

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering

Full-time Programme Code: 41481 DEFINITIVE PROGRAMME DOCUMENT





Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering (4-year Curriculum) 2017-18

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Appendix II Minor Programme in Transportation Systems Engineering

This Definitive Programme Document is subject to review and changes which the programme offering Faculty/Department can decide to make from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate.

1 Preamble

The overarching aim of the University's 4-year undergraduate curriculum is to nurture and develop students with abilities/attributes that will prepare them to become preferred leaders for the professions and responsible global citizens in the 21st century.

Given the huge number of forthcoming transportation projects in Hong Kong and its neighbouring regions in the coming decades, there is an ever growing demand on the transportation engineering professionals. The 4-year Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering (BEng in TSE), being currently the only engineering degree programme of transportation systems area in Hong Kong, addresses the coming huge manpower demand of the transportation systems engineering profession, with particular emphasis on railways, highways and planning of transportation systems and related disciplines. This programme complies with the new university curriculum framework, which features a broad-based curriculum, emphasising on fundamentals, provision of opportunities for multidisciplinary studies, freshman experience, enhanced communication skills, work-integrated education, capstone project, and outcome-based education. At the same time, the programme addresses the societal need for a competent transportation systems engineer who can practise in their profession in Hong Kong, the Mainland China, and the neighbouring regions.

This undergraduate programme on Transportation Systems Engineering is developed to fill the gap of the imminent need of professionals in the Hong Kong Transportation Industry by the unique combinations of the expertises in the Departments of Electrical Engineering (the hosting department) and Civil and Environmental Engineering. The programme is designed to make full use of the hugely versatile applications of electrical engineering and civil engineering and to further broaden the career opportunities of our students.

2 Aims and Rationale

2.1 Programme Philosophy

In the programme, the students are to acquire a solid understanding of the fundamentals in electrical engineering and civil engineering; and apply their knowledge and techniques on the relevant areas in transportation. The philosophy of the programme focuses on incorporating the appropriate engineering knowledge into transportation systems in order to enhance the efficiency, reliability, safety and sustainability of the system infrastructure and services. The current practices in transportation industries, the latest technologies in transportation systems; and hence their integration to provide engineering solutions for practical problems constitutes the main contents of this programme.

Education is important to equip students with knowledge and skills for developing their longterm careers. Emphasis is, therefore, placed on the understanding of fundamental concepts which will always be applicable and valid. Particular techniques which may have a shorter duration of applicability, however, cannot be neglected. Applications change rapidly as technology evolves but the underlying theories remain.

Transportation always involves multi-disciplinary knowledge and techniques. The students are guided to learn the interfaces between specialist engineering areas and be prepared to work in a multidisciplinary work environment which usually involves colleagues from other engineering backgrounds. On the other hand, the students must become aware that 'a good

engineering solution' is one which fulfils economic and financial criteria as well as the engineering design specifications. This necessitates the inclusion of the study of finance, accounting, management and ethical and social responsibilities with particular reference to transportation systems engineering activities, as well as the inter-relations between such activities and the society as a whole.

Language competence of students is strengthened through the English and Chinese subjects stipulated in the General University Requirements (GUR), and is further enhanced by discipline specific professional communication subjects. The teaching approach adopted in the curriculum, which involves lectures, seminars, discussions, in-class feedback, assessed presentations, demonstration of project work and written laboratory reports, aims to improve students' verbal and written communication skills.

It is important to train and educate our students not only in cognitive ability in technical areas but also in lifelong skills. Hence, students are exposed to situations where they can:

- (i) develop their intellectual abilities (creative thinking, critical/independent judgement making, ability to analyse and synthesize, and to cope with real-life conditions such as indeterminacy, lack of information and time pressure); and
- (ii) develop their social abilities (ethics, personal and public relations, team work, handling of responsibility/authority, etc.).

In this undergraduate programme, the fundamentals of science and engineering are taught in the non-deferrable subjects in Year 1 and Year 2. The core transportation systems engineering knowledge areas are covered in Year 3 and the advanced core areas and specialisms are introduced in Year 4. The University Core Curriculum is distributed throughout the programme to ensure a proper balance between underpinning, language, broadening and discipline specific subjects.

Students are provided with training at the Industrial Centre (IC) so that they learn the applications of engineering technologies. They are also required to undertake industrial attachment during the summer at the end of the third year of study, which gives them exposure to the real industrial working environment.

2.2 Programme Objectives

- (i) To provide students with a broad knowledge base of the fundamentals of transportation systems engineering and its current applications.
- (ii) To prepare students for the professional development which requires problem-solving techniques, engineering judgements and lifelong learning.
- (iii) To produce engineers with appreciation of their obligations to society in the local and international context.

2.3 Programme Outcomes

Programme outcomes refer to the intellectual abilities, knowledge, skills and attributes that a graduate from this programme should possess. To attain the aim of developing all-round students with professional competence, the programme outcome statements are encompassed in the following two categories of learning outcomes.

Category A: Professional/Academic Knowledge and Skills

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- A1 Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to identify, formulate and solve practical problems in the areas of transportation systems engineering and related disciplines.
- A2 Design and conduct experiments/surveys with engineering techniques and tools; and interpret and analyse the data in the context of transportation systems engineering.
- A3 Design a system, component or process according to given specifications and requirements in the areas of transportation systems engineering and related disciplines.
- A4 Identify constraints, both technical considerations and business factors, which may influence engineering problems, systems or projects.
- A5 Be able to keep abreast of developments in transportation systems engineering and related disciplines and be aware of the need of lifelong learning.
- A6 Appreciate and understand the ethical, managerial and social responsibilities of a professional engineer.

Category B: Attributes for All-roundedness

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- B1 Communicate effectively via verbal, written, graphic and numeric media with proficiency in both English and Chinese.
- B2 Be able to reason critically and develop alternative views or solutions.
- B3 Work in multi-disciplinary teams with professional interpersonal skills

The Programme Outcomes are in line with the Programme objectives and the mapping is shown in Table 2.3.1.

		Programme Objectives		
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)
	A1	\checkmark		
	A2	\checkmark		
	A3	\checkmark		
Drogramma	A4	\checkmark		
Programme Outcomes	A5			
Outcomes	A6			
	B1			
	B2			
	B3			

 Table 2.3.1
 Mapping between Programme Objectives and Programme Outcomes

The Subject Learning Outcomes are designed to be in alignment with the Programme Outcomes. The Subject Learning Outcomes are given in each subject and they can be found in the Subject Description Form (SDF) in Appendix I.

The programme and subject outcomes will be assessed in stages according to a Learning Outcomes Assessment Plan (LOAP) adopted by the Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee.

Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO) of the programme is shown in Table 2.3.2.

		Institutional Learning Outcomes					
		Professional	Critical	Effective	Innovative	Lifelong	Ethical
		Competence	Thinker	Communicator	Problem	Learner	Leader
					Solver		
	A1						
	A2	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	A3	\checkmark					
D	A4	\checkmark	\checkmark				
Programme Outcomes	A5	\checkmark				\checkmark	
Outcomes	A6	\checkmark					
	B 1			\checkmark			
	B2						
	B3			\checkmark			

 Table 2.3.2
 Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning

 Outcomes (ILO) of the programme

3 General Information

3.1 Programme Title

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering 運輸系統工程學(榮譽)工學士學位

3.2 Duration and Mode of Attendance

Mode	Normal Duration	Maximum Duration
Full-time	4 years	8 years

The normal study duration is 4 years while that for senior year intake is 2 years*. The maximum period of registration is 8 years and 4 years respectively.

* The exact study duration depends on the entry qualification of individual Associate Degree / Higher Diploma admittees.

3.3 Final Award

The award is Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Transportation Systems Engineering and it carries no speciality or stream.

3.4 Implementation Dates

September 2012 (Initial implementation)

3.5 Minimum Entrance Requirements

(i) For Entry with Hong Kong Diploma of Secondary Education (HKDSE) Examination Qualifications

The general minimum entrance requirements are 4 core subjects and 2 elective subjects with:

- Level 3 in English Language and Chinese Language; AND
- Level 2 in Mathematics and Liberal Studies; AND
- Level 3 in 2 Other Elective subjects [can include Extended Modules of Mathematics (M1/M2)].

There is no compulsory subject requirement. Preferred elective subjects for the programme include:

- Extended Modules of Mathematics;
- Information and Communication Technology; and
- All single and combined Science subjects
- (ii) Alternative Entry Route

A Higher Diploma in Engineering; OR An Associate Degree in Engineering; OR Equivalent qualifications

3.6 Study Options

In line with the University's Regulations, students in this programme are offered the option of either continuing with the single-discipline Major (i.e. BEng in TSE) or a Major plus a Minor*.

Minor study will be a free choice by students and not mandatory. Students who opt for minor study will be subject to the following regulations:

- A Minor programme is a collection of subjects totalling 18 credits with at least 50% (9 credits) of the subjects at Level 3 or above. The subjects under a Minor should have a coherent theme introducing students to a focused area of study;
- (ii) Students interested in a Minor must submit their applications to and obtain approval from the Minor-offering department, at the start of second year of study. Students should submit their applications to their Major department, which will indicate its support or otherwise (since the taking of a Minor will increase the student's study load), before the Minor-offering department makes a final decision on the application;
- (iii) Students are expected to complete their approved Minor as part of their graduation requirements. Students who wish to withdraw from a Minor need to apply for approval officially from the Minor offering department, before the end of the add/drop period of the last Semester of study;
- (iv) Students with approved Minor will be given a higher priority in taking the Minor subjects over the students who take the subjects as free-electives;
- (v) Subject to approval by the Minor-offering department, students may count up to 6 credits from their Major/General University Requirements (GUR) [including Language Communication Requirement (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] towards their chosen Minor; Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme.
- (vi) Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study enrolment. The Minor-offering department may set a quota (normally capped at 10 students or 20% of the Major intake quota, whichever is higher) and additional admission requirements for their Minor; and
- (vii) Students are required to obtain a GPA of at least 2.0 in order to satisfy the requirement for graduation with a Major plus a Minor.

Students taking the Major/Minor option will be considered for an award when they have satisfied the requirements for both the Major and Minor studies (i.e. having a GPA of 2.0 or above for the Major programme, Minor programme and overall) and have also submitted an application for graduation. If the 18 credits taken for the approved Minor study can meet the requirements for that Minor, the Major students may apply to graduate with a specific Minor, in addition to their Major. Otherwise, students will graduate with a Major only.

For other students who opt to study a 'Minor' in Transportation Systems Engineering, they must take 18 credits of TSE subjects, of which 9 credits must be at Level 3 or above (see Appendix II).

^{*} Minor option is not available for those Senior Year intake students.

3.7 Summer Training/Industrial Placement

Summer Training at the Industrial Centre (IC) and practical work experience in industry are the vital components to meet the programme outcomes. The training/industrial placement is credit-bearing and compulsory in the programme, constituting the Work-Integrated Education (WIE) activities as stipulated by the University. Details of the required credits, structure and assessment of the WIE and IC training are given in Sections 4.8 and 4.9.

3.8 Student Exchange Programme

Student exchange to overseas universities for a semester or an academic year are possible through various exchange schemes organised by the University or individual departments. With limited exchange quotas, students are encouraged to participate so as to enhance their learning experience.

Block credit transfer may be given to exchange-out students. However, in order to ensure attaining pre-requisite knowledge for smooth integration of study, students will be consulted on subject selections in the visiting universities before leaving for the exchange.

3.9 External Recognition

The BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering programme has been internally validated by the University. The programme has been granted provisional accreditation by the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE).

3.10 Summer Term Teaching

Usually, there will be no summer term teaching on engineering subjects. Industrial Centre Training and external training will take place during summers.

3.11 Daytime and Evening Teaching

Subjects will be offered predominantly during daytime. Some subjects, particularly the elective subjects, may be available only in the evenings or on Saturdays.

3.12 Medium of Instruction

English is the medium of instruction (the only exceptions are for a small number of programmes/subjects which have received special approval to be taught and examined in Chinese due to the nature and objectives of the programmes/subjects concerned). Chinese could only be used in small group discussions/tutorials/practical sessions if and when necessary.

In the presence of non-Cantonese-speaking students, English should be used all the time.

4 Curriculum

4.1 University Graduation Requirements

All candidates qualifying for a 4-year Full-time Undergraduate Degree offered from 2012/13 onwards must meet:

- (i) the University Graduation Requirements, and
- (ii) the specific graduation requirements of their chosen programme of study.

The minimum University Graduation Requirements are explained in the sections below. For the graduation requirements of specific programmes of study (majors and minors), candidates should refer to the relevant section of this Definitive Programme Document or consult the programme-offering departments concerned.

Summary of University Graduation Requirements for 4-Year Degree Students

To be eligible for a Bachelor's Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 124 credits¹;
- (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 2.00 or above at graduation;
- (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component;
- (iv) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

(a) Language and Communication Requirements ²	9 credits
(b) Freshman Seminar	3 credits
(c) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development	3 credits
(d) Service-Learning	3 credits
(e) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)	12 credits
(f) China Studies Requirement	(3 of the 12 CAR credits)
(g) Healthy Lifestyle ³	Non-credit bearing
	Total = 30 credits

- (v) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award he/she is currently enrolled, unless professional bodies stipulate the otherwise; and
- (vi) Satisfy any other requirements as specified in the Definitive Programme Document.

¹ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

² Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

³ Students admitted to the programmes as Senior Year intakes are not required to take the Healthy Lifestyle Programme. Advanced Standing students are required to take Healthy Lifestyle Programme (except for those who are HD/AD holders who follow the Senior Year/Articulation Degree programme GUR curriculum).

There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subject. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subject concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned.

Remedial subjects are designed for new students who are in need of additional preparations in a particular subject area, and only identified students of a programme are required to take these subjects. These subjects should therefore be counted outside the regular credit requirement for award.

In addition, students may be required to take subjects that are designed to enhance their skills in particular subject areas to underpin their further advanced study in the discipline. These underpinning subjects could be of different subject areas (e.g. Mathematics, science subjects), and the number of credits each student is required to take in a particular underpinning subject area may vary according to the different academic backgrounds of the students. With effect from the 2015/16 intake cohort, the regular credit requirement for award will count the lowest number of credits taken by the students in the same subject area. For example, some students in an engineering programme are required to take 10 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics. Only 6 credits will be recognized for counting towards the regular credit requirement of the programme. The extra 4 credits taken by some students will be counted outside the regular credit requirement.

Senior Year intakes admitted to the 4-year Undergraduate Degree programmes on the strength of the Associate Degree/Higher Diploma qualifications are required to complete <u>at least 70 credits</u> in order to be eligible for a Bachelor's degree. Exemption may be given from subjects already taken in the previous Associate Degree/Higher Diploma studies. In that case, students should take other electives (including free electives) instead to make up the total of 70 credits required. For students who are exceptionally admitted before 2017/18 on the basis of academic qualification(s) <u>more advanced</u> than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma⁴, such as the advanced stage of a 4-year degree curriculum programme, Departments can continue to grant credit transfer as appropriate, so as to give recognition to the advanced study taken, and these students should remain low. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 70 credits to be eligible for award.

Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

⁴ The admission of students to UGC-funded Articulation Degree programmes and Senior Year intakes on the basis of qualification(s) more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma is subject to the conditions stipulated by UGC governing the UGC-funded Senior Year places.

Summary of University Graduation Requirements for Senior Year Intakes Students

To be eligible for an Articulation Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 70 credits⁵;
- (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or above at graduation;
- (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component;
- (iv) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

(a) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)	6 credits
(b) China Studies Requirement	(3 of the 12 CAR credits)
(c) Service-Learning ⁶	3 credits
(d) Language and Communication Requirements ⁷	-
	Total = 9 credits

- (v) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award he/she is currently enrolled, unless professional bodies stipulate the otherwise; and
- (vi) Satisfy any other requirements as specified in the Definitive Programme Document.

There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subject. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subject concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned.

Remedial subjects are designed for new students who are in need of additional preparations in a particular subject area, and only identified students of a programme are required to take these subjects. These subjects should therefore be counted outside the regular credit requirement for award.

In addition, students may be required to take subjects that are designed to enhance their skills in particular subject areas to underpin their further advanced study in the discipline. These underpinning subjects could be of different subject areas (e.g. Mathematics, science subjects), and the number of credits each student is required to take in a particular underpinning subject area may vary according to the different academic backgrounds of the students. With effect

⁵ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

⁶ Prior to its full implementation, students may take a 3-credit free elective in lieu of the Service Learning requirement. ⁷ This is normally not required. Only those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CBS) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard. Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

from the 2015/16 intake cohort, the regular credit requirement for award will count the lowest number of credits taken by the students in the same subject area. For example, some students in an engineering programme are required to take 10 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics, whilst others in the programme are required to take 6 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics. Only 6 credits will be recognized for counting towards the regular credit requirement of the programme. The extra 4 credits taken by some students will be counted outside the regular credit requirement.

In the case that students have already taken certain subject(s) in their previous Associate Degree/Higher Diploma studies, exemption may be given from these subjects and students should take other electives (including free electives) instead to make up the minimum of 70 credits required. For students who are exceptionally admitted before 2017/18 on the basis of academic qualification(s) <u>more advanced</u> than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma, such as the advanced stage of a 4-year degree curriculum programme, Departments can continue to grant credit transfer as appropriate when admitting them to an Articulation Degree programme, so as to give recognition to the advanced study taken, and these students can take fewer than 70 credits for attaining the award. The proportion of these students should remain low. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 70 credits to be eligible for award.

Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

A student is required to graduate as soon as he/she satisfies the graduation requirements as stipulated above. The student concerned is required to apply for graduation, in the semester in which he is able to fulfil all his graduation requirements, and after the add/drop period for that semester has ended.

4.2 General University Requirements (GUR)

(i) Language and Communication Requirements (LCR)

<u>English</u>

All students must successfully complete <u>two</u> 3-credit English language subjects as stipulated by the University (Table 4.2.1). These subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of English language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the English Language Centre (ELC) entry assessment (where no HKDSE score is available).

HKDSE	Subject 1	Subject 2
Level 5 or equivalent	Advanced English for University Studies (ELC1014) 3 credits	Any one of the English LCR Proficient Level subjects (see Table 4.2.2) 3 credits
Level 4 or equivalent	English for University Studies (ELC1013) 3 credits	Advanced English for University Studies (ELC1014) 3 credits
Level 3 or equivalent	Practical English for University Studies (ELC1011) 3 credits	English for University Studies (ELC1013) 3 credits

 Table 4.2.1
 Framework of English LCR subjects

Students who can demonstrate that they have achieved a level beyond that of the LCR proficient level subjects as listed in Table 4.2.2 (based on an assessment by ELC) may apply for subject exemption or credit transfer of the LCR subject or subjects concerned.

For students entering with	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills (ELC2011)	3
<u> </u>	Persuasive Communication (ELC2012)	credits
level or above	English in Literature and Film (ELC2013)	each

Table 4.2.2 English LCR subjects at Proficient Level
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Chinese

All students are required to successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit Chinese language subject as stipulated by the University (Table 4.2.3). These Chinese subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of Chinese language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the Chinese Language Centre (CLC) entry assessment (when no HKDSE score is available). Students can also opt to take additional Chinese LCR subjects (Table 4.2.4) in their free electives.

Students who are non-Chinese speakers (NCS), or whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below, will also be required to take one LCR subject specially designed to suit their language background and entry standard as shown in Table 4.2.5.

Students who can demonstrate that they have achieved a level beyond that of the subject "Advanced Communication Skill in Chinese" as listed in Table 4.2.3 (based on an assessment made by CLC) may apply for subject exemption or credit transfer of the LCR subject concerned.

	Required Subject
HKDSE Level 4 & 5 or equivalent	Advanced Communication Skills in Chinese (CBS1102P) 3 credits
HKDSE Level 3 or equivalent	Fundamentals of Chinese Communication (CBS1101P) 3 credits
For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below	One subject from Table 4.2.5 below

Table 4.2.3 Framework of Chinese LCR subjects

Subject	Pre-requisite/Exclusion	
Elementary Cantonese (Taught in English / Putonghua) CBS1153 / CBS1153P)	• For students whose native language is not Cantonese	
Intermediate Cantonese (Taught in English) (CBS2153)	• Students who have completed "Elementary Cantonese" or meet a certain standard in a pre- course assessment	
Putonghua in the Workplace (CBS2101P)	 Students who have completed "Fundamentals of Chinese Communication" or could demonstrate with proof their basic proficiency in Putonghua For students whose native language is not Putonghua 	3 credits
Creative Writing in Chinese (CBS2102P)	 For students entering with HKDSE level 4 or above; or Students with advanced competence level as determined by the entry assessment; or Students who have completed "Fundamentals of Chinese Communication" 	each
Chinese and the Multimedia (CBS2103P)	 For students entering with HKDSE level 4 or above; or Students with advanced competence level as determined by the entry assessment; or Students who have completed "Fundamentals of Chinese Communication" 	

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Subject	Pre-requisite/exclusion	
Chinese I (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS1151)	• For non-Chinese speaking students at beginners' level	
Chinese II (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS1152)	 For non-Chinese speaking students; and Students who have completed Chinese I or equivalent 	
Chinese III (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS2151)	 For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese II or equivalent 	3 credits
Chinese IV (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS2154)	 For non-Chinese students at intermediate competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese III or equivalent 	each
Chinese Literature – Linguistics and Cultural Perspectives (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS2152)	• For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels	

 Table 4.2.5
 Chinese LCR Subjects for non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below

Writing Requirement

In addition to the LCR in English and Chinese explained above, all students must also, among the Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects they take (see section (v) below), pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in Chinese.

Reading Requirement

All students must, among the CAR subjects they take, pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in Chinese.

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the Writing Requirement and the Reading Requirement is shown at: <u>http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/CAR-on-Offer.html</u>

Non-Chinese speaking students and students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

For those Senior Year intake students who do not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programme and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement.

- Note: In addition to the LCR and Reading and Writing Requirements, students also have to complete 4 credits of discipline-specific language requirements (2 credits in English and 2 credits in Chinese) as specified in the curriculum requirements of their Major.
- (ii) Freshman Seminar

All students must successfully complete, normally in their first year of study, <u>one</u> 3-credit Freshman Seminar offered by their chosen Broad Discipline. The purpose is to (a) introduce students to their chosen discipline and enthuse them about their major study, (b) cultivate students' creativity, problem-solving ability and global outlook, (c) give students an exposure to the concepts of, and an understanding of, entrepreneurship, and (d) engage students, in their first year of study, in desirable forms of university learning that emphasises self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding.

A list of Freshman Seminars offered by the Broad Disciplines can be found at: <u>http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/ListOfFreshmanSeminars.html</u>

(iii) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in the area of Leadership and Intra-Personal Development, which is designed to enable students to (a) understand and integrate theories, research and concepts on the qualities (particularly intra-personal and interpersonal qualities) of effective leaders in the Chinese context, (b) develop greater selfawareness and a better understanding of oneself, (c) acquire interpersonal skills essential for functioning as an effective leader, (d) develop self-reflection skills in their learning, and (e) recognise the importance of the active pursuit of knowledge on an intra-personal and interpersonal level and its relationship to leadership qualities. A list of designated subjects for meeting the leadership and intra-personal development requirement is available at:

http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/student/4yr/gur/leadership-intra-personal-development

(iv) Service-Learning

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject designated to meet the Service-Learning Requirement, in which they are required to (a) participate in substantial community service or civic engagement activities that will benefit the service users or the community at large in a meaningful way, (b) apply the knowledge and skills acquired from their Major or other learning experiences at the University to the community service activities, and (c) reflect on their service learning experience in order to link theory with practice for the development of a stronger sense of ethical, social and national responsibility.

These subjects may take the form of:

- An open-to-all GUR service-learning subject
- A GUR service-learning subject targeted at a particular student group (e.g. a Broad Discipline), or
- A customised DSR subject (core or elective) with the Major/Minor with all the required features and components to meet the Service-Learning Requirement.

Students who have satisfied the Service-Learning Requirement via a customised DSR subject will be required to take another 3-credit subject to make up total credit requirement.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the service-learning requirement is available at: <u>http://sl.polyu.edu.hk/</u>

(v) Cluster Areas Requirements (CAR)

To expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain and to enable them to tackle professional and global issues from a multidisciplinary perspective, students are required to successfully complete at least <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in <u>each</u> of the following four Cluster Areas:

- Human Nature, Relations and Development (HRD)
- Community, Organisation and Globalisation (COG)
- History, Culture and World Views (HCW)
- Science, Technology and Environment (STE)

A list of CAR subjects under each of the four Cluster Areas is available at: <u>http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/CAR-on-Offer.html</u>

(vi) China Studies Requirement

Of the 12 credits of CAR described in section (v) above, students are required to successfully complete a minimum of 3 credits on CAR subjects designated as "China-related". The purpose is to enable students to gain an increased understanding of China (e.g., its history, culture and society, as well as emerging issues or challenges).

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the China Studies Requirement is available at: <u>http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/CAR-on-Offer.html</u>

(vii) Healthy Lifestyle

Healthy lifestyle is the platform for all-round development. Students are required to successfully complete a non-credit-bearing programme in healthy lifestyle.

Students will be required to complete the following components: (a) sports training/participation, (b) e-learning modules, and (c) lectures/talks. The syllabus covers physical health, mental health, social health, spiritual health, values and priorities on health behavior with reference to competing priorities in life, reflection on healthy living and plans for self-improvement or maintenance of health behavior. Details of the programme can be found at: <u>http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/student/4yr/gur/hls/revised</u>

Students on Articulation Degree Programmes and Senior Year Intakes to the 4-year Undergraduate degree programmes are not required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme. Advanced Standing students are required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme (except for those who are HD/AD holders who follow the Senior Year/Articulation Degree programme GUR curriculum).

4.3 Discipline Specific Requirements (DSR)

A student in the BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering programme should complete 94 credits of discipline-specific requirements (DSR) as detailed below:

(i) Common underpinning subjects for Broad Discipline of Engineering (12 credits)

The following subjects must be taken:

AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics (3)
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra (3)
AP10005	Physics I (3)
AP10006	Physics II (3)
	12 credits

(ii) Common DSR subjects for Broad Discipline of Engineering (28 credits)

The following DSR subjects of the Faculty of Engineering must be taken:

AF3625	Engineering Economics (3)	
AMA2111	Mathematics I (3)	
AMA2112	Mathematics I (3)	
CBS3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese* (2)	
ELC3521	Professional Communication in English (2)	
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering $\#(3)$	
ENG2002	Computer Programming (3)	
ENG2003	Information Technology (3)	
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)	
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)	
		28 credits

(iii) DSR subjects (54 credits)

The following DSR subjects in Transportation Systems Engineering must be taken:

	Level 2	
EE2001B	Applied Electromagnetics (3)	
EE2002B	Circuit Analysis (3)	
EE2003B	Electronics (3)	
EE2029B	Transportation Engineering Fundamentals (3)	
		12 credits
	Level 3	
CSE30292	Transportation Operations and Management (3)	
CSE30312	Transportation and Highway Engineering (3)	
CSE30390	Transportation Systems Analysis (3)	
EE3002B	Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3)	
EE3003B	Power Electronics and Drives (3)	
EE3004B	Power Transmission and Distribution (3)	
EE3011B	Control Systems and Signal Processing (3)	
		21 credits
	Level 4	
CSE40407	Design of Transport Infrastructure (3)	
CSE40408	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning (3)	
CSE40490	Transport Management and Highway Maintenance (3)	
EE4006B	Individual Project (6)	
EE4xxxB	Advanced Elective 1 (3)	
EE4xxxB	Advanced Elective 2 (3)	
		21 credits

Table 4.3

* Students who are non-Chinese speakers or those whose Chinese standard are at junior secondary level or below will be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Chinese Language requirement. Students of this category can take a replacement subject of any level to make up for credit requirement.

Students may seek prior approval to select the following CAR subjects in "Biology" or "Chemistry" instead of "Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering":

Biology: Biotechnology and Human Health (ABCT1D03), Introductory Life Science (ABCT1D04), Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human (BME1D01)

Chemistry: Chemistry and Modern Living (ABCT1D01), Chemistry and Sustainable Development (ABCT1D14)

4.4 Curricula for Various Levels

The time-tabled student hours for each subject and the type of activity (lecture [Lt], tutorial [Tu] and laboratory [Lab]) are given in the Tables 4.4.1 - 4.4.4. The abbreviations used in these tables are:

AF	Accounting and Finance
AP	Applied Physics
AMA	Applied Mathematics
APSS	Applied Social Sciences
BSE	Building Services Engineering
CBS	Chinese & Bilingual Studies
CEE	Civil and Environmental Engineering
EE	Electrical Engineering
ELC	English Language Centre
ENG	Engineering Faculty
IC	Industrial Centre
ICE	Industrial and Systems Engineering

- ISE Industrial and Systems Engineering
- MM Management and Marketing

A normal student in the BEng (Hons) programme may complete 30, 30, 34 and 30 credits in Year 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively, as shown in the indicative progression patterns in Tables 4.5.1 to 4.5.4. In other words, a student must complete a nominal number of 124 academic credits, including the credits earned in IC training, and the other General University Requirements e.g. WIE, before graduation.

Subjects are referenced by a Departmental prefix (e.g. EE corresponds to Electrical Engineering) followed by a reference number. Each subject is also categorised as non-deferrable (Non-Def), deferrable (Def) or Elective. In the reference numbers, the first digit (i.e. 1, 2, 3 or 4) indicates the level of the subject.

- *Non-def* are those subjects which form the backbone of the vertical integration that must be taken by every student in the prescribed semester, unless prevented from doing so due to non-compliance with prerequisites.
- *Def* are those subjects which must be satisfactorily completed before the student becomes eligible for an award but the timing of the subject is determined by the student.
- *Electives*' are those subjects which are optional. Electives give students choices in composing their study programme. All elective subjects are deferrable.

Tables in Section 4.5 show the times (semesters) in which these subjects are recommended to be taken if the programme are to be completed in the minimum time.

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University			С	urriculu				
BEng (Hons Engineering) in Transportation Systems Levels 0 and 1	Teaching Department	Contact Hours		Credits	GPA Weight	Assessment Methods	
Subject Code	Subject Title	Department	Lt/ Tu	Lab		(W _i)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics	AMA	39	-	3	0.2	40%	60%
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra	AMA	39	-	3	0.2	40%	60%
AP10001	Introduction to Physics [@]	AP	39	-	3	0.2	40%	60%
AP10005	Physics I	AP	39	-	3	0.2	40%	60%
AP10006	Physics II	AP	39	-	3	0.2	40%	60%
APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders	APSS	39	-	3	0.2	100%	-
CBS1101P	Fundamentals of Chinese Communication*	CBS	39	-	3	0.2	70%	30%
CBS1102P	Advanced Communication Skills in Chinese*	CBS	39	-	3	0.2	70%	30%
ELC1011	Practical English for University Studies*	ELC	39	-	3	0.2	100%	-
ELC1013	English for University Studies *	ELC	39	-	3	0.2	100%	-
ELC1014	Advanced English for University Studies*	ELC	39	-	3	0.2	100%	-
ENG1003	Freshman Seminar for Engineering	ENG	36	-	3	0.2	100%	-
	Def Subjects							
depending on the subjects taken	Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects (subjects taken must conform to the University's Cluster Area Requirements specified in Section 4.2)	various departments	39	-	3	0.2	depending on the subjects taken	depending on the subjects taken

Table 4.4.1

- [@] For students who <u>have not</u> attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science (with a component in Physics)
- * Students will take these subjects based on their HKDSE Chinese Language / English Language results (see Section 4.2 (i))

The Hong	Kong Polytechnic University		Cu	rriculum	l			
BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering Level 2		Contact Teaching Department		Credits	GPA Weight	Assessment Methods		
Subject Code	Subject Title		Lt/Tu	Lab		(Wi)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
AMA2111 AMA2112 EE2001B EE2002B EE2003B EE2029B ELC2011 ELC2012 ELC2013 ENG2001 ENG2002 ENG2002	Mathematics I Mathematics II Applied Electromagnetics Circuit Analysis Electronics Transportation Engineering Fundamentals Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills * Persuasive Communication * English in Literature and Film * Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering# Computer Programming Information Technology <u>Def Subjects</u> Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects	AMA AMA EE EE EE ELC ELC ELC ENG ENG various	39 39 33 30 30 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39		3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 100% 100% 100% 40% 70% 50%	60% 60% 60% 60% - - - 60% 30% 50%
the subjects taken	(subjects taken must conform to the University's Cluster Area Requirements specified in Section 4.2)	departments		-	5	0.2	the subjects taken	the subjects taken
IC2105	IC Training Engineering Communication and Fundamentals	IC		nours ghout year	4 training credits	-	100% assessed and graded	-
IC2113	IC Training I (TSE)	IC	120 ho Sum		4 training credits	-	100% assessed and graded	-

Table 4.4.2

- [@] For students who <u>have not</u> attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science (with a component in Physics)
- * Students will take these subjects based on their HKDSE Chinese Language / English Language results (see Section 4.2 (i))
- # Students may seek prior approval to select the following CAR subjects in "Biology" or "Chemistry" instead of "Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering":

Biology: Biotechnology and Human Health (ABCT1D03), Introductory Life Science (ABCT1D04), Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human (BME1D01)

Chemistry: Chemistry and Modern Living (ABCT1D01), Chemistry and Sustainable Development (ABCT1D14)

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University			Cu	ırriculum				
BEng (Ho	BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering Level 3		Contact Hours Teaching Department		Credits	GPA Weight	Assessment Methods	
Subject Code	Subject Title		Lt/Tu	Lab		(W _i)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
AF3625 CSE30292 CSE30312 CSE30390 EE3002B EE3003B EE3004B EE3011B ENG3003 ENG3004	Engineering Economics Transportation Operation and Management Transportation and Highway Engineering Transportation Systems Analysis Electromechanical Energy Conversion Power Electronics and Drives Power Transmission and Distribution Control Systems and Signal Processing Engineering Management Society and the Engineer Def Subjects	AF CEE CEE EE EE EE EE ENG ENG	39 30 39 33 33 33 33 33 39 39	- 9 6 6 6 6 -	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{array}$	50% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 60%	50% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 40%
CBS3241P ELC3521	Professional Communication in Chinese Professional Communication in English	CBS ELC	26 26	-	2 2	0.3 0.3	100% 100%	-
EE3010B	Summer Practical Training	Industry	A minir 6 we		3 training credits	-	100% assessed on Pass/Fail basis	-

Table 4.4.3

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University			C	urriculun	ı			
BEng (Hons) in Transportation Systems Engineering Levels 4 and 5		Teaching Department	Contac	t Hours	Credits	GPA Weight (W _i)	Assessme	nt Methods
Subject Code	Subject Title		Lt/Tu	Lab		(•••)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
CSE40407 CSE40408 CSE40490	Design of Transport Infrastructure Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning Transport Management and Highway Maintenance Def Subjects	CEE CEE CEE	32 32 39	7 7 -	3 3 3	0.3 0.3 0.3	40% 40% 30%	60% 60% 70%
EE4006B	Individual Project	EE	-	-	6	0.3	100%	-
	Any two electives; at least one should be EE subejct							
	Level 4 Electives (Def Subjects)*							
EE4004B EE4005B EE4007B EE4008B EE4009B EE4011B EE4014B	Power Systems Engineering Project Management Advanced Power Electronics Applied Digital Control Electric Traction and Drives Industrial Computer Applications Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical Engineering	EE EE EE EE EE EE EE	33 39 33 33 39 [#] 33 39 ⁺	6 - 6 - 6 -	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40%	60% 60% 60% 60% 60%
EE4016B	Energy Utilisation and Management in Transportation	EE	39	-	3	0.3	40%	60%
EE4017B	Risk and Reliability Analysis on Asset Management	EE	39	-	3	0.3	40%	60%
EE4018B EE4019B EE4351B ENG4001 ME45003 CSE40462 CSE40475	Electrical Systems in Automobiles Intelligent Transportation Systems Aircraft Electrical and Actuation Systems Project Management Aviation Systems Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice Sustainable Development Strategy	EE EE ENG ME CEE CEE	33 39 39 39 39 39 39	6 - - - -	3 3 3 3 3 3 3	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	40% 40% 50% 40% 50% 50%	60% 60% 60% 60% 50%
C3L40473	MSc Subjects as Electives* Students must seek prior approval for enrolling on Level 5 subjects.	CEE	39		J	0.5	5070	5070
EE502B EE505B EE505B EE512B EE526B EE533B EE537B EE537B EE550B EE550B EE5381B CSE561 CSE562 LGT5013	Modern Protection Methods Power System Control and Operation High Voltage Engineering Electric Vehicles Power System Analysis and Dynamics Railway Power Supply Systems Maintenance and Reliability Engineering Signalling and Train Control Systems Railway Vehicles Enterprise Risk and Asset Management Metros in Hong Kong and China System Assurance and Safety in Railways Public Transport Operations and Service Planning Traffic Engineering and Control Transport Logistics in China	EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE CEE LGT	33 39 39 33 39 39^ 39^ 39 [@] 39 39 39 39 39 39 39	6 - - - - - - - - -	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 30\% \\ 50\% \end{array}$	60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 50% 50%

Table 4.4.4

Lecture/Tutorial: 33 hours; plus Seminar: 6 hours

- + Lecture/Tutorial: 33 hours; plus Mini-project presentation: 6 hours
- ^ Lecture/Tutorial: 36 hours; plus Seminar: 3 hours
- [@] Lecture/Tutorial: 33 hours; Seminar: 3 hours plus Site visit: 3 hours
- * The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all electives in each semester

4.5 Indicative Progression Pattern for Normal Study Duration

The progression pattern in Table 4.5.1 to Table 4.5.4 is recommended for HKDSE admittees who have attained Level 4 (Basic) in both English language and Chinese language, and who have attained Level 2 in Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics).

A student in the First Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated Table 4.5.1 below and obtain a total of 30 academic credits and 4 training credits.

AMA1110 AP10005 APSS1L01 ELCXXXX ENG1003	Semester One Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics (3) Physics I (3) Tomorrow's Leaders (3) English LCR Subject* (3) Freshman Seminars for Engineering (3) 15 credits
AMA1120 AP10006 ELCXXXX ENG2003 CAR requirement	Semester Two Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra (3) Physics II (3) English LCR Subject* (3) Information Technology (3) one Cluster Area Requirement Subject (3) 15 credits
GUR requirement IC2105	Healthy Lifestyle Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4) (120 hours throughout the year) 4 training credits

Table 4.5.1

* Students will take these subjects based on their HKDSE results (see Section 4.2 (i))

A student in the Second Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.2 below and obtain 30 academic credits and 4 training credits.

AMA2111 CBSXXXX EE2002B ENG2001 ENG2002	Semester One Mathematics I (3) Chinese LCR Subject* (3) Circuit Analysis (3) Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering [#] (3) Computer Programming (3)	15 credits
AF3625 AMA2112	Semester Two Engineering Economics (3) Mathematics II (3)	
EE2003B EE2029B	Electronics (3) Transportation Engineering Fundamentals (3)	
CAR requirement	one Cluster Area Requirement Subject (3)	15 credits
IC2113	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 2) IC Training I (TSE) (4) (120 hours in summer)	4 training credits

Table 4.5.2

- * Students will take these subjects based on their HKDSE results (see Section 4.2 (i))
- [#] Students may seek prior approval to select the following CAR subjects^ in "Biology" or "Chemistry" instead of "Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering":
 - Biology: Biotechnology and Human Health (ABCT1D03), Introductory Life Science (ABCT1D04), Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human (BME1D01)
 - Chemistry: Chemistry and Modern Living (ABCT1D01), Chemistry and Sustainable Development (ABCT1D14)
- ^ If you select one of these five subjects, you can fulfill the requirement of DSR and CAR-STE in "Science, Technology and Environment". You are required to choose any 3-credit subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

A student in the Third Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.3 below and obtain 34 academic credits and 3 training credits.

