broadcurriculum, emphasising on fundamentals, provision of opportunities for based multidisciplinary studies, freshman experience, enhanced communication skills, workintegrated education, capstone project, and outcome-based education. At the same time, the programme addresses the societal need for a competent transportation systems engineer who can practise in their profession in Hong Kong, the Mainland China, and the neighbouring regions.

This undergraduate programme on Transportation Systems Engineering is developed to fill the gap of the imminent need of professionals in Hong Kong's transportation industry by the unique combinations of the expertises in the Department and other related areas of Engineering. The programme is designed to make full use of the hugely versatile applications of electrical engineering further broadening the career opportunities of our students.

2 General Information

2.1 Programme Title

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering 運輸系統工程學(榮譽)工學士學位

2.2 Duration and Mode of Attendance

Mode	Normal Duration
Full-time	2 years*

* The exact study duration depends on the entry qualification of individual Associate Degree / Higher Diploma admittees.

2.3 Final Award

The award is Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering and it carries no speciality or stream.

2.4 External Recognition

The BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering programme has been internally validated by the University. The programme has been granted full accreditation by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE).

2.5 Implementation Dates

September 2012 (Initial implementation)

2.6 Minimum Entrance Requirements

Candidates who hold a Higher Diploma or Associate Degree in a relevant discipline or equivalent qualifications will be eligible to apply for the programme.

2.7 Study Options

Minor and Secondary Major options are not available for Senior Year intake students.

2.8 Summer Training / Industrial Placement

Summer Training at the Industrial Centre (IC) and practical work experience in industry are the vital components to meet the programme outcomes. The training/industrial placement is credit-bearing and compulsory in the programme, constituting the Work-Integrated Education (WIE) activities as stipulated by the University. Details of the required credits, structure and assessment of the WIE and IC training are given in Sections 4.6 and 4.7.

2.9 Student Exchange Programme

Student exchange to overseas universities for a semester or an academic year is possible through various exchange schemes organised by the University or individual departments. Students are encouraged to participate so as to enhance their learning experience.

Block credit transfer may be given to exchange-out students. However, in order to ensure attaining pre-requisite knowledge for smooth integration of study, students will be consulted on subject selections in the visiting universities before leaving for the exchange.

2.10 Summer Term Teaching

Usually, there will be no summer term teaching on engineering subjects. Industrial Centre Training and external training will take place during the summers.

2.11 Daytime and Evening Teaching

Subjects will be offered predominantly during the daytime. Some subjects, particularly the advanced elective subjects, may be available only in the evenings or on Saturdays.

2.12 Medium of Instruction

English is the medium of instruction (the only exceptions are for a small number of programmes/subjects which have received special approval to be taught and examined in Chinese due to the nature and objectives of the programmes/subjects concerned).

In the presence of non-Cantonese-speaking students, English should be used all the time.

3 Aims and Rationale

3.1 Programme Philosophy

In the programme, the students are to acquire a solid understanding of the fundamentals in electrical engineering and apply their knowledge and techniques on the relevant areas in transportation. The philosophy of the programme focuses on incorporating the appropriate engineering knowledge into transportation systems in order to enhance the efficiency, reliability, safety and sustainability of the system infrastructure and services. The current practices in transportation industries, the latest technologies in transportation systems; and hence their integration to provide engineering solutions for practical problems constitutes the main contents of this programme.

Education is important to equip students with knowledge and skills for developing their longterm careers. Emphasis is, therefore, placed on the understanding of fundamental concepts which will always be applicable and valid. Particular techniques which may have a shorter duration of applicability, however, cannot be neglected. Applications change rapidly as technology evolves but the underlying theories remain.

Transportation always involves multi-disciplinary knowledge and techniques. The students are guided to learn the interfaces between specialist engineering areas and be prepared to work in a multidisciplinary work environment which usually involves colleagues from other engineering backgrounds. On the other hand, the students should aware that 'a good engineering solution' is one which fulfils economic and financial criteria as well as the engineering design specifications. This necessitates the inclusion of the study of finance, accounting, management and ethical and social responsibilities with particular reference to transportation systems engineering activities, as well as the inter-relations between such activities and the society as a whole.

Language competence of students is strengthened through the English and Chinese subjects stipulated in the General University Requirements (GUR), and is further enhanced by discipline specific subjects. The teaching approach adopted in the curriculum, which involves lectures, seminars, discussions, in-class feedback, assessed presentations, demonstration of project work and written laboratory reports, aims to improve students' verbal and written communication skills.

It is important to train and educate our students not only in cognitive ability in technical areas but also lifelong skills. Hence, students are exposed to situations where they can:

- (i) develop their intellectual abilities (creative thinking, critical/independent judgement making, ability to analyse and synthesize, and to cope with real-life conditions such as indeterminacy, lack of information and time pressure); and
- (ii) develop their social abilities (ethics, personal and public relations, team work, responsibility/authority, etc.).

Students are provided with training at the Industrial Centre (IC) so that they learn the applications of engineering technologies. They are also required to undertake industrial attachment, which gives them exposure to the real industrial working environment.

3.2 Programme Objectives

- (i) To provide students with a broad knowledge base of the fundamentals of transportation systems engineering and its current applications.
- (ii) To prepare students for the professional development which requires problem-solving techniques, engineering judgements and lifelong learning.
- (iii) To produce engineers with appreciation of their obligations to society in the local and international context.

3.3 Programme Outcomes

Programme outcomes refer to the intellectual abilities, knowledge, skills and attributes that a graduate from this programme should possess. To attain the aim of developing all-round students with professional competence, the programme outcome statements are encompassed in the following two categories of learning outcomes.

Category A: Professional/Academic Knowledge and Skills

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- A1 Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to identify, formulate and solve practical problems in the areas of transportation systems engineering and related disciplines.
- A2 Design and conduct experiments/surveys with engineering techniques and tools; and interpret and analyse the data in the context of transportation systems engineering.
- A3 Design a system, component or process according to given specifications and requirements in the areas of transportation systems engineering and related disciplines.
- A4 Identify constraints, both technical considerations and business factors, which may influence engineering problems, systems or projects.
- A5 Keep abreast of developments in transportation systems engineering and related disciplines and be aware of the need of lifelong learning.
- A6 Appreciate and understand the ethical, managerial and social responsibilities of a professional engineer.

Category B: Attributes for All-roundedness

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- B1 Communicate effectively via verbal, written, graphic and numeric media with proficiency in both English and Chinese.
- B2 Reason critically and develop alternative views or solutions.
- B3 Work in multi-disciplinary teams with professional interpersonal skills

		Programme Objectives			
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
	A1				
	A2				
	A3				
Drogramma	A4		\checkmark		
Programme Outcomes	A5		\checkmark		
Outcomes	A6				
	B1				
	B2				
	B3				

The Programme Outcomes are in line with the Programme objectives and the mapping is shown in Table 3.3.1.

Table 3.3.1 Mapping between Programme Objectives and Programme Outcomes

The Subject Learning Outcomes are designed to be in alignment with the Programme Outcomes. The Subject Learning Outcomes are given in each subject and they can be found in the Subject Description Form (SDF) in Appendix I.

The programme and subject outcomes will be assessed in stages according to a Learning Outcomes Assessment Plan (LOAP) adopted by the Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee.

Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO) of the programme is shown in Table 3.3.2.

				Institution	al Learning Out	comes		
		Competent	Critical	Innovative	Effective	Lifelong	Ethical	Socially
		Professional	Thinker		Communicator	Learner	Leader	
				Solver				Global
								Citizen
	A1	\checkmark		\checkmark				
	A2	\checkmark	\checkmark					
	A3	\checkmark		\checkmark				
D	A4	\checkmark						\checkmark
Programme Outcomes	A5	\checkmark				\checkmark		\checkmark
Outcomes	A6	\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark
	B1				\checkmark			
	B2		\checkmark					
	B3							

 Table 3.3.2
 Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning

 Outcomes (ILO) of the programme

4 Curriculum

4.1 Summary of University Graduation Requirements

To be eligible for an Articulation Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 70 academic credits¹ and 11 training credits.
- (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 1.70 or above at graduation;
- (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component;
- (iv) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

Total	9 credits
(d) Essential Components of General ⁵	Non-credit bearing
	[3 credits from CAR(A) ⁴ and 3 credits from CAR(M)]
(c) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)	6 credits
(b) Service-Learning	3 credits
(a) Language and Communication Requirements ²	This is normally not required ³

- (v) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award.
- (vi) Satisfy all requirements as defined and/or stipulated in the Programme Requirement Document and as specified by the University.

There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subjects. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subjects concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned.

¹ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

² Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

³ Only those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CLC) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard. Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

⁴ Students are required to take a specially designed CAR(A) – English Language Subject with embedded English Reading and Writing Requirements starting from 2022/23.

⁵ The Essential Components of General Education includes four modules namely Academic Integrity; AI and Data Analytics; Innovation and Entrepreneurship; and National Education.

Remedial subjects are designed for new students who are in need of additional preparations in a particular subject area, and only identified students of a programme are required to take these subjects. These subjects should therefore be counted outside the regular credit requirement for award.

In addition, students may be required to take subjects that are designed to enhance their skills in particular subject areas to underpin their further advanced study in the discipline. These underpinning subjects could be of different subject areas (e.g., Mathematics, science subjects), and the number of credits each student is required to take in a particular underpinning subject area may vary according to the different academic backgrounds of the students. With effect from the 2015/16 intake cohort, the regular credit requirement for award will count the lowest number of credits taken by the students in the same subject area. For example, some students in an engineering programme are required to take 10 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics, whilst others in the programme are required to take 6 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics. Only 6 credits will be recognized for counting towards the regular credit requirement of the programme. The extra 4 credits taken by some students will be counted outside the regular credit requirement.

Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

Senior Year intakes admitted to the 4-year Undergraduate Degree programmes on the strength of the Associate Degree/Higher Diploma qualifications are required to complete <u>at least 70 credits</u> in order to be eligible for a Bachelor's degree. Exemption may be given from subjects already taken in the previous Associate Degree/Higher Diploma studies. In that case, students should take other electives (including free electives) instead to make up the total of 70 credits required. For students who are exceptionally admitted before 2017/18 on the basis of academic qualification(s) <u>more advanced</u> than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma⁶, such as the advanced stage of a 4-year degree curriculum programme, Departments can continue to grant credit transfer as appropriate, so as to give recognition to the advanced study taken, and these students should remain low. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 70 credits to be eligible for award.

A student is required to graduate as soon as he/she satisfies the graduation requirements as stipulated above. The student concerned is required to apply for graduation, in the semester in which he/she is able to fulfil all his/her graduation requirements, and after the add/drop period for that semester has ended.

⁶ The admission of students to UGC-funded Articulation Degree programmes and Senior Year intakes on the basis of qualification(s) more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma is subject to the conditions stipulated by UGC governing the UGC-funded Senior Year places.

4.2 General University Requirements (GUR)

(i) Language and Communication Requirements (LCR)

<u>English</u>

All undergraduate students must successfully complete \underline{two}^* 3-credit English language subjects as stipulated by the University, according to their English language proficiency level (Table 4.2.1). These subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of English language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the English Language Centre (ELC) entry assessment (when no HKDSE score is available, e.g., in the case of non-local students).

		Subject	
English language competence level	Practical English for University Studies (ELC1011)	English for University Studies (ELC1013)	Any LCR Proficient level elective subject in English (Table 4.2.2)
HKDSE Level 3 or equivalent	Subject 1	Subject 2	-
HKDSE Level 4 and above or equivalent	-	Subject 1	Subject 2

Table 4.2.1 English LCR Subjects (3 credits each)

LCR Proficient level	Advanced English for University Studies (ELC2014)
elective subjects	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills (ELC2011)
	English in Literature and Film (ELC2013)
	Persuasive Communication (ELC2012)

 Table 4.2.2
 Proficient level elective subjects for HKDSE Level 4 students and above (or equivalent) (3 credits each)

* Students entering the University with specified attainment grades in certain public examinations can be given credit transfer or exemption for one or both LCR English subjects. For the subject exempted, students must take any other subject to make up the 3 credits. For the subject granted credit transfer, student do not need to take any other subject to make up the credits.

Chinese

All undergraduate students must successfully complete <u>one</u>* 3-credit Chinese language subject as stipulated by the University, according to their Chinese language proficiency level (Table 4.2.3).

Cantonese will be used as the Medium of Instruction (MoI) of a certain proportion of Chinese LCR subject. Students taking the Cantonese version of the subjects will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-Learning course in Putonghua (optional)

Categories of students	Required subject
For Chinese speaking students	University Chinese (Cantonese or Putonghua version) (CLC1104C/CLC1104P)
For non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below	One subject from Table 4.2.4 below

Table 4.2.3 Chinese LCR Subjects (3 credits each)

Subject	Pre-requisite/exclusion
Chinese I (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC1151)	For non-Chinese speaking students at beginners' level
Chinese II (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC1152)	For non-Chinese speaking students; andStudents who have completed Chinese I or equivalent
Chinese III (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC2151)	 For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese II or equivalent
Chinese IV (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC2154)	 For non-Chinese students at intermediate competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese III or equivalent
Chinese Literature – Linguistics and Cultural Perspectives (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC2152)	For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels

 Table 4.2.4
 Chinese LCR Subjects for non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below (3 credits each)

* Students entering the University with specified attainment grades in certain public examinations can be given credit transfer or exemption for the LCR Chinese subjects. For the subject exempted, students must take any other subject to make up the 3 credits. For the subject granted credit transfer, student do not need to take any other subject to make up the credits.

Writing Requirement

In addition to the LCR in English and Chinese explained above, all students must also, among the Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects they take (see section (iii) below), pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in Chinese.

Reading Requirement

All students must, among the CAR subjects they take, pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in Chinese.

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the Writing Requirement and the Reading Requirement is shown at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ous/GURSubjects/</u>

Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

For those Senior Year intake students who do not meet the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programme and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement.

- Note: In addition to the LCR and Reading and Writing Requirements, students also have to complete 4 credits of discipline-specific language requirements (DSR) (2 credits in English and 2 credits in Chinese) as specified in the curriculum requirements of their Major.
- (ii) Service-Learning

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject designated to meet the Service-Learning Requirement, in which they are required to (a) participate in substantial community service or civic engagement activities that will benefit the service users or the community at large in a meaningful way, (b) apply the knowledge and skills acquired from their Major or other learning experiences at the University to the community service activities, and (c) reflect on their service learning experience in order to link theory with practice for the development of a stronger sense of ethical, social and national responsibility.

These subjects may take the form of:

- An open-to-all GUR service-learning subject
- A GUR service-learning subject targeted at a particular student group (e.g., a Broad Discipline), or
- A customised DSR subject (core or elective) with the Major/Minor with all the required features and components to meet the Service-Learning Requirement.

Students who have satisfied the Service-Learning Requirement via a customised DSR subject will be required to take another 3-credit subject to make up total credit requirement.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the service-learning requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ous/GURSubjects/</u>

(iii) Cluster Areas Requirements (CAR)

To expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain and to enable them to tackle professional and global issues from a multidisciplinary perspective, students are required to successfully complete subjects in different Cluster Cluster Areas of CAR:

- CAR (A): Human Nature, Relations and Development
- CAR (D): Science, Technology and Environment
- CAR (M): Chinese History and Culture
- CAR (N): Cultures, Organisations, Societies and Globalisation

All Senior year intakes students must complete one specially-designed CAR (A) – English Language subject (with embedded English Reading and Writing Requirements) within the first year of study), and one CAR (M) subject, and fulfil the Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements.

A list of CAR subjects under each of the four Cluster Areas is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ous/GURSubjects/</u>

(iv) Essential Components of General Education

To allow Senior Year intakes students to acquire the basic knowledge of the following:

- Academic Integrity
- Artificial Intelligence and Data Analytics (AIDA)
- Innovation and Entrepreneurship (IE)
- National Education

All Senior Year intakes students are required to take "Essential Components of General Education", and complete and pass the individual e-modules of the four components within the first year of study (Semesters 1 and 2). The "Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity" should be completed by Week 5 of Semester 1.

Details of the Essential Components of General Education is available at <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ous/GURSubjects/ECGESYS.php.</u>

4.3 Discipline Specific Requirements (DSR)

A student in the 4-year BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering programme should complete 94 credits of discipline-specific requirements (DSR) as detailed below:

(i) Common underpinning subjects (12 credits)

The following subjects must be taken:

AMA1110 AMA1120	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics (3) Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra (3)	
AP10005	Physics I (3)	
AP10006	Physics II (3)	
		12 credits

Table 4.3.1

(ii) Common DSR subjects (28 credits)

The following DSR subjects of the Faculty of Engineering must be taken:

AF3625	Engineering Economics (3)
AMA2111	Mathematics I (3)
AMA2112	Mathematics II (3)
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese* (2)
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2)
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3)
ENG2002	Computer Programming (3)
ENG2003	Information Technology (3)
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)
	28 credits

Table 4.3.2

* Students who are non-Chinese speakers or those whose Chinese standard are at junior secondary level or below will be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Chinese Language requirement. Students of this category can take a replacement subject of any level to make up for credit requirement.

#	Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below:					
	Engineering Materials:	(a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering				
	Biology [^] :	(b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science				
		(c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health				
		(d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human				
Chemistry [^] : (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Liv		(e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living				
		(f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development				

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR D (Science, Technology and Environment). You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

(iii) DSR subjects (54 credits)

The following DSR subjects in Transportation Systems Engineering must be taken:

EE2001 EE2002 EE2003 EE2029	Level 2 Applied Electromagnetics (3) Circuit Analysis (3) Electronics (3) Transportation Engineering Fundamentals (3)	12 credits
	1.12	
	Level 3	
CSE30292	Transportation Operations and Management (3)	
CSE30312	Transportation and Highway Engineering (3)	
CSE30390	Transportation Systems Analysis (3)	
EE3002	Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3)	
EE3012	Transport Operations Modelling (3)	
EE3013	Transportation Data Analytics (3)	
		18 credits
	Any one Level-3 elective	
EE3003	Power Electronics and Drives (3)	
EE3005	Systems and Control (3)	
EIE3333	Data and Computer Communications (3)	
		3 credits
	Level 4	
CSE40407	Design of Transport Infrastructure (3)	
CSE40408	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning (3)	
CSE40490	Transport Management and Highway Maintenance (3)	
EE4006	Individual Project (6)	
EE4019	Intelligent Transportation Systems (3)	
EE4xxx	Advanced Elective 1 (3)	
		21 credits

Table 4.3.3

4.4 Progression Pattern for Senior Year Students

Total Credits Required for Graduation: 70 academic credits + 11 training credits

The progression pattern in Table 4.4.1 is recommended for Senior Year students[@].

	Year 1 (37 academic o	credits + 3 t	raining credits)				
Semest	er 1 (18 + 2 training credits)	Semester 2 (19 + 2 training credits)					
CSE30390 Transportation Systems Analysis (3)		AF3625	Engineering Economics (3)				
EE2001	Applied Electromagnetics (3)	CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese (2)				
EE2029	Transportation Engineering Fundamentals (3)	CSE30292	Transportation Operation and Management (3)				
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/ Chemistry/ Biology [#] (3)	CSE30312	Transportation and Highway Engineering (3)				
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)	EE3012	Transport Operations Modelling (3)				
<u>One</u> Lev	el-3 electives should be taken	ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2)				
EE3005	Systems and Control (3)	ENG2003	Information Technology (3)				
EE3013	Transportation Data Analytics (3)						
EIE3333	Data and Computer Communications (3)						
El	E2101 Engineering Communicati	ion and Fundamentals (4 training credits)					
	Semester 3: EE2103 IC Tra	aining I (TSI	E) (4 training credits)				
	Year 2 (33 a	cademic cr	edits)				
Se	emester 1 (16.5 credits)		Semester 2 (16.5 credits)				
CSE40407	Design of Transport Infrastructure (3)	CSE40408	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning (3)				
CSE40490	Transport Management and Highway Maintenance (3)	EE4019	Intelligent Transportation Systems (3)				
CAR A – English Language	one Cluster Area Requirement subject in CAR A - English Language (3)	ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)				
	nced elective [~] from Table 4.4.2 ould be taken in Year 4	CAR M	one Cluster Area Requirement subject in CAR M (3)				
Advanced	Elective (TSE) (3)						
	EE4006 Individ	ual Project ((6 credits)				
	Service-Lea	rning ⁺ (3 cr	edits)				
Semester 3: EE3010 Summer Practical Training (3 training credits)							

Table 4.4.1

[@] The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.

#	Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below:					
	Engineering Materials:	(a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering				
	Biology [^] : (b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science					
		(c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health				
		(d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human				
Chemistry [^] : (e) AB		(e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living				
	-	(f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development				

- ^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR D (Science, Technology and Environment). You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.
- ⁺ Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.
- ~ The Department reserves the right NOT offering all the electives in each year.
- Note 1 This is an <u>example</u> only which shows a possible study pattern for graduates with relevant Higher Diploma/Associate Degree from a recognized institution. The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.
- Note 2 Those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CLC) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard.

List of Ad	vanced Elective (TSE)%					
(Students should seek prior approval for enrolling on Level 5 EE subjects.)						
EE4007	Advanced Power Electronics					
EE4008	Applied Digital Control					
EE4014	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical Engineering					
EE4024	Industrial Computer Applications					
EE502	Modern Protection Methods					
EE505	Power System Control and Operation					
EE509	High Voltage Engineering					
EE512	Electric Vehicles					
EE526	Power System Analysis and Dynamics					
EE533	Railway Power Supply Systems					
EE535	Maintenance and Reliability Engineering					
EE536	Signalling and Train Control Systems					
EE537	Railway Vehicles					
EE5381	System Assurance and Safety in Railways					
EE546	Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric Vehicles					
EE547	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems					
EE548	Advanced Electric Vehicle technology					
EE549	Modern Sensor Technologies					
EE552	High Speed Rail					
EE553	Railway Electronic Systems					
EE560	Metros in Hong Kong and China					
CSE40462	Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice					
CSE40475	Sustainable Development Strategy					
CSE561	Public Transport: Operations and Service Planning					
CSE562	Traffic Engineering and Control					
EIE4104	Mobile Networking					
ENG4001	Project Management					
LGT5013	Transport Logistics in China					
Table 4.4.2						

Table 4.4.2

% $\,$ The Department reserves the right NOT offering all the electives in each year.

4.5 Subject Support to Programme Outcomes

	Programme Outcomes								
Subjects	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	B1	B2	B3
AF3625							\checkmark		
AMA1110									
AMA1120									
AMA2111									
AMA2112									
AP10005									
AP10006								\checkmark	
CLC1104C/P					\checkmark		\checkmark		
CLC3241P					\checkmark		\checkmark		
CSE30292			\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	
CSE30312	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark		
CSE30390	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
CSE40407			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
CSE40408			\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	
CSE40462					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
CSE40475					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
CSE40490							\checkmark		
CSE561						\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
CSE562						\checkmark	\checkmark		
EE2001					\checkmark		\checkmark		
EE2002									
EE2003									
EE2029							\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE2101		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		
EE2103						\checkmark	\checkmark		
EE3002							\checkmark		
EE3003							\checkmark		\checkmark
EE3005	\checkmark		\checkmark				\checkmark		
EE3010					\checkmark	\checkmark			
EE3012									
EE3013									
EE4006					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
EE4007			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
EE4008			\checkmark				\checkmark		
EE4014							\checkmark		\checkmark
EE4019			\checkmark	\checkmark					
EE4024					\checkmark		\checkmark		

Table 4.5 illustrates how the subjects support the Programme Outcomes through teaching activities, practice on the part of students, and measurements.

	Programme Outcomes								
Subjects	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	B1	B2	B3
EE502									
EE505							\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE509					\checkmark		\checkmark		
EE512					\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE526									
EE533				\checkmark				\checkmark	
EE535				\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark	
EE536								\checkmark	
EE537								\checkmark	
EE5381						\checkmark		\checkmark	
EE546								\checkmark	
EE547	\checkmark						\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE548					\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE549		\checkmark			\checkmark				
EE552	\checkmark							\checkmark	
EE553	\checkmark						\checkmark		
EE560								\checkmark	
EIE3333							\checkmark		
EIE4104	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			
ELC1011					\checkmark		\checkmark		
ELC1013					\checkmark		\checkmark		
ELC2011					\checkmark		\checkmark		
ELC2012							\checkmark		
ELC2013									
ELC2014							\checkmark		
ELC3531					\checkmark		\checkmark		
ENG2001				\checkmark				\checkmark	
ENG2002								\checkmark	
ENG2003				\checkmark				\checkmark	
ENG3003					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
ENG3004					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
ENG4001						\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
LGT5013					\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
CAR subjects					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Healthy Lifestyle					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Service-Learning					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

 Table 4.5
 Support of programme outcomes by individual subjects

4.6 Work-Integrated Education and Summer Practical Training

Work-Integrated Education (WIE) is defined as a structured and measurable learning experience which takes place in an organisational context relevant to a student's future profession. It aims to prepare students for the realities of workplaces, develop students' ability to learn in non-academic surroundings, allow students to assess their own strengths and weaknesses in a realistic working setting and develop students' critical thinking and problem solving capabilities.

Summer Practical Training (EE3010) normally takes place during the summer at the end of Year Three. Students are required to undertake a minimum of 6 weeks full-time or equivalent industrial training (3 training credits), of which is valid for WIE activities as recognised by the University.

WIE activities may include placement, employment or attachment relevant to the context, knowledge and skills of the Programme. The Job Board arranged by the Student Affairs Office (SAO) of the University is one of the main sources of placement opportunities for local students and students from Mainland China and overseas. The WIE activities may or may not involve any payment. Any payment by employers is completely at the employers' discretion. Typical examples of WIE activities are as follows:

- Full-time placement in a suitable organisation for 6 weeks.
- Assisting in PolyU activities that have an external collaboration or service component, such as Innovation and Technology Fund projects, Rapid Product Development Syndicate projects, Industrial Guided Applied Research and Development projects, high-level consultancy projects, collaborative research projects undertaken with external organisations, and jobs undertaken by the Industrial Centre as a service for an external organisation.
- Placement within the IAESTE (International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience) Programme, in which the student is attached to a workplace abroad during training.
- Students work on their final-year degree project, which involves an industrial partner or external client. The student need not be placed in the company, but will make frequent visits to ensure the project meets with the specifications required by the company.

In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organised. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements.

Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated.

(i) Orientation

Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following:

- Basic skills in undertaking practical training
- Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments
- Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc.

(ii) Progress Monitoring

During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to record their progress. The journal may include:

- Location: Summarise where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organisation.
- Responsibilities: Describe the actual responsibilities. Explain the role in terms of the mission of the immediate work team.
- Skills and Knowledge: Describe the skills and knowledge needed to fulfill the work responsibilities. Describe how the knowledge and skill set evolved during the work experiences. Explain how these are relevant to the academic studies and future goals.
- Outcome: Describe the placement experiences and major achievements with concrete examples.

(iii) Learning Evaluation

After the completion of practical training, students are required to submit a report about their work experience. It provides an opportunity for the student to reflect upon the learning gained at the work site. The framework of the report includes:

- A summary of the report.
- Detail description of activities carried out during the placement, minimum 6 pages.
- A self-reflection: students articulate their thinking about each piece in the report, as well as on the entire report. Through this process of reflection, students draw connections between work experience and university-based learning, construct new knowledge, and become increasingly aware of themselves as learners.
- Conclusion: after reflection on their workplace experience, students set goals and directions for future learning.

4.7 Industrial Centre (IC) Training

Besides the WIE training components, students are required to undertake training at the Industrial Centre (IC), which is equivalent to 8 training credits. The training is scheduled within Year One and at the end of Year Two. Students will not pay any training fee, nor receive any stipend. IC training is however not part of WIE activities.

4.8 Language Enhancement Subjects

All students are strongly encouraged to make full use of the facilities and services provided in the ELC and CLC to improve their language proficiency throughout the programme.

5 Management and Operation

5.1 Administration

The daily operation of the programme, such as general administration of admission, registrations, student records, preparation for Board of Examiners meetings and documentations, is overseen by the Programme Leader and the administrative team of the Department. All enquiries regarding registration and general administration from students on the programme should be made to the General Office as the first contact point.

The Departmental Undergraduate Programmes Committee, in which the Head of Department and the Programme Leaders of all programmes offered by the Department are members, discusses and reviews the programme structure, syllabi content, high-level integration and future directions of the programme. The Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee advises on matters related to teaching methods and learning quality and cultivates the positive mentality toward teaching and learning among teaching staff and students. WIE/Career Liaison Officer and Student-Exchange Coordinator are appointed by the Department to provide students with advice and assistance.

5.2 Academic Advisors

While the Programme Leader is available for the operation of the programme, general enquiry and counselling, Academic Advisors are in place to offer more personal contacts and to look after students' needs.

The Academic Advisors, usually an academic staff member, is assigned to each newly admitted student and he/she will be with the students till graduation. Academic Advisors provide continuous and individual counselling and help guide the students through various difficulties, if any, which might affect their studies. A specific staff member from the General Office will work closely with the Programme Leaders and the Academic Advisors. All academic requirements and regulations related to academic programmes offered by the department as well as the GUR requirements will be provided to the students.

6 Academic Regulations on Admission, Registration and Assessment

The admission, registration and assessment arrangements described below are in accordance with the University policies and regulations for all 4-year full-time undergraduate degree programmes and articulation degree programmes.

6.1 Admission

Students in UGC-funded degree programmes will be recruited on a yearly basis.

6.2 Re-admission

Students who have been required to withdraw on grounds of academic failure or have been de-registered, and those who have discontinued their studies without completing the proper procedures for official withdrawal, shall not be considered for re-admission to the same scheme/programme/stream in the following academic year.

6.3 Transfer of Study within the University

Students who have not completed their programmes of study may apply to transfer to another programme, and may be admitted, provided that the total period of registration will not exceed the normal duration of the original or new study programme, whichever is longer. Unless exceptionally approved by Academic Planning and Regulations Committee (APRC) Chairman, year one new students will only be considered for transfer to another programme offered in the same mode of study, starting from their second semester of registration.

Students who are currently on a UGC-funded programme and wish to transfer to another PolyU full-time UGC-funded programme of the same level should submit an application for transfer of study, instead of a new application in the non-JUPAS application period.

All applications for transfer of study will be considered in competition with other new applications.

6.4 Concurrent Enrolment

Students are not permitted to enrol concurrently on two full-time programmes, whether or not one of the programmes is offered by another institution.

Except for programmes which do not lead to any formal award, students are not allowed to enrol concurrently on a full-time programme and a part-time programme, or on more than one part-time programmes, including those offered by another institution, without permission from the Head(s) of Department concerned.

6.5 Normal Duration for Completion of the Programme

Students should complete the programme within the normal duration of the programme as specified in the Programme Requirement Document. Those who exceed the normal duration of the programme will be de-registered from the programme unless prior approval has been obtained from relevant authorities. The study period of a student shall exclude deferment granted for justifiable reasons, and the semester(s) when the student has been approved to undertake internship. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will be counted towards their total period of registration.

Students who have been registered for the normal duration of the programme may request extension of their studies for up to one year with the approval of the relevant Heads of Department/Deans of Independent School. Applications for extension of study period beyond one year and up to two years will require the approval from Faculty/School Board Chairman.

Students who have exceeded the normal duration of the programme for more than two years and have been de-registered can submit an appeal to the Academic Appeals Committee to request further extension. If the appeal fails, the student shall be de-registered.

To enable student sportsmen to manage their participation in trainings/competitions and academic studies, the normal duration for completion of programmes for students admitted via the OSRS will automatically be extended for two years. Further extension will follow the prevailing regulations.

6.6 Validity Period of Subject Credits

The validity period of subject credits earned is eight years from the year of attainment, i.e., the year in which the subject is completed. Credits earned from previous study should remain valid at the time when the student applies for credit transfer.

6.7 Residential Requirement

In order to be considered for a PolyU award, a student must complete at least 1/3 of the normal credit requirement for the award he/she is currently enrolled, unless the professional bodies concerned stipulate otherwise. This 1/3 requirement is also applicable to Minor programme and Secondary Major. Students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme or at least 12 credits from their chosen Secondary Major in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor or Secondary Major.

6.8 Subject Registration and Withdrawal

In addition to programme registration, students need to register for the subjects at specified periods prior to the commencement of the semester. An add/drop period will also be scheduled for each semester/term. Students may apply for withdrawal of their registration on a subject after the add/drop period and before the commencement of the examination period if they have a genuine need to do so. The application should be made to the relevant programme offering Department and will require the approval of both the subject teacher and the host Department Programme Leader concerned Applications submitted after the commencement of the examination period will not be considered. For approved applications of subject withdrawal, the tuition fee paid for the subject will be forfeited and the withdrawal status of the subject will be shown in the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, but will not be counted in the calculation of the GPA.

The pre-requisite requirements of a subject must have been fulfilled before a student registers for that subject. However, the subject offering Department has the discretion to waive the pre-requisite requirements of a subject, if deemed appropriate. If the pre-requisite subject concerned forms part of the requirements for award, the subject has to be passed in order to satisfy the graduation requirements for the programme concerned, despite the waiving of the pre-requisite.

Subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of study places, students are allowed to take additional subjects on top of the prescribed credit requirement for award before they become eligible for graduation. Students will be allowed to take additional subjects for broadening purpose, after they fulfil the graduation requirements and for the following semester. However, they will still be subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of places in the subjects concerned, and their enrolment will be arranged as subject-based students only and be subject to the rules on 'Admission of Subject-based Students', except that graduates from UGC-funded programmes will not be restricted to taking only subjects from a self-financed programme.

6.9 Study Load

For students following the progression pattern specified for their programme, they have to take the number of credits and subjects, as specified in this Programme Requirement Document, for each semester. Students cannot drop those subjects assigned by the department unless prior approval has been given by the department.

The normal study load is 15 credits in a semester for full-time study. The maximum study load to be taken by a student in a semester is 21 credits, unless exceptional approval is given by the Head of the programme offering department. For such cases, students should be reminded that the study load approved should not be taken as the grounds for academic appeal.

To help improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, these students will be required to take a reduced study load in the following semester (Summer Term excluded). The maximum number of credits to be taken by the students varies according to the policies of individual Departments and will be subject to the approval of the authorities concerned.

Students are not allowed to take zero subject in any semester, including the mandatory summer term as required by some programmes, unless they have obtained prior approval from the programme offering department; otherwise they will be classified as having unofficially withdrawn from their programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e., taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will nevertheless be counted towards the total period of registration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20).

Students who have obtained approval to pace their studies and students on programmes without any specified progression pattern who wish to take more than the normal load of 15 credits in a semester should seek advice from the Department concerned before the selection of subjects.

6.10 Subject Exemption

Students may be exempted from taking any specified subjects, including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, if they have successfully completed similar subjects previously in another programme or have demonstrated the level of proficiency/ability to the satisfaction of the subject offering department. Subject exemption is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the subject exemption is to be decided by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments. In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. If students are exempted from taking a specified subject, the credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted towards meeting the award requirements. It will therefore be necessary for the students to consult the programme offering department and take another subject in order to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

6.11 Credit Transfer

Students may be given credits for recognised previous studies including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, and the credits will be counted towards meeting the requirements for award. Transferred credits may not normally be counted towards more than one award. The granting of credit transfer is a matter of academic judgment.

Credit transfer may be done with or without the grade being carried over; the former should normally be used when the credits were gained from PolyU. Credit transfer with the grade being carried over may be granted for subjects taken from outside the University, if deemed appropriate, and with due consideration to the academic equivalence of the subjects concerned and the comparability of the grading systems adopted by the University and the other approved institutions. Subject credit transfer is normally decided by the subject offering Department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the decision will be made by the programme offering Department in consultation with the subject offering Departments.

In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. The validity period of credits previously earned, is 8 years after the year of attainment.

Normally, not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferable from approved institutions outside the University. For transfer of credits from programmes offered by PolyU, normally not more than 67% of the credit requirement for award can be transferred. In cases where both types of credits are being transferred (i.e., from programmes offered by PolyU and from approved institutions outside the University), not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferred. For students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum which is already a reduced curriculum, they should not be given credit transfer for any required GUR subjects, and are required to complete at least 61 credits in order to be eligible for a Bachelor's award.

Credit transfer can be applicable to credits earned by students through study at a non-local partner institution under an approved exchange programme. Students should, before they start the exchange programme, seek prior approval from the programme offering department on their study plan and credit transferability. In order to overcome the problems associated with subject-to-subject mappings, block credit transfer rather than subject-by-subject credit transfer can be given.

All credit transfers approved will take effect only in the semester for which they are approved. A student who applies for transfer of credits during the re-enrolment or the add/drop period of a particular semester will only be eligible for graduation at the end of that semester, even if the granting of credit transfer will immediately enable the student to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

For credit transfer of retaken subjects, the grade attained in the last attempt should be taken in the case of credit transfer with grade being carried over. Students applying for credit transfer for a subject taken in other institutions are required to declare that the subject grade used for claiming credit transfer was attained in the last attempt of the subject in their previous studies. If a student fails in the last attempt of a retaken subject, no credit transfer should be granted, despite the fact that the student may have attained a pass grade for the subject in the earlier attempts.

Students should not be granted credit transfer for a subject which they have attempted and failed in their current study unless the subject was taken by the student as an exchange-out student in his/her current programme.

6.12 Deferment of Study

Students may apply for deferment of study if they have a genuine need to do so such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong. Approval from the department offering the programme is required. The deferment period will not be counted towards the total period of registration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20).

Application for deferment of study from students who have not yet completed the first year of a full-time programme will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.

Where the period of deferment of study begins during a stage for which fees have been paid, no refund of such fees will be made.

Students who have been approved for deferment are not entitled to enjoy any campus facilities during the deferment period.

6.13 General Assessment Regulations

Students' progress by credit accumulation, i.e., credits earned by passing individual subjects can be accumulated and counted towards the final award.

A 'level' in a programme indicates the intellectual demand placed upon students and may characterise each subject with respect to its recommended sequencing within that programme. Upper level subjects should normally build on lower level subjects. Pre-requisite requirements, if any, must therefore be spelt out on a subject basis. A 'subject' is defined as a discrete section of the programme which is assigned a separate assessment. A list of subjects, together with their level and weightings, shall be published in the Programme Requirement Document.

Level Code		Explanation
0	=	Pre-university level standard (and remedial subjects taken by new admittees to a 4-year degree programme, or some subjects offered to Higher Diploma students only)
1	=	Some subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during year 1 of a 4-year degree programme or year 1 of an Associate Degree/Higher Diploma programme; usually have no pre-requisite.
2	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during year 2 of a 4-year degree programme or the final year of an Associate Degree/Higher Diploma programme; some subjects at this level may have pre-requisites.
3	=	Some subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Bachelor's degree while the rest at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during year 3 of a 4-year degree programme; usually require the completion of subjects at the preceding levels as a pre-requisite.
4	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Bachelor's degree while the rest at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during the final year of a 4-year degree programme; usually require the completion of subjects at the preceding levels as a pre-requisite.
5	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the Master's level while the rest at the Bachelor's level.
6	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the Doctoral level while the rest at the Master's level.

The language of assessment for all programmes/subjects shall be English, unless approval is given for it to be otherwise.

6.14 Principles of Assessment

Assessment *of* learning and assessment *for* learning are both important for assuring the quality of student learning. Assessment *of* learning is to evaluate whether students have achieved the intended learning outcomes of the subjects that they have taken and have attained the overall learning outcomes of the academic programme at the end of their study at a standard appropriate to the award. Appropriate methods of assessment that align with the intended learning outcomes should be designed for this purpose. The assessment methods will also enable the teacher to differentiate students' different levels of performance within the subject. Assessment *for* learning is to engage students in productive learning activities through purposefully designed assessment tasks.

Assessment will also serve as feedback to students. The assessment criteria and standards should be made explicit to students before the start of the assessment to facilitate student learning, and feedback provided should link to the criteria and standards. Timely feedback should be provided to students so that they are aware of their progress and attainment for the purpose of improvement.