	Semester One	
CSE30292	Transportation Operation and Management (3)	
CSE30312	Transportation and Highway Engineering (3)	
EE2001B	Applied Electromagnetics (3)	
EE3003B	Power Electronics and Drives (3)	
EE3011B	Control Systems and Signal Processing (3)	
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)	
		18 credits
	Semester Two	
CBS3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese (2)	
CSE30390	Transportation Systems Analysis (3)	
EE3002B	Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3)	
EE3004B	Power Transmission and Distribution (3)	
ELC3521	Professional Communication in English (2)	
CAD acquirement	and Chuster Area Dequirement Subject (2)	
CAR requirement	one Cluster Area Requirement Subject (3)	16 credits
		To cicuits
	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 3)	
EE3010B	Summer Practical Training (A minimum of 6 weeks) (3)	
		3 training credits

Table 4.5.3

A student is advised to take the following curriculum in the final year as indicated in Table 4.5.4 and obtain 30 credits. He/she must accumulate a total of 124 academic credits and 11 training credits to qualify for graduation.

	Semester One	
CSE40407 CSE40490 EE4006B	Design of Transport Infrastructure (3) Transport Management and Highway Maintenance (3) Individual Project (3 continues in Semester 2)	
GUR requirement	Service-Learning Subject [#] (1.5 continues in Semester 2)	
CAR requirement	one Cluster Area Requirement Subject (3)	
Elective subject*	one Elective Subject from Table 4.4.4 (3)	16.5 credits
	Semester Two	
CSE40408 EE4006B ENG3004	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning (3) Individual Project (3 continues from Semester 1) Society and the Engineer (3)	
GUR requirement	Service-Learning Subject [#] (1.5 continues from Semester 2)	
Elective subject*	one Elective Subject from Table 4.4.4 (3)	
		13.5 credits

Table 4.5.4

- [#] Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.
- * Out of the two electives taken in Year 4, at least one should be an EE subject. The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all the electives in each year.

4.6 Indicative Progression Pattern for Senior Year Students

Total Credits Required for Graduation: 70 academic credits + 11 training credits

The progression pattern in Table 4.6.1 to Table 4.6.2 is recommended for Senior Year students[@].

A student in the First Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated Table 4.6.1 below and obtain a total of 37 academic credits and 7 training credits.

CSE30292 CSE30312 EE2001B EE3011B ENG2001 ENG3003	Semester One Transportation Operation and Management (3) Transportation and Highway Engineering (3) Applied Electromagnetics (3) Control Systems and Signal Processing (3) Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering [#] (3) Engineering Management (3)	18 credits
	Semester Two	
AF3625 CBS3241P CSE30390 EE2029B EE3004B ELC3521 ENG2003	Engineering Economics (3) Professional Communication in Chinese (2) Transportation Systems Analysis (3) Transportation Engineering Fundamentals (3) Power Transmission and Distribution (3) Professional Communication in English (2) Information Technology (3)	19 credits
	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 1)	
EE3010B	Summer Practical Training (A minimum of 6 weeks) (3)	3 training credits
IC2105	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4) (120 hours throughout the year)	
		4 training credits

Table 4.6.1

- [@] The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.
- [#] Students may seek prior approval to select the following CAR subjects^ in "Biology" or "Chemistry" instead of "Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering":
 - Biology: Biotechnology and Human Health (ABCT1D03), Introductory Life Science (ABCT1D04), Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human (BME1D01)
 - Chemistry: Chemistry and Modern Living (ABCT1D01), Chemistry and Sustainable Development (ABCT1D14)
- ^ If you select one of these five subjects, you can fulfill the requirement of DSR and CAR-STE in "Science, Technology and Environment". You are required to choose any 3-credit subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

A student is advised to take the following curriculum in the final year as indicated in Table 4.6.2 and obtain 33 academic credits and 4 training credits. He/she must accumulate a total of 70 academic credits and 11 training credits to qualify for graduation.

	Semester One	
CSE40407	Design of Transport Infrastructure (3)	
CSE40490	Transport Management and Highway Maintenance (3)	
EE4006B	Individual Project (3 continues in Semester 2)	
CAR requirement	one Cluster Area Requirement Subject (3)	
GUR requirement	Service-Learning Subject [#] (1.5 continues in Semester 2)	
Elective subject*	one Elective Subject from Table 4.4.4 (3)	
		16.5 credits
	Semester Two	
CSE40408	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning (3)	
EE4006B	Individual Project (3 continues from Semester 1)	
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)	
CAR requirement	one Cluster Area Requirement Subject (3)	
GUR requirement	Service-Learning Subject [#] (1.5 continues from Semester 2)	
Elective subject*	one Elective Subject from Table 4.4.4 (3)	
		16.5 credits
	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 2)	
IC2113	IC Training I (TSE) (4)	
	(120 hours in summer)	4. · · · ··
		4 training credits

Table 4.6.2

- [#] Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.
- * Out of the two Electives taken in Year 2, at least one should be an EE subject. The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all the electives in each year.
- Note 1 This is an <u>example</u> only which shows a possible study pattern for graduates with relevant Higher Diploma/Associate Degree from a recognized institution. The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.
- Note ² Those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CBS) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard.

4.7 Subject Support to Programme Outcomes

Table 4.7 illustrates how the subjects support the Programme Outcomes through teaching activities, practice on the part of students, and measurements.

	Programme Outcomes								
Subjects	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	B1	B2	B3
AF3625				\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	
AMA1110	\checkmark								
AMA1120	\checkmark								
AMA2111	\checkmark								
AMA2112									
AP10001	\checkmark								
AP10005									
AP10006									
APSS1L01									
CBS1101P									
CBS1102P									
CBS3241P									
CSE30292					1				
CSE30312					1				
CSE30390									
CSE40407									
CSE40408		1				,			
CSE40462	v v		,						,
CSE40475					√ √				
CSE40490					,	,			,
CSE561	√ √		V						
CSE562	√ √	V	V						,
EE2001B	√ √	v	V	v		v		v	
EE2001B	√ √	V	, v		, v		v		v
EE2002B	√	√ √		√ √					
EE2009B	√	v		v					
EE3002B	√ √	V	v					v	
EE3003B	√ √	v √							
EE3004B	√ √	V							v
EE3010B	v √	v	v	v √			v		
EE3010B	√ √			V	v	N		v √	
EE4004B	v √	al	v				al		
EE4004B EE4005B	N	V			+				
EE4003B EE4006B	+		2		al		1		al
EE4006B EE4007B		N	N	$\frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{2}}}$	N	N	V	N	N
EE4007B EE4008B	N		N	·N			N		N
	√ √		N				√ √		
EE4009B			V	·N		·N		·N	
EE4011B	N		N		N		N		
EE4014B	√			.1	.1				V
EE4016B	/	V		<u>م</u>		1			
EE4017B	√	V	1				1		
EE4018B				<u>√</u>	\checkmark				
EE4019B	√		√	√					
EE4351B									

		Programme Outcomes							
Subjects	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	B1	B2	B3
EE502B	\checkmark								
EE505B	\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE509B		\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	
EE512B								\checkmark	
EE526B		\checkmark							
EE533B									
EE535B								\checkmark	
EE536B								\checkmark	
EE537B								\checkmark	
EE550B						\checkmark			
EE560B			\checkmark						
EE5381B					\checkmark			\checkmark	
ELC1011					\checkmark				
ELC1013									
ELC1014									
ELC2011									
ELC2012									
ELC2013									
ELC3521									
ENG1003								\checkmark	
ENG2001									
ENG2002			\checkmark					\checkmark	
ENG2003									
ENG3003								\checkmark	
ENG3004				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
ENG4001						\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
IC2105									
IC2113									
LGT5013									
ME45003								\checkmark	
CAR subjects						\checkmark			
Healthy Lifestyle						\checkmark			
Service-Learning			\checkmark			\checkmark			

Table 4.7 Support of programme outcomes by individual subjects

4.8 Work-Integrated Education and Summer Practical Training

Work-Integrated Education (WIE) is defined as a structured and measurable learning experience which takes place in an organizational context relevant to a student's future profession. It aims to prepare students for the realities of workplaces, develop students' ability to learn in non-academic surroundings, allow students to assess their own strengths and weaknesses in a real working settings and develop students' critical thinking and problem solving capabilities.

Summer Practical Training (EE3010B) normally takes place during the summer at the end of Year Three. Students are required to undertake a minimum of 6 weeks (3 training credits) of summer training, of which is valid for WIE activities as recognised by the University.

WIE activities may include placement, employment or attachment relevant to the context, knowledge and skills of the Programme. The Job Board arranged by the Office of Careers and Placement Services (CAPS) of the University is one of the main sources of placement opportunities for local students and students from Mainland China and overseas. The WIE activities may or may not involve any payment. Any payment by employers is completely at the employers' discretion. Typical examples of WIE activities are as follows:

- Summer placement in a suitable organisation participating in the Preferred Graduate Development Programme.
- Assisting in the University-wide activities that have an external collaboration or service component such as, Innovation and Technology Fund projects, RAPRODS projects, IGARD projects, high-level consultancy projects, collaborative research projects that were undertaken with external organizations, jobs undertaken by the Industrial Centre as a service for an external organization.
- Placement within the International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience (IAESTE) Programme in which the student is attached to a workplace abroad during the training.
- The student works on his final-year degree project which involves an industrial partner or external client. The students need not be placed in the company but make frequent visits to ensure that the project will meet the specifications required by the company/client.

In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organised. Students are required to initiate and formulate a training proposal or learning contract to indicate the expected work-based learning experiences, as well as a learning portfolio to review their achievements and intended learning outcomes.

Accordingly, the WIE officer will coordinate the following learning support activities:

(i) Orientation

Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester of their third year study. An orientation will be provided for the following:

- Basic skills in undertaking practical training
- Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments
- Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc.

Students are required to indicate the expected training experiences prior to the commencement of their placements.

(ii) Progress Monitoring

During the practical training, students are required to maintain a weekly training journal to identify their progress of their training. If applicable, site visits will be arranged by the supervisor during the practical training.

(iii) Learning Evaluation

After returning from the practical training, students are advised to submit a learning portfolio which should cover all periods of practical training. The learning portfolio is expected to demonstrate development of practical and professional skills through technical experience and application of theoretical knowledge. Development of skills in dealing with people, and communication skills are part of the subject learning outcomes. The student should be able to present the learning portfolio to prospective employers, as a complement to their degree.

A teaching staff will be allocated to each student as his or her training tutor to certify that all of the above requirements have been satisfactorily met. The training tutor has the right to ask the student to re-submit the report/training proposal and/or report/learning portfolio after giving the student the necessary feedback.

4.9 Industrial Centre (IC) Training

Besides the WIE training components, students are required to undertake training at the Industrial Centre (IC), which is equivalent to 8 training credits. The training is scheduled within Year One and at the end of Year Two. The students will not pay any training fee, nor receive any stipend. IC training is however not part of WIE activities.

4.10 Language Enhancement Subjects

All students are strongly encouraged to make full use of the facilities and services provided in the ELC and CLC to improve their language proficiency throughout the programme.

4.11 Physics Enhancement Subject

Students who do not possess the requisite background knowledge in Physics (i.e. attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science with a component in Physics) are required to take and pass a Physics enhancement subject (Introduction to Physics) before they can take Physics I and Physics II.

5 Management and Operation

5.1 Administration

The daily operation of the programme, such as general administration of admission, registrations, student records, preparation for Board-of-Examiners meetings and documentations, is overseen by the Programme Leader and the administrative team of the Department. All enquiries regarding registration and general administration from students on the programme should be made to the General Office as the first contact point.

The Departmental Undergraduate Programmes Committee, in which the Head of Department and the Programme Leaders of all programmes offered by the Department are members, discusses and reviews the programme structure, syllabi content, high-level integration and future directions of the programme. The Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee advises on matters related to teaching methods and learning quality and cultivates the positive mentality toward teaching and learning among teaching staff and students. WIE/Career Liaison Officer and Student-Exchange Coordinator are appointed by the Department to provide students with advice and assistance.

5.2 Academic Advisors

While the Programme Leader is available for the operation of the programme, general enquiry and counselling, Academic Advisors are in place to offer more personal contacts and to look after students' need.

The Academic Advisors, usually an academic staff member, is assigned to each newly admitted student and he/she will be with the students till graduation. Academic Advisors provide continuous and individual counselling and help guide the students through various difficulties, if any, which might affect their studies. A specific staff member from the General Office will work closely with the Programme Leaders and the Academic Advisors. All academic requirements and regulations related to academic programmes offered by the department as well as the GUR requirements will be provided to the students.

6 Academic Regulations on Admission, Registration and Assessment

The admission, registration and assessment arrangements described below are in accordance with the University policies and regulations for all 4-year full-time undergraduate degree programmes.

6.1 Admission

Students are admitted into the programme via the Joint University Programmes Admissions System (JUPAS). Non-JUPAS applicants are also considered on their academic merits, as well as non-academic achievements.

6.2 Re-admission

Students who have been required to withdraw on the grounds of academic failure or have been de-registered, and those who have discontinued their studies without completing the proper procedures for official withdrawal, shall not be considered for re-admission to the same programme/stream in the following academic year.

6.3 Transfer of study within the University

A student who has not completed his programme of study may apply to transfer to another programme, and may be admitted, provided that the total period of registration does not exceed the maximum period of registration of the programme with the longer duration. However, year one new students will only be considered for transfer to another programme offered in the same mode of study, starting from their second semester of registration.

Students who wish to transfer to another PolyU full-time UGC-funded programme of the same level should submit an application for transfer of study, instead of a new application in the non-JUPAS application period.

6.4 Concurrent enrolment

Students are not permitted to enrol concurrently on two full-time/sandwich programmes, whether or not one of the programmes is offered by another institution.

Except for programmes which do not lead to any formal award, students are not allowed to enrol concurrently on a full-time/sandwich programme and a part-time programme, or on more than one part-time programmes, including those offered by another institution, without permission from the Head(s) of Department concerned.

6.5 Maximum duration for completion of a programme and the validity period of subject credits

The maximum period of registration on, and for completion of, a programme is normally twice the duration of the programme, and must not exceed 8 years. This 8-year maximum period shall apply to programmes whose specified duration is more than 4 years. This period shall exclude deferment granted for justifiable reasons such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong, but any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will be counted towards the maximum period of registration. For Senior Year intakes, students are normally expected to complete their study in 2 years, with a maximum period of registration of 4 years.

A student's registration shall lapse if it is no longer possible for him to obtain an award within the maximum period of registration.

The validity period of subject credits earned is 8 years from the year of attainment, i.e. the year in which the subject is completed. Credits earned from previous study should remain valid at the time when the student applies for credit transfer.

6.6 Residential Requirement

In order to be considered for a PolyU award, a student must complete at least 1/3 of the normal credit requirement for the award he is currently enrolled, unless the professional bodies concerned stipulate otherwise. This 1/3 requirement is also applicable to Minor programme. Students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor.

6.7 Subject Registration and Withdrawal

In addition to programme registration, students need to register for the subjects at specified periods prior to the commencement of the semester. An add/drop period will also be scheduled for each semester/term. Students may apply for withdrawal of their registration on a subject after the add/drop period, if they have a genuine need to do so. The application should be made to the relevant programme offering Department and will require the approval of both the subject lecturer and the host Department Programme Leader concerned. Applications submitted after the commencement of the examination period will not be considered. For approved applications of subject withdrawal, the tuition fee paid for the subject will be forfeited and the withdrawal status of the subject will be shown in the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, but will not be counted in the calculation of the GPA.

The pre-requisite requirements of a subject must have been fulfilled before a student registers for that subject. However, the subject offering Department has the discretion to waive the pre-requisite requirements of a subject, if deemed appropriate. If the pre-requisite subject concerned forms part of the requirements for award, the subject has to be passed in order to satisfy the graduation requirements for the programme concerned, despite the waiving of the pre-requisite.

Students will be allowed to take additional subjects for broadening purpose, after they fulfil the graduation requirements and for the following semester. However, they will still be subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of places in the subjects concerned, and their enrolment will be as subject-based students only.

6.8 Study Load

For students following the progression pattern specified for their programme, they have to take the number of credits and subjects, as specified in this Definitive Programme Document, for each semester. Students cannot drop those subjects assigned by the department unless prior approval has been given by the department.

The normal study load is 15 credits in a semester. The maximum study load to be taken by a student in a semester is 21 credits, unless exceptional approval is given by the Head of the programme offering department. For such cases, students should be reminded that the study load approved should not be taken as the grounds for academic appeal.

To help improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, these students will be required to take a reduced study load load in the following semester (Summer Term excluded). The maximum number of credits to be taken by the students varies according to the policies of individual Departments and will be subject to the approval of the authorities concerned.

Students are not allowed to take zero subject in any semester, including the mandatory summer term as required by some programmes, unless they have obtained prior approval from the programme offering department; otherwise they will be classified as having unofficially withdrawn from their programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will nevertheless be counted towards the maximum period of registration.

6.9 Subject Exemption

Students may be exempted from taking any specified subjects, including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, if they have successfully completed similar subjects previously in another programme or have demonstrated the level of proficiency/ability to the satisfaction of the subject offering department. Subject exemption is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the subject exemption is to be decided by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments. In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. If students are exempted from taking a specified subject, the credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted towards meeting the award requirements. It will therefore be necessary for the students to consult the programme offering department and take another subject in order to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

6.10 Credit Transfer

Students may be given credits for recognised previous studies including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, and the credits will be counted towards meeting the requirements for award. Credit transfer normally will be done without the grade being carried over. Subject credit transfer is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the decision will be made by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments.

In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. The validity period of credits previously earned, is 8 years after the year of attainment.

Normally, not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferable from approved institutions outside the University. For transfer of credits from programmes offered by the University, normally not more than 67% of the credit requirement for award can be transferred. In cases where both types of credits are being transferred (i.e. from programmes offered by the University and from approved institutions outside the University), not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferred.

Credit transfer can be applicable to credits earned by students through study at an overseas institution under an approved exchange programme. Students should, before they go abroad for the exchange programme, seek prior approval from the programme offering department on their study plan and credit transferability. In order to overcome the problems associated with subject-to-subject mappings, block credit transfer rather than subject-by-subject credit transfer can be given.

All credit transfers approved will take effect only in the semester for which they are approved. A student who applies for transfer of credits during the re-enrolment or the add/drop period of a particular semester will only be eligible for graduation at the end of that semester, even if the granting of credit transfer will immediately enable the student to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

For students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum which is already a reduced curriculum, they should not be given credit transfer for any required GUR subjects, and they must complete at least 70 credits to be eligible for award. Students exceptionally admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum before 2017/18 based on qualification more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma may be given credit transfer for the required GUR subjects if they had completed comparable components in their earlier studies. These students can take fewer than 70 credits for attaining the award. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 70 credits to be eligible for award.

For credit transfer of retaken subjects, the grade attained in the last attempt should be taken in the case of credit transfer with grade being carried over. Students applying for credit transfer for a subject taken in other institutions are required to declare that the subject grade used for claiming credit transfer was attained in the last attempt of the subject in their previous studies. If a student fails in the last attempt of a retaken subject, no credit transfer should be granted, despite the fact that the student may have attained a pass grade for the subject in the earlier attempts.

Students should not be granted credit transfer for a subject which they have attempted and failed in their current study.

6.11 Deferment of Study

Students may apply for deferment of study if they have a genuine need to do so such as illness. Approval from the department offering the programme is required. The deferment period will not be counted towards the maximum period of registration.

Application for deferment of study will be entertained only in exceptional circumstances from students who have not yet completed the first year of a full-time programme.

Where the period of deferment of study begins during a stage for which fees have been paid, no refund of such fees will be made.

Students who have been approved for deferment are not entitled to enjoy any campus facilities during the deferment period.

6.12 General Assessment Regulations

These General Assessment Regulations shall govern all full-time 4-year undergraduate degree programmes and articulation degree programmes, except where the Senate decides otherwise. Unless otherwise specified, students who have opted for the Major/Minor route should abide by the academic regulations, including assessment regulations, stipulated in the definitive programme document applicable to students of the single-discipline Major programme.

For all programmes, students' progress by credit accumulation, i.e. credits earned by passing individual subjects can be accumulated and counted towards the final award.

(i) Subject Level

A 'level' in a programme indicates the intellectual demand placed upon students and may characterise each subject with respect to its recommended sequencing within that programme. Upper level subjects should normally build on lower level subjects. Pre-requisite requirements, if any, must therefore be spelt out on a subject basis.

A 'subject' is defined as a discrete section of the programme which is assigned a separate assessment. A list of subjects, together with their level and weightings, shall be published in the definitive programme document.

Level Code		Explanation
0	=	Pre-university level standard (and remedial subjects taken by new admittees to a 4-year degree programme, or some subjects offered to Higher Diploma students only)
1	=	Standard comparable to year 1 of a 4-year degree programme
2	=	Standard comparable to year 2 of a 4-year degree programme
3	=	Standard comparable to year 3 of a 4-year degree programme
4	=	Standard comparable to the final year of a 4-year degree programme
5	=	Master's degree level
6	=	Doctoral degree level

The following is the Subject Level code adopted by the University:

(ii) Language of assessment

The language of assessment for all programmes/subjects shall be English, unless approval is given for it to be otherwise.

6.13 Principles of Assessment

Assessment *of* learning and assessment *for* learning are both important for assuring the quality of student learning. Assessment *of* learning is to evaluate whether students have achieved the intended learning outcomes of the subjects that they have taken and have attained the overall learning outcomes of the academic programme at the end of their study at a standard appropriate to the award. Appropriate methods of assessment that align with the intended learning outcomes should be designed for this purpose. The assessment methods will also enable the teacher to differentiate students' different levels of performance within the subject. Assessment *for* learning is to engage students in productive learning activities through purposefully designed assessment tasks.

Assessment will also serve as feedback to students. The assessment criteria and standards should be made explicit to students before the start of the assessment to facilitate student learning, and feedback provided should link to the criteria and standards. Timely feedback should be provided to students so that they are aware of their progress and attainment for the purpose of improvement.

The ultimate authority in the University for the confirmation of academic decisions is the Senate, but for practical reasons, the Senate has delegated to the Faculty/School Boards the authority to confirm the decisions of Boards of Examiners provided these are made within the framework of the General Assessment Regulations. Recommendations from Board of Examiners which fall outside these Regulations shall be ratified by the Academic Regulations Committee (ARC) and reported to the Senate.

6.14 Assessment Methods

Students' performance in a subject can be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering department. Where both continuous assessment and examinations are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade shall be clearly stated in the definitive programme document. The subject offering department can decide whether students are required to pass both the continuous assessment and examination components, or either component only, in order to obtain a subject pass, but this requirement (to pass both, or either, components) shall be specified in the Definite Programme Document. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous Assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.

Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering department.

At the beginning of each semester, the subject teacher should inform students of the details of the methods of assessments to be used, within the assessment framework as specified in the definitive programme document.

6.15 Progression/Academic Probation/Deregistration

- (i) The Board of Examiners shall, at the end of each semester (except for Summer Term unless there are students who are eligible to graduate after completion of Summer Term subjects), determine whether each student is
 - (a) eligible for progression towards an award; or
 - (b) eligible for an award; or
 - (c) required to be deregistered from the programme.

When a student has a Grade Point Average (GPA) lower than 2.0, he will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If a student is able to pull his GPA up to 2.0 or above at the end of the semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected in the assessment result notification but not in the transcript of studies.

- (ii) A student will have 'progressing' status unless he falls within anyone of the following categories, which may be regarded as grounds for deregistration from the programme:
 - (a) the student has exceeded the maximum period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Definitive Programme Document; or
 - (b) the student's GPA is lower than 2.0 for two consecutive semesters and his/her Semester GPA in the second semester is also lower than 2.0; or
 - (c) the student's GPA is lower than 2.0 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within the categories as stipulated above, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in the Summer Term, unless Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme and constitutes a requirement for graduation.

A student may be de-registered from the programme enrolled before the time frame specified at (b) or (c) of (ii) above if his academic performance is poor to the extent that the Board of Examiners considers that there is not much of a chance for him to attain a GPA of 2.0 at the end of the programme.

If the student is not satisfied with the de-registration decision of the Board of Examiners, he/she can lodge an appeal. All such appeal cases will be referred directly to Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for final decision. Views of Faculties/Schools/Departments will be sought and made available to AAC for reference.

6.16 Retaking of Subjects

Students <u>may</u> retake any subject for the purpose of improving their grade without having to seek approval, but they <u>must</u> retake a compulsory subject which they have failed, i.e. obtained an F grade. However, students who have passed a General University Requirements (GUR) subject are not allowed to re-take the <u>same</u> GUR subject for the purpose of improving their grade. Retaking of subjects is with the condition that the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester is not exceeded. Students wishing to retake passed subjects will be accorded a lower priority than those who are required to retake (due to failure in a compulsory subject) and can only do so if places are available.

The number of retakes of a subject is not restricted. Only the grade obtained in the final attempt of retaking (even if the retake grade is lower than the original grade for originally passed subject) will be included in the calculation of the Grade Point Average (GPA). If students have passed a subject but failed after retake, credits accumulated for passing the subject in a previous attempt will remain valid for satisfying the credit requirement for award. (The grades obtained in previous attempts will only be reflected in transcript of studies.)

In cases where a student takes another subject to replace a failed elective subject, the fail grade will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the replacement subject.⁸

6.17 Absence from an assessment component

If a student is unable to complete all the assessment components of a subject, due to illness or other circumstances which are beyond his control and considered by the subject offering Department as legitimate, the Department will determine whether the student will have to complete a late assessment and, if so, by what means. This late assessment shall take place at the earliest opportunity, and before the commencement of the following academic year (except that for Summer Term, which may take place within 3 weeks after the finalisation of Summer Term results). If the late assessment cannot be completed before the commencement of the following academic year, the Faculty/School Board Chairman shall decide on an appropriate time for completion of the late assessment.

The student concerned is required to submit his/her application for late assessment in writing to the Head of Department offering the subject, within 5 working days from the date of the examination, together with any supporting documents. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the Subject Lecturer concerned, in consultation with the Programme Leader.

6.18 Assessment to be completed

For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a final decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.

6.19 Aegrotat Award

If a student is unable to complete the requirements of the programme in question for the award due to very serious illness, or other very special circumstances which are beyond his control, and considered by the Board of Examiners as legitimate, the Faculty/School Board will determine whether the student will be granted an aegrotat award. Aegrotat award will be granted under very exceptional circumstances.

A student who has been offered an aegrotat award shall have the right to opt either to accept such an award, or request to be assessed on another occasion to be stipulated by the Board of Examiners; the student's exercise of this option shall be irrevocable.

The acceptance of an aegrotat award by a student shall disqualify him from any subsequent assessment for the same award.

An aegrotat award shall normally not be classified, and the award parchment shall not state that it is an aegrotat award. However, the Board of Examiners may determine whether the award should be classified, provided that they have adequate information on the students' academic performance.

⁸ In these circumstances when students do not have a choice to retake a failed subject, such as when the failed subject has been phased out, a 'tie-subject' arrangement can be made with the approval of the Faculty/School Board. Under the arrangement, another appropriate subject can be taken as equivalent to the subject which is not offered. Upon passing the equivalent subject, the fail grade of the original subject will be replaced by the latest grade of the retake subject and the failure grade of the original subject will not be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA.

6.20 Grading

Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A student's overall performance in a subject (including GUR subjects) shall be graded as follows:

Subject grade	Short description	Elaboration on subject grading description
A+	Exceptionally Outstanding	The student's work is exceptionally outstanding. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in all regards.
А	Outstanding	The student's work is outstanding. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in nearly all regards.
B+	Very Good	The student's work is very good. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in most regards.
В	Good	The student's work is good. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in some regards.
C+	Wholly Satisfactory	The student's work is wholly satisfactory. It fully meets the intended subject learning outcomes.
С	Satisfactory	The student's work is satisfactory. It largely meets the intended subject learning outcomes.
D+	Barely Satisfactory	The student's work is barely satisfactory. It marginally meets the intended subject learning outcomes.
D	Barely Adequate The student's work is barely adequate. It meets the in subject learning outcomes only in some regards.	
F	Inadequate The student's work is inadequate. It fails to meet many of the intended subject learning outcomes.	

'F' is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ('D' to 'A+') are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

Codes	Interpretation	Remarks
Ι ν	Assessment to be completed	An incomplete grade must be converted to a regular grade normally in the following academic year at the latest.
Ν	Assessment is not required	
Р	Pass an ungraded subject	This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training.
U	Fail an ungraded subject	This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training.
М	Pass with Merit	This code applies to all General Education subjects for intake cohorts before 2010/11. The adoption or otherwise of this code to other subjects adopting a "Pass/Fail" grading system would be subject to the decision of individual Departments. The grade "Pass with Merit" can be awarded when the student's work exceeds the subject learning outcomes in the majority of regards.
L	Subject to be continued in the following semester	This code applies to subjects like "Project" which may consist of more than 1 part (denoted by the same subject code) and for which continuous assessment is deemed appropriate.
S	Absent from assessment	
W	Withdrawn from subject	Dropping of subjects after the add/drop period is normally not allowed. Requests for withdrawal from subjects after the add/drop period and prior to examination will only be considered under exceptional circumstances. This code is given when a student has obtained exceptional approval from Department to withdraw from a subject after the "add/drop" period and prior to examination; otherwise, a failure grade (grade F) should be awarded.
Z	Exempted	
Т	Transfer of credit	
#	Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty	This code applies to failure (i.e. F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to academic dishonesty. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.

Codes to Denote Overall Subject Assessments (and subject components, if deemed appropriate)

- ^ For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a final decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The students can be assigned an 'I' code in this circumstance. The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.
- Note: Subjects with the assigned codes I, N, P, U, M, L, W, Z and T (if the subject is without grade transferred) will be omitted in the calculation of the GPA. A subject assigned code S will be taken as zero in the calculation.

Grade	Grade Point
A+	4.5
А	4
B+	3.5
В	3
C+	2.5
С	2
D+	1.5
D	1
F	0

A numeral grade point is assigned to each subject grade, as follows:

At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Grade Point} \times \text{Subject Credit Value}}{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Credit Value}}$$

where n = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned⁹
- (v) Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e. those with the code 'W')

Subject which has been given an "S" code, i.e. absent from assessment, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance, and is capped at 4.0.

All training credits¹⁰ will be counted in the GPA calculation but not in the WGPA calculation.

⁹ Subjects taken in the University or elsewhere and with grades assigned, and for which credit transfer has been approved, will be included in the GPA calculation.

¹⁰ "Training credits" is used as a generic term only, and also includes clinical/field credits for programmes in different study disciplines. Laboratory experiments done as a subject/an integral part of a subject to satisfy the academic requirements is not considered to be practical training.

In the event that grade is awarded to subject components, a grade point with the decimal value may be generated for the overall result of the subject. This grade point with decimal value will be converted to grade according to the conversion methodology for deriving the subject overall grades. The corresponding grade point for the subject overall grade, instead of the actual grade points obtained by students, will be used for GPA calculation. This methodology for deriving subject overall grades only serves as an aid to subject assessors. As assessment should be a matter of judgement, not merely a result of computation, the subject lecturer will have the discretion to assign a grade which is considered to reflect more appropriately the overall performance of the student in a subject to override the grade derived by the computer.

6.21 Different types of GPA

GPA's will be calculated for each Semester including the Summer Term. This <u>Semester GPA</u> will be used to determine students' eligibility to progress to the next Semester alongside with the 'cumulative GPA'. However, the Semester GPA calculated for the Summer Term will not be used for this purpose, unless the Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme concerned and constitutes part of the graduation requirements.

The GPA calculated after the second Semester of the students' study is therefore a 'cumulative' GPA of all the subjects taken so far by students, and without applying any level weighting.

Along with the 'cumulative' GPA, a <u>weighted GPA</u> will also be calculated, to give an indication to the Board of Examiners on the award classification which a student will likely get if he makes steady progress on his academic studies.

When a student has satisfied the requirements for award, an <u>award GPA</u> will be calculated to determine his award classification.

For students taking the Major/Minor study route, a separate GPA will be calculated for their Major and Minor programmes. The <u>Major GPA</u> will be used to determine his award classification, which will be so reflected on the award parchment. The <u>Minor GPA</u> can be used as a reference for Board of Examiners to moderate the award classification for the Major.

Types of GPA	Purpose	Rules for GPA calculation
GPA	Determine Progression/ Graduation	 All academic subjects taken by the student throughout his study, both inside and outside the programme curriculum, are included in the GPA calculation. For training subjects, including WIE and Clinical/Field subjects, departments can decide whether to include them in the GPA calculation. For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the GPA calculation. Level weighting, if any, will be ignored.
Semester GPA	Determine Progression	Similar to the rules for GPA as described above, except that only subjects taken in that Semester, including retaken subjects, will be included in the calculation.
Weighted GPA	To give an interim indication on the likely Award GPA	 Similar to the rules for GPA, except that only subjects inside the programme curriculum concerned will be included in the calculation. Subjects outside the programme curriculum will be excluded.
		(2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects are to be counted towards the Weighted GPA.
		(3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Weighted GPA calculation.
		(4) A weighting of 2 for Level 1 and 2 subjects, and a weighting of 3 for Level 3 and 4 subjects, will be included in the calculation to determine the Honours classifications.
		(5) The weighted GPA will be the same as the Award GPA unless a student has taken more subjects than required.

Types of GPA	Purpose	Rules for GPA calculation
Major/Minor GPA	For reference and determination of award classification	 <i>Major/Minor GPA</i> (1) Only subjects inside the curriculum of the Major/Minor Programmes will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation. (2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects, are to be counted towards the Major/Minor GPA. (3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation. (4) Up to 6 credits from the Major/GUR [including Language Communication Requirements (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] can be counted towards the chosen Minor. Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme. <i>Major GPA</i> Level weighting will be included in the calculation of Major GPA.
Award GPA	For determination of award classification	 If the student has not taken more subjects than required, the Award GPA will be as follows: (1) For single Major: Award GPA = Weighted GPA (2) For Major/Minor programmes: Award GPA = Major GPA

6.22 Guidelines for Award Classification

The Weighted GPA will be used as a guide to help determine award classifications.

Weighted GPA will be computed as follows:

Weighted GPA =
$$\frac{\sum_{n}^{n} \text{Subject Grade Point } \times \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_{i}}{\sum_{n}^{n} \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_{i}}$$

where W_i = weighting to be assigned according to the level of the subject

n = number of all subjects counted in GPA calculation

Same as for GPA, Weighted GPA is capped at 4.0.

Any subjects passed after the graduation requirement has been met will <u>not</u> be taken into account of in the grade point calculation for award classification.

For students who have completed a Major/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" which includes grades obtained for the free electives, if appropriate.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme. "Minor GPA" is unweighted.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his Major but a lower GPA for his Minor, he will not be 'penalised' in respect of his award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his Major than his GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider giving the student a higher award classification than with reference to his Major GPA.

6.23 Classification of Awards

For Honours degree programmes, the awards will be classified as follows:

- First Class Honours
- Second Class Honours (Division 1)
- Second Class Honours (Division 2)
- Third Class Honours

The following are guidelines for Boards of Examiners' reference in determining award classifications:

Honours Degrees	Guidelines		
1st	The student's performance/attainment is outstanding, and identifies him as exceptionally able in the field covered by the programme in question.		
2:i	The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment which is more than satisfactory but less than outstanding.		
2:ii	The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment judged to be satisfactory, and clearly higher than the 'essential minimum' required for graduation.		
3rd	The student has attained the 'essential minimum' required for graduation at a standard ranging from just adequate to just satisfactory.		

Under exceptional circumstances, a student who has completed an Honours degree programme, but has not attained Honours standard, may be awarded a Pass-without-Honours degree. A Pass-without-Honours degree award will be recommended, when the student has demonstrated a level of final attainment which is below the 'essential minimum' required for graduation with Honours from the programme in question, but when he has nonetheless covered the prescribed work of the programme in an adequate fashion, while failing to show sufficient evidence of the intellectual calibre expected of Honours degree graduates. For example, if a student in an Honours degree programme has a Grade Point Average (GPA) of 2.0 or more, but his Weighted GPA is less than 2.0, he may be considered for a Pass-without-Honours classification. A Pass-without-Honours is an unclassified award, but the award parchment will not include this specification.

Students who have committed academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. For undergraduate students who should be awarded a Third class Honours degree, they will be downgraded to a Pass-without-Honours. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass. In rare circumstances where both the Student Discipline Committee and Board of Examiners of a Department consider that there are strong justifications showing the offence be less serious, the requirement for lowering the award classification can be waived.

Honours Degrees	Weighted GPA
1st	3.7+ - 4
2:i	3.2 ⁺ - 3.7 ⁻
2:ii	2.3 ⁺ - 3.2 ⁻
3rd	2.0 - 2.3

The following is a set of indicators, for Boards of Examiners' reference, which can be used in helping to determine award classification:

Note: "+" sign denotes 'equal to and more than'; "-" sign denotes 'less than'.

There is no requirement for Boards of Examiners to produce award lists which conform to the guidelines of the above table.

6.24 Examination result announcements, transcripts, testimonials and references

At the end of each semester, where appropriate, examination results are announced online for individual students' checking. It provides information on subjects taken and grades attained, the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects, and the overall result for that semester. The announcement serves as an official notification of the student's academic performance.

A formal transcript of studies will be issued by the University, upon request, to any student registered on a programme offered by the University, and it will include the following information:

- (i) name and student number;
- (ii) title of the programme(s) on which enrolled, or from which graduated;
- (iii) medium of instruction for the programme (applicable only to programmes which are delivered in Chinese and for which both Chinese and English versions are offered);
- (iv) a full academic record, giving subjects taken and grades attained, and the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects;
- (v) credit requirement of the student if different from the normal credit requirement of the programme;
- (vi) where relevant, the final award(s) (including information on the Minor award, if appropriate), with classification and year of award;
- (vii) a statement indicating that the student has completed the Graduating Students' Language Proficiency Assessment (GSLPA) / Work-integrated Education (WIE) activities / Co-curricular Activities / Healthy Lifestyle / e-learning course in Putonghua (to be offered as an option with effect from the 2018/19 intake cohort), as appropriate;
- (viii) a statement showing the duration of supervised training (applicable to sandwich programmes); and
- (ix) information on the partner institution, if the award is for a joint programme with another institution and leads to dual/joint awards.

Students may request for a testimonial which is a certification of their studies at the University, but without details on subjects and subject results. Students may also request for references direct from academic staff members concerned.

6.25 Recording of disciplinary actions in students' records

With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.

Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.

Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and nonacademic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee.

The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study to a student who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

Appendix I

Content

<u>Subject</u>

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<u>Subject</u>

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Subject Code	AF3625			
Subject Title	Engineering Economics			
Credit Value	3			
Level	3			
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: AF2618			
Objectives	This subject aims to equip students with			
	1. the fundamental concepts of micro- and macroeconomics related to the engineering industry;			
	2. the fundamental understanding of finance and costing for engineering operations, budgetary planning and control.			
Intended Learning	Upon successful completion of this subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	a. understand how the relevant economic factors shape the environment within which an engineering company operates;			
	b. evaluate the financial condition of a company based on the financial statements;			
	c. apply the basic cost accounting techniques in the planning and control of engineering and production activities.			
Subject Synopsis/	Economic Environment of a Firm			
Indicative Syllabus				
	Scarcity, choice and opportunity cost; Demand, supply and price; Profit-maximizing behavior of the firm; Organization of industry: perfect competition and monopoly			
	Macroeconomic Factors			
	International trade and globalization			
	Accounting and Engineering Economics			
	Financial statements; Financial ratio analysis; Return on investment; Composition of cost; Cost-volume-profit analysis; Accounting profit versus economic profit			
	Fundamentals of Budgetary Planning and Control			
	Principle types of budgets for production and service operations; Approaches to budgeting and the budgeting process; Investment and source of finance; Cost of capital; Evaluation of investment alternatives			
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	The two-hour lecture each week focuses on the introduction and explanation of key concepts of Engineering Economics. The one-hour tutorial provides students with directed studies to enhance their self-learning capacities. Individual and group activities including discussions and presentations are conducted to facilitate students' understanding and application of the concepts they have learned to tackling real-life problems in Engineering Economics.			

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	
	Continuous Assessment	50%				
	1. In-class activities	(15%)	~	~	~	
	2. Written assignments	(15%)	~	~	~	
	3. Test	(20%)	~	~	~	
	Final Examination	50%	~	~	~	
	Total	100%		I		
	To pass this subject, students are requir Continuous Assessment and Examinatio			ove in <u>bot</u>	<u>h</u> the	
Student Study Effort Required	Class contact:					
	Lecture				26 Hrs.	
	Tutorial			13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:					
	 Study and self-learning 		48 Hr.			
	Written assignments		18 Hr.			
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Recommended Textbooks					
References	1. Parkin and Bade, 2015, Foundations of Microeconomics, 7th Edition, Pearson.					
	2. Sullivan, Wicks and Koelling, 2014, <i>Engineering Economy</i> , 16th Edition, Pearson.					
	References					
	1. Drury, Colin, 2008, <i>Management and Cost Accounting</i> , 7 th Edition, Cengage Learning.					
	2. Frank, Robert H., 2007, <i>The Econom Everything?</i> Basic Books.	mic Naturalist:	Why Econe	omics Expl	ain Almost	

Subject Code	AMA1110							
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics I – Calc	ulus and Proba	ability & St	atistics				
Credit Value	3							
Level	1							
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil							
Objectives	This subject aims to intre- elementary calculus and star concepts and the use of r science and engineering.	tistics. Empha	sis will be c	on the under	standing of	fundamental		
Intended Learning Outcomes	 a. apply analytical reason b. make use of the knowle solutions to various sitt c. apply mathematical mo 	make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations;						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Elementary calculus: Limi rules of differentiation in exponential and logarithm hyperbolic and inverse h <u>Elementary Probability a</u> probability and probability applications. Population and random sam proportions, and sample v interval. Point and interval	ncluding chain nic functions, yperbolic fun- and <u>Statistics</u> : distributions, nples. Samplin ariances. Cor	rule, Leil trigonome ctions, app Descripti binomial, g distribution cepts of a	bniz's rule tric functio blications c ive statisti Poisson ar ons related point estin	and L'He ons and the of different cs, randor nd normal to sample r nator and	opital's rule, leir inverses, tial calculus. m variables, distributions, mean, sample a confidence		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and elementary statistics and lin enhanced in tutorials throug	near algebra w	ill be taugh	t in lecture				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks 1.Homework, quizzes	% weighting 40%	Intended assessed a ✓	subject lear b √	rning outco c √	mes to be d ✓		
Outcomes	and mid-term test 2. Examination Total	60% 100%	✓	✓	✓	✓		
	Continuous Assessment co a mid-term test. An examin Questions used in assignm students' level of unders mathematical techniques in	nation is held a ments, quizzes standing of th	t the end of , tests and le basic c	f the semest examinati oncepts an	ter. ons are us id their al	sed to assess		

To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components.				
Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:				
The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and ele such, an assessment method based mainly on examinatio appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to su regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track course.	ementary linear algebra. As ns/tests/quizzes is considered bmit homework assignments			
Class contact:				
Lecture	26 Hrs.			
Tutorial	13 Hrs.			
Other student study effort:				
Homework and self-study	81 Hrs.			
Total student study effort	120 Hrs.			
Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, M Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathe Hill 2013 Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brook Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. Ye, K. Probabilit and Scientists, Prentice Hall, 2012	ematics & Statistics, McGraw s/Cole 2012			
	 continuous assessment and the examination components. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methlearning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and elessuch, an assessment method based mainly on examinatio appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to sur regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track course. Class contact: Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort: Homework and self-study Total student study effort Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, M Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathehill 2013 Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brook Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. Ye, K. Probabili 			

Subject Code	AMA1120							
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics II – Calculu	is and Linear A	lgebra					
Credit Value	3							
Level	1							
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA1110							
Objectives	This subject aims to introduc elementary calculus and statistic concepts and the use of math science and engineering.	cs. Emphasis w	ill be on th	e understa	nding of fu	ındamental		
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; b. make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; c. apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; d. demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 							
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	sketching. Definite and indefir of integration (integration by s functions using partial fracti- functions), reduction formula Integrals. Linear algebra: Basic propertie	Linear algebra: Basic properties of matrices and determinants, linear systems, Gaussian elimination, inverse of a square matrix, Cramer's rule, vectors in 2-space or in 3-space,						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and elementary algebra will be taught in lectur practical problem solving.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended to be ass	l subject le essed	arning out	tcomes		
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d		
0	1.Homework, quizzes and	40%	✓	~	~	\checkmark		
Outcomes	mid-term test	1070						
Outcomes		60%	~	✓	✓	✓		
Outcomes	mid-term test		✓ ✓	✓	✓	✓ 		

	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components.					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts an differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and el such, an assessment method based mainly on examinatic appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to su regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep trac course.	ementary linear algebra. As ons/tests/quizzes is considered ubmit homework assignments				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Enort Expected	Lecture	26 Hrs.				
	Tutorial	13 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Homework and self-study	81 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, M. Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Math Hill 2013 Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brook Larson, R. Elementary Linear Algebra, Brooks/Cole 201	ematics & Statistics, McGraw s/Cole 2012				
	Zaton, in Ziemennary Linear ingeora, Brooks, Core 2015					

Subject Code	AMA2111
Subject Title	Mathematics I
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA1101 / AMA1102 / AMA1120 / AMA1500 Exclusion: AMA2007 / AMA2308 / AMA2380 / AMA2511 / AMA2882 / AMA290
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; b. extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; c. develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems d. demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; e. search for useful information in the process of problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Algebra of complex numbers</u> Complex numbers, geometric representation, complex exponential functions, n-th roots of a complex number. <u>Linear algebra</u> Systems of linear equations, vector spaces, inner product and orthogonality, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, applications. <u>Ordinary differential equations</u> ODE of first and second order, linear systems, Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, applications to mechanical vibrations and simple circuits. <u>Differential calculus of functions of several variables</u> Partial derivatives, total differential, chain rule, Taylor's expansion, maxima and minima, directional derivatives, Lagrange multipliers, implicit differentiation, applications.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability.

Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed							
Outcomes			а	b	с	c d				
	1.Homework, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~			
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~			
	Total	100%		-	I					
	Continuous Assessment co a mid-term test. An exami Questions used in assign students' level of unders mathematical techniques in	nation is held at ments, quizzes, standing of the	the end of tests and basic of	of the sem d examin concepts	ester. ations a and the	re used ir abilit	to asse			
	mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components.									
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:									
	The subject focuses on und engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' p	As such, a is considered ork assignments	an asses appropr regularly	sment m riate. F	ethod b urthermo	oased m ore, stua	ainly o lents a			
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
	• Lecture					2	6 Hours			
	• Tutorial					13 Hours				
	Mid-term test and examination									
	Other student study effor	ť								
	Assignments and Self s	study				7	8 Hours			
	Total student study effort	t:				117	7 Hours			
Reading List and References	 C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan and K.F. Hung, <i>Basic Engineering Mathematics</i>, McG Hill, 2015. Anton, H. <i>Elementary Linear Algebra</i> (11th edition). Wiley, 2014. Kreyszig, E. (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th ed. Wiley. James, G. (2015). Modern Engineering Mathematics, 5th ed. Pearson Edu Limited Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. D. & Hass, J. R. Thomas' Calculus, 14th ed. Pe Education 2017 						Educatio			

Subject Code	AMA2112
Subject Title	Mathematics II
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111
Objectives	This subject is a continuation of AMA2111. It aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; search for useful information in the process of problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Multiple integrals</u> Double and triple integrals, change of variables, applications to problems in geometry and mechanics. <u>Vector calculus</u> Vector and scalar fields, the del operator, line and surface integrals, the theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, applications to electromagnetic theory and fluid mechanics. <u>Series expansion</u> Infinite series, Taylor's expansion, Fourier series expansion of a periodic function. <u>Partial differential equations</u> Formulation of PDE of mathematical physics, separation of variables, initial-boundary value problems, introduction to Fourier transforms.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed								
Intended Learning Outcomes		0 0	1	2	3	4	5				
	1. Homework, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~				
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	\checkmark	~	~				
	Total 100%										
	Continuous Assessment com a mid-term test. An examina					nline qui	zzes and				
	Questions used in assignm students' level of understa mathematical techniques in s	anding of the	basic co	ncepts a	and thei	r ability					
	To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components.										
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:										
	The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in engineering mathematics. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course.										
Student Study	Class contact:										
Effort Expected	• Lecture					26 Hours					
	• Tutorial					13 Hours					
	• Mid-term test and exami	nation									
	Other student study effort										
	Assignments and Self stu	ıdy			78 Hours						
	Total student study effort:					117	Hours				
Reading List and References	 C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan and K.F. Hung, <i>Basic Engineering Mathematics</i>, McG Hill, 2015. Anton, H. <i>Elementary Linear Algebra</i> (11th edition). Wiley, 2014. Kreyszig, E. (2011). <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, 10th ed. Wiley. James, G. (2015). <i>Modern Engineering Mathematics</i>, 5th ed. Pearson Edu Limited Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. D. & Hass, J. R. <i>Thomas' Calculus</i>, 14th ed. P Education 2017 					ducation					

Subject Code	AP10001				
Subject Title	Introduction to Physics				
Credit Value	3				
Level	1				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	This is a subject designed for students with no background in physics studies. Fundamental concepts in major topics of physics (mechanics, heat, wave and electromagnetism) will be discussed. The aim of this subject is to equip students with some basic physics knowledge, and to appreciate its applications in various branches of science and technology.				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
Outcomes	 a. solve simple problems in kinematics Newton's law and Energy; b. solve problems in heat capacity and latent heat; c. explain phenomena related to the wave character of light; d. apply the superposition of waves; e. understand electrostatic field and potential; f. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; and g. describe and demonstrate the phenomenon of electromagnetism. 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Mechanics : scalars and vectors; kinematics and dynamics; Newton's laws; momentum, impulse, work and energy; conservation of momentum and conservation of energy.				
	Thermal physics: heat and internal energy; heat capacity; conduction, convection and radiation; latent heat.				
	Waves : nature of waves; wave motion; reflection and refraction; image formation by mirrors and lenses; superposition of waves; standing waves; diffraction and interference; electromagnetic spectrum; sound waves.				
	Electromagnetism : charges; Coulomb's law; electric field and potential; current and resistance; Ohm's law; magnetic field; magnetic force on moving charges and current-carrying conductors; Faraday's law and Lenz's law.				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lecture : Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given.				
	Student-centered Tutorial : Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience.				
	e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc.				

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed								
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	f	g		
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	40%	✓	~	✓	~	✓	~	~		
	2. Examination 60% \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark							~	~		
	Total 100%										
	Assignments in general include of assess the concepts and skills ac- understanding that they are exper- At least one test would be admit timely checking of learning prog of checking how effective the st class. Examination: This is a major as book examination. Complicated that the emphasis of assessment problem solving ability of the stu	quired by the st cted to reach. nistered during ress by referrin udents digest au sessment comp d formulas wou would be put o	g the c g to th nd con	s; and ourse e inter solida	to let t of the nded o ite the subjec to ave	them k subje sutcom mater t. It w oid rot	cnow ect as les, an ials ta rould te me	the lo a me nd as aught be a c	evel c ans c mear in th closec , suc		
Student Study	Class contact:										
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.									
	Tutorial				6 Hrs						
	Other student study effort:										
	 Self-study 							81	Hrs.		
	Total student study effort							120	Hrs.		
Reading List and References	 John D. Cutnell & Kenneth John Wiley & Sons. Hewitt, Conceptual Physics 							ition,	2013		

Subject Code	AP10005
Subject Title	Physics I
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This course provides a broad foundation in mechanics and thermal physics to those students who are going to study science, engineering, or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. solve simple problems in single-particle mechanics using calculus and vectors; b. solve problems in mechanics of many-particle systems using calculus and vectors; c. understand simple harmonic motion and solve simple problems; d. solve problems related to acoustic standing waves; e. calculate changes in frequency received due to Doppler's effect; f. apply ideal gas laws to solve problems; g. apply the first law of thermodynamics to simple processes; and h. solve simple problems related to the cyclic processes.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Mechanics: calculus-based kinematics, dynamics and Newton's laws; calculus-based Newtonian mechanics, involving the application of impulse, momentum, work and energy, etc.; conservation law; gravitational force; systems of particles; collisions; rigid body rotation; angular momentum; oscillations and simple harmonic motion; pendulum; statics; longitudinal and transverse waves; travelling wave and standing wave; Doppler effect; sound waves and beats. Thermal physics: conduction, convection and radiation; black body radiation; ideal gas and kinetic theory; work, heat and internal energy; first law of thermodynamics; entropy and the second law of thermodynamics; Carnot cycle; heat engine and refrigerators.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Inten asses		ıbject	ect learning outcomes to be						
Intended Learning			а	b	c	d	e	f	g	h		
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	40%	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	✓	~	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%										
	 fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce an assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as mear of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis 											
Student Study Effort Expected	and problem solving ability Class contact: Lecture								33	Hrs		
	• Tutorial							6	Hrs			
	Other student study effort:											
	Self-study					81 Hrs						
			Total student study effort: 120 Hrs.									
	Total student study effort:								120	Hrs		
0	Total student study effort: 1. John W. Jewett and Ray 2014, 9th edition, Brook					or Sci	entist	s and				
Reading List and References	1. John W. Jewett and Ray	s/Cole Cenga). Rasmusse	ige Le	arning					Engir	leer		

Subject Code	AP10006
Subject Title	Physics II
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with fundamental knowledge in physics focusing on the topics of waves and electromagnetism. This course prepares students to study science, engineering or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply simple laws in optics to explain image formation; b. understand phenomena related to the wave character of light; c. solve problems in electrostatics; d. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; e. apply electromagnetic induction to various phenomena; and f. solve problems in simple circuits.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Waves and optics: nature of light, reflection and refraction; Snell's law; image formation by mirrors and lenses; compound lens; microscope and telescope; superposition of waves; Huygen's principle; interference and diffraction; diffraction grating; Rayleigh's criterion and optical resolution; polarization. Electromagnetism: charge and Field; Coulomb's law and Gauss' law; electrostatic field and potential difference; capacitors and dielectric; current and resistance; Ohm's law; electromotive force, potential difference; Lorentz force; magnetic force on moving charges and current; Hall effect; Biot-Savart law and Ampere's law; Faraday's law and Lenz's law; induction; transformers; AC circuits and applications.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lecture: The fundamentals in optics and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc.

Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	d e	f
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	40%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	~
	2. Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	~
	Total	100%						
	 checking the progress of students' study throughout the course, assisting them in fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis 							
	and problem solving ability o	i ne studen	<i>is</i> .					5
	Class contact:							
	Class contact: Lecture						3	
								33 Hrs
	Lecture						3	33 Hrs.
	Lecture Tutorial							33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.
Student Study Effort Expected	Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort:						8	33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 31 Hrs. 20 Hrs.

Subject Code	APSS1L01					
Subject Title	Tomorrow's Leaders					
Credit Value	3					
Level	1					
GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfill	This subject intends to fulfill the following requirement(s) : Leadership and Intra-Personal Development					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil					
Assessment Methods	100% Continuous Assessment 1. Class Participation	Individual Assessment	Group Assessment			
	2. Group Project		30%			
	3. Term Paper	50%				
	 Note: The grade is calculated acco The completion and submiss passing the subject 					
Objectives	The course is designed to enable str concepts of the basic personal qua qualities) of effective leaders. This reflect on their intrapersonal qualitie to oneself. Finally, the subject cult intrapersonal and interpersonal quali	alities (particularly intrape subject also intends to h es, interpersonal qualities a tivates students' appreciat	ersonal and interpersonal elp students develop an ind connection of learnin ion of the importance of			
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, stud a. understand and integrate theo (particularly intrapersonal and b. develop self-awareness and se c. acquire interpersonal skills; d. develop self-reflection skills; e. understand the importance of integration integration in the importance of the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in the self-reflection is a self-reflection in the self-reflection in th	pries, research and concept interpersonal qualities) of df-understanding; intrapersonal and interpers	effective leaders;			

Indicative Syllabus Teaching/Learning Methodology	 understanding and int Cognitive competence experiential learning; solving in effective le Emotional competen quotient (EQ); role of and stress managemer Resilience: stresses farole of resilience in effective leadership; e Positive and healthy discrepancies; role of Spirituality: meaning effective leadership; s Social competence an competence, care and students. Relationship building and effective leadership. Interpersonal communication; role of Self-leadership. Mental health and eff health and wellness and leadership. Mental health and effective leadership. 	erpersonal rel e: different ty role of cogni adership. ce: awareness emotional ma nt. aced by adoless ffective leader y: moral issu thical leaders identity: sel self-concept i of life and a servant leaders degocentrism compassion in , team buildin tip; conflict m nication: theo of communica ense of respo fective leaders mong universi- se are expect rsonal contex collaborative l fallen leade logy includes: oom activities entation;	eness and understanding of emotions; emotional al management in effective leadership; mental health dolescents; life adversities; coping with life stresses; eadership. issues and moral competence; role of morality in dership; integrity and effective leadership. : self-identity, self-esteem and self-concept; self- cept in effective leadership. and adolescent development; role of spirituality in adership. trism: basic social competence skills; roles of social ion in effective leadership; egocentrism in university ilding and conflict management: relationship quality ict management and effective leadership. theories, concepts, skills and blocks of interpersonal unication skills in effective leadership. esponsibility in effective leadership. esponsibility in effective leaders; life-long learning adership: stress management; importance of mental versity students. expected to be sensitive to their own behavior in ontexts. Intellectual thinking, reflective learning, tive learning are emphasized in the course. Case leaders will also be covered in the course. The ides:				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende	d subject 1	learning	outcomes	s to be
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e
Intended Learning Outcomes				_	~	~	~
•	1. Class Participation^	20%	~	~	·		
•	1. Class Participation^ 2. Group Project*	20% 30%	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓	~	~
•	-					√ √	✓ ✓

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

- 1. <u>Assessment of Class Participation (20%)</u>: It is expected that classroom activities and preparation for lectures can help students understand the subject matter and oneself, develop social skills, connect learning to oneself and promote an appreciation of the importance of intrapersonal and interpersonal leadership qualities. Hence, marks for class participation and preparation for lectures will be given. Students will be assessed by: a) preparation for class (e.g., complete online assignment and dig up materials before class), b) participation in class (e.g., completion of worksheets and sharing) and c) volunteering to answer questions and join discussions in class. Also, students will be invited to rate the performance and learning of other group members in an honest and authentic manner. The marks will reflect the mastery of knowledge, self-reflection and quality of interpersonal skills (such as collaboration with other members and contribution to the group) of the group members. Peer assessment will contribute to marks in class participation.
- Assessment of Group Project (30%): Group project presentation can give an indication of the students' understanding and integration of theories and concepts on personal qualities in effective leadership, personal and group reflections, interpersonal skills and degree of recognition of the importance of active pursuit of knowledge covered in the course.
- 3. <u>Assessment of Term Paper (50%)</u>: Individual paper can give an indication of the students' understanding and integration of theories and concepts on the personal qualities in effective leadership, self-assessment, self-reflection, connection of the subject matter to oneself and degree of recognition of the importance of active pursuit of knowledge covered in the course.

Based on the implementation of this subject in the past four academic years (2010-2011; 2011-2012; 2012-2013; 2013-2014), evaluation findings consistently showed that this subject was able to achieve the intended learning outcomes in the students. The positive evaluation findings are documented as follows:

- Shek, D. T. L. (2012a). Development of a positive youth development subject in a university context in Hong Kong. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 11(3), 173-179.
- Shek, D. T. L. (2012b). Post-lecture evaluation of a positive youth development subject for university students in Hong Kong. *The Scientific World Journal*. Article ID 934679, 8 pages, doi:10.1100/2012/934679
- Shek, D. T. L. (2013). Promotion of holistic development in university students: A credit-bearing subject on leadership and intrapersonal development. *Best Practices in Mental Health*, 9(1), 47-61.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Law, M. Y. M. (2014). Evaluation of a subject on leadership and intrapersonal development: views of the students based on qualitative evaluation. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, doi:10.1515/jijdhd-2014-0339
- Shek, D. T. L., & Leung, H. (2014). Post-lecture subjective outcome evaluation of a university subject on leadership and positive youth development in Hong Kong. International Journal on Disability and Human Development.doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0343
- Shek, D. T. L., & Leung, J. T. Y. (2014) Perceived benefits of a university subject on leadership and intrapersonal development. *International Journal on Disability* and Human Development.doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0345
- Shek, D. T. L., & Ma, C. M. S. (2014). Do university students change after taking a subject on leadership and intrapersonal development? *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*. doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0341
 Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2012a). Focus group evaluation of a positive youth

development course in a university in Hong Kong. International Journal on Disability and Human Development, 11(3), 249-254.

- Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2012b). Process evaluation of a positive youth development course in a university setting in Hong Kong. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 11(3), 235-241.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2012c). Promoting leadership and intrapersonal competence in university students: What can we learn from Hong Kong? *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 11(3), 221-228.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2012d). Promoting psychosocial competencies in university students: Evaluation based on a one group pretest-posttest design. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 11(3), 229-234.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2012e). Qualitative evaluation of a positive youth development course in a university setting in Hong Kong. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 11(3), 243-248.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2013). Post-course subjective outcome evaluation of a course promoting leadership and intrapersonal development in university students in Hong Kong. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 12(2), 193-201.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2013). Post-lecture evaluation of a university course on leadership and intrapersonal development. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 12(2), 185-191.
- Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., & Merrick, J. (2012). Editorial: How to promote holistic development in university students? *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 11(3), 171-172.
- Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., Tsien-Wong, T. B. K., Cheng, C. T., & Yim H. Y. (2013). Objective outcome evaluation of a leadership and intrapersonal development subject for university students. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 12(2), 221-227.
- Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., Yuen, W. W. H., Chui, Y. H., Dorcas, A., Ma, C. M. S., Yu, L., Chak, Y. L. Y., Law, M. Y. M., Chung, Y.Y. H., & Tsui, P. F. (2013). Second piloting of a leadership and intrapersonal development subject at The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*, 12(2), 107-114.
- Shek, D. T. L., & Wu, F. K. Y. (2012). Reflective journals of students taking a positive youth development course in a university context in Hong Kong. *The Scientific World Journal*. Article ID 131560, 8 pages, 2012. doi:10.1100/2012/131560
- Shek, D. T. L., & Wu, F. K. Y. (2014). The role of teachers in youth development: Reflections of students. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*. doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0344
- Shek, D. T. L., Wu, F. K. Y., & Law, M. Y. M. (2014). Perceptions of a university subject on leadership and intrapersonal development: Reflections of the scholarship recipients. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development.* doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0340
- Shek, D. T. L., & Yu, L. (2014). Post-course subjective outcome evaluation of a subject on leadership and intrapersonal development for university students in Hong Kong. *International Journal on Disability and Human Development*. doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0342

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
Enort Expected	Lectures and experiential learning activities	39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Group project preparation	20 Hrs.
	Reading and writing term paper	76 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	135 Hrs.
Medium of Instruction	English	
Medium of Assessment	English	
Reading List and References	Basic References:	
	 Barki, H., & Hartwick, J. (2004). Conceptualizing the constructional Journal of Conflict Management (2002). Positive youth development in the Unite evaluations of positive youth development progrations of college and Character, 9(1), 1-5. Dalton, J., & Crosby, P. (2007). Being and having: Seducation (and people) be a measure of what one <i>Journal of College and Character</i>, 9(1), 1-5. Dolbier, C. L., Soderstrom, M. & Steinhardt, M. A. (2005). Self-leaders and enhanced psychological, health a <i>Psychology</i>, <i>135</i>(5), 469-485. Erikson, E. H. (1968). <i>Identity: Youth and crisis</i>. New Yor Inc. Gilley, A., Gilley, J. W., McConnell, C. W., & Veliquett used by effective managers to build teams: An <i>Developing Human Resources</i>, <i>12</i>(1), 29-45. Goleman, D. (1995). <i>Emotional Intelligence: Why it can t</i> Bantam Books. Houghton, J. D., & Yoho, S. K. (2005). Toward a contin psychological empowerment: When should self-lead <i>of Leadership and Organizational Studies</i>, <i>11</i>(4), 6 Kim, Y. H., Chiu, C. Y., & Zou, Z. M. (2010). Know th performance undermine achievement motivation subjective well-being. <i>Journal of Personality and</i> 409. Kohlberg, L. (1964). Development of moral character Hoffman, & L. W. Hoffman (Eds.), <i>Review of child</i> 431). New York: Russell Sage Foundation. Lau, P. S. Y., & Wu, F. K. Y. (2012). Emotional condevelopment construct: A conceptual review. <i>The</i> 8 pages. doi:10.1100/2012/975189 Ma, H. K. (2012). Social competence as a positive you conceptual review. <i>The Scientific World</i> doi:10.1100/2012/287472. Marsh, H. W. (1990). A multidimensional, hierarchica empirical justification. <i>Educational Psychological</i> 400. 	 t, 15(3), 216-244. tezak, H. S., & Hawkins, J. D. d States: Research findings on ms. <i>Prevention and Treatment</i>, Shouldn't excellence in higher does rather than what one has? 101). The relationships between ind work outcomes. <i>Journal of</i> ork: W. W. Norton & Company, te. A. (2010). The competencies empirical study. <i>Advances in natter more than IQ</i>. New York: negency model of leadership and dership be encouraged? <i>Journal</i> 5-84. tyself: Misperceptions of actual on, future performance, and <i>Social Psychology</i>, 99(3), 395-and moral ideology. In M. L. <i>development research</i> (pp. 381-ompetence as a positive youth <i>Scientific World Journal</i>, 2012, 7 pages. I self-concept: Theoretical and <i>Review</i>, 2(2), 77-172.

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33(132), 745-749. Salovey, P., & Mayer, J. D. (1990). Emotional intelligence. Imagination, Cognition and
Personality, 9(3), 185-211. Seligman, M. E. P., & Csikszentmihalyi, M. (2000). Positive psychology: An
introduction. American Psychologist, 55(1), 5-14. Shek, D. T. L. (2010). Nurturing holistic development of university students in Hong Kong: Where are we and where should we go? The Scientific World Journal, 10, 563-575.
Shek, D. T. L. (2012). Spirituality as a positive youth development construct: A conceptual review. <i>The Scientific World Journal</i> , 2012, 8 pages. doi:10.1100/2012/458953
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Subject Code	CBS1101P
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Chinese Communication (大學中文傳意)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Remarks: For students entering with HKDSE Chinese subject result at Level 3 or equivalent
Objectives	This subject aims to foster students' communicative competence in using both written and spoken Chinese to communicate effectively, appropriately, flexibly and politely in real situated social settings.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 (a) develop effective communication skills in written Chinese required for basic usage in the workplace such as email-letter, notice, news release, report, discussion, presentation and negotiation;
	(b) master the written format, organization, language and style of expression of various genres of Chinese practical writing such as official correspondences, publicity materials, reports and proposals for communication;
	(c) give formal presentation in Putonghua effectively and appropriately;
	(d) engage in formal discussion in Putonghua effectively and politely.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Enhancement of Basic Competence in Written Chinese and Skill of Summarizing Written Chinese for Practical Purposes Format, organization, language of each genre; Coherence in Chinese writing Style of expression of different genres such as official correspondences, publicity materials; Context dependent stylistic variation Appropriateness in communication
	3. Enhancement of Basic Skills in Putonghua Pronunciation
	 4. Formal Presentation in Putonghua Choice of words in Putonghua The flow of speaking Manner of speaking and gesture
	 5. Formal Discussion in Putonghua Identification of main idea and key messages Evaluation of relevancy of information in a message Skills of summarizing Agreeing/disagreeing/answering to questions politely

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be conducted in Putonghua, in highly interactive seminars. The subject will motivate the students' active participation by assigning group presentation /discussion in class. In a forum-like format, students are guided to :						
	(1) present to the class, their understanding of each genre designed for the syllabus for discussions and improvement;						
	(2) modify passages in different audiences and put		e/style into	other genre	es/styles for	addressing	
	(3) give a power-point pre on spot feedback for discu			front of the	whole class,	then receive	
	(4) prepare a written report	rt/proposal on	the same top	pic;			
	(5) engage in formal discubusiness operation;	ussion in Puto	onghua on to	pics related	to current is	ssues and/o	
	(6) produce a written docu	ument on the s	ame topic u	sing a chose	n genre.		
Assessment	guidelines and get access voluntary basis.		1				
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended s assessed	ubject learn	ing outcome	es to be	
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	
	1. Written Assignment	45%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Oral Presentation	25%			\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Final Examination	30%	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100%			1		
	Explanation of the approp learning outcomes: Both written assignment communication and the a The final examination ai competence in the use of I of expression in both spok in classroom teaching. Students obtaining a sub assessment and examinati	ts and oral ppropriatenes ims to obtain Putonghua and en and written pject pass mu	presentation s of languag an objectiv l written Chi n forms. Exp ast pass bot	will focu ge used in a ve measuren nese. It emp lanations ar h compone	s on the f nuthentic soc ment of stud phasizes on t ad exercises a nts, i.e. the	unctions o vial settings dents' basic the accuracy are provided continuou	

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
Enort Expected	Seminar	39 Hrs.
	Additional activity:	
	e-Learning in Putonghua and Written Chinese	9 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Outside Class Practice	39 Hrs.
	Self-study	39 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編:《當代應用文寫作規範 大學出版社,2011年。 鍾文佳:《漢語口才學》,西南師範大學出版社,2004年。 李白堅、丁迪蒙:《大學體型寫作訓練規程》,上海大學出版社 于成鯤主編:《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社,2003年。 邢福義、汪國勝主編:《現代漢語》,華中師範大學出版社,2006.陳瑞端著:《生活錯別字》,中華書局,2000年。 陳瑞端著:《生活錯別字》,中華書局,2000年。 李軍華:《口才學》,華中理工大學出版社,1996年。 陳建民:《說話的藝術》,語文出版社,1994年。 邵守義:《演講全書》,吉林人民出版社,1991年。 路德慶主編:《寫作教程》,華東師範大學出版社,1982年。 	:,2004年。

Subject Code	CBS1102P					
Subject Title	Advanced Communication Skills in Chinese (高階中文傳意)					
Credit Value	3					
Level	1					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Remarks: For students entering with HKDSE Chinese subject result at Level 4 and 5 or equivalent					
Objectives	This subject aims to develop students' ability to communicate effectively in both Putonghua and written Chinese, with particular reference to the stylistic variations of expression in different communicative settings.					
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop effective communication skills in both spoken and written Chinese required for workplace such as email-letter, notice, news release, report, presentation and negotiation as well as other settings such as speech delivery and / or special column in newspaper or magazine. in the business and professional setting; b. Master the format, organization, language and style of expression of the following genres of Chinese practical writing: argumentative and persuasive writing; c. Give public speech; d. Produce a piece of prose. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Enhancement of Basic Competence in Written Chinese and Skill of Summarizing Written Chinese for Practical Purposes Uses of words and sentences, choice of diction Coherence and thread of thinking in Chinese writing Context dependent stylistic variation Format, organization, language and style of expression of speeches, argumentative & persuasive writing Enhancement of Basic Skills in Putonghua Pronunciation Public Speech Contextual elements: the audiences, the purpose and the topic Identification of key points and collection of supporting information Articulation and flow of speaking Choice of words, manner and gesture Using of visual aids Handling of question and answer session 					

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be conducted in highly interactive seminars. The subject will motivate the students' active participation by assigning group presentation /discussion in class. In a forum-like format, students are guided to:						
	(1) present to the class, their understanding of each genre designed for the syllabus for discussions and improvement;						
	(2) modify passages in a given genr different audiences and purposes;	e/style into of	her gen	res/style	s for a	Idressi	
	(3) prepare a script for public speaking(4) give a public speech in front of the discussion and improvement;		hen rece	eive on s	spot feed	lback f	
	(5) engage in formal discussion on to operation that require persuasive and an			t issues	and/or	busine	
	(6) produce an argumentative article or	the same topi	с;				
	(7) analyze selected prose in terms of co	ontents, structu	re and st	yles of e	expression	on.	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	voluntary basis. Specific assessment methods/tasks	weighting outcomes to be assessed					
ntended Learning		weighting	a	b	с	d	
Outcomes							
Outcomes	1. Prose Writing	30%	~	~			
Outcomes	1. Prose Writing 2. Formal Speech	30% 15%	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	~		
Outcomes					~	✓	
Outcomes	2. Formal Speech	15%	~	~	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	
Outcomes	2. Formal Speech 3. Feature Article	15% 15%	✓ ✓	✓ ✓		-	
Outcomes	2. Formal Speech 3. Feature Article 4. Class Participation	15% 15% 10%	✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓	~	√	
Outcomes	2. Formal Speech 3. Feature Article 4. Class Participation 5. Final Examination	15% 15% 10% 30% 100%	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	

communication and the adequacy of language used in authentic social settings. The final examination aims to obtain an objective measurement of students' basic competence in the use of Putonghua and written Chinese. It emphasizes on the accuracy of expression in both spoken and written forms. Explanations and exercises are provided in classroom teaching.

Students obtaining a subject pass must pass both components, i.e. the continuous assessment and examination of the subject. Students will get failure of the subject if he/she fails in either one of the two components.

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
Enort Expected	Seminar	39 Hrs.
	Additional activity:	
	e-Learning in Putonghua and written Chinese	9 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Outside Class Practice	39 Hrs.
	Self-study	39 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 只禮權:《演講的技巧》,香港:商務印書館,2013年。 李錦昌:《商業溝通與應用文大全》,香港:商務印書館 賴蘭香:《傳媒中文寫作》(全新修訂本),香港:中華書馬 千成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編:《當代應用文寫 海:復旦大學出版社,2011年。 邵敬敏:《現代漢語通論》,上海:上海教育出版社,200 任伯江:《口語傳意權能:人際關係策略與潛力》,香港版社,2006年。 裴顯生、方延明主編:《新聞寫作教程》,北京:高等年。 宋春陽、孟德東、張志攀:《實用新聞寫作概論》,上 社,2004年。 季白堅、丁迪蒙:《大學體型寫作訓練規程》,上海: 2004年。 鍾文佳:《漢語口才學》,西南師範大學出版社,2004年 于成鯤主編:《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社,2004年 开福義、汪國勝主編:《現代漢語》,華中師範大學出版 年。 孫光萱:《中國現代散文名家名篇賞讀》,上海:上海 年。 陳瑞端著:《生活錯別字》,香港:中華書局,2000年。 陳建民:《說話的藝術》,語文出版社,1994年。 	 高,2012年。 7年規範叢書》,上 77年。 5:香港中文大學出 教育出版社,2005 海:復旦大學出版 上海大學出版社, 。 さ、 2003年。

Subject Code	CBS3241P					
Subject Title	Professional Communication in Chinese					
Credit Value	2					
Level	3					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite / Co-requisite: Chinese LCR subjects (in Semester 2 of Year 3 or Semester 1 of Year 4)					
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication n Chinese required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and takeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals and reports.					
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in Chinese, students will be able to					
	 plan, organize and produce professionally acceptable project proposals and reports with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers 					
	b. plan, organize and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences					
	c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Project proposals and reports in Chinese Planning and organizing project proposals and reports Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the literature to substantiate project proposals Describing the methods of study Describing and discussing project results, including anticipated results and results of pilot study Presenting the budget, schedule and/or method of evaluation Writing executive summaries/abstracts Writing professional reports 2. Oral presentations of projects Selecting content for audience-focused presentations Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in team presentations Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Learning and teaching approach The subject is designed to develop the students' Chinese language skills, both oral and written, that students need to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.					

Assessment Methods in	The study approach is primarily seminiput as well as individual and group we presentations, discussions and simulation. The learning and teaching activities in which will engage students in proposing to different intended readers/audiences planning and researching the projectorelated documents - giving oral presentations to intend	rk, involving c ons. the subject w g and reporting During the co ect such as project	Irafting and d ill focus on on an engir urse, studen t proposals rs of the proj	evaluating t a course-lo neering-rela ts will be in and reports ject	exts, mini- ng project ted project volved in:
Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	weighting		subject learn to be assess	
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с
	1. Project proposal and report in Chinese	60%	~		~
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal and report	40%		~	~
	Total	100%			
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the learning outcomes: The assessments will arise from the courties. Students will be assessed on we at different intended readers/au ability to select content and use and intended readers/audiences. Students will collaborate in g giving oral presentations on the work to ensure that students v language skills for the entire determined. 	rse-long engin ritten documen idiences. This e language and s. roups in plann project. The w vill be rigorou	eering-relate nts and oral facilitates as a style appro ning, researed ritten propo	ed project. presentation ssessment o priate to the ching, discu sals will be	is targeted f students' e purposes issing and individual
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:				
	Seminars				26 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:				
	 Researching, planning, writing, and preparing the project 	1			44 Hrs.
	Total student study effort				70 Hrs.