The ultimate authority in the University for the confirmation of academic decisions is the Senate, but for practical reasons, the Senate has delegated to the Faculty/School Boards the authority to confirm the decisions of Boards of Examiners provided these are made within the framework of the General Assessment Regulations. Recommendations from Board of Examiners which fall outside these Regulations shall be ratified by the APRC and reported to the Senate as necessary.

6.15 Assessment Methods

Students' performance in a subject can be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering department. Where both continuous assessment and examinations are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade shall be clearly stated in the Programme Requirement Document. The subject offering department can decide whether students are required to pass both the continuous assessment and examination components, or either component only, in order to obtain a subject pass, but this requirement (to pass both, or either, components) shall be specified in the Programme Requirement Document. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous Assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.

Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering department.

At the beginning of each semester, the subject teacher should inform students of the details of the methods of assessments to be used, within the assessment framework as specified in the Programme Requirement Document.

6.16 Progression / Academic Probation / Deregistration

The Board of Examiners shall, at the end of each semester (except for Summer Term unless there are students who are eligible to graduate after completion of Summer Term subjects), determine whether each student is

- (i) eligible for progression towards an award; or
- (ii) eligible for an award; or
- (iii) required to be de-registered from the programme.

When a student has a Grade Point Average (GPA) lower than 1.70, he/she will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If a student is able to pull his/her GPA up to 1.70 or above at the end of the semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected in the assessment result notification but not in the transcript of studies.

A student will have 'progressing' status unless he/she falls within any one of the following categories, which may be regarded as grounds for deregistration from the programme:

- (i) the student has exceeded the maximum period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Programme Requirement Document (applicable to students admitted in or before 2019/20); or
- (ii) the student has reached the final year of the normal period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Programme Requirement Document, unless approval has been given for extension (applicable to students admitted in or after 2020/21); or
- (iii) the student has reached the maximum number of retakes allowed for a failed compulsory subject; or
- (iv) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for two consecutive semesters and his/her Semester GPA in the second semester is also lower than 1.70; or
- (v) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within any of the categories as stipulated above, except for category (ii) with approval for extension, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

A student may be de-registered from the programme enrolled before the time frame specified at (iv) or (v) above if his/her academic performance is poor to the extent that the Board of Examiners deems that his/her chance of attaining a GPA of 1.70 at the end of the programme is slim or impossible.

The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in the Summer Term, unless Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme and constitutes a requirement for graduation.

If the student is not satisfied with the de-registration decision of the Board of Examiners, he/she can lodge an appeal. All such appeal cases will be referred directly to Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for final decision. Views of Faculties/Schools/Departments will be sought and made available to AAC for reference.

6.17 Retaking of Subjects

Students may only retake a subject which they have failed (i.e., Grade F or S or U). Retaking of subjects is with the condition that the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester is not exceeded.

The number of retakes of a subject should be restricted to two, i.e., a maximum of three attempts for each subject is allowed.

In cases where a student takes another subject to replace a failed elective subject, the fail grade will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the replacement subject. Likewise, students who fail a Cluster Area Requirement (CAR) subject may need to take another subject from the same Cluster Area in order to fulfill this part of the GUR, since the original CAR subject may not be offered; in such cases, the fail grade for the first CAR subject will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the second CAR subject.⁷

Students need to submit a request to the Faculty/School Board for the second retake of a failed subject.

Students who have failed a compulsory subject after two retakes and have been de-registered can submit an appeal to the Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for a third chance of retaking the subject.

In case AAC does not approve further retakes of a failed compulsory subject or the taking of an equivalent subject with special approval from the Faculty, the student concerned would be de-registered and the decision of the AAC shall be final within the University.

6.18 Absence from an assessment component

If a student is unable to complete all the assessment components of a subject, due to illness or other circumstances which are beyond his/her control and considered by the subject offering Department as legitimate, the Department will determine whether the student will have to complete a late assessment and, if so, by what means. This late assessment shall take place at the earliest opportunity, and normally before the commencement of the following academic year (except that for Summer Term, which may take place within 3 weeks after the finalisation of Summer Term results). If the late assessment cannot be completed before the commencement of the following academic year, the Faculty/School Board Chairman shall decide on an appropriate time for completion of the late assessment.

The student concerned is required to submit his/her application for late assessment in writing to the Head of Department offering the subject, within five working days from the date of the examination, together with any supporting documents. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the or the subject teacher concerned, in consultation with the Programme Leader.

⁷ In these circumstances when students do not have a choice to retake a failed subject, such as when the failed subject has been phased out, a 'tie-subject' arrangement can be made with the approval of the Faculty/School Board. Under the arrangement, another appropriate subject can be taken as equivalent to the subject which is not offered. Upon passing the equivalent subject, the fail grade of the original subject will be replaced by the latest grade of the retake subject and the failure grade of the original subject will not be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA.

6.19 Assessment to be completed

For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.

6.20 Aegrotat Award

If a student is unable to complete the requirements of the programme in question for the award due to very serious illness, or other very special circumstances which are beyond his/her control, and considered by the Board of Examiners as legitimate, the Faculty/School Board will determine whether the student will be granted an aegrotat award. Aegrotat award will be granted under very exceptional circumstances.

A student who has been offered an aegrotat award shall have the right to opt either to accept such an award, or request to be assessed on another occasion to be stipulated by the Board of Examiners; the student's exercise of this option shall be irrevocable.

The acceptance of an aegrotat award by a student shall disqualify him/her from any subsequent assessment for the same award.

An aegrotat award shall normally not be classified, and the award parchment shall not state that it is an aegrotat award. However, the Board of Examiners may determine whether the award should be classified, provided that they have adequate information on the students' academic performance.

6.21 Grading

Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A student's overall performance in a subject shall be graded as follows from 2020/21 onwards^{*}:

Subject grade	Short description	Elaboration on subject grading description
A+ A A-	Excellent	Demonstrates excellent achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to skillfully use concepts and solve complex problems. Shows evidence of innovative and critical thinking in unfamiliar situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
B+ B B-	Good	Demonstrates good achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to use appropriate concepts and solve problems. Shows the ability to analyse issues critically and make well-grounded judgements in familiar or standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
C+ C C-	Satisfactory	Demonstrates satisfactory achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Shows some capacity for analysis and making judgements in a variety of familiar and standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a manner that is generally logical but fragmented.
D+ D	Pass	Demonstrates marginal achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Can make basic comparisons, connections and judgments and express the ideas learnt in the subject, though there are frequent breakdowns in logic and clarity.
F	Fail	Demonstrates inadequate achievement of intended subject learning outcomes through a lack of knowledge and/or understanding of the subject matter. Evidence of analysis is often irrelevant or incomplete.

'F' is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ('D' to 'A+') are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

Main Grade (solid)	The student generally performed at this level, indicating mastery of the subject intended learning outcomes at this level.
+ (exemplary)	The student consistently performed at this level and exceeded the expectations of this level in some regards, but not enough to claim mastery at the next level.
- (marginal)	The student basically performed at this level, but the performance was inconsistent or fell slightly short in some regards.

Indicative descriptors for modifier grades

Note: The above indicative descriptors for modifier grades are not applicable to the pass grades D and D+

A numeral grade point is assigned to each subject grade.

The grade points assigned to subject grades attained by students from 2020/21 are as follows:

Grade	Grade Point for grades attained from 2020/21
A+	4.3
А	4.0
A-	3.7
B+	3.3
В	3.0
B-	2.7
C+	2.3
С	2.0
C-	1.7
D+	1.3
D	1.0
F	0.0

The grade points assigned to subject grades attained by students before 2020/21 are as follows:

Grade	Grade Point for grades attained before 2020/21
A+	4.5
A	4.0
B+	3.5
В	3.0
C+	2.5
С	2.0
D+	1.5
D	1.0
F	0.0

At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

 $GPA = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} Subject \ Grade \ Point_{n} \times Subject \ Credit \ Value_{n}}{\sum_{n=1}^{N} Subject \ Credit \ Value_{n}}$

where N = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned⁸
- Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e., those with the code 'W')

Subject which has been given an "S" code, i.e., absent from all assessment components, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance, and ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

All training credits⁹ will be counted in the GPA calculation but not in the WGPA calculation.

⁸ Subjects taken in the University or elsewhere and with grades assigned, and for which credit transfer has been approved, will be included in the GPA calculation.

⁹ "Training credits" is used as a generic term only, and also includes clinical/field credits for programmes in different study disciplines. Laboratory experiments done as a subject/an integral part of a subject to satisfy the academic requirements is not considered to be practical training.

Codes	Interpretation	Remarks
I^	Assessment to be completed	An incomplete grade must be converted to a regular grade normally in the following academic year at the latest.
Ν	Assessment is not required	
Р	Pass an ungraded subject	This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training.
U	Fail an ungraded subject	This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training.
М	Pass with Merit	The adoption or otherwise of this code to other subjects adopting a "Pass/Fail" grading system would be subject to the decision of individual Departments. The grade "Pass with Merit" can be awarded when the student's work exceeds the subject learning outcomes in the majority of regards.
L	Subject to be continued in the following semester	This code applies to subjects like "Project" which may consist of more than 1 part (denoted by the same subject code) and for which continuous assessment is deemed appropriate.
S	Absent from all assessment components	
W	Withdrawn from subject	Dropping of subjects after the add/drop period is normally not allowed. Requests for withdrawal from subjects after the add/drop period and prior to examination will only be considered under exceptional circumstances. This code is given when a student has obtained exceptional approval from Department to withdraw from a subject after the "add/drop" period and prior to examination; otherwise, a failure grade (grade F) should be awarded.
Z	Exempted	
Т	Transfer of credit	
#^	Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty/non- compliance with examination regulations	This code applies to failure (i.e., F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to academic dishonesty/non-compliance with examination regulations. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.
% +	Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty	This code applies to failure (i.e., F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to academic dishonesty. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.
@+	Disqualification of result due to non-compliance with examination regulations	This code applies to failure (i.e., F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to non-compliance with examination regulations. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.

Codes to Denote Overall Subject Assessments

- ^ For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a final decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The students can be assigned an 'I' code in this circumstance. The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.
- $^{\bigtriangleup}$ For cases before 2019/20.

⁺ For cases from 2019/20.

Note: Subjects with the assigned codes I, N, P, U, M, L, W, Z and T (if the subject is without grade transferred) will be omitted in the calculation of the GPA. A subject assigned code S will be taken as zero in the calculation.

6.22 Different types of GPA

GPA's will be calculated for each Semester including the Summer Term. This <u>Semester</u> <u>GPA</u> will be used to determine students' eligibility to progress to the next Semester alongside with the 'cumulative GPA'. However, the Semester GPA calculated for the Summer Term will not be used for this purpose, unless the Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme concerned and constitutes part of the graduation requirements.

The GPA calculated after the second Semester of the students' study is therefore a <u>'cumulative' GPA</u> of all the subjects taken so far by students, and without applying any level weighting.

Along with the 'cumulative' GPA, a <u>weighted GPA</u> will also be calculated, to give an indication to the Board of Examiners on the award classification which a student will likely get if he/she makes steady progress on his/her academic studies.

When a student has satisfied the requirements for award, an <u>award GPA</u> will be calculated to determine his/her award classification.

For students taking the Major/Minor study route, a separate GPA will be calculated for their Major and Minor programmes. The <u>Major GPA</u> will be used to determine their award classification, which will be so reflected on the award parchment. The <u>Minor GPA</u> can be used as a reference for Board of Examiners to moderate the award classification for the Major.

For students taking the Major/Secondary Major study route, there is no separate "Secondary Major GPA". The Major GPA is the weighted GPA of all subjects contributing to the Major and Secondary Major.

Types of GPA	Purpose	Rules for GPA calculation
GPA	Determine Progression/ Graduation	(1) All academic subjects taken by the student throughout his/her study, both inside and outside the programme curriculum, are included in the GPA calculation.
		(2) For training subjects, including WIE and Clinical/Field subjects, departments can decide whether to include them in the GPA calculation.
		(3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the GPA calculation.(4) Level weighting, if any, will be ignored.
Semester GPA	Determine Progression	Similar to the rules for GPA as described above, except that only subjects taken in that Semester, including retaken subjects, will be included in the calculation.
Weighted GPA	To give an interim indication on the likely Award GPA	(1) Similar to the rules for GPA, except that only subjects inside the programme curriculum concerned will be included in the calculation. Subjects outside the programme curriculum will be excluded.
		(2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects are to be counted towards the Weighted GPA.
		(3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Weighted GPA calculation.
		(4) A weighting of 2 for Level 1 and 2 subjects, and a weighting of 3 for Level 3 and 4 subjects, will be included in the calculation to determine the Honours classifications for Bachelor's degree programmes.
		(5) The weighted GPA will be the same as the Award GPA unless a student has taken more subjects than required.

The calculation methods of the different types of GPA are further explained in the table below.

Types of GPA	Purpose	Rules for GPA calculation
Major/Minor GPA	For reference and	Major (including the Major/Secondary Major option) /Minor GPA
	determination of award classification	 Only subjects inside the curriculum of the Major/Minor Programmes will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation.
		(2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects, are to be counted towards the Major/Minor GPA.
		(3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation.
		(4) Up to 6 credits from the Major/GUR [including Language Communication Requirements (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] can be counted towards the chosen Minor. Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme.
		Major GPA
		Level weighting will be included in the calculation of Major GPA.
		Minor GPA
		Level weighting will <u>not</u> be included in the calculation of Minor GPA.
Award GPA	For determination of award classification	 If the student has not taken more subjects than required, the Award GPA will be as follows: (1) For single Major: Award GPA = Weighted GPA
		(2) For Major/Minor programmes: Award GPA = Major GPA
		(3) For programmes without level weighting: Award GPA = GPA
		If the student has taken more subjects than required, refer to Section 6.23 below.

6.23 Guidelines for Award Classification

The Weighted GPA will be used as a guide to help determine award classifications.

Weighted GPA will be computed as follows:

Weighted GPA =
$$\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \text{Subject Grade Point}_{n} \times \text{Subject Credit Value}_{n} \times W_{n}}{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \text{Subject Credit Value}_{n} \times W_{n}}$$

where W_n = weighting to be assigned according to the level of the subject

N = number of all subjects counted in GPA calculation

For calculating the weighted GPA (and award GPA) to determine the Honours classification of students who satisfy the graduation requirements of Bachelor's degree awards, a University-wide standard weighting will be applied to all subjects of the same level, with a weighting of $\underline{2}$ for Level 1 and 2 subjects, a weighting of $\underline{3}$ for Level 3 and 4 subjects. Same as for GPA, Weighted GPA ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

Any subjects passed after the graduation requirement has been met or subjects taken on top of the prescribed credit requirements for award shall not be taken into account in the grade point calculation for award classification. However, if a student attempts more elective subjects (or optional subjects) than those required for graduation in or before the semester in which he/she becomes eligible for award, the elective subjects (or optional subjects), except for subjects which are selected by students to fulfill the free electives requirement for graduation, with a higher grade/contribution shall be included in the grade point calculation (i.e., the excessive subjects attempted with a lower grade/contribution, including failed subjects, will be excluded).

For students who have completed a Major (including the Major/Secondary Major option)/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" which includes grades obtained for the free electives, if appropriate.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, as well as the Secondary Major programme, if any, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme. "Minor GPA" is unweighted.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major (including the Major/Secondary Major option)/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his/her Major (including the Major/Secondary Major option) but a lower GPA for his/her Minor, he/she will not be 'penalised' in respect of his/her award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his/her Major (including the Major/Secondary Major option) than his/her GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider recommending a higher award classification for the student for ratification by the APRC via the Faculty/School Board.

6.24 Classification of Awards

For Honours degree programmes, the awards will be classified as follows:

- First Class Honours
- Second Class Honours (Division 1)
- Second Class Honours (Division 2)
- Third Class Honours

The following are guidelines for Boards of Examiners' reference in determining award classifications:

Honours Degrees	Guidelines
1st	The student's performance/attainment is outstanding, and identifies him/her as exceptionally able in the field covered by the programme in question.
2:i	The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment which is more than satisfactory but less than outstanding.
2:ii	The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment judged to be satisfactory, and clearly higher than the 'essential minimum' required for graduation.
3rd	The student has attained the 'essential minimum' required for graduation at a standard ranging from just adequate to just satisfactory.

Under exceptional circumstances, a student who has completed an Honours degree programme, but has not attained Honours standard, may be awarded a Pass-without-Honours degree. A Pass-without-Honours degree award will be recommended, when the student has demonstrated a level of final attainment which is below the 'essential minimum' required for graduation with Honours from the programme in question, but when he/she has nonetheless covered the prescribed work of the programme in an adequate fashion, while failing to show sufficient evidence of the intellectual calibre expected of Honours degree graduates. For example, if a student in an Honours degree programme has a Grade Point Average (GPA) of 1.70 or more, but his/her Weighted GPA is less than 1.70, he/she may be considered for a Pass-without-Honours classification. A Pass-without-Honours is an unclassified award, but the award parchment will not include this specification.

Students who have committed academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. For undergraduate students who should be awarded a Third class Honours degree, they will be downgraded to a Pass-without-Honours. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass. In rare circumstances where both the Student Discipline Committee and Board of Examiners of a Department consider that there are strong justifications showing the offence be less serious, the requirement for lowering the award classification can be waived.

Honours Degrees	Award GPA
1st	3.60 - 4.30
2:i	3.00 - 3.59
2:ii	2.40 - 2.99
3rd	1.70 – 2.39

The followings are the award GPA ranges for determining award classifications:

Decisions by the Boards of Examiners on award classifications to be granted to each student on completion of the programme shall be ratified by the Faculty/School Board (of Examiners). For cases the decisions of which do not conform to the above indicative GPA range, they should be referred, by the Faculty/School Board (of Examiners), to the APRC for ratification.

6.25 Examination result announcements, transcripts, testimonials and references

At the end of each semester, where appropriate, examination results are announced online for individual students' checking. It provides information on subjects taken and grades attained, the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects, and the overall result up to and including the latest semester. The announcement serves as an official notification of the student's academic performance.

A formal Transcript of Studies will be issued by the University, upon request, to any student registered on a programme offered by the University, and it will include the following information:

- (i) name and student number;
- (ii) title of the programme(s) on which enrolled, or from which graduated;
- (iii) medium of instruction for the programme (applicable only to programmes which are delivered in Chinese and for which both Chinese and English versions are offered);
- (iv) a full academic record, giving subjects taken and grades attained, and the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects (this shall include any practical training undertaken, which fulfill the training credit requirement of the programme concerned);
- (v) credit requirement of the student if different from the normal credit requirement of the programme;
- (vi) where relevant, the final award(s) (including information on the Secondary Major and/or Minor award, if appropriate), with classification and year of award;
- (vii) a statement indicating that the student has completed the Work-integrated Education (WIE) activities / Healthy Lifestyle / e-learning course in Putonghua (offered as an option with effect from the 2018/19 intake cohort), as appropriate; and
- (viii) information on the partner institution, if the award is for a joint programme with another institution and leads to a joint award.

Students may request for a testimonial which is a certification of their studies at the University, but without details on subjects and subject results.

Students may also request for references direct from academic staff members concerned.

6.26 Recording of disciplinary actions in students' records

With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.

Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty dishonesty/noncompliance with examination regulations'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.

Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and nonacademic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee.

The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study to a student/graduand who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

Appendix I

Content

<u>Subject</u>

AF3625	Engineering Economics	AI - 1
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics	AI - 2
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra	AI – 3
AMA2111	Mathematics I	AI - 4
AMA2112	Mathematics II	AI - 5
AP10005	Physics I	AI – 6
AP10006	Physics II	AI - 7
CLC1104C/P	University Chinese	AI - 8
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese	AI – 10
CSE30292	Transportation Operations and Management	AI – 11
CSE30312	Transportation and Highway Engineering	AI – 12
CSE30390	Transportation Systems Analysis	AI – 14
CSE40407	Design of Transport Infrastructure	AI – 15
CSE40408	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning	AI – 17
CSE40462	Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice	AI – 19
CSE40475	Sustainable Development Strategy	AI - 20
CSE40490	Transport Management and Highway Maintenance	AI – 21
CSE561	Public Transport: Operations and Service Planning	AI – 23
CSE562	Traffic Engineering and Control	AI - 24
EE2001	Applied Electromagnetics	AI – 25
EE2002	Circuit Analysis	AI – 26
EE2003	Electronics	AI – 28
EE2029	Transportation Engineering Fundamentals	AI – 30
EE2101	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals	AI – 31
EE2103	IC Training I (TSE)	AI – 33
EE3002	Electromechanical Energy Conversion	AI – 35
EE3003	Power Electronics and Drives	AI – 36
EE3005	Systems and Control	AI – 38
EE3010	Summer Practical Training	AI – 39
EE3012	Transport Operations Modelling	AI - 40
EE3013	Transportation Data Analytics	AI - 41
EE4006	Individual Project	AI – 42
EE4007	Advanced Power Electronics	AI – 45
EE4008	Applied Digital Control	AI - 46
EE4014	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical Engineering	AI - 47
EE4019	Intelligent Transportation Systems	AI - 48
EE4024	Industrial Computer Applications	AI – 49

<u>Subject</u>

EE502	Modern Protection Methods	AI – 50
EE505	Power System Control and Operation	AI – 51
EE509	High Voltage Engineering	AI - 52
EE512	Electric Vehicles	AI – 54
EE526	Power System Analysis and Dynamics	AI – 55
EE533	Railway Power Supply Systems	AI - 56
EE535	Maintenance and Reliability Engineering	AI - 57
EE536	Signalling and Train Control Systems	AI - 59
EE537	Railway Vehicles	AI - 61
EE5381	System Assurance and Safety in Railways	AI - 62
EE546	Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric Vehicles	AI - 64
EE547	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems	AI - 65
EE548	Advanced Electric Vehicle technology	AI - 66
EE549	Modern Sensor Technologies	AI - 67
EE552	High Speed Rail	AI - 69
EE553	Railway Electronic Systems	AI - 71
EE560	Metros in Hong Kong and China	AI - 72
EIE3333	Data and Computer Communications	AI - 73
EIE4104	Mobile Networking	AI - 75
ELC1011	Practical English for University Studies	AI - 76
ELC1013	English for University Studies	AI - 77
ELC2011	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills	AI - 78
ELC2012	Persuasive Communication	AI - 79
ELC2013	English in Literature and Film	AI - 80
ELC2014	Advanced English for University Studies	AI - 81
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students	AI – 82
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering	AI - 84
ENG2002	Computer Programming	AI – 85
ENG2003	Information Technology	AI - 87
ENG3003	Engineering Management	AI - 88
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	AI – 89
ENG4001	Project Management	AI – 91
LGT5013	Transport Logistics in China	AI – 92
-		

Subject Code	AF3625	
Subject Title	Engineering Economics	
Credit Value	3	
Level	3	
Exclusion	AF2618	
Objectives	This subject aims to equip students with	
	1. The fundamental concepts of micro- and macroeconomics related to the engineering industry;	
	2. The fundamental understanding of finance and costing for engineering operations, budgetary planning and control.	
Intended Subject	Upon successful completion of this subject, students will be able to:	
Learning Outcomes	 Understand how the relevant economic factors shape the environment within which an engineering company operates; Evaluate the financial condition of a company; 	
	3. Apply the basic cost accounting techniques in the planning and control of engineering and production activities.	
Subject Synopsis/	Economic Environment of a Firm	
Indicative Syllabus	Microeconomic Factors	
	Scarcity, choice and opportunity cost; Demand, supply and price; Profit-maximizing behavior of the firm; Organization of the industry: perfect competition and monopoly	
	Macroeconomic Factors	
	International trade and globalization	
	Engineering Economics	
	Return on investment; Accounting profit versus economic profit	
	Fundamentals of Budgetary Planning and Control	
	Principle types of budgets for production and service operations; Approaches to budgeting and the budgeting process; Investment and source of finance; Cost of capital; Evaluation of investment alternatives	
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	The two-hour lecture each week focuses on the introduction and explanation of key concepts of Engineering Economics. The one-hour tutorial provides students with directed studies to enhance their self-learning capacities. Individual and group activities including discussions and presentations are conducted to facilitate students' understanding and application of the concepts they have learned to tackling real-life problems in Engineering Economics.	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting	Outcome (Please t	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
			1	2	3		
	Continuous Assessment	50%					
	1. In-class activities	15%	~	~	~		
	2. Written assignments	15%	~	~	~		
	3. Test	20%	~	\checkmark	~		
	Final Examination	50%	~	~	~		
	Total	100 %					
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Required	• Lecture	26 Hours					
	• Tutorial		13 Hours				
	Other student study effort:						
	Study and self-learning	48 Hours					
	• Presentation preparation and writ	18 Hours					
	Total student study effort:	1	05 Hours				
Reading List and References	Recommended Textbooks 1. Parkin and Bade, Foundations of 2. Sullivan, Wicks and Koelling, En						
	References 1. Robert H. Frank, <i>The Economi</i> <i>Everything?</i> , Basic Books, 2007.	ic Naturalist: W	'hy Econom	nics Expla	in Almost		

Subject Code	AMA1110						
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics						
Credit Value	3	•					
Level	1						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA1007) Calculus for Engineers (AMA1130) Calculus (AMA1131) Foundation Mathematics for Accounting and Finance (AMA1500) Calculus (AMA1702)						
Objectives	elementary calculus and fundamental concepts and	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic concepts and applications of elementary calculus and statistics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts and the use of mathematical techniques in handling practical problems in science and engineering.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; (b) make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; (c) apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; (d) demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Elementary calculus: Limit and continuity, derivatives and their geometric meaning, rules of differentiation including chain rule, Leibniz's rule and L'Hopital's rule, exponential and logarithmic functions, trigonometric functions and their inverses, hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions, applications of differential calculus. Elementary Probability and Statistics: Descriptive statistics, random variables, probability and probability distributions, binomial, Poisson and normal distributions, applications. Population and random samples. Sampling distributions related to sample mean, sample proportions, and sample variances. Concepts of a point estimator and a confidence interval. Point and interval estimates of a mean and the difference between two means.						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and elementary techniques of differential and integral calculus and elementary statistics will be taught in lectures. These will be further enhanced in tutorials through practical problem solving.						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning outcome assessed (Please tick as appropria a b c						
Outcomes	1.Assignments and mid- term tests	40%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%		I.			

	Continuous Assessment comprises of assignments, in-class q a mid-term test. An examination is held at the end of the sem				
	Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering.				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intende learning outcomes:				
	The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course.				
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	26 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	13 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort: 81 • Homework and self-study 81 Total student study effort 120				
Reading List and	Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, McG	iraw Hill 2013			
References	Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics & Statistics, McGraw Hill 2013				
	Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012				
	Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. Ye, K. Probability Engineers and Scientists, Prentice Hall, 2012	and Statistics for			

Subject Code	AMA1120					
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics II –Calculus and Linear algebra					
Credit Value	3					
Level	1					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics (AMA1110)					
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic concepts and applications of elementary calculus and statistics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts and the use of mathematical techniques in handling practical problems in science and engineering.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; (b) make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; (c) apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; (d) demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Elementary calculus: Mean Value Theorem with applications to optimization and cu sketching. Definite and indefinite integrals, fundamental theorem of calculus, meth of integration (integration by substitution, integration by parts, integration of ratio functions using partial fractions and integration of trigonometric and hyperb functions), reduction formulas, applications to geometry and physics. Impro- Integrals.				is, method of ration	
	Linear algebra: Basic properties of matrices and determinants, linear systems, Gaussi elimination, inverse of a square matrix, Cramer's rule, vectors in 2-space or in 3-spac applications to geometry.					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and elementary techniques of differential and integral calculus and line algebra will be taught in lectures. These will be further enhanced in tutorials throug practical problem solving.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended be assess		earning out	comes to
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d
Guicomes	1.Assignments and tests	40%	~	~	~	~
			1	1	1	1
	2. Examination	60%	\checkmark	~	~	~

	Questions used in assignments, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and elementary linear algebra. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course.			
Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	Lecture	26 Hrs.		
	Tutorial	13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	Homework and self-study	81 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.		
Reading List and	Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, McG	raw Hill 2013		
References	Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics & Statistics, McGraw Hill 2013			
	Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Co	ole 2012		
	Larson, R. Elementary Linear Algebra, Brooks/Cole 2013			

Subject Code	AMA2111			
Subject Title	Mathematics I			
Credit Value	3			
Level	2			
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA1007) or Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA1120) or Calculus for Engineers (AMA1130) or Calculus (AMA1131) or Foundation Mathematics for Accounting and Finance (AMA1500)			
	Exclusion Intermediate Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA2007/AMA2707) Mathematics for Engineers (AMA2131/AMA2308) Engineering Mathematics (AMA2380) Applied Mathematics I (AMA2511) Mathematics for Scientists and Engineers (AMA2882) Engineering Mathematics (AMA290)			
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.			
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; search for useful information in the process of problem solving. 			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 search for useful information in the process of problem solving. <u>Algebra of complex numbers</u> Complex numbers, geometric representation, complex exponential functions, n- roots of a complex number. <u>Linear algebra</u> Systems of linear equations, vector spaces, inner product and orthogonalit eigenvalues and eigenvectors, applications. <u>Ordinary differential equations</u> ODE of first and second order, linear systems, Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, applications to mechanical vibrations and simple circuits. 			

	4. Differential calculus of fu	unctions of sev	veral vari	ables			
	Partial derivatives, total minima, directional der applications.						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding as application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used develop students' problem solving ability.					iding and	
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting				g outcom as approj	
Alignment with			1	2	3	4	5
Intended Learning Outcomes	1.Homework, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~
	2. Examination	60%	\checkmark	~	✓	✓	~
	Total	100%					
	mathematical techniques in se	olving probler		ence and	engineer	ing.	
		olving probler reness of the as standing of basis s. As such, s considered c assignments	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended echniques eainly on lents are
Student Study Effort Expected	mathematical techniques in so Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/test/quizzes is required to submit homework	olving probler reness of the as standing of basis s. As such, s considered c assignments	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended echniques eainly on lents are
Student Study Effort Expected	mathematical techniques in se Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' pro-	olving probler reness of the as standing of basis s. As such, s considered c assignments	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended echniques eainly on lents are
•	mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' pro-	olving probler reness of the as standing of basis s. As such, s considered c assignments	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended echniques ainly on lents are lecturers
•	mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' pro Class contact: • Lecture	olving probler teness of the as standing of bo . As such, s considered à assignments gress in the co	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended cchniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs
•	mathematical techniques in se Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' pro Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial	olving probler teness of the as standing of bo . As such, s considered à assignments gress in the co	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended cchniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs
•	mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' proposed Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial • Mid-term test and examination	olving probler seness of the as standing of b. s. As such, s considered assignments gress in the con- nation	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua	intended cchniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs
•	mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' prof Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial • Mid-term test and examin Other student study effort	olving probler seness of the as standing of b. s. As such, s considered assignments gress in the con- nation	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly	ence and t method eepts and ssment r	engineer s in asse applica nethod urthermo	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua v subject	intended ichniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs 13 Hrs
•	mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' proposed Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial • Mid-term test and examin Other student study effort • Assignments and Self stu	olving probler reness of the as standing of b s. As such, s considered assignments ggress in the co- nation	ns in scie ssessmen asic cone an asse appropr regularly purse.	ence and t method repts ana ssment r iate. F i n order	engineer s in asse d applica method urthermore t o allow	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua v subject	intended cchniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs 13 Hrs 78 Hrs 117 Hrs
Effort Expected Reading List and	 mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' pro- Class contact: Lecture Tutorial Mid-term test and examin Other student study effort Assignments and Self stu Total student study effort: C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan an 	olving probler eness of the as standing of bi s. As such, s considered c assignments gress in the co- nation dy	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly purse. Basic E.	ence and t method repts and sysmetric fate. F in order	engineer Is in asse I applica method wither to allow	ing. ssing the tion of te based m re, stua v subject	intended cchniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs 13 Hrs 78 Hrs 117 Hrs
Effort Expected Reading List and	mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' pro- Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial • Mid-term test and examin Other student study effort • Assignments and Self stu Total student study effort: 1. C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan an Hill, 2015.	olving probler eness of the as standing of bi s. As such, s considered c assignments gress in the co- nation dy dy	ns in scie ssessmen asic cond an asse appropr regularly purse. Basic E. (11th ed	ence and t method repts and sessment i fate. F i n order ngineerin tion). W	engineer Is in asse I applica method withermose to allow g Mathe iley, 201	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua v subject matics, N 4.	intended intended intents are lecturers 26 Hrs 13 Hrs 78 Hrs 117 Hrs McGraw-
Effort Expected Reading List and	 mathematical techniques in set Explanation of the appropriat learning outcomes: The subject focuses on under in engineering mathematics examinations/tests/quizzes is required to submit homework to keep track of students' prop. Class contact: Lecture Tutorial Mid-term test and examin Other student study effort Assignments and Self stu Total student study effort: 1. C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan an Hill, 2015. 2. Anton, H. Elementary Li 	olving probler eness of the as standing of bi s. As such, s considered cassignments gress in the co- nation dy dy dk.F. Hung, inear Algebra vanced Engine	ns in scie ssessmen asic cone an asse appropr regularly ourse. Basic E. (11th ed eering Ma	ence and t method repts and ssment - fate. F r in order ngineerin tion). W	engineer s in asse l applica method urtherme r to allow g Mathe iley, 201 s, 10th e	ing. ssing the tion of te based m ore, stua v subject matics, N 4. d. Wiley	intended ichniques ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs 13 Hrs 13 Hrs 78 Hrs 117 Hrs McGraw-

Subject Code	AMA2112
Subject Title	Mathematics II
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/	Pre-requisite Mathematics I (AMA2111)
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion Intermediate Calculus and Linear Algebra (AMA2007/AMA2707) Introduction to Differential Equations (AMA2008)
Objectives	This subject is a continuation of AMA2111. It aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; search for useful information in the process of problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Multiple integrals</u> Double and triple integrals, change of variables, applications to problems in geometry and mechanics. <u>Vector calculus</u> Vector and scalar fields, the del operator, line and surface integrals, the theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, applications to electromagnetic theory and fluid mechanics. <u>Series expansion</u> Infinite series, Taylor's expansion, Fourier series expansion of a periodic function. <u>Partial differential equations</u> Formulation of PDE of mathematical physics, separation of variables, initial- boundary value problems, introduction to Fourier transforms.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning outcon be assessed (Please tick as approx								
Outcomes			1	2	3	4	5		
	1. Assignments, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	\checkmark		
	Total	100%							
	Continuous Assessment comp a mid-term test. An examinati					nline qui	zzes and		
	Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering.								
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:								
	The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniq engineering mathematics. As such, an assessment method based main. examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore, student required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lec to keep track of students' progress in the course.						ainly on ents are		
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	• Lecture					26 Hrs			
	• Tutorial					13 Hrs			
	Mid-term test and examination								
	Other student study effort								
	Assignments and Self study					78 Hrs			
	Total student study effort:					1	17 Hrs		
Reading List and References	 C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan and K.F. Hung, <i>Basic Engineering Mathematics</i>, McC Hill, 2015. Anton, H. <i>Elementary Linear Algebra</i> (11th edition). Wiley, 2014. Kreyszig, E. (2011). <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, 10th ed. Wiley. James, G. (2015). <i>Modern Engineering Mathematics</i>, 5th ed. Pearson Educat Limited 								
	5. 5. Thomas, G. B., Weir, Education 2017	M. D. & Hass	s, J. R. <i>Tl</i>	homas' (Calculus,	14th ed.	Pearson		

Subject Code	AP10005
Subject Title	Physics I
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/	Nil
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	This course provides a broad foundation in mechanics and thermal physics to those students who are going to study science, engineering, or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. solve simple problems in single-particle mechanics using calculus and vectors; b. solve problems in mechanics of many-particle systems using calculus and vectors; c. understand simple harmonic motion and solve simple problems; d. solve problems related to acoustic standing waves; e. calculate changes in frequency received due to Doppler's effect; f. apply ideal gas laws to solve problems; g. apply the first law of thermodynamics to simple processes; and h. solve simple problems related to the cyclic processes.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Mechanics: calculus-based kinematics, dynamics and Newton's laws; calculus-based Newtonian mechanics, involving the application of impulse, momentum, work and energy, etc.; conservation law; gravitational force; systems of particles; collisions; rigid body rotation; angular momentum; oscillations and simple harmonic motion; pendulum; statics; longitudinal and transverse waves; travelling wave and standing wave; Doppler effect; sound waves and beats. Thermal physics: conduction, convection and radiation; black body radiation; ideal gas and kinetic theory; work, heat and internal energy; first law of thermodynamics; entropy and the second law of thermodynamics; Carnot cycle; heat engine and refrigerators.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience.

	e-learning: In order to enhan electronic means and multime lectures; communication betwo and notices etc.	dia technolo	gies v	would	l be a	idopte	ed for	pres	entati	ions of
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed							
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	f	g	h
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	40%	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
	Total	100%								
	Continuous assessment:	1								
	The continuous assessment in checking the progress of stu- fulfilling the learning outcome	dents' study								
	Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach.									
	At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class.									
	Examination: This is a majo closed-book examination. Cor such that the emphasis of asses and problem solving ability of	nplicated for sment would	mulas be pu	woul	ld be	given	to av	oid ro	ote m	emory,
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lecture					33 Hrs.				Hrs.
	Tutorial					6 Hrs.				Hrs.
	Other student study effort:									
	Self-study					81 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort:								120) Hrs.
Reading List and References	1. John W. Jewett and Rayn 2014, 9th edition, Brooks/	Cole Cengage	e Leai	ning.						
	 Hafez A. Radi, John O. engineers", 2013, Springer W. Bauer and G.D. West McGraw-Hill. 			-						

Subject Code	AP10006
Subject Title	Physics II
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with fundamental knowledge in physics focusing on the topics of waves and electromagnetism. This course prepares students to study science, engineering or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply simple laws in optics to explain image formation; b. understand phenomena related to the wave character of light; c. solve problems in electrostatics; d. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; e. apply electromagnetic induction to various phenomena; and f. solve problems in simple circuits.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Waves and optics: nature of light, reflection and refraction; Snell's law; image formation by mirrors and lenses; compound lens; microscope and telescope; superposition of waves; Huygen's principle; interference and diffraction; diffraction grating; Rayleigh's criterion and optical resolution; polarization. Electromagnetism: charge and Field; Coulomb's law and Gauss' law; electrostatic field and potential difference; capacitors and dielectric; current and resistance; Ohm's law; electromotive force, potential difference; Lorentz force; magnetic force on moving charges and current; Hall effect; Biot-Savart law and Ampere's law; Faraday's law and Lenz's law; induction; transformers; AC circuits and applications.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lecture: The fundamentals in optics and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes								
Intended Learning Outcomes	netrous, tusks	weighting	to be	assesse b	e	f					
	1. Continuous assessment	40%	u √	√	c ✓	d ✓	~ ✓	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~	~			
	Total	100%									
	Continuous assessment:		1								
	The continuous assessment i checking the progress of stu fulfilling the learning outcome Assignments in general include	idents' study s.	throug	ghout t	he cou	rse, as	sisting	them in			
	Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach.										
	At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class.										
	Examination: This is a major a book examination. Complicat that the emphasis of assessmen problem solving ability of the	ted formulas nt would be p	would	be give	en to av	oid rote	e memo	ory, such			
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:										
Enore Expected	Lecture		33 Hrs.								
	Tutorial					6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:										
	 Self-study 					81 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort 12							20 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	1. John W. Jewett and Rayn 2014, 9th edition, Brooks/				for Sci	entists a	and En	gineers",			
	2. Hafez A. Radi, John O. engineers", 2013, Springer		"Princ	ciples o	of phys	ics: for	r scien	tists and			
	3. W. Bauer and G.D. Wes McGraw-Hill.	tfall, "Unive	rsity Pl	hysics	with M	lodern	Physics	", 2011,			

Subject Code	CLC1104C (Cantonese) / CLC1104P (Putonghua) [2019-20 onward]
	CBS1104C (Cantonese) / CBS1104P (Putonghua) [2018-19 and before]
	Remarks: Students taking the Cantonese version of CLC/CBS1104 (i.e. CLC/CBS1104C) will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-learning course in Putonghua (optional).
Subject Title	University Chinese (大學中文)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students with HKDSE Chinese subject result at level 3 or above or equivalent
Objectives	This subject aims at enhancing the students' command of language knowledge to communicate effectively in both written and spoken Chinese, with particula reference to the stylistic variations of expression in different communicative settings. The ultimate goal of this subject is to train students to be effective communicators and life-long learners, and to equip them for the Chinese Discipline-Specific Language Requirement subject.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. consolidate the ability to identify and correct the most common errors in written texts; b. develop Chinese writing skills through the analysis and in-depth reading or selected literary masterpieces; c. master the format, organization, language and style of expression of variour genres of Chinese writing; d. produce formal presentations in spoken Chinese effectively and appropriately.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Language, format and organization of each genre; coherence and thread of thinking in Chinese writing; style of expression of different genres; contex dependent stylistic variation; development of logical and persuasive arguments. Spoken communication Choice of words; articulation and flow of speaking; manner of speaking and gesture; identification of main idea and key messages; evaluation of relevancy o information in a message; skills of summarizing; agreeing / disagreeing answering to questions politely; use of visual aids; body movement. Reading strategies Intensive and critical reading; identification of authors' stances, arguments and purposes; extracting useful information from the texts; determination of the meanings of the important concept words in context; evaluation of the validity of the factual information and arguments of the texts; appreciation of differen genres including literary masterpieces. Language development Grammatical skills; use of clear words; use of specific sentences; choice o diction.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The teaching/learning methodology is a combination of highly interactive semini- self-formed study groups, seminar discussion, oral presentations and writi assignments. E-learning materials for enhancing students' proficiency in b spoken and written Chinese are included in Chinese LCR teaching.							
		cted to follow teachers' guidelines and get access to the ma platform for self-study on a voluntary basis.						
Assessment Methods in			1					
Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	be assess	ntended subject learning outcom e assessed (Please tick as ppropriate)				
			а	b	с	d		
	Quizzes / Exercises	20%	~		\checkmark			
	Written Assignments	55%	~	~	\checkmark			
	Oral presentation	25%	~		\checkmark	~		
	Total	100 %			1			
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:							
	The quizzes and exercis Chinese linguistics and assessments aim to obtai in the use of written Ch (ref. ILOs (a), (b) and (c and present accurately, a Explanations and exercis	how well th n an objective inese in accu c)). The oral a appropriately	ey achiev measuren rate and a assessmen and effect	e ILOs (a nent of stud appropriate t assesses tively (ref.	and (c). dents' basi grammati students' a ILOs (a),	The writ c compete ical structu ability to p		
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	 Seminar 				39 Hrs			
	Additional activity:							
	e-Learning in Putonghua and written Chinese					9 Hrs		
	Other student study effort:							
	Outside Class Practice					39 Hrs		
	 Self-study 				39 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort					126 Hrs.		

Reading List and References	1.	于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編:《當代應用文寫作規範叢 書》,上海:復旦大學出版社,2011年。
	2.	任伯江:《口語傳意權能:人際關係策略與潛力》,香港:香港中文大學 出版社,2006年。
	3.	吳禮權:《演講的技巧》,香港:商務印書館,2013年。
	4.	李錦昌:《商業溝通與應用文大全》,香港:商務印書館,2012年。
	5.	邵敬敏:《現代漢語通論》,上海:上海教育出版社,2007年。
	6.	香港城市大學語文學部編著:《中文傳意-基礎篇》。香港:香港城市大學出版社,2001。
	7.	香港城市大學語文學部編著; 《中文傳意一寫作篇》。香港:香港城市大學出版社,2001。
	8.	孫光萱:《中國現代散文名家名篇賞讀》,上海:上海教育出版社, 2001年。
	9.	梁慧敏:《正識中文》,香港:三聯書店,2010年。
	10.	梁慧敏:《語文正解》,香港:三聯書店,2015年。
	11.	梁慧敏:《語文通病》,香港:三聯書店,2014年。
	12.	陳瑞端,《生活病語》,香港:中華書局,2000。
	13.	陳瑞端:《生活錯別字》,香港:中華書局,2000年。
	14.	賴蘭香:《傳媒中文寫作》(新修本),香港:中華書局,2012年。

Subject Code	CLC3241P (2019-20 onward)
	CBS3241P (2018-19 and before)
Subject Title	Professional Communication in Chinese
Credit Value	2
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite / Co-requisite: Chinese LCR subjects (in Semester 2 of Year 3 or Semester 1 of Year 4)
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in Chinese required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals and reports.
Subject Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in Chinese, students will be able to
Outcomes	 a. plan, organize and produce professionally acceptable project proposals and reports with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers b. plan, organize and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with
	 c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Project proposals and reports in Chinese Planning and organizing project proposals and reports Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the literature to substantiate project proposals Describing the methods of study Describing and discussing project results, including anticipated results and results of pilot study Presenting the budget, schedule and/or method of evaluation Writing professional reports Oral presentations of projects Selecting content for audience-focused presentations Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in team presentations
Tooobing/Loorning	Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in team presentations Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies Learning and teaching approach
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject is designed to develop the students' Chinese language skills, both oral and written, that students need to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.
	The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations.

The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project which will engage students in proposing and reporting on an engineering-related project to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in: - planning and researching the project - writing project-related documents such as project proposals and reports giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders of the project Assessment Specific assessment methods/tasks Intended subject learning % Methods in weighting outcomes to be assessed Alignment with a h с Intended Learning 1. Project proposal and report in 60% ./ \checkmark Outcomes Chinese 2. Oral presentation of project proposal 40% ~ ~ and report 100% Total Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The assessments will arise from the course-long engineering-related project. Students will be assessed on written documents and oral presentations targeted at different intended readers/audiences. This facilitates assessment of students' ability to select content and use language and style appropriate to the purposes and intended readers/audiences. Students will collaborate in groups in planning, researching, discussing and giving oral presentations on the project. The written proposals will be individual work to ensure that students will be rigorously engaged in the application of language skills for the entire document. Class contact: Student Study Effort Expected Seminars 26 Hrs. Other student study effort: Researching, planning, writing, and 44 Hrs. preparing the project Total student study effort 70 Hrs. a) 司有和(1984):《科技寫作簡明教程》,安徽教育出版社。 **Reading List and** References b) 葉聖陶、呂叔湘、 朱徳熙、 林燾 (1992): 《文章講評》 語文出版社。 c)于成鯤主編(2003):《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社。 d) 岑紹基、謝錫金、祈永華 (2006) : 《應用文的語言·語境·語用》, 香港教育圖 書公司。 e) 邵敬敏主编 (2010): 《現代漢語通論 (第二版)》, 上海教育出版社。 f) 于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主编 (2010): 《中國現代應用文寫作規範叢 書:科教文與社交文書寫作規範》,復旦大學出版社。 g) 香港特別行政區政府教育局·課程發展處中國語文教育組 (2012) : 《常用字字 形表》,政府物流服務署印。

Subject Code	CSE30292
Subject Title	Transportation Operations and Management
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To provide the students with the knowledge of operations in various transportation systems.
	 To introduce the engineering problems arising from the operations of transportation systems.
	 To discuss the characteristics and performance evaluation of transportation operations and management measures.
	 To understand the inter-modal transportation connections, transfers and competitions.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Identify the basic characteristics of various transportation systems.
	b. Discuss the major issues pertaining the operations and management of specific transportation systems.
	c. Conduct simple design on traffic signal and transit schedules.
	 d. Select appropriate operations and management strategy based on different conditions and constraints.
Subject Synopsis/	1. Road transportation (4 weeks)
Indicative Syllabus	Travel demand and traffic data collection; junction control, traffic signal, basic fixed time traffic signal design, signal coordination; traffic management measures.
	2. Urban transit and railway transportation(4 weeks)
	Transit operations and service scheduling; transit line capacity; capacities of different transit modes; measures for increase of transit speed; rail traffic control; optimizing transit operations.
	3. Air transportation (1 week)
	Civil aviation and structure of the airline industry; aircraft characteristics and performance; navigation and traffic control.
	4. Transportation terminals (4 weeks)
	Types and characteristics of terminals (seaports, railyards, airports, parking lots). Analysis of terminal operations (queueing theory, Monte Carlo simulation).
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The key concepts and techniques covered in this subject are discussed in lecture. To strengthen understanding and provide opportunities for students to appreciate what they have learnt, students will have chances to do presentations, discussions, and hands-on exercise both in the lectures and the tutorials. Furthermore, individual assignments consisting of essays and numerical problems let students demonstrate their level of understanding and create evidence of learning.

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			ct learning outcomes to be se tick as appropriate)			
Alignment with			а	b	с	d		
Intended Learning Outcomes	1.Assignments	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Two Quizzes	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3.Final examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100 %						
	Students must attain at leas applicable) in order to attai				examinatio	n (wheneve		
	Explanation of the approp learning outcomes:	riateness of th	e assessmer	nt methods i	n assessing	the intend		
	The students will be assest exercise, two quizzes and of both numerical and des conducting transportation at for students to develop de transportation modes, dem operations and management These are appropriate in at	a final exam. criptive proble system design. eper understan constrate stude nt strategy and	All the afor- ems. The nu The descrip ading to ope ents' ability to enhance	ementioned umerical prob ptive problem erations and to think crit their effective	assessments blems target ns provide of management ically in the ve communi	s will cons t at ability opportuniti nt of vario e selection cation skil		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	 Lectures 		26 Hr					
	 Tutorials 		13 Hr					
	Other student study effort:							
	 Reading and Studying 			39Hrs				
	 Completion of assign 	ons		39Hrs				
	Total student study effort		117Hr					
Reading List and	Textbooks			1				
References	 Vuchic, V. (2005). Urban transit : Operations, planning and economics. Hobol N.J: John Wiley & Sons. 							
	 Roess, R., Prassas, Elena S, & McShane, William R. (2011). Th engineering (4th ed.). Upper Saddle River, N.J: Pearson. 							
	 Fricker, J., & Whitford, Robert K. (2004). Fundamentals of transportation engineering: A multimodal systems approach. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pears Prentice Hall. 							
	References							
	1. Hong Kong . Transpo	ort Dept. (2020)). Transpor	t Planning d	& Design M	anual.		
	 National Research Council . Transportation Research Board. (2000). <i>Highwa</i> capacity manual (Special report (National Research Council (U.S.). Transportation Research Board); 209). Washington, D.C: The Board. 							
	 Wright, P., Ashford, Norman, & Stammer, Robert. (1998). Transportatio engineering : Planning and design (4th ed.). New York: J. Wiley. 							

Subject Code	CSE30312
Subject Title	Transportation and Highway Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	CSE312 Transportation and Highway Engineering
Objectives	 To promote a basic appreciation of the nature of transportation engineering To introduce students to those engineering activities essential to the planning and design of highway and transportation systems To enable students to acquire basic principles of highway planning and engineering To train students with basic techniques in highway design and pavement material studies To enable students to make engineering judgment on highway planning and design
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be: a. Able to apply the fundamentals of applied physics and principles of engineering design to carry out geometric design of highway alignments and mix design of pavement materials and know the basic facts about local roadway network; b. Able to exercise professional judgement and engineering sense in the design and evaluation of alternative highway alignment schemes in view of the complex site environment; c. Able to analyze and interpret laboratory data for optimal design of highway pavement materials; d. Able to explain the design of highway alignments and pavement materials logically and lucidly; e. Able to understand the limitations of the site constraints and to recognize the assumptions and principles adopted in the highway design so as to develop alternative highway design schemes and optimal mix for pavement materials. f. recognize the need for and engage in life-long learning
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to Transportation and Highway Engineering (1week) The scope of transportation engineering. Transportation in society; economic, social and environmental factors. Transportation modes. Urban transportation problems; aspects of transport planning studies and traffic management. Highway Planning (2 weeks) Highway Planning (2 weeks) Highway hierarchy, classification and design standards; Standard layout of roads; Cross-section elements of highways; Highway junctions: at-grade and grade-separated junctions. Safety considerations. Geometric Design (5 weeks) Design principle and procedure; Basic assumptions and theories for geometric design; Sight distance; Design of vertical and horizontal alignment: Circular curve, transition curve, horizontal curve widening; sag curve and summit curve.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	s to subg Highway ral eler subgrac of pre-to materia upositior est, indir r road ba larshall to s. Tutoria onductee rstandin	y mater nents o le. Joint mixed t ls; Mar i tests. rect tens ase. test, Cal als will d in the t g from	ials an f flex: s for ri bitumir shall t Mecha sile stif ifornia provid form of lectur	d con ible a a igid pa nous n est pr nnical ffness Beari e oppo f exam es. La	struction nd rig vvemer nateria ocedun tests modul ng Rat ortuniti ple cla borato			
	work will help students appr basic instruments.	eciate the bas	ic princi	ples and	l familia	arize th	nemsel	ves w
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	f
Outcomes	1. Assignments, Seminar Report, and Lab Reports	28%	~		~	~	~	~
	2. Mid-term Test(s)	12%	~	~			~	
	3. Final examination	60%	~	✓			\checkmark	
	Total	100%						
	Students must attain at lea (whenever applicable) in or Explanation of the appropria learning outcomes: The students will be assessed assignment, mid-term test(s) students will be required to reports. These laboratory s techniques and report writing practicing highway engineer judgments to complete the la the report writing are best to term test will emphasize on highway engineering. It is ap The final examination will c most appropriate to achieve t	rder to attain teness of the a ed with three) and a final ed) attend labor essions will de ; The works in ing requireme uboratory sessi o achieve inten assessing stud oppropriate to ar oonsolidate stu	a passin assessme compon examinar atory se enable s n the lab ents. Stu ions. The ded lean dents' be chieve in dents' lo	g grade ent meth- ents, i.e tion at t ssions a tudents oratory s dents w e laborat ning ou ssic con- netended earning i	in the ods in a ods i	borato of the mit gro are cle to exe sions te a, c, and curre outco res and	I resul ng the ry ses semes oup la sic la osely r ert engo toget nd d. 7 ent pra mes a,	t. intend sion a ster. T borato borato elated gineeri ther w The m ctices b and
Student Study	Class contact:		5				age ho	urs pe weel
Effort Expected	1				1			
Enort Expected	 Lectures/Tutor 	1/1 1			_			3 Hrs

	Other student study effort:	
	 Reading and Studying 	4 Hrs.
	Completion of Assignments/Lab Reports	2 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	9 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Essential Textbooks: "Pavement Analysis and Design" 2nd Edition, Yang H. "Highways", 3rd Edition, O'Flaherty, C.A. (Edward Arr <u>Reference Textbooks</u> "Traffic and Highway Engineering" 5th Edition, CL En "The Asphalt Handbook", 7th Edition, Asphalt Institute "Highway Design Characteristics, Transport Planning a 2, Hong Kong Transport Department, June 2001. "Highway Materials, Soils & Concretes", Atkins, H.N. "Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Mannering, F.L., Washburn, S.S. (John Wiley & Sons), American Association of State Highway and Transporta AASHTO Guide for Design of New and Rehabilitated I <u>http://www.hyd.gov.hk/eng/public/publications/index.ht</u> "Traffic and Highway Engineering" 5th Edition, CL En <u>Reference Journals</u> ASCE Journal of Transportation Engineering, Part B: Par Road Materials and Pavement Design International Journal of Pavement Engineering 	nold), 1986-1988. gineering, 2014 , November, 2007. nd Design Manual", Vol. (Reston), 2003. : Analysis, 7 th Edition", 2019. tition Officials (AASHTO). "avement Structures, 2002. tm gineering, 2014

Subject Code	CSE30390
Subject Title	Transportation Systems Analysis
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA1110
Objectives	1. To familiarise students with the essential numerical techniques and operations research methods which are applicable in most engineering problems.
	2. To enable students to relate the previously acquired mathematical theories to practical problems.
	 To provide students with a solid bridge between mathematical theories and real- world transportation systems.
	 To enable students to analyse the advantages and limitations of the commonly adopted numerical techniques and operations research methods.
	 To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Make use of operational research techniques for transportation system design and optimisation under various constraints. b. Perform simple statistical analysis on field data, sample estimation and hypothesis testing. c. Design suitable sampling and experimental methods for transportation system analysis and realise error sources.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Operations research (5 weeks) Linear programming, simple Simplex algorithms, sensitivity analysis, shortest path and maximum flow problems, integer programming, branch and bound algorithm, applications in transportation. Probability & statistics (6 weeks) Random variables, probability distributions, sample distributions and means, Central Limit Theorem, Bayesian Theorem, statistical inference, significance and hypothesis testing. Data collection and experimental design (2 weeks) Use of field data and data gathering techniques, sources of errors, considerations of sample size; experiment design and analysis techniques.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Most of the concepts will first be introduced in lectures. Tutorials provide opportunities for students to enhance understanding through practicing on calculation exercises and have chance to discuss with the lecturers to clarify misunderstanding. Lab sessions would introduce students to computer programs that are useful in dealing with real-size problems.

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	%	Intended	subject	learning			
Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	weighting		outcomes to be assessed				
Outcomes			а	b	с			
	1. Assignments	10%	~	~	\checkmark			
	2. Lab reports	10%	~	~				
	3.Quizzes	20%	~	~				
	4.Final exam	60%	~	~	~			
	Total	100%						
	Students must attain at least grade (whenever applicable) in order to at							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:							
	Students will be assessed by four met exam. Students will demonstrate their transportation engineering problems appropriate to achieve intended lear sessions, students will learn various acquired through lab reports, and is ta The quizzes will focus on the numeric this subject and will address intended scheduled at the end of the semest sessions and will address intended lear	r knowledge in the win ning outcon useful prog argeted at in cal techniqu d learning of ter consolid	e and numer ritten assign mes (a) and grams and sl ntended learn es and nume putcomes (a) lates the lea	ical techniq iments. Ass (b). Throu howcase the ning outcom erical methoo and (b). The ctures, tutor	ues related to ignments ard gh laborator ir knowledge e (a) and (b) ds required in he final exam			
Student Study	Class contact:	Av	verage hours	per week				
Effort Expected	Lecture/ Tutorial/ Laboratory	3 I	3 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:							
	 Reading and Studying 	3	3 Hrs.					
	Completing of assignments, presentations and lab reports	class 3	^s 3 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	9	9 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	Textbooks: 1. F.S. Hillier, G.J. Lieberman. Introduction to operations research, McGraw Hill,							
	11 st Edition, 2021							
	 R.A. Johnson, I. Miller, J.E. Freund. Miller & Freund's probability and statistics for engineers, Pearson, 9th Edition, 2017 							

Subject Code	CSE40407
Subject Title	Design of Transport Infrastructure
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisites: CSE304/ CSE312/ CSE30312 Exclusion: CSE407
Objectives	 To enable students to acquire basic knowledge of design principles for transport infrastructure development; To enable students to design major transport infrastructures including road drainage, road pavement, road junction, railways; To enable students to assess engineering judgment on alternative transport infrastructure designs.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Apply the basic principles and professional judgement in the planning and design of transport infrastructure; b. Utilise common design computer packages as well as manual calculations in transport infrastructure design; c. Conduct appropriate measurement and test for traffic design and evaluation; d. Communicate effectively through writing, calculation, and drawing; e. Work effectively in teams with shared responsibilities; f. Understand and discuss the contemporary issues in transport infrastructure design and development.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Introduction</u> (0.5 week) Basic consideration of transport infrastructure developments. Current development programmes. Design concept. <u>Highway Drainage</u> (1.5 weeks) General considerations. Types of drainage structure. Design and construction of surface drainage and sub-soil drainage. Effects on pavement support. Filter layer design. <u>Pavements</u> (2.5 weeks) Design principles for flexible and rigid pavements. Loading on pavements. Theoretical and empirical design methods. Pavement evaluation and rehabilitation. <u>Junction Design</u> (5.5 weeks) Types of at-grade junction. Design of signal-controlled junctions, priority junctions and roundabout. Co-ordination of traffic signal systems. <u>New Technology for Transport Infrastructure (1 week) Introduction to intelligent transportation systems (ITS), Elements of ITS, Basic considerations of sensor deployment and system architecture. </u>

	 <u>Laboratory</u> Laboratory work will include: skid-resistance; pavement conditions studies; Junction desig and capacity analysis 							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Fundamental knowledge will be discussion of lecture materials supplement the lectures. Laborate familiarize themselves with real-w	s; examples a ory work will h	and pr telp stu	oblem-s	olving	discussi	on sess	sion w
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment %	% weighting	Inten asses		bject le	arning	outcom	es to b
			a	b	c	d	e	f
	1. Project Assignment/ Quizzes	20%	~	~		~	~	~
	2. Laboratory reports	20%		\checkmark	\checkmark	~	~	
	3. Final Examination	60%	~	~				~
	Total	100%						
	Students must attain at leas (whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes:	to attain a pa	ssing	grade ii	1 the ov	erall re	sult.	
	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w	to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud	ssing sessme sessme	grade in ent met achieve	n the ov hods in ments i	erall res assessi n all les	sult. ing the arning o	intende
	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes v (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to fost	• to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud ts would requ through self-le er critical lear	ssing sessm lents' ire stu arning ning.	grade in ent met achieve dents to , and ap The qu	n the ov hods in ments i integra ply to re	erall real assession n all lea ate conce eal case	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies	intende outcome quired or desig
	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes v (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired	• to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud ts would requ through self-le er critical lear pts and design worts targets at sks, students w rements and	ssing g sessme lents' ire stu arning ning. technic studer vould a materi	grade in ent met achieve dents to , and ap The qu ques.	the ov hods in ments i ply to re izzes w elopmer hands-on ng. Stu	erall real assession and all lea the conce cal case yould ta the in ILC n learnin idents of	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng expe would D	intende outcome quired : or desig accura d, and rience : have th
	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to foste understanding of essential conce The laboratory sessions and rep Through individual or group tat design packages, field measu	• to attain a paness of the ass vill assess stud ts would required through self-le er critical lear ppts and design worts targets at sks, students wirements and communication nts consolidate	ssing (sessme lents' ire stu arning, techni- studer 'ould a materi n skill: know	grade in ent met achieve dents to and ap The qu ques. tts' dev cquire al testi s throug	a the ov hods in ments i p) integra ply to re izzes w elopmer hands-or ng. Stu h writin	erall real assession and assession and case rould ta the in ILC in learning idents to g of lab	sult. ang the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng expe would 1 oratory	intende outcome quired or desig accura d, and erience have th reports.
•	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to foste understanding of essential conce The laboratory sessions and rep Through individual or group tas design packages, field measu opportunity to develop technical The examination will help stude	• to attain a paness of the ass vill assess stud ts would required through self-le er critical lear ppts and design worts targets at sks, students wirements and communication nts consolidate	ssing (sessme lents' ire stu arning, techni- studer 'ould a materi n skill: know	grade in ent met achieve dents to , and ap The qu ques. tts' dev cquire al testi s throug ledge le	a the ov hods in ments i pintegra ply to re izzes w elopmer hands-o ng. Stu h writin arnt in l	erall real assession and assession and case rould ta the in ILC in learning idents to g of lab	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng exper- would D oratory and tuto	intende outcome quired or desig accura d, and erience have th reports.
Student Study Effort Expected	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to fosts understanding of essential conce The laboratory sessions and rep Through individual or group tas design packages, field measu opportunity to develop technical The examination will help stude thus achieving intended learning	to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud ts would requ through self-le er critical lear pls and design vorts targets at sks, students w rements and communicatio nts consolidate outcomes a, b;	ssing (sessme lents' ire stu arning, techni- studer 'ould a materi n skill: know	grade in ent met achieve dents to , and ap The qu ques. tts' dev cquire al testi s throug ledge le	a the ov hods in ments i pintegra ply to re izzes w elopmer hands-o ng. Stu h writin arnt in l	erall re: assessi n all le: ate conce al case yould ta n learnin dents v g of lab	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng exper- would D oratory and tuto	intende outcome quired or desig accura d, and erience have th reports.
•	(whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to foste understanding of essential conce The laboratory sessions and rep Through individual or group tat design packages, field measu opportunity to develop technical The examination will help stude thus achieving intended learning Class contact:	to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud ts would requ through self-le er critical lear pls and design vorts targets at sks, students w rements and communicatio nts consolidate outcomes a, b;	ssing (sessme lents' ire stu arning, techni- studer 'ould a materi n skill: know	grade in ent met achieve dents tc , and ap The qu ques. tts' dev cequire al testi s throug ledge le	a the ov hods in ments i pintegra ply to re izzes w elopmer hands-o ng. Stu h writin arnt in l	erall re: assessi n all le: ate conce al case yould ta n learnin dents v g of lab	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng exper- would D oratory and tuto	intende outcome quired or desig accura d, and erience have th reports.
•	 (whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w (except ILO c). The assignment lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to fost understanding of essential conce The laboratory sessions and rep Through individual or group tas design packages, field measu opportunity to develop technical The examination will help stude thus achieving intended learning Class contact: Lectures/Tutorials/Laborato 	to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud ts would requ through self-le er critical lear pls and design vorts targets at sks, students w rements and communicatio nts consolidate outcomes a, b;	ssing (sessme lents' ire stu arning, techni- studer 'ould a materi n skill: know	grade in ent met achieve dents tc , and ap The qu ques. tts' dev cequire al testi s throug ledge le	a the ov hods in ments i o integra ply to re izzes w elopmer hands-o ng. Stu h writin arnt in l rage hou s.	erall re: assessi n all le: ate conce al case yould ta n learnin dents v g of lab	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng exper- would D oratory and tuto	intende outcome quired or desig accura d, and erience have th reports.
•	 (whenever applicable) in order Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes: The assignments and quizzes w (except ILO c). The assignmen lecture and knowledge acquired scenarios, which aims to foste understanding of essential conce The laboratory sessions and rep Through individual or group tat design packages, field measu opportunity to develop technical The examination will help stude thus achieving intended learning Class contact: Lectures/Tutorials/Laborator Other student study effort: 	• to attain a pa ness of the as vill assess stud ts would requ through self-le re critical lear pts and design ports targets at sks, students w rements and communicatio nts consolidate outcomes a, b,	ssing ; ssessm lents' ire stu arning ning. techni studer ould a materi n skill: know f.	grade in ent met achieve dents to , and ap The qu ques. 	a the ov hods in ments i pintegra ply to re- izzes w elopmer hands-o- ng. Stu h writin arnt in l rage hou s.	erall re: assessi n all le: ate conce al case yould ta n learnin dents v g of lab	sult. ing the arning of epts ac studies rget at D b,c , ng exper- would D oratory and tuto	intende outcome quired or desig accura d, and erience have th reports.

Reading List and References	1. Roess R. P., Prassas E.S., and McShane W.R., Traffic Engineering, 4th Edition, Pearson, 2011.
	2. Mallick R.B. and Korchi T.E., Pavement Engineering: principles and practice, CRC Press, 2009.
	3. Vuchic, Vukan., Urban Transit Systems and Technology, John Wiley, 2007.
	4. Wright, P., Highway Engineering-sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
	5. Watson, J., Highway Construction & Maintenance, Longman Scientific & Technical, 1994.
	6. Transport Planning Design Manual, Transport Department, HKSARG.
	 Guidance Note on Road Pavement Drainage Design, Highways Department, RD/RN/035, 2010.
	8. http://www.hyd.gov.hk/eng/public/publications/road_notes/index.htm.
	9. https://www.td.gov.hk/en/publications_and_press_releases/publications/index.html
	10. https://www.hyd.gov.hk/en/publications_and_publicity/publications/index.html
	11. http://www.pland.gov.hk/pland_en/p_study/comp_s/hk2030/

Subject Code	CSE40408
Subject Title	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisites: CSE304 / CSE312 / CSE30312 and CSE30390/ CSE39300/ CSE30284 CSE39284 Exclusion: CSE408
Objectives	 To expose students to the various techniques of traffic survey and transport modelling; To develop an understanding of the nature and extent of urban transportation planning processes; and To enable students to conduct traffic surveys and modelling traffic impacts for urban transportation planning purposes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be: a. Able to design and conduct various traffic and transport surveys for urban transportation planning purposes; b. Able to systemically analyze and interpret data from traffic and transport surveys for strategic transport planning and travel demand forecasting; c. Able to calibrate and apply the four-steps modelling techniques for forecasting the
	 future travel demaWnd and analyzing the effects of demand and supply strategies; d. Able to discuss and analyze the problems of traffic congestion and the solutions; e. Able to understand the practical constraints (engineering, economic, social, environmental) in solving the specific transportation problems; f. Able to analyze the merits and limitations of current approaches in data collection and transport modelling for strategic planning purposes.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Overview of Transportation Planning (1 week) Hierarchy of Transport/Land-use planning. Strategic Transport Planning and Transport System Management Planning. Transport Planning Process. Comprehensive Transport Study <u>Traffic and Transport Surveys (3 weeks)</u> Data needs in Transport Planning and Traffic Impact Evaluation. Travel Characteristic Survey and Annual Traffic Census. Traffic Data Collection and Analysis: ; Origin and Destination Surveys <u>Transportation System Modelling (6 weeks)</u> Zoning and Network Coding. Four-steps modelling approach: Trip generation an Attraction, Trip Distribution, Modal Split, Traffic Assignment. Model calibration an application. Case studies. Data Studies. Destination Destination Destribution, Modal Split, Traffic Assignment. Model calibration an application. Case studies. Destination Destination Destination Destribution, Destination Destination Destribution, Destination Destribution, Destination Destination Destribution

	 <u>Transportation Problems and S</u> Overview of Transportation Strategies. Transport Econom Practical Road Pricing Scheme <u>Computer Laboratory</u> Origin-Destination Survey. Tra 	Problems, nics, System es.	Traffic Optim	al and	Margin	al Cos	t Road	
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The underlying principles and techni be introduced in lectures. Howeve interdependence between theories an required to undertake survey desig understand the associated techniqu numerical problems on transport mo will be held to demonstrate the appli students to appreciate the difference b	r, it is impo d practice in gn and data les in practi- delling and a cations of tra	ortant t transpo collect ce. Ind analysis	hat the rt plann ion in lividual s, while model a	studen ing. Stu laborate assign compu and to p	nts be idents v ory ses ments ter labo provide	exposed will then sions s will co pratory opport	d to the refore be so as to onsist of sessions unity for
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inten		ject lea	urning o	outcom	es to be
Outcomes			a	b	c	d	e	f
	1. Assignments and Lab Reports	20%	~	~	~	~		
	2. Mid-term Test(s)	20%		~	~	~		
	3. Final Examination	60%		~	~	~	~	~
	Total	100 %						
	Students must attain at least graves and the appropriate set of the appropriate set of the appropriate set of the appropriate set of the students will be assessed wit assignment, at least one mid-term that at least one mid-term that a students will be required to atter aboratory reports. These laboratory techniques and report writing. The practicing transportation engineer in test(s) will emphasize on assessing surveys and transport modelling. It c and d. The final examination will It is most appropriate to achieve the set of the set	(e) in order a of the asset the three con- test and a fir and laborator sessions wil works in th g requirement y sessions. ² ntended learn students' ba is appropriat consolidate	to atta ssment nponen nal exa y sessid l enable e labor nts. Stu The lab ning ou sic con te to ac studen	ain a p metho ts, i.e., minatio ons and e studer atory so idents v oratory stcomes neept ar hieve in ts' learn	assing ds in a the la n at the submit the sto ac essions vill hav essions a, b, c ad current ntended ning in	grade assessin borator e end o t indivi- cquire b are clo re to ex ns to to and d. ent prace l learnin lecture	in the g the i ry sess f the so dual (o basic lal basely re ert eng gether The n ctices c ng outc s and t	overall ntended ion and emester. r group) poratory lated to ineering with the iid-term of traffic omes b,

Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lectures	26 Hrs.					
	Tutorials	6 Hrs.					
	Laboratory Sessions	8 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	Reading and studying	39Hrs.					
	Completion of Assignments/Lab Reports	39Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	118 Hrs.					
Reading List and	Essential Textbooks						
References	1. Ortuzar, J.D and Willumsen, L.G. "Modelling Transport" 4th Edition, Wiley, 2011.						
	 Taylor, M.A.P, Young, W. and Bonsall, P.W., "Understanding Traffic Systems: Data, Presentation and Analysis", Avebury Technical Books: Aldershot, 1996. 						
	3. Norbert Oppenheim, "Urban Travel Demand Modelling", John Wiley & Sons. Inc., 1995.						
	 Michael J. Burton, "Introduction to Transportation Planning", 3rd Edition, Hutchinson & Co. (Publishers) Ltd., 1985. 						
	Reference Textbooks						
	1. D.A. Hensher and K.J. Button, "Handbook of Transport Modelling", Elsevier Science, 2007.						
	2. P. Stopher and C. Stecher, "Travel survey methods: quality and future directions", Elsevier, 2006.						
	 C.S. Papacosta and P.D. Prevedouros, "Transportation Engineering and Planning", Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005. 						
	 J.D. Fricker and R.K. Whitford, "Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering: A Multimodal Systems Approach", Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004. 						
	5. E. Cascetta, "Transportation Systems Engineering: Theory and Methods", Springer, 2001.						
	 C.A. O'Flaherty, "Transport Planning and Traffic Eng Heinemann, 1996. 	ineering" 4th Edition, Butterworth-					
	7. Yosef Sheffi, "Urban Transportation Networks", Prentie	ce Hall, Inc., 1985.					
	8. http://www.td.gov.hk/en/publications_and_press_releas	es/publications/index.html					
	9. http://www.hk2030.gov.hk/						

Subject Code	CSE40462
Subject Title	Environmental Impact Assessment - Theory and Practice
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Exclusion	CSE462 Environmental Impact Assessment - Theory and Practice
Objectives	To provide students with an overview of the principles and current
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand the EIA process; b. analyze major environmental issues for large development projects; c. conduct necessary monitoring and modeling tasks within an EIA cycle; d. function on multi-disciplinary teams; e. understand how the EIA process contributes to environmental protection and sustainable development; and f. to recognize the need for, and to engage in life-long learning.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Keyword syllabus: (i) Development of Environmental Impact Assessment Historical review: Environmental assessment development in the world and Hong Kong. (ii) Scope and Objectives of Environmental Impact Assessment Environmental considerations: land use, planning, development and management. EIA aims and objectives. (iii) Methodology and Assessment Techniques Methods for air, water, noise and ecology assessment. Other environmental issues (risk, visual, cultural and social-economical impacts). (iv) Monitoring and Baseline Studies Baseline studies, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental quality and regulatory requirements, Mitigation and control measures. (v) Environmental Impact Statement Role of Environmental Impact Statement, Statement scope & content.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 The subject teaching will include the following elements: (a) Lectures – to introduce the basic concepts and assessment methods; (b) Tutorials – to answer student questions in the learning processes; (c) Group discussion and presentations – to let students play different roles in the EIA process; (d) Reading materials and video presentations – to give students examples in local EIA case studies; (e) Seminars by invited speakers from relevant fields, government agencies and professional consultants; and (f) Course work.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed							
Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e	f		
	1. Continuous assessments	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Final examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark			
	Total	100%								
	Students must attain at least gra (whenever applicable) in order t							on		
	Explanation of the appropriateness learning outcomes:	s of the assessm	ent met	thods i	n asse	ssing tl	he inte	nded		
	Written examination is evaluated b	by final examination	ation.							
Student Study Effort	Class contact:				Ave	rage h	ours p	er we		
Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials / Labo 	oratory						3 H		
	Other student study effort:									
	 Coursework exercise/ Attending seminar and seminar report writing 					1.6 H				
	Self Study					4.4 H				
	Total student study effort					9 H				
Reading List and References	The following texts provide the majority of the basic materials to be covered in lecture Students will need to study other relevant publications, including local case studies an approved EIA reports.									
	 Barbara Caroll, 2002. Environmental Impact Assessment Handbook: A Practical Guid for Planners, Developers and Communities. Thomas Telford, London. 									
	2. Canter, L.W., 1996. Environmental Impact Assessment, 2nd Ed., McGraw-Hill.									
	 Christopher Wood. 2003. Environmental Impact Assessment: A Comparative Review Prentice Hall, New Jersey. 									
	4. Riki Therivel, Peter Morris, 2001. Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment Spon Press, London.									
	 Bram F. Noble, 2010. Introduction to Environmental Impact Assessment: a guide to principles and practice. Oxford University Press, Don Mills, Ont. 									
	 John Glasson, Riki Therivel, 2012. Introduction to Environmental Impact Assessment Routledge, Abingdon. 									
	7. Hong Kong Environmental Protection Department									
	http://www.epd.gov.hk/eia/									

Subject Code	CSE40475
Subject Title	Sustainable Development Strategy
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion : CSE475
Objectives	To provide students with an overview and understanding of the theory and current practices in sustainable development. Global perspective and holistic view will be emphasized. This will equip students with a sound knowledge on the methods to evaluate sustainability at global, local, corporate, and individual levels. It will also equip students with practical tool for corporate sustainability strategy and reporting.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand the fundamentals of sustainable development strategy; understand global energy balance, climate change, ozone depletion, global carbon cycle, carbon footprint, non-renewable and renewable energy; b. apply concept and knowledge on carbon footprint to real life scenarios, such as regional energy planning, personal choices of transportation options, corporate social responsibility, personal life style; c. learn how to write sustainability report in line with various internationally recognized standards and local requirement; d. master the basic knowledge and skills for climate related financial disclosure; and e. understand the practical sustainable finance products.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Sustainable Development Basics</u> The need of global sustainable development; definition, indicators, and measurements of sustainable development. <u>Issues with Global Sustainability</u> Greenhouse gases and their effects; global warming/climate change and its debates; ozone depletion; ocean acidification; United Nation's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); Hong Kong's approach toward sustainability. <u>Carbon Footprint and Renewable Energy</u> Carbon basics, global carbon reservoirs, exchanges, and balances; concept and calculation of life-cycle carbon footprint for various activities and products, such as choice of transportation, secondary energy, commercial products, different life styles, renewable energy. <u>Corporate ESG Reporting</u> Corporate governance; materiality test; stakeholder engagement; case studies. <u>Climate-related Financial Disclosure</u> Types of climate risks; four pillars of climate related financial disclosure; risk management process; case studies for real estate sector.