Reading List and References	b)	司有和(1984):《科技寫作簡明教程》,安徽教育出版社。 秦聖陶、呂叔湘、朱德熙、林燾(1992):《文章講評》語文出版社。 F成鯤主編(2003):《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社。 岑紹基、謝錫金、祈永華(2006):《應用文的語言・語境・語用》,香港教 寄圖書公司。
	e) 召 f) 于 g) 霍	『敬敏主編 (2010):《現代漢語通論 (第二版)》,上海教育出版社。 F成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編 (2010):《中國現代應用文寫作規範 養書:科教文與社交文書寫作規範》,復旦大學出版社。 昏港特別行政區政府教育局・課程發展處中國語文教育組 (2012):《常用字 字形表》,政府物流服務署印。

Subject Code	CSE30292
Subject Title	Transportation Operations and Management
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: CSE291 or EE2029B
Objectives	 To provide the students with the knowledge of operations in various transportation systems. To introduce the engineering problems arising from the operations of transportation systems. To discuss the characteristics and performance evaluation of transportation operations and management measures. To understand the inter-modal transportation connections, transfers and competitions.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Discriminate the basic characteristics of various transportation systems. b. Demonstrate understanding of the fundamentals of transportation operations and management. c. Conduct simple design on traffic signal and transit schedules. d. Select appropriate operations and management strategy based on different conditions and constraints. e. Be ready to take further subjects on individual transportation systems at higher levels.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Road transportation (3 weeks) Transportation facility planning procedures; Travel demand and traffic data collection; junction control, traffic signal, basic fixed time traffic signal design, signal coordination; traffic management measures. Urban transit and railway transportation (3 weeks) Transit operations and service scheduling; transit route planning; transit line capacity; capacities of different transit modes; measures for increase of transit speed; rail traffic control; optimizing transit operations. Air transportation (2weeks) Civil aviation and structure of the airline industry; aircraft characteristics and performance; navigation and traffic control; airport planning and design. Transportation terminals: (4 weeks) Types and characteristics of terminals (sea ports, rail-yards, airports, parking lots); Analysis of terminal operations (queueing theory, Monte Carlo simulation), parking studies
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The key concepts and techniques covered in this subject are discussed in lecture. To strengthen understanding and provide opportunities for students to appreciate what they have learnt, students will have chances to do presentations, discussions, and hands-on exercise both in the lectures and the tutorials. Furthermore, individual assignments consisting of essays and numerical problems let students demonstrate their level of understanding and create evidence of learning.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e	
	1.Assignments and in-class exercise	25%	~	~	~	~	~	
	2.Mid-term test	15%	~	~	~	~	~	
	3.Final examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%						
	Students must attain at least (whenever applicable) in order	• to attain a pa	assing g	rade in	the over	all resu	lt.	
	Explanation of the appropriatene learning outcomes:	ess of the asses	ssment r	nethods	in asses	sing the	intende	
	outcomes in different aspects. It transportation system design. T discussions provide opportunit operations and management of ability to think critically in the s enhance their effective commi intended learning outcomes (a), (are conducted at different times lectures, tutorials, and other class learning outcomes (a), (b), (c), (c)	he essay prob ies for studen various trans telection of op unication skill (b), (c), (d), and in the semest activities. Th	lems and ts to desportations erations ls. Thes d (e). The er to co	nd the in evelop on mode and ma se are a ne midter nsolidat	n-class p deeper of es, demo nagemen appropria rm test a re studen	oresentat understate onstrate at strategate in a nd the fin ats' know	ions and nding studen gy and chievin nal exa vledge	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
Enort Expected	Lectures		26 Hrs					
	Tutorials						13 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:							
	Reading and Studying					39 Hrs		
	Completion of assignments and class presentations					39 Hrs		
	Total student study effort					1	17 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Textbooks 1. C.F. Daganzo, <i>Fundamenta</i> 1997 2. Vukan R. Vuchic, Urban <i>Tra</i> & Sons, 2005				-		-	

References

- Transport Department, *Transportation Planning and Design Manual*, 2008
 Transportation Research Board, *Highway Capacity Manual 2000*, 2000
- P.H. Wright, N.J. Ashford, and R.J. Stammer, Jr., *Transportation Engineering: Planning and Design*, John Wiley, 4th Ed., 1997
- 4. C.J. Khisty and B.K Lall, *Transportation Engineering: An Introduction*, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2003

Subject Code	CSE30312
Subject Title	Transportation and Highway Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: CSE312
Objectives	1. To promote a basic appreciation of the nature of transportation engineering;
	 To introduce students to those engineering activities essential to the planning and design of highway and transportation systems;
	3. To enable students to acquire basic principles of highway planning and engineering;
	4. To train students with basic techniques in highway design and pavement material studies;
	5. To enable students to make engineering judgment on highway planning and design.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be:
outomes	 Able to apply the fundamentals of applied physics and principles of engineering design to carry out geometric design of highway alignments and mix design of pavement materials;
	 Able to exercise professional judgement and engineering sense in the design and evaluation of alternative highway alignment schemes in view of the complex site environment;
	c. Able to analyze and interpret laboratory data for optimal design of highway pavement materials;
	d. Able to explain the design of highway alignments and pavement materials logically and lucidly;
	e. Able to understand the limitations of the site constraints and to recognize the assumptions and principles adopted in the highway design so as to develop alternative highway design schemes and optimal mix for pavement materials.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. <u>Introduction to Transportati</u> The scope of transportation and environmental factors. aspects of transport plannin	engineering. Transportation	ansporta modes.	tion in s Urban	ociety; transpor				
	 Highway Planning (2 week) Highway hierarchy, classification and design standards; Standard layout of roads; Cross-section elements of highways; Highway junctions: at-grade and grade-separated junctions. Safety considerations. 								
	 Geometric <u>Design</u> (4 wee Design principle and prod design; Sight distance; D curve, transition curve, he 	cedure; Basic as Design of vertica	al and i	horizont	al align	nment:	Circular		
	 Highway Construction (1 weeks) Application of the principles of soil mechanics to subgrade compaction and testing. California Bearing Ratio Test of subgrade. Highway materials and construction control. Soil stabilization. 								
	 <u>Road Structures and Components</u> (2 weeks) Principal types of road structures. Structural elements of flexible and rigid pavements and their functions. Preparation of subgrade. Joints for rigid pavements and construction details. 								
	 <u>Highway Materials</u> (3 we Bituminous road material Recycled materials. Desi Binder characteristics; co bituminous mixture; ino modulus test, rutting test. 	s. Types and us gn of bituminou nsistency and c lirect tensile fa	us mate omposi atigue	rials; M tion test test, inc	larshall ts. Mec lirect t	test pro hanical ensile	ocedure. tests on		
	 <u>Laboratory</u> Basic highway material Ratio test. 	testing procedur	res; Ma	urshall te	est, Cal	ifornia	Bearing		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Fundamental knowledge will be for discussion of lecture materia and problem-solving session to s will help students appreciate th instruments.	ls and will also be supplement under	e condu standing	cted in th g from lea	e form o ctures. I	of examp Laborato	ole class ry work		
Assessment	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						
Methods in Alignment with	methods/ tasks	weighting	a	b	с	d	e		
Intended Learning Outcomes	(1) Assignments and Lab Reports	30%	~		~	~	~		
	(2) Mid-term Test(s)	10%	~	~			~		
	(3) Final Examination	60%		1					
	(5) I mai Examination	0070	✓	\checkmark			\checkmark		

	Students must attain at least grade D in both course (whenever applicable) in order to attain a passing grad					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	The students will be assessed with three components, i. assignment, mid-term test(s) and a final examination at students will be required to attend laboratory sessions reports. These laboratory sessions will enable students techniques and report writing. The works in the laborator to practicing highway engineering requirements. Students judgments to complete the laboratory sessions. The laborat the report writing are best to achieve intended learning or term test will emphasize on assessing students' basic con highway engineering. It is appropriate to achieve intended The final examination will consolidate students' learning most appropriate to achieve the intended learning outcom	the end of the semester. The and submit group laboratory to acquire basic laboratory y sessions are closely related will have to exert engineering tory sessions to together with atcomes a, c, and d. The mid- icept and current practices of learning outcomes a, b and e. in lectures and tutorials. It is				
Student Study	Class contact:	Average Numbers of Hours per Week				
Effort Expected	Lectures	2 Hrs.				
	Tutorials	0.31 Hrs.				
	Laboratory Sessions	0.69 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Reading and studying	4 Hrs.				
	Completion of Assignments/Lab Reports	2 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	9 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Essential Textbooks "Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis", 5th Edition, Mannering, F.L., Washburn, S.S. (John Wiley & Sons), 2013. "Highways Construction & Maintenance 2nd ed., John Watson (Longman), 1994. <u>Reference Textbooks</u> 					
	 "Highway Design Characteristics, Transport Planning Hong Kong Transport Department, March 1984. "Highway Materials, Soils & Concretes", Atkins, H.N "Highways", 3rd ed., O'Flaherty, C.A. (Edward Arnold American Association of State Highway and Transpo A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Street http://www.hyd.gov.hk/eng/public/publications/index 	. (Reston).), 1986-1988. ortation Officials (AASHTO). ets. 2004.				

Subject Code	CSE30390				
Subject Title	Transportation Systems Analysis				
Credit Value	3				
Level	3				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA1110				
Objectives	1. To familiarise students with the essential numerical techniques and operations research methods which are applicable in most engineering problems.				
	2. To enable students to relate the previously acquired mathematical theories to practical problems.				
	3. To provide students with a solid bridge between mathematical theories and real life transportation systems.				
	4. To enable students to analyse the advantages and limitations of the commonly adopted numerical techniques and operations research methods.				
	 To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense. 				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
Outcomes	a. Make use of operational research techniques for transportation system design and optimisation under various constraints.				
	b. Perform simple statistical analysis on field data, sample estimation and hypothesis testing.				
	c. Design suitable sampling and experimental methods for transportation system analysis and realise error sources.				
Subject Synopsis/	1. Operations research (5 weeks)				
Indicative Syllabus	Linear programming, simple Simplex algorithms, sensitivity analysis, shortest path and maximum flow problems, integer programming, branch and bound algorithm, applications in transportation.				
	2. Probability & statistics (6 weeks)				
	Random variables, probability distributions, sample distributions and means, Central Limit Theorem, Bayesian Theorem, significance and hypothesis testing.				
	3. Data collection and experimental design (2 weeks)				
	Use of field data and data gathering techniques, sources of errors, considerations of sample size; experiment design for demand forecasting and transportation operations analysis; analysis techniques.				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Most of the concepts will first be introduced in lectures. Tutorials provide opportunities for students to enhance understanding through practicing on calculation exercises and have chance to discuss with the lecturers to clarify misunderstanding. Lab sessions would introduce students to computer programs that are useful in dealing with real-size problems.				

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub outcomes to			
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	
	1. Assignments	15%	~	\checkmark	~	
	2. Lab reports	10%	~	\checkmark		
	3.Quizzes	15%	~	\checkmark		
	4.Final exam	60%	~	\checkmark	~	
	Total	100%				
	Students must attain at least grad (whenever applicable) in order to a	ttain a passi	ng grade in t	he overall	result.	
	Explanation of the appropriateness of learning outcomes:	the assessm	ent methods i	n assessing	the intended	
	transportation engineering problems appropriate to achieve intended lea sessions, students will learn various acquired through lab reports, and is The quizzes will focus on the numeri this subject and will address intended scheduled at the end of the semester of and will address intended learning ou	rning outcor useful prog targeted at in ical technique ed learning o consolidates t	nes (a) and (rams and sho ttended learni es and numeri utcomes (a) a the lectures, tu	b). Throug owcase their ng outcomo ical method and (b). Th	ch laborator ir knowledge e (a) and (b) is required in the final example	
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lecture/ Tutorial		39 Hrs.			
	Laboratory		6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:					
	Reading and Studying		39 Hrs.			
	Completing of assignments, class	Completing of assignments, class presentations and lab reports				
	Total student study effort		123 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	Textbooks: 1. F.S. Hillier, Introduction to operative operation of the second secon	tions researc	h, McGraw H	ill, 2005		
	 R.E. Walpole, R.H. Myers, S.L. I Engineers and Scientists, Prentice 		Y. Ye, Proba	bilities and	Statistics fo	

Subject Code	CSE40407
Subject Title	Design of Transport Infrastructure
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisites: CSE304 / CSE312 / CSE30312 Pre-requisites for TSE Students (41081 and 41481): CSE291, CSE292 and CSE312 / CSE30312 Exclusion: CSE407
Objectives	 To enable students to acquire basic knowledge of design principles for transport infrastructure development; To enable students to design major transport infrastructures including road drainage, road pavement, road junction, railways and airport runway; To enable students to assess engineering judgment on alternative transport infrastructure designs.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Have the basic knowledge of the design principles of transport infrastructure including roads, railways and airport runways as well as the skills to plan and design transport elements such as road, railway and airport layout and structures; b. Be familiar with the common design computer packages as well as manual calculations for road drainage, junction and pavement designs as well as railway
	 station and airport layout designs and be able to exercise professional judgments on design parameters; c. Able to carry out and evaluate proper material tests for road pavements as well as tests on railway civil element requirements; d. Able to formulate and design cost-effective transport infrastructure; e. Able to write formal laboratory test reports and project report as well as analyze and
	present data in a logical way;f. Able to work in groups and share responsibility in the required group works;g. Able to understand the current transport infrastructure development issues and contribute to discussion on these contemporary issues.

[1									
Subject Synopsis/	1. Introduction (2 weeks)									
Indicative Syllabus	Basic consideration of programmes. Design co		astructi	ure dev	velopm	ents.	Curren	t devel	opment	
	2. <u>Highway Drainage</u> (2 weeks)									
	General considerations. Types of drainage structure. Design and construction of surface drainage and sub-soil drainage. Effects on pavement support. Filter layer design.									
	3. Pavements (2 weeks)									
	Design principles for fle and empirical design m							ts. The	oretical	
	4. Junction Design (4 wee	ks)								
	Types of at-grade juncti rotary junctions. Co-ord					ctions,	priority	/ juncti	ons and	
	5. <u>Railway Design</u> (1 wee Railway development. 1	·	vity. Ra	ilway a	alignme	ent. Rai	l joints	and ba	allast.	
	 <u>Airport Design</u> (3 weeks) Airport activity systems. Airport planning procedure. Runway orientation. Runway length and layout design. 									
	 Project and Laboratory Laboratory work will in studies; and railway studies studies will augment this 	dies. Field dat								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Fundamental knowledge wi for discussion of lecture ma supplement the lectures. Lai and familiarize themselves v	terials; examp boratory work	les and will he	l proble lp stud	em-solv	ving dis	scussio	n sessi	on will	
Assessment		I	1							
Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	%	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed							
Alignment with	methous/tasks	weighting	asses	b	с	d	e	f	g	
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Project Assignment/ Quizzes	20%	~	~		~	~	~	✓	
	2. Laboratory reports	20%		✓	✓		✓	✓		
	3. Final Examination	60%	✓	✓		✓			✓	
	Total	100%								
	Students must attain at I (whenever applicable) in Explanation of the approprilearning outcomes: The project assignment w proposal. Students will be a and construction) of the pro- methods. Students will ha group) and present their arg	order to atta iateness of the /ill involve a asked to appro- oject; consider	in a pa e assess ssessm eciate t rations	sment i ent of he crit and alt	grade anethod a largical iss ernativ	in the ls in ass ge tran ues (bo re desig	overal sessing sport i oth plan gns and	the in nfrastr nning, constr	t. tended ucture design uction	

	There will be 4 laboratory sessions and students will be re reports and 2 group reports. This laboratory will enable s techniques and skill of laboratory report writing. Students the laboratory results. The assessment will be based on the element will achieve the intended learning outcomes b, c, The examination will help students consolidate know tutorials and thus achieving intended learning outcomes a	students to acquire laboratory will be asked to comment on he laboratory reports and this e and f. ledge learnt in lectures and
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	Average Numbers of Hours per Week
Enort Expected	 Lectures 	2 Hrs.
	Tutorials	0.46 Hrs.
	Laboratory sessions	0.54 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Reading and studying	3 Hrs.
	Completion of project assignment/Lab reports	2 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	8 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Roess R. P., Prassas E.S., and McShane W.R., Tra Pearson, 2011. Mallick R.B. and Korchi T.E., Pavement Engineering Press, 2009. Ashford Norman., Airport Engineering: planning, de century airports, Wiley, 2011, 4th edition. Guidance Note on Road Pavement Drainage Des RD/RN/035,2010 http://www.hyd.gov.hk/eng/public/publications/road_ Watson, J., Highway Construction & Maintenan Technical, 1994. Wright, P., Highway Engineering-sixth edition, John Transport Planning Design Manual, Transport Depart http://www.hyd.gov.hk/eng/public/publications/index http://www.hyd.gov.hk/eng/public/publications/index 	: principles and practice, CRC sign and development of 21st sign, Highways Department, notes/index.htm. nee, Longman Scientific & Wiley & Sons, 2004. ment, HKSARG.

Subject Code	CSE40408
Subject Title	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisites: CSE304 / CSE312 / CSE30312 Pre-requisites for TSE students (41081 and 41481): CSE291, CSE292 and CSE390 Exclusion: CSE408
Objectives	 To expose students to the various techniques of traffic survey and transport modelling; To develop an understanding of the nature and extent of urban transportation planning processes; and To enable students to conduct traffic surveys and modelling traffic impacts for urban transportation planning purposes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be: a. Able to design and conduct traffic surveys for assessment of the impacts due to transport improvement projects and/or other travel demand management measures; b. Able to systemically analyze and interpret data from traffic and traveller surveys for strategic transport planning and travel demand forecasting; c. Able to utilize the four-steps modelling techniques for forecasting the future travel demand and analyzing the effects of transport infrastructure facilities on a transport system; d. Able to marshal logically the facts for illustrating the impacts of the traffic congestion and illustrate the feasible solutions lucidly through demand and capacity analysis, and economic analysis of congestion externality; e. Able to understand the traffic restraints and practical difficulties so as to come up with engineering feasible solutions and management measures for solving the specific transportation problems at a particular study area; f. Able to identify the merits and limitations of current approach in data collection and transport modelling for strategic planning purposes.

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Traffic Surveys and Analy</u> Traffic characteristics an studies; speed studies; tra studies. 	d census. Hon						
	2. <u>Transportation Planning F</u> Data collection and prep zoning. Planning process.	aration. Origin	and I			rveys.	Netwo	ork an
	3. <u>Planning for Public Trans</u> Public transport operations indicators. Route design a	s studies. Level	s of pub 1cy.	lic trar	isport p	lanning	g. Perfo	rmanc
	 <u>Transportation System M</u>. Four-steps modelling ap classification, multiple reg rate. Trip distribution; tl Aggregated demand mo Survey. Traffic assignmen network assignment techn 	pproach; trip ression analysi he Furness m del; Disaggreg at analysis; Use	generat s, categ ethod; gated c	ory ana the gr lemand	ılysis, E avity r l mode	Bayesia nodel. el; Stat	n updat Moda ed Pre	e of trij I split ferenc
	 <u>Travel Demand Managem</u> Traffic restraint and road Barriers to implementation of urban road pricing sche 	l pricing. Eco n of travel den	nomic	analysi	s of c			
	 <u>Project and Laboratory</u> Laboratory and tutorial o parking surveys; network assignment. Case studies and field wor system models. 	t building; trai	nsport	nodell	ing; tri	p distri	ibution;	traffi
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The underlying principles and te will be dealt with in lectures. He interdependence between theor therefore be required to undert- understand the associated techn numerical problems on transpo- sessions will be held to demons opportunity for students to app computer modelling. Occasiona invited to give lectures on currer	owever, it is im- ies and practi- ake survey des- iques in practi- ort modelling strate the appli- preciate the dif- ully, profession	iportant ce in t sign and ce. Indi and ans cations ference als froi	that th ranspo d data vidual alysis, of tran betwo n gove	e stude rt plant collecti assignt while sport m cen ma ernmen	nts be e ning. ion on ments v comput nodel a nual ca t or inc	sites so will conter labor nd to p	to the ts will o as to oratory oratory orovide on and
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intend be ass	essed	oject le		outcom	
Alignment with Intended Learning	1. Assignments and Lab Reports	20%	a ✓	b ✓	c ✓	d ✓	e	f
Outcomes	2. Mid-term Test(s)	20%		~	✓	✓		
	3. Final Examination	60%			▼ ✓	▼ ✓	✓	~
	Total	100%			·	· ·	<u> </u>	
	Students must attain at least examination (whenever applier result.							

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	The students will be assessed with three components, i.e., the laboratory see assignment, at least one mid-term test and a final examination at the end of the The students will be required to attend laboratory sessions and submit indiv group) laboratory reports. These laboratory sessions will enable students to basic laboratory techniques and report writing. The works in the laboratory ses closely related to practicing transportation engineering requirements. Stud have to exert engineering judgments to complete the laboratory sessions. The la sessions to together with the report writing are best to achieve intended outcomes a, b, c and d. The mid-term test(s) will emphasize on assessing stude concept and current practices of traffic surveys and transport modelling. It is ap to achieve intended learning outcomes b, c and d. The final examination will co students' learning in lectures and tutorials. It is most appropriate to achieve the learning outcomes b, c, d, e and f.					
Student Study	Class contact:	Average Numbers of Hours per Week				
Effort Expected	Lectures	2 Hrs.				
	Tutorials	0.46 Hrs.				
	Laboratory Sessions	0.54 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Reading and studying	3.69 Hrs.				
	Completion of Assignments/Lab Reports	2.31 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	9 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Essential Textbooks Ortuzar, J.D and Willumsen, L.G. "Modelling Transport" 3' Taylor, M.A.P, Young, W. and Bonsall, P.W., "Understandi Presentation and Analysis", Avebury Technical Books: Alde Norbert Oppenheim, "Urban Travel Demand Modelling", 1995. Michael J. Burton, "Introduction to Transportation Planning" & Co. (Publishers) Ltd., 1985. 	ng Traffic Systems: Data, ershot, 1996. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.,				
	 Reference Textbooks D.A. Hensher and K.J. Button, "Handbook of Transport Mod 2007. P. Stopher and C. Stecher, "Travel survey methods: quali Elsevier, 2006. C.S. Papacosta and P.D. Prevedouros, "Transportation En Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005. J.D. Fricker and R.K. Whitford, "Fundamentals of Trans Multimodal Systems Approach", Pearson Prentice Hall, 2005. E. Cascetta, "Transportation Systems Engineering: Theory 2001. C.A. O'Flaherty, "Transport Planning and Traffic Er Butterworth-Heinemann, 1996. Yosef Sheffi, "Urban Transportation Networks", Prentice Hal. http://www.td.gov.hk/en/publications and press releases/publications 	ty and future directions", gineering and Planning", portation Engineering: A 4. and Methods", Springer, agineering" 4th Edition, all, Inc., 1985.				

Subject Code	CSE40462
Subject Title	Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: CSE462
Objectives	To provide students with an overview of the principles and current practices of environmental impact assessment (EIA), especially in Hong Kong.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand the EIA process; b. analyze major environmental issues for large development projects; c. conduct necessary monitoring and modeling tasks within an EIA cycle; d. function on multi-disciplinary teams; e. understand environmental protection and sustainable development responsibility.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Keyword syllabus: Development of Environmental Impact Assessment Historical review. Environmental assessment development in the world and Hong Kong. Scope and Objectives of Environmental Impact Assessment Environmental considerations: land use, planning, development and management. EIA aims and objectives. Methodology and Assessment Techniques Methods for air, water, noise and ecology assessment. Other environmental issues (risk, visual, cultural and social-economical impacts). Monitoring and Baseline Studies Baseline studies, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental quality and regulatory requirements, Mitigation and control measures. Environmental Impact Statement Role of Environmental Impact Statement, Statement scope & content.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 The subject teaching will include the following elements: (a) Lectures - to introduce the basic concepts and assessment methods; (b) Tutorials - to answer student questions in the learning processe; (c) Group discussion and presentations - to let students play different roles in the EIA process; (d) Reading materials and video presentations - to give students examples in local EIA case studies; (e) Seminars on EIA practices by invited speakers from government agencies and professional environmental consultants; and (f) Course work.

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment	%	Intend	ed subje	ct learn	ing outc	omes
Alignment with	methods/tasks	tasks weighting to be a		ssessed		-	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessments	50%			\checkmark		
	2. Final examination	50%					\checkmark
	Total	100%					
	Students must attain at least gra (whenever applicable) in order to Explanation of the appropriateness of learning outcomes: Written examination is evaluated by	attain a pas	sing gra	ide in th	ie overa	all resul	t.
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:				ge Num eek	bers of]	Hours
Enort Expected	Lectures						2 Hrs.
	 Tutorials / Seminars 						1 Hr.
	Other student study effort:						
	 Coursework exercise 					1.	4 Hrs.
	 Seminar reports 					().2 Hr.
	 Self Study 					4.	4 Hrs.
	Total student study effort						9 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 The following texts provide th lectures. Students will need to s Barbara Caroll, 2002. Environm Guide for Planners, Developers Canter, L.W., 1996. Environmer Christopher Wood. 2003. Em Review. Prentice Hall, New Jers Riki Therivel, Peter Morris, 20 Spon Press, London. Hong Kong Environmental Prot 	tudy other pu mental Impa and Commu- ntal Impact A vironmental sey. 01. Methods	iblication ct Assenities. T Assessm Impact of Enviro	ons, inclussement homas T ent, 2nd Assess	iding lo Handbo Telford, Ed., Mo ment: A tal Impa	cal case ok: A H London cGraw-H A Com act Asse	studies. Practical Hill. parative essment,

Subject Code	CSE40475
Subject Title	Sustainable Development Strategy
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion : CSE475
Objectives	To provide students with an overview and understanding of the current practices in the planning for sustainable development. This will equip students with a sound knowledge on the methods to evaluate sustainability in urban planning and rural conservation.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. understand the fundamentals of sustainable development strategy; b. identify diverse problems arising from changing constraints that influence sustainable development, such as economic, environmental, and social considerations; c. apply concept and knowledge to real life application, such as energy planning; d. assess and discuss the ethical and social implications of actions and proposals; e. cope with the challenges and developments in future sustainability;
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Sustainable Development</u> Concepts of sustainable development; Agenda 21 themes; long-term approaches to environmental problem. Indicators of sustainability. Sustainable Development Strategies
	International efforts to cope with climate change. Comparison of strategies in Mainland China and overseas.
	 <u>The Planning System in Hong Kong</u> The planning hierarchy: stakeholders of sustainable development government, civil society and business; communications for effective participation; principles and framework for strategy decisions.
	 <u>Transportation and Infrastructural Development</u> New towns, port and airport development; railway development, industrial parks and tourist projects.
	 <u>Nature and Countryside Conservation</u> Conservation measures for wetland and marine park: cases of regional and local conflicts; ecotourism.
	 <u>Evaluation of Sustainability</u> New industries; renewable energy, sustainable transport concepts; financial basis for strategies; monitoring and evaluation of strategies.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures, case studies and demonstrations are used to deliver the various topics in this module. Some of which will be covered in a discussion-based format where this enhances the learning objectives and learning outcomes. The case studies are exclusively based real life situations. This can provide students with an overview and understanding of the current practices in the planning for sustainable development. This will equip students with a sound knowledge on the methods to evaluate sustainability in urban planning and rural conservation.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Outcomes			а	b	c	d	e		
	1. Project	30%	~	~	~	~			
	2. Assignment	20%	~	~	~	~			
	3. Examination	50%	~	~	~	~			
	Total	100%							
	Students must attain at least grade (whenever applicable) in order to attai								
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:								
	The project, assignment and exam will cover all the topics covered in the module which will therefore embrace all the learning outcomes.								
	The project and assignment require part module and their observations in daily lif with critical thinking and discussing wit student for the middle project. It will help success factors in evaluating sustainable	fe. Participan th reasons. F p clarify the c	ts requ eedbac concep	ired an k will	alyzing be deli	the pr vered	oblems to each		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	Average Numbers of Hours per Week					rs		
	Lectures		2.15 Hr				5 Hrs.		
	Case Study and demonstration		0.85 Hr				5 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:								
	Self Study		6 Hrs.				Hrs.		
	Total student study effort		9 Hrs.						
Reading List and References	 Kumar, D., Sustainable Development, Susan, B., Sustainable Development, Edwards, B., Green Buildings Pay, S Bailey, R., An Introduction to Sust Water and Environmental Management Hong Kong Planning Standards and Government. Town Planning in Hong Kong, Planning Online resources centre of the S Government (http://www.susdev.gov 	Routledge, 2 pon Press, 20 ainable Deve ent, 1997. Guidelines, 1 ning Departm Sustainable	2006. 003. Plopme Plannin ent, Ho	nt, Cha 1g Dep 201g Ko	artmen ng Gov	t, Hong vernme	g Kong nt.		

Subject Code	CSE40490
Subject Title	Transport Management & Highway Maintenance
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	The objective of the subject is to provide an overall understanding of the transport management concerning the movement of people and goods, the structure and management of transport organisation, road traffic, highway maintenance and management system of road pavement.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Able to understand the transport system and the operation of various transport organisations; b. Able to identify the functions of various traffic management techniques and their applications; c. Able to understand the formulation and application of pavement management system; d. Able to identity major pavement defects and understand various pavement maintenance techniques.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 The Transport System (2 weeks) The function and provision of transport; the elements of transport system; characteristics and choice of transport modes. The Structure and Management of Transport Organization: (2 weeks) Privatization; Institutional and market environment, competition and regulation; The pattern of ownership; organization structures; management functions, challenges and strategic planning in transportation. Road Traffic Management: (2 weeks) Highway classification; parking control, statutory guidelines; junction control, signal coordination and area traffic control system; corridor control; traffic surveillance Pavement Management System: (3 weeks) Maintenance Assessment Rating and Costing for Highway (MARCH); pavement maintenance and rehabilitation strategy; pavement performance prediction; economic analysis and network optimization. Highway Maintenance: (3 weeks) Basic road maintenance operations; wet skid resistance; design and use of pavement surface treatments; structural maintenance of road pavements; use of deflection measurements; overlay design methods for flexible and concrete pavements.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The underlying principles and techniques relating to transport management and h maintenance will be dealt with in lectures. However, it is important that the stude exposed to the interdependence between theories and practice. Students will there required to undertake data collection and visualize road maintenance work on sit to understand the associated techniques in practice. Individual assignments will of the formulation of traffic management scheme and the establishment of maintenance proposal. Occasionally, professionals from government or industry invited to give lectures on currently conducted transport management schemes a maintenance projects in Hong Kong.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			t learning assessed	
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d
	1. Assignments/site visit reports	10%	~	~	~	~
	2. Two Tests	20%	~	~	~	~
	3.Final Examination	70%	~	~	~	~
	Total	100%		P.		
	Students must attain at least grade (whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes:	ain a passing	grade in	the ove	rall resu	lt.
	(whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and 'maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re mable stu ht into t ng Kong schnique. rrent pra achieve usolidate	It. intended orts, two quired to udents to he lates . Writing The two ctices o intended students
Student Study	(whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with three tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit visualize real pavement maintenance development of pavement engineering/ up site reports will enhance students' at tests will emphasize on assessing stu transport management & highway ma learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d) learning in lectures and tutorials. It is r	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and 'maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re mable stu ht into t ng Kong schnique. rrent pra achieve usolidate	lt. intended orts, two quired to udents to he lates . Writing The two ctices o intended students
Student Study Effort Expected	(whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with three tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit visualize real pavement maintenance development of pavement engineering/ up site reports will enhance students' at tests will emphasize on assessing stu- transport management & highway ma learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d) learning in lectures and tutorials. It is r outcomes (a), (b), (c) and (d).	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and 'maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re enable stu ht into t ng Kong cchnique. rent pra achieve issolidate intended	lt. intended orts, two quired to udents to he lates . Writing The two ctices o intended students
	(whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with three tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit visualize real pavement maintenance development of pavement engineering/ up site reports will enhance students' at tests will emphasize on assessing stu- transport management & highway ma learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d) learning in lectures and tutorials. It is r outcomes (a), (b), (c) and (d). Class contact:	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and 'maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re enable stu ht into t ng Kong cchnique. rent pra achieve issolidate intended	lt. intended orts, two quired to udents to he lates. Writing The two ctices o intended students learning
	 (whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with threat tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit visualize real pavement maintenance development of pavement engineering/ up site reports will enhance students' at tests will emphasize on assessing stit transport management & highway ma learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d) learning in lectures and tutorials. It is r outcomes (a), (b), (c) and (d). Class contact: Lecture/Tutorials 	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and 'maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re enable stu ht into t ng Kong cchnique. rent pra achieve issolidate intended	It. intended orts, two quired to udents to the lates . Writing . The two ctices to intended students learning 36 Hrs.
	 (whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with threat tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit visualize real pavement maintenance development of pavement engineering/ up site reports will enhance students' at tests will emphasize on assessing stu- transport management & highway ma learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d) learning in lectures and tutorials. It is routcomes (a), (b), (c) and (d). Class contact: Lecture/Tutorials Site Visits 	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and 'maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re enable stu- ht into t ng Kong cchnique. rent pra achieve issolidate intended	It. intended orts, two quired to udents to the lates . Writing . The two ctices to intended students learning 36 Hrs.
	 (whenever applicable) in order to att Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes: The students will be assessed with threat tests and a final examination at the end attend site visits and submit site visit visualize real pavement maintenance development of pavement engineering/ up site reports will enhance students' at tests will emphasize on assessing stu- transport management & highway ma- learning outcomes of (a), (b), (c) and (d) learning in lectures and tutorials. It is ro outcomes (a), (b), (c) and (d). Class contact: Lecture/Tutorials Site Visits Other student study effort: 	ain a passing he assessment of the semest reports. These projects and /maintenance t bility on report idents' basic intenance. It). The final exa nost appropria	grade in methods s, i.e., the er. The s s site vis to have echnolog ing and v concept is approprimination	the over s in assest e assignm tudents v its will e an insig gy in Hoo vvriting te and cur priate to a will cor	rall resu ssing the ments/rep vill be re mable stu ht into t ng Kong schnique. rent pra achieve issolidate intended	It. intended orts, two quired to udents to he lates. Writing The two ctices o intended students learning 36 Hrs. 3 Hrs.

Reading List and References	 Essential Textbooks I. Gubbins, E.J., Managing Transport Operations, Kogan Page (1988). 2. Hibbs, J., Bus and Coach Management, Chapman & Hall (1985). 3. Macpherson, G., Highway & Transportation Engineering & Planning, Longman (1993). 4. White, P.R., Public Transport: Its Planning, Management and Operation, 2nd Ed., Hutchinson (1986). 5. Taylor, M.A.P, Young, W. and Bonsall, P.W., "Understanding Traffic Systems: Data, Presentation and Analysis", Avebury Technical Books: Aldershot (1996). 6. Croney, P. and Croney, D., "The Design and Performance of Road Pavements", McGraw-Hill (1998). 7. Shahin, M.Y., "Pavement Management for Airports, Roads, and Parking Lots", Springer Science+Business Media, Inc. (2005). Reference Textbooks 1. Benson, D. and Whitehead, G., Transport and Distribution, Longman (1985). 2. Gilmour, P. Total Quality Management, Longman (1995). 3. Keys, P. and Jackson, M.C., Managing Transport Systems, Gower (1985). 4. Research & Development Division, MARCH 2 Inspection Training Guides for Works Supervisors, Highways Department (1988). 5. Stubbs, P.C., Transport Economics, Allen & Unwin (1984). 6. Trvelove, P., Decision Making in Transport Planning, Longman (1992). 7. C.S. Papacosta and P.D. Prevedouros, "Transportation Engineering and Planning", Pearson Prentice Hall (2005). 8. Thom, N., "Principles of Pavement Engineering", Thomas Telford (2008). 9. Papagiannakis, A.T. and Masad E.A., "Pavement Design and Materials", John Wiley (2008).
	Reference Journals 1. Bus and Coach Management 2. Highways & Transportation (IHT Journal) 3. Management Today (BIM Journal) 4. Transportation Research Record 5. Transport (CIT Journal)

Subject Code	CSE561
Subject Title	Public Transport: Operations and Service Planning
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Recommended background knowledge: It is expected that students will have a fundamental understanding of mathematics and
Objectives	 physics consistent with undergraduate level study in science/ engineering. 1. To present innovative methods and advance technologies which have significant
	 potential for improving the cost – effectiveness of public transport planning. To compare between traditional operations and service planning, including scheduling procedures, and system analysis approaches, which are now beginning to be applied for improvements of public transport operations.
	3. To deal with and to find solutions for persistent and realistic public transport problems.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able:
Outcomes	a. to understand the public transport planning inputs and data required for transit line headway determination and timetable development;
	 b. to utilize mathematical models and computer tools for predicting passenger demands and assessing the impacts of alternative public transport improvement measures;
	c. to apply optimization and analytical techniques for resource allocation and transit network design problems; and
	 d. to exercise professional judgement and engineering sense in design and evaluation of public transit improvement measures.
Subject Synopsis/	Keyword Syllabus
Indicative Syllabus	1. Overall Framework, Public Transport Planning
	Overview on Public transport operations and planning process; public transport planning studies;
	2. Public Transport Modes
	Public transport modes: technology, service characteristics, performance. Comparison and selection of public transport modes.
	 <u>Performance Measures and Data Collection Methods</u> Performance measures: Quality of service, Operators' performance. Data collection for transit planning and performance evaluation: Manual and automated data collection techniques; passenger volume studies, transit speed and delay studies.
	 <u>Costs and Financial Performance of transit services</u> Types of costs. Economics concepts: cost elasticity, return to scale, production function, marginal return. Cost allocation models, fare policy
	5. <u>Transit Demand Modeling</u> Elasticities, Econometric Models, Urban Transport Modelling System
	 <u>Transit planning</u> Network planning, frequency and headway determination, timetable development, vehicle scheduling, service reliability. Transit oriented development.

	 7. <u>Laboratory</u> This course will be augmented by <u>two</u> laboratories: public transport network building and demand assignment; timetabling and vehicle scheduling. The underlying principles and techniques relating to public transport planning will be dealt with in lectures. However, it is important that the students are exposed to the interdependence between theories and practice in public transport planning. Students will therefore be required to attempt exercises in the tutorials in order to understand the associated techniques in practice. Individual assignments will consist of numerical problems on public transport modelling and system analysis, while computer laboratory sessions will be held to demonstrate the applications of mathematical models and to provide opportunity for students to appreciate the difference between manual calculation and computer modelling. Professionals from government or industry may also be invited to give lectures on current issues of public transport planning in Hong Kong. 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			et learnir assessed		
Intended Learning Outcomes			a.	b.	c.	d.	
	1. Continuous Assessment	40%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Written Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	Students must attain at least Grade D in both coursework and final examination (whenever applicable) in order to attain a passing grade in the overall result.						
Reading List and References	 <u>Textbooks</u> Ceder, A., Public Transit Planning and Operation: Theory, Modeling, and Practice, Butterworth-Heinemann (2007). Richard de Neufville, Applied Systems Analysis – Engineering Planning and TechnologyManagement, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company (1990). Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., Advanced Modeling for Transit Operations and Service Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier Science Ltd., Oxford (2003). Wilson, N.H.M. and Nuzzolo, A., Schedule-based Dynamic Transit Modeling: Theory and Applications, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London (2004). Vuchic V.R., Urban Transit: Operations, Planning and Economics, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (2005). 						
	Reference Books						
	 Bruton, Michael J., <i>Introduction to Transportation Planning</i>, 3rd Ed., Hutchinson (1985). De Neufville, Richard and Stafford, Joseph H., <i>Systems Analysis for Engineers and Managers</i>, McGraw-Hill Book Company (1971). Ortúzar, J. de D. and Willumsen, L.G., <i>Modelling Transport</i>, 3rd Ed., John Wiley & Sons (2001). 						
	<u>Reports</u>						

Subject Code	CSE562
Subject Title	Traffic Engineering and Control
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Recommended background knowledge: It is expected that students will have a fundamental understanding of mathematics and physics consistent with undergraduate level study in science/ engineering.
Objectives	To provide knowledge of fundamental traffic flow characteristics and associated analytical methods in the planning, design, and control of transport systems.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able:
Outcomes	 a. to visualize the applications of theories and practical concepts on topics of the traffic engineering and control;
	b. to apply the theories and practical measures on solving the encountered traffic problems;
	 c. to convey the ideas and proposed traffic control schemes to others with the support of logical concepts and survey data; and
	d. to work independently and collaborate with others with minimal supervision.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Keyword Syllabus Traffic Engineering Fundamentals
	 <u>Laboratory</u> <u>Two</u> Laboratories: calibration of traffic stream model, signal controlled junction.