	 <u>Sustainable Finance Products</u> Sustainable finance; climate finance and its drivers; types of common sustainable finance products; taxonomy and green washing. 							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are used to deliver the various used to link the basic knowledge to re- group projects will be employed to c outcomes. This can provide students wit practices in the planning for sustainable sound knowledge on the methods to ev- strategies at global, local, corporate, and	al life scenar enhance the h an overviev developmen aluate and to	ios. Di learnin v and u t. This propos	scussio g obje ndersta will e	on-base ectives anding quip st	d form and le of the udents	nat and earning current with a	
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ded sub mes to				
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1. Project	15%	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Assignment	15%	~	~	~	~	~	
	3. Examination	70%	~	\checkmark	~	\checkmark		
	Total	100%						
	learning outcomes: The project, assignment and exam will to The project and assignment require st module and their observations in daily problems with critical thinking and discu to them, which will help clarify the cone development.	udents to app / life. Partici ussing with re	ply wh pants easons.	at they are rec Feedba	/ have juired ack wil	learnt analyz ll be de	in the ing the elivered	
Student Study	Class contact: Average					hours per week		
Effort Expected	Lectures/ Case Study and demonstration			3 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:							
	Self Study			6 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort 9 Hrs					9 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 R. T. Wright & D. F. Boorse (2017) Future, 13th Ed., Pearson Education. Sergio C. Capareda (2020) Introduc Press/Taylor & Francis. The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable De Hong Kong 2030: Planning Visi Assessment, Planning Department, F 	ction to Rene evelopment, T on and Stra	ewable The Uni itegy -	Energ ited Na - Strat	y Conv tions	version	s, CRO	

Subject Code	CSE40490
Subject Title	Transport Management & Highway Maintenance
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	The objective of the subject is to provide an overall understanding of the transport management concerning the movement of people and goods, the structure and management of transport organisation, road traffic, highway maintenance and management system of road pavement.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 Able to understand the transport system and the operation of various transport organisations;
	b. Able to identify the functions of various traffic management techniques and their applications;
	c. Able to understand the formulation and application of pavement management system;
	d. Able to identity major pavement defects and understand various pavement maintenance techniques.
Subject Synopsis/	1. The Transport System (2 weeks)
Indicative Syllabus	The function and provision of transport; the elements of transport system; characteristics and choice of transport modes.
	2. The Structure and Management of Transport Organization: (2 weeks)
	Privatization; Institutional and market environment, competition and regulation; The pattern of ownership; organization structures; management functions, challenges and strategic planning in transportation.
	3. Road Traffic Management: (2 weeks)
	Highway classification; parking control, statutory guidelines; junction control, signal coordination and area traffic control system; corridor control; traffic surveillance
	4. Pavement Management System: (3 weeks)
	Maintenance Assessment Rating and Costing for Highway (MARCH); pavement maintenance and rehabilitation strategy; pavement performance prediction; economic analysis and network optimization.
	5. Highway Maintenance: (3 weeks)
	Basic road maintenance operations; wet skid resistance; design and use of pavement surface treatments; structural maintenance of road pavements; use of deflection

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The underlying principles and technique maintenance will be dealt with in lectur exposed to the interdependence between required to undertake data collection and to understand the associated techniques of the formulation of traffic manage maintenance proposal. Occasionally, prinvited to give lectures on currently con maintenance projects in Hong Kong.	es. However, theories and d visualize ro in practice. I ment schem ofessionals fr	it is imp practice ad maint Individua e and th om gove	oortant the Student enance val al assignment rnment co	at the stu s will the york on s ments will lishment or industr	idents b refore b ites so a ll consis of roa y will b	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			t learning assessed		
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Assignments/site visit reports	10%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Two Tests	20%	~	~	~	~	
	3.Final Examination	70%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%		1			
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with three tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit rivisualize real pavement maintenance provide the students of pavement engineering/up site reports will enhance students' ab tests will emphasize on assessing stut transport management & highway mai learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d).	e components of the semest eports. These projects and maintenance t ility on report dents' basic ntenance. It The final exa	s, i.e., the er. The s e site vis to have technolog ting and concept is approp	e assignr tudents v its will o an insig gy in Ho and cu priate to a will con vieve the	nents/rep vill be re enable stu ht into t ng Kong cchnique. rent pra achieve isolidate intended	orts, tw quired t idents t he late: Writin The tw ctices o intende students learnin	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:			Average hours per wee			
r	Lecture/Tutorials/Site Visits				3 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:						
	Reading and Studying		4 Hrs				
	Completing of Assignments/Report	ts				2 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort		9 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Essential Textbooks 1. Gubbins, E.J., Managing Transport 2. Hibbs, J., Bus and Coach Managem 3. Macpherson, G., Highway & Tran	ent, Chapmar	n & Hall	(1996).	9).		

 White, P.R., Public Transport: Its Planning, Management and Operation, 6th Ed., Hutchinson (2017).
 Taylor, M.A.P, Young, W. and Bonsall, P.W., "Understanding Traffic Systems: Data, Presentation and Analysis", Avebury Technical Books: Aldershot (2017).
 Croney, P. and Croney, D., "The Design and Performance of Road Pavements", McGraw-Hill (1998).
 Shahin, M.Y., "Pavement Management for Airports, Roads, and Parking Lots", Springer Science+Business Media, Inc. (2005).
Reference Textbooks
1. Benson, D. and Whitehead, G., Transport and Distribution, Longman (1985).
2. Gilmour, P. Total Quality Management, Longman (1995).
3. Keys, P. and Jackson, M.C., Managing Transport Systems, Gower (1985).
 Research & Development Division, Guide notes for ROAD INSPECTION MANUAL (RIM), Highways Department (2016). Stubbs, P.C., Transport Economics, Allen & Unwin (2018).
5. Trvelove, P., Decision Making in Transport Planning, Longman (1992).
 C.S. Papacosta and P.D. Prevedouros, "Transportation Engineering and Planning", Pearson Prentice Hall (2005).
7. Thom, N., "Principles of Pavement Engineering", Thomas Telford (2014).
 Papagiannakis, A.T. and Masad E.A., "Pavement Design and Materials", John Wiley (2017).
Reference Journals
1. Bus and Coach Management
2. Highways & Transportation (IHT Journal)
3. Management Today (BIM Journal)
4. Transportation Research Record
5. Transport (CIT Journal)

Subject Code	CSE561
Subject Title	Public Transport: Operations and Service Planning
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Recommended background knowledge: It is expected that students will have a fundamental understanding of mathematics and physics consistent with undergraduate level study in science/ engineering.
Objectives	 a. To present innovative methods and advance technologies which have significant potential for improving the cost – effectiveness of public transport planning. b. To compare between traditional operations and service planning, including scheduling procedures, and system analysis approaches, which are now beginning to be applied for improvements of public transport operations. c. To deal with and to find solutions for persistent and realistic public transport problems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. to understand the public transport planning inputs and data required for transit line headway determination and timetable development; b. to utilize mathematical models and computer tools for predicting passenger demands and assessing the impacts of alternative public transport improvement measures; c. to apply optimization and analytical techniques for resource allocation and transit network design problems; and d. to exercise professional judgement and engineering sense in design and evaluation of public transit improvement measures.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Keyword Syllabus i) Overall Framework, Public Transport Planning Overview on Public transport operations and planning process; public transport planning studies. ii) Public Transport Modes Public transport modes: technology, service characteristics, performance. Comparison and selection of public transport modes. iii) Performance Measures and Data Collection Methods Performance measures: Quality of service, Operators' performance. Data collection for transit planning and performance evaluation: Manual and automated data collection techniques; passenger volume studies, transit speed and delay studies. iv) Costs and Financial Performance of transit services Types of costs. Economics concepts: cost elasticity, return to scale, production function, marginal return. Cost allocation models, fare policy. v) Transit Demand Modelling

	 vii) <u>Laboratory</u> This course will be augmented by <u>two</u> laboratories: public transport building and demand assignment; timetabling and vehicle scheduling. 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The underlying principles and tecl with in lectures. However, it interdependence between theories therefore be required to attempt associated techniques in practic problems on public transport mo sessions will be held to demonstra opportunity for students to appr computer modelling. Professional lectures on current issues of public	is important and practice exercises in e. Individu delling and s the the applica eciate the dis s from govern	nt that that in public t in the tutor al assignm system ana tions of ma ifference b ument or in	e students ransport p ials in ord nents will lysis, while thematical petween m dustry may	are exp lanning. der to un consist of e comput models a anual cal v also be in	ossed to the Students will aderstand the of numerica are laborator and to provide loculation and
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		subject lea (Please tic		tcomes to be ropriate)
Alignment with			a.	b.	c.	d.
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Continuous Assessment	40%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
outcomes	2. Written Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Total	100%				
	learning outcomes: Continuous assessment will be b				0	
	Continuous assessment will be b				0	the intendend a test.
Reading List and References	Continuous assessment will be b <u>Textbooks</u> Ceder, A., <i>Public Transit Plann</i> Butterworth-Heinemann (2007).	ased on writh	ten assignn eration: Ti	nents, lab heory, Mo	reports ar	nd a test. and Practice
	Continuous assessment will be b <u>Textbooks</u> Ceder, A., <i>Public Transit Plann</i> Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., <i>Planning</i> , Pergamon, Elsevier Sco	ased on writh ting and Opt Advanced Ma ience Ltd., C	ten assignn eration: Ti odeling for Dxford (201	nents, lab heory, Mo Transit O 03).	reports ar deling, a perations	nd a test. Ind Practice s and Servic
	Continuous assessment will be b <u>Textbooks</u> Ceder, A., <i>Public Transit Plann</i> Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., <i>.</i>	ased on writh ing and Op Advanced Me ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net , Wright,	ten assignn eration: Ti odeling for Dxford (200 work Flow J.R., Civil	heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice	reports ar deling, a perations Hall (19	nd a test. and Practice s and Servic 193).
	Continuous assessment will be b <u>Textbooks</u> Ceder, A., <i>Public Transit Plann</i> Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., <i>J</i> <i>Planning</i> , Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchic V.R., <i>Urban Transit: Ope</i> Inc. (2005).	ased on writh ing and Op- Advanced Me ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net ., Wright, Hall (2004). erations, Pla	ten assignn eration: Th odeling for Dxford (200 work Flow J.R., Civil nning and	nents, lab i heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice I and En Economic.	deling, a deling, a perations e Hall (19 vironmer s, John W	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ttal System Viley & Sons
	Continuous assessment will be b <u>Textbooks</u> Ceder, A., <i>Public Transit Plann</i> Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., . <i>Planning</i> , Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchic V.R., <i>Urban Transit: Opt</i>	ased on writh ing and Op- divanced Me ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net , Wright, . Hall (2004). Prations, Pla ., Schedule-	ten assignn eration: Ti odeling for Dxford (200 work Flow J.R., Civil nning and based Dyn	nents, lab i heory, Mo 7 Transit O 03). s, Prentice l and En Economic: amic Tran	deling, a deling, a perations e Hall (19 vironmer s, John W	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ttal System Viley & Sons
	Continuous assessment will be b Textbooks Ceder, A., Public Transit Plann Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., . Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchic V.R., Urban Transit: Opt Inc. (2005). Wilson, N.H.M. and Nuzzolo, A	ased on writh ing and Op- Advanced Me ience Ltd., C ience Ltd., Net i, Wright, . Hall (2004). erations, Pla ., Schedule- mic Publishe	ten assignn eration: Th odeling for Dxford (200 work Flow J.R., Civil nning and based Dyn rrs, Londor	nents, lab n heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice I and En Economic: amic Tran n (2004).	e Hall (19 vironmer s, John W	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ttal System 7iley & Sons <i>sling: Theor</i>
	Continuous assessment will be b Textbooks Ceder, A., Public Transit Plann Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., . Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchic V.R., Urban Transit: Opt Inc. (2005). Wilson, N.H.M. and Nuzzolo, A and Applications, Kluwer Acade Reference Books Meyer, M.D., Miller, E.J., Urba (2001). Anderson, D.R., Sweeney, D. Introduction to Management Sc Revised 13 th Edition, South-Wes	ased on writt ing and Op- Advanced Me ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net , Wright, . Hall (2004). erations, Pla , Schedule- mic Publishe n Transporta J., William: ience: Quan tern Cengage	ten assignn eration: Ti odeling for Oxford (200 work Flow J.R., Civil nning and based Dyn ers, London ation Plann s, T.A., (titative Ap e Learning	nents, lab heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice l and En Economic: amic Tran n (2004). ning, 2 nd F Camm, J. pproaches , Mason, O	eports ar deling, a perations Hall (19 vironmer s, John W usit Mode Edition, M D., Mar to Decis DH, USA	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ttal System Viley & Sons <i>cling: Theory</i> McGraw Hil tin, K., A. ion Making (2012).
	Continuous assessment will be b Textbooks Ceder, A., Public Transit Plann Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., . Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchic V.R., Urban Transit: Opt Inc. (2005). Wilson, N.H.M. and Nuzzolo, A and Applications, Kluwer Acade Reference Books Meyer, M.D., Miller, E.J., Urba (2001). Anderson, D.R., Sweeney, D. Introduction to Management Sc Revised 13 th Edition, South-Wes Ortúzar, J.de D. and Willumsen,	ased on writt ing and Op- Advanced Me ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net , Wright, . Hall (2004). erations, Pla , Schedule- mic Publishe n Transporta J., William: ience: Quan tern Cengage	ten assignn eration: Ti odeling for Oxford (200 work Flow J.R., Civil nning and based Dyn ers, London ation Plann s, T.A., (titative Ap e Learning	nents, lab heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice l and En Economic: amic Tran n (2004). ning, 2 nd F Camm, J. pproaches , Mason, O	eports ar deling, a perations Hall (19 vironmer s, John W usit Mode Edition, M D., Mar to Decis DH, USA	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ttal System Viley & Sons <i>cling: Theory</i> McGraw Hil tin, K., A. ion Making (2012).
	Continuous assessment will be b Textbooks Ceder, A., Public Transit Plann Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., . Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchie V.R., Urban Transit: Opt Inc. (2005). Wilson, N.H.M. and Nuzzolo, A and Applications, Kluwer Acade Reference Books Meyer, M.D., Miller, E.J., Urba (2001). Anderson, D.R., Sweeney, D. Introduction to Management Sc Revised 13 th Edition, South-Wess Ortúzar, J.de D. and Willumsen, Reports	ased on writt <i>ang and Op</i> <i>Advanced Me</i> ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net , Wright, Market , Wright, Market , Wright, Market <i>and Compared Market</i> <i>and Compared Market</i> <i>Advanced Market</i> <i>Advancede</i>	ten assignn eration: Th odeling for Oxford (20) work Flow J.R., Civil nning and based Dyn ers, London ation Plann s, T.A., (titative Ag e Learning ling Transp	nents, lab i heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice l and En Economic: amic Tran n (2004). ning, 2 nd E Camm, J. oproaches , Mason, C port. 4 th Ec	e Hall (19 vironmer s, John W Edition, M D., Mar to Decis DH, USA dition, W	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ntal System 7iley & Sons <i>cling: Theory</i> McGraw Hill tin, K., A: ion Making (2012). iley (2011)
	Continuous assessment will be b Textbooks Ceder, A., Public Transit Plann Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., . Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier Sc Ahuja, R.K., Magnanti, T.L., Orl ReVelle, C.S., Whitlatch, E.E Engineering, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Vuchic V.R., Urban Transit: Opt Inc. (2005). Wilson, N.H.M. and Nuzzolo, A and Applications, Kluwer Acade Reference Books Meyer, M.D., Miller, E.J., Urba (2001). Anderson, D.R., Sweeney, D. Introduction to Management Sc Revised 13 th Edition, South-Wes Ortúzar, J.de D. and Willumsen,	ased on writt ing and Op. Advanced Me ience Ltd., C in, J.B., Net , Wright, . Hall (2004). erations, Pla , Schedule mic Publishe n Transporta J., William ience: Quan tern Cengagy L.G., Model Manual, Hong	ten assignn eration: Th odeling for Oxford (20) work Flow J.R., Civil nning and based Dyn ers, Londor ation Plann s, T.A., (titative Ag e Learning ling Transj g Kong Tra	nents, lab i heory, Mo Transit O 03). s, Prentice l and En Economic: amic Tran n (2004). ning, 2 nd F Camm, J. oproaches , Mason, C port. 4 th Ec ansport De	e Hall (19 vironmer s, John W Edition, M D., Mar to Decis DH, USA dition, W	nd a test. <i>and Practice</i> <i>s and Servic</i> 193). ntal System 7iley & Sons <i>cling: Theory</i> McGraw Hill tin, K., A: ion Making (2012). iley (2011)

Subject Code	CSE562
Subject Title	Traffic Engineering and Control
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Recommended background knowledge: It is expected that students will have a fundamental understanding of mathematics, statistics, and physics consistent with undergraduate level study in science/ engineering.
Objectives	To provide knowledge of fundamental traffic flow characteristics and associated analytical methods in the planning, design, and control of transport systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. to visualize the applications of theories and practical concepts on topics of the traffic engineering and control; b. to apply the theories and practical measures on solving the encountered traffic problems;
	 c. to convey the ideas and proposed traffic control schemes to others with the support of logical concepts and survey data; and d. to work independently and collaborate with others with minimal supervision.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Keyword Syllabus a. <u>Traffic Engineering Fundamentals</u> Elements of traffic engineering; the road user, the vehicle, the road and geometric design; speed-flow-density relationship; traffic steam and capacity; level of service concept.
	 <u>Traffic Studies and Analysis</u> Volume studies; speed studies; travel time and delay studies; capacity analysis; data collection technique.
	 <u>Analytical Methods</u> Traffic stream characteristics; headway and gap distributions; traffic simulation; traffic flow theories: shock wave analysis, car following theory, queuing theory.
	 <u>Junction Design and Control</u> Types of at-grade junction; design of priority junctions, roundabouts, and signal controlled junctions; coordination of traffic signal systems.
	 <u>Traffic safety and control devices</u> Traffic control devices: pretimed, semi-actuated, actuated; accident studies and safety measures.
	 <u>Traffic management techniques</u> Urban transportation problems; Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS): Transportation System Management (TSM), Travel Demand Management (TDM), emerging technologies.
	 <u>Laboratory</u> <u>Two</u> Laboratories: calibration of traffic stream model, signal controlled junction.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will cover the general traffic engineering models, traffic theories, traffic control methods and applications;						
	Assignments, such as traffic signal control, junction design or traffic modeling will be given to students. Students need to conduct the traffic survey, data analysis and model formulation.						
	Presentations and discussions in the presentation and communication s		e students	s a groun	d for polis	shing their	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcome to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Outcomes			a.	b.	c.	d.	
	1. Continuous Assessment	40%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Final Examination	60%	~	~			
	Total	100%			1	1	
	Students must attain at least Grade D in both coursework and final examination (whenever applicable) in order to attain a passing grade in the overall result.						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes.						
	Continuous assessment will be based on lab reports and written assignments.						
Reading List and References	Dowling, R., Holland, J., and Huang, A. (2002) California Department of Transportation Guidelines for Applying Traffic Microsimulation Modeling Software.						
	May, A.D. (1990) Traffic Flow Fundamentals, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey.						
	Roess, R.P., Prassas, E.S., McShane, W.R. (2011) Traffic Engineering (4th Edition), Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey.						
	Spiegelman, C.H., Park, E.S., Rilett, L.R. (2010) Transportation Statistics and Microsimulation. Chapman & Hall/CRC.						
	Transport Planning and Design Ma	anual, Hong K	ong Trans	sport Dep	artment		

Subject Code	EE2001 / EE2001A / EE2001B
Subject Title	Applied Electromagnetics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce to students the physical laws that govern the electromagnetic phenomena commonly encountered in electrical engineering systems. To familiarise students with the techniques for solving problems in electromagnetics. To provide students the foundation of electromagnetic field theory required for pursuing the EE programme.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand that electromagnetism is based on Maxwell's equations. Interpret the physical meaning and phenomena behind Maxwell's equations. Know the meanings of physical quantities of electromagnetism and their basic relationships. b. Be able to analyse electromagnetic phenomena related to electrical engineering systems by selecting the most appropriate laws/theorems/solution techniques. c. Have hands-on experience in electromagnetic measurements.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Static fields: Electrostatics: Electric fields, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law, potential, capacitance and energy storage. Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart law, magnetic fields, Ampere's circuital law. Force on a current-carrying conductor, Lorentz force. Time-varying fields: Faraday's Law and Lenz's Law; self-inductance, mutual inductance and stored energy. Mathematical preliminaries: Vectors analysis and coordinate systems. The operators grad, div and curl. Concept of line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes's and divergence theorems. Maxwell's equations and EM waves: Maxwell's equations in integral form as a restatement of fundamentals. Differential form. The continuity equation. The displacement current. The wave equation, plane polarized wave, velocity of propagation and energy flows. Material media: Dielectric material: dipole, polarisation, permittivity and capacitors. Ferromagnetism: magnetisation curve, permeability, hysteresis and saturation. Boundary conditions. Magnetic circuits: magneto-motive force, reluctance and permeance. Solution of static field problems: Hand-mapping, numerical and computer-based methods. Estimation of conductance, inductance, capacitance and field quantities from field plots. Laboratory Experiments: Field plotting using the Electrolytic tank. Field plotting using the resistive paper.

Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiences on analysis and practical applications are given through experiments and using software, in which the students are expected to solve problems with critical and analytical thinking. Experiments are designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that the students are encouraged to take extra readings and to lool for relevant information. Software is used to help the students to understand the physical meanings of mathematical equations.					
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				
			а	b	с	
	Lectures		✓	~		
	Tutorials		✓	✓		
	Experiments		\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		subject learn to be assess	ed	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	√	 ✓ 		
	2. Class Test	18%	 ✓ 	 ✓ 		
	3. Assignment	12%	~	~		
	4. Laboratory performance & report	10%	\checkmark	~	~	
	Total	100%				
	analysis are assessed by the usual mean on analytical skills and problem-solvi teamwork, are evaluated by experiment	ing technique	s, as well a	s technical r		
Stand and Standay					rts.	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
					33 Hrs.	
	Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial				33 Hrs.	
	Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory				rts. 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs.	
	Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort:				33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs.	
	Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report				33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.	

Subject Code	EE2002 / EE2002A / EE2002B
Subject Title	Circuit Analysis
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AP10006
Objectives	 Introduce fundamental circuit theory. Develop ability for solving problems involving electric circuits. Develop skills for experimentation on electric circuits.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:a. Acquire a good understanding of fundamental circuit theory.b. Solve simple problems in electric circuits.c. Use suitable instrumentation to carry out experimental investigations to validate the theoretical investigations.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: <u>Capacitance, Inductance and First Order Transients</u> <u>Constitutive relations of capacitor and inductor.</u> Energy stored in capacitor and inductor. Introduction to time-varying circuits. Simple RC and LC circuits. Important concept of independent state variables. First-order differential equation (with simple solution of exponential form). First order transient analysis. Timedomain solution and transient behaviour of first order circuits. Steady-state Analysis of AC Circuits Phasors (rotating vectors). Steady-state analysis of circuits driven by single fixed frequency sinusoidal sources. Impedance and admittance. Analysis approach 1: phasor diagrams for simple RLC circuits. Analysis approach 2: systematic complex number analysis, i.e., same treatment as DC circuits but with complex numbers representing phase and magnitude of AC voltages and currents. Three-phase start connection. Three-phase delta connection. Line and phase voltage, line and phase current for three-phase circuits. Theorem of conservation of complex power. Power in AC Circuits Average and rms values. Complex, real, reactive, and apparent powers. Lagging, leading power and unity power factor. Effects of poor power factor. Power factor correction. Theorem of conservation of complex power. <u>Mutual Inductance and Transformer</u> Basic coupled inductance equation. Concept of ideal transformer (assuming sinusoidal voltages and currents). Dot convention. Transformer matching for maximum power transfer. Physical transformer as ideal transformer with leakage and magnetizing inductances. Applications in galvanic isolation and voltage/current level conversion.

	5. Electrical Measurement						
	Measurement uncertainties. Resistance measurement: Four-probe measurement at Wheatstone Bridge. Capacitance and inductance measurement using AC Bridge Power Measurement. Measuring three-phase power by two-wattmeter method.					C Bridges.	
	Laboratory Experiments:						
	1. Basic Instrumentation						
	2. Kirchhoff's laws and the maxin	num po	wer transfer th	eorem			
	3. RC and RL circuits						
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers, and short quizzes	a, b	knowledge comprehensi	tures, students are introduced to edge of the subject, rehension is strengthened s ctive Q&A and short quizzes.			
	Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve	a, b	In tutorials, s learnt in solv tutor.				
	Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write reports on the experiments.	b, c	using electr what they ha	acquire hands-on experience ectronic equipment and app y have learnt in lectures/tutoria mentally validate the theoretic tions.			
	Assignment	a, b	will develop	Through working assignment, student will develop a firm understanding an <i>comprehension</i> of the <i>knowledge</i> taught.			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/task		% Intended Subject Learning Weighting Outcomes to be Assessed				
Intended Learning Outcomes				а	b	с	
	1. Continuous Assessment (Tota	1 40%)	%)				
	 Assignment 		16%	✓			
	 Laboratory works and reports 		18%	~	~	~	
	 Mid-semester test/Short quizz 	es	16%	~	~		
	2. Examination		50%	~	~		
	Total		100%		1		
			1	1			

	Specific assessment methods/task	Remark			
	Assignment	Assignments are given to students to assess the competence level of <i>knowledge</i> and <i>comprehension</i> . The criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demonstrated) and level (i.e. the <i>extent</i>) of achievement will be graded. Feedback about their performance will be given promptly to students help them improvement their learning.			
	Laboratory works and reports	Students will be required to perform three experimen and submit reports on the experiments. This is to evalua the students' problem solving techniques, ability to app what they have learnt, and organization skills.			
	Mid-semester test/ Short Quizzes	There will be a mid-semester/short quizzes test to evalua students' achievement of all the learning outcomes ar give feedback to them for prompt improvement.			
	Examination	There will be an examination to assess student achievement of all the learning outcomes. These a mainly summative in nature.			
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	22 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	8 Hrs.			
	 Laboratory 	9 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	 Revision and Assignme 	43 Hrs.			
	 Report Writing 	18 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	100 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Textbook:				
References	 C.K. Alexander and M.N.O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Electric Circuits, 6th Edition New York: McGraw-Hill, 2017. 				
	References:				
	 G. Rizzoni and James K 6th Edition, New York: 	Learns, Principles and Application McGraw-Hill, 2016.	ns of Electrical Engineering		
	2. W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemm New York: McGraw-H	erly and S.M. Durbin, Engineeri ill, 2018.	ng Circuit Analysis, 9 th ed		
	3. A.H. Robbins and W.C Learning, 5 th ed., 2013.	C. Miller, Circuit Analysis: Theo	ory and Practice, Thomso		

EE2003 / EE2003A / EE2003B
Electronics
3
2
Pre-requisite for EE2003: EE2002 Pre-requisite for EE2003A: EE2002A Pre-requisite for EE2003B: EE2002B
 To introduce the principles and techniques used in the operations and analysis of fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits, including diodes and diode circuits, bipolar junction transistors (BJTs) and BJT amplifiers, metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs) and MOSFET amplifiers as well as operational amplifiers (op-amps) and op-amp circuits. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the implementation of frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources.
 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operating principles of the fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits. b. Apply the appropriate techniques to analyze the fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits. c. Implement the frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources. d. Conduct relevant laboratory experiments and report the findings with appropriate techniques and tools.
 Syllabus: <u>Diodes and Diode Circuits</u> <u>Diodes and Diode Circuits</u> Semiconductor materials and properties. Properties of p-n junctions. Structure, operation and characteristics of p-n junction diodes. Ideal and practical p-n junction diodes. Analysis of basic diode circuits. Analysis of specific diode circuits: rectifiers, peak detectors, clippers, clampers, etc. Load line concept and analysis. BJTs and BJT Amplifiers Structures, operations and characteristics of n-p-n and p-n-p BJTs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of BJT circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of BJT amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and parameters. Small-signal voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance. Loading effect. MOSFETs and MOSFET Amplifiers Structures, operations and characteristics of n-channel and p-channel MOSFETs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of not p-channel MOSFET.

	4. Op-Amps and Op-Amp Circuits							
	Transistor-level diagram and basic operation of op-amps. Ideal and practical op-amp equivalent circuits and characteristics. Golden rules. Basic op-amp circuits: inverting, non-inverting, summing, difference, integrating and differentiating amplifiers. Specific op-amp circuits: voltage follower, current-to-voltage converter, voltage-to-current converter, instrumentation amplifier etc. Design applications.							
	5. Frequency Domain Analysis							
	Power, voltage and current gains and "decibel". Concepts of tin frequency s domains. Transfer ft plot. Derivation of transfer functi sources. Implementation of Bod zero, corner/cutoff frequency as	the <i>t</i> , angular is another the <i>t</i> , angular is a network of the formation of the formatio	frequency and s dom ler ac circu nd phase p	$j\omega$ and ains. Intruits with	complex roduction sinusoid	angula 1 to Bode al driving		
	Laboratory Experiments:							
	1. EE2003-E01: Basic Diode C	ircuits.						
	2. EE2003-E02: BJT Circuits (PSIM simulati	on).					
	3. EE2003-E03: Op-Amp Circu	uits.						
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Assignments	a, b, c	Through assignments, stude learn to <i>apply</i> the appropr techniques to solve problems a <i>get familiarized</i> with the conce they have learnt.			ropriate ems and		
	Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers	a, b, c	introduc the subje	ctures, ed to th ect, and <i>c</i> ened w	omprehe	edge of ension is		
	Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve	a, b, c	In tutorials, students <i>apply</i> whethey have learnt in solving the problems given by the tutor.			ing the		
	Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write a report on one of the experiments.	a, b, d	experience in using electron equipment and <i>apply</i> what the have learnt in lectures/tutorials			nat they orials to e the		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended Subject Learning Weighting Outcomes to be Assessed						
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d		
Outcomes	1. Assignments	16%	~	~	~			
	2. Mid-semester test/ Quizzes	16%	~	~	~			
	3. Laboratory works and reports	18%	~	~	~	~		
	4. Examination	50%	~	~	~			
	Total	100%						

	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Remark			
	Assignments	Students will be given multiple assignments to evaluate their ability to apply the appropriate techniques for analysis of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits.			
	Laboratory works and reports	Students will be required to perform three experiments and submit a report on the experiments. Assessment wil be based on their ability to apply what they have learnt report organization skills, and problem-solving techniques.			
	Mid-semester test/ Quizzes	There will be test(s) to evaluate stud all the learning outcomes and give prompt improvement.			
	End-of-semester Examination	There will be an end-of-semester examination to asses students' achievement of all the learning outcomes. These are mainly summative in nature.			
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	25 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	10 Hrs.			
	 Laboratory 	10 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort				
	 Self-study and assignment 	45 Hrs.			
	 Laboratory logbook & 	10 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	100 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Textbook:				
References	 Donald A. Neamen, Microelectronics: Circuit Analysis and Design, 4th ed., Bostor McGraw-Hill, 2010. 				
	References:				
	 Adel S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith, Tony C. Carusone, and Vincent Gaudet Microelectronic Circuits, 8th international edition, NY: Oxford University Press 2021 				
	 G. Rizzoni and James Kearns, Principles and Applications of Electric Engineering, 6th ed., New York: McGraw-Hill, 2016. 				
	 W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemin New York: McGraw-J 	merly and S.M. Durbin, <i>Engineering C</i> Hill, 2018.	Circuit Analysis, 9th ed		
		.C. Miller, Circuit Analysis: Theory a	and Practice, Thomso		

Subject Code	EE2029 / EE2029B
Subject Title	Transportation Engineering Fundamentals
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the fundamental concepts of transportation engineering and transport economics. To explain the operations of real-life transportation systems; and the related engineering, economics and environmental issues. To describe the basic techniques on system analysis and economic evaluation. To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the key issues in transportation systems. b. Appreciate the problems and suggest original solutions to real-life transport problems. c. Conduct simple engineering design, basic system analysis and economic evaluation. d. Be ready to study transportation-related subjects on higher level.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Transportation systems: Introduction to transportation engineering, transportation systems engineering, transport problems and solutions in Hong Kong, sustainability of transportation systems, transportation in social, economic, environmental and political roles. The technology of transportation: Transport modes and operational characteristics, transport technology and development, technology applications in transport industry. Traffic engineering fundamentals: Elements of traffic engineering, time-space diagram, speed-flow-density relationships, traffic flow theory, queueing theory, traffic measurement, level of service. Public transportation systems: designs, management, and operations of public transportation systems; transit network structures, service reliability, adaptive bus control. Transport economics: Principles of transport economics; demand and supply for transport, from economics to transport policy, effects of transport pricing policies. Transportation system analysis: Systems approach planning and engineering; travel choice behaviours and demand modelling; transportation network analysis; decision analysis and economic evaluation of transportation projects.
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	The key concepts and techniques covered in this subject are discussed in lectures. Tutorials on specific topics, especially those on theories and numerical exercises, will be given to strengthen students' understanding. Furthermore, individual assignments and projects consisting of numerical problems let students demonstrate their level of understanding and create evidence of learning.

	Learning/Learning Methodology	/Learning Methodology Outcomes							
		a	b		с	d			
	Lectures	~	~		✓	~			
	Tutorials	\checkmark	~		✓	\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	learning ssessed							
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	d			
Outcomes	1.Assignments	40%	~	~	~	~			
	3. Final Examination	60%	~		~	~			
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with two components: 3-4 written assignments and a final exam. The written assignments will consist of numerical, descriptive, and real-system design problems to address different aspects of skills required in achieving intended learning outcomes (a), (b), (c), and (d). The final exam is conducted at the end of the semester to consolidate students' knowledge in lectures, tutorials, and class activities. It is appropriate in assessing intended learning outcomes (a), (c), and (d).								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lectures		27 Hrs.						
	Tutorials		12 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:								
	 Reading and studying 		45 Hrs.						
	Completion of assignments		16 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort		100 Hrs.						
Reading List and References	 C.F. Daganzo, Fundamentals of 2008. C.F. Daganzo and Yanfeng O Principles of System Design, Op J. Sussman, Introduction to Trans P. H. Wright, N. J. Ashford and Planning and Design, 1998 Jon D. Fricker and R.K. Whitfor A Multimodal Systems Approach E. Quinet and R. Vickerman, P Publishing Limited, 2004 J.H. Banks, Introduction to Trans 	Duyang, Pul erations Plan sportation Sy 1 R. J. Stam rd, Fundamen h. Prentice H rinciples of	blic Tran ning and stems, Bo mer, Jr., 7 ntals of T all, 2004 Transport	sportatio Real-Tin oston: Ar Franspor ransporta Econon	n Systen ne Contro tech Hou tation Eng nics, Edv	ns: Basic bl. 2019 se, 2000 gineering: ineering – vard Elgar			

Subject Code	EE2101 / EE2101B / IC2105
Subject Title	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals
Credit Value	4 Training Credits
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject offers a wide spectrum of fundamental engineering practices that are essential for a professional engineer. This subject includes Engineering Drawing and CAD, Industrial Safety and Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice, Basic Mechatronic Practice and Basic Scientific Computing that aims at providing fundamental and necessary technical skills to all year 1 student interested in engineering
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the principles and conventional representation of engineering drawings according to engineering standards and be able to use it as a medium in technical communication and documentation with CAD application, modelling and practice in engineering applications; b. Interpret basic occupational health and industrial safety requirements for engineering
	 b. Interpret oaste occupational neutrinal industrial safety requirements for engineering practice; c. Explain common electronic product safety tests; d. Develop a simple mechatronic system to solve an engineering problem; and e. Apply scientific computing software for basic computation, data visualisation and programming in science and engineering;
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 (TM8059) Engineering Drawing and CAD 1.1 Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing: Principles of engineering drawing, dimensioning and tolerances; types of drawings, such as part drawing and assembly drawing; conventional representation of common machine elements and parts; wiring diagram and wiring table for electrical installation; system block diagram for the electrical system; architectural wiring diagram. 1.2 Introduction to CAD Features of the 2D CAD system; 2D drawings techniques, such as basic object construction, annotation, dimensioning; setup of 2D plotting; general concepts on 3D computer modelling; parametric feature-based solid modelling; virtual validation and simulation, generation of 2D drawings from 3D parts and assemblies; data exchange; techniques for export files for
	 different processes (e.g. 3D printing, laser machining, VR) 2. (TM2009) Industrial Safety 2.1. Safety Management: Overview, essential elements of safety management, safety training, accident management, and emergency procedures. 2.2. Safety Law: F&IU Ordinance and principal regulations, OSH Ordinance and principal regulations. 2.3. Occupational Hygiene and Environmental Safety: Noise hazard and control; dust hazard and control; ergonomics of manual handling.

	-		
		2.4.	Safety Technology: Mechanical lifting, fire prevention, dangerous substances and chemical safety, machinery hazards and guarding, electrical safety, first aid, job safety analysis, fault tree analysis, and personal protective equipment.
	3.	<u>(TM1</u>	116) Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice
		3.1 3.2	Use of basic electronic test instruments, current and voltage measurements, waveform measurement, power supply and signalsources; Electronic product safety standards; electronic product test methods, such as high voltage isolation test, insulation resistance test, continuity test, leakagecurrent measurement, electrostatic discharge (ESD) Test etc.
	4.	(TM	0510) Basic Mechatronic Practice
		4.1.	Definitions of mechatronics; mechatronic system design approach; key elements of a mechatronic system, such as sensor and actuator, mechanical drives, digital control, signal conditioning, and human-machine interfaces.
		4.2.	Introduction of design and operation of typical mechatronic systems, such as robotic arms, elevator systems, mobile robots, manufacturing and logistic system;
		4.3.	Design of mechatronic system using programmable controllers and development software such as PLC and Microcontroller system; use of simulation software packages to support system prototyping.
	On	e of th	e following as decided by hosting programme
	5.	<u>(TM3</u>	014) Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB
		5.1.	Overview of the scientific computing with MATLAB; interactive calculations, variables, vectors, matrices and string; mathematical operations, polynomial operation, data analysis and curve fitting; file I/O functions; basic 2D and 3D plots.
		5.2.	M-file programming & debugging; scripts, functions, logic operations, flow control; introduction to the graphical user interface.
	6.	<u>(TM3</u>	300) Basic Scientific Computing with Python
		6.1.	Overview of the scientific computer with Python. Basic data structures and data operations; script programming and debugging; logic operations, flow control and graphical userinterfaces.
		6.2.	Use of functions and common Python packages for data manipulation and processing.
		6.3.	Data visualization by using graphics packages;
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	work back com impo in-de tasks cove	ts. The ground munica ortance opth kn s. The red in	ng and learning methods include lectures, workshop tutorials, and practical e lectures are aimed at providing students with an overall and concrete d knowledge required for understanding key issues in engineering ation, the use of standard engineering components and systems, and the of industrial safety. The workshop tutorials are aimed at enhancing students' iowledge and ability in applying the knowledge and skills to complete specific practical works aim at facilitating students to review the diverse topics this course and perform active learning with research, practice, questioning, methods the training students to review the diverse topics
	and	5100101	m-solving in a unified activity.

Assessment Methods in		9/ Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed									
Alignment with	Assessment Methods	Assessment Methods		% weighting		Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed a b c d e					
Intended Learning	Continuous Assessm	ent	weight	ing	a	U	C	u	e		
Outcomes	1. Assignments/ Pro		Refer t	-	~	\checkmark	~	~	~		
	2. Test		Modul Descri	-		~		~	~		
	3. Report/ Logbook	c .	Form				✓	\checkmark			
	Total		100%								
	Assessment Methods	Assessment Methods									
	1. Assignment /		ment a					et and apply			
	Project					odically the	-		-		
	2. Test Test is design on specific to				students to	review u	neir un	derstanding			
	3. Report / Logbook Report / Logbook										
		acquiring a deep understanding of the topics of the training and to present those concepts clearly.									
Student Study Effort Expected	Class Contact	ТМ	18059	TM2	2009	TM1116	TM0	510	TM3014 or TM33(
.	• Mini-lecture 1		Hrs.	7 Hrs	s.	2 Hrs.	6 Hrs		6 Hrs.		
	• In-class Assignment/ Hands-on Practice	Assignment/ 40 H		8 Hrs	s.	4 Hrs.	21 Hr	rs.	15 Hrs.		
	Other Study Effort										
	Nil										
	Total Study Effort				120 Hrs.						
Reading List and	Reference Software L	list:									
References	1. AutoCAD from Autodesk Inc.										
	2. SolidWorks from Dassault Systèmes Solidworks Corp.										
	3. MATLAB from The Mathworks Inc.										
	4. Python from Python Software Foundation										
	Reference Standards and Handbooks: 1. BS EN ISO 128 – Technical product documentation. General principles of representation										
	representation 2. Cecil H. Jensen, et al, Engineering Drawing and Design, McGraw-Hill,2008										
	 Cech H. Jehsen, et al, Engineering Drawing and Design, McGraw-Fini, 2008 IEEE Standard 315 / ANSI Y32.2 / CSA Z99 Graphic Symbols forElectrical and Electronics Diagrams. 										
	 4. IEC 61082 Preparation of Documents used in Electrotechnology. 										
	Reference Books:										
	Training material, manual and articles published by Industrial Centre.										

Subject Code	EE2103 / EE2103B / IC2113
Subject Title	IC Training I (TSE)
Credit Value	4 Training Credits
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To provide trainees with simulated working environments and training of industrial practices. This subject covers a wide range of fundamental electrical engineering application technology that including electrical installation practice, lighting and electrical system design, LV switchboard and power monitoring, integral building system and basic electronic practice. To provide the students with knowledge of principles and techniques in some site practices to enable them to appreciate the builder's work associated with pavement and highway construction.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. identify relevant engineering theories and principles and to apply them in hands-on training exercises to determine system feasibility; b. compare and contrast conceptual design, develop actual work sequences and methods for various electrical installations; c. recognize the engineering standards, regulations and practices to undertake the design, construction, testing and commissioning electrical distribution and control system in buildings; d. identify good practices and workmanship in structural concrete & steelwork; describe actual work sequences and methods to keep abreast of technology development and construction engineering practices in association with highway construction; and e. identify and relate relevant fundamental engineering theories and principles of site formation and anchorage practice cextend their knowledge and understanding in pavement construction and in highway construction;
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 (TM0367) Lighting and Electrical System Design Interior lighting design and calculation; daylight illumination consideration; lumens and reflectors; T5, T8 and T11 lamps; energy conservation. Introduction of low-voltage power distribution system and code of practices of electrical design in Hong Kong; examine architectural drawings; design lighting and electrical services; prepare layout drawings and schematics. (TM0372) Electrical Installation, Basic Automation and Electronic Practice Wiring for conventional low voltage installations and intelligent building control systems (EIB and DALI); final lighting and power circuits, control gears and protective devices; inspection, testing. Introduction of programmable controller systems, sensors, actuators, drives, timers, counters, ladder logic programming and testing. Identification of electronic circuit components, soldering and de-soldering, Dry film process, Etching process.

vork membe associated p (<u>inderground</u> (s) orms, materi nwork. eetal scaffold	n concre I Reinfor er formv gn and c ed in cc ers; unde practica <u>I Utility</u>	te mixin rcemen work; E construct onstruct erstand il proble	ng, plac t types, Detect co ction of ion ind connec	sizes, c over an a simpl	letailing, d size of e precast								
Understand s in a timbe ctures. Desig sections use ork membe associated (inderground rs) orms, materi nwork. tetal scaffold	l Reinfor er formv gn and c ed in cc ers; undo practica <u>l Utility</u>	rcemen work; E construct onstruct erstand il proble	t types, Detect co ction of ion ind	sizes, c over an a simpl	letailing, d size of e precast								
Understand s in a timbe ctures. Desig sections use ork membe associated (inderground rs) orms, materi nwork. tetal scaffold	l Reinfor er formv gn and c ed in cc ers; undo practica <u>l Utility</u>	rcemen work; E construct onstruct erstand il proble	t types, Detect co ction of ion ind	sizes, c over an a simpl	letailing, d size of e precast								
vork membe associated p (<u>inderground</u> (s) orms, materi nwork. eetal scaffold	ers; unde practica <u>l Utility</u>	erstand 1 proble	connec		teelwork								
vork membe associated p (<u>inderground</u> (s) orms, materi nwork. eetal scaffold	ers; unde practica <u>l Utility</u>	erstand 1 proble	connec		teelwork								
rs) orms, materi nwork. aetal scaffold	-	Survey			 Structural Steelwork Recognize common structural steel sections used in construction industry; steelwork properties, cutting, drilling of steelwork members; understand connection methods of steel members. Use of steelwork and associated practical problems in temporary work; corrosion protection of steelwork. 								
orms, materi nwork. letal scaffold	ials; too		and An	choring	for TSE								
tfety. Iding. hrs) r Survey ound pipe sy 7.5 hrs) rstems comr anchor bolt: include lectt techniques engthened th r the develop Id environm	ystems monly u ts and ar ures, wo s and re hrough to ppment o	I falsew used in achor st orkshop lated te the prac	highwa rength t tutoria echnolog	ay proje tester. ils, and gies to cercises	practical students. and case								
	Inte		0	Outcor	nes								
%		A	Assessed	a									
weighting	a	b	с	d	e								
	~	~	~										
40%		~	1										
40%	~	~	✓										
	✓ ✓		1	1									
	-	30% ✓ 30% ✓	30% ✓ ✓	30% ✓ ✓ 30% ✓ ✓	30% ✓ ✓ 30% ✓ ✓								

	Assessment Methods		Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed						
	(TM1245) Structural Concrete and Steelwork for EE TSE (DG)	weighting	а	b	с	d	e		
	1. Test	30%				~			
	2. Report	70%				~			
	Total	100%							
	Assessment Methods		Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed						
	(TM1244) Formwork, Scaffolding, Underground Utility Survey and Anchoring for TSE	% weighting	a	b	с	d	e		
	1. Assignments	30%					~		
	2. Test	30%					~		
	3. Report	40%					~		
	Total	100%							
	Assignment is designed to facilitate students to reflect and apply the knowledge periodically throughout the training.								
	Test is designed to facilitate students to review the breadth and depth of their understanding on specific topics.								
	Report is designed to facilitate students to acquire deep understanding on the topics of the training and to present those concepts clearly.								
Student Study	Class Contact								
Effort Expected	 Workshop / In-Class Pract 	tice	120 Hı						
	Other Study Effort		0 H						
	Total Study Effort	Total Study Effort 120 Hr							
Reading List and References	Total Study Effort 120 H 1. Training materials, manual and articles published by the Industrial Centre. 2. EMSD, Code of Practice for the Electricity (Wiring) regulations, 2020 Edition 3. IET wiring regulation, 18th Edition. 4. BS1377-1 (2016), "Methods of Test for Soils for Civil Engineering Purposes. General requirements and sample preparation", BSI 5. Wong & Allen (2009). "The Hong Kong Conduit Condition Evaluation Codes". Utility Training Institution (UTI), Hong Kong, China. 6. Hilti Corporation (2021), "Anchor fastening technology manual", Hilti								

Subject Code	EE3002 / EE3002A / EE3002B
Subject Title	Electromechanical Energy Conversion
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion Objectives	Pre-requisite for EE3002: EE2002 Pre-requisite for EE3002A: EE2002A Pre-requisite for EE3002B: EE2002B 1. To provide students a general knowledge on common types of electric machines. 2. To provide students the basic techniques of steady-state electric machine analysis.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 To provide students the basic techniques of steady-state electric machine analysis. Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Explain the construction, operating principles, performance characteristics, control and applications of major types of rotating electric machines. Analyse the steady-state performance of electric machines using appropriate equivalent circuit models. Operate practical electric machines and to conduct relevant tests and experiments. Present results of electric machine studies in the form of tables, graphs, and written reports.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction: Principles of motors and generators. Materials for electric machines. Types of electric machines and applications. Losses and efficiency. Machine rating: Temperature rise and cooling methods. Heating and cooling curves. Thermal ratings. Machine nameplate. Windings: Phase and commutator windings. Winding factors. E.M.F. equation. Harmonics. Production of rotating magnetic field. D.C. machines: Construction. E.M.F equation. Armature reaction and commutation. Characteristics of shunt, series and compound machines. Testing. Speed control. Universal motor. Brushless d.c. motor. Synchronous machines: Construction. Synchronous impedance. Voltage regulation. Synchronising. Performance on infinite busbars. Power/load angle relationship. Stability. Synchronous motor. Induction machines: Squirrel cage and wound-rotor types. Equivalent circuit. Torque-slip relationship. Starting, braking and generating. Testing. Speed control. Single-phase induction motors. Laboratory Experiments: Load test, efficiency and speed control of a d.c. motor. Performance evaluation of a three-phase cage induction motor. Synchronous generator synchronization.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly tutorials. Excel programmes are us and for conducting 'what-if' analy experience in operation and control students to practise written and grap	sed to clarify c vsis. Laborator of practical ma	concepts o y work pr achines, w	f electric ovides st	machin tudents l	es learnt hands-on		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outco	omes			
			а	b	с	d		
	Lectures		~	~	√			
	Tutorials		~	~				
	Laboratory work			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		l subject l es to be as	ssessed			
Intended Learning			a	b	c	d		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	 ✓ 	 ✓ 	 ✓ 	~		
	2. Mid-term Test	20%	✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	 ✓ 		
	3. Laboratory work and reports	15%	✓	✓ ✓	~	~		
	4. Assignment Total	5%	~	v				
	It is a fundamental subject on elec concepts, operating principles and assignment, tests, and examination machines and technical communica	applications a . The outcome	re assesse s on prac	ed by the tical ope	usual r ration of	neans of f electric		
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 					33 Hrs.		
	Laboratory					6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:							
	Revision, self-study, and assignment				43 Hrs.			
	Write-up of laboratory reports				18 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort			100 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. M.S. Sarma And M.K.Pathak, " 2. S.A. Nasar, Schaum's Outline Electromechanics, 2 nd Edition, 1	of Theory and	Problems					

Subject Code	EE3003 / EE3003A / EE3003B
Subject Title	Power Electronics and Drives
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To understand the characteristics and operation of power electronics devices. To expose the students to the conversion and utilization of large amount of electrical power using latest power semiconductor devices and modern control techniques. To ensure the students develop an understanding of various drive systems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Be able to explain major semiconductor devices that can be used as switches, and their electrical characteristics which include basic idealised models as well as extension to some important non-ideal characteristics both verbally and in written form. b. Be able to explain the processes of efficient energy conversion through the use of power semiconductor switches. c. Be able to apply the concepts of switching power conversion to analyse a variety of circuits including: i. DC to DC conversion ii. AC to DC conversion iii. DC to AC conversion d. Be able to present the results of study and experiments in the form of a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power electronics fundamentals: Power conversion, energy balance principle, review of fundamentals. Power semiconductor devices: Diodes, power transistor, MOSFET, SCR, GTO, IGBT, switching characteristics. DC-DC converters: Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost DC-DC converters, duty cycle controller, switched mode power supply. AC-DC rectifiers: Uncontrolled and controlled single-phase and three-phase rectifiers, terminal characteristics, supply and load interactions. DC/AC inverters: Basic single-phase bridge inverters, voltage and frequency control, harmonic reduction. Electric drive systems: Introduction to electric drives system, applications for conservation of energy, DC electric drives.
	DC-DC converters OrCAD simulation of power electronic circuits

Teaching/Learning	Lectures, tutorials, and assignments are effective teaching methods:								
Methodology	1. To provide an overview or outline of the subject.								
	2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge to the students.								
	 To explain difficult ideas and concepts of the subject. 								
	4. To motivate and stimulate students interest.								
	5. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning.								
	 To encourage students responsibility for their learning by extra reference book reading and computer-based circuit <u>simulations.</u> 								
	Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject:								
	1. To supplement the lecturing materia	ls.							
	2. To add real experience for the studen								
	3. To provide deep understanding of th	5							
	4. To enable students to organise principle and challenge ideas.								
	Teaching/Learning Methodology				comes				
				b V	c V	d			
	Assignments			-					
	Lectures Tutorials	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ (
				~	~	√			
	Laboratory works					v			
Assessment	Specific assessment methods/tasks	%	Intond	ad subia	at laarnii				
Methods in Alignment with	specific assessment methods tasks	weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d			
Outcomes	1. Examination	55%	✓	~	✓				
	2. Midterm tests/Quizzes	18%	\checkmark	~	✓				
	3. Laboratory performance & reports	12%				~			
	4. Assignments	15 %	~	✓	~				
	Total	100%							
	The understanding on theoretical principle and practical considerations, analytical skil and problem solving technique will be evaluated. Examination, class tests, assignment laboratory sections and reports are an integrated approach to validly assess student performance with respect to the intended subject learning outcomes.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 					33 H			
	 Laboratory 					6 H			
	Other student study effort:								
	Laboratory preparation/report					12 H			
	 Self-study and assignments 				48 H				
	- Sen-study and assignments								

Reading List and	Textbooks:
References	1. Power Electronics, a First Course - Ned Mohan, Wiley, 2012
	 Muhammad H. Rashid, Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2004
	Reference books:
	1. Robert W. Erickson, Fundamentals of Power Electronics, Springer, 3rd edition, 2020
	 Bimal K. Bose, Power Electronics and Variable Frequency Drives: Technology and Applications, IEEE Press, 1997
	3. Philip T. Krein, Elements of Power Electronics, Oxford University Press, 1998
	4. R. Krishnan, Electric Motor Drives: Modeling, Analysis, and Control, Prentice-Hall, 2001
	5. Ned. Mohan, Electric Drives: An Integrative Approach, Minnesota Power Electronics Research & Education, 2003

Subject Title Systems and Control Subject Title Systems and Control Credit Value 3 Level 3 Pre-requisite/ Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Co-requisite/ Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Subject Intended 1. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of control systems. Subject Intended Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. C. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Image: Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula J. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula J. Time domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, Bode Diagrams, Giain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots.		
Credit Value 3 Level 3 Pre-requisite/ Exclusion Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Objectives 1. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of control systems. 2. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives and control. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus 1. Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. 2. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Lectrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transduers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula 3. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. 4. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controller tuning. Ziegler-Nichols tuning, Model-based tuning, internal mode control. Sensitivities and Design Tradeoffs <th>Subject Code</th> <th>EE3005 / EE3005A / EE3005B</th>	Subject Code	EE3005 / EE3005A / EE3005B
Level 3 Pre-requisite/ Exclusion Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Objectives 1. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of control systems. 2. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives and control. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus 1. Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. 2. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula 3. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion. Root-locus analysis 4. Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. 5. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID con	Subject Title	Systems and Control
Pre-requisite/ Exclusion Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Objectives 1. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of control systems. 2. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives and control. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus 1. Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Nichols plots, S. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controller tuning, Ziegler-Nichols tuning, Model-based tuning, internal mode control. Sensitivities and Design Tradeoffs Common Challenges: Fuzzy control, neural network control, AI control. Laboratory Experiment:	Credit Value	3
Co-requisite/ Exclusion In To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of control systems. Objectives 1. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of control systems. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus 1. Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus 1. Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. 2. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula 3. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. 5. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Control sensitivities and Design Tradeoffs 6. Common Challenges: Fuzzy control, neural network control, Al control. Labora	Level	3
 Subject Intended Learning Outcomes 2. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives and control. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transfuer functions, Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Root-locus analysis Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, Bode Diagrams, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Control Sensitivities and Design Tradeoffs Common Challenges: Fuzzy control, neural network control, AI control. Laboratory Experiment: 	Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111
Learning Outcomes a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus 1. Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. 2. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula 3. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Root-locus analysis 4. Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Firequency response, Bode Diagrams, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. 5. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controllers, Controllers, Control. Laboratory Experiment:	Objectives	2. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives
 Indicative Syllabus Control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Root-locus analysis Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, Bode Diagrams, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controller tuning. Ziegler-Nichols tuning, Model-based tuning, internal mode control. Sensitivities and Design Tradeoffs Common Challenges: Fuzzy control, neural network control, AI control. Laboratory Experiment: 	Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems.b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems.c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems.
	Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. Differential equation, State space, Transfer functions, Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Root-locus analysis Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, Bode Diagrams, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controller tuning. Ziegler-Nichols tuning, Model-based tuning, internal mode control. Sensitivities and Design Tradeoffs Common Challenges: Fuzzy control, neural network control, AI control. Laboratory Experiment:
Fuzzy controller		

Methodology	theories. Experiments are designed to supplement the lecturin are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant							
	Teaching/Learning Meth	odology	Outcomes					
			а	b	с	d		
	Lectures		✓	~	~			
	Tutorials		~	~	~			
	Experiments		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in			1					
Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended s assessed	subject lear	rning outco	mes to be		
Outcomes			а	b	с	d		
	1. Examination	60%	~	~	\checkmark			
	2. Class test	15%	~	~	\checkmark			
	3. Laboratory reports	15%	~	~		~		
	4. Assignment	10%	~	~	\checkmark			
	Total	100%						
	The outcomes on analysis and design are assessed by the usual means of examination and tests whilst those on technical reporting and presentation are evaluated by the experiments and reports.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial				33 Hrs			
	Laboratory				6 Hr			
	Other student study effort	:						
	 Laboratory preparatio 		12 Hrs					
	 Self-study, revision ar 	nd assignment				49 Hr		
	Total student study effort					100 Hr		
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. M.F. Golnaraghi and H Hall, 2017 2. R.C. Dorf and R.H. Bi							

Subject Code	EE3010 / EE3010A / EE3010B
Subject Title	Summer Practical Training
Credit Value	3 training credits (not counted towards GPA)
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To give students an exposure to the industrial/engineering working environments before they complete their program of study. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broader perspective. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense of responsibility.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 INDICATIVE CONTENT In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out a minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: Basic skills in undertaking practical training Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc. (II) Progress Monitoring During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to record their progress. The journal may include: Location: Summarize where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organization. Responsibilities: Describe the actual responsibilities. Explain the role in terms of the mission of the immediate work team. Skills and Knowledge: Describe how the knowledge and skill set evolved during the work experiences. Explain how these are relevant to the academic studies and future goals.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 (III) Learning Evaluation After the completion of practical training, students are required to submit about the work experience. It provides an opportunity for the student to reflet the learning gained at the work site. The framework of the report includes: A summary of the report. Detail description of activities carried out during the placement, minimum 4 A self-reflection: students articulate their thinking about each piece in the rewell as on the entire report. Through this process of reflection, student connections between work experience and university-based learning, constr knowledge, and become increasingly aware of themselves as learners. Conclusion: after reflection on their workplace experience, students set gedirections for future learning. Examples of valid industrial placement Full-time placement in a suitable organization for 6 weeks. Assisting in PolyU activities that have an external collaboration or component such as, Innovation and Technology Fund projects, IGARD phigh-level consultancy projects, collaborative research projects that undertaken with external organizations, jobs undertaken by the Industrial Ca a service for an external organization. Placement within the IAESTE (International Association for the Exch. Students for Technical Experience) Programme in which the student is atta a workplace abroad during the training. The student works on his/her final-year degree project which involves an in partner or external client. The student need not be placed in the company b frequent visits to ensure that the project will meet the specifications require company/client. 					
	students consult with teaching staff on a one-to-one basi					
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outer	mes	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	-	а	Outec b	omes c	d
	Teaching/Learning Methodology Industrial placement		a ✓			d ✓
Assessment Methods in		% Weighting	✓ Intende outcom	b ✓ d subject 1 es to be as	c ✓ earning sessed	✓ ✓
	Industrial placement Specific assessment methods/tasks	Weighting	✓ Intende outcom a	b ✓ d subject 1 es to be as b	c ✓ earning sessed c	√ d
Methods in Alignment with	Industrial placement Specific assessment		✓ Intende outcom	b ✓ d subject 1 es to be as	c ✓ earning sessed	✓ ✓
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Industrial placement Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Placement Report 2. Placement Questionnaire	Weighting 100% 0% sessed by mea	✓ Intende outcom a ✓	b v d subject 1 es to be as b v v	c earning sessed c v v	→
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	Industrial placement Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Placement Report 2. Placement Questionnaire (Compulsory item) The outcomes on this subject are ass	Weighting 100% 0% sessed by mea	✓ Intende outcom a ✓	b v d subject 1 es to be as b v v	c earning sessed c v v	→
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Industrial placement Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Placement Report 2. Placement Questionnaire (Compulsory item) The outcomes on this subject are ass questionnaire to industrial supervisor	Weighting 100% 0% sessed by mea	✓ Intende outcom a ✓	b d subject 1 es to be as b v dent learni	c earning sessed c v v	→
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	Industrial placement Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Placement Report 2. Placement Questionnaire (Compulsory item) The outcomes on this subject are ass questionnaire to industrial supervise Class contact:	Weighting 100% 0% sessed by mea	✓ Intende outcom a ✓	b d subject 1 es to be as b v dent learni	c earning sessed c v v	→
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	Industrial placement Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Placement Report 2. Placement Questionnaire (Compulsory item) The outcomes on this subject are ass questionnaire to industrial supervise Class contact: Other student study effort:	Weighting 100% 0% sessed by mea	✓ Intende outcom a ✓	b d subject 1 es to be as b v dent learni	c earning sessed c v v	d \checkmark as well as

Subject Code	EE3012 / EE3012B					
Subject Title	Transport Operations Modelling					
Credit Value	3					
Level	3					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil					
Objectives	 To introduce analytical, meso and micros transport operations modelling. 	scopic sim	ulation tec	hniques for		
	2. To provide a sound understanding of the the modelling.	eories used	in transpor	t operations		
	3. To enable building, calibration and validation	of transpor	t models.			
	 To be aware of the simplifications in modelli results. 	ng and how	w to interpre	et modelling		
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be a	ble to:				
Outcomes	a. Understand the fundamentals and theoretical knowledge of transport modelling and simulation					
	b. Formulate, apply and assess the transport modelling techniques					
	c. Understand the strength and limitations of var	ious transp	ort models			
Subject Synopsis/	• Introduction to transport operations modelling	g (macro, m	leso and mic	ero)		
Indicative Syllabus	• Car following and lane changing models – Gip					
	• Use of microscopic simulation software (SUMO, Aimsun or Vissim)					
	Model calibration and validation Call Transmission Model (CTM)					
	 Cell Transmission Model (CTM) Signalised intersections analysis and optimisation 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly through form tutorials. Assignments and projects provide s modelling, calibration and validation, while re- practise writing skill.	students h	ands-on ex	perience in		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes			
		а	b	с		
	Lectures	~	~	~		
	Tutorials	~	~	~		
	Assignments and Projects	~	~	~		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
			а	b	с			
	1. Written Examination	50%	~	~	~			
	2. Test	15%	\checkmark	~	\checkmark			
	3. Assignments	15%	\checkmark	~	\checkmark			
	4. Projects	20%		~	\checkmark			
	Total	100 %		1	1			
	Examination and test allow asse design and application. Assignm apply analytic and simulation m performance.	ents and projects	enable stud	lents to exp	lore and			
Student Study Effort	Class contact:							
Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 	39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:							
	 Assignments and Project 	35 Hrs.						
	 Self-study 	33 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort				107 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	• D. Ni, Traffic Flow Theory Numerical Techniques, Else		Experiment	al Methods	, and			

Subject Code	EE3013 / EE3013B			
•				
Subject Title	Transportation Data Analytics			
Credit Value	3			
Level	3			
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Co-requisite of EE3013: EE2029 Co-requisite of EE3013B: EE2029B			
Objectives	 To introduce various types of transport assess, analyze, and assist the modeling of To equip the students with modeling an data. To enable the students to understand transportation data and methods to deal w To prepare the students for tackling re data, with a combination of deep un analytical skills. 	of transportation d analysis teo d problems vith them. al-world tran	on systems. chniques for and issues sportation pr	transportation in real-world oblems using
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students wil a. Demonstrate theoretical knowledge of tra b. Apply appropriate data analytics methods transportation data and interpret the resul c. Understand problems and issues in real-w problems and issues 	insportation d s and tools to lts	various types	
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Diagnosis of roadway traffic using fivehicle sensor data, bottleneck detection, Estimation of vehicle queue length and d Modeling passenger and vehicle traffic using transit passenger behave estimation Modeling travel behavior using travel regression 	and delay ca elay at traffic sing Bluetootl vior using ri	lculation signals h and Wi-Fi s dership data	ensor data , travel time
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly through tutorials. Assignments and projects provide modelling, estimation, and analysis of pr report-writing enables students to practise wr Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials	e students ha actical transp iting skill.	nds-on exper portation pro Outcomes b ✓ ✓	c c
	Assignments and Projects	~	~	~

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subj to be assessed a	ect learning outcomes l b c				
	1. Individual assignments	60%	~	~	~			
	2. Group projects	40%	~	~	~			
	Total	100 %						
	Individual assignments and gr analytical and tool-based data systems' characteristics and assignments and group projec results, link them to practical iss	a modelling performance. ts) enables	techniques to Report-writi students to in	o evaluate t ng (for bot terpret the	ransportation h individual data analysis			
Student Study Effort	Class contact:							
Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 	39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:							
	 Individual assignments 	35 Hrs.						
	Self-study				33 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	107 Hrs.						
Reading List and References	 Richard J. Larsen and Morris L. Marx, An Introduction to Mathemat Statistics and Its Applications, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2012. Robert S. Pindick and Daniel L. Rubinfeld, Econometric Models and Econom Forecasts, 4th Edition, Irwin/McGraw-Hill, 1998. Jeremy Watt, Reza Borhani and Aggelos K. Katsaggelos, Machine Learn Refined: Foundations, Algorithms, and Applications, Cambridge Univer- Press, 2016. Marco Gori, Machine Learning: A Constraint-Based Approach, Mor- 							

Subject Code	EE4006 / EE4006A / EE4006B
Subject Title	Individual Project
Credit Value	6
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: The student should have completed most of the subjects required in previous years of the programme before taking this subject.
Objectives	 To provide an opportunity for students: 1. to apply specialized professional engineering knowledge independently in the creative design, implementation, managing and evaluation of an engineering project, and 2. to identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate the findings in an oral and written report format.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. To apply specialized knowledge independently. b. To identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate what is achieved orally and in a written report. c. To develop a project which is creative, rich in intellectual content and sufficiently challenging. d. To monitor the progress of a project from concept to final implementation and testing, through problem definition and the selection of alternative solutions. e. To synthesize and apply their knowledge and analytical skills gained in various engineering domains. f. To build self confidence, demonstrate independence, and develop professionalism by successfully completing the project in a competent manner.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Choice of Project Projects are proposed by staff or by an industrial partner. Projects may also be jointly proposed by student and staff. Industrial experience, research and consultancy activities are fertile ground for ideas. Project Plan At the beginning of the project, students are required to submit a clear project proposal. The plan should not be too long but should cover such items as: an abstract problem statement and objectives brief literature research initial problem identification preliminary suggestion on methodology preliminary suggestion on methodology c stemate and references Interim Progress Report and Presentation At about the midpoint of the project, students should have executed their projects for a few months and they need to submit an Interim Progress Report and carry out a presentation to summarize their progress. This gives the supervisor and an assessor a formal opportunity than at discussions to indicate his/her assessment of student's progress and to eliminate discrepancies if necessary.

Final Project Report A good project schedule includes adequate time for preparing a report of an appropriate standard. The final report should be submitted in Week 10 of the Second Semester. This will be given to the Assessment Panel (see Assessment below) for understanding of the student's work and for assessment purpose. To ensure that the project report is prepared properly and with appropriate standard, students must first submit a draft of the report to the supervisor for comments before its final submission. At the end of the project, each project is assessed by an Assessment Panel with three members, including two examiners and the project Supervisor. The Project Supervisor will provide information on students' progress, initiative and ability to work independently. The Supervisor will also be in a position to contribute views on the student's technical achievement. All members of the Assessment Panel will grade the project report. Other assessors will also mark the presentation that includes the following activities:: I listening to the student's presentation (can be a video clip), examining the student during the poster presentation, and evaluate the project's outcome based on the demonstration (can be a video clip).
Assessment In assessing the project, the assessors will typically consider the following aspects: a. Intellectual achievement; b. In-depth understanding of the topic and other related topics; c. Quantity and quality of work done, including design and construction of equipment, experimentation, mathematical models, program writing, verification; d. Presentation including the written report, presentation and response to questions. Examiners will ensure that all aspects of the project are thoroughly considered before arriving at the grade to be awarded to the project. In arriving at their decision, the examiners should bear in mind their experiences in respect of the achievements of other projects in the Department in the current and previous years.
Method of Assessment: 100% continuous assessment
 (I) Formal Project Proposal Students are required to submit a formal project proposal. This will contribute to 5% of the final grade. The contents of the proposal should include: A. An abstract and objectives of the project B. Proposed specifications of the product C. Summary of the literature search D. Proposed approach/methodology to be used E. Some brief descriptions on the theory of the approach/methodology F. Schedule and milestones of the project G. References Assessment Criteria
 Literature research. Project plan Problem definition and methodology. Writing quality.
 (II) The Interim Progress Report Students are required to submit an interim progress report at about the middle of project duration. This will contribute to 10% of the final grade. The contents of the progress report should include: A summary and objectives of the project. A brief outline of the theory. C. Work that has been carried out up to the date. D. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory. E. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them.

F. Proposed timetable / schedule for the rest of the work up to the end of the project.

 G. Difficulties expected in the coming period. H. References Assessment Criteria 1. Abstract and introduction 2. Methodology 2. Division exercise 		Assessment Criteria 1. Technical concept/knowled, 2. Intellectual level, response 3. Demonstration and engined 4. Presentation skill and lange	to questions pring accompl	ishmen	t				
 Preliminary results Project management and overall presentation of the report (III) Mid-term progress presentation Student is required to present the progress to an assessor after the submission of the Interim Progress Report. The presentation will contribute to 10% of the final grade. Assessment Criteria Technical concept/knowledge/application Up-to-date progress and preliminary results Response to questions Presentation skill and language competence. (IV) The Final Report The final report should contain all works carried out by the student in the project. The final project report should contain all works carried out by the student in the project. The final concept of the final report should be at least 45 pages in standard report format. Students are advised to form a framework for the report first, and then proceed to the formation of the titles of the chapters. The titles and structure of the sections within each chapter are then decided. Continuing the process, each section may be further expanded into appropriate sub-sections, divisions and sub-divisions etc., until a complete framework is formed. The final report will contribute to 40% of the final grade. The content of the final report will contribute to 40% of the final grade. The content of the project. B. Objectives of the project (sepecially any change from the original aims). C. The motivation behind the project and a brief outline of the project work. 	Teaching/Learning Methodology	(VI) Continuous Assessment The supervisor of the project following items. This will con 1. Motivation and perseverance 2. Originality and innovation 3. Execution and problem solt 4. Communication 5. Self-discipline and time ma 6. Milestone reports Note 1: Each student has to st is considered to have complet Note 2: The final grade for th of the grades from the above so As the nature of the subject in than a few hours of briefin administration and some tecc learn the technical contents by project supervisors and a larg project will be conducted und of the project plan with guid achieve the learning outcomes	will assess the htribute to 10 is of the project ing skills nagement libmit/carry ou ded the FYP. is FYP will be ix component pplies, there w gs on general niques on in a substantial ge number of er the directic ance from the	ut all fiver e calcul ts. vill not l informat numbe hours of	he fina ve com lated by be form nation, ion/cor er of inc of self- ne supe	ponents y taking nal lectu , some dividual learning rvisor.	e. s (I to V g the w ure in th proced ths sear 1 discuss g. The Throug	/) befor eighted ne subje lures in ching. \$ ssions w plannin h the er	re he/sh averag act, otha projec Studen vith the ag of th xecutio
D. A summary of work done or developed in the project.		Teaching/Learning Methodo	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes				
E. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory.		6 6	85	а	b	с	d	е	f
F. Results and discussion		Discussion with the project S	Supervisor	~ √		√ 	u	-	-
G. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them.H. The achievement of the project, the conclusions from the work and suggestions for		Writing of the project propos	al	~	~	~		~	
further work. I. A list of the references referred to the source of information in the report. This is		Writing of the interim report		~	~	~	~	~	
If not of the feferences feference to the source of information in the report find is					~	✓	~	~	~
compulsory.	·	Writing of the final report		~	~				
compulsory.J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes.		Presentation and demonstrat	on	~	✓ ✓				~
compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are	Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning		% weighting	Intend be ass	✓ led sub	oject lear	-		s to
 compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes. Assessment Criteria I. Abstract and introduction 2. Literature review and background 3. Methodology and technical skills 4. Results, discussions and conclusion 5. Overall presentation and organization of the report (V) The Presentation and Demonstration 	Methods in Alignment with	Presentation and demonstrat Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intend	✓ led sub sessed b	с	urning o	utcome: e	
 compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes. Assessment Criteria Abstract and introduction Literature review and background Methodology and technical skills Results, discussions and conclusion Overall presentation and organization of the report (V) The Presentation and Demonstration The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of	Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Presentation and demonstrat Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Formal project proposal	% weighting 5%	Intend be ass	✓ led sub sessed b	c ✓	d		s to
 compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes. Assessment Criteria Abstract and introduction Literature review and background Methodology and technical skills Results, discussions and conclusion Overall presentation and organization of the report (V) The Presentation and Demonstration The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate control of the pace. Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student should be able to 	Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Presentation and demonstrat Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Formal project proposal 2. Interim progress report	% weighting 5% 10%	Intend be ass	✓ led sub sessed b ✓	с	d ✓		s to
 compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes. Assessment Criteria Abstract and introduction Literature review and background Methodology and technical skills Results, discussions and conclusion Overall presentation and organization of the report (V) The Presentation and Demonstration The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate control of the pace. Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student should be able to elaborate on technical details in answering questions during the poster presentation.	Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Presentation and demonstrat Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Formal project proposal 2. Interim progress report 3. Mid-term presentation	% weighting 5% 10%	Intend be ass a	✓ led sub sessed b ✓ ✓	 c ✓ ✓ 	d ✓ ✓	e	s to f ✓
 compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes. Assessment Criteria 1. Abstract and introduction 2. Literature review and background 3. Methodology and technical skills 4. Results, discussions and conclusion 5. Overall presentation and Organization of the report (V) The Presentation and Demonstration The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate control of the pace. Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student should be able to elaborate on technical details in answering questions during the poster presentation. Hardware must be neatly built and laid out and there is good engineering sense in hardware implementation. Circuits and software should function properly, and 	Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Presentation and demonstrat Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Formal project proposal 2. Interim progress report 3. Mid-term presentation 4. Final report 5. Presentation and	% weighting 5% 10%	Intend be ass	✓ led sub sessed b ✓	c ✓	d ✓		s to
 compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes. Assessment Criteria Abstract and introduction Literature review and background Methodology and technical skills Results, discussions and conclusion Overall presentation and organization of the report (V) The Presentation and Demonstration The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate control of the pace. Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student should be able to elaborate on technical details in answering questions during the poster presentation. Hardware must be neatly built and laid out and there is good engineering sense in	Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Presentation and demonstrat Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Formal project proposal 2. Interim progress report 3. Mid-term presentation 4. Final report	% weighting 5% 10% 10% 40%	Intend be ass a	✓ ded subjectsed b ✓ ✓ ✓	 c ✓ ✓ 	d ✓ ✓	e	s to f

	Assessment criteria for each of the above assessment methods are as above sections.	listed in one of
Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Briefings	3 Hrs.
	Individual discussions with supervisor	36 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	 Information search, self study, execution of the project, report writing, preparation of presentation 	161 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	200 Hrs.
Reading List and References	To be advised by supervisor	

EE4007 / EE4007A / EE4007B
Advanced Power Electronics
3
4
Pre-requisite for EE4007: EE3003 Pre-requisite for EE4007A: EE3003A Pre-requisite for EE4007B: EE3003B 1. To provide the students with the knowledge of advanced power electronic conversion.
 To ensure the students having an in-depth understanding of the design and control of various power electronics converters. To give the knowledge of AC switched-mode conversion. To provide a concept of impact of power electronics on power quality.
 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of basic switched-mode DC/DC topologies. operation, performance and modelling. b. Have acquired a basic understanding of resonant converters and its method of loss reduction. c. Be able to apply switched-mode techniques to inverters (DC/AC converters). d. Be able to perform study on power electronics circuit simulation. e. Be aware of impacts of electromagnetic interference (EMI) and reduction of EMI using power electronics techniques. f. Be able to present results of study in the form of computer simulation, design equations and basic models, working independently and in teams when conducting power electronics circuit design.
 Pulse-width-modulated DC/DC Converters: Basic topologies and higher order converters, transformer-isolated topologies, snubber circuits, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of operation, ripple analysis. Resonant-mode DC/DC Converters: Classification, zero-current switching and zero-voltage switching techniques, quasi-resonant converters, resonant transition converters. Switched-mode Inverters: Single-phase and three-phase voltage-source inverters, AC/AC conversion, resonant inverters. Modelling and Control of Power Converters: Small-signal modelling, traditional PID control method, modern control techniques, analogue and digital circuit simulation for power electronics, simulation techniques. Electromagnetic Interference: Generation of EMI, power factor, switched-mode EMI filter, International Standards, reduction of EMI. Laboratory Experiments Conduct computer simulations on DC-DC converter and DC-AC inverters.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 To provide an overview or outline of recent development of power electronics To introduce new concepts and knowledge in advantage power electronic con design, soft switching techniques, control methods and electromagnetic interfer (EMI) aspects. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning. To encourage students' responsibility for their learning by extra reference reading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: To provide deep understanding of various power converter design aspects. To provide deep understanding of various power converter design aspects. To anable students to organise principles and challenge ideas. 							onverte	
	Lectures	✓	v		✓		-	(
	Tutorials Experiments	\checkmark	v		✓ ✓	✓			~
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks					subject learning to be assessed c d e			f
Intended Learning	1. Examination	60%		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓		✓ ✓	
Outcomes	2. Tests 3. Laboratory reports	15%		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	~	✓ ✓	~
	4. Assignments	10%		• ✓	• ✓	• ✓	•	• ✓	•
	Total	10%							
04 h 464 h	and problem solving techniques will	be evalu d approad	and practical considerations, analytica aluated. Examination, class tests, labo oach to validly assess students' perfor g outcomes.				oorato		
Student Study Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial					33 Hrs.			
	Laboratory					6 Hrs.			
	Other study effort:								
	Laboratory preparation/report/assignment					12 Hrs.			
	Self-study					49 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	Total student study effort 100 Hrs						0 Hrs.	
Reading List and References						ers, Tl	ne Hoi		
	 Reference books: N. Mohan, Power Electronics: A First Course, John Wiley & Sons, 2012. A.M. Trzynadlowski, Introduction to Modern Power Electronics, Third Edition John Wiley & Sons, 2015. 								