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Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures will cover the general traffic engineering models, traffic theories, traffic control methods and applications;						
	Assignments, such as traffic signal control, junction design or traffic modeling will be given to students. Students need to conduct the traffic survey, data analysis and mode formulation.						
	Presentations and discussions in tutorials presentation and communication skills.	s provide stu	dents a	ground f	or polish	ing their	
Assessment Methods in							
Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	g Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Outcomes			a.	b.	с.	d.	
	1. Continuous Assessment	30%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Written Examination	70%	\checkmark	~			
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the i learning outcomes:					intended	
	Continuous assessment will be based on lab reports and written assignments						
	Students must attain at least Grade D in both coursework and final examination (whenever applicable) in order to attain a passing grade in the overall result.					mination	
Reading List and References	 Derlough, D.L. and M.J. Huber (1975) <i>Traffic Flow Theory: A Monograph</i>, Transport <i>Research Board</i>, National Research Council, Washington D.C. Gazis, D.C. (1974) <i>Traffic Science</i>, Wiley, New York. Institution of Highways and Transportation and Department of Transport (1987) <i>Roads and Traffic in Urban Areas</i>, HMSO, London. May, A.D. (1990) <i>Traffic Flow Fundamentals</i>, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey. McShane, W.R. and R.P. Roess (2010) <i>Traffic Engineering (4th Edition)</i>, Prentice- Hall, Englewood Cliff, New Jersey. Transport Planning and Design Manual, Hong Kong Transport Department 						

Subject Code	EE2001B
Subject Title	Applied Electromagnetics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce to students the physical laws that govern the electromagnetic phenomena commonly encountered in electrical engineering systems.
	 To familiarise students with the techniques for solving problems in electromagnetics and electrical energy systems.
	3. To provide students the foundation of electromagnetic field theory and electrical energy systems required for pursuing the electrical engineering subjects.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the electromagnetism and its physical meaning behind. Know the meanings of physical quantities of electromagnetism and their basic relationships. b. Be able to analyse electromagnetic phenomena related to electrical engineering systems by selecting the most appropriate laws/theorems/solution techniques. c. To identify, analyze, and solve technical problems using mathematics and engineering techniques. d. Have hands-on experience in electromagnetic measurements.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Static fields: Electrostatics: Electric fields, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law, potential, capacitance and energy storage. Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart law, magnetic fields, Ampere's circuital law. Force on a current-carrying conductor, Lorentz force. Time-varying fields: Faraday's Law and Lenz's Law; self-inductance, mutual inductance and stored energy. Mathematical preliminaries: Vectors analysis and coordinate systems. The operators grad, div and curl. Concept of line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes's and divergence theorems. Material media: Dielectric material: dipole, polarisation, permittivity and capacitors. Ferromagnetism: magnetisation curve, permeability, hysteresis and saturation. Boundary conditions. Magnetic circuits: magneto-motive force, reluctance and permeance. Electrical energy systems fundamentals: Phasor, real and reactive power, power circuit analysis, power transmission and distribution, power system layout and components. Laboratory Experiments: Field plotting using resistance and impedance networks. Field plotting using the Electrolytic tank. Field plotting using the resistive paper.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiences on analysis and practical applications are given through experiments and using software, in which the students are expected to solve problems with critical and analytical thinking. Experiments are designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that the students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information. Software is used to help the students to understand the physical meanings of mathematical equations. Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes					
		а	b	с		d
	Lectures	√	<u>√</u>	✓		
	Tutorials	~	✓	~		
	Experiments	~	✓	~		✓
		1				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ntended subject learning outcomes to be assessed		
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	\checkmark	✓	
	2. Class Test	30%	~	✓	✓	
	3. Laboratory performance & reports Total	10% 100%	✓	~	\checkmark	~
	It is a fundamental subject of electromag analysis are assessed by the usual me analytical skills and problem-solving t teamwork, are evaluated by experiments	eans of exame chniques, a	nination a as well as	nd test technie	: whilst cal repo	those on
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
Enort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 				33 Hrs.	
	Laboratory				6 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:					
	 Laboratory preparation/report 					12 Hrs.
	 Self-study 					49 Hrs.
	Total student study effort				1	100 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Reference books: W.H. Hayt and J.A. Buck, Engin McGraw Hill, 2012. Nannapaneni Naraynan Rao, Elemer Pearson Education International, 200 Fawwaz T. Ulaby and Umbe Electromagnetics, 7th Edition, Pearso B. M. Weedy, B. J. Cory, N. Jenki Systems, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2012. M. E. El-Hawary, Electrical Energy 	nts of Engine 06. erto Ravai on Educatior ns, J. B. Eka	ering Elec oli, Fund Internatic anayake, C	tromagn lamenta onal, 20 3. Strba	netics, 6 ^t ıls of 15. c, Electi	^h Edition, Applied ric Power

Subject Code	EE2002B
Subject Title	Circuit Analysis
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AP10006
Objectives	 Introduce fundamental circuit theory. Develop ability for solving problems involving electric circuits. Develop skills for experimentation on electric circuits.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire a good understanding of fundamental circuit theory. b. Solve simple problems in electric circuits. c. Use suitable instrumentation to carry out experimental investigations to validate the theoretical investigations.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: <u>DC Circuits</u> Introduction to electric circuits. Voltage and current as two basic variables. Kirchhoff's current and voltage laws. Independent and dependent sources. Simple circuit styles: voltage divider, current divider, series and parallel circuits. Nodal and mesh analyses. Thévenin and Norton theorems. Power dissipation. Source loading and maximum power transfer. <u>Capacitance, Inductance and First Order Transients</u> Constitutive relations of capacitor and inductor. Introduction to time-varying circuits. Simple RC and LC circuits. Important concept of independent state variables. First- order differential equation (with simple solution of exponential form). First order transient analysis. Time-domain solution and transient behaviour of first order circuits. <u>Steady-state Analysis of AC Circuits</u> Average and rms values. Phasors (rotating vectors). Steady-state analysis of circuits driven by single fixed frequency sinusoidal sources. Impedance and admittance. Analysis approach 1: phasor diagrams for simple circuits. Analysis approach 2: systematic complex number analysis, i.e., same treatment as DC circuits but with complex numbers representing phase and magnitude of AC voltages and currents. Real and reactive powers. Power factor. Three-phase circuits. <u>Mutual Inductance and Transformer</u> Basic coupled inductance equation. Concept of ideal transformer (assuming sinusoidal voltages and currents). Dot convention. Physical transformer as ideal transformer with leakage and magnetizing inductances. Applications in galvanic isolation and voltage/current level con

	Laboratory Experiments:						
	 Kirchhoff's laws and the maximum power transfer theorem Transients in RC and RL circuits AC Circuits and Transformer Tests 						
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	interactive questions and answers, and short quizzes interactive Q&A and short quizzes.					t, and d with	
	Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve	a, b	In tutorials, st learnt in solvi tutor.				
	Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write a report on one of the experiments.	b, c	Students <i>acquire</i> hands-on experience in using electronic equipment and <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in lectures/tutorials to experimentally validate the theoretical investigations.			oply what orials to	
	Assignment and Homework	a, b	Through w homework, st understanding <i>knowledge</i> tau	and com		p a firm	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/task % Weighting				Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed		
Intended Learning Outcomes				а	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Continuous Assessment (Tot	al 40%)					
	 Laboratory works and report 	ts	20%		~	✓	
	 Mid-semester test 		20%	~	~		
	2. Examination		60%	~	~		
	Total		100%				
	Explanation of the appropriatene learning outcomes:	ess of the	assessment me	thods in a	ssessing th	e intended	

methods/task Assignment/ Homework Laboratory works and reports Mid-semester test Examination	Assignments are given to si competence level of <i>knowledge</i> criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demons <i>extent</i>) of achievement will be levels: (A+ and A), Good (B+ and C), Marginal (D) and Failure (known to the students before an given. Feedback about their pe promptly to students to help learning. Students will be required to perfor submit a report on one of the expo grading criteria will be give assignment/homework.	and <i>comprehension</i> . The trated) and level (i.e. the graded according to six d B), Satisfactory (C+ and (F). These will be made assignment/homework is rformance will be given them improvement their orm three experiments and eriments. Expectation and en as in the case of test to evaluate students' ing outcomes and give provement. Expectation
mid-semester test	submit a report on one of the expugrading criteria will be give assignment/homework. There will be a mid-semester t achievement of all the learning feedback to them for prompt in and grading criteria will be g	eriments. Expectation and en as in the case of test to evaluate students' ing outcomes and give nprovement. Expectation
	achievement of all the learning feedback to them for prompt in and grading criteria will be g	ing outcomes and give nprovement. Expectation
Examination	0	,
	There will be an examination achievement of all the learnin mainly summative in nature. I criteria will be given an assignment/homework.	ng outcomes. These are
Class contact:		
Lecture		22 Hrs.
Tutorial		8 Hrs.
Laboratory	9 Hrs.	
Other student study effort:		
Revision and Assignme	ents	40 Hrs.
Report Writing		18 Hrs.
Fotal student study effort		97 Hrs.
New York: McGraw-H References: . G. Rizzoni, Fundamer McGraw-Hill, 2009. 2. W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemm	ill, 2017. ntals of Electrical Engineering, I erly and S.M. Durbin, Engineerin	First Edition, New York:
	Lecture Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Revision and Assignme Report Writing Total student study effort Yextbook: . C.K. Alexander and M New York: McGraw-H References: . G. Rizzoni, Fundamen McGraw-Hill, 2009. W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemm New York: McGraw-H . A.H. Robbins and W.(Lecture Tutorial Laboratory Dther student study effort: Revision and Assignments Report Writing Total student study effort Yextbook: . C.K. Alexander and M.N.O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of El New York: McGraw-Hill, 2017. References: . G. Rizzoni, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, J

	EE2003B
Subject Title	Electronics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2002B
Objectives	 To introduce the principles and techniques used in the operations and analysis of fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits, including diodes and diode circuits, bipolar junction transistors (BJTs) and BJT amplifiers, metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs) and MOSFET amplifiers as well as operational amplifiers (op-amps) and op-amp circuits.
	 To introduce the principles and techniques used in the implementation of frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operating principles of the fundamental classes of semiconductor based electronic devices and circuits. b. Apply the appropriate techniques to analyze the fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits. c. Implement the frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources. d. Conduct relevant laboratory experiments and report the findings with appropriate techniques and tools.
Subject Synopsis/	Syllabus:
Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Diodes and Diode Circuits</u> Semiconductor materials and properties. Properties of p-n junctions. Structure, operation and characteristics of p-n junction diodes. Ideal and practical p-n junction diodes. Analysis of basic diode circuits. Analysis of specific diode circuits: rectifiers, peak detectors, clippers, clampers, etc. Load line concept and analysis.
	 <u>BJTs and BJT Amplifiers</u> Structures, operations and characteristics of n-p-n and p-n-p BJTs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of BJT circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of BJT amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and parameters. Small- signal voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance. Loading effect.
	3. MOSFETs and MOSFET Amplifiers
	Structures, operations and characteristics of n-channel and p-channel MOSFETs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and

	 <u>Op-Amps and Op-Amp Circuits</u> Transistor-level diagram and basic equivalent circuits and characte inverting, non-inverting, summin amplifiers. Specific op-amp circuit voltage-to-current converter, instru <u>Frequency Domain Analysis</u> Power, voltage and current gains or and "decibel". Concepts of time frequency s domains. Transfer fun plot. Derivation of transfer function sources. Implementation of Bode n 	n linear a t, angula ctions in ns of first- magnitude	Folde rence e foll n amp nd lo ar fro $j\omega$ ar -orde e and	garithmic equency na c circu	Basic ating an rrent-to-v c. Design c scales. ($j\omega$ and ains. Intr its with s	op-amp d differ voltage c applicat Concepts complex oduction sinusoida	circuits: entiating onverter, ions. s of "bel" angular to Bode al driving	
	 zero, corner/cutoff frequency as we Laboratory Experiments: EE2003-E01: Basic Diode Circuits EE2003-E02: Design of a Small-Si EE2003-E03: Op-Amp Circuits. 	s.			BJT Am	plifier.		
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers	a, b, c	In lectures, students are introdu the <i>knowledge</i> of the subject <i>comprehension</i> is strengthened interactive Q&A.			ct, and		
	Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve	a, b, c	hav	utorials, e learnt en by the	in solvir			
	Assignments	a, b, c	6 6 6			firm		
	Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write a report on one of the experiments.	a, b, d	1				rials to	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Weighting Outcomes to be Assessed						
Intended Learning Outcomes				a	b	с	d	
Gutcomes	1. Continuous Assessment	40%		~	~	~	✓	
	2. Examination	60%		~	~	~		
	Total	100%	0					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes:	the assess	ment	methods	s in asses	sing the	intended	

	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Remark				
	Assignments	competence level of <i>knowledge</i> and <i>comprehensio</i> criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demonstrated) and level (<i>i</i> <i>extent</i>) of achievement will be graded according levels: (A+ and A), Good (B+ and B), Satisfactor and C), Marginal (D) and Failure (F). These will be known to the students before an assignment is Feedback about their performance will be given pro- to students to help them improvement their learning				
	Laboratory works and reports	Students will be required to perform three experiments and submit a report on one of the experiments. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignments.				
	Mid-semester test	There will be a mid-semester test to evaluate students' achievement of all the learning outcomes and give feedback to them for prompt improvement. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignments.				
	End-of-semester test and Examination	d There will be an end-of-semester test and an examination to assess students' achievement of all the learning outcomes. These are mainly summative in nature. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignments.				
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lecture		24 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	6 Hrs.				
	 Laboratory 	9 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	 Self-study 	41 Hrs.				
	 Assignments 	12 Hrs.				
	 Laboratory logbook & 1 	report writings	8 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort		100 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Textbook:					
References	2. Donald A. Neamen, <i>Mi</i> McGraw-Hill, 2010.	croelectronics: Circuit Analysis and D	Design, 4 th ed., Boston:			
	References:					
	 G. Rizzoni and James K 6th ed., New York: McC W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemm New York: McGraw-H 	erly and S.M. Durbin, <i>Engineering Ci</i> ill, 2012. C. Miller, <i>Circuit Analysis: Theory ar</i>	ircuit Analysis, 8 th ed.,			

Subject Code	EE2029B
Subject Title	Transportation Engineering Fundamentals
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the fundamental concepts of transportation engineering and transport economics. To enable students to appreciate the operations of real-life transportation systems; and the related engineering, economics and environmental issues. To equip the students with the basic techniques on system analysis and economic evaluation. To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the key issues in transportation systems. b. Appreciate the problems and suggest original solutions to real-life transport problems. c. Conduct simple engineering design, basic system analysis and economic evaluation. d. Be ready to study transportation-related subjects on higher level.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Transportation systems: Introduction to transportation engineering, transportation systems engineering, transport problems and solutions in Hong Kong, sustainability of transportation systems, transportation in social, economic, environmental and political roles. The technology of transportation: Transport modes and operational characteristics, transport technology and development, technology applications in transport and logistics industry. Traffic engineering fundamentals: Elements of traffic engineering, time-space diagram, speed-flow-density relationships, traffic flow theory, cumulative plots, traffic measurement, level of service. Public transportation systems: designs, management, and operations of public transportation systems, generalized cost, value of time, transit network structures, service reliability, adaptive bus control. Transport economics: Principles of transport economics; demand and supply for transport, from economics to transport policy, effects of transport pricing policies. Transportation system analysis: Systems approach planning and engineering; travel choice behaviours and demand modelling; transportation network analysis; decision analysis and economic evaluation of transportation projects.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The key concepts and techniques covered in this subject are discussed in lectures. Tutorials on specific topics, especially those on theories and numerical exercises, will be given to strengthen students' understanding. Furthermore, individual assignments and group projects consisting of numerical problems let students demonstrate their level of understanding and create evidence of learning.

	Learning/Learning Methodology	Outcomes					
		а	b		с	d	
	Lectures	✓	✓		✓	✓	
	Tutorials	✓	~		✓	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended outcome				
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1.Assignments	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	~	
	2. In-class exercises	5%	✓	\checkmark	~	~	
	3. Group project	15%	~	✓	✓	~	
	4. Final Examination	60%	✓		✓	✓	
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of learning outcomes:	f the assessm	ent metho	ds in ass	essing th	e intendec	
	The group project will be focused on a specific topic of the subject, in which the students will be invited to solve a realistic problem targeting at intended learning outcomes (a) (c), and (d). The final exam is conducted at the end of the semester to consolidate students' knowledge in lectures, tutorials, and class activities. It is appropriate in assessing intended learning outcomes (a), (c), and (d).						
	(c), and (d). The final exam is con- students' knowledge in lectures, tur	bblem targeti ducted at the torials, and	ng at inter e end of t class activ	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate	
Student Study	(c), and (d). The final exam is con- students' knowledge in lectures, tur	bblem targeti ducted at the torials, and	ng at inter e end of t class activ	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate	
Student Study Effort Expected	(c), and (d). The final exam is con- students' knowledge in lectures, tu assessing intended learning outcomes	bblem targeti ducted at the torials, and	ng at inter e end of t class activ	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate	
Student Study Effort Expected	 (c), and (d). The final exam is constudents' knowledge in lectures, tur assessing intended learning outcomes Class contact: 	bblem targeti ducted at the torials, and	ng at inter e end of t class activ	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate opriate in	
Student Study Effort Expected	 (c), and (d). The final exam is constudents' knowledge in lectures, tu assessing intended learning outcomes Class contact: Lectures 	bblem targeti ducted at the torials, and	ng at inter e end of t class activ	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate opriate in 27 Hrs.	
Student Study Effort Expected	 (c), and (d). The final exam is constudents' knowledge in lectures, tur assessing intended learning outcomes Class contact: Lectures Tutorials 	bblem targeti ducted at the torials, and	ng at inter e end of t class activ	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate opriate in 27 Hrs.	
Student Study Effort Expected	 (c), and (d). The final exam is constudents' knowledge in lectures, tur assessing intended learning outcomes Class contact: Lectures Tutorials Other student study effort: 	bblem targeft ducted at the torials, and (a), (c), and	ng at inter e end of t class acti (d).	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c	comes (a) onsolidate opriate ir 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs.	
Student Study Effort Expected	 (c), and (d). The final exam is constudents' knowledge in lectures, tur assessing intended learning outcomes Class contact: Lectures Tutorials Other student study effort: Reading and studying 	bblem targeft ducted at the torials, and (a), (c), and	ng at inter e end of t class acti (d).	nded lear he seme	ning out ster to c is appr	comes (a) onsolidate opriate ir 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 45 Hrs.	

Subject Code	EE3002B
Subject Title	Electromechanical Energy Conversion
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2002B
Objectives	 To provide students a general knowledge on common types of electric machines. To provide students the basic techniques of steady-state electric machine analysis
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Explain the construction, operating principles, performance characteristics, control and applications of transformers and major types of rotating electric machines. b. Analyse the steady-state performance of electric machines using appropriate equivalent circuit models. c. Operate practical electric machines and to conduct relevant tests and experiments. d. Present results of electric machine studies in the form of tables, graphs, and written reports.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction: Principles of motors and generators. Materials for electric machines. Types of electric machines and applications. Losses and efficiency. Machine rating: Temperature rise and cooling methods. Heating and cooling curves. Thermal ratings. Machine nameplate. Windings: Phase and commutator windings. Winding factors. E.M.F. equation. Harmonics. Production of rotating field. D.C. machines: Construction. E.M.F equation. Armature reaction and commutation. Characteristics of shunt, series and compound machines. Testing. Speed control. Universal motor. Brushless d.c. motor. Synchronous machines: Construction. Synchronous impedance. Voltage regulation. Synchronising. Performance on infinite busbars. Power/load angle relationship. Stability. Synchronous motor. Induction machines: Squirrel cage and wound-rotor types. Equivalent circuit. Torque-slip relationship. Starting, braking and generating. Testing. Speed control. Single-phase induction motors. Laboratory Experiments: Load test, efficiency and speed control of a d.c. motor. Performance evaluation of a three-phase cage induction motor. Synchronous motor V-curves. Temperature rise and ratings.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is ma Excel programmes are use conducting 'what-if' analys in operation and control of practise written and graphic	d to clarify co is. Laboratory practical machi	oncepts of el work provide ines, while re	lectric ma	chines lean s hands-on	nt and fc experienc				
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outo	comes					
			а	b	с	d				
	Lectures		✓	~	✓					
	Tutorials		✓	~						
	Laboratory work			✓	✓	~				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended stassessed	ubject lear	ning outco	mes to be				
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d				
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	✓	~	~				
	2. Mid-term Test	20%	✓	✓	~					
	3. Laboratory work and reports	15%		~	~	~				
	4. Assignment	5%	✓	✓						
	Total	100%								
Student Study Effort Expected	concepts, operating princip assignment, tests, and exan machines and technical com Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial	nination. The	outcomes on	n practical	operation	of electr				
	Laboratory 6 H									
	 Laboratory 				Other student study effort:					
	-					0 1113.				
	-	d assignment								
	Other student study effort:	C				42 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort: • Revision, self-study, and	C				42 Hrs. 18 Hrs. 99 Hrs.				

Subject Code	EE3003B
Subject Title	Power Electronics and Drives
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To understand the characteristics and operation of power electronics devices. To expose the students to the conversion and utilization of large amount of electrical power using latest power semiconductor devices and modern control techniques. To ensure the students develop an understanding of various drive systems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Be able to explain major semiconductor devices that can be used as switches, and their electrical characteristics which include basic idealised models as well as extension to some important non-ideal characteristics both verbally and in written form. b. Be able to explain the processes of efficient energy conversion through the use of power semiconductor switches. c. Be able to apply the concepts of switching power conversion to analyse a variety of circuits including: i. DC to DC conversion ii. AC to DC conversion iii. DC to AC conversion d. Be able to present the results of study and experiments in the form of a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power electronics fundamentals: power conversion, energy balance principle, review of fundamentals. Power semiconductor devices: Diodes, power transistor, MOSFET, SCR, GTO, IGBT, switching characteristics. DC-DC converters: Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost DC-DC Converter, Duty Cycle Controller, Switched Mode Power Supply. AC-DC rectifiers: Uncontrolled and controlled single-phase and three-phase rectifiers, terminal characteristics, supply and load interactions. DC/AC inverters: Basic single-phase bridge inverters, voltage and frequency control, harmonic reduction. Electric drive systems: Introduction to electric drives system, applications for conservation of energy, de electric drives. Laboratory Experiment: DC/DC Buck Converter, Introduction to SCR circuits, PSPICE simulation of SCR Bridge.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lectures and tutorials are effective teaching methods: To provide an overview or outline of the subject. To introduce new concepts and knowledge to the students. To explain difficult ideas and concepts of the subject. To motivate and stimulate students interest. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning. To encourage students responsibility for their learning by extra reference bool reading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: To supplement the lecturing materials. To provide deep understanding of the subject. To enable students to organise principle and challenge ideas. 					rence books	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Oı	utcomes	1		
		a	b		c	d	
	Lectures	✓	 ✓ 		✓		
	Tutorials	✓	~		✓		
	Experiments					✓	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		nded subject learning omes to be assessed b c d			
Intended Learning	1. Examination	60%	~ √	√	✓	u	
Outcomes	2. Class tests	30%	✓	√	✓		
	3. Laboratory performance & reports	10%				✓	
	and problem solving technique will be sections and reports are an integrated a with respect to the intended subject lear	pproach to v	alidly as				
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial				33 Hrs.		
	Laboratory	6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	 Laboratory preparation/report 			12 Hrs.			
	 Self-study 				48 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					99 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Textbooks: Power Electronics, a First Course - Muhammad H. Rashid, Power Electedition, Prentice Hall, 2004 Reference books: Bimal K. Bose, Power Electronics of Applications, IEEE Press, 1997 Philip T. Krein, Elements of Power R. Krishnan, Electric Motor Drives: 2001 Ned. Mohan, Electric Drives: Electronics Research & Education, 	etronics: Circ and Variable Electronics, Modeling, A An Integrat	Cuits, Dev Frequen Oxford U Inalysis, o	vices ar <i>cy Driv</i> Jniversi and Cor	es: Tec ty Pres ntrol, P	<i>hnology and</i> s, 1998 rentice-Hall,	

Subject Code	EE3004B
Subject Title	Power Transmission and Distribution
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To introduce students to the fundamental knowledge which is essential for electrical power engineers. It leads to a deeper insight into the design, planning, operation, equipment characteristics and environmental impacts of modern electrical power systems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired the fundamental knowledge and analytical techniques on electrical power systems. b. Be able to identify, analyze, and solve technical problems in power system design, planning, and operation, making use of mathematics and engineering techniques. c. Be able to work in teams when conducting laboratory investigations. d. Be able to write a technical report and present the findings.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Reactive power and voltage control: Voltage drop and power loss calculation. Voltage control using tap-changing and booster transformer, regulator, series and shunt compensation. Reactive power flow. Power factor improvement. Surges: Travelling wave, surge impedance and standing voltage. Lightning and switching surges. Surge mitigation, reflection and refraction. Use of lattice diagram. Protection against overvoltage. Fault analysis: Use of per unit notation. Balanced 3-phase fault calculation. Fault current limiting concepts. Unbalanced fault calculation by symmetrical components method including line-to-ground, line-to-line, and double-line-to-ground faults. Sequence current and voltage measurements. Switchgear and protection: Construction and application of different types of switching devices. Arc extinction and transient recovery voltages. AC and DC current interruption, current chopping. Role and component of protection systems. Coordination, selection and zoning of protection. Overcurrent relays. Differential and distance protection schemes. Laboratory Experiment: Voltage regulation and reactive power compensation for short and medium length transmission lines. Static and electromechanical current measuring relays. Studies of surges on transmission lines. Symmetric and Asymmetric fault using interactive package "Powerworld". Symmetrical components. Effects of different earthing methods in distribution system. Grading of overcurrent relays.

eaching/Learning Iethodology	Lectures and tutorials are the print theories. Experiences on system a through experiments, in which stud planning, and operation problems solutions with critical and analytica the lecturing materials so that stude for relevant information.	nalysis, desi ents are exp with practional l thinking.	ign and pr ected to so cal constra Experimen	ractical ap plve the p aints and ats are des	oplication ower sys to attair signed to	is are give tem design pragmati supplemen
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		(Dutcomes		
		a	b		с	d
	Lectures	✓	✓			
	Tutorials	✓	✓			
	Experiments				✓	\checkmark
ssessment ethods, its ignment	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	to be ass		earning o	outcomes d
Intended Subject earning Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	a ✓	0 ✓	с	u
arining Outcomes	2. Class Tests	25%	▼ ✓	▼ ✓		
	3. Laboratory Performance &	15%	v	•	~	✓
	Report Total	100%				
udent Study ffort Expected	Class contact:					
	Lecture/Tutorial 33 H					
	Laboratory					
	Other student study effort:					
	Laboratory preparation/report					13 Hrs.
	Self-study	study 48				
	Total student study effort 100					100 Hrs.
eading List and	Textbooks:		and Distrik	oution Ele	ectrical Ei	

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Subject Code	EE3010B
Subject Title	Summer Practical Training
Credit Value	3 training credits (not counted towards GPA)
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To give students an exposure to the industrial/engineering working environments before they complete their formal education. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broader perspective.
	3. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Lean ming outcomes	 a. Develop and deliver a learning portfolio for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense of responsibility.
Subject Synopsis/	INDICATIVE CONTENT
Indicative Syllabus	In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out a minimum of 6 weeks (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected training experiences prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a learning portfolio to report on the learning outcomes and achievements.
	Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated.
	 (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: Basic skills in undertaking practical training Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc. Students are required to indicate the expected training experiences prior to the commencement of their placements.
	(II) Progress Monitoring
	During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to identify their progress of their training. The journal may include:

- Responsibilities: Describe the actual responsibilities. Explain the role in terms
 of the mission of the immediate work team.
- Skills and Knowledge: Describe the skills and knowledge needed to fulfill the work responsibilities. Describe how the knowledge and skill set evolved during the work experiences. Explain how these are relevant to the academic studies and future goals.
- Outcome: Describe the placement experiences and major achievements with concrete examples.

(III) Learning Evaluation

After returning from the practical training, students are required to submit a report about the work experience. It provides an opportunity for the student to reflect upon the learning gained at the work site. The framework of the portfolio includes:

- A summary or an abstract to highlight major issues included in the portfolio.
- Detail description of activities carried out during the work term.
- A self-reflection: students articulate their thinking about each piece in the report, as well as on the entire report. Through this process of reflection, students draw connections between work experience and university-based learning, construct new knowledge, and become increasingly aware of themselves as learners.
- Conclusion: after reflection on their workplace experience, students set goals and directions for future learning, such as formulate the objectives of their Final Year Project.

Examples of valid industrial placement

•	Full-time placement in	a suitable organization for	or 6 weeks.
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	 Assisting in PolyU activities t component such as, Innovation projects, IGARD projects, hi research projects that were u undertaken by the Industrial Ce 	n and Tech gh-level co ndertaken	nology Fun onsultancy with extern	nd projects, projects, o nal organiz	RAPRODS collaborative cations, jobs	
	 Placement within the IAESTE Students for Technical Exper attached to a workplace abroad 	ience) Pro	gramme in		U	
	 The student works on his final-year degree project which involves an industrial partner or external client. The student need not be placed in the company but make frequent visits to ensure that the project will meet the specifications required by the company/client. 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	practical workplace applications, prepare develop their generic skills in a real wo	th on-the-job work placements, students learn to connect classroom theory with al workplace applications, prepare themselves for the realities of workplaces and o their generic skills in a real working setting. In addition to the orientation is consult with teaching staff on a one-to-one basis.				
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Oute	omes		
		а	b	с	d	
	Industrial placement	~	✓	~	\checkmark	

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Intended be assess		bject learning outcomes to			
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Learning Portfolio	80%	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	2. Placement Questionnaire	20%		~	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	The outcomes on this subject a questionnaire to industrial sup		y means of	f student lea	arning repo	rt as well as	
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	N/A						
	Other student study effort:						
	Industrial Placement		6 wee			6 weeks	
	Total student study effort					6 weeks	
Reading List and References	Nil						

Subject Code	EE3011B
•	Control Systems and Signal Processing
Subject Title	
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111
Objectives	 To introduce the principles and techniques for system modelling and analysis so as to enable designing of appropriate controllers; To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of feedback control systems, both classical and modern, with the aid of computer aided control system design package; To provide the foundation on signal processing algorithms for the later subjects; and To develop in-depth applications of concepts and design techniques in digital control, filtering and signal processing.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Model a realistic plant with time domain and frequency domain analysis techniques; b. Analyse the basic characteristics and able to design a control system; c. Apply appropriate signal processing techniques and able to design appropriate filters for data analysis.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, closed-loop control systems; effects of feedback; examples of control systems; transfer functions. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, second-order systems, steady-state error analysis, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, stability in frequency domain, Bode diagrams, gain margin and phase margin, polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plot, Compensators, PID controllers. Stability and transient analysis: Stability of closed-loop systems; transient and steady state response and analysis. Signal processing techniques and implementation: DFT, FFT, power spectrum, windowing; computation of convolution and correlation, autocorrelation, cross correlation. Laboratory Experiments: Modular position control system Open-loop frequency response Digital signal analysis and filter design

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are th theories. Experiments are des are encouraged to take extra re	signed to sup	plement the lec	turing material	s. The studer		
	Teaching/Learning Methodo		Outcomes				
			а	b	с		
	Lectures		✓	✓	~		
	Tutorials	✓	✓	✓			
	Experiments		~	~	~		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subj assessed	ect learning ou	tcomes to be		
Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	 ✓ ✓ 		✓		
	2. Class Test	15%	~	✓	✓		
	3. Laboratory performance and reports	15%	~	~	\checkmark		
	4. Assignment reports	10%	✓	✓	\checkmark		
	Total	100%					
Student Study	The outcomes on analysis and tests.	design are as	sessed by the u	sual means of e	xamination a		
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial	33 Hrs					
	Laboratory	6 Hrs					
	- Laboratory				01115		
	Other student study effort:						
	 Laboratory preparation/re 	eport		12 Hrs			
	 Self-study 		49 Hrs				
	Total student study effort		100 Hrs				
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. M. Gopal: Control Systems 2. K. Ogata, Modern Control I 3. Z. M. Hussain, A. Z. Sadik, MATLAB and applications	Engineering, , P.O'Shea ,D	Prentice-Hall, Digital signal pr	2010	troduction wi		

Subject Code	EE4004B
Subject Title	Power Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE3004B
Objectives	 To provide students with a sound knowledge of modern power systems that is essential for the understanding of the operation and control of power systems. To provide a continuation of study of power systems in level 3 subject EE3004A/B/D "Power Transmission and Distribution" and lead to more advanced topics of power systems study in final year electives.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired in-depth understanding of power system analysis, stability and operation. b. Have acquired skills in identification, formulation and solution of power system analysis, operation and control problems. c. Have acquired ability to evaluate the design and operational performance of basic power systems. d. Have acquired skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communication with others in a team environment.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power flow analysis: Load flow concepts and formulation. Solution methods, including Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphson and Fast Decoupled Methods. Applications of load flow study to system operation. Economic operation: Generation costs. Equal incremental cost. B coefficients. Penalty factor. Multi-area coordination. Unit commitment. AGC and coordination. Power system control: Generator control systems. Speed governor systems. Load sharing. Load frequency control. Interconnected area system control. Voltage control loop. Automatic voltage regulator. AVR models and response. Power system stability: Steady state and transient stability. Equal area criterion. Time domain solution of swing curves. Multi-machine stability. Stability improvement. Excitation and governor control effects. Dynamic equivalents. Power system operation: Power system control functions. Security concepts. Scheduling and coordination. Supervisory control and data acquisition. Computer control, communication and monitoring systems. Man-machine interface. Load forecasting. Energy management systems. Laboratory Experiment: Power system load flow and security operation simulation. Transient stability assessment of power system.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are the primary means of con on system analysis, design and practic mini-projects, in which students are operation and control problems with p with critical and analytical thinking supplement the lecturing materials a practice specialty software tools for p	cal application e required to ractical constr . Experiment nd encourage	ns are give solve the raints and t s and min s students	en through e power s o attain pr ii-projects to take ex	experime system pla agmatic so are desig	nts and anning, lutions ned to gs and		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes					
			а	b	с	d		
	Lectures		✓	~	✓			
	Mini-projects		~	~	✓	✓		
	Experiments				✓	√		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outco					
			а	b	c	d		
	1. Examination	60%	~	~	✓			
	2. Class tests	20%	~	~	✓			
	3. Lab performance and report	10%			✓	✓		
	4. Mini-project and report Total	10%	✓	~	✓	√		
Student Study	class to practical experiments, to in communicate in written form.	iterpret the e	xperiment		obtained	and to		
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.						
	Laboratory				(6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:		_					
	Laboratory preparation / report		12 Hrs.					
	Mini-project / self-study		49 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort		100 Hrs.					
	 Reference Books: J. Grainger, W. D. Stevenson, Power System Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 1994 B. M. Weedy, B. J. Cory, N. Jenkins, J. B. Ekanayake, G. Strbac, Electric Power Systems, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2012 H. Saadat, Power System Analysis, 3nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010 A. J. Wood, B. F. Wollenberg, G. B. Sheble, Power Generation, Operation and Control, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 2014 A. Gomez-Exposito, A. J. Conejo, C. Canizares, Electric Energy Systems: Analysi and Operation, CRC Press, 2009 							

Subject Code	EE4005B								
Subject Title	Engineering Project Management								
Credit Value	3								
Level	4								
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	Jil							
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern engineering project management. To integrate theory and practical knowledge of engineering project development & execution. To apply principles of engineering project management to practical examples. 								
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand engineering project management, development & execution stages. b. Analyze engineering project management skills. c. Be aware of new technologies development trends and environmental impacts of engineering projects. 								
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Engineering project definitions and stages: Characteristics of engineering projects. Life cycle models. Strategic and tactical issues. Factors affecting the success of project management. Engineering project economic analysis: Definitions of terms. Present worth, future worth calculations. Comparison of alternatives. Equivalent worth methods. Internal rate of return. Payback period. Inclusion of environmental considerations in analysis. Project screening and selection: Check list and scoring models. Benefit-cost analysis. Cost effectiveness analysis. Organization structure and work breakdown: Organization structures. Functional, project and matrix organizations. Work breakdown structure. Management of human resources in projects. Project scheduling and control: Gantt Chart. Network approach for CPM analysis. PERT and CPM methods. Budget management and resource management. Project control. 								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Practical applications are given through case studies and mini-project, in which the students are encouraged to develop critical and analytical thinking to solve problems. Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes a b c								
	Lectures	~	✓	✓					
	Tutorials	√	✓						
	Mini-project			✓					

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	~	✓		
	2. Class test	20%	✓	✓	✓		
	3. Mini-project and report	20%		✓	~		
	Total	100%					
	The usual means of examine theories. The important com- knowledge in case studies are	ponents of in	tegrating theori	es into proble	ems and applying		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						
	Lecture/Tutorial		39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self-study 		50 Hrs.				
	 Mini-project and report 		13 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort		102 Hrs.				
Reading List and	Reference books:						
References	 A. Shtub, Project Management-Engineering, Technology and Implementation Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005 G.K. Kapur, Project Management for Information, Technology, Business and Certification, Prentice Hall, 2005 Moder, Phillips and Davies, Project Management with CPM, PERT and Prece Diagramming, Latest Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold 						

Subject Code	EE4006B						
Subject Title	Individual Project						
Credit Value	6						
Level	4						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: The student should have completed most of the subjects required in previous years of the programme before taking this subject. The enrollment of this subject is subjected to the approval of the Project Coordinator.						
Objectives	To provide an opportunity for students:						
	 to apply specialized professional engineering knowledge independently in the creative design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of an engineering project, and to achieve this goal, students are required to identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate the findings in oral and written report format. 						
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. To apply specialized knowledge independently.						
	 b. To identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate what is achieved orally and in a written report. c. To develop a project which is creative, rich in intellectual content and sufficiently challenging. d. To monitor the progress of a project from concept to final implementation and testing, through problem definition and the selection of alternative solutions. e. To synthesize and apply their knowledge and analytical skills gained in various engineering domains. f. To build self confidence, demonstrate independence, and develop professionalism by successfully completing the project in a competent manner. 						
Subject Synopsis/	Choice of Project						
Indicative Syllabus	Projects are proposed by staff or by an industrial partner. Projects may also be jointly proposed by student and staff. Industrial experience, research and consultancy activities are fertile ground for ideas. Project proposals must include an objective, describe the method of approach, describe any innovative features, and provide an estimate of cost. The suitability of a proposal may be judged by factors such as its intellectual level, relevance to the aims of the Programme, practicality in terms of time, funding and availability of resources.						
	Project Plan						
	At the beginning of the project, students are required to submit a clear project plan (formal project proposal). The plan should not be too long but should cover such matters as: - an abstract - problem statement and objectives						
	 brief literature research initial problem identification preliminary suggestion on methodology preliminary time schedule 						

Interim Progress Report

At about the midpoint of the project, the students have executed their projects for a few months and they need to submit an Interim Progress Report and carry out a presentation to summarize their progress. This gives the supervisor and an assessor a more formal opportunity than at discussions to indicate his/her assessment of student's progress and to eliminate discrepancies if necessary.