Subject Code	EE4008 / EE4008A / EE4008B
Subject Title	Applied Digital Control
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE4008: EE3005 Pre-requisite for EE4008A: EE3005A
Objectives	 To facilitate a working knowledge of principles of reduced-order modelling, digital control algorithms, system identification, and adaptive control. To enable students designing industrial control systems for applications in different engineering areas.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the concepts of reduced-order modelling, deadbeat control algorithm, system identification and adaptive control. b. Understand the notions of offline and online system identification. c. Design conventional and adaptive controllers based on user specifications. d. Use CAD package for design and simulation.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Process control: Process modelling, Performance Specification, Industrial controller, Ziegler & Nichols tuning, Advanced process control, Reduced order modelling. Direct digital control algorithms: PID algorithm, Cascade control, Dead-time compensation, Internal model control. Computer control methods: Hierarchical control configurations, Distributed approach, Programmable logic controllers (PLC). System identification: Discrete-time and continuous-time systems, identification by correlation, principle of least squares, Recursive least squares. Self-tuning control: Introduction to adaptive control, Self-tuning controller. Laboratory Experiment: There will be two laboratory experiments on the topics of reduced order modeling, digital control design and system identification by least-squares technique. Case study: Individual assignment related to above methods. Students will write a report and present their finding to the class.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the prima: theories. Experiments and case study a The students are encouraged to take ex	re designed to	suppler	nent the l	lecturing	materi		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outc	omes			
			а	b	с	d		
	Lectures		√	✓	√			
	Tutorials		~	✓	√			
	Experiments and case study				~	✓		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ed subjec nes to be				
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	~	~			
	2. Class test	20%	✓	✓	~			
	3. Project report	10%						
	4. Case Study	10%						
	Total	100%						
Student Study Effort Expected	examination and tests. Class contact:							
Enort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial				33 Hr			
	Laboratory	6 Hr.						
	Other student study effort:							
	Laboratory preparation/report				12 Hrs			
	Case study preparation/report				14 Hr			
	Self-study			35 Hr				
	Total student study effort 100					100 Hi		
Reading List and References	Reference books:							
Kererences	 D.E. Seborg, Process Dynamics and Control, Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley, 2011 C.A. Smith, Automated Continuous Process Control, New York, John Wiley & Sons 2002 							
	 J.R. Leigh, Applied Digital Control: Theory, Design, and Implementation, New York, Prentice-Hall, 1992 							
	 P.E. Wellstead and W. Zarrop, Self-tuning Systems: Control and Signal Processing Wiley, 1991 							
	5. R. Isermann, Adaptive Control Systems, New York, Prentice Hall, 1992							

Subject Code	EE4014 / EE4014A / EE4014B						
Subject Title	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical	Engineeri	ng				
Credit Value	3						
Level	4						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	Nil					
Objectives	To introduce students to the fundamentals of in Electrical Engineering.	intelligen	t systems	and their	application	ons	
Subject Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will:						
Learning Outcomes	 Have acquired a good understanding of the methodologies and usefulness of intelligent 			ncepts, cl	aracterist	ics,	
	 b. Be able to understand and design various intelligent system techniques such a neural networks, supervised learning, unsupervised learning, and evolutionar computation. c. Be able to integrate the intelligent system approaches in real-life problems. d. Have acquired skills in presentation and interpretation of mini-project results an communicate in written form. 				ary		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus							
	2. Unsupervised learning: Concepts. Competitive learning and self-organizing r	K-mean nap.	s. Ag	glomerati	ve nesti	ng.	
	3. <i>Evolutionary computation</i> : Concepts. optimization.	Genetic	algorith	ım. Paı	ticle swa	arm	
	4. Applications of intelligent systems.						
	Mini-project:						
	Apply the introduced intelligent system techni	ques to so	olve an en	gineering	problem.		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiences on system analysis, design and practical applications are given through mini-projects, in which the students are expected to solve the engineering problems using intelligent techniques with critical and analytical thinking. Mini projects are designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that the students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information.					ven ing ini-	
Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes							
		а	b	с	d		
	Lectures	~	~	~		1	
	Tutorials	~	~	~			
	Mini-projects	~	~	~	~		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		d subject es to be a				
Outcomes			а	b	c	d		
	1. Examination	60%	~	~	~			
	2. Class Test	15%	~	~				
	3. Mini-project	15%	\checkmark	~	~	~		
	4. Exercises	10%	\checkmark	~				
	Total	100%						
	The outcomes on concepts, desi examination, test and exercise analytical skills, problem-solvir system applications, as well as t	es. Mini-proje	ects and v and practi	written re cal consi	eport as deration	ssess those o is of intelliger		
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial		33 Hrs.					
	 Mini-project presentation 		6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:							
	 Mini-project preparation/rep 		16 Hrs.					
	 Self-study 	50 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.						
Reading List and	Reference books:							
References	 K.Y. Lee and M.A. El-Sharkawi, Modern Heuristic Optimization Techniques Theory and Applications to Power Systems, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2008 							
	 M. Negnevitsky, Artificial Intelligence - A Guide to Intelligent Systems, Addison- Wesley, 2011 							
	 S. Samarasinghe, Neural Networks for Applied Sciences and Engineering: from Fundamentals to Complex Pattern Recognition. Auerbach Publications, 2016 							
	4. A. Eiben and J. Smith, Introduction to Evolutionary Computing (Natura Computing Series), Springer, 2015							
	5. S. Haykin, Neural Networks and Learning Machines, Prentice Hall, 2009							
	6. T. Mitchell, Machine Learn	ing, McGraw-	Hill, 1997	7				

Subject Code	EE4019 / EE4019B					
Subject Title	Intelligent Transportation Systems					
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE4019: EE2029 Pre-requisite for EE4019B: EE2029B					
Objectives	 To introduce advance technologies and their applications in transport systems. To provide a sound understanding of the problems in transport operations which require technologies of various characteristics. To enable evaluation of appropriate methodologies and be aware of the design and implementation issues of advanced technologies. 					
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Illustrate understanding of the concerns in transport operations. b. Explain how information and communications technology are used to address transport challenges. c. Identify the basic design concerns of intelligent transport systems. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. <i>Data Sources and Data Processing</i> : Introduction to data needs, data collection methodologies, and how data are used.					
	2. <i>Traveler Information Systems</i> : Benefits of travellers information, how travel time is estimated and predicted.					
	 Traffic management using ITS: Application of ITS in motorway and arterial road management such as ramp metering, variable speed limit, electronic toll collection. public transport priority, emergency vehicle pre-emption, and incident detection. 					
	 Connected Autonomous vehicles and Coop vehicle to vehicle, vehicle to infrastruc communication to improve efficient and safet 	ture, vehicle				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal le Assignment provides students hands-on experienc while report-writing enables students to practise w	e in processin				
	Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes					
		а	b	с		
	Lectures	~	~	~		
	Tutorials	✓	~	~		
	Assignment			\checkmark		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Written Examination	40%	✓	\checkmark	~		
	2. Continuous Assessment	20%	✓	\checkmark	~		
	3. Assignment	40%			✓		
	Total	100%					
Stand and Standar	to explore and apply data analytic performance.	cs on big d	ata and eva	aluate trans	port syste		
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 		39 Hrs				
	Other student study effort:						
	Assignment		30 Hrs				
	 Self-study 		38 Hrs				
	Total student study effort		107 Hrs				
Reading List and	Reference books:						
References	1. US DoT, ITS ePrimer, ITS Joint Program Office, www.pcb.its.dot.gov/eprimer/						
	 PIARC, Cooperative Vehicle Highway Systems, Technical Committee 2.1 Roa Network Operations, 2016. 						
	3. R. Gordon, Intelligent Transportation Systems: Functional Design for Effective Traffic Management, Springer, 2016.						

Subject Code	EE4024 / EE4011A / EE4011B					
Subject Title	Industrial Computer Applications					
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil					
Objectives	Introduce the applications of advanced c problems. The topics include: embedded Internet of Things (IoT) applications and in	system; app	lications of c			
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students w a. Apply advanced computing techniques b. Understand the importance of computin c. Think logically and be able to analyze of	to solve indus g systems in i	ndustrial appl	ications.		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Embedded Computer control: Modelling of the computer process control system practical approaches to digital control implementation, microprocessor based contro systems. Big Data: Big Data fundamentals, the Hadoop frame work, web scraping. Computer vision: Digital image fundamentals, image representation, image enhancement, image segmentation, application of image processing in industria automation. IoT and Mobile applications: IoT design and implementation. Introduction to server-side and client-side applications and MQTT platform. Mini-project: Apply one of the above computing topics to solve an engineering problem 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts an theories. Experiences on design and practical applications are given through min project, in which the students are expected to solve design problems with real-lift constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking.					
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes			
		a	b	с		
	Lectures	~	~			
	Tutorials	~	~			
	Mini-project	1	1	1		

Assessment								
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub be assessed	ject learning o	outcomes to			
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с			
	1. Examination	60%	~	~	~			
	2. In-class Test	15%	~	~	~			
	3. Mini-project	15%	~	~	\checkmark			
	4. Exercise	10%	~	~				
	Total	100%						
	One end-of-semester written examination; one mid-semester test; a mini-project on an industrial computing based application with a study report covering the investigation of the intriguing computing application for feasibility lookout, failure explanation, rooms for future enhancement and improvements.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 	33 Hrs.						
	 Laboratory (mini-projection) 	6 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:							
	 Mini-project report and 	16 Hrs.						
	 Self-study 	45 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort	100 Hrs.						
Reading List and	Reference books and online materials:							
References	1. T. Cox, et al., Getting Started with Python for the Internet of Things, Inc, 2019.							
	 E. White, Making Embedded Systems: Design Patterns for Great Software, O'Reilly, 2011. 							
	3. A.V. Deshmukh, Microcontrollers: Theory and Applications, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006							
	 M. Beyeler, Machine Learning for OpencCV: Intelligent image processing with Python, Packt Publishing, 2017. 							
	 Yunon, Packt Publishing, 2017. Y. L. Prasad, Big Data Analytics Made Easy, Notion Press, 2016 T. White, Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, 3rd Ed, O'Reilly, 2012 							

Subject Code	EE502
Subject Title	Modern Protection Methods
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Student should have some prior knowledge in Power Transmission and Distribution
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern power system protection to students. To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system protection. To understand the design philosophy and working principle of power system protection. To master the analytical techniques. To apply protective relaying in power systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Master the concept and philosophy on power system protection. b. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics, engineering skills in the analysis, comparison, interpretation of various protection schemes in power systems. c. Integrate and justify techniques to be used in the planning and operation of power system protection. d. Solve technical problems for power system protection. e. Present technical results in the form of a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Overview of protection system and its development: General considerations. Components of protection. Structure of protective relays. Unit protection and non- unit protection. Trend of protection development. Fault and transient in power systems: Fault transient behaviour in power systems. Computer simulations of the transient behaviour in power systems. Current and voltage transducers: Sources of errors. Requirements of transducers for measurement and protection. Their features and characteristics under steady state and transient conditions. Protection systems for distribution networks: Protection criteria for distribution systems. Features of directional and non-directional protection schemes for distribution systems. Protection systems for transmission networks: Distance protection system and characteristics. Differential line protection systems. Busbar, transformer and generator protection systems: High impedance and low impedance differential protection schemes. Protection schemes for busbar, transformer, and generator. Digital protection relaying technique: Features of digital protection relay. Digital relay architecture. Digital relaying algorithms. Adaptive and intelligent relays. Recent development.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Knowledge on systhrough case studies, in whitechniques to be used in the critical and analytical thin supplement the lecturing mat and to look for relevant information.	tem analysis, ch students a planning and king. Mini-p erials so that s	design a re expec l operatio rojects	and pract ted to in on of pov and exp	tical appl tegrate a wer syste eriments	ications nd justif m protect are des	are given y modern ction with signed to		
	Teaching/Learning Method	ology		(Outcome	s			
			а	b	с	d	e		
	Lectures			\checkmark					
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			
	Mini-projects and experime	nts		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assesse	1		-			
Intended Learning		600/	a	b	c	d	e		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	1	1	1	1			
	2. Class Tests	18%	V			V			
	3. Mini-project and report	12%		N V	N V				
	4. Laboratory and report Total	10%		N	N		N		
	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting.	and written	reports	assess t	hose on	analytic	al skills,		
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 						33 Hrs.		
	 Laboratory 			6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:								
	 Laboratory preparation/ 	report	12 Hrs						
	 Mini-projects/Self-study 	7					54 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Reference books: L. Hewitson, M. Brown Newnes, 2005 Network Protection and A S.H. Horowitz and A.G. J.L. Blackburn and J. E CRC Press, 2014 A.T. Johns and S.K. Sa Series, 1995 Advancements in Micro Tutorial Course, Publicat Power System Protection 	Automation G Phadke, Powe Domin, Protec Iman, Digital processor Bas ion No. 97TP	tive Rela Protections Sed Protections Prot	stom Grid n Relayin aying: Pr on for Po ection an 997	d, 2011 g, Wiley, inciples ower Sys d Comm	, 2014 and App stems, IE sunication	blications, EE Power n – IEEE		

Subject Code	EE505
Subject Title	Power System Control and Operation
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern power system control & operation to students; To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system control & operation; To understand the working principle of power system control and operation; To apply the theory in power system control & operation; and To understand the industrial practice and tools used in power system control and operations
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Ability to analyse power system security control & operation; b. Ability to analyse interconnected power system interchange and economic operation. c. Ability to analyse power system computer control and applications; d. Understand the functionalities and able to use to appropriate level of competence of selected specialty software for power system control and operation purpose; e. To be aware of new technologies development trends and environmental impacts of modern power system control and operation techniques; and f. Ability to write technical reports and present the findings through individual effort as well as team work
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power system operational security and dispatch: Power system security concepts. Contingency analysis. Static and dynamic security. States of operation. Prevention of blackouts. Power system state estimation concepts. Application of state estimation. Unit commitment and economic dispatch: Priority lists. Methodologies for large system economic dispatch and unit commitment. Programming methods. Frequency and voltage control: Frequency and voltage control concepts. Control loops and analysis. Automatic generation control (AGC) concepts, methodology and implementation. Interconnected systems operation: System interconnection merits and problems. Economic interchange and control. Multi-area operation. Energy management and real-time control: Energy management systems. Software systems. Computer hardware resources and configurations. Data management. Communication and distributed computing. Load forecasting. Contingency and security assessment. System restoration and emergency control concepts. Case Study: Local system control centre arrangement. Case study of past system blackout in overseas countries. AGC and voltage control case studies. Power system developments in HK and China as well as overseas countries. Applications of computer technology in power system control and monitoring

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences on re studies, in which the stud problems with real-life con analytical thinking. Guest on experience and knowle designed to supplement the take extra readings and prac- control.	al world cases lents are expension nstraints and lecture / indu dge on this s e lecturing ma	s and ass ected to to attain strial ser ubject fi aterials	ociated power pragm minars rom inc so that	analysi system atic sol will be lustry p the stud	s are given to utions v given to practice.	ven thro ol and o with cri o provic Mini-J e encou	ough ca operation tical and le hand project uraged		
	Teaching/Learning Metho	odology			Outc	omes				
			а	b	с	d	e	f		
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Report		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{1}$ $\sqrt{1}$ $\sqrt{1}$				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assess	1	1	1				
			a	b	c	d	e	f		
outcomes	1. Exam	60%	√	1	V		1			
	2. Class test	18%	√ √		√ √	1	√ √	1		
	3. Mini-project & report	12%	N N	N	N	N	N V	√ √		
	4. Essay Assignment Total	10%	N				N	N		
	The assessment methods include an examination, a class test, and written assignment in the form of mini-project report. The examination and class test assess the technica competence of students in power system analysis methods and methods of power system operation and control. The written reports assess the students' ability to apply the theories learned in class to practical project, and to communicate in written form.									
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 	Lecture/Tutorial						39 Hrs		
	Other student study effort:									
	 Mini-project and report 	rt						15 Hrs		
	 Essay assignment/Self 	f-study						51 Hrs		
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.								
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. W.D. Stevenson, Elements of Power System Analysis, McGraw Hill 2. Wood & Wollenberg, Power Generation, Operation and Control, J. Wiley. 3. Weedy and Cory, Electric Power Systems, 4 th Edition, Wiley 4. Grainger & Stevenson, Power System Analysis, McGraw Hill 5. H. Saadat, Power System Analysis, McGraw Hill 6. Antonio Gomez-Exposito, Antonio J. Conejo, and Claudio Canizares, Elect Energy Systems: Analysis and Operation, CRC Press, 2009							Elect		

August 2022

Subject Code	EE509
Subject Title	High Voltage Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite / Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	HK Electric Institute
Objectives	To provide students with the knowledge and skills to understand the physical insights and analysis techniques of high voltage engineering, including the causes and manner of insulation failures as well as the challenges and problems encountered in the practice of high voltage equipment.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:a. Describe the insulation breakdown mechanisms for identifying the failure phenomena of different insulation systems.b. Understand the principles and practices of high voltage equipment for realizing the pragmatic design and applications of high voltage equipment in the industry.
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to Electrical Insulation: Electric fields; Dielectric breakdown; Electrical insulating materials; Industrial applications of electrical insulating materials. Breakdown of Gaseous Insulation: Ionization processes; Townsend breakdown mechanism; Experimental determination of Townsend's ionization coefficients; Breakdown in electronegative gases; Streamer breakdown mechanism; Paschen's law; Corona discharges; Breakdown in non-uniform fields; Post-breakdown phenomena and applications; Vacuum insulation and breakdown. Breakdown of Liquid Insulation: Breakdown in pure liquids and commercial liquids; Purification and breakdown test; Power law for commercial liquids. Breakdown of Solid Insulation: Breakdown due to treeing, surface flashover, and surface tracking; Breakdown in composite insulation. Partial Discharges & In-house Demonstration: Classification of partial discharges by origin; Principle of partial discharge measurements; Demonstration of state-of- the-art measuring equipment. High Voltage Equipment for Power System Networks: Hierarchy of power system networks; Introduction to high voltage equipment and their general specifications. Transmission Gas Insulated Switchgears: Design and busbat topologies; Layout and internal construction; Environmental, health, and safety precautions in handling SF₆ gas; Type and routine tests; Inspection before installation; Commissioning test and precautions; Typical incidents around the world. High Voltage Cables: Basic high voltage cable technology; Dielectric properties; Types and constructions; Type, routine, and diagnostic tests; Health index; Water tree formation; Accessory design, operations, and maintenance considerations; Reliability reviews and failure analysis; Faulty joint dissections and lessons learned.

	9. <i>Visit HK Electric</i> : Introduction to transmission and distribution facilities; Demonstration of transmission gas insulated switchgears and relevant high voltage test equipment used in the power industry.					
Teaching / Learning Methodology	Lectures are the primary means of conveying t physical insights and analysis techniques Demonstration and Visit HK Electric are real-life experience on the pragmatic design an in the industry. Students are expected to solve and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical	of high vol the complem id application design proble	tage engine entary mean s of high volt ems with real	ering. In-house as of providing age engineering		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	comes				
			a	b		
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark		
	In-house Demonstration		\checkmark			
	Visit HK Electric			\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	essment methods/tasks % weighting				
Outcomes			а	b		
	1. Examination	60%	~	\checkmark		
	2. Continuous Assessment	40%	~	\checkmark		
	Assignments (Insulation breakdown)		~			
	Assignments (High voltage equipment)			~		
	Log (In-house demonstration)		~			
	Log (Visit HK Electric)			~		
	Total	100%				
	The assessment methods include: Examinat (40%), both in alignment with intended learni is in form of a three-hour, closed-book, end-ol Assessment (40%) consists of assignments (32 class exercises for lectures on Insulation Equipment (16%) and records of practical le and Visit HK Electric (4%), respectively.	mination (60%) ion. Continuous n turn, are after- High Voltage				
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	 Lecture/In-house Demonstration/Visit to 		39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:					
	 Assignments 			16 Hrs.		
	 Self-study 			50 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort			105 Hrs.		

Reading List and	Textbooks:
References	NIL (Refer to Lecture Notes).
	Reference books:
	 M. S. Naidu and V. Kamaraju, High-Voltage Engineering, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.
	2. F. A. M. Rizk and G. N. Trinh, High Voltage Engineering, 1st Edition, Routledge, 2017.
	2. V. Y. Ushakov, Insulation of High-Voltage Equipment, Springer Verlag, 2004.
	3. E. Kuffel, W. S. Zaengl and J. Kuffel, High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals, 2nd Edition, TBS, 2000.
	4. C. L. Wadhwa, High Voltage Engineering, 3rd Edition, New Age Science, 2010.
	 A. Ravindra and M. Wolfgang, High Voltage and Electrical Insulation Engineering, Wiley: IEEE Press, 2011.
	6. F. H. Kreuger, Partial Discharge Detection in High-Voltage Equipment, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1990.
	7. IET Digital Library, Lightning Protection, Edited by C. Vernon, Institution of Engineering and Technology, 2010.

Subject Code	EE512
Subject Title	Electric Vehicles
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	1. To acquire a broad knowledge on modern electric vehicles (EVs).
	 To understand the development of EVs from technological, environmental, and societal perspectives.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Understand the importance of EVs for environment, energy sustainability and climate change.
	b. Understand various underpinning technologies for modern EVs, including electric motor drives, energy storage, batteries, charging methods, infrastructure and auxiliary systems.
	 Explain the emerging technologies such as hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs), fuel cell electric vehicles (FEV) and energy storage methods.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to electric vehicles (EVs): Historical perspective. EV advantages and impacts. EV market and promotion: infrastructure needs, legislation and regulation, standardization.
	 Electric vehicle (EV) design options: EV configurations: fixed vs. variable gearing, single- vs. multiple-motor drive, in-wheel drives. EV parameters, driving cycles and performance specifications. Choice of system voltage levels: electrical safety and protection.
	 Vehicle dynamics and motor drives: Road load: Vehicle kinetics; Effect of velocity, Acceleration and grade. EV drivetrain and components. EV motor drive systems: DC drives, Induction motor drives, Permanent-magnet synchronous motor drives, Switched reluctance motor drives. Control strategies.
	 Batteries: Battery parameters. Types and characteristics of EV batteries. Battery testing and maintenance; Charging schemes. Battery Management System. Open- circuit voltage and ampere-hour estimation. Battery load levelling Energy Storage.
	 Auxiliaries: On-board and off-board battery chargers. Energy management units. Battery state-of-charge indicators. Temperature control units. Power steering.
	 Emerging EV technologies: Hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs): types, operating modes, torque coordination and control, generator/motor requirements. Fuel cell electric vehicles (FEVs): fuel cell characteristics, hydrogen storage systems, reformers. Alternative sources of power: super- and ultra-capacitors, flywheels.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is m worked examples. Self-le: extensive use of web reso enable students to develo sessions develop students'	arning on the p urces will be m p skills in liter	oart of students ade. A term pa ature survey an	s is strongly per and a rela nd writing. O	encouraged and ted presentation ral presentation		
	Teaching/Learning Metho	odology	gy Outcomes				
			а	с			
	Lectures	\checkmark	\checkmark	~			
	Tutorials	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Assignment and oral pres	entation	\checkmark	√	~		
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subj assessed	ect learning ou	itcomes to be		
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	\checkmark	✓		
	2. Test	25%	~	\checkmark	√		
	3. Assignment (Term Paper/Homework)	10%	~	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	4. Oral presentation	5%	~	\checkmark	~		
	Total	100%					
	It is an advanced elective on electric vehicles. The outcomes on electric vehicl technology and its impacts are assessed by the usual means of test and examination, an partly by the term paper. The outcomes on technical communication and presentation skills are evaluated by the term paper and a related oral presentation.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial			30 Hrs.			
	Presentation/Tests			9 Hrs			
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self-study and revisio 		48 Hrs				
	 Report – Case Study 			18 Hrs			
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Reference books: 1. K. T. Chau, Electric Vehicle Machines and Drives: Design, Analysis an Application, Wiley, 2015. 2. K.T.Chau, Energy Systems for Electric and Hybrid Vehicle, IET, Aug 2016 3. Iqbal Husain, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, New York: CRU Press, 2nd edition, 2010. 				ag 2016 New York: CRC		
	 Per Enge, Nick Enge, S Edition, 2020. 	tepnen Zoepf, E	siectric Vehicle	Engineering, N	vicoraw Hill, I		

Subject Code	EE526
Subject Title	Power System Analysis and Dynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the students to the advanced concepts and analytical skills for the stability analysis in modern power systems. To understand the causes and impact of different system instabilities. To analyse and provide solutions to the power system stability problems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire in-depth understanding of different types of power system stability problems. b. Model the dynamic behaviours of system components under disturbances. c. Apply mathematics and engineering knowledge and skills in the analysis of stability problems. d. Discuss the causes and effects of instabilities and recommend possible solutions. e. Acquire skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communicate in written form
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power system stability: Basic concepts and classification. Past incidents of system instability and consequences. Power system stability issues and solutions. Reactive power compensation: System Q-V Characteristics. Reactive support theory. Load Characteristics. Synchronous condensers, Static Var Compensators (SVS), Thyristor Switched Capacitor (TSC), Thyristor controlled Reactor (TCR). Voltage stability: Fundamental concepts. Singularities and multiple load flow techniques, eigenvalue methods. Load modelling, tap-changer effects, voltage controllability and voltage compensation. Proximity of collapse, Measures against collapse. Practical experience. Dynamic stability & power system stabilisers: Eigenvalue and modal analysis. Generator and load modelling. Power system stabiliser. Small-signal stability of multi-machine systems. Selection of input signal and installation location, parameter design and commissioning of PSS. Application of HVDC, FACTS and ESS in improving stability: HVDC link operation and its control for stability improvement. Flexible AC transmission devices, power angle control. Energy storage system, e.g. BESS, SOFC, FESS, and its application in stability control. Mini-projects: Power system stability analysis using industrial power systems design and analysis software Power system stability elsign for damping of low frequency power oscillation

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiences on system analysis, design and practical applications are given through experiments, in which the students are expected to solve the power system stability and control design problems with practical constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking. Students will be required to form group to work through a mini-project for a selected topic. Mini-Projects are used to enhance students learning experiences and practical applications.							
	Teaching/Learning Metho	odology		(Outcome	s		
			а	b	с	d	e	
	Lectures		$\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$					
	Tutorials				~			
	Mini-project		~	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	~	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	5			earning outcomes to be		
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	d	e	
	1. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~		
	2. Class Test	18%	~	~	~	~		
	3. Mini-project/report	12%				~	~	
	4. Essay assignment	10%	✓			✓	✓	
		es and practical	itten reports assess those on analytical skills considerations of power system stability an ag.					
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial			39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:							
	 Mini-project and repo 	rt	1				15 Hrs.	
	 Essay assignment/Sel 	f-study					51 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort						105 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Reference Books: 1. P. Kundur, Power Syst 2. P.M. Anderson and A. Press, 2 nd Edition, 200: 3. G. Rogers, Power Syst 4. Voltage Stability of Experience, IEEE Publ 5. Y.H. Song, and A.T. Ju 6. T.V. Cutsem, and C. V.	A. Fouad, Pow 2 em Oscillations Power Systems lication 90th 03 ohns, Flexible A	er Systen , Springer s: Concep 58-2-PWI AC Transr	n Control r, 1999 pts, Ana R, 1990 nission S	l and Sta lytical T systems,	bility, W ools and IEE, 1999	l Industry	

Subject Code	EE533
Subject Title	Railway Power Supply Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To enable students to develop a comprehensive understanding of the modern railway power supply systems in metro and mainline systems. To provide an appreciation of the specifications and design of the supply system configuration. To enable students to understand the implications of supply system design on safety and service quality, as well as the practices and difficulties in implementation. To provide students with the basic terminology and the practical processes of testing and commissioning. To enable students to comprehend the connection of the railway supply system to the utility distribution network.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the key components in a railway supply system and their functions and appreciate the relationship of the supply system to other systems in railway. b. Differentiate the requirements on power supply systems in different railway systems, metros, mainlines and light rails. c. Apply the knowledge on power supply system to comprehend the design and installation of power supply system. d. Discuss procedures of testing and commissioning of railway power system and analyse possible faults. e. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 General aspect of railway power supply system: Metro system, Light rail system, electric multiple units and locomotives, functions of traction supply system, interface requirement among power and traction supply system, contact line system, permanent way, signalling, SCADA and train. Railway power supply system – requirement and specification: Types of railway power supply systems, basic structure and design of standard AC distribution and DC traction substation and control system. DC and AC overhead line system and equipment: Terminology, overhead contact line types and basic characteristic; Basic design – mechanical, electrical and civil; Design for installation, testing and Commissioning; failure analysis. Traction earthing and DC stray current control system: Terminology, operation requirement and specification; DC current return, earthing and bonding; Design for installation, testing and commissioning; Failure analysis.

	 AC traction supply system and power quality issues: Configuration and operation of 25kV system; Power quality; Voltage dip, harmonics, imbalance, and remedia measures. Traction drives, tractive effort and power calculations, overview of traction motors VVVF control, PWM control, and regenerative braking. EMC: Principles of EMC, railway-related interference problems and their solutions booster transformer. Site visit to MTR power supply systems. 								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The main lecturers are f students via lectures and to MTR system has reinf Problem solving skill an	l tutorials for of forced the prag	conveying matic des	the conc	ept and the plication	eories. Th	ie site vi tic syster		
	Teaching/Learning Me	thodology	Outcome			s			
			а	b	с	d	e		
	Lectures	~	~	✓	~	~			
	Tutorials			✓	✓	√	~		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning of assessed					outcomes to be			
Outcomes	1. 5	(00/	a ✓	b V	c V	d V	e		
	1. Examination 2. Test	60% 20%	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓			
	3. Presentation/ Essay Submission	20%	~	~	~	·	√		
	Total	100%							
	The proposed assessment methods will be effective and adequate in gauging the exter of learning outcomes acquired by the students of this subject.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial	33 Hrs							
	 Site visit 	6 Hrs							
	Other student study effort:								
	Presentation and Report preparation								
	 Self-study 						42 Hrs		
	Total student study effor	rt					105 Hrs		
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. Selected papers on IEE Proceedings on Electric Power Applications 2. Selected papers on IEE Proceedings on Power Systems								

AI - 56

Subject Code	EE535				
Subject Title	Maintenance and Reliability Engineering				
Credit Value	3				
Level	5				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on various maintenand management processes. To enable students to understand the impact of maintenance management on railwa objectives in safety, reliability and cost effectiveness. To enable students to acquire knowledge and techniques in reliability engineering. To equip students to make decisions on sound maintenance and reliabilit improvement. To enable students to apply the techniques in reliability engineering to railwa operation. 				
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the possible faults in railway systems and their impacts to the overall system reliability. b. Develop fault trees for a sub-system in railways and apply various reliability models on fault analysis. c. Discuss system data collection for reliability assessment. d. Evaluate maintenance schedules and assess the corresponding risk with appropriate techniques and tools. e. Review the advantages and limitations on condition-based monitoring maintenance alternative sourcing of inventory and maintenance outsourcing management for railway assets. f. Organise and present an assigned research topic. 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Reliability Engineering Reliability fundamentals: Reliability Mathematics. Failure distributions. Causes of failures and their treatment. Reliability apportionment and prediction. Reliability data books. Data Recording and Corrective Action System (DRACAS). Reliability analysis and modelling methods: Fault tree analysis, Failure Mode Effects and Criticality Analysis (FMECA), Reliability block diagram, Reliability Growth Models – IBM and Duane Reliability Growth modelling, Reliability testing. Monte Carlo Reliability Simulation. Weibull Analysis. Maintenance Management Asset management framework based on ISO55000/55001. Alignment with corporate asset management direction. Asset management organization. Asset management and business sustainability. Maintenance techniques and tools: Maintenance as an essential element for asset management. Reliability Centred Maintenance as a means for maintenance decision. 				

	 Management for business performance: Computerized Maintenance Management System – from planning to implementation. Alternative spare sourcing. Maintenance outsourcing management for railway assets. Site visits to MTR depots and industrial/research seminars. 								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Video clips together with lectures. Case studies will materials being covered. P with the class. A group knowledge learned.	be used externationers	ensively are also i	to highl nvited to	ight the p have exp	practical perience	ity of the sharing	e subject sessions	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes						
			a	b	с	d	e	f	
	Lectures		\checkmark			\checkmark			
	Tutorials				\checkmark		\checkmark		
	Project works		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
			а	b	с	d	e	f	
	1. Group Mini Project	20%		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Tests	20%	\checkmark		\checkmark				
	3. Examination	60%	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100 %			1		1		
	This is a specialist subject with bias on maintenance and reliability of railway assets, ir particular on rolling stocks. A large number of case studies are discussed in the lecture: and the outcomes are to test the understanding of the student on the underlying fundamentals through quizzes, mini-projects and written examinations.								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
	Lecture/Tutorial				36 Hrs.				
	 Industrial/Research seminars 				3 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort								
	 Assignment and Self-studies 				66 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Textbooks: 1. V. A. Profillidis, Railway management and engineering, 3rd Edition, Burlington, Ashgate Pub. Co., 2006. 2. P. D. T. O'Connor, Practical Reliability Engineering, Wiley, 2006 								

Re	Reference Books:				
1.	ISO 55000 – Asset Management				
2.	ISO 55001 - Asset management — Management systems — Requirements				
3.	$\rm ISO~55002$ - Asset management — Management systems — Guidelines for the application of ISO 55001				

Subject Code	EE536
Subject Title	Signalling and Train Control Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on the basic principles and terminology of railway signalling. To enable students to acquire knowledge on train control systems and their implications to safe and efficient railway operation. To enable students to understand the design processes of signalling layout the control of signals. To provide students with the basic concepts on the principles, means, instrumentation and commissioning of train detection and interlocking systems. To appreciate the structure and components of an automatic train control system.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the functions, operation principles and key components of a signalling system. b. Given track layout and signalling requirements, formulate a simple signalling layout. c. Describe the train detection methodologies and implementation considerations, and compare their advantages and limitations. d. Compare between relay interlocking and processor-based interlocking, their safety principles and commissioning plans. e. Explain the requirements and structure of an automatic train control system.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Basic signalling principles: Safe operation of trains, prevention of trains collision and locking of points and routes; type of signalling, signal spacing and signalling layout; headways line capacity, headways for different types of signalling systems, factors affecting headways; control table, conditions for setting of routes, clearing of signals and locking of routes and points; aspect sequence, meaning of signal aspect and the circumstances under which signals display. Train detection: Track circuit, axle counter and advanced detection system; track circuit bonding; track circuit connections and maintenance of traction return at points and crossings. Signalling interlocking: Interlocking implementation based on relays, safety principles; processor based interlocking, interlocking implementation based on processors/computers, safety principles. Principles of testing: Competence, functional tests, scenario tests, independent test, test strategy, test plan, commissioning plan, records. Automatic train control system: Automatic train protection, automatic train operation and automatic train supervision.

	Case Study: Site visits to MTR train control centres Industrial/Research seminars							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic principles of signa always complicated by requirements. Lectures a examples and exercises Centres are also arranged to actual operations.	the implement are necessary to from real-life a	tation and cover the application	d practic e fundam ons. Site	es in sy ientals, su visits to	stems wi applement the MT	th uniqu ted by th R Contro	
	Teaching/Learning Met	hodology			Outcome	s		
			а	b	с	d	e	
	Lectures		~	~	\checkmark	~		
	Site visits			\checkmark		\checkmark	~	
	Industrial seminars						~	
Assessment								
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment % methods/tasks weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
			a	b	с	d	e	
	1. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Test	25%	~	~				
	3. Assignments	15%	~	~				
	Total	100%					1	
	The examination is to eva in general. Signalling substantial practical skill to assess such practical d	involves signa s through exerc	al layout	and ro	ute settir	ig, which	i require	
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial						33 Hrs.	
	Industrial/Research	seminars					6 Hrs	
	Other student study effor	t:						
	 Assignments 						10 Hrs.	
	 Self-study 						53 Hrs.	
	 Site visit 						3 Hrs.	
-	Site visit Total student study effort					105 Hrs		

Reading List and	Textbooks:
References	1. Edited by B. Ning, Advanced Train Control Systems, WIT, 2010
	Reference books:
	1. Proceedings of International Conferences on Computers in Railways, WIT Press
	2. Selected papers on IRSE Proceedings
	3. IRSE Green Book No. 27, Signalling the Layout
	4. IRSE Green Book No. 29, Solid State Interlocking

Subject Code	EE537
Subject Title	Railway Vehicles
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on design and applications of railway vehicles. To ensure the students aware of the current state-of-the-art on design, operation and maintenance of railway vehicles in Hong Kong and overseas. To enable students to understand the procurement process of railway vehicles and the necessary management. To acquire knowledge on the components in railway vehicles and their modelling for analysis. To appreciate the testing standards for vehicles; and the inspection and quality control measures.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify various types and configurations of railway vehicles. b. Discuss the design principles and system performance of railway vehicles and be aware of the latest development in the technology. c. Elaborate on the project management process for railway vehicle procurement and devise feasibility study and maintenance planning. d. Apply appropriate modelling for vehicles, body design and train dynamics in vehicle performance analysis. e. Given the acceptance standards, formulate tests and inspection for quality contropurposes. f. Appreciate the role of engineers on matters other than technical issues. g. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies or railway vehicle design at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Project management for procurement of railway vehicle: Planning and preliminary design, System selection, definition of vehicle, specification, design management testing and commissioning, maintenance planning. Railway vehicle design and development: Types and configurations of railway vehicles, design principles, system performance, Interface and environmenta considerations, modern development. System description and mechanism design: Carbody, bogie, coupler, door, brake pneumatics, air-conditioning, traction and control, pantograph, and trait management system. Vehicle modelling and gauging: Rail vehicle components, suspension system modelling of vehicles and analysis, kinetic envelope, load gauge. Vehicle structures and dynamics: Body shell design, load cases, structural testing and analysis, fundamentals of train dynamics, wheel rail interface, track geometry effect, derailment prediction.

	 Vehicle acceptance a quality control, stat monitoring. Case Study: Site Visits to MTRCL De Industrial/Research Seminormal Statement Seminormal Statement Seminormal Statement Statement Seminormal Statement State	ic testing, d								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The main lecturers are fr students via lectures and to MTR system has reinfo Problem solving skill and	tutorials for co rced the pragr	onveyii natic d	ng the o esign a	concep nd app	t and t lication	heories 1 in a re	. The s	ite visit	
	Teaching/Learning Meth	nodology			0	utcom	es			
			a	b	с	d	e	f	g	
	Lectures		✓	~	\checkmark	✓	✓	~	✓	
	Tutorials			✓	√	~	✓	~	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	asses	sed	-		ng outcomes to be			
Intended Learning		6007	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓ ✓	~	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓		
	2. Test	25%	✓ ✓	√	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓	
	3. Presentation with Essay Submission	15%	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total 100%									
	The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and test. The problem solving skill is evaluated via presentation (with essay submission).									
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial							33 Hrs.		
	Presentation seminar							3 Hrs.		
	Site visit						3 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort	:								
	Presentation prepara	tion/report					24 Hrs.			
	Self-study							4	2 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort							105 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Textbooks: 1. A.H. Wickens, Funda Swets & Zeitlinger Pu			hicle D	ynami	cs: Gu	idance	and S	tability,	
	Reference books: 1. Selected papers from Transit	the Proceedin	gs of II	MechE	Part F	– Jour	nal of l	Rail an	d Rapid	

Subject Code	EE5381
Subject Title	System Assurance and Safety in Railways
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: EE538
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To allow students to appreciate the importance of safety in railway operation and the required organisation for hazard management. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on the relationship between railway safety and service performance objectives and application of
	 between railway safety and service performance objectives and application of methodologies of system assurance and safety risk. To enable students to acquire knowledge on the key management processes and analysis techniques adopted in various project phases. To enable students to apply international standards on railway system assurance and safety risk. To enable students to acquire hand-on experience from railway operators on system assurance and safety risk practices.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify safety performance indicators and the safety risk principles to produce such indicators. b. Given a railway sub-system, devise the simple safety risk ranking and matrices; and carry out hazard operability study. c. Conduct various system assurance analyses with different techniques to ensure fulfillment of international standards for different purposes. d. Organise safety committees, formulate system assurance programme planning and develop safety cases. e. Analyse the collected safety statistics and plan the hazard registration system. f. Appreciate the safety management skills required in engineering systems g. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Safety Risk Assessment: Railway safety performance, lifecycle safety management process, ALARP (As Low AS Reasonably Practicable) principle, societal perception of risk, risk ranking and matrices, closed-loop risk management process, tolerability of risk and formulation of risk criteria, value of preventing a fatality, equivalent fatality, risk mitigation principle System Assurance Analysis Techniques & Standards: Hazard & operability study, use of guidewords in identification of hazards, fault tree analysis, event tree analysis, cause-consequence analysis, preliminary hazard analysis, operation & support hazard analysis, cost-benefit analysis, qualitative and quantitative risk analyses, system safety modelling, classification of safety critical items, human error & system safety, integrity level & software, MIL STD 882D, IEC 61508, EN50126, BS 5760

	 Organisation & Program programme planning, stru- risk monitoring program registration system, hazar Case Study: MTRCL System assurance pi Industrial/Research seminars 	acture of syst mme, collec rd manageme ractices	em sa ction	fety rej and u	port/sa se of	fety Ca	ase, in	-servic	e safety
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are efficient 1. To provide an overview of 2. To introduce new concep 3. To explain difficult ideas 4. To allow students to feed Mini-project works/Assignm 1. To supplement the lectur 2. To add real experience for 3. To provide deeper unders 4. To enable students to org Case studies: 1. To give real examples for 2. To explain some practica projects 3. To motivate and stimulat	or outline of the tas and knowled and concepted back on aspect ents are essert ing materials or the student standing of the anise principe r some of the l consideration	the sub ledge is s of the ects re ntial in s. ne sub les an conce	bject of to the s le subjo lated to ngredie ject. d chall	etudent ect. o their ents of enge id	s. learnir <u>this su</u> deas. in the	ibject:		1
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes						
			a	b	с	d	e	f	g
	Lectures		\checkmark	~	~	\checkmark	~		
	Tutorials				~	~	~		
	Mini-project works/Assignr	nents					~	~	~
	Case studies							~	~
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting					to be		
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	u √	√	√	u √	~ ✓	1	5
	2. Class Test	20%	~	~	~	~	~		
	3. Assignments/Mini- project works	20%			~		~	~	~
	Total	100%		1	1				
	The understanding on theoretical principle and practical considerations, analytical skill and problem-solving technique will be evaluated. Examination, class tests, assignments presentations and mini-project report are an integrated approach to validly asses students' performance with respect to the intended subject learning outcomes.						nments,		

Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial	39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	Assignment/Mini Project	21 Hrs.			
	Self-study	45 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Textbooks:				
References	1. D.J. Smith, Reliability, Maintainability and Risk, 5th Edition, Butterworth- Heinemann, 1997				
	2. J.D. Andrews and T.R. Moss, Reliability and Risk Assessment, Longman, 1993				
	3. F. Redmill, M. Chudleigh and J. Catmur, System Safety: HAZOP and Software HAZOP, Wiley, 1999				
	Reference books/journals:				
	1. EN50126:1999 "Railway Applications – The specification and Demonstration of Reliability, Availability, Maintainability and Safety"				
	2. MIL -STD-882D "Standard Practice for System Safety", Dep. USA	artment of Defence,			

Subject Code	EE546						
Subject Title	Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric Vehicles						
Credit Value	3	3					
Level	5	5					
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil						
Objectives	 To acquire a broad knowledge on of To understand the development of environmental, and societal perspective 	energy storage f		0, 0			
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the importance of energy storage as it pertains to environmental concerns, energy sustainability and climate change. b. Understand various underpinning technologies for conventional and modern energy storage including both portable and stationary systems, such as batteries, supercapacitors, compressed air, flow batteries, new fuel, and fuel cells. c. Explain the role of energy storage in new energy in electric vehicles (EV) and discuss how energy storage devices can be optimally integrated for these applications. 						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Concept of energy storage: History of energy storage, classification of the typ of energy storage. Electrochemical storage: Lead-acid and Nickel batteries, Lithium/sodium-bas battery, Flow and Redox batteries, Fuel cell, Sustainability considerations for future electrochemical systems. Carbon-hydride: Carbon hydride energy storage system, non-carbon based fu cracking, fuel transportation, fuel storage. Mechanical storage: Compressed air energy storage, pumped hydro energy storage, flywheels. Static Energy Storage: Super-capacitor, Magnetic Energy storage. Electrical energy storage parameters: State of Charge, State of Health, cell impedance and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy, cell models Energy management System: Battery management, Energy management, cell equalization, conditional monitoring. New Energy for vehicles: Solar vehicles, Fuel cell vehicles, hydrogen engine, 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly throu worked examples and assignment. Se encouraged and extensive use of web r Teaching/Learning Methodology	If-learning on t esources will be	he part of stud	dents is strongly			
		a	b	c			
	1. Lectures	~	~	\checkmark			

	2. Tutorials		~	~	\checkmark		
	3. Assignment		√	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Assessment Methods		-1					
in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subje assessed	ect learning out	comes to be		
			а	b	с		
	1. Assignment	20%	~	~	\checkmark		
	2. Test	20%	~	~	~		
	3. Examination	60%	~	~	~		
	Total	100 %					
	The assignment is designed to assess students' understanding of the energy storage principles and whether they can present the study clearly. It may include take-home assignment and/or miniproject. The test is designed to assess students' understanding of the topics that they have learnt relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c). The test is usually conduced in the mid-semester to measure students' performance. Examination: questions are designed to assess learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c). Students are required to answer questions that cover all of the learning outcomes.						
Student Study Effort	Class contact:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Expected	Lecture			30 Hrs.			
	 Tutorial and present 	ation		9 Hrs.			
	Other student study effo	rt:					
	 Mini project or Assi 	gnment		27 Hrs.			
	 Self-study 			49 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort			115 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 "Battery Systems Engineering", A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Publication, 2013 Sheldon S. Williamson, "Energy Management Strategies for Electric and Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles", Springer New York, 2013 						
	 Gregory L. Plett, "Battery Management Systems", Boston : Artech House 2015 Serguei N. Lvov, Introduction to Electrochemical Science and Engineering. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2015. 						
	 G. Pistoia and B.Liaw, "Behaviour of Lithium-Ion Batteries in Electric Vehicles: Battery Health, Performance, Safety, and Cost", Green Energy and Technology, 2018. 						
	 R.Xiong, "Battery Management Algorithm for Electric Vehicles", 1st ed., Kindle Edition, 2020. 						
	 Junqiu Li, "Modeling and Simulation of Lithium-ion Power Battery Therma Management (Key Technologies on New Energy Vehicles) Springer, 2022. 						