Final Project Report

A good project schedule includes adequate time for preparing a report of the appropriate standard. The final report should be submitted before the examination period. These will be given to the Assessment Panel (see Assessment below) for understanding of the student's work and for assessment purpose. To ensure that the project reports are prepared properly and of appropriate standard, students must first submit a draft of the report to the supervisor for comments before final submission.

At the end of a project, each project is assessed by an Assessment Panel of three members, including a Chairman, an independent examiner and the project Supervisor.

The Project Supervisor will provide information on student's progress, originality, initiative and ability to work independently. The supervisor will also be in a position to contribute views on the student's technical achievement. All members of the Assessment Panel will read the project report before the assessment meeting. The Assessment Panel will reach their decision after:

- listening to the student's presentation (can be a video clip).
- examining the student orally during the poster presentation, and
- evaluate the project's outcome based on the demonstration (can be a video clip). _

Assessment

In assessing the project, the panel will typically consider the following aspects:

- a. Intellectual achievement;
- b. In-depth of understanding of the topic and the relevant allied topics;
- c. Quantity and quality of work done, including design and construction of equipment, experimentation, mathematical models, program writing, verification;
- d. Presentation including the written report, oral presentation and response to questions.

The Chairman will ensure that all aspects of the project are thoroughly discussed by the Panel. In arriving at a decision, Panel members should bear in mind their experiences in respect of the achievements in other projects in the Department in the current and previous years.

Method of Assessment: 100% continuous assessment

(I) Formal Project Proposal

Students are required to submit a formal project proposal when the project commences. This will contribute to 5% of the final grade.

The contents of the proposal should include:

- A. Objectives of the project
- B. Proposed specifications of the product (no matter it is a hardware or software project)
- C. Summary of the literature search done up-to-date.
- D. Proposed approach/methodology to be used
- E. Some brief descriptions on the theory of the approach/methodology
- F. Schedule of your work of the entire project G
 - References

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Literature research.
- 2. Project plan
- 3. Problem definition and methodology.
- 4. Writing quality.

(II) The Interim Progress Report

Students are required to submit an interim progress report at about the middle of project duration. This will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

The contents of the progress report should include:

- A. Objectives of the project (especially any change from the original aims).
- B. Brief outline of the theory.
- C. Work that has been carried out up to the date of the reporting period.
- D. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory.
- E. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them.
- F. Proposed time table / schedule for the rest of the work up to the end of the project.
- G. Difficulties expected in the coming period.
- H. References

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Abstract and introduction
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Preliminary results
- 4. Project management and overall presentation of the report

(III) Mid-term progress presentation

Student is required to present the progress to an assessor after the submission of the Interim Progress Report. The presentation will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Technical concept/knowledge/application
- 2. Up-to-date progress and preliminary results
- 3. Response to questions
- 4. Presentation skill and language competence.

(IV) The Final Report

The final project report should contain all the work carried out by the student in the project. The length of the main body of the final report should be at least 45 pages in standard report format. Students are advised to form a framework for the report first, and then proceed to the formation of the titles of the chapters. The titles and structure of the sections within each chapter are then decided. Continuing the process, each section may be further expanded into appropriate sub-sections, divisions and sub-divisions etc., until a complete framework is formed. **The final report will contribute to 40% of the final grade**.

The content of the final report includes:

- A. An abstract of the project.
- B. Objectives of the project (especially any change from the original aims).
- C. The motivation behind the project and a brief outline of the project work.
- D. A summary of work done or developed in the project (not work done by others).
- E. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory.
- F. Results and discussion
- G. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them.

- H. The achievement of the project, the conclusions from the work and suggestions for further work.
- I. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes.
- J. A list of the references referred to the source of information in the report. This is compulsory.

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Abstract and introduction
- 2. Literature review and background
- 3. Methodology and technical skills
- 4. Results, discussions and conclusion
- 5. Overall presentation and organization of the report

(V) The Presentation and Demonstration

The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate control of the pace. Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student should be able to elaborate on technical details in answering questions during the poster presentation. Good pronunciation and intonation are desirable. Be courteous during the presentation.

Hardware must be neatly built and laid out and there is good engineering sense in hardware implementation. Circuits and software should function properly, and experiments should be able to support fulfillment of project objectives.

The student should show good mastering of topics during the question session of the Poster presentation by providing satisfactory answers to questions.

The presentation and demonstration will contribute to 25% of the final grade.

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Technical concept/knowledge/application
- 2. Intellectual level, response to questions
- 3. Demonstration and engineering accomplishment
- 4. Presentation skill and language competence.

(VI) Continuous Assessment

The supervisor of the project will assess the student's overall performance based on the following items. This will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

1. Motivation and perseverance

- 2. Originality and innovation of the project
- 3. Execution and problem solving skills
- 4. Communication
- 5. Self-discipline and time management

Note 1: Each student has to submit/carry out all five components (I to V) before he/she is considered to have completed the FYP.

Note 2: The final grade for the FYP will be calculated by taking the weighted average of the grades from the above six components.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	As the nature of the subject in than a few of hours of briefi administration of the project as Students learn the technical c with their project supervisors of the project will be condu- execution of the project plan able to achieve the learning ou	ngs on genera nd some techn ontents by a s and a large nu cted under th with guidance	al infor iques of ubstant mber of e direct	mation n inform ial num hours tion of	, some nation/o iber of of self-i the su	official compon individ learning pervisor	proceed ents sea ual disc g. The p r. Thro	dures in arching. cussions danning ugh the	
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	logy			Oute	comes			
			а	b	c	d	e	f	
	Discussion with the project Supervisor				✓				
	Wiring of the project propos	al	~	~	✓		✓		
	Writing of the interim report		~	~	✓	✓	~		
	Writing of the final report			~	~	~	~	~	
	Presentation and demonstration	on		✓				✓	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning out assessed				T	1	
		-0.4	а	b	c	d	e	f	
	1. Formal project proposal	5%		✓ ✓	✓ ✓				
	2. Interim progress report	10%		✓ ✓	~	✓ ✓			
	3. Mid-term presentation	10%		✓ ✓		•		✓ ✓	
	4. Final report 5. Presentation and	40%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
	demonstration	25%	~	~				~	
	6. Continuous assessment	10%	✓			✓		~	
	Total	100%							
	Assessment criteria for each of the above assessment methods are as listed in one of above sections.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Briefings						3 Hrs.		
	Individual discussions wi	36 Hrs.							
	Other student study effort:								
	Information search, self study, execution of the project, report writing, preparation of presentation								
	Total student study effort						20	0 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	To be advised by supervisor					·			

Subject Code	EE4007B
Subject Title	Advanced Power Electronics
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE3003B
Objectives	 To provide the students with the knowledge of advanced power electronic conversion. To ensure the students having an in-depth understanding of the design and control of various power electronics converters. To give the knowledge of AC switched-mode conversion. To provide a concept of impact of power electronics on power quality.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of basic switched-mode DC/DC topologies, operation, performance and modelling. b. Have acquired a basic understanding of resonant converters and its method of loss reduction. c. Be able to apply switched-mode techniques to inverters (DC/AC converters). d. Be able to perform study on power electronics circuit simulation. e. Be aware of impacts of electromagnetic interference (EMI) and reduction of EMI using power electronics techniques. f. Be able to present results of study in the form of computer simulation, design equations and basic models, working independently and in teams when conducting laboratory investigations and power electronics circuit design.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Pulse-width-modulated DC/DC Converters: Basic topologies and higher order converters, transformer-isolated topologies, snubber circuits, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of operation, ripple analysis. Resonant-mode DC/DC Converters: Classification, zero-current switching and zero- voltage switching techniques, quasi-resonant converters, resonant transition converters. Switched-mode Inverters: Single-phase and three-phase voltage-source inverters, AC/AC conversion, resonant inverters. Modelling and Control of Power Converters: Small-signal modelling, traditional PID control method, modern control techniques, analogue and digital circuit simulation for power electronics, simulation techniques. Electromagnetic Interference: Generation of EMI, power factor, switched-mode EMI filter, International Standards, reduction of EMI. Laboratory Experiments (select one out of three labs): DC-DC Converter II. Quasi-resonant zero-current-switching converter Simulation of buck converters by using Saber

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are effective te 1. To provide an overview or outline 2. To introduce new concepts and k design, soft switching techniques (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and con 4. To provide students feedback in r 5. To encourage students responsite reading and computer-based circut Laboratory works is an essential ingr 1. To supplement the lecturing mate 2. To provide power converter designed.	e of recen nowledge , control n cepts. elation to bility for nit simular <u>edient of r</u> rials. gn experie f various p	t de in methe the thought the this nce	velop advan hods ir lea ir lea s. <u>subje</u> for th er co	ntage p and ele rning. urning b <u>ect:</u> he stude nverter	ower ele ctromag by extra ents. design	refe	nic co e inter	nverter ference	
	4. To enable students to organise pri	inciples a	nd c	halle	U					
	Teaching/Learning methodology					comes	1		C	
	T trans	a ✓		b ✓	c	d	_	e	f	
	Lectures Tutorials	✓ ✓		✓ ✓	\checkmark		_	✓ ✓		
	Experiments	▼ ✓		▼ ✓	▼ ✓	✓		v V	✓	
	Experiments	•		•	*	•		•	•	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting				subject learning s to be assessed		f		
	1. Examination	60%		a √	 ✓	v √	u	√ √	1	
	2. Two in-class tests	20%		· ·	· ·	· ·		· ~		
	3. Laboratory reports	10%		✓	√ 	· ✓	✓	· ✓	\checkmark	
	4. Assignments	10%		✓	✓	✓		~		
	Total	100%								
	The understanding on theoretical principle and practical considerations, analytical skills and problem solving techniques will be evaluated. Examination, class tests, laboratory sections and reports are an integrated approach to validly assess students' performance with respect to the intended subject learning outcomes.									
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial							3:	3 Hrs.	
	Laboratory								6 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:									
	Laboratory preparation/report/ass	signment						12	2 Hrs.	
	Self-study					49 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort						100 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Textbooks: Ned. Mohan, Power Electronics: Converters, Applications & Design, Wiley, 2007 K.W.E.Cheng, Classical Switched Mode and Resonant Power Converters, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, 2002 G. M. Masters, Renewable and efficient electric power systems, John Wiley & Sons, 2004. Reference books: 									
	 N. Mohan, Power Electronics: A A.M. Trzynadlowski, Introduction Sons, 2010. 		-		•				ïley &	

Subject Code	EE4008B								
Subject Title	Applied Digital Control								
Credit Value	3								
Level	4								
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE3011B								
Objectives	 To facilitate a working knowledge of principles of reduced-order modelling, digital control algorithms, system identification, and adaptive control. To enable students designing industrial control systems for applications in different engineering areas. 								
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the concepts of reduced-order modelling, deadbeat control algorithm, system identification and adaptive control. b. Understand the notions of offline and online system identification. c. Design conventional and adaptive controllers based on user specifications. d. Use CAD package for design and simulation. 								
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 d. Use CAD package for design and simulation. 1. Process control: Process modelling, Performance Specification, Industrial controller, Ziegler & Nichols tuning, Advanced process control, Reduced order modelling. 2. Direct digital control algorithms: PID algorithm, Cascade control, Dead-time compensation, Internal model control. 3. Computer control methods: Hierarchical control configurations, Distributed approach, Programmable logic controllers (PLC). 4. System identification: Discrete-time and continuous-time systems, identification by correlation, principle of least squares, Recursive least squares. 5. Self-tuning control: Introduction to adaptive control, Self-tuning controller. Laboratory Experiment: There will be two laboratory experiments on the topics of reduced order modeling, digital control design and system identification by least-squares technique. Case study: Individual assignment related to above methods. Students will write a report and present their finding to the class. 								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiments and case study are designed to supplement the lecturing materials. The students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information.								
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	-	b	c c	d				
	Lectures	a ✓	 ✓	c ✓	u				
	Tutorials	✓ ✓	• •	✓ ✓					
			-	· ·					

Assessment		1	1						
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d			
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓				
	2. Class test	20%	✓	✓	✓				
	3. Laboratory and case study reports	20%			~	~			
	Total	100%							
	The outcomes on concepts, analysis a examination and tests.	and design a	re assess	sed by th	ne usual	means of			
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
	Lecture/Tutorial	33 Hrs.							
	Laboratory	61							
	Other student study effort:								
	 Laboratory preparation/report 	12 Hrs.							
	Case study preparation/report	14 Hrs.							
	Self-study	35 Hrs.							
	Total student study effort	student study effort 10							
Reading List and	Reference books:								
References	 D.E. Seborg, Process Dynamics and Control, Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley, 2011 C.A. Smith, Automated Continuous Process Control, New York, John Wiley & Sons, 2002 J.R. Leigh, Applied Digital Control: Theory, Design, and Implementation, New York, Prentice-Hall, 1992 P.E. Wellstead and W. Zarrop, Self-tuning Systems: Control and Signal Processing, Wiley, 1991 R. Isermann, Adaptive Control Systems, New York, Prentice Hall, 1992 								

Subject Code	EE4009B
Subject Title	Electric Traction and Drives
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE3003B
Objectives	 To enable students to develop a sound understanding of operation of modern electrified railway systems. To provide an appreciation of the design and application of electric drives and operation principles of railway signalling. To enable students to understand the implications of design of traction and signalling systems on railway operations and traffic control. To introduce to students the vital problems of electromagnetic interference and hardware design of enhanced electromagnetic compatibility. To enhance students' awareness on the use of computer simulation in railway planning and operation, as well as the future technologies in railway systems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Outline the operation principles of the sub-systems and their components in an electrified railway system and compare their advantages and limitations with reference to practical railway lines. b. Elaborate on the impacts of the performance and properties of the sub-systems to the overall system safety and reliability. c. Engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction: The trends of modernisation of railway systems. Technical and design aspects of railway electrification. Fundamentals of design and construction of rolling stock. Power supply systems: rectifier substations, distance and load sharing between substations, reduction of supply unbalance in single-phase traction. D.C. drives: Single-phase dual-converter drives; Three-phase full-converter drives. Chopper drives: line filter design, chopping frequency selection; principles of powering and regenerative braking. Multiphase chopper, automatic variable field chopper. Case studies on local traction industry.
	 A.C. drives: Performance characteristics of induction motors: VVVF control, PWM control: mode transition, pulse dropping; CVVF control; Vector Control. Railway signalling: Basic functions. Fixed and moving block signalling schemes. Route and cab signalling. Principles of headway and block length. Factors affecting signal layout. Track circuits: principles, operation and function. Interlocking. Traffic control. Automatic train control.

	 Train movement and simulation: Train operation modes. Factors of movement: resistance, speed restriction, gradient and curvature of tracontrol: Precise stopping at stations and inter-station runs. Comp time-based and event-based models, simulation levels, applications. Electromagnetic compatibility: Track circuit interference. Substa Hardware designs with enhanced electromagnetic compatibility. 						
	7. <i>Future trends of transit system</i> levitation and suspension techniq counters and memory units. Des unstable states.	jues. Advan	iced automatic	train control	of registers,		
	Laboratory Experiments:						
	Traction power load flow simulati	on					
	Case Study: HK MTR systems						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Video clips together with computer animations are used to supplement conventional lectures. Case studies will be used extensively to highlight the practicality of the subject materials being covered. Practitioners are also invited to have experience sharing sessions with the class. A group project is to be carried out to demonstrate and integrate the knowledge learned.						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes					
			а	b			
	Lectures		√	✓	✓		
	Experiments	Tutorials ✓					
	Mini-Projects		✓	✓	✓ ✓		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	be assessed	ject learning c			
		2004	а	b	c		
	1 Mini-project (group project)	20%			~		
Intended Learning	1. Mini-project (group project) 2. Tests	20% 20%	✓	✓	~		
Intended Learning		-	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓		
Intended Learning Outcomes	2. Tests 3. Examination Total	20% 60% 100%	✓	✓	✓ 		
Intended Learning	2. Tests 3. Examination	20% 60% 100% preciation su encompasse lies are used gh a mini-pro	✓ bject for stud s all the impo to supplement oject (which ai	ents who are rtant elements t the analytica	s in a typical l discussions.		
Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	2. Tests 3. Examination Total This is an advanced and yet apprailway engineering. The subject railway and a number of case stude the outcomes are assessed through the outcomes are assessed the outcomes are assesses are asses as asses as as a ssese	20% 60% 100% preciation su encompasse lies are used gh a mini-pro	✓ bject for stud s all the impo to supplement oject (which ai	ents who are rtant elements t the analytica	s in a typical 1 discussions.		
Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	2. Tests 3. Examination Total This is an advanced and yet apprailway engineering. The subject railway and a number of case stud. The outcomes are assessed throug aspects learnt), tests and written expects learnt.	20% 60% 100% preciation su encompasse lies are used gh a mini-pro	✓ bject for stud s all the impo to supplement oject (which ai	ents who are rtant elements t the analytica	s in a typical l discussions.		
Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	2. Tests 3. Examination Total This is an advanced and yet apprailway engineering. The subject railway and a number of case stude throug aspects learnt), tests and written exclass contact: Class contact:	20% 60% 100% preciation su encompasse lies are used gh a mini-pro	✓ bject for stud s all the impo to supplement oject (which ai	ents who are rtant elements t the analytica	s in a typical l discussions. te the various		
Intended Learning	2. Tests 3. Examination Total This is an advanced and yet apprailway engineering. The subject railway and a number of case stud. The outcomes are assessed throug aspects learnt), tests and written exclass contact: Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial	20% 60% 100% preciation su encompasse lies are used gh a mini-pro	✓ bject for stud s all the impo to supplement oject (which ai	ents who are rtant elements t the analytica	s in a typical l discussions. te the various 33 Hrs.		
Intended Learning Outcomes Student Study	2. Tests 3. Examination Total This is an advanced and yet apprailway engineering. The subject railway and a number of case stude the outcomes are assessed throug aspects learnt), tests and written exclass contact: Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Seminar	20% 60% 100% preciation su encompasse lies are used gh a mini-pro	✓ bject for stud s all the impo to supplement oject (which ai	ents who are rtant elements t the analytica	s in a typical l discussions. te the various 33 Hrs.		

Reading List and References	 Textbooks: M.H. Rashid, Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall 2004 Managing railway operations & maintenance: best practices from KCRC / edited by Robin Hirsch; technical co-editors, Felix Schmid, Michael Hamlyn. A & N Harris; Birmingham: University of Birmingham Press, 2007
	Reference books/journals:
	1. J. Pachl, Railway Operation and Control. VTD Rail Publishing, Mountlake Terrace (USA) 2004.
	2. Bonnett, Clifford F. Practical railway engineering, London: Imperial College Press, 2005.
	3. O.S. Lock, Railway Signalling, 3 rd Edition, A & C Black, 1993
	4. Selected papers from IEE/IET Proceedings – Electric Power Applications

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Subject Code	EE4011B
Subject Title	Industrial Computer Applications
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	Introduce the applications of computing techniques in solving industrial problems. The topics included are shown in the following: embedded control system; applications of computer vision; Internet of Things (IoT) applications and mobile applications.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Design and develop embedded computer control systems b. Understand the use of industrial networks on process data acquisition and control. c. Apply image processing techniques in industrial automation. d. Design Internet of Thing system and basic mobile applications e. Appreciate the importance of computing systems in solving industrial applications. f. Think logically and be able to analyze data as well as present results in writing.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Embedded Computer control: Modelling of the computer process control system, practical approaches to digital control implementation, microprocessor based control systems. Intelligent instrumentation and systems: applications of distributed digital control algorithms, industrial networks and SCADA system. Computer vision: Digital image fundamentals, image representation, image enhancement, image segmentation, application of image processing in industrial automation. IoT and Mobile applications: Wireless LAN, WiFi technology and advantages, IoT design and implementation. Introduction to server-side and client-side mobile applications. Mini-project cases: PC based digital controller for temperature control Power failure monitoring using embedded controller Computer vision applications Wireless communication developments Air disaster investigation

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials ar theories. Experiences or projects, in which the str constraints and to attain pro- Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Experiment	n desig udents	n and are ex	tions w	to s	pplicat solve d ritical a	ions a lesign and an utcom	are give probler alytical	n throu _: ns with	gh mini- real-life	
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weigł		assess	ed	-		ng outco			
Intended Learning Outcomes				a		b	c	d	e	f	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60		~		✓	✓	~	✓		
	2. In-class Test	20%		~	_	✓	✓	✓			
	3. Mini-project Report	20		~		✓	✓	✓		✓	
	4. Exercise	10		~		✓	√	~	\checkmark		
	Total 100%										
Student Study	One end-of-semester writt industrial computing base the intriguing computing for future enhancement an Class contact:	d applio applica	cation tion f	with a or feasi	stud	y repor	t cove	ring the	e investi	gation of	
Effort Expected									33 Hrs.		
	Laboratory (mini-project)							6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:										
	Mini-project report and preparation							16 Hrs.			
	Self-study							45 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort								1	00 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Reference books: 1. S.A. Boyer, SCADA: 1999. 2. C. Pfister, Getting Sta 3. J.A. Rehg and G.J. Sa 4. A.V. Deshmukh, Mic 2006 5. R. Szeliski, Computer 	rted wi rtori, In croconti	th the dustri	Interne al Elect :: Theor	t of 7 troni ry ai	Things, cs, Pea nd App	Make rson F olicatio	er Media rentice ons, Tat	a, Inc, 20 Hall, 20 ta McGi)11 06 raw-Hill,	

Subject Code	EE4014B
Subject Title	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To introduce students to the fundamentals of intelligent systems and their applications in Electrical Engineering.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of the fundamental concepts and characteristics and methodologies of intelligent systems. b. Be able to appreciate the power and usefulness of intelligent techniques. c. Be able to know the design of artificial intelligence systems, evolutionary computation algorithms, uncertainty representation and reasoning mechanisms. d. Be able to integrate the intelligent system approaches in real-life electrical engineering problems and control problems. e. Have acquired skills in presentation and interpretation of mini-project results and communicate in written form
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Knowledge-based intelligent systems: Concepts and theory. Knowledge representation techniques. Structure of a rule-based expert system. Forward and backward chaining inference techniques. Fuzzy systems: Concepts of Fuzzy reasoning. Membership Functions and Fuzzy sets. Fuzzy rules. Defuzzification methods. Fuzzy inference. Building a fuzzy expert system. Artificial neural networks (ANN): Concepts of ANN. Neuron and perception. Multilayer neural networks. Forward and Backward Propagation. Neural Network Training. Hopfield network. Evolutionary computation: Concepts of Evolutionary computing. Genetic algorithms. Chromosomes, fitness function, cross-over and mutation. Evolutionary Programming. Hybrid algorithms: Simulated Annealing. Combined Genetic Algorithm and Simulated Annealing. Fuzzy Neural Systems. Fuzzy Genetic Algorithm. Applications of intelligent systems: Applications in Control and Utilization – Intelligent process control. Intelligent robot control and Utilization. Mini-project: Performance of intelligent systems including GA, Fuzzy systems and ANN comparing to traditional control system such as PID control Case study: To study the performance of genetic algorithm on solving different functions such as De Jong problems and Colville problems. To investigate the effects of parameter setting on the performance of genetic algorithm. To investigate the effect of solution acceleration technique on the performance of genetic algorithm.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the prime theories. Experiences on system and through mini-projects, in which th engineering problems using intelligen Mini-projects are designed to suppler encouraged to take extra readings and	alysis, des e students nt techniq nent the le	ign an s are ues wi cturing	d pra expect th cri g mat	ctical a cted to tical and erials so	pplicat solve d analy o that t	ions a the tical	re giver electrica thinking	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			0	utcome	s			
		а	b		с	d		e	
	Lectures	~	✓		✓	✓			
	Tutorials	~	~		✓	√			
	Mini-projects		✓					✓	
						1	1		
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks		% hting		nded su comes to				
Alignment with Intended Learning			,intiling	a	b	c	d	e	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60)%	u √	√ 1	v √	u		
	2. Class Test		5%	~	✓	~			
	3. Mini-project Report and Presentation		5%	~			~	~	
	4. Exercises	10)%	~	✓	~			
	Total 100%					1	1	_	
Student Study Effort Expected	applications, as well as technical reporting, teamwork and presentation skill. Class contact:								
ľ	Lecture/Tutorial 33 H						33 Hrs.		
	Mini-project presentation 6 H						6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:								
	Mini-project preparation/report					16 Hrs.			
	• Self-study					45 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort					100 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Reference books: K.Y. Lee and M.A. El-Sharkav Theory and Applications to Powe M. Negnevitsky, Artificial Intell Wesley, 2011 K. Warwick, A. Ekwue and R. Ag Systems, IEE Power Engineering Sunnersj Staffan, Intelligent comp 	r Systems igence-A garwal, Au Series 22,	, Wiley Guide rtificia , UK, I	y-IEE to In l Intel EE Pi	E Press ntelligen lligence ress, 19	, 2008 it Syste Techn 97	ems, A	Addison in Powe	

Subject Code	EE4016B
Subject Title	Energy Utilisation and Management in Transportation
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2029B and EE3002B
Objectives	 To enable students to understand energy conversion and utilization process used in transportation systems. To provide students with a solid knowledge on concepts of energy management and techniques in improving energy efficiency of transportation systems. To enable students to analyse the efficiency of energy conversion processes. To prepare students to analyse environmental impacts from transportation systems and understand ways for improvements.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the applications of various common types of energy conversion and utilisation technologies used in different modes of transportation. b. Identify underlying principles of energy management and different engineering measures in improving energy efficiency in transportation systems. c. Apply basic reasoning to analyse impacts of environment from the utilization of energy in transportations systems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Energy utilisation: Basics of alternators, converters, auxiliary power unit (APU) for automobiles, trains and aircrafts; analysis of energy utilization in automotives and train units on a fuel-to-wheel basis; rolling stock energy consumption and regeneration; relationship between passenger flow and energy consumption. Energy management: Concept of energy management; comparisons of fuel-to-wheel energy efficiency in different modes of transportation; integrated transport planning for energy efficiency; energy efficiency measures in transportation sector; energy management systems in gasoline, diesel, hybrid and electric cars; energy management in "peak-hour syndrome"; electricity buffering; use of battery energy storage systems (BESS) in mass transportation; charging station, contingency for power failure; backup supplies. Environmental aspects: Environmental impacts of energy utilization of transportations systems; basic principle of emission control of automobiles. Hydrogen economy: Concept of Hydrogen Economy and applications of hydrogen as fuel for transportation; types of fuel cells and its applications in automobiles. Renewable fuels for automobiles: Bio-diesels, solar cars, solar aircraft.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Mini-projects are designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that the students are given a design or an energy management problem in the beginning of the study. Students are encouraged to form group to jointly investigate the problem and they have to present the projects.						
	Teaching/Learning Method	lology			Outcomes	5	
					b c		
	Lectures	✓	✓	✓			
	Tutorials			~	✓	✓	
	Mini-project			√	✓	~	
Assessment	Specific assessment	%	Intende	d subject le	arning outc	omes to be	
Methods in Alignment with	methods/tasks	weighting	assesse		-		
Intended Learning	1. Examination	600/	a √		b ✓	 ✓	
Outcomes	2. Class Test	60% 20%	▼ ▼		▼	 ✓	
	3. Mini-project & report	20%	▼ ✓		▼ ✓	 ✓	
	Total	100%			•		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						
	Lecture/Tutorial		39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	 Mini-project/report 		18 Hrs.				
	 Self-study 		48 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.				
 Reading List and References Reference books: Dept. of Energy, US Government, Hydrogen energy and fuel cells: tranpower from water (electronic book), Progressive Management 2006 National Research Council (US), Energy and transportation: challengy chemical sciences in the 21st Century, Washington DC: National Acade 2003 M. Kojima, Urban air quality management: coordinating transport, enviror energy policies in developing countries, World Bank Technical Report 2004 National Research Council (US) Transportation Research Board, transportation on energy and air quality, Washington DC: National Acade 1997 United Nations, Dept. of Development Support and Management Service Branch, Energy efficiency in transportation: alternatives for the future, I United Nation 1993 Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimin Gao, Ali Emadi, Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory, and Design, Second Edition, CRC P 				enges for the			

Subject Code	EE4017B					
Subject Title	Risk and Reliability Analysis on Asset Managemen	t				
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2029B					
Objectives	 To provide the concepts and techniques on risk management and reliability analysis on engineering systems To apply reliability analysis and system assurance analysis on engineering systems including transportation systems To relate maintenance activities to system assurance and reliability management 					
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Able to perform basic reliability analysis on engineering systems including asset on transportation systems b. Able to demonstrate fundamental understanding on concepts of system assurance c. Able to recognise the relationship between maintenance and reliability 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Basics: Facilities and assets in transportation numerical optimization methods and their app transportation facilities and assets; integrated tree methods Reliability analysis: Fault tree analysis, failure (FMECA), reliability growth models, Weibull reliability apportionment and prediction, reliabili 3. System assurance analysis: Hazard & operabil consequence analysis, preliminary hazard and analysis, cost benefit analysis, qualitative and qu Maintenance: Reliability-centred maintenan maintenance; scheduling and reliability impact. 	plications to atment of qu mode effect: analysis, re lity mathema ity study, ev llysis, opera auntitative ri	 managing antitative and s and critica liability blo atics. ent tree and tion & sup sk analyses 	systems on ad analytical lity analysis ck diagram, lysis, cause- port hazard		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The concept of risk management, reliability analysi be presented through lectures and tutorials with re transportation systems. Students will be required to covering practices on reliability analysis, system a issues in transportation systems. Tutorials will be better understanding on the theoretical concepts w from students. Students will also learn through active finding of their case studies.	eference to r form group assurance an structured o hich require	real-life app s to work the alysis and to on different e sufficient	lications on arough cases maintenance sessions for contribution		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes	1		
	T esteres	a ✓	b	c v		
	Lectures Case Studies and Presentation	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	•		
				\checkmark		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub be assessed	oject learning of	utcomes to	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	√	✓	✓	
	2. In-class Test	20%	√	✓		
	3. Cases study & presentation	20%	✓	✓	✓	
	Total	100%				
	The outcomes on the concepts of and test whilst those on analytica findings, as well as technical re exercise.	ıl skills, prob	lem-solving t	echniques and j	presentation of	
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial		33 Hrs.			
	 Presentation 		6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:					
	 Case study and report 		15 Hrs.			
	 Self-study 		51 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Textbooks: P.D.T. O'Connor, D. Newt Edition, John Wiley & Sons E.E. Lewis, Introduction to B.S. Dhillon, Engineering r maintenance, Gulf Publishi S.J. Cox and N.R.S. Tait, R approach, 2nd Edition, Butt Reference books: G.B. Guy, Reliability on Elsevier Applied Science, 19 David Blockley, Engineerin 	, 2012 o reliability o naintainabil ng, 1999 eliability, sa erworth-Hein the move: 9 89	engineering, ity: how to d fety and risk nemann, 1998 safety and r	J. Wiley, 1996 esign for reliab management: s	ility and easy an integrated	

Subject Code	EE4018B
Subject Title	Electrical Systems in Automobiles
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To familiarize students with the basic knowledge of power distribution in automotive systems To enable students to understand the operation of electrical and electronic part and components in vehicles To enable students to learn the reliability and diagnosis of the electrical system of the vehicle. To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Have the ability to acquire a good understanding of electrical distribution of vehicle. b. Be able to understand and analyze the electrical system, part and components of a vehicle, and be able to develop the skill of design. c. Have a global view on recent development on power electronics for automotive engineering, and be perceptive of applications of electrical systems for other conventional vehicle, electrical vehicle and hybrid electrical vehicle. d. Appreciate the need to develop a good combination of theoretical background and practical engineering sense in order to cope with problems in their pursuit of an engineering career.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power distributions in vehicles: Electrical distribution systems in cars, wiring and power bus topology, battery system, wires and connector design, groundings and current protections. Electro-mechanical devices: Ignition systems, cranking systems, motion control for electrical auxiliary system, electric power steering, lighting systems, heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems, active suspension. Electronic systems and control: Basic electronic control systems, computerized engine control, control network protocols, starter and alternator, entertainment systems, dashboard instrumentation and signaling circuits. Test and reliability: Automotive electronics reliability, electrical transients and protection, diagnosis & services for electrical systems. Laboratory Experiments: Each student is required to attend laboratory section which covers the above selected areas. Written report is needed.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary me Practical experiences on power system Interactive laboratory sessions are intro understanding of the experiments. Experiments is that the students are encoura information.	for automo duced to end eriments are	biles are courage b designed	given th etter prep to supple	rough L paration ement the	aboratory and hence e lecturin	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcome			utcomes			
		a	b		с	d	
	Lectures	✓	✓	,	(✓	
	Tutorials	✓	✓	,	/	✓	
	Experiments	√	✓			✓	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		l subject es to be a		5	
			а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	✓	~	✓	
	2. Class Test	20%	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	3. Laboratory performance & reports	20%	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Total	100%					
Student Study Effort Expected	teamwork, are evaluated by experiments, mini-project and the reports. Class contact:						
EnoreExpected	Lecture/Tutorial					33 Hrs.	
	Laboratory/Case study					6 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:						
	Laboratory and case study preparation/report					16 Hrs.	
	Self-study					45 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort					100 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Textbooks: 1. A.Emadi, "Handbook of automotive power electronics and motor drives, Taylor & Francis, 2005						
	 Reference books: 1. J.D. Halderman, Automotive electricity and electronics, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2011 2. T. Denton, Automobile electrical and electronic systems, Routledge: Taylor & Francis, 2012 3. M. Ehsani, Y. Gao, S. Gay and A.Emadi, Modern electric, hybrid electric, and fuel 						
	cell vehicles, CRC Press, 2010.						

Subject Code	EE4019B			
Subject Title	Intelligent Transportation Systems			
Credit Value	3			
Level	4			
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2029B			
Objectives	 To introduce the intelligent techniques and their applications in transportation systems To provide a sound understanding of the problems in transportation operations which require intelligence of various characteristics To enable evaluation of appropriate methodologies and be aware of the design and implementation issues of advanced techniques. 			
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Illustrate understanding of underlying principles of intelligent techniques b. Explain the need of intelligent techniques in transportation systems c. Identify the basic design concerns of intelligent transportation systems 			5
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Intelligent systems: Expert systems, fuzzy logic evolutionary computations, multi-agent systems. Transportation applications: Advanced survei and computer technology; monitoring, analys transportation system performance and behaviou studies; human factors, man-machine interfaces, Design and implementation: Selection of m processing, control, communication and computer real-time systems. Intelligent vehicle technologies. The car for th technologies, micro-controllers and micro-elect sensor, radio frequency technologies for veh positioning technology, intelligent vehicle detect 	llance, navi, sis, evaluati ir; interventi institutional aethodologie ation, decisi ne future, in stronic techn hicle inform	gation, com ion, and pr ion strategies l issues. es, data col ion systems, ttelligent ve nology, veh nation syste	munication, rediction of s, feasibility lection and simulation, hicle sensor icle optical ems, global
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The basic principles, intelligent techniques and des Students are encouraged to keep abreast with the late to-date intelligent transportation system through the Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Mini-projects Presentations	est technolog	gies by anal	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub	ject learning ou	tcomes to be	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	~	~	
	2. Test	10%	√			
	3. Mini-project	20%		√	✓	
	4. Presentation	10%		√	✓	
	Total	100%				
	Examination allows assess supplemented by the class the latest technologies thro on techniques and design.	test. Mini-proje	ct and presenta	tion enable stud	lents to explore	
Effort Expected	Class contact:					
	Lecture/Tutorial		39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:					
	 Mini project 		28 Hrs.			
	 Self-study 		38 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Reference books: W. Barfield and T.A. Systems, Lawrence Er J.M. Sussman, Pers Springer, 2005 E. Bekiaris and Y.J. N Systems: Innovations M.A. Chowdhury an Systems Planning, Ar R. Stough, Intelligence Press, 2001 L. Vlacic, M. Parent, I Applications, Butterwook IEEE Transactions o and Electronics Engine 	Ibaum Associate pectives on In Nakanishi, Econ and Case Stud d A. Sadek, Fu tech House, 200 Transport Syst and Intelligent F. Harashima, Ir porth-Heinemann, n Intelligent Tr	es, 1998 ntelligent Tra omic Impacts ies, Elsevier/JA undamentals of 3 ems: Cases an Transportation ttelligent Vehico , 2001	nsportation S of Intelligent T AI, 2004 of Intelligent T d Policies, Edw on Systems, Nat	Systems (ITS), Fransportation Fransportation ard Elgar, 2001 tional Academy rs – Theory and	

Subject Code	EE4351B					
U						
Subject Title	Aircraft Electrical and Actuati	Aircraft Electrical and Actuation Systems				
Credit Value	3					
Level	4					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	Nil				
Objectives	 To develop students' knowledge on the components and operating principles of electrical and actuation systems in civil transport aircraft. To provide students an overview of the electrical system of aircraft. To develop students' understanding of the basic concepts, technology and applications in aviation industry. 					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to understand: a. basic electrical and electromagnetic principle for aircraft b. aircraft electrical systems including electro-hydraulic system, electrical systems, battery system, emergency electrical system; c. actuation system and machines for aircraft 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Electrical Systems</i> - Aircra generation, Ground Power Sup					
	<i>Aircraft Power Electronics and Drives</i> – Transformer rectifier unit, inverter, Variable speed constant frequency, brushless motors.					
	Electrical Energy Storage – Batteries technology, Battery charger, super-capacitors, battery management system.					
	<i>Emergency Systems</i> - Emergency power sources, Interruptible power supply, Warning and Protection.					
	<i>Environmental Electrical Systems</i> – Aircraft lighting, air conditioning, windscreen anti- ice systems, Anti-Skid systems.					
	<i>Electric Actuation</i> – Power electronic actuators, Landing gear and Electrical flap systems, Key helicopter systems.					
	<i>More Electric Aircraft</i> – Fau intelligent and effective energy		istribution, energy	optimized aircraft,		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are use electrical systems and actuatio			to various aircraft		
	Teaching/Learning	Intended	subject learning ou	itcomes		
	Methodology	а	b	с		
	1. Lectures	\checkmark	✓	✓		

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub be assessed	ject learning or	utcomes to		
Alignment with Intended Learning		0 0	а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Mini-Project	25%	√	✓	✓		
	2. Test	25%	√	✓	✓		
	3. Examination	50%	√	✓	\checkmark		
	Total 100%						
	Explanation of the approp learning outcomes:				0		
	The mini-projects are design principles and whether the			nding of the ai	rcraft electric		
	The test is designed to assess students' understanding of the topics that they have learn relative to learning outcomes (a), (b), (c). The test is usually conduced in the mid semester to measure students' performance.						
	Examination: questions a Students are required to a learning outcomes.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lecture	30 Hrs					
	Tutorial and presentation						
	Other student study effort:						
	 Mini project or Assign 	27 Hrs.					
	 Self study 	Self study					
	Total student study effort				117 Hrs		
Reading List and	1. "Military and aerospace electronics", PennWell Publishing Company, Periodic.						
	2. "Aircraft Electrical Systems", E.H.J. Pallet, Pearson Prentice Hall, 1997						
References	2. "Aircraft Electrical Sy	ystems", E.H.J. Pa	allet, Pearson P	Tennice Han, T	997		
	 "Aircraft Electrical Sy "Aircraft Electricity a Education, 2013. 		-				
	3. "Aircraft Electricity a	and Electronics", chanical, Electric	Thomas Eism	<u>n</u> , 6th Edition	, McGraw-H		
	 "Aircraft Electricity a Education, 2013. Aircraft systems: Med 	and Electronics", chanical, Electric cabridge, Wiley, 2	<u>Thomas Eism</u> al and Avionic 2013.	<u>n</u> , 6th Edition s subsystem ir	, McGraw-H ategration", Ia		

Subject Code	EE502B
Subject Title	Modern Protection Methods
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Student should have some prior knowledge in Power Transmission and Distribution
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern power system protection to students. To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system protection. To understand the design philosophy and working principle of power system protection. To master the analytical techniques. To apply protective relaying in power systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Master the concept and philosophy on power system protection. b. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics, engineering skills in the analysis, comparison, interpretation of various protection schemes in power systems. c. Integrate and justify techniques to be used in the planning and operation of power system protection. d. Solve technical problems for power system protection. e. Present technical results in the form of a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Overview of protection system and its development: General considerations. Components of protection. Structure of protective relays. Unit protection and non- unit protection. Trend of protection development. Fault and transient in power systems: Fault transient behaviour in power systems. Computer simulations of the transient behaviour in power systems. Current and voltage transducers: Sources of errors. Requirements of transducers for measurement and protection. Their features and characteristics under steady state and transient conditions. Protection systems for distribution networks: Protection criteria for distribution systems. Features of directional and non-directional protection schemes for distribution systems. Protection systems for transmission networks: Distance protection system and characteristics. Differential line protection. Phase comparison line protection. Use of line carrier and communication for protection systems. Busbar, transformer and generator protection systems: High impedance and low impedance differential protection schemes. Protection schemes for busbar, transformer, and generator. Digital protection relaying technique: Features of digital protection relay. Digital relay architecture. Digital relaying algorithms. Adaptive and intelligent relays. Recent development.

Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are t theories. Knowledge on sy through case studies, in wh techniques to be used in the critical and analytical thin supplement the lecturing mat and to look for relevant infor Teaching/Learning Method Lectures Tutorials Mini-projects and experime	stem analysis ich students a e planning an- aking. Mini-j terials so that mation.	, design a are expec d operation projects	and pract ted to in on of pov and exp are encou	tical app tegrate a wer syste eriments	lications and justif em prote are de take extr	are given by modern ction with signed to	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende assesse	d subject d	learning	outcom	es to be	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Class Tests	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Mini-project and report	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	4. Laboratory and report	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	Total	100%						
	The examination and tests assess the technical competence of students in power system protection analysis methods and methods of protection design, planning, and operation Mini-projects, experiments and written reports assess those on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques and practical considerations of protection design, as well as technical reporting.						operation. , problem-	
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial						33 Hrs.	
	 Laboratory 		6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:							
	Laboratory preparation/report				12 Hrs.			
	 Laboratory preparation/ 	report				54 Hrs.		
	Laboratory preparation/ Mini-projects/Self-study							

Subject Code	EE505B
Subject Title	Power System Control and Operation
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern power system control & operation to students; To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system control & operation; To understand the working principle of power system control and operation; To apply the theory in power system control & operation; and To understand the industrial practice and tools used in power system control and operations
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Ability to analyse power system security control & operation; b. Ability to analyse interconnected power system interchange and economic operation. c. Ability to analyse power system computer control and applications; d. Understand the functionalities and able to use to appropriate level of competence of selected specialty software for power system control and operation purpose; e. To be aware of new technologies development trends and environmental impacts of modern power system control and operation techniques; and f. Ability to write technical reports and present the findings through individual effort as well as team work
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power system operational security and dispatch: Power system security concepts. Contingency analysis. Static and dynamic security. States of operation. Prevention of blackouts. Power system state estimation concepts. Application of state estimation. Unit commitment and economic dispatch: Priority lists. Methodologies for large system economic dispatch and unit commitment. Programming methods. Frequency and voltage control: Frequency and voltage control concepts. Control loops and analysis. Automatic generation control (AGC) concepts, methodology and implementation. Interconnected systems operation: System interconnection merits and problems. Economic interchange and control. Multi-area operation. Energy management and real-time control: Energy management systems. Software systems. Computer hardware resources and configurations. Data management. Communication and distributed computing. Load forecasting. Contingency and security assessment. System restoration and emergency control concepts. Case Study: Local system control centre arrangement. Case study of past system blackout in overseas countries. AGC and voltage control case studies. Power system developments in HK and China as well as overseas countries.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences on re studies, in which the stu- problems with real-life co analytical thinking. Guest experience and knowledg designed to supplement the extra readings and practice control.	eal world cases dents are exponstraints and lecture / indus ge on this sub lecturing mat	s and ass ected to to attair trial sen bject fro erials so	sociated power n pragm ninars w om ind that the	analys system atic sol vill be gi ustry p studen	is are gi n contro lutions iven to p ractice. ts are er	ven thro ol and with cri provide Mini-p ncourage	bugh cas operatio tical an hands-o project i ed to tak	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology				Outc	omes			
			а	b	с	d	e	f	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Report		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intend		ect lear	learning outcomes to be			
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e	f	
Outcomes	1. Exam	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
	2. Class test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
	3. Mini-project/report	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100%							
Student Study Effort Expected	The assessment methods in the form of mini-project competence of students in operation and control. The learned in class to practica Class contact:	report. The ex power system written reports	kaminati analysis assess t	ion and methoo he stude	class t is and n ents' ab	test asso nethods ility to a	ess the of powe	technica er syster	
,	Lecture/Tutorial							39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:								
	Mini-project preparation/report				12 Hrs.				
	 Self-study 							54 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort						1	05 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. W.D. Stevenson, Elem 2. Wood & Wollenberg, I 3. Weedy and Cory, Elec 4. Grainger & Stevenson, 5. H. Saadat, Power Syste 6. Antonio Gomez-Expo Energy Systems: Analy	Power Generat tric Power Sys , Power Syster em Analysis, M sito, Antonio	ion, Op tems, 4 ^t n Analys IcGraw J. Cor	eration ^h Editio sis, Mc Hill nejo, an	and Cor n, Wile Graw H Id Clau	ntrol, J. y ill	Wiley.	Electri	

Subject Code	EE509B
Subject Title	High Voltage Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	HK Electric Institute
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge to understand the techniques of design and analysis pertaining to high voltage engineering, including causes and manner of insulation failure and problems encountered in practice.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:Describe the insulation breakdown mechanisms so as to identify the failure phenomena of different insulation systems.Understand the principles and practices of high voltage equipment so as to get on to the pragmatic design and applications of the high voltage equipment in industry.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to Electrical Insulation: Electric fields; Dielectric breakdown; Electrical insulating materials. Breakdown of Gaseous Insulation: Ionization processes; Townsend breakdown mechanism; Experimental determination of Townsend's ionization coefficients; Breakdown in electronegative gases; Streamer breakdown mechanism; Paschen's law; Corona discharges; Breakdown in non-uniform fields; Post-breakdown phenomena and applications; Vacuum insulation and breakdown. Breakdown of Liquid Insulation: Breakdown in pure liquids and commercial liquids; Purification and breakdown due to treeing, surface flashover, and surface tracking; Breakdown in composite insulation. Partial Discharges: Classification of partial discharges by origin; Partial discharge measurements; Recent development. High Voltage Equipment for Power System Networks: Hierarchy of power system networks; Introduction to high voltage equipment and their general specifications. Transmission Gas Insulated Switchgears: Design and busbar topologies; Layout and internal construction; Environmental, health, and safety precautions in handling SF₆ gas; Type and routine tests; Inspection before installation; Commissioning test and precautions; Typical incidents around the world. High Voltage Cables: Basic high voltage cable technology; Dielectric properties; Types and constructions; Type, routine, and diagnostic tests; Health index; Water tree formation; Accessory design, operations, and maintenance considerations; Reliability reviews and failure analysis; Faulty joint dissections and lessons learnt. Site Visit: Site visit to HK Electric; On-site demonstrations of transmission gas insulated switchgears and relevant high voltage test equipment used in the electricity transmission industry.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are the primary means the techniques of analysis and de on pragmatic design and applica visit to HK Electric. Students constraints and to attain pragma	esign pertaining to ations are given the are expected to	high voltage engin rough in-house der solve design prob	eering. Experiences nonstration and site lems with real-life
	Teaching/Learning Methodology Ou			omes
			a	b
	Lectures			\checkmark
	In-house demonstration		\checkmark	
	Site visit to HK Electric			\checkmark
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject outcomes to be a	assessed
Alignment with		600/	a	b
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	√	V
outcomes	2. Assignments Total	40%	√	\checkmark
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lecture/In-house demonstration/Site visit to HK Electric			39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:			
	 Assignments 		16 Hrs.	
	 Self-study 		50 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Textbooks: NIL (Refer to Lecture Notes).			
	 Reference books: M. S. Naidu and V. Kan McGraw-Hill, 2004. V. IA Ushakov, Insulation of E. Kuffel, W. S. Zaengl and Edition, Newnes, 2000. C. L. Wadhwa, High Voltag A. Ravindra and M. Wolfga Wiley: IEEE Press, 2011. F. H. Kreuger, Partial Butterworths, 1989. IET Digital Library, Light Engineering and Technolog 	of High-Voltage Ed J. Kuffel, High Vo ge Engineering, 3rd ing, High Voltage Discharge Detection,	quipment, Springer ltage Engineering: l Edition, New Age and Electrical Insu ction in High-Ve	; 2004. Fundamentals, 2nd e Science, 2010. Ilation Engineering, oltage Equipment,

Subject Code	EE512B
Subject Title	Electric Vehicles
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: EE543
Objectives	 To acquire a broad knowledge on modern electric vehicles (EVs). To understand the development of EVs from technological, environmental, and societal perspectives.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Understand the importance of EVs for environment, energy sustainability and climate change.
	 Understand various underpinning technologies for modern EVs, including electric motor drives, energy storage, batteries, charging methods, infrastructure and auxiliary systems.
	c. Explain the emerging technologies such as hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs), fuel cell electric vehicles (FEV) and energy storage methods.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. <i>Introduction to electric vehicles (EVs)</i> : Historical perspective. EV advantages and impacts. EV market and promotion: infrastructure needs, legislation and regulation, standardization.
	 Electric vehicle (EV) design options: EV configurations: fixed vs. variable gearing, single- vs. multiple-motor drive, in-wheel drives. EV parameters, driving cycles and performance specifications. Choice of system voltage levels: electrical safety and protection.
	3. Vehicle dynamics and motor drives: Road load: vehicle kinetics; effect of velocity, acceleration and grade. EV drivetrain and components. EV motor drive systems: DC drives, induction motor drives, permanent-magnet synchronous motor drives, switched reluctance motor drives. Control strategies.
	 Batteries: Battery parameters. Types and characteristics of EV batteries. Battery testing and maintenance; charging schemes. Battery monitoring techniques. Open- circuit voltage and ampere-hour estimation. Battery load levelling.
	 Auxiliaries: On-board and off-board battery chargers. Energy management units. Battery state-of-charge indicators. Temperature control units. Power steering.
	 Emerging EV technologies: Hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs): types, operating modes, torque coordination and control, generator/motor requirements. Fuel cell electric vehicles (FEVs): fuel cell characteristics, hydrogen storage systems, reformers. Alternative sources of power: super- and ultra-capacitors, flywheels.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, complemented by tutorials and worked examples. Self-learning on the part of students is strongly encouraged and extensive use of web resources will be made. A term paper and a related presentation enable students to develop skills in literature survey and writing. Oral presentation sessions develop students' skills in spoken communication and peer evaluation.						
	Teaching/Learning Metho	Outcomes					
		а	a b				
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Assignment and oral pres	entation	\checkmark				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting		Intended subjassessed	ject learning o	utcomes to be		
Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Test	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Term paper	5%		\checkmark	\checkmark		
	4. Oral presentation	5%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100%					
St. 1. 4 St. 1	It is an advanced elective on electric vehicles. The outcomes on electric vehicle technology and its impacts are assessed by the usual means of test and examination, and partly by the term paper. The outcomes on technical communication and presentation skills are evaluated by the term paper and a related oral presentation.						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						
	 Lecture/Tutorial 	30 Hrs.					
	 Presentation/Tests 	9 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self-study and revision 	n		48 Hrs.			
			18 Hrs.				
	 Report – Case Study 			105 Hrs.			
	Report – Case Study Total student study effort				105 Hrs.		
Reading List and					105 Hrs.		

Subject Code	EE526B
Subject Title	Power System Analysis and Dynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the students to the advanced concepts and analytical skills for the stability analysis in modern power systems. To understand the impact due to different system instabilities. To analyse and provide solutions to the power system stability problems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire in-depth understanding of different types of power system stability problems. b. Model the dynamic behaviours of system components under disturbances. c. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics and engineering skills in the analysis of stability problems. d. Discuss the causes and effects of instabilities and recommend possible solutions. e. Acquire skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communicate in written form
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power system stability: Basic concepts and classification. Past incidents of system instability and consequences. Power system stability issues and solutions. Reactive power compensation: System Q-V Characteristics. Reactive support theory. Load Characteristics. Synchronous condensers, Static Var Compensators (SVS), Thyristor Switched Capacitor (TSC), Thyristor controlled Reactor (TCR). Voltage stability: Fundamental concepts. Singularities and multiple load flow techniques, eigenvalue methods. Load modelling, tap-changer effects, voltage controllability and voltage compensation. Proximity of collapse, Measures against collapse. Practical experience. Dynamic stability & power system stabilisers: Eigenvalue and modal analysis. Generator and load modelling. Power system stabiliser. Small-signal stability of multi-machine systems. Selection of input signal and installation location, parameter design and commissioning of PSS. Application of HVDC, FACTS and ESS in improving stability: HVDC link operation and its control. Energy storage system, e.g. BESS, SOFC, FESS, and its application in stability control. Mini-projects: Power system stability analysis using industrial power systems design and analysis software Power system stability ending for damping of low frequency power oscillation

Teaching/Learning Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and Methodology theories. Experiences on system analysis, design and practical applications are given through experiments, in which the students are expected to solve the power system stability and control design problems with practical constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking. Experiments are designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that the students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information. Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes b d а с e $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ Lectures $\sqrt{}$ Tutorials $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ Experiments Assessment Specific assessment % Intended subject learning outcomes to be Methods in methods/tasks weighting assessed Alignment with d а b с e Intended Learning 1. Examination 60% $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ Outcomes 2. Class Test 30% $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ 3. Mini-project/report 10% Total 100% The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and test Experiments and written reports assess those on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques and practical considerations of power system stability and control design as well as technical reporting. Student Study Class contact: Effort Expected Lecture/Tutorial 33 Hrs. Laboratory 6 Hrs. Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report 15 Hrs. Mini-project/self-study 51 Hrs. Total student study effort 105 Hrs. **Reading List and Reference Books:** References 1. P. Kundur, Power System Stability and Control, McGraw Hill, 1994 2. P.M. Anderson and A.A. Fouad, Power System Control and Stability, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2nd Edition, 2002 3. G. Rogers, Power System Oscillations, Springer, 1999 4. Voltage Stability of Power Systems: Concepts, Analytical Tools and Industry Experience, IEEE Publication 90th 0358-2-PWR, 1990 5. Y.H. Song, and A.T. Johns, Flexible AC Transmission Systems, IEE, 1999 6. T.V. Cutsem, and C. Vournas, Voltage Stability of Electric Power Systems, Springer, 2nd Edition, 2007

Subject Code	EE533B
Subject Title	Railway Power Supply Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To enable students to develop a comprehensive understanding of the modern railway power supply systems in metro and mainline systems. To provide an appreciation of the specifications and design of the supply system configuration. To enable students to understand the implications of supply system design on safety and service quality, as well as the practices and difficulties in implementation. To provide students with the basic terminology and the practical processes of testing and commissioning. To enable students to comprehend the connection of the railway supply system to the utility distribution network.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the key components in a railway supply system and their functions and appreciate the relationship of the supply system to other systems in railway. b. Differentiate the requirements on power supply systems in different railway systems, metros, mainlines and light rails. c. Apply the knowledge on power supply system to comprehend the design and installation of power supply system. d. Discuss procedures of testing and commissioning of railway power system and analyse possible faults. e. Organise and present on assigned research topics. f. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 General aspect of railway power supply system: Metro system, Light rail system, electric multiple units and locomotives, functions of traction supply system, interface requirement among power and traction supply system, contact line system, permanent way, signalling, SCADA and train. Railway power supply system - requirement and specification: Types of railway power supply systems, basic structure and design of standard AC distribution and DC traction substation and control system. DC overhead line system and equipment: Terminology, overhead contact line types and basic characteristic; Basic design – mechanical, electrical and civil; Design for installation, testing and commissioning; failure analysis. Traction earthing and DC stray current control system: Terminology, operation requirement and specification; DC current return, earthing and bonding; Design for installation, testing and commissioning; Failure analysis. AC traction supply system and power quality issues: Configuration and operation of 25kV system; Power quality; Voltage dip, harmonics, imbalance, and remedial measures. EMC: Principles of EMC, Railway-related interference problems and their solutions, booster transformer. Case Study: Site visit to MTR system

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The main lecturers are from M lectures and tutorials for conv reinforced the pragmatic desig team work are trained via min	veying the con gn and applic	ncept and ation in	l theorie a realisti	s. The si	te visit to	o MTR s	ystem has		
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	logy	Outcomes							
			a	b	с	d	e	f		
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		
	Tutorials			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks									
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e	f		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Test	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Presentation with Essay Submission	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100%								
Student Study Effort Expected	The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and test. The problem solving skill is evaluated via presentation (with essay submission) and laboratory. Class contact:									
	Lecture/Tutorial		33 Hrs.							
	Industrial/Research Presentation 6 E							6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:									
	Presentation and Report preparation					24 Hrs.				
	Self-study					42 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort							105 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Textbooks: 1. B.S. Blanchard, Systems 1 2. M.J. Szeliga, Stray Currer Systems, NACE Internation	nt Corrosion -						it		
	 Reference books: R.J. Hill, Electric Railwa Journal, pp. 275-286, Dec Selected papers on IEE Pr Selected papers on IEE Pr 	ember, 1994 oceedings on	Electric	Power A			Power E	ngineering		

Subject Code	EE535B
Subject Title	Maintenance and Reliability Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on various maintenance management processes. To enable students to understand the impact of maintenance management on railway objectives in safety, reliability and cost effectiveness.
	 To enable students to acquire knowledge and techniques in reliability engineering. To equip students to make decisions on sound maintenance and reliability improvement. To enable students to apply the techniques in reliability engineering to railway operation.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the possible faults in railway systems and their impacts to the overall system reliability. b. Develop fault trees for a sub-system in railways and apply various reliability models on fault analysis.
	 c. Discuss system data collection for reliability assessment. d. Evaluate maintenance schedules and assess the corresponding risk with appropriate techniques and tools. e. Review the advantages and limitations on condition based monitoring maintenance, alternative sourcing of inventory and maintenance outsourcing management for
	railway assets.f. Organise and present an assigned research topic.g. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest methodologies for system maintenance management at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Reliability Engineering 1. Reliability fundamentals: Reliability Mathematics. Failure distributions. Causes of failures and their treatment. Reliability apportionment and prediction. Reliability data books. Data Recording and Corrective Action System (DRACAS).
	 Reliability analysis and modelling methods: Fault tree analysis, Failure Mode Effects and Criticality Analysis (FMECA), Reliability block diagram, Reliability Growth Models – IBM and Duane Reliability Growth Modelling, Reliability testing. Monte Carlo Reliability Simulation. Weibull Analysis.
	 Maintenance Management 3. Maintenance techniques and tools: Maintenance as an essential element for asset management. Reliability Centred Maintenance as a means for maintenance decision. Topics on conditioned based maintenance.

	4. <i>Management for business performance</i> : Computerized Maintenance Management System – from planning to implementation. Alternative spare sourcing. Maintenance outsourcing management for railway assets.									
	Case Study: Site Visits to MTRCL Depot Industrial/Research Seminars									
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Video clips together with lectures. Case studies will be materials being covered. Pra- with the class. A group pro- knowledge learned.	be used exten	isively e also i	to higł nvited	nlight t to have	he prac e exper	ticality	of the	subject sessions	
	Teaching/Learning Metho	dology			0	utcom	es			
			а	b	с	d	e	f	g	
	Lectures								-	
	Tutorials			\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			
	Project Work		\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	-		Inten asses		bject le	ect learning outcomes to be				
			а	b	с	d	e	f	g	
	1. Mini-project (group project)	20%		V		\checkmark		V	\checkmark	
	2. Tests	20%	\checkmark		\checkmark					
	3. Examination	60%				\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100 %								
Student Study	This is a specialist subject with bias on maintenance and reliability of railway assets, in particular on rolling stocks. A large number of case studies are discussed in the lectures and the outcomes are to test the understanding of the student on the underlying fundamentals through quizzes, mini-projects and written examinations.									
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 					36 Hrs.				
	 Industrial/Research set 	minars				3 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:									
	 Assignment and Self-s 	tudies				66 Hrs.				
	Total study effort					105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Total student study effort 105 Hrs. Textbooks: 1. J. Mouray, Reliability Centred Maintenance, 2 nd Edition, Industrial Press, 1997 2. C.E. Ebeling, An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering, McGraw-Hill, 1997 3. V. A. Profillidis, Railway management and engineering, 3 rd Edition, Burlington, Ashgate Pub. Co., 2006. 4. P. D. T. O'Connor, Practical Reliability Engineering, Wiley, 2006 5. Bury St Edmunds, Railway rolling stock, organized by the Railway Division of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers (IMechE) and the Institution of Civil Engineers									

Subject Code	EE536B
Subject Title	Signalling and Train Control Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on the basic principles and terminology of railway signalling. To enable students to acquire knowledge on train control systems and their implications to safe and efficient railway operation. To enable students to understand the design processes of signalling layout the control of signals. To provide students with the basic concepts on the principles, means, instrumentation and commissioning of train detection and interlocking systems. To appreciate the structure and components of an automatic train control system.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify the functions, operation principles and key components of a signalling system. b. Given track layout and signalling requirements, formulate a simple signalling layout. c. Describe the train detection methodologies and implementation considerations, and compare their advantages and limitations. d. Compare between relay interlocking and processor-based interlocking, their safety principles and commissioning plans. e. Explain the requirements and structure of an automatic train control system.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Basic signalling principles: Safe operation of trains, prevention of trains collision and locking of points and routes; type of signalling, signal spacing and signalling layout; headways line capacity, headways for different types of signalling systems, factors affecting headways; control table, conditions for setting of routes, clearing of signals and locking of routes and points; aspect sequence, meaning of signal aspect and the circumstances under which signals display. Train detection: Track circuit, axle counter and advanced detection system; track circuit bonding; track circuit connections and maintenance of traction return at points and crossings. Relay interlocking: Interlocking implementation based on relays, safety principles; processors/computers, safety principles. Principles of testing: Competence, functional tests, scenario tests, independent test, test strategy, test plan, commissioning plan, records. Automatic train control system: Automatic train protection, automatic train operation and automatic train supervision. Case Study: Site visits to MTR train control centres Industrial/Research seminars

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic principles of signalling functions and operations are usually simple but they are always complicated by the implementation and practices in systems with unique requirements. Lectures are necessary to cover the fundamentals, supplemented by the examples and exercises from real-life applications. Site visits to the MTR Control Centres are also arranged so that the students are able to co-relate what they have learned to actual operations.							
	Teaching/Learning Meth		(Outcome	8			
			а	b	c d		e	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Site visits			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Industrial seminars						\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended	5	learning	outcome	s to be	
			а	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Test	25%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	3. Assignments	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Total	100%						
Student Study Effort Expected	practical skills through exercises. Test and assignment provid practical design skills. Class contact:							
	Lecture/Tutorial		33 Hrs.					
	Industrial/Research s		6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:							
	Assignments		10 Hrs.					
	 Self-study 		53 Hrs.					
	Site visit				3 Hrs.			
			Total student study effort					
	Total student study effort						105 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Total student study effort Textbooks: 1. M.E. Leach, Railway 2. Edited by B. Ning, Additional Statements	Control Systen						

Subject Code	EE537B
Subject Title	Railway Vehicles
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on design and applications of railway vehicles. To ensure the students aware of the current state-of-the-art on design, operation and maintenance of railway vehicles in Hong Kong and overseas. To enable students to understand the procurement process of railway vehicles and the necessary management. To acquire knowledge on the components in railway vehicles and their modelling for analysis. To appreciate the testing standards for vehicles; and the inspection and quality control measures.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify various types and configurations of railway vehicles. b. Discuss the design principles and system performance of railway vehicles and be aware of the latest development in the technology. c. Elaborate on the project management process for railway vehicle procurement and devise feasibility study and maintenance planning. d. Apply appropriate modelling for vehicles, body design and train dynamics in vehicle performance analysis. e. Given the acceptance standards, formulate tests and inspection for quality control purposes. f. Appreciate the role of engineers on matters other than technical issues. g. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway vehicle design at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Project management for procurement of railway vehicle: Planning and feasibility study, System selection, definition of vehicle, specification, design management, testing and commissioning, maintenance planning. Railway vehicle design and development: Types and configurations of railway vehicles, design principles, system performance, Interface and environmental considerations, modern development. System description and mechanism design: Carbody, bogie, coupler, door, brake, pneumatics, air-conditioning, traction and control, pantograph, auxiliary equipment. Vehicle modelling and gauging: Rail vehicle components, suspension system, modelling of vehicles and analysis, kinetic envelope, load gauge. Vehicle structures and dynamics: Body shell design, load cases, structural testing and analysis, fundamentals of train dynamics, wheel rail interface, track geometry effect, derailment prediction. Vehicle acceptance and testing: Acceptance standards, type test, inspection and quality control, static testing, dynamic runs, shakedown operation and reliability monitoring.

		Case Study: Site Visits to MTRCL Depots Industrial/Research Seminars								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The main lecturers are from MTRC, and their experiences/knowledge are shared with students via lectures and tutorials for conveying the concept and theories. The site visit to MTR system has reinforced the pragmatic design and application in a realistic system. Problem solving skill and team work are trained via minor project.									
	Teaching/Learning N	ſethodology					Outcon	nes		
				а	b	c	d	e	f	g
	Lectures					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Tutorials				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment	%	Inte	nded	subjec	t learr	ing out	comes 1	to be as	ssessed
Alignment with Intended Learning	methods/tasks	weighting	a		b	c	d	e	f	g
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Test	25%	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Presentation with Essay Submission	15%	\checkmark		V	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	V
	Total 100%									
Ster June Chr. Jun	The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means o examination and test. The problem solving skill is evaluated via presentation (with essay submission).									
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:									
	Lecture/Tutorial 33 Hi								33 Hrs.	
	Presentation seminar 3 Hrs								3 Hrs.	
	Site visit 3 Hr.								3 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:									
	Presentation preparation/report						24 Hrs.			
	Self-study						42 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort						105 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Textbooks: 1. V.K. Garg and R.V. Dukkipati, Dynamic of Railway Vehicle Systems, Academi Press, 1984 2. A.H. Wickens, Fundamentals of Rail Vehicle Dynamics: Guidance and Stability Swets & Zeitlinger Publishers, 2003 3. M.A. Crisfield, Finite Elements and Solution Procedures for Structural Analysi Pineridge Press, 1984 Reference books: 1. Selected papers from the Proceedings of IMechE Part F – Journal of Rail and Rapi Transit 									

Subject Code	EE550B					
Subject Title	Enterprise Risk and Asset Management					
Credit Value	3					
Level	5					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil					
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy					
Objectives	 To allow students to appreciate how enterprise risk management and asset management contribute to business sustainability of railway operation and the required organisation. To provide students with basic understanding of Enterprise Risk Management in railway industry. To provide students with comprehensive understanding on asset management for railways and the concept and principles of which are also applicable to other industry sectors. To enable students to acquire knowledge on the key asset management processes and techniques adopted. To enable students to apply international standard and practices on asset management. 					
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the key elements of asset management and ERM framework, international standards and critical success factors for system implementation. b. Appreciate the asset management and enterprise risk management techniques. c. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest industry best practices on asset management at this advanced level of study. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Enterprise Risk Management Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework Risk management organisation for ERM Risk aggregation and reporting, risk categorization and measurement, risk identification and assessment, risk control and responses, review and audit Critical success factors for ERM Application of ERM in typical railway system 					
	 2. Asset Management Asset Management Framework Introduction to PAS 55: 2008 Alignment with corporate asset management direction Asset management organizations Asset management and business sustainability Enabling Processes for Asset Management Establishment and measurement for levels of service Demand forecasting and management Risk management for asset management Condition assessment and performance monitoring Reliability Centred Maintenance Asset criticality Maintenance management planning Asset investment and reinvestment decision making Value engineering, life cycle costing & Internal Rate of Return Audit and management review for asset management 					

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Asset Management Information Systems and Data Management Asset management information system Data structure and numbering Data collection and management Case Study: Case studies of asset management and ERM techniques and practices Industrial/Research seminars The concept of risk and asset management, reliability analysis and system assurance analysis be presented through lectures and tutorials with reference to real-life applications on railway related systems. Students will be required to form groups to work through cases covering pracon the real-life cases. Guest lectures are structured on appropriate sessions for relating theoretical concepts real-life to practices. Students are required to share, present and defense finding on their case studies.							
		Outcomes						
	Teaching/Learning Methodolo	ву	a	Outcomes	с			
	Lectures		a √	U √	√			
1	Case Studies		√	, √				
	Discussion Forum and Present	ation	V	V	\checkmark			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subj assessed	ct learning outcomes to be				
Intended Learning			a	b	c			
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	√	V	\checkmark			
	2. Class Test	20%	√ /	√ /	1			
	3. Case study report Total	20%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	The outcomes on the concepts of analysis are assessed by the usual means of examination and test whilst those on practical application, problem-solving techniques and presentation of findings, as well as technical reporting and teamwork, are evaluated by the case study exercise.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture		33 Hrs.					
	 Guest Lecture 				6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:							
	Case study preparation/rep	ort		18 Hrs.				
	Self-study			48 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	Reference books/journals: 1. PAS 55 : 2008 Asset Manag 2. ISO 31000: 2009 Risk manag 3. BS 31100: 2008 Risk manag	igement – Pri	nciples and guide	elines				

Subject Code
Subject Title
Credit Value
Level
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion
Collaboration Institute
Objectives
Intended Learning Outcomes
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 a) Lectures - 30 hours b) Site visits c) Tutorial/Discussion with Metro personnel - 9 hours Core subject knowledge will be delivered in the lectures, site visits will enhance the students' understanding on the subject contents, while tutorials and discussion with Metro personnel will give more details on the real world practices. 					
	Teaching/Learning Methodol	ogy		Outcomes		
			a b c		с	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorials		\checkmark		\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject learning be assessed			ject learning ou	itcomes to	
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Mini project/assignments	40%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Examination	60%		\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100%				
	Candidates are expected to select a mini-project from the wealth of case studies to demonstrate their understanding of the metro systems. The examination covers both practical and theoretical aspects of the major issues to be considered in the design and planning of metro systems in both Hong Kong and Mainland.					
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lectures			30 Hrs.		
	Tutorials			9 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:					
	Site Visits			9 Hrs.		
	 Self-study 		57			
	Total student study effort 105				105 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Hirsch, R. (Ed), (2007), 'M Practices from KCRC', Ur Industry specific codes of 	niversity of E	Birmingham Pr	ess		

Subject Code	EE5381
Subject Title	System Assurance and Safety in Railways
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: EE538
Collaboration Institute	MTR Academy
Objectives	 To allow students to appreciate the importance of safety in railway operation and the required organisation for hazard management. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding on the relationship between railway safety and service performance objectives and application of methodologies of system assurance and safety risk. To enable students to acquire knowledge on the key management processes and analysis techniques adopted in various project phases. To enable students to acquire hand-on experience from railway operators on system assurance and safety risk.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify safety performance indicators and the safety risk principles to produce such indicators. b. Given a railway sub-system, devise the simple safety risk ranking and matrices; and carry out hazard operability study. c. Conduct various system assurance analyses with different techniques to ensure fulfilment of international standards for different purposes. d. Organise safety committees, formulate system assurance programme planning and develop safety cases. e. Analyse the collected safety statistics and plan the hazard registration system. f. Appreciate the safety management skills required in engineering systems g. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Safety Risk Assessment: Railway safety performance, life cycle safety management process, ALARP (As Low AS Reasonably Practicable) principle, societal perception of risk, risk ranking and matrices, closed loop risk management process, tolerability of risk and formulation of risk criteria, value of preventing a fatality, equivalent fatality, risk mitigation principle System Assurance Analysis Techniques & Standards: Hazard & operability study, use of guidewords in identification of hazards, fault tree analysis, event tree analysis, cause-consequence analysis, preliminary hazard analysis, operation & support hazard analysis, cost benefit analysis, qualitative and quantitative risk analyses, system safety modelling, classification of safety critical items, human error & system safety, safety integrity level & software, MIL STD 882D, IEC 61508, EN50126, BS 5760 Organisation & Programme Management: Safety case, in-service safety risk monitoring programme, collection and use of safety statistics, hazard registration system, hazard management organisation.

	Case Study: MTRCL System assurance practices Industrial/Research seminars								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are effective teaching methods: 1. To provide an overview or outline of the subject contents. 2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge to the students. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts of the subject. 4. To allow students to feedback on aspects related to their learning. Mini-project works/Assignments are essential ingredients of this subject: 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To add real experience for the students. 3. To provide deeper understanding of the subject. 4. To enable students to organise principles and challenge ideas. Case studies: 1. To give real example for some of the concept presented in the lectures. 2. To explain some practical considerations when applying technologies in real projects 3. To motivate and stimulate students interest								
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	ology			0	utcome	es		
			a	<u>b</u>	c	d	e	f	g
	Lectures Tutorials				V	√ √	√ 		
	Mini-project works/Assignments				V	V	$\frac{}{}$	al	
	Case studies						N	N	N
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning outcome assessed a b c d			omes t	o be				
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
outcomes	2. Class Test	20%	\checkmark			\checkmark			
	3. Assignments/Mini- project works	20%			\checkmark		V	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Total	100%							
	The understanding on theoretical principle and practical considerations, analytical skills and problem solving technique will be evaluated. Examination, class tests, assignments, presentations and mini-project report are an integrated approach to validly assess students' performance with respect to the intended subject learning outcomes.							nments,	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:								
Enort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial				3	9 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:								
	Assignment/Mini Projec	t						2	1 Hrs.
	Self-study							4	5 Hrs.
	Total student study effort							10	5 Hrs.

Reading List and References	 Textbooks: 1. D.J. Smith, Reliability, Maintainability and Risk, 5th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1997 2. J.D. Andrews and T.R. Moss, Reliability and Risk Assessment, Longman, 1993 3. F. Redmill, M. Chudleigh and J. Catmur, System Safety: HAZOP and Software HAZOP,
	 Wiley, 1999 Reference books/journals: 1. EN50126:1999 "Railway Applications – The specification and Demonstration of Reliability, Availability, Maintainability and Safety" 2. MIL -STD-882D "Standard Practice for System Safety", Department of Defence, USA

Subject Code	ELC1011
Subject Title	Practical English for University Studies
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject aims to develop and enhance students' general proficiency and communication skills in English. A strong focus will be given to enhancing competence and confidence in writing, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. organise and write accurate and coherent short texts b. improve language accuracy and the ability to proofread for common errors in written texts c. use appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills to enhance fluency and accuracy in
	spoken communication such as short presentations To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present their views logically and coherently.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. Written communication Enhancing the use of accurate and appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary for various communicative purposes; improving the ability to organise written texts logically; and improving cohesion and coherence in writing.
	2. Spoken communication Developing verbal and non-verbal interaction strategies appropriate to the context and level of formality.
	3. Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information delivered in written and spoken texts; developing effective reading and listening strategies.
	4. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting of texts, information search, mini-presentations and discussions. Students will make use of elearning resources and web-based work to improve their grammar and vocabulary, and other language skills.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub outcomes to	ject learning be assessed		
itcomes			a	b		
	1. In-class paragraph writing	25%	~	~		
	2. Essay writing	40%	~	~		
	3. Documentary presentation	35%	✓	~		
	Total	100%				
	Explanation of the appropriatenes learning outcomes: The paragraph writing test, which organization skills, necessitate ac	assess students	s' grammar, vo			
	The essay writing assessment evaluates students' ability write a longer text in accurate and appropriate grammatical structures (ref. Los (a) and (b)).					
	The documentary presentation assesses students' ability to speak accurately, appropriately and confidently. Students will research a topic, organise information from a variety of sources, and deliver the information as a digital documentary and mini-presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and (c)).					
	In addition to these assessments, training through web-based langu online tasks is aligned with all the	age work. The	additional lang	guage training offe		
tudent Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Seminar		39			
	Other student study effort:					
	Self-study/preparation			78 H		
	Total student study effort			117		
Reading List and References	Course material 1. Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre					
	 Recommended references Boyle, J. & Boyle, L. (1998). Common Spoken English Errors in Hong Kong. Ho Kong: Longman. Brannan, B. (2003). A writer's workshop: Crafting paragraphs, building essays (ed.). Boston: McGraw-Hill. 					
	3. Hancock, M. (2003). <i>English pronunciation in use</i> . Cambridge: Cambrid University Press.					
	4. Nettle, M. and Hopkins, D. (2003). <i>Developing grammar in context: Intermedia</i> Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.					
	 Redman, S. (2003). English vocabulary in use: Pre-intermediate and intermediate Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. 					
		ersity Press.				