Subject Code	EE547							
Subject Title	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems							
Credit Value	3							
Level	5							
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	Nil						
Objectives	2. To understand the development of ele	 To acquire a broad knowledge of electric vehicle charging technology To understand the development of electric vehicle charger from technological, environmental, and societal perspectives. 						
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a Understand the importance of chargers as it pertains to environmental concerns, energy sustainability, climate change, and global policy. b. Understand various underpinning technologies for charger including conductive, wireless and battery swapping. c. Acquire the knowledge of charger practice, charger policy and infrastructure. 							
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to electric vehicle charging technology: Charging system, Constant voltage, Constant current, Pulse charging. Charger Circuit: Circuit topology, Charging control, AC and DC chargers, Semifast, fast and quick chargers. Inductive charging: Concept of wireless power transfer, Dynamic wireless charger, Coil design, Coupling, Electromagnetic interference. Charger standards: Wireless standards including Qi, PMA, A4WP, Magnet, conductive charger standard including CHAdeMO, SAE and IEC, Connection and plug. Charger infrastructure: Charging station and network, pantograph, load management, Vehicle to Grid, EV Penetration, Synergistic control of EV and planning. 							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	6. Other Charging technologies: Battery swapping, Hydrogen and solid fuel. Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, complemented by tutorials. worked examples and assignment. Self-learning on the part of students is strongly encouraged and extensive use of web resources will be made. Teaching/Learning Methodology Intended subject learning outcomes							
		a	b	с				
	1. Lectures	~	~	~				
	2. Tutorials	~	~	~				
	3. Assignment	~	~	~				
	4. Laboratory		\checkmark					

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
Intended Learning			а	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Assignment	10%	~	~	\checkmark	
	2. Laboratory performance & reports	10%		~		
	2. Test	20%	~	~	~	
	3. Examination	60%	~	~	\checkmark	
	Total	100 %				
	Laboratory class is design charger and its operation. The test is designed to asse relative to learning outcom semester to measure studen Examination: questions ar Students are required to ans	ss students' u es (a), (b) and ts' performan- re designed t	nderstanding of d (c). The test ce. o assess learni	f the topics that is usually cond ing outcomes	t they have learr duced in the mic (a), (b) and (c	
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	 Lecture 	27 Hrs.				
	 Laboratory, Tutorial an 	12 Hrs				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Mini project or Assignr 	nent		21 Hrs.		
	 Laboratory 			6 Hrs.		
	 Self study 	49 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort			115 Hrs		
Reading List and References	 K.T.Chau, "Battery Systems Electric Vehicle Machines and Drives", Wild Sheldon S. Williamson, "Energy Management Strategies for Electric ar Hybrid Electric Vehicles", Springer New York, 2013 Rik De Doncker, Duco W.J. Pulle, André Veltman, "Advanced Electrica Analysis, Modeling, Control", Springer Dordrecht Heidelberg London N 2011. The Institution of Engineering and Technology, "Code of Practice fo Vehicle Charging Equipment Installation", IET Standard, 3rd edition, 201 C.T.Rim, C.Mi, "Wireless Power Transfer for Electric Vehicles an Devices", Wiley – IEEE, 1st Edition, Kindle Edition, 2017. L.A.Kumar, S.A.Alexander, "Power Converters for Electric Vehicles", 1st Kindle Edition, 2020. Per Enge, Nick Enge, Stephen Zoepf, Electric Vehicle Engineering", McC 					

Subject Code	EE548
Subject Title	Advanced Electric Vehicle Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE512
Objectives	1. To acquire a high level of electric vehicles technology and future EV design
	 To understand the development of the impact of electric vehicles on society and security.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Understand the advanced knowledge of the electric vehicle.
	b. Understand various advanced parts and components in electric vehicles.
	c. Understand the future energy sources and storage for electric vehicles.
	d. Impact of electric vehicles and emerging technologies.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. <i>Future EV design and demand:</i> All electric parts and components design, configurable EVs, high speed vehicles, hyperloop vehicle, Magnetic levitation vehicle.
	2. <i>Advanced motor drive:</i> In-wheel motor, anti-braking system (ABS), Continuously Variable Transmission (CVT), active suspension.
	3. <i>Advanced energy storage:</i> Distributed energy storage, future battery, future fuel cell.
	4. <i>Power electronics for EV:</i> High power density power electronics, High current power electronics.
	 EV and security: Advantage and disadvantage of EVs, Autocrypt V2G, EV accidents and safety, EV maintenance, Internet of Thing (IoT) for EVs, Intra vehicle security, Vehicle to Data Center security
	 Autonomous vehicles: Layers of autonomy, Unmanned ground vehicle (UGV), Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS), Smart sensors, radar, Lidar, Path control.
	 Future power sources for EV: Photovoltaic to EV, Catenary-free electric trains and Trolley bus, Non-Carbon fuel, New energy for EVs.
	 EV policy: Government Policy in EVs, Infrastructure of EVs, sustainability and the environment.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, complemented by tutorials, worked examples and assignment. Self-learning on the part of students is strongly encouraged and extensive use of web resources will be made.

	Teaching/Learning Method	Intended subject learning outcomes				
			а	b	с	d
	1. Lectures		~	~	~	\checkmark
	2. Tutorials		✓	~	~	\checkmark
	3. Assignment/mini-project		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment % Intended subj			subject lear	ning outco	mes to be
Alignment with	methods/tasks	weighting	assessed			
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Assignment/mini-project	15%	~	~	~	✓
	2. Test	25%	✓	~	✓	✓
	3. Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Total	100 %		1	1	1
	assignment and mini-project. The test is designed to assess relative to learning outcomes mid-semester to measure stude Examination: questions are de required to answer questions t	(a), (b), (c) a ents' performation esigned to asso	and (d). Th ince. ess learning	ne test is us g (a), (b), (c	sually cond	luced in the
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	- Lastan					
	 Lecture 					30 Hrs.
	 Lecture Tutorial and presentation 					30 Hrs. 9 Hrs.
	Tutorial and presentation	nt				
	Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort:	nt				9 Hrs.
	Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort: Mini project or Assignment	nt				9 Hrs. 27 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort: Mini project or Assignment Self-study Total student study effort Mark Daly, "Electric Vehi 2017. 	icles: A Guid		-		9 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 49 Hrs. 115 Hrs. erv Limited,
0	 Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort: Mini project or Assignment Self-study Total student study effort Mark Daly, "Electric Vehi 2017. Sheldon S. Williamson, "Hybrid Electric Vehicles" 	icles: A Guid 'Energy Man , Springer Ne	agement S w York, 20	trategies fo 13.	r Electric	9 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 49 Hrs. 115 Hrs. erv Limited, and Plug-in
0	 Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort: Mini project or Assignment Self-study Total student study effort Mark Daly, "Electric Vehizol7. Sheldon S. Williamson, "Hybrid Electric Vehicles" Tom Denton, "Electric an 2016. 	icles: A Guid 'Energy Man , Springer Ne d Hybrid Vel	agement S w York, 20 hicles", Ro	trategies fo 13. utledge, Ta	r Electric ylor & Fra	9 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 49 Hrs. 115 Hrs. erv Limited, and Plug-in ncis Group,
0	Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort: Mini project or Assignmen Self-study Total student study effort 1. Mark Daly, "Electric Vehi 2017. 2. Sheldon S. Williamson, ' Hybrid Electric Vehicles' 3. Tom Denton, "Electric an	icles: A Guid 'Energy Man , Springer Ne d Hybrid Vel ang, ''Optima	agement S w York, 20 hicles", Ro	trategies fo 13. utledge, Ta	r Electric ylor & Fra	9 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 49 Hrs. 115 Hrs. erv Limited, and Plug-in ncis Group,
0	 Tutorial and presentation Other student study effort: Mini project or Assignment Self-study Total student study effort Mark Daly, "Electric Vehizological student Study effort Mark Daly, "Electric Vehizological student Studies" Sheldon S. Williamson, "Hybrid Electric Vehicles" Tom Denton, "Electric an 2016. Wanrong Tang, Y. J. Zh 	icles: A Guid 'Energy Man , Springer Ne d Hybrid Vel ang, "Optima 017. ion to Self-I	agement S w York, 20 hicles", Ro Il Charging Driving Ve	trategies fo 113. utledge, Ta 5 Control o hicle Tech	r Electric ylor & Fra f Electric	9 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 49 Hrs. 115 Hrs. erv Limited, and Plug-in ncis Group, Vehicles in

Subject Code	EE549
Subject Title	Modern Sensor Technologies
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/	Undergraduate-level circuit and electromagnetic theory
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	 To acquire the fundamentals of sensor technologies. To make the students to understand the structures and working principles of resistive, capacitive, piezoelectric, acoustic, electric and magnetic sensors. To enable the students to understand and design thermal and mechanical sensors, optical sensors, optical fiber sensors and micro-electromechanical system (MEMS) sensor technologies. To know the applications of sensors in Electrical Engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire the operation principles and recent developments of sensors and transducer technologies, including thermal and mechanical sensors, electric and magnetic sensors, optical sensors as well as MEMS sensors technologies. b. Understand the structures and working principles of thermal sensors, mechanical sensors, acoustic sensors, electric and magnetic sensors for practical applications. c. Select the most appropriate optoelectronic components and optical fiber devices to design optical sensor and multidisciplinary working principles of MEMS-technology and sensor networks. e. Have hands-on experience in the assembling and testing of electric/optical sensors or MEMS sensors.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to sensor fundamentals. Definition of sensors; sensor and information; physical quantities; relation between quantities; sensor classification; uncertainty aspects. Thermal, mechanical and acoustic sensors. Resistivity and resistance; construction, general properties and applications of potentiometric sensors; strain gauges and their applications; thermoresistive sensors; capacitance and permittivity; flat-plate and multi-plate capacitive sensors; silicon capacitive sensors and applications. Electric and magnetic sensors. Magnetic induction, permeability and magnetostriction; magnetic field sensor; magnetic and induction based displacement and force sensors; piezoelectric materials and parameters; piezoelectric force, pressure and acceleration sensors and applications. Optical sensors and optical fiber sensors. Electro-optical components; classification of optical sensors; optical displacement sensors; optical displacement sensors and applications. MEMS and optical MEMS sensors. Production of MEMS; MEMS-based

	pressure sensors, mass air	flow sensor	rs, inertia	l sensors	and ang	ular rate	e sensors;		
	optical MEMS sensors. 6. <i>Applications: sensors in</i>	Flootvical F	Inginaar	ing Flac	trical an	d optic	al current		
	sensors; power cable faul								
	Laboratory Experiments:		1 1	1.10		1			
	Testing and calibration of fo								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures, quizzes, tests, laboratory experiments, mini-projects, and examination.								
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outcomes					
			a	b	c	d	e		
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Experiments/Mini-project		\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende be asse	d subject ssed	learning	g outcor	nes to		
Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e		
	1.Tests/Quizzes	18%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Assignments	6%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Lab and mini-project	16%	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		
	4. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100%							
	This subject introduces the structures, working principles and applications of electrical/optical sensor technologies. Tests/assignments/examination will be used to assess the outcomes about the structures and operation principles and application of various electrical/magnetic/optical sensors. Experiments/mini-project will be used to assess the hands-on experience in electrical/optical sensors and MEMS devices.								
Student Study Effort	Class contact:								
Expected	 Lectures/Tutorials/Labor 	atory demo					39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:								
	 Mini-project and report 						20 Hrs.		
	 Self-study and assignment 	nts					46 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					1	05 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 Sensors for Mechatronics Elsevier, 2018. Sensors, actuators, and th 			-					

	Ida, SciTech Publishing, 2014.
3.	Handbook of Modern Sensors: Physics, Designs, and Applications, Jacob
	Fraden, Springer International Publishing AG, 2015.
4.	Sensors handbook, 2nd edition, Sabrie Soloman, McGraw-Hill, 2010.

	1
Subject Code	EE552
Subject Title	High Speed Rail
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/	Nil
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the updated operation principles and applications of high speed rail systems from an engineering viewpoints. To enable students to acquire knowledge of the state-of-the-art design of high speed trains, on-board train control systems and train detection systems to ensure safe and efficient operation of high speed rail.
	 To enable students to understand the latest design concepts of the high speed rail signaling systems (ETCS, European Train Control Systems and CTCS, China Train Control Systems) and moving block signaling concepts.
	4. To enable students to acquire knowledge of the key infrastructures and engineering systems of high speed rail.
	 To enable students to appreciate the planning of a high speed rail project and the design principles of the high speed rail terminus and platforms with focus on the design considerations for passenger flow and movement.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. Identify the design concepts, functions, and operation principles of a high speed rail.
	 b. Understand the design and operation principles of high speed rolling stocks and traction control systems as well as the engineering practices in real-life applications.
	 Analyze the operation principles of a high speed train control system and signaling system in terms of advantages and limitations and also formulate a simple signaling system configuration.
	d. Acquire a comprehensive knowledge of the key engineering systems and infrastructures of a high speed line to pave way for more advanced studies.
	 e. Understand the key issues in the planning and design of a high-speed line, and its stations and platforms.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction: What is a high speed rail, speed/time/travel distance characteristics, line capacity and headways, high speed lines development worldwide, basic design and operation concepts, station/tunnel/bridge design considerations, international high speed rail standards,
	2. High Speed Rolling Stocks: Types of rolling stocks (concentrated power/distributed power/articulated/tilting trains), train body design, key engineering components design, braking characteristics, traction curves, train resistance and aerodynamics, Davis equation, train detection and navigation systems, future rolling stocks.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	tion of C (thy C-AC (C) (thy C-AC (C) (the C) (the C) (the C-AC (C) (the C) (t	drive cc iristor pl iinsulata AC), e power s Europqe Europqe Europqe TMS), lines Sinitecture TTMS), lines SicCol, nt naation, igh spee ign, pass Europqe I evels CCO, tu naation, igh spee ign, pass DHL), and gauge z	ing, moc c train umple), an Tra ide elecce e, ETCS Driver 0, 1, ack cir GoA (1 ed line ssenger overhea age, rai tunneli und kine e his p als. The	resistan ntrol bi bipola and gu ovemen operata Global in Con tronic S opera machin 2 & : EC 62 project flows- d rigid l cant, ng (dri matchin cant, ca	nce con idges, I at authorized the system transformed the system throl Sy unit (L unit (L unit (L 290), fi system 290), fi a conduitse, I conduitse,	ntrol, pulses istor, eturn ority, TO), n for stem EU), odes, face, istem LEU, iuture speed l and blast, e.			
	principles and engineering co discussed. The site visit to M reinforce what they have learne Teaching/Learning	TR XRL	line	is als I-life a	o arran	ged to ons.			
	Methodology	a		b	с	d		е	
	Lectures			V		V			-
	Tutorials			V		V			
	Site Visit			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighti	j8						
Intended Learning Outcomes				a	b	с	d	e	
	1. Assignments/mini projects	40%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	1
	2. Examination	60%				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
	Total	100 %	ó		1	1	1	1	-
	The examination is to evalua operation principles of the Assignments/mini projects prov and the knowledge learned.	high s	peed	l rail	and	its eng	ineerin	ig syst	tems.

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lectures/Tutorials	33 Hrs.
	Invited lecture	3 Hrs.
	Site visit	3 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Assignments	10 Hrs.
	Self-study	56 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Reference books/journals: High Speed Rail – Fast Track to Sustainable Mobility, Intern Railways (UIC) High Speed Railway System - Implementation Handbook, U (www.uic.org/highspeed) Railway in Hong Kong – Stepping into a new Era at the Asia Conference in HK, March 2015 by Dr KM Leung Application of Automatic Platform Gate to reduce safety risl Railway Safety Conference in Johannesburg, October 2015 Managing Human Factors in Hong Kong through a Risk-bas International Railway Safety Conference in Vancouver, Oct Leung High-Speed EMUs: Characteristics of Technological Devele Elsevier Journal, Engineering 6, 2020, by Hongwei Zhao, Ji Qing Liu Optimization of High-Speed Railway Line Planning Conside Distance Transportation, Journal of Advanced Transportation 	IC a Pacific Rail ks at the International by Dr KM Leung ed Approach at the ober 2013 by Dr KM opment and Trends, an Ying Liang, Chang ering Extra-Long

Subject Code	EE553
Subject Title	Railway Electronic Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	1. To provide overview knowledge of railway electronic systems including main control system, communication system and automatic fare collection system.
	2. To acquire working knowledge on the design and maintenance of railway electronic systems.
	3. To be aware of the trends in the technological development of railway electronic systems and key players in the industry.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a) Acquire the operational roles of railway electronic systems including main control system, communication system and automatic fare collection system.
	b) Understand the operating principles of railway electronic systems, and how they are maintained.
	c) Acquire the principal design features and interface requirements of railway electronic systems.
	d) Acquire the technological developments of railway electronic systems and their trends in the railway industry.
	e) Acquire the key players in the railway electronic systems industry and their business prospects.
	f) Acquire the future integration of the railway electronic systems as part of the Internet of Things (IoT).
Subject Synopsis/	1. Operation of railway electronic system in the context of metro lines.
Indicative Syllabus	2. Operating principles and principal design features of railway electronic systems.
	3. Asset maintenance of railway electronic systems.
	4. Design, supply, installation, and testing and commissioning of railway electronic systems.
	5. Integration of railway electronic systems with other railway systems.
	6. Technological development trends and key players in the railway electronic system industry.
	7. Case study - railway electronic systems in the MTR network.

	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Learning Outcomes						
	Teaching/Learning Me	ethodology			-			I .	
	_		a	b	c	d	e	f	
	Lectures		✓	✓	~	 ✓ 	✓	 ✓ 	
	Tutorials		\checkmark	✓	√ √	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Site Visits			\checkmark	V				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inten asses		ject learr	ning out	comes to	o be	
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	d	e	f	
	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Assignments	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Projects	25%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100 %							
	provide an outline of th outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic syst	nonstrate hav tems through	pplicati vig acqu	on. The nired de	se are de tail and and int	update	o assess d know literatu	s learr vledge re sea	
	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic sys exercise, digestion of t appropriately in the pro- through Q&A in a fact assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are the	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i oject report. e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he resi be tes signed , (c), (
	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic sys exercise, digestion of t appropriately in the pro- through Q&A in a fac assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are no outcomes.	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i oject report. e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he resi be tes signed , (c), (
	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic syst exercise, digestion of t appropriately in the pro- through Q&A in a fac assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are no outcomes. Class contact:	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i oject report. -e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he rest be tes signed , (c), (c)	
	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic sys exercise, digestion of t appropriately in the pro- through Q&A in a fac assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are no outcomes.	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i oject report. -e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he res be tes signed , (c),	
	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic syst exercise, digestion of t appropriately in the pro- through Q&A in a fac assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are no outcomes. Class contact:	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i oject report. -e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he rest be tes signed , (c), (: learn 36 Hr	
	 outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic systexercise, digestion of the appropriately in the prothrough Q&A in a fact assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are no outcomes. Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial 	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he rest be tes signed , (c), (: learn 36 Hr	
	 outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic systexercise, digestion of tappropriately in the prothough Q&A in a fact assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are noutcomes. Class contact: Lecture/Tutoria Site visit 	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	<pre>s learn vledge re sea he ress be tes signed , (c), (learn 36 Hr 3 Hr</pre>	
	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic systexercise, digestion of (appropriately in the prothrough Q&A in a factor assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are noutcomes. Class contact: • Lecture/Tutoria • Site visit Other student study effect	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant i opicet report. e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a al	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu: enting tl ill also are de (a), (b)	s learn 'ledge re sea he resi be tes signed , (c), (learn 36 Hr 3 Hr 42 Hr	
Student Study Effort Expected	outcomes (c) and (f). Projects: Students den railway electronic systexercise, digestion of tappropriately in the prothrough Q&A in a fact assess learning outcome Examination: Question and (e). Students are noutcomes. Class contact: • Lecture/ Tutoria • Site visit Other student study effet • Self-study	e suggested a nonstrate hav tems through the relevant is oject report. e-to-face ses es (d), (e) and s are designe required to a al	pplicati rig acqu a an ex informa The stu sion w l (f) ed to as	on. The nired de tensive tion ob- dents' u th the sess lea	se are de etail and and int cained ar inderstar lecturer. rning ou	update tensive nd prese nding w These	d know literatu nting til also (a), (b)	s learn vledge re sea he rest be tes signed , (c), (

Subject Code	EE560
Subject Title	Metros in Hong Kong and China
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students through lectures, site visits and exchanges with Metro personnel; ar overview knowledge and an appreciation of Metro operations, business and projects using systems in Hong Kong and China as illustrations.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. demonstrate an understanding of the fundamentals of metro operations and management b. acquire a comprehensive knowledge of key engineering systems in metros to pave the way for more advanced studies c. appreciate the key issues in the planning and implementation of metro projects.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Introduction</u> <u>Introduction</u> <u>Objectives and key attributes of Metros</u> <u>Major components of a Metro</u> <u>Role of Metros in public transport</u> <u>A survey of operating Metros in Hong Kong and China.</u> <u>Future development of Metros in Hong Kong and China.</u> <u>Key systems in Metro</u> <u>Trains</u> <u>Trackwork and civil infrastructure</u> <u>Signalling, control and communication systems</u> <u>Power supply system</u> <u>Station facilities</u> <u>System integration and system assurance</u> <u>Metro Operation</u> <u>Train operation</u> <u>Train operation</u> <u>Station operation</u> <u>Station operation</u> <u>Station operation</u> <u>Asset maintenance</u> <u>Key performance indicators</u> <u>Safety and risk management</u> <u>Metro business</u> <u>Customer services</u> Non-fare business <u>Car Project</u> <u>Project planning</u> <u>Project planning</u> <u>Project planning</u> <u>Project planning</u> <u>Project implementation</u>

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 a) Lectures – 30 hours b) Site visits c) Tutorial/Discussion with Metro personnel – 9 hours Core subject knowledge will be delivered in the lectures, site visits will enhance the students' understanding on the subject contents, while tutorials and discussion with Metro personnel will give more details on the real world practices. 						
	Teaching/Learning Methodol	logy		Outcomes			
			а	b	с		
	Lectures	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Tutorials		\checkmark		\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub be assessed	ject learning o	utcomes to		
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Mini project/assignments	40%	\checkmark	1	V		
	2. Examination	60%			\checkmark		
	Total	100%					
	Candidates are expected to select a mini-project from the wealth of case studies to demonstrate their understanding of the metro systems. The examination covers both practical and theoretical aspects of the major issues to be considered in the design and planning of metro systems in both Hong Kong and Mainland.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lectures				30 Hrs.		
	Tutorials				9 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:						
	 Site Visits 				9 Hrs.		
	 Self-study 				57 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 Hirsch, R. (Ed), (2007), 'M Practices from KCRC', Un Industry specific codes of 	niversity of I	Birmingham Pi	ress			

Subject Code	EIE3333
Subject Title	Data and Computer Communications
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/	Nil
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	1. To provide solid foundation to students about the architectures and operations of communication networks.
	2. To enable students to master the knowledge about computer networking in the context of real-life applications.
	3. To prepare students to learn and to critically evaluate new knowledge and emerging technology in communication networks.
Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Subject	Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills
Learning Outcomes	1. Understand the services, functions, and inter-relationship of different layers in communication network models
	2. Describe how components in different layers inter-operate and analyze their performance.
	3. Understand and apply the principles and practices of communication networks.
	4. Learn new techniques and to align new technologies to existing network infrastructure.
	Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness
	5. Present ideas and findings effectively.
	6. Learn independently.
Subject	Syllabus:
Synopsis/ Indicative	1. Computer Networks, Services, and Layered Architectures
Syllabus	Evolution of networking and switching technology. Protocol and services. Layered network architectures: OSI 7-layer model, TCP/IP architecture.
	2. Digital Transmission and Protocols in Data Link Layer
	Line coding techniques, error detection and correction. Automatic Repeat Request (ARQ) protocol and reliable data transfer service. Sliding-window flow control. Framing and point- to-point protocol, flow control and error controls. High level data link control (HDLC) protocol and point-to-point protocol (PPP).
	3. Local Area Networks (LANs) and Wireless LANs
	Media Access Control (MAC) protocols: the IEEE802.3 Ethernet and IEEE802.11 wireless LAN standards. Interconnection of LANs: bridge, switch, and virtual LAN.
	 <u>Network Layer Protocols</u> Network layer operations, connection oriented and connectionless services. Internet protocol (IP): IP datagram format, IP addressing, subnetting, IP routing and router operations. Internet control message protocol (ICMP), dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP), network address translation (NAT).

	5. <u>Transport Layer Protocols</u> Transmission control protocol (TCP) and user datagram protocol (UDP)									
	Possible Laboratory Experiments:									
	 Cisco router configuration and programming. 									
	2. Static and Dynamic routing.									
	3. Network monito	oring and ana	lysis							
	4. Address resoluti	ion, ARP, IP,	and TCP							
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Teaching and Learning Intended Subject Learning Method Outcome			Ren	narks					
	Lectures	1, 2, 3, 4		Fundamental principles and key concepts of t subject are delivered to students.				of the		
	Tutorials	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	5	Supplementary to lectures. Students will be al to clarify concepts and to have a deep understanding of the lecture material; Problems and application examples are given a			deeper			
	Laboratory sessions	3, 5, 6		discussed. Students will conduct practical exercises to reinforce concepts and techniques learned.						
Alignment of Assessment and Intended Subject	Specific Assessm Methods/ Task	ent	% Weigh				oject Le Please t			
Learning Outcomes					1	2	3	4	5	6
	1. Continuous A	ssessment	50%	6						
	Mid-Term Te	est	159	6	~	~	~	~	~	
	• End-of-Term	Test	159	6	~	~	~	~	~	
	Assignments		8%	ó	~	~	~	~	~	
	Laboratories		129	6			~		~	~
	2. Examination		509	6	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total		100	%						

	Specific Assessment	Remark				
	Methods/ Tasks					
	Assignments, Tests and examination	These can measure the students' understanding of the theories and the concepts of the subject. End-of-chapter type problems used to evaluate students' ability in applying concepts and skills learnt in the classroom;				
		Assignments of reading report type to a acquiring new knowledge related to cor				
		Students need to think critically and creatively in order to com- with an alternate solution for an existing problem.				
	Laboratory sessions	Each group of students is required to complete work-sheets, to indicate their understanding and correct completion of the laboratories.				
		Accuracy and the presentation of the work-sheets will be assessed;				
	-		-			
Student Study	Class contact (time-table	ed):				
Effort	• Lecture	24 Hours				
	Tutorial/Laboratory/P	15 hours				
	Other student study effort:					
	Lecture: preview/revi preparation for test/qu	36 Hours				
	Tutorial/Laboratory/P revision and/or report	30 Hours				
	Total student study effo	Total student study effort:				
Reading List	Textbook :					
and References	1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications & Networking, 5th ed., McGraw-Hill, 2012.					
Kelerences	Reference Books:					
	1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Computer Networks: A Top-Down Approach, McGraw-Hill, 2012					
	2. William Stallings, <i>Data and Computer Communications</i> , 9 th ed., Pearson/ Prentice-Hall, 2012.					
		puter Networks and Internets, 5th ed., Pear	(D () II II 2000			

Subject Code	EIE4104
Subject Title	Mobile Networking
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite	EIE3333 Data and Computer Communications
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 Introduce the basic knowledge of mobile networks. Introduce the variety of facilities, technologies, and communication systems to meet future needs of mobile network services. Evaluate critically the performance of existing and emerging global mobile networking technologies.
Intended Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills Describe the operational and functional attributes of different components of mobile networks. Evaluate critically the design, implementation, and performance of mobile
	networks with regard to different criteria. <u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u> 3. Think and evaluate critically. 4. Take up new technology for life-long learning.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Mobile Communication Systems Handoff schemes, allocation of resources, routing, security Existing Wireless Systems AMPS, GSM, PCS, 3G, GPS, TCP over Wireless Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Characteristics of Ad Hoc networks, Ad Hoc routing, characteristics of sensor networks, MAC protocol for wireless sensor networks Wireless MANs, LANs, and PANs WMANs, WLANs, WPANs Recent Advances Ultra-wideband technology, multicast in wireless networks, mobility (location) management, Bluetooth networks, threads and security issues
	 Computing efficiency and throughput of MAC protocols for wireless networks Location determination of a mobile station

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures: The subject matters will be delivered through lectures. Students will be engaged in the lectures through Q&A, discussions and specially designed classroom activities.							
	Tutorials: During tutorials, students will work on/discuss some chosen problems. This will help strengthen the knowledge taught in lectures.							
	Laboratory/Mini-project and assignments: During laboratory exercises/mini-project, students will perform hands-on tasks to practice what they have learned. They will evaluate the performance of various systems and design solutions to problems. The assignments will help students to review the knowledge taught in class.							
	While lectures and tutorials will ended questions in laboratory ex- chance to students to exercise the	ercises/mini-j	project	and assi	gnments			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting	Outco			arning ssed (Pl	ease	
Intended Subject			1	2	3	4	5	
Learning Outcomes	1. Continuous Assessment (total: 50%)							
	Assignments	8%	~	~	~			
	Laboratories/Mini-Project	14%		~	~	~	~	
	Mid-Term Test	14%	~	~	~	~		
	End-of-Term Test	14%	~	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	50%	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%						
Student Study	Class contact (time-tabled):							
Effort Expected	• Lecture		24 Hours					
	Tutorial/Laboratory/Mini-Pro		15 Hours					
	Other student study effort:							
	• Lecture: preview/review of notes; homework/assignment; preparation for test/quizzes/examination				36 Hours			
	Tutorial/Laboratory/Practice Classes: preview of materials, revision and/or reports writing					30 Hours		
	Total student study effort:					1(5 Hours	
Reading List and References	1. D.P. Agrawal and Q. Zeng, Cengage Learning, 2016.	Introduction	to Wire	less and	l Mobile	System.	s, 4 th ed.,	

Subject Code	ELC1011
Subject Title	Practical English for University Studies
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject aims to develop and enhance students' general proficiency and communication skills in English. A strong focus will be given to enhancing communicative competence and confidence in text structure, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. produce short written texts in a university context using appropriate structures, vocabulary and tone b. analyse and select information from a range of text types in order to present content and views in a university context c. apply multimodal communication strategies (e.g. spoken, written, visual and aural) to present information and views for an academic audience
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present their views logically and coherently.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Enhancing the use of accurate and appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary for various communicative purposes; improving the ability to organise written texts logically; and improving cohesion and coherence in writing. Spoken communication Developing verbal and non-verbal interaction strategies appropriate to the context and level of formality. Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information delivered in written and spoken texts; developing effective reading and listening strategies. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency. Multimodal communication
	Developing the application of multimodal communication strategies; using a range of media and modes to present information and opinions.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is a combination of seminar, self-access work and online learning. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting of texts, information search, mini-presentations and discussions. Students will make use of eLearning resources and web-based work to improve their grammar and vocabulary, and other language skills.

	Learning materials developed by course. Students will be referred Centre for Independent Langua, recommended as required.	to learning res	ources on the	Internet and	in the ELC's		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	g outcomes k as				
Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Paragraph writing	20%	✓	\checkmark			
	2. Essay writing	40%	✓	\checkmark			
	3. Documentary presentation	40%	✓	\checkmark	✓		
	Total	100 %					
Student Study Effort Expected	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The paragraph writing test, which assess students' grammar, vocabulary and paragraph organisation skills, necessitates achievement of LOs (a) and (b). The essay writing assessment evaluates students' ability to write a longer text in using accurate and appropriate structures and vocabulary (ref. LOs (a) and (b)). The documentary presentation assesses students' ability to speak accurately, appropriately and confidently. Students will research a topic, organise information from a variety of sources, and deliver the information as a digital documentary and mini-presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and (c)). Students are required to complete further language training outside the class through face-to-face initiatives and online tasks which are aligned with all the three LOs and correspond to their learning in class. Class contact: 39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self-study/preparation 		78 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort 117						
Reading List and References	 Course material Learning materials developed by Recommended references 1. Boyle, J. & Boyle, L. (1998). Kong: Longman. 2. Brannan, B. (2003). A writer '. ed.). Boston: McGraw-Hill. 3. Hancock, M. (2003). Engli University Press. 4. Nettle, M. and Hopkins, D. (2) Cambridge: Cambridge Unive 5. Redman, S. (2003). English v Cambridge: Cambridge Unive 6. Powell, M. (2011). Presentin 	Common Spok s workshop: Ci ish pronuncia 2003). Develop rrsity Press. vocabulary in u rrsity Press.	en English Era rafting paragr tion in use. ving grammar use: Pre-intern	rors in Hong aphs, buildin Cambridge: in context: 1 nediate and i	g essays (3 rd Cambridge intermediate. ntermediate.		

Subject Code	ELC1012 / ELC1013
Subject Title	English for University Studies
	(This subject will be offered in two versions for students who will primarily be using (1) APA/Harvard referencing styles or (2) IEEE/Vancouver referencing styles in their university studies.)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students entering the University with Level 3-5** from the HKDSE will be required to take this course.
Objectives	This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. refer to sources in written texts and oral presentations b. paraphrase and summarise materials from written and spoken sources c. plan, write and revise expository essays with references to sources d. deliving effective and reconstrained
	 d. deliver effective oral presentations To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present information logically and coherently.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Analysing and practising common writing functions; improving the ability to write topic sentences and strategies for paragraph development; understanding common patterns of organisation in expository writing; taking notes from written and spoken sources; practising summarising and paraphrasing skills; improving coherence and cohesion in writing; developing revision and proofreading skills. Spoken communication Recognising the purposes of and differences between spoken and written communication in English in university study contexts; identifying and practising the verbal and nonverbal interaction strategies in oral presentations; developing and applying critical thinking skills to discussions of issues. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of eLearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learn outcomes to be assess tick as appropriate)			Please		
			а	b	с	d		
	1. Academic essay 1	25%	~	~	~			
	2. Academic essay 2	35%	~	~	~			
	3. Oral presentation	40%	\checkmark	~		\checkmark		
	Total	100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriateness learning outcomes:	of the assessme	nt method	s in asses	sing the	intended		
	Assessments 1 and 2 necessitate achievement of LOs (a), (b) and (c) in orde effective academic essay via the process of extending and improving th assessment 1. In order for students to present an effective academic oral pre demanded in assessment 3, they will need to read, note and synthesise from sources, and refer to those sources in their presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and					essay for tation, as variety of		
	In addition to these assessments, students are required to complete further training, through web-based language work, reading tasks and online reflect additional language training offered in online tasks is aligned with all the fou some of the tasks, students critically read and summarise information conta variety of sources, as required in LOs (a) and (b).				reflection the four	ns. The LOs. In		
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	 Seminars 		39 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:							
	Self study/preparation					78 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				1	17Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre							
	 Recommended references 1. Bailey, S. (2014). Academic writing: a handbook for international stude Abingdon: Routledge. 2. Comfort, J. (2001). Effective presentations. Oxford: Cornelsen & Oxford Univer- Press. 3. Hung, T. T. N. (2005). Understanding English grammar: A course book for Chin learners of English. Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press. 4. Tang, R. (2012). Academic writing in a second or foreign language: Issues challenges facing ESL/EFL academic writers in higher education contexts. Low Continuum International Pub. 5. Zwier, L. J. (2002). Building academic vocabulary. Ann Arbor, MI: Universit Michigan Press. 				<i>Chinese</i> <i>Chinese</i> <i>sues and</i> London:			

Subject Code	ELC2011
Subject Title	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	Pre-requisite: ELC1012 / ELC1013 English for University Studies
Objectives	This subject aims to help students become more effective readers and writers. It focuses on developing students' facility to read a variety of texts in a critical manner, both intensively and extensively; and to write texts that demonstrate knowledge and insight.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to examine a variety of texts, including literary texts, and:
	a. reflect on and critically analyze texts of different genres and styles, identifying the writer's aims and stance
	b. identify and evaluate language used to make claims and support these with valid arguments
	 write a text on a chosen topic that includes their opinion and interpretation of some key issues and demonstrates critical thinking and creativity
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	Reading strategies Reading extensively to appreciate the use of language, acquire information, promote understanding, and develop empathy. Reading intensively to investigate a particular topic and develop an in-depth understanding of issues and stances. Reading critically to extract implications, identify writers' assumptions and purposes, and analyze issues raised in texts written from different perspectives.
	Writing strategies Describing and analyzing the structure, meaning and characteristics of a variety of texts. Presenting views and arguments to educated readers with sophisticated language and appropriate visual images and formats.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended learning approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class work involving sharing and discussion of reading experiences; and reading, evaluating and drafting texts. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of e-learning resources to engage in discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с			
	1. Analyzing genres of writing	30%	~	√				
	2. Reflective writing	30%	\checkmark					
	3. Feature article writing	40%			\checkmark			
	Total	100%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Assessment 1 requires students to employ effective critical reading and thinking skills to interpret texts, identify the writer's style and stance, and evaluate the choice of language used; and is aligned with ILOs (a) and (b). Assessment 2 requires students to write a reflection after reading a range of literary genres and sharing their ideas in class; and is aligned with ILO (a). Assessment 3 requires students to first conduct research and gain some insight into a particular topic, then produce an article which can inform and impress readers through its substance, structure and language; and is aligned with ILO (c). Through these assessments, students will be able to develop and demonstrate more advanced reading and writing skills.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Seminars	39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:							
	Online forums and blogs							
	Readings and sharing session pre	78 Hrs.						
	Research and drafting/revising of texts							
	Total student study effort:	117 Hrs.						
Reading List and	Course material							
References	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre							
	Recommended references							
	1. Best, J. (2001). Damned lies and statistics: Untangling numbers from the media, politicians, and activists. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press.							
	2. Cooper, S. & Patton, R. (2010). Writing logically, thinking critically. New York, NY: Longman.							
	3. Damer, T. E. (2009). Attacking faulty reasoning: A practical guide to fallacy-free arguments. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning.							
	 Kennedy, X. J. & Gioia, D. (2010). Literature: An introduction to fiction, poetry drama, and writing (11th ed.). New York, NY: Longman. 							
	5. Mefcalfe, M. (2006). Reading critically at university. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.							

Subject Code	ELC2012
Subject Title	Persuasive Communication
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ELC1012 or ELC1013 English for University Studies
Objectives	This subject aims to help students become more persuasive communicators in a variety of contexts that they may encounter at university and in the workplace.
Intended Learning Outcomes	By the end of the subject, students should be able to communicate effectively in an English-medium environment through:
	a) writing persuasive texts intended for a variety of audiences
	b) communicating persuasively in oral contexts
	c) making persuasive arguments in formal discussions
	To achieve these, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion.
Subject Synopsis/	1. Preparing for effective persuasion
Indicative Syllabus	Assessing the situation; selecting relevant content; organising ideas and information; selecting an appropriate tone, distance and level of formality to support the communication of messages.
	2. Persuasion through writing
	Developing and practising appropriate language, tone, style and structure; achieving cohesion and coherence.
	3. Persuasion through speaking
	Developing and practising appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills for persuasive oral communication; improving and extending relevant pronunciation features, including articulation, pausing, intonation, word stress and sentence stress.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Activities include teacher input as well as individual and group work involving reading and appreciating texts, discussions and presentations of ideas.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	mathada/taaka	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
			а	b	с		
	1. Speech	30%		~			
	2. Persuasive written text	40%	~				
	3. Debate	30%		~	~		
	Total	100 %			I		
	Explanation of the appropria learning outcomes:	teness of the a	ssessment meth	nods in assess	ing the intend		
	Assessment 1 is an individua Assessment 3 examines a diff				suasive writir		
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Seminars 	39 Hrs					
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self study/preparation 	78 Hrs					
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs					
Reading List and	Required readings						
References	ELC-provided subject materials.						
	Other readings						
	1. Breaden, B. L. (1996). Speaking to persuade. Fort Worth, TX: Harcourt Brace College						
	2. Covino, W.A. (1998). The elements of persuasion. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.						
	3. Edwards, R. E. (2008). Competitive debate: The official guide. New York: Alph Books.						
	4. Leanne, S. (2008). Say it like Obama: The power of speaking with purpose and vision. New York: McGraw Hill.						
	5. Rogers, W. (2007). Persuasion: messages, receivers, and contexts. Lanham, MD Rowman & Littlefield Publishers.						
	6. Stiff, J. B. (2003). Persuasive communication (2nd ed.). New York: Guilford Press.						

Subject Code	ELC2013			
Subject Title	English in Literature and Film			
Credit Value	3			
Level	2			
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: English for University Studies (ELC1012/1013)			
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to a range of literary genres in English as well as to enable them to consider differences in media representations of genres, and to appreciate and negotiate the meanings of a variety of literary texts.			
	It is also intended that the subject will help students further develop literacy, as well as higher order thinking and life-long learning skills.			
Intended Learning	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	a. examine and analyse literary texts from different perspectives			
	b. discuss literary techniques employed by writers			
	c. appreciate and articulate differences in textual and visual media representations			
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion.			
Subject Synopsis/	1. Written communication			
Indicative Syllabus	Describing and interpreting content and language in literary texts; employing appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary.			
	2. Spoken communication			
	Presenting critical evaluation of literary works effectively and convincingly.			
	3. Reading			
	Developing understanding of and competence in using literary devices such as metaphor, simile and symbolism, via reading literary texts and viewing film versions.			
	4. Language development			
	Improving fluency and pronunciation, and extending grammatical and lexical competence.			
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving listening to and viewing a variety of audio-visual sources, reading and drafting texts, conducting internet research, making mini-presentations, participating in discussions, and comparing various representations of literature. Students will make use of eLearning resources and web-based work to further improve their English literacy skills.			
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be			

	recommended as required					
Assessment						
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended su outcomes to tick as appr	o be assesse		
			а	b	с	
	1. Individual Essay	40%	~	~	~	
	2. Group Presentation	30%	~	~	~	
	3. Individual Project	30%	~	~	~	
	Total	100 %				
	Explanation of the approplearning outcomes:	priateness of the assess	sment method	s in assessii	ng the intended	
	In assessment 1, students are required to write an individual paper in v critically reflect on their reading of prose, and by so doing, demons achievement of LO (a). Assessments 2 and 3 are aligned with all the Assessment 2 assesses students' understanding of a literary drama an comparison of the merits of its textual and theatrical versions. Assessment individual project that requires interpretation and presentation of more literature and audio-visual sources.				all three LOs. and requires assment 3 is an	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Enort Expected	Seminars				39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:					
	 Self study/preparatio 	preparation			78 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort		117			
Reading List and References	Recommended reading The PolyU library retains either hardcopies or electronic copies of the following titles. The titles can also be found online.					
	 Stam, R., and Raengo, A. (eds.). (2004). A companion to literature and film [electronic source] Blackwell reference online. Malden: Blackwell. Call number PN1995.3.C65 2004e 					
	http://www.blackwellre 9780631230533&auths		er/uid=262/bc	ook?id=g97	80631230533_	
	Other readings will be spe fiction, novelettes, plays a		cher, and may	v contain sh	ort	

Subject Code	ELC2014
Subject Title	Advanced English for University Studies
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: English for University Studies (ELC1012/ELC1013) (unless exempted)
Objectives	This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. research relevant academic texts for a topic and integrate the sources into a position argument essay appropriately and effectively; b. plan, research for, write and revise a position argument essay; and c. present and justify views effectively in a mini oral defence. To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion logically and persuasively.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Developing logical and persuasive arguments; applying a variety of organisation patterns in discursive writing, including the writing of explanatory and evaluative texts; selecting information from academic texts critically; supporting stance; maintaining cohesion and coherence in discursive writing; achieving appropriate style and tone. Spoken communication Enhancing and practising the specific oral and aural skills required to participate effectively in an academic discussion and to present and justify views in an oral defence. Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information in oral and written texts; comprehending, inferring and evaluating messages and attitude. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of eLearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning. Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		bject learnin be assesser opriate)			
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Position Argument Essay (draft)	20%	~	~			
	2. Academic Presentation & discussion	35%	~		~		
	3. Position Argument Essay (final)	45%	~	~			
	Total	100 %					
	Explanation of the appropriatene intended learning outcomes:	ss of the as	sessment me	ethods in a	ssessing the		
	Assessments 1 and 3 assess students' abilities to produce a coherent academic text which requires research, and effective use and referencing of sources (ref. LOs (a) and (b). Assessment 2 assesses their abilities to plan, present and justify their views in an oral defence (ref. LOs (a) and (c)).						
	In addition to their assessments, students complete further language training by carrying out academic research and by completing a variety of independent-learning tasks focussing on grammar and academic skills such as paraphrasing and discussion strategies.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Seminars 	39 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self study/preparation 	78 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	t study effort					
Reading List and References	 Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre Recommended references 1. Davies, B. (2012). <i>Reading research: A user friendly guide for health profession</i> (5th ed.). Toronto, ON: Elsevier Canada. 2. Faigley, L. (2012). <i>Backpack writing: Reflecting, arguing, informing, analyz evaluating</i> (3rd ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson. 3. Madden, C. and Rohlek, T. N. (1997). <i>Discussion and interaction in the acade community</i>. Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan Press. 4. McWhorter, K. T. (2007). <i>Academic reading</i> (6th ed.). New York, Dearson/Longman 5. Oshima, A. & Hogue, A. (2006). <i>Writing academic English</i> (4th ed.). White Plan NY: Pearson/Longman. 6. Reinhart, S. M. (2013). <i>Giving academic presentations</i> (2nd ed.). Ann Arbor, University of Michigan Press. 						
	 Conversity of Michigan Press. Rost, M. (2013). Active listening. Harlow, England: Pearson. Wood, N. V. (2012). Perspectives on argument (7th ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson. 						

Subject Code	ELC3531
Subject Title	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students
Credit Value	2
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	English LCR subjects
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in English required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in English, students will be able to:
	a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers
	 b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences
	 c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	 Project proposal in English Planning and organising a project proposal Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the current situation or existing literature to substantiate a project proposal Describing the methods of study Describing and discussing anticipated project results and (if applicable) results of a pilot study Presenting the budget, schedule and (if applicable) method of evaluation Writing an executive summary Oral presentation of project proposal in English Selecting content for an audience-focused presentation Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in a team presentation Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject is designed to develop the English language skills, both oral and written, that students need to use to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects. The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations.

The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project which will engage students in proposing and reporting on an engineering-related project to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in:

• planning and researching the project

• writing project-related documents such as project proposals

• giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders of the project

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	outco		outcome (Please t	l subject lea es to be asse tick as appro	opriate)
	1. Project proposal in English	40%	a √	U	c ✓
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English	60%		~	~
	Total	100%			
	Explanation of the appropriateness intended learning outcomes: The assessments will arise from a cc will collaborate in groups in plant presentations on the project. They w presentations targeted at different assessment of students' ability to selec to the purposes and intended readers/au	burse-long en ning, researc ill be assess intended re t content and	gineering- hing, disc ed on wri eaders/aud	related pro cussing and tten docum liences. Th	ject. Students I giving oral ents and oral his facilitates
	Assessment type				
	1. Project proposal in English Mainly Each team writes a proposal of 2000-2500 engineering words; and each member writes a report of 200-250 words explaining his/her contribution to experts			Week 8	
	2. Oral presentation of project propo English Each team delivers a speech (30 mir team of four), simulating a presentat final proposal	Mainly non-expo	Iainly Weeks on-experts 12-13		
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Seminars			26 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:				
	Researching, planning and writing the				

	Total student study effort:	78 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 D. F. Beer, Ed., Writing and Speaking in the Technology Professions: A pra guide, 2nd ed. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2003. 				
	 R. Johnson-Sheehan, Writing Proposals, 2nd ed. New 2008. 	w York: Pearson/Longman,			
	 S. Kuiper, Contemporary Business Report Writing, 4 Western, 2009. 	th ed. Mason, OH: South-			
	 M. H. Markel, Practical Strategies for Technical C Bedford/St. Martin's, 2016. 	communication. New York:			
	 D. C. Reep, <i>Technical Writing: Principles, strategy</i> Boston: Pearson/Longman, 2011. 	ies, and readings, 8th ed.			
	 E. D. Zanders and L. Macleod, <i>Presentation Skills guide</i>, 2nd ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press 				

Subject Code	ENG2001
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	1. To realize the impact of the development of engineering materials on human civilization;
	 To enable students to establish a broad knowledge base on the structure and properties of materials for solving engineering problems.
	 To enable students to understand the applications and selection of engineering materials based on the consideration of properties, cost, ease of manufacture, environmental issues and their in service performance.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. comprehend the importance of materials in engineering and society;
	 explain the properties and behaviour of materials using fundamental knowledge of materials science.
	 c. apply the knowledge of materials science to analyze and solve basic engineering problems related to stress, strain and fracture of materials;
	d. select appropriate materials for various engineering applications taking into consideration of issues in cost, quality and environmental concerns.
Subject Synopsis/	1. Introduction
Indicative Syllabus	Historical perspective; Evolution of engineering materials; Materials science and engineering; Classification of materials
	2. Atomic Structure and Structures of Materials
	Atomic structure; Bonding forces and energies; Primary interatomic bonds and secondary bonding; Crystalline and non-crystalline materials; Phase diagram and microstructure of alloys
	3. Electrical and Optical Properties of Materials
	Conductors and insulators; Semi-conductor materials; N-type and P-type semiconductors; P/N junction; Light interactions with materials; Light emitting diode (LED) and photovoltaics; Light propagation in optical fibers; Liquid crystal; Photoelasticity
	4. Mechanical Properties of Materials
	Concept of stress and strain; Stress-strain behaviour; Elastic and plastic properties of materials; Concepts of dislocations and strengthening mechanisms; Tensile properties; Elastic recovery after plastic deformation; Hardness; Stress concentration; Impact energy, Fracture toughness; Design and safety factors
	5. Introduction to Failure Analysis and Prevention
	Fundamentals of fracture: ductile, brittle, fatigue and creep; Corrosion; Nondestructive testing; Techniques for failure analysis and prevention

	 Selection of Engineering Materials Characteristics of metallic, polymeric, ceramic, electronic and composite material Economic, environmental and recycling issues 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures but tutorials, case studies ar laboratory work will substantially supplement which. Practical problems and ca studies of material applications will be raised as a focal point for discussion in tutor classes, also laboratory sessions will be used to illustrate and assimilate sor fundamental principles of materials science. The subject emphasizes on developi students' problem solving skills.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			ning outcon as appropri	
Outcomes			а	b	с	d
o uteomes	1. Assignments	15%	✓	~	√	\checkmark
	2. Test	20%		~	~	\checkmark
	3. Laboratory report	5%		~	~	
	3. Examination	60%		~	~	\checkmark
	Total	100 %				
	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de	signed to asse	ogress. ess the capa	bility of stu	-	-
Student Study	assist them in self-monitori	ng of their prosigned to assest relates to lear re for determine	ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining studer	bility of stu ome (b). nts' understa	idents in an anding of k	alyzing an
Student Study Effort Expected	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the	ing of their pro- signed to asso a relates to lear re for determining achievement	ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining studer	bility of stu ome (b). nts' understa	idents in an anding of k	alyzing an
	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact:	ing of their pro- signed to asso a relates to lear re for determining achievement	ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining studer	bility of stu ome (b). nts' understa	idents in an anding of k	alyzing an
	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials,	ng of their pr signed to asse relates to lea re for determ ir achievemer practical	ogress. ess the capa irning outco ining studer at of the lear	bility of stu ome (b). nts' understa	idents in an anding of k	alyzing an ey concep 39Hrs.
	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials, Other student study effort:	ng of their pr signed to asso a relates to lea re for determ ir achievemer practical signments and	ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining studer at of the lease d reports	bility of stu ome (b). ats' underst: ming outco	idents in an anding of k	alyzing an ey concep 39Hrs. 37Hrs.
	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials, Other student study effort: Guided reading, as	ng of their pr signed to asso a relates to lea re for determ ir achievemer practical signments and	ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining studer at of the lease d reports	bility of stu ome (b). ats' underst: ming outco	idents in an anding of k	alyzing an ey concep 39Hrs. 37Hrs. 47Hrs.
	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials, Other student study effort: Guided reading, as Self-study and prep Total student study effort 1. William D. Callister, J science and engineering	ng of their pr signed to asso a relates to lea re for determ ir achievemer practical signments and paration for te r., David G. F g, 4 th edition,	ogress. ess the capa irning outco ining stude it of the lear d reports st and exan tethwisch, <i>I</i> <i>E-Text</i>	bility of stu me (b). ats' underst ning outcos	andents in an anding of k mes.	alyzing an ey concep 39Hrs. 37Hrs. 47Hrs. 123Hrs.
Effort Expected	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials, Other student study effort: Guided reading, as Self-study and prep Total student study effort 1. William D. Callister, J	ng of their pr signed to asso a relates to lea re for determ ir achievemer practical signments and paration for te r., David G. F rg, 4 th edition, BN: 978-1-11 r., David G. F	egress. ess the capa rrning outco ining student to f the leas d reports st and exan ethwisch, <i>I</i> <i>E-Text</i> 18-53126-6	bility of stu me (b). hts' underst ning outcom ning outcom nination	andents in an anding of k mes.	alyzing an ey concep 39Hrs. 37Hrs. 47Hrs. 123Hrs.
Effort Expected	 assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials, Other student study effort: Guided reading, as Self-study and prep Total student study effort 1. William D. Callister, J science and engineerin John Wiley & Sons; IS 2. William D. Callister, J Science, J 	ng of their pr signed to asse a relates to lea re for determi ir achievemen practical signments and paration for te r., David G. F g, 4 th edition, BN: 978-1-11 r., David G. F n, <i>E-Text</i>	egress. ess the capa irning outco ining student t of the lear d reports st and exan Rethwisch, <i>I</i> Rethwisch, <i>I</i>	bility of stu me (b). hts' underst ning outcom ning outcom nination	andents in an anding of k mes.	alyzing an ey concep 39Hrs. 37Hrs. 47Hrs. 123Hrs.
Effort Expected	assist them in self-monitori The laboratory report is de reporting experimental data The test and examination a as well as for assessing the Class contact: Lectures, tutorials, Other student study effort: Guided reading, as Self-study and prep Total student study effort 1. William D. Callister, J science and engineerin John Wiley & Sons; IS 2. William D. Callister, J Engineering, 8 th edition	ng of their pr signed to asse a relates to lea re for determi ir achievemen practical signments and paration for te r., David G. F g, 4 th edition, BN: 978-1-11 r., David G. F n, <i>E-Text</i>	egress. ess the capa irning outco ining student t of the lear d reports st and exan Rethwisch, <i>I</i> Rethwisch, <i>I</i>	bility of stu me (b). hts' underst ning outcom ning outcom nination	andents in an anding of k mes.	alyzing ar ey concep 39Hrs. 37Hrs. 47Hrs. 123Hrs.

Subject Code	ENG2002
Subject Title	Computer Programming
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the fundamental concepts of computer programming. To equip students with solid skills in Python programming. To equip students with techniques for developing structured and object- oriented computer programs. To demonstrate the techniques for implementing engineering applications using computer programs.
Intended Subject	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Learning Outcomes	 a. Familiarize themselves with at least one Python programming environment. b. Be proficient in using the basic constructs of Python to develop a computer program. c. Develop a structured and documented computer program. d. Understand the fundamentals of object-oriented programming and be able to apply it in computer program development. e. 5. Apply computer programming techniques to solve practical engineering problems.
Subject Synopsis/	Syllabus:
Indicative Syllabus	1. Introduction to Programming
	Components of a computer; Data representation in computers; Programming environment; Process of application development. 2. Bolts and Nuts of Python
	2. Boits and routs of rymon Data types; Variables and constants; Operators, expressions, and statements; Basic syntax; Functions and modules; Python IDE; Editing, saving, and running a script; Python modules; Absolute and relative import.
	3. Program Flow Control and Functions
	Branching and looping; Iterators; Scope of variables; Python functions; static functions; Lambda function; Position arguments and default arguments; args and kwargs; Interface with command line; argparse
	4. Program Design and Debugging
	Structured program design; Testing and debugging a program; Exception and assertion.
	5. Strings and File I/O
	String encoding format; F-string; Unicode; String operations; String and number conversion; File and directory manipulations; The "os", "sys", and "shutil" modules; Reading/writing text and numbers from/to a file.
	6. Tuples, Lists, and Dictionaries
	Basic tuple and list operations; Searching and sorting lists; Dictionary literals; Basic dictionary operations; Built-in tuple/list/dictionary methods and functions; Use of enumerate and zip

	 Basic Object-Oriented Programming Objects and classes; Attributes and methods; Inheritar polymorphism; Special methods and operator overloading. Data Analytics with Python Libraries Introduction to NumPy, Pandas, and Matplotlib; NumPy arrays methods, and mathematical operations; Reading/writing data fil Pandas; Pandas operations and functions; Data visualizati Matplotlib; OpenCV-Python for computer vision; Scikit-learn for learning. 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Teaching and Learning Method	Intended Subject Learning Outcome	Remarks			
	Lectures, supplemented with short quizzes	2,3,4	Students are introduced to the knowledge of computer programming through explanation and illustrative examples. Comprehension of the knowledge is strengthened with short quizzes. Students will be able to monitor the skills of using Python and apply the techniques of developing structured object-oriented applications.			
	Laboratories/tutorials where problems are given to students for them to solve	1,2,3,4	Students apply what they have learnt in lectures and solve problems in exercises. The purpose is to ensure students have captured the important points. Tutors will aid the lecturer in helping the students finishing the exercises, and interactive Q&A will take place.			
	Assignment, tests and final examination	1,2,3,4,5	By doing assignment, students will develop a firm understanding and comprehension of the knowledge taught. They will analyse given Python applications and apply knowledge to solve problems. They will have to design solutions by evaluating different alternatives. To enhance the students' problem-solving skill in a given programming environment, open-book programming tests are arranged regularly. To assure students' understanding of fundamental concepts, a closed- book final examination is arranged.			

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting			ubject learning o be assessed				
Intended Learning	1 2						3 4 5		
Outcomes	1. In-class exercises and homework	15%	~	~	~	~		1	
	2. Short-quizzes	10%		~	~	~		1	
	3. Programming tests	30%	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	~	1	
	4. Assignment	25%	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	~		
	5. Final examination	20%	~	~	\checkmark	✓	~	1	
	Total	100%				1	1	1	
	Explanation of the approp the intended learning out		he asso	essmer	nt met	hods in	assessi	ing	
	The short-quizzes are for assessing the understanding of fundamental concepts. The in-class exercises and homework are conducted to help students familiarized with the programming language and skills. The programming tests are for assessing the ability of students on solving computer problems through programming within a specified period. Through doing assignments, students will be able to experience how to solve engineering problems and design solutions by using a systematic approach. The final examination is for assessing the students' ability on using the programming language and analysing computer programs.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lectures, Tests and Quizzes						26 Hours		
	Laboratory/Tutorial						13 Hours		
	Other student study effort:								
	• Self-studying					57 Hours			
	• Homework					12 Hours		rs	
	Total student study effort:					108 Hours		rs	
Reading List and References	 Reference Books: G. v. Rossum and the Python development team, <i>Python Tutorial</i> 3.10.0, Nov. 2021. C. Hill, <i>Learning Scientific Programming with Python</i>, 2nd ed., Ca University Press, Cambridge, UK, 2020. Z. A. Shaw, <i>Learning Python 3 the Hard Way: A Very Simple Intrato the Terrifyingly Beautiful World of Computers and Code, A Wesley Professional, Boston, MA, USA, 2017.</i> E. Matthes, <i>Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Proje Introduction to Programming</i>, 2nd ed, No Starch Press, San Franci 							dge tion on-	

Subject Code	ENG2003
Subject Title	Information Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide the foundation knowledge in internet applications, computer networks, and database management that is essential to modern information system design
Intended Subject	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Learning Outcomes	Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills
	1. Understand the functions and features of modern computing systems.
	2. Understand the client-server architecture and be able to set up multiple internet applications.
	3. Understand the principles of computer networks and be able to set up simple computer networks.
	4. Understand the basic structure of a database system and be able to set up a simple database system.
	Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness
	1. Solve problems using systematic approaches.
Subject Synopsis/	Syllabus:
Indicative Syllabus	1. Introduction to computers
	Introduction to information technology using Internet of Things as a real life example. Introduction to modern computing systems.
	2. <u>Computer Networks</u>
	 Introduction to computer networks (Client-Server Architecture). Study different internet applications (HTTP/TP/DNS). Explain basic concepts on packet routing (Data Encapsulation/IP Addressing/Functions of Routers). Introduction to basic network security measures. Introduction to data processing and information systems
	 <u>Introduction to data processing and information systems</u> Database systems – architecture, relational database concept, structural query language (SQL), database management systems, Web and database linking, database application development. Introduction to Information systems. Workflow management.
	Case study: Database design, implementation and management.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	There will be a mix of lectures, tutorials, and laboratory sessions/workshops to facilitate effective learning. Students will be given case studies to understand and practice the usage of modern information systems.

Assessment									
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		nded subject learning outcomes to be ssed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Intended Learning			A1	A2	A3	A4	B1		
Outcomes	1. Quizzes	3%	~	✓	✓		✓		
	(in tutorials)								
	2. Quizzes	14%	~	~	~	~	~		
	(in lectures)								
	3. Workshops	14%	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓		
	4. Mid-term Test	11%	~	\checkmark	\checkmark		✓		
	5. Assignment	8%				\checkmark	✓		
	6. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100 %							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The assessment methods include an end-of-subject 2-hour written examination (total 50%) and other assessment methods (total 50%), including quizzes, a mid-term test, workshops, and an assignment, which cover intended subject learning outcomes A1, A2, A3, A4, and B1.								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
Enort Expected	• Lectures (18), tutoria	39 Ho	39 Hours						
	Other student study eff	ort:							
	Workshops preparation (6/workshop)						ours		
	• Self study (3/week)						ours		
	Total student study effort						lours		
Reading List and References	 B. Williams and S. Sawyer, Using Information Technology: A Practical Introduction to Computers and Communications, 11th ed., McGraw-Hill, 2014. 								
	 J. F. Kurose and K. W. Ross, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach, 7th ed. Pearson, 2016. 								
	3. D. E. Comer, Compu	ter Networks	and Inte	ernets, 6th	ed., Pearso	n, 2015.			
	4. B. A. Forouzan, TCP	/IP Protocol	Suite, 4 ^t	^h ed., Tmh	, 2010.				
	5. W. Stalling, Data and	d Computer (Commun	ications, 1	0 th ed., Pea	urson, 2013	3.		
	6. S. Morris and C. Management, 11th Ec					Implemen	ntation, and		
	 M. Mannino, <i>Databa</i> Chicago Business Pr 		pplicati	on Develo	pment, & .	Administra	ation. 6th ed.,		

Subject Code	ENG3003
Subject Title	Engineering Management
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 This subject provides students with: A practical introduction to management and a comprehensive guide to the tools and techniques used in managing people and other resources. Opportunities to trace the historical development and describe the functions of management, from planning, and decision making to organizing, staffing, leading, motivating, and controlling. It also includes a discussion on engineering ethics. Opportunities to explore the core business strategy, technology, and innovation, and examine how these functions intertwine to play a central role in structural design, as well as supporting an organization's overall success.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to a. perform tasks in an organization related to organizing, planning, leading and controlling project and process activities; b. select appropriate management techniques for improving organizational structures, work procedures, and quality performance of operational tasks; c. analyze the factors that affect changes in the work environment, and be aware of the approaches in implementing change in an organization; d. be aware of the imperatives of ethical and business behaviors in engineering organizations in a fast-changing business environment.
Subject Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Introduction</u> General management concepts in organizations; Functions and types of industrial organizations; Organizational structures; Corporate objectives, strategy, and policy <u>Industrial Management</u> Roles of managers: Process of management, leadership, planning, organizing, motivating, and control of social and engineering activities; Quality management: Related tools and techniques <u>Project Management</u> Project scope and objectives; Network analysis; Tools that support engineering operations and task scheduling <u>Management of Change</u> Change leadership; Organizational change; Phases of planned change; Stress management; Factors that affect the execution of change <u>Effects of Environmental Factors</u> The effects of extraneous factors on the operations of engineering organizations, such as ethics and corporate social responsibilities issues

Teaching/Learning Methodology	topics in this subject. Some topics applicable in enhancing the learning	mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and case studies are used to ppics in this subject. Some topics are covered by problem-based pplicable in enhancing the learning objectives. Other topics are cov- udy so as to develop students' "life-long learning" ability.					
	The case studies, largely based on rea covered in the subject and to illustrate applied in real life situations.						
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		d subject es to be as			
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Coursework	40%	1	1			
	Group learning activities (10%)		~	~	~	~	
	• Presentation (individual) (30%)						
	2. Final examination	60%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of learning outcomes:	the assessme	ent metho	ods in ass	essing the	e intended	
	The coursework of this subject involv reflect the realities of management sit exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gr of their written reports on these case stu to assess the intended learning outcome	uations in a d synthesize oup discussi udies. A wri	n engined acquired on, oral p	ering setti l knowled presentation	ing. Thro lge can be ons, and t	ough such e assessed he quality	
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lectures and review 					27 Hrs.	
	Tutorials and presentations		12 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	Research and preparation		30 Hrs.				
	Report writing		10 Hrs.				
	 Preparation for oral presentation a examination 	and				37 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort					116 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	1. John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., 20 Wiley)13, Introduc	ction to M	Aanageme	ent, 12th	Ed., John	
	2. Robbins, S P, DeCenzo, D Management Essential Concept					ientals of	
	 Morse, L C and Babcock, D L, Introduction to Management fo 					nology: an	
	4. White, M A and Bruton, G Innovation: A Strategic Approa	D, 2011, T	he Mana	gement o	of Techno		

Subject Code	ENG3004
Subject Title	Society and the Engineer
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject is designed for engineering students as a complementary subject on the role of the professional engineer in practice and their responsibilities toward the profession, colleagues, employers, clients, and the public. The objectives of the subject are to enable students to
	 appreciate the historical context of modern technology and the nature of the process whereby technology develops and the relationship between technology and the environment, as well as the implied social costs and benefits;
	 understand the social, political, legal, and economic responsibilities and accountability of the engineering profession and the organizational activities of professional engineering institutions;
	 be aware of the short-term and long-term effects related to safety and health, and the environmental impacts of technology;
	 observe professional conduct, as well as the legal and other applicable constraints, related to various engineering issues; and
	5. develop a strong vision to optimize their contribution to sustainable development.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to a. identify and evaluate the effects of technology as it applies to the social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society; b. explain the importance of local and international professional training, professional conduct and ethics, and responsibilities in various engineering disciplines, particularly the Washington Accord;
	c. evaluate and estimate, in a team setting, the impact of contemporary issues, planned projects, and unforeseen technological advances related to engineers; effectively communicate and present the findings to laymen and peers.
Subject Synopsis/	1. Impact of Technology on Society
Indicative Syllabus	Historical cases and trends of technological innovation explored through their impact on social and cultural developments of civilization and their commonalities.
	2. <u>Environmental Protection and Related Issues</u>
	Roles of the engineer in energy conservation, ecological balance, and sustainable development.
	3. <u>Global Outlook for Hong Kong's Economy and Industries</u>
	Support organizations, policies and their impacts on industrial and economic development in Greater China, the Pacific Rim, and the world.
	4. Regulatory Organizations and Compliance

		Discussion of engineer's responsibilities within different regulatory frameworks and environments; Examples from various entities such as the Labor Department and the Occupational Health and Safety Council; Legal dimensions to engineering such as liability, contract law, and industrial legislation.						
	5. Professional Institutions							
		Local and overseas professional institutions; Washington Accord and t qualifications and criteria of professional engineers.						
	6.	Professional Ethics						
		Prevention of bribery and corruption Against Corruption (ICAC); Social n				ommissio		
Teaching/Learning Methodology		ss comprises short lectures to provide tionships between society and the engi						
		her methods include in-class discussion dents' in-depth analysis of the relations		lies, and s	seminars	to develop		
	whi issu	Each student will submit two assignments based on their weekly learning activities, which will be part of the subject's evaluation. The assignments will deal with important issues of social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society.						
	Students are assembled into groups; throughout the course, they will work on engineering cases by completing the following learning activities:							
	 Case analysis where students explore the relationships between society and the engineering issues of a project under specific dimensions; 							
	 Construction and assembly of a case portfolio which includes 							
	i. Presentation slides							
	ii. Feedback critiques							
	iii. Individual Reflections							
	3.	Final oral presentation						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with		Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning				а	b	с		
Outcomes		1. Continuous assessment	70%					
		Group weekly learning activities	(20%)	~	~	✓		
		Individual Assignments (2)	(20%)	\checkmark	\checkmark			
		Individual final presentation	(15%)	~	~			
		Individual reflection statement	(5%)	~	~			
		Group project	(10%)	~	~	~		
			()	1		1		
			30%	~	~			
		2. Take-home Assignment Total	30%	✓	√			

	n	27 Hrs. 12 Hrs.				
Lectures an Presentation Other student stud Research an	n					
Other student student student and student stud		12 Hrs.				
Research and	dy efforts:					
	Research and preparation					
 Report and 	Report and Assignments writing					
Total student stud	Total student study effort					
Learning, UT 2. Poel, Ibo va Engineering 3. Engineering 2010 4. Engineering of Engineeri 5. Securing the 6. Johnston, F <i>Challenges</i> 7. Hjorth, L, Ei <i>the 21st Cent</i> 8. The Cour <u>http://www.c</u> 9. Poverty allev <u>http://public</u> <u>he_engineering</u> jour - Engineering jour - Engineering	f future: delivering UK sustainable developmer S, Gostelow, J P, and King, W J, 2000, <i>Engin</i> <i>f Professional Practice</i> , Upper Saddle River, J ichler, B, and Khan, A, 2003, <i>Technology and</i> <i>ury</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Prentice Hall ceil for Sustainable Development in <u>enb.gov.hk/en/susdev/council/</u> viation: the role of the engineer, <u>ations.arup.com/publications/p/poverty_allevia</u> als: mals: by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers g and Technology by The Institution of Engine	s, Technology, and relopment, USECO, les, Royal Academy at strategy, 2005 <i>neering and Society</i> N.J.: Prentice Hall <i>Society A Bridge to</i> a Hong Kong, attion the role of t				
č	Magazines: Time, Far East Economic Review Current newspapers: South China Morning Post, China Daily, Ming Pao Daily					

Subject Code	ENG4001
Subject Title	Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 This subject provides students with knowledge in: project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; project management methodologies and their application; choosing project variables for effective project management; and various developments of project management.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to engineering projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; and d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Project Overview, Management Principles, and the Systems Approach</u> Characteristics of projects and project management. Management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts and principles. Conflict management. <u>Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques</u> Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure. Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gant charts, network analysis techniques, time-phased networks, CPA, PERT, and resource smoothing. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u> Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Experience curve. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u> Earned value measurement system. Managing project risks. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, case studies, and laboratory work are used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem-based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies are from best practices of projects, based on a literature review. They are used to integrate the topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in real-life situations.

Assessment								
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Outcomes				b	с	d		
	1. Tutorial exercises/ written report	10%		~	~			
	2. Oral presentation	10%		~	~			
	3. End Term Test	20%	~	~	~			
	4. Written examination	60%	~	~	~	\checkmark		
	Total	100%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:							
	Continuous assessment (1), (2), and (3): Test, written reports, oral presentation, a tutorial exercises are used to assess students' understanding and application of t knowledge that they have learnt relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c).							
	Written examination: questions a (d).	are designed to	assess lear	ning outco	omes (a), (b), (c), and		
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lectures		27 Hrs.					
	Tutorials / Case studies	s	12 Hrs.					
						39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:							
	 Preparation for assignments written examination 		79 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort				118 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	1. Meredith, J. R., Shafer, S Strategic Managerial App	roach. John W	iley & Son	s.				
	2. Kerzner, H. 2017, Project Scheduling, and Controlling			tems App	roach to	Planning,		
	 Project Management Institute, 2013, A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK® Guide), Fifth Edition. 							
	4. Smith, NJ (ed.) 2008. Engl	ineering Proje	ct Manager	<i>ment</i> , Blac	ckwell, Ox	ford		

Subject Code	LGT5013			
Subject Title	Transport Logistics in China			
Credit Value	3			
Level	5			
Normal Duration	1-semester			
Pre-requisite	Students are expected to understand Putonghua and to read simplified Chinese Characters.			
Role and Purposes	To provide within an operational and business environment:			
	an advanced understanding of the market demand and supply, as well as principles and complexities of different mode of transportation in freight industry in China;			
	the advanced skills necessary to implement logistics and supply chain managemen strategy in various industrial sector within a logistics company environment;			
	proactive thinking to achieve and sustain advantage in a rapidly changing business/freight operational environment in China.			
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	a. Analyse macro economical and industrial situation of transport logistics in China with updated facts and numbers.			
	b. Describe the modes of logistics operation of road, water, air, and rail in China.			
	c. Understand the emerging business mode of Chinese logistics companies. Gain strategic insight on how to develop logistics related business within China, with deep-dive analysis into rapid developing sectors.			
	d. Examine the policy and regulations in domestics and international trade, and the logistics relationship between China and Hong Kong.			
	e. Understand and apply the Chinese transport and commercial law.			
	f. Develop the ability to assess and evaluate the different logistics environments in China and Hong Kong.			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Transport Economics. Demand and supply for freight transportation services, marke structure and organization, government intervention, as well as regional economic and transportation development 			
	 Organizational and Principal Characteristics of Transport Logistics in China Logistics operation of Air Transport; Logistics operation of Sea/Inland waterway Transport; Logistics operation of Rail Transport; Logistics operation of Road Transport; and Port Operations. 			
	 Overview of China Trade and its impact on logistics; Commercial Transport Policy Trading practice and related government organizations in China; Hong Kong/China co-operation; Future developments in China Trade. 			
	 Customs ordinances and trade regulations; Legal framework for transport and logistics in China; Foreign investment law in transport and logistics industries; Lega framework for Chinese Free Trade Zones; Chinese dispute resolution mechanisms for maritime and logistics cases, Chinese Maritime Law (covering bills of lading 			

	marine insurance;); and Chinese Civil Code (covering domestic transporta contracts and warehouse contracts).							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures introduce and explain key concepts and key sectors with case analysis. Lectures are followed by class discussions where concepts are linked to real events in the industry through appropriate examples and their analysis.							
	Seminars are highly interactive and include discussions of current / past events, case studies, and student presentations. Students are expected to actively participate in the classes and to share their experience and learn from each other.							
	Teaching/Learning Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be assessed Methodologies							
		а	b	с		d	е	f
	Lecture	~	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Tutorial	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended subject lear weighting assessed (Please tick						
			а	b	с	d	e	f
	1.Coursework Assignment/ case analysis	50%	~	~	~	~	~	~
	2. Examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	~	\checkmark
	Total	100 %						
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Since the course focuses on transport logistics in China, case analysis and learning from practical, work-based experiences forms an important constituent of student assessment. Further, assignments and case analysis reinforce theoretical concepts 							
	learnt during the lectures and enable their applications in real-life operational situations. Final examination that assesses student's familiarity with theoretical concepts and the ability to apply conceptual framework in case analysis.							
	 Students would be given regular feedback on their performance, by email or as comments on assignments submitted. 							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lectures / Tutorials							39 Hrs.
	Other student study effor	t:						
	 Self study 							45 Hrs.
	Coursework							42 Hrs.
	Total student study effor	t						126 Hrs.

Reading List and References	Recommended Textbooks and Statistical Reports
	Charles Guowen Wang, CSCMP Global Logistics Perspective - China, 2015
	Blauwens, Gust; Peter De Baere, Eddy van de Voorde (2006), Transport economics Antwerpen : De Boeck.
	China freight transport report [electronic resource] / Business Monitor International London : Business Monitor International.
	Anming Zhang et al. (2004), Air cargo in mainland China and Hong Kong / Anming Zhang [et al.]. Aldershot, England : Ashgate, c2004.
l	Hirst, Mike., (2008), The air transport system, Cambridge, England : Woodhead Pub.
	Ports, cities, and global supply chains, Edited by James Wang et al., Aldershot, England : Ashgate, 2007.
	《中国物流发展报告》 /中国物流与采购联合会、中国物流学会,北京市:中国物资出版社
	《中國海關》 [electronic resource] 北京 : 中國學術期刊(光盤版)電子雜誌社
	《中国现代物流发展报告》,南开大学/国家发改委
	《中国物流年鉴》,中国物资出版社
	《中国供应链管理蓝皮书》,丁俊发主编,中国:中国物资出版社
	Reference Journals and database: (available via POLYU library e-journals)
	Journal of Air Transport Management
	Maritime Policy and Management
	Maritime Economics and Logistics
	Transportation Research - Part A
	Transportation Research – Part E
	Transport Policy
	Chinalawinfo

Aug 2022