Subject Code	ELC1013
Subject Title	English for University Studies
	(This subject will be offered in two versions for students who will primarily be using (1) APA/Harvard referencing styles or (2) IEEE/Vancouver referencing styles in their university studies.)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students entering the University with Level 5 from the HKDSE will be exempted from this subject. They can proceed to Advanced English for University Studies (ELC1014).
Objectives	This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts.
Intended Learning	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. refer to sources in written texts and oral presentationsb. paraphrase and summarise materials from written and spoken sourcesc. plan, write and revise expository essays with references to sourcesd. deliver effective oral presentations
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present information logically and coherently.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. Written communication Analysing and practising common writing functions; improving the ability of writing topic sentences and strategies for paragraph development; understanding common patterns of organisation in expository writing; taking notes from written and spoken sources; practising summarising and paraphrasing skills; improving coherence and cohesion in writing; developing revision and proofreading skills.
	 Spoken communication Recognising the purposes of and differences between spoken and written communication in English in university study contexts; identifying and practising the verbal and non- verbal interaction strategies in oral presentations; developing and applying critical thinking skills to discussions of issues. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of elearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Alignment with Intended Learning		0 0	а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Academic essay 1	30%	✓	~	✓		
	2. Academic essay 2	30%	~	~	~		
	3. Oral presentation	40%	✓	~		~	
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriaten learning outcomes:	ess of the assessmen	t method	s in asse	ssing th	e intended	
	Assessments 1 and 2 necessitate achievement of LOs (a), (b) and (c) in order to write an effective academic essay via the process of extending and improving the essay for assessment 1. In order for students to present an effective academic oral presentation, as demanded in assessment 3, they will need to read, note and synthesise from a variety of sources, and refer to those sources in their presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and (d)).						
	In addition to these assessments, students are required to complete further language training, through web-based language work, reading tasks and online reflections. The additional language training offered in online tasks is aligned with all the four LOs. Ir some of the tasks, students to critically read and summarise information contained in a variety of sources, as required in LOs (a) and (b).						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						
Enort Expected	Seminars			39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:						
	Self study/preparation			78 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort			117 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	1. Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre						
	 Recommended references Bailey, S. (2014). Academic writing: a handbook for international students. Abingdon: Routledge. Comfort, J. (2001). Effective presentations. Oxford: Cornelsen & Oxford University Press. Hung, T. T. N. (2005). Understanding English grammar: A course book for Chinese learners of English. Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press. Swales, J. M., & Feak, C. B. (2004). Academic writing for graduate students: Essential tasks and skills. Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan Press Tang, R. (2012). Academic writing in a second or foreign language: Issues and challenges facing ESL/EFL academic writers in higher education contexts. London: Continuum International Pub. Zwier, L. J. (2002). Building academic vocabulary. Ann Arbor, MI: University of 				or n Press. es and		

Subject Code	ELC1014
Subject Title	Advanced English for University Studies
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ELC1012/ELC1013 (unless exempted)
Objectives	This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. research relevant academic texts for a topic and integrate the sources into a position argument essay appropriately and effectively; b. plan, research for, write and revise a position argument essay; and c. present and justify views effectively in a mini oral defence. To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion logically and persuasively.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Developing logical and persuasive arguments; applying a variety of organisation patterns in discursive writing, including the writing of explanatory and evaluative texts; selecting information from academic texts critically; supporting stance; maintaining cohesion and coherence in discursive writing; achieving appropriate style and tone. Spoken communication
	 Enhancing and practising the specific oral and aural skills required to participate effectively in an academic discussion and to present and justify views in an oral defence. 3. Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information in oral and written texts; comprehending, inferring and evaluating messages and attitude. 4. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of elearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		subject lear to be asses	U		
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с		
	1. Position Argument Essay (draft)	20%	~	~			
	2. Academic Presentation & discussion	35%	~		~		
	3. Position Argument Essay (final)	45%	~	~			
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of t learning outcomes:	he assessment	methods in	assessing 1	the intended		
	Assessments 1 and 3 assess students' al requires research, and effective use ar Assessment 2 assesses their abilities to defence (ref. LOs (a) and (c)).	nd referencing	of sources	(ref. LOs ((a) and (b)).		
	In addition to their assessments, students complete further language tra out academic research and by completing a variety of IndiWork tasks (out of class) focussing on grammar and academic skills such as discussion strategies.						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:						
Enort Expected	Seminars		39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self study/preparation 		78 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort				117 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Course material 1. Learning materials developed by th	ne English Lang	guage Cent	re			
	Recommended references						
	 Davies, B. (2012). Reading research: A user friendly guide for health professionals (5th ed.). Toronto, ON: Elsevier Canada. 						
	2. Faigley, L. (2012). Backpack writing: Reflecting, arguing, informing, analyzing, evaluating (3 rd ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson.						
	3. Madden, C. and Rohlck, T. N. (19 community. Ann Arbor, MI: Unive	97). Discussio		action in th	he academic		
	 McWhorter, K. T. (2007). Academic reading (6th ed.). New York, NY: Pearson/Longman 						
	 Oshima, A. & Hogue, A. (2006). Writing academic English (4th ed.). White Plains, NY: Pearson/Longman. 						
	 Reinhart, S. M. (2013). <i>Giving academic presentations</i> (2nd ed.). Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan Press. 						
	 Rost, M. (2013). <i>Active listening</i>. Harlow, England: Pearson. 						
	8. Wood, N. V. (2012). Perspectives	on argument (7	th ed.). Bos	ton, MA: P	earson.		

Subject Code	ELC2011
Subject Title	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ELC1014
Objectives	This subject aims to help students become more effective readers and writers. It focuses on developing students' facility to read a variety of texts in a critical manner, both intensively and extensively; and to write texts that demonstrate knowledge and insight.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to examine a variety of texts, including literary texts, and:
	 a. reflect on and critically analyze texts of different genres and styles, identifying the writer's aims and stance b. identify and evaluate language used to make claims and support these with valid arguments c. write a text on a chosen topic that includes their opinion and interpretation of some key issues and demonstrates critical thinking and creativity
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	Reading strategies Reading extensively to appreciate the use of language, acquire information, promote understanding, and develop empathy. Reading intensively to investigate a particular topic and develop an in-depth understanding of issues and stances. Reading critically to extract implications, identify writers' assumptions and purposes, and analyze issues raised in texts written from different perspectives.
	Writing strategies Describing and analyzing the structure, meaning and characteristics of a variety of texts. Presenting views and arguments to educated readers with sophisticated language and
Teaching/Learning Methodology	appropriate visual images and formats. The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended learning approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class work involving sharing and discussion of reading experiences; and reading, evaluating and drafting texts. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of e-learning resources to engage in discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub be assessed	ject learning o	outcomes to		
			а	b	с		
Assessment	1. Reflective writing	20%	~				
Methods in Alignment with	2. Analyzing genres of writing	40%	~	~			
Intended Learning Outcomes	3. Feature article writing	40%			✓		
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriatene learning outcomes: Assessment 1 requires students to and sharing their ideas in class; assessment) requires students to interpret texts, identify the writer used; and is aligned with ILOs (a research and gain some insight in inform and impress readers throu with ILO (c). Through these assess more advanced reading and writin	write a reflect and is aligned employ effect 's style and s) and (b). Asso nto a particul ugh its substat ssments, stude	ction after read d with ILO (a tive critical re- stance, and eva essment 3 requ ar topic, then nce, structure	ling a range of .). Assessment eading and thi luate the choi uires students produce an art and language;	Fliterary genres t 2 (an in-class inking skills to ice of language to first conduct ticle which can and is aligned		
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Seminars		39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	Online forums and blogs Readings and sharing session pre Research and drafting/revising of		78 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort:		117 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	Course material 1. Learning materials developed	Centre					
	 Recommended references Best, J. (2001). Damned lies and statistics: Untangling numbers politicians, and activists. Berkeley, CA: University of California. 						
	gically, thinkir	ically, thinking critically. New York, NY:					
	3. Damer, T. E. (2009). Attacking faulty reasoning: A practical guide to fallacy-free arguments. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning.						
	4. Kennedy, X. J. & Gioia, D. (2 drama, and writing (11 th ed.).	2010). <i>Literat</i> New York, N	<i>ure: An introd</i> NY: Longman.	uction to fictio	on, poetry,		
	5. Mefcalfe, M. (2006). Reading	g critically at	university. Th	ousand Oaks,	CA: Sage.		

Subject Code	ELC2012
Subject Title	Persuasive Communication
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ELC1014
Objectives	This subject aims to help students become more persuasive communicators in a variety of contexts that they may encounter at university and in the workplace.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 By the end of the subject, students should be able to communicate effectively in an English-medium environment through: a) writing persuasive texts intended for a variety of audiences b) communicating persuasively in oral contexts c) make persuasive arguments in formal discussions To achieve these, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Preparing for effective persuasion Assessing the situation; selecting relevant content; organising ideas and information; selecting an appropriate tone, distance and level of formality to support the communication of messages. Persuasion through writing Developing and practising appropriate language, tone, style and structure; achieving cohesion and coherence. Persuasion through speaking Developing and practising appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills for persuasive oral communication; improving and extending relevant pronunciation features, including articulation, pausing, intonation, word stress and sentence stress.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Activities include teacher input as well as individual and group work involving reading and appreciating texts, discussions and presentations of ideas. Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended su be assessed	bject learning	outcomes to	
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	
outcomes	1. Speech	30%		~		
	2. Persuasive written text	40%	~		~	
	3. Debate	30%		~		
	Total	100%				
Student Sty dy	learning outcomes: Assessment 1 is an indivi Assessment 3 examines a Class contact:					writing.
Student Study Effort Expected						
	Seminars				3	39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort	t:				
	Self study/preparation	on			2	78 Hrs.
	Total student study effort				1	17 Hrs.
Reading List and	Required readings			H		
References	1. ELC-provided subject	t materials.				
	 Other readings Breaden, B. L. (1996, College. Covino, W.A. (1998) Edwards, R. E. (2008, Books. Leanne, S. (2008). Sa vision. New York: M Rogers, W. (2007). P Rowman & Littlefield Stiff, J. B. (2003). Peters 	. The element). Competitiv ty it like Obar cGraw Hill. Persuasion: m d Publishers.	's of persuasi e debate: Tha na: The powe essages, rece	on. Boston: Al e official guide er of speaking ivers, and cont	lyn and Bacor . New York: 4 with purpose o texts. Lanham	n. Alpha <i>and</i> , MD:

Subject Code	ELC2013
Subject Title	English in Literature and Film
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ELC1014
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to a range of literary genres in English as well as to enable them to consider differences in media representations of genres, and to appreciate and negotiate the meanings of a variety of literary texts.
	It is also intended that the subject will help students further develop literacy, as well as higher order thinking and life-long learning skills.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. examine and analyse literary texts from different perspectivesb. discuss literary techniques employed by writersc. appreciate and articulate differences in textual and visual media representations
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Describing and interpreting content and language in literary texts; employing appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary.
	2. Spoken communication Presenting critical evaluation of literary works effectively and convincingly.
	3. Reading Developing understanding of and competence in using literary devices such as metaphor, simile and symbolism, via reading literary texts and viewing film versions.
	4. Language development Improving fluency and pronunciation, and extending grammatical and lexical competence.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving listening to and viewing a variety of audio-visual sources, reading and drafting texts, conducting internet research, making mini-presentations, participating in discussions, and comparing various representations of literature. Students will make use of elearning resources and web-based work to further improve their English literacy skills.

	Learning materials develop the course. Students will the ELC's Centre for In materials will be recomme	be referred to learn dependent Languag	ing resources	s on the Int	ernet and in	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks			Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed		
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	
	1. Individual paper	30%	~	~		
	2. Written test	40%	~	~	~	
	3. Group project	30%	~	~	~	
	Total	100%				
Student Study Effort	Assessment 2 assesses stu comparison of the merits of group project that requires presentation of audio-visual Class contact:	of its textual and the reading and interpre	eatrical version	ons. Asses	sment 3 is a	
Expected	Seminars			39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:				39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:				39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort: Self study/preparation				39 Hrs. 78 Hrs.	

Subject Code	ELC3521					
Subject Title	Professional Communication in English					
Credit Value	2					
Level	3					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite / Co-requisite: English LCR subjects					
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in English required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals.					
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in English, students will be able to:					
	 a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers 					
	 b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences 					
	 c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences 					
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	 Project proposal in English Planning and organising a project proposal Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the current situation or existing literature to substantiate a project proposal 					
	 Describing the methods of study 					
	 Describing and discussing anticipated project results and (if applicable) results of a pilot study 					
	• Presenting the budget, schedule and (if applicable) method of evaluation					
	Writing an executive summary					
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English					
	Selecting content for an audience-focused presentation					
	Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience					
	• Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in a team presentation					
	 Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies 					

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject is designed to develop the English language skills, both oral and written, that students need to use to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.						
	The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, minipresentations, discussions and simulations.						
	The learning and teachir which will engage studer to different intended read	nts in proposii	ng and report	ing on an engineerir	ng-related proje		
	 planning and rese writing project-re giving oral preser	lated docume	ents such as p	roject proposals olders of the project	t		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended su be assessed	ibject learning outco	omes to		
Outcomes			а	b	с		
	1. Project proposal in English	40%	~		~		
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English	60%		~	✓		
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the approplearning outcomes: The assessments will aris collaborate in groups in p on the project. They wi targeted at different inten ability to select content intended readers/audience Assessment type	e from a cour blanning, rese ll be assesse ded readers/a and use lang	se-long engin arching, disc d on written udiences. Th	neering-related proje ussing and giving on documents and on is facilitates assess	ect. Students wi oral presentation ral presentation nent of students		
	1. Project proposal in E	English		readers/audience Mainly	Week 8		
	Each team writes a pro words; and each memb 250 words explaining h project	posal of 2000 er writes a re	port of 200-	engineering experts			
	2. Oral presentation of English	project propo	sal in	Mainly non-experts	Weeks 12-13		
	Each team delivers a sp team of four), simulatin						

final proposal

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Seminars	26 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Researching, planning and writing the project Rehearsing the presentation	52 Hrs.
	Total student study effort:	78 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 D.F. Beer, (Ed.), Writing and speaking in the technology pr guide, 2nd ed., Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2003. R. Johnson-Sheehan, Writing proposals, 2nd ed., New York: 2008. S. Kuiper, Contemporary business report writing, 3rd ed., C Thomson/South-Western, 2007. M.S. Lawrence, Writing as a thinking process: Teacher's m Mich: University of Michigan Press, 1975. 	Pearson/Longman, incinnati, OH:
	 D.C. Reep, <i>Technical writing: Principles, strategies and rec</i> Longman, 2006. 	adings, 6th ed., Pearson,

Subject Code	ENG1003
Subject Title	Freshman Seminar for Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 The objectives of this subject are to: (1) Introduce students to the engineering broad discipline and enthuse them about their major study (2) Cultivate students' creativity and problem-solving ability, and global outlook (3) Introduce students to the concept of entrepreneurship (4) Engage the students in desirable forms of learning at university that emphasizes self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: (a) Be able to demonstrate an understanding and an enthusiasm about the engineering broad discipline and their major study (b) Develop their problem-solving ability and global outlook (c) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of entrepreneurship (d) Be able to research for information, formulate a project plan, and manage a project with initiative (e) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (4 hours*) Students will be required to complete successfully an Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of the first semester. The students will understand the importance of academic integrity by completing the Online Tutorial. Seminars (12 hours*) There will be seminars given by various speakers on various topics to introduce to students the engineering broad discipline, to enthuse them about their major study, to arouse students' interests in engineering and to cultivate their understanding of and sense of belonging to the discipline and the engineering profession, and to cultivate students' global outlook. The formats of the seminars may be, but not limited to, Departmental Seminars, and Renowned Speaker Seminar. Freshman Project (45 hours*) There will be practical workshops, presentation and demonstration sessions for the Freshman Project. The freshman project aims at developing students' creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information, and project management abilities through practical and hands-on tasks at a level commensurate with their first-year engineering backgrounds. Students will work in small groups under the guidance of teachers/instructors to design and implement an engineering solution to some given problems. Entrepreneurship Project (45 hours*) The entrepreneurship project is designed to develop students' appreciation and understanding about entrepreneurship and the commercialization process by attending lectures, workshops and tutorials. In the course of the Entrepreneurship Project, students will identify technology opportunities and learn the skills of preparing a simple business plan. (* Note: hours indicate total student workload)

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity						
	The Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity is developed by the University to help the students understand the importance of academic integrity. By going through the Online Tutorial, students will be aware of the importance of upholding academic integrity during University study. They will also learn good practices by which to stay clear of dishones behaviors and academic plagiarism. Seminars The seminars (such as renowned speaker seminars and departmental seminars) are						
	designed to arouse students' interest about engineering. The delivery mode will be interactive and engaging. Students will be motivated to search for information and de background reading. They will be encouraged to raise questions and discuss with the presenters. Assessment tasks (quizzes) will be designed to measure students' learning outcomes as well as to encourage participation and interaction.						
	Freshman Project For the Freshman Project, students will work collaboratively with their group members to design and implement an engineering solution to a given problem under the guidance of instructors. There will be close staff-students and students-students <i>interaction</i> . Students will be given opportunities to develop creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information and project management abilities. Assessment tasks will consist of demonstration, presentation, reports, and reflective essay writings. These are designed to evaluate individual student's performance and achievement of the relevant intended learning outcomes as well as to encourage active participation.						
	<i>Entrepreneurship Project</i> There will be lectures, workshops, an required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sut to present it to fellow classmates. Asses about entrepreneurship, innovation and	provided to stu- shop to apprect osequently to p sment will focu	udents viate th roduce	throug e esser a simp	h lectu ntial el ple bus	res. T ement iness j	hey w s in the sin the second
Methods in Alignment with	There will be lectures, workshops, an required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sub to present it to fellow classmates. Asses	provided to stu- shop to apprece osequently to p sment will focu- creativity. ill be assessed ention from gra-	udents biate th produce us towa by usir ade F (throug e esser a simp ords stung ng a lett failure	h lectu ntial el ole bus dents' ter-grad	res. T ement iness p unders ding s	hey w s in the plan and standin ystem
Methods in Alignment with ntended Learning	There will be lectures, workshops, am required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sub to present it to fellow classmates. Asses about entrepreneurship, innovation and Students' performance in this subject w accordance with the University's conver-	provided to stu- shop to apprece osequently to p sment will focu- creativity. ill be assessed ention from gra-	by usin ade F (s follow	throug e esser a simp ards stund ng a lett failure vs: uded su omes to	h lectu ntial el ple bus dents' ter-grad) to A+ bject lo o be ass	res. T ement iness J unders ding s +. The earning sessed	hey w s in tl plan an standin ystem relativ
Methods in Alignment with ntended Learning	There will be lectures, workshops, and required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sub to present it to fellow classmates. Asses about entrepreneurship, innovation and Students' performance in this subject w accordance with the University's conve- weights of the different assessment con	provided to stu- shop to apprect osequently to p sment will focu- creativity. ill be assessed ention from gra- ponents are as %	udents iate th roduce us towa by usin ade F (s follow	throug e esser a simp rds stund ng a lett failure vs:	h lectu ntial el ble bus dents' ter-grad) to A-	res. T ement iness p unders ding s +. The earning	hey w s in the plan an standin ystem relativ
Methods in Alignment with ntended Learning	There will be lectures, workshops, am required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sut to present it to fellow classmates. Asses about entrepreneurship, innovation and Students' performance in this subject w accordance with the University's conve- weights of the different assessment con Specific assessment methods/tasks Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity Seminars Quizzes	provided to stu- shop to apprect- osequently to p sment will focu- creativity. ill be assessed ention from gra- ponents are as % weighting	by usin ade F (s follow	throug e esser a simp ards stund ng a lett failure vs: uded su omes to	h lectu ntial el ple bus dents' ter-grad) to A+ bject lo o be ass	res. T ement iness J unders ding s +. The earning sessed	hey w s in the blan an standin ystem relativ
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	There will be lectures, workshops, am required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sut to present it to fellow classmates. Asses about entrepreneurship, innovation and Students' performance in this subject w accordance with the University's conve- weights of the different assessment con Specific assessment methods/tasks Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity Seminars	provided to stu- shop to apprect- ossequently to p sment will focu- creativity. ill be assessed ention from gra- ponents are as % weighting 0%	by usin ade F (s follow Inten a	throug e esser a simp urds stund failure vs: ided su b b	h lectuntial el lole bus dents' ter-gra- bject lo b be ass c	res. T rement iness p unders ding sy +. The earning sessed d	hey w s in the blan an standin ystem relativ
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	There will be lectures, workshops, am required to conduct the project will be then work in small groups in a works development of a business plan and sut to present it to fellow classmates. Asses about entrepreneurship, innovation and Students' performance in this subject w accordance with the University's conve- weights of the different assessment con Specific assessment methods/tasks Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity Seminars Quizzes Freshman Project Project demonstration, presentation,	provided to stu- shop to apprect- sequently to p sment will foct creativity. ill be assessed ention from gra- ponents are as % weighting 0% 10%	by usin ade F (s follow Inten a	throug e esser a simp urds stund failure vs: uded su pomes to b	h lectu ntial el ple bus dents' ter-grad) to A+ bject lo o be ass	res. T ement iness J unders ding sy +. The earning sessed d	hey w s in the blan an standin ystem relativ

Quizzes (online or paper-based) can measure the students' understanding about the
engineering discipline. Through reflective essays, students can reflect on their
appreciation and understanding about the engineering discipline. Through project
demonstration, presentation and project reports, students can demonstrate their creativity
and problem-solving skills abilities. They can also demonstrate their ability to research
for information, formulate a project plan, and manage a project with initiative. Through
business plan, students can demonstrate their understanding about entrepreneurship.

Pass Conditions

In order to pass this subject, students must obtain a Grade D or above for total marks comprising the Seminars, Freshman Project and Entrepreneurship Project as described here <u>AND</u> pass the Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of semester 1 as described in the previous section.

Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	 Introduction and Seminars (such as Departmental Seminars, Renowned Speaker Seminar) 	6 Hrs.			
	Freshman project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks	15 Hrs.			
	 Entrepreneurship project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks 	15 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:	70 Hrs.			
	<u>4</u> hours for Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity; <u>6</u> hours for seminars quizzes preparation; <u>60</u> hours for Freshman project and Entrepreneurship project: background information search, project work preparation, meeting and discussion, presentation and demonstration, and report writing.				
	Total student study effort	106 Hrs.			
Reading and References List	H. Scott Fogler and Steven E. LeBlanc, <i>Strategies for creati</i> Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2008	ve problem solving, Upper			
	N.J. Smith (ed), <i>Engineering project management</i> , Oxford, UK; Malden, MA: Blackwell, 2008				
	Gene Moriaty, <i>The engineering project: its nature, ethics, and promise,</i> University Park, Pa.: Pennsylvania State University Press, 2008.				
	K. Allen, <i>Entrepreneurship for scientists and engineers</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2010.				
	The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, "Engineering Our City", Youtube clip ref. no. nYMmI6vlVeQ				

Subject Code	ENG2001				
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering				
Credit Value	3				
Level	2				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	1. To realize the impact of the development of engineering materials on human civilization;				
	2. To enable students to establish a broad knowledge base on the structure and properties of materials for solving engineering problems.				
	3. To enable students to understand the applications and selection of engineering materials based on the consideration of properties, cost, ease of manufacture, environmental issues and their in service performance.				
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
outcomes	a. comprehend the importance of materials in engineering and society;				
	b. explain the properties and behaviour of materials using fundamental knowledge of materials science.				
	c. apply the knowledge of materials science to analyze and solve basic engineering problems related to stress, strain and fracture of materials;				
	d. select appropriate materials for various engineering applications taking into consideration of issues in cost, quality and environmental concerns.				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. <u>Introduction</u> Historical perspective; Evolution of engineering materials; Materials science and engineering; Classification of materials				
	 <u>Atomic Structure and Structures of Materials</u> Atomic structure; Bonding forces and energies; Primary interatomic bonds and secondary bonding; Crystalline and non-crystalline materials; Phase diagram and microstructure of alloys 				
	3. <u>Electrical and Optical Properties of Materials</u> Conductors and insulators; Semi-conductor materials; N-type and P-type semiconductors; P/N junction; Light interactions with materials; Light emitting diode (LED) and photovoltaics; Light propagation in optical fibers; Liquid crystal; Photoelasticity				
	 Mechanical Properties of Materials Concept of stress and strain; Stress-strain behaviour; Elastic and plastic properties of materials; Concepts of dislocations and strengthening mechanisms; Tensile properties; Elastic recovery after plastic deformation; Hardness; Stress concentration; Impact energy, Fracture toughness; Design and safety factors 				

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 <u>Introduction to Failure /</u> Fundamentals of fractur testing; Techniques for <u>Selection of Engineering</u> Characteristics of meta Economic, environmen The subject will be delive laboratory work will substa of material applications wi also laboratory sessions w principles of materials scier 	e: ductile, brit failure analysi g <u>Materials</u> llic, polymeri tal and recycli red mainly th ntially supple ll be raised as vill be used t	tle, fatigue s and preve c, ceramic, ing issues hrough lec ment which s a focal po to illustrate	ntion electronic tures but tu h. Practical p int for disc e and assin	and compo- torials, cas problems an ussion in tu nilate some	site materials; e studies and d case studies torial classes, fundamental			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	solving skills. Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended	subject lear	ect learning outcomes to be				
Intended Learning Outcomes		0 0	a	b	с	d			
	1. Assignments	15%	~	~	√	✓			
	2. Test	20%		~	~	✓			
	3. Laboratory report	5%		~	~				
	3. Examination	60%		~	~	~			
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The assignments are designed to reflect students' understanding of the subject and to assist them in self-monitoring of their progress. The laboratory report is designed to assess the capability of students in analyzing and reporting experimental data relates to learning outcome (b). The test and examination are for determining students' understanding of key concepts as well as for assessing their achievement of the learning outcomes.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lectures, tutorials, pra 		39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:								
	Guided reading, assign		37 Hrs.						
	 Self-study and prepara examination 		47 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort123 Hrs.								

Reading List and References	1.	William D. Callister, Jr., David G. Rethwisch, <i>Fundamentals of materials science</i> and engineering, 4 th edition, <i>E-Text</i> John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 978-1-118-53126-6
	2.	William D. Callister, Jr., David G. Rethwisch, <i>Materials Science and Engineering</i> , 8 th edition, <i>E-Text</i> John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 978-1-118-37325-5
	3.	Materials World (Magazine of the Institute of Materials, Minerals and Mining)

Subject Code	ENG2002				
Subject Title	Computer Programming				
Credit Value	3				
Level	2				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	 To introduce the fundamental concepts of computer programming To equip students with sound skills in C/C++ programming language To equip students with techniques for developing structured and object-oriented computer programs To demonstrate the techniques for implementing engineering applications using computer programs. 				
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
	 a. Familiarize themselves with at least one C/C++ programming environment. b. Be proficient in using the basic constructs of C/C++ to develop a computer program. c. Be able to develop a structured and documented computer program. d. Understand the fundamentals of object-oriented programming and be able to apply it in computer program development. e. Be able to apply the computer programming techniques to solve practical engineering problems. 				
Subject Synopsis/	Syllabus:				
Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to programming - Components of a computer; Programming environment; Process of application development. 				
	 Bolts and Nuts of C/C++ - Preprocessor; Program code; Functions; Comments; Variables and constants; Expressions and statements; Operators. 				
	 Program Flow Control - Branching and looping; Function parameters passing; Return values; Local and global variables; Scope of variables. 				
	 Program Design and Debugging - Structured program design; Debugging a program. Case study: Using the Visual C++ debugger. 				
	 Basic Object Oriented Programming - Objects and classes; Private versus public; Implementing class methods; Constructors and destructors. 				
	 Pointer and Array - Stack and Free store; Create and delete objects in the free store; Pointer arithmetic; Passing function arguments by pointer; Returning values by pointer; Array of objects; Array and pointer; Array of pointers; Pointer of array; Character array; Command-line processing. 				
	7. Stream I/O - Input and output as streams; File I/O using streams.				

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Teaching and Learning Method	Sub	ended bject rning	Remar	ks				
			come						
	Lectures, supplemented with short quizzes	2,3,-		Students are introduced to the knowledge of computer programming through explanation and illustrative examples. Comprehension of the knowledge is strengthened with short quizzes. Students will be able to monitor the skills of using C/C++ and apply the techniques of developing structured object-oriented applications.					
	Laboratories/tutorials where problems are given to students for them to solve	1,2,	3,4,5	Students apply what they have le lectures and solve problems in exe The purpose is to ensure student				ercises. ts have Tutors ng the	
	Homework, tests and final examination Homework, tests and final examination Homework, tests and final examination Hey applicat solving of prob solution alternat problen program regulari underst closed-l			y doing homework, students will evelop a firm understanding and omprehension of the knowledge taught.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks		% weightir	ng Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Outcomes				1	2	3	4	5	
	1. In-class exercises		10%	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Short-quizzes		15%		~	~	~		
	3. Programming tests	30%		~	~	~	~	~	
	4. Homework	15%		~	~	~	~	~	
	5. Final examination		30%	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total		100%	<u> </u>			·		

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment me intended learning outcomes:	ethods in assessing the
	The short-quizzes are for assessing the understanding of fundat class exercises are conducted to help students familiarized language and skills. The programming tests are for assessing solving computer problems through programming within a sp doing homework, students will be able to experience how to s and design solutions by using a systematic approach. The assessing the students' ability on using the programming computer problems.	with the programming the ability of students on ecified period. Through solve computer problems final examination is for
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	39 Hrs.
	Lectures, Tests and Quizzes	26 Hrs.
	Laboratory/Tutorial	13 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	71 Hrs.
	Self-studying	57 Hrs.
	Homework	14 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	110 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Reference Books: S. Rao, Sams Teach Yourself C++ in One Hour a Day. India P.J. Deitel and H.M. Deitel, C++ How To Program, 9th ed Hall, 2014. J. Liberty and R. Cadenhead, Sams Teach Yourself C+ Indianapolis, IN: Sams, 2011. I Horton, Ivor Hortons Beginning Visual C++ 2010 Indianapolis, IN: Wiley, 2010. 	d. Boston, MA: Prentice+ in 24 hours (5th ed.)

Subject Code	ENG2003
Subject Title	Information Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide the foundation knowledge in internet applications, computer networks, and database management that is essential to modern information system design
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills
	 Understand the functions and features of modern computing systems. Understand the client-server architecture and be able to set up multiple internet applications. Understand the principles of computer networks and be able to set up simple computer networks. Understand the basic structure of a database system and be able to set up a simple database system.
	Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness 1. Solve problems using systematic approaches.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Introduction to computers</u> Introduction to information technology using Internet of Things as a real life example. Introduction to modern computing systems.
	 <u>Computer Networks</u> Introduction to computer networks (Client-Server Architecture). Study different internet applications (HTTP/FTP/DNS). Explain basic concepts on packet routing (Data Encapsulation/IP Addressing/Functions of Routers). Introduction to basic network security measures.
	 Introduction to data processing and information systems Database systems – architecture, relational database concept, structural query language (SQL), database management systems, Web and database linking, database application development. Introduction to Information systems. Workflow management. Case study: Database design, implementation and management.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	There will be a mix of lectures, tutorials, and laboratory sessions/workshops to facilitate effective learning. Students will be given case studies to understand and practice the usage of modern information systems.

Assessment		1	1						
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						
Outcomes			A1	A2	A3	A4	B1		
	1. Continuous Assessment	50%	~	~	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	50%	~	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%							
	learning outcomes: The assessment methods include an end-of-subject 2-hour closed-book examination (50%) and continuous assessment (50%), including open-booked quizzes, a closed-book mid-term test, laboratory sessions/workshops, and assignments. The examination, mid-term test, and quizzes cover intended subject learning outcomes A1, A2, A3, A4, and B1. The laboratory sessions/workshops give students hands-on experience on setting up internet-applications, building computer networks, and constructing database.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	 Lectures (18), tutorials (39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:								
	Workshops preparation (6/workshop)						30 Hrs.		
	• Self study (3/week)						39 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort 108 Hr								
Reading List and References	1. B. Williams and S. Sawyer, Using Information Technology: A Practical Introduction to Computers and Communications, 11 th ed., McGraw-Hill, 2014.								
	2. J. F. Kurose and K. W. Ross, <i>Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach</i> , 7 th ed. Pearson, 2016.								
	3. D. E. Comer, <i>Computer Networks and Internets</i> , 6 th ed., Pearson, 2015.								
	4. B. A. Forouzan, <i>TCP/IP Press</i>				D 7	012			
	5. W. Stalling, <i>Data and Com</i>								
	 S. Morris and C. Coronel, A Management, 11th Edition, 				emeniatio	m, ana			
	 M. Mannino, Database Design, Application Development, & Administration. 6th ed., Chicago Business Press, 2014. 								

Subject Code	ENG3003
Subject Title	Engineering Management
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject provides students with:
	1. A practical introduction to management and a comprehensive guide to the tools and techniques used in managing people and other resources.
	 Opportunities to trace the historical development and describe the functions of management, from planning, and decision making to organizing, staffing, leading, motivating, and controlling. It also includes a discussion on engineering ethics.
	 Opportunities to explore the core business strategy, technology, and innovation, and examine how these functions intertwine to play a central role in structural design, as well as supporting an organization's overall success.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
	a. perform tasks in an organization related to organizing, planning, leading and controlling project and process activities;
	b. select appropriate management techniques for improving organizational structures, work procedures, and quality performance of operational tasks;
	c. analyze the factors that affect changes in the work environment, and be aware of the approaches in implementing change in an organization;
	d. be aware of the imperatives of ethical and business behaviors in engineering organizations in a fast-changing business environment.
Subject	1. Introduction
Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus	General management concepts in organizations; Functions and types of industrial organizations; Organizational structures; Corporate objectives, strategy, and policy
	2. Industrial Management
	Roles of managers: Process of management, leadership, planning, organizing, motivating, and control of social and engineering activities; Quality management: Related tools and techniques
	3. <u>Project Management</u>
	Project scope and objectives; Network analysis; Tools that support engineering operations and task scheduling
	4. <u>Management of Change</u>
	Change leadership; Organizational change; Phases of planned change; Stress management; Factors that affect the execution of change
	5. <u>Effects of Environmental Factors</u>
	The effects of extraneous factors on the operations of engineering organizations, such as ethics and corporate social responsibilities issues

Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and case studies are used to deliver various topics in this subject. Some topics are covered by problem-based format whenever applicable in enhancing the learning objectives. Other topics are covered by directed study so as to develop students' "life-long learning" ability.						
	The case studies, largely based on rea covered in the subject and to illustrate applied in real life situations.						
Assessment							
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			oject learning be assessed		
Outcomes			а	b	с	d	
	 Coursework Group learning activities (10%) Presentation (individual) (30%) 	40%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Final examination	60%	✓	✓	✓	✓	
	Total	100%					
	reflect the realities of management sit exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro	d synthesize action,	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality	
Student Study	exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stu to assess the intended learning outcom	d synthesize action discussion, adies. A written	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality	
Student Study Effort Expected	exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stu	d synthesize action discussion, adies. A written	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality	
	exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stu to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact:	d synthesize action discussion, adies. A written	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality o designed	
	 exercises, students' ability to apply and on the basis of their performance in great of their written reports on these case stu- to assess the intended learning outcome Class contact: Lectures and review 	d synthesize action discussion, adies. A written	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality designed 27 Hrs.	
	 exercises, students' ability to apply and on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stu- to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations 	d synthesize action discussion, adies. A written	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality designed 27 Hrs.	
	 exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stuto assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations Other student study effort: 	d synthesize action discussion, adies. A written	quired kn oral pres	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality o designed 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs.	
	 exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stut to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations Other student study effort: Research and preparation 	d synthesize ac oup discussion, Idies. A written es.	quired kn oral pres final exa	owledg entatior	e can be ns, and t	e assessed he quality o designed 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 30 Hrs.	
	 exercises, students' ability to apply and on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stu- to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations Other student study effort: Research and preparation Report writing 	d synthesize ac oup discussion, Idies. A written es.	quired kn oral pres final exa	owledg entatior	e can bo as, and t n is also	e assessed he quality o designed 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 30 Hrs. 10 Hrs.	
	 exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stut to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations Other student study effort: Research and preparation Report writing Preparation for oral presentation 	d synthesize accoup discussion, idies. A written es.	n	iowledg entatior minatio	e can bo ns, and t n is also	e assessed he quality o designed 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 30 Hrs. 10 Hrs. 37 Hrs. 116 Hrs.	
Effort Expected Reading List and	 exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stute to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations Other student study effort: Research and preparation Report writing Preparation for oral presentation Total student study effort John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., 20 	d synthesize ac oup discussion, idies. A written es. and examinatic P13, Introductio A, and Coul	n to Mar n to Mar	nagemer 2013,	e can be as, and t n is also	27 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 30 Hrs. 30 Hrs. 37 Hrs. 116 Hrs. Ed., John	
Effort Expected Reading List and	 exercises, students' ability to apply an on the basis of their performance in gro of their written reports on these case stut to assess the intended learning outcom Class contact: Lectures and review Tutorials and presentations Other student study effort: Research and preparation Report writing Preparation for oral presentation Total student study effort John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., 20 Wiley Robbins, S P, DeCenzo, D 	d synthesize accoup discussion, Idies. A written es. and examinatic pl3, Introductio A, and Coul ots and Applicat L, 2010, Manag	n to Mar ter, M, ions, 8th	nagemer 2013, Pencering	e can be as, and t is also nt, 12th Fundam arson and Te	27 Hrs. 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 30 Hrs. 30 Hrs. 37 Hrs. 116 Hrs. Ed., John mentals o	

Subject Code	ENG3004
Subject Title	Society and the Engineer
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject is designed for engineering students as a complementary subject on the role of the professional engineer in practice and their responsibilities toward the profession, colleagues, employers, clients, and the public. The objectives of the subject are to enable students to
	1. appreciate the historical context of modern technology and the nature of the process whereby technology develops and the relationship between technology and the environment, as well as the implied social costs and benefits;
	 understand the social, political, legal, and economic responsibilities and accountability of the engineering profession and the organizational activities of professional engineering institutions;
	 be aware of the short-term and long-term effects related to safety and health, and the environmental impacts of technology;
	4. observe professional conduct, as well as the legal and other applicable constraints, related to various engineering issues; and
	5. develop a strong vision to optimize their contribution to sustainable development.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	a. identify and evaluate the effects of technology as it applies to the social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society;
	explain the importance of local and international professional training, professional conduct and ethics, and responsibilities in various engineering disciplines, particularly the Washington Accord;
	c. <u>evaluate and estimate, in a team setting, the impact of contemporary issues,</u> planned projects, and unforeseen technological advances related to engineers; <u>effectively communicate and present the findings to laymen and peers.</u>
Subject Synopsis/	1. Impact of Technology on Society
Indicative Syllabus	Historical cases and trends of technological innovation explored through their impact on social and cultural developments of civilization and their commonalities.
	2. <u>Environmental Protection and Related Issues</u>
	Roles of the engineer in energy conservation, ecological balance, and sustainable development.
	3. <u>Global Outlook for Hong Kong's Economy and Industries</u>
	Support organizations, policies and their impacts on industrial and economic development in Greater China, the Pacific Rim, and the world.

	Γ					
	4. <u>Regulatory Organizations and Com</u>	pliance				
	Discussion of engineer's responsit and environments; Examples from and the Occupational Health and Sa such as liability, contract law, and i	various entities afety Council; L	such as th egal dime	Department		
	5. <u>Professional Institutions</u>					
	Local and overseas professional institutions; Washington Accord and qualifications and criteria of professional engineers.					
	6. <u>Professional Ethics</u>					
	Prevention of bribery and corruption Against Corruption (ICAC); Social				Commission	
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Class comprises short lectures to provid relationships between society and the eng				ation on the	
	Other methods include discussions, case depth analysis of the relationships.	studies, and se	minars to	develop s	tudents' in-	
	Students are assembled into groups; throu cases by completing the following learning		e, they wil	l work on	engineering	
	1. Case analysis where students expl engineering issues of a project under			ween soci	ety and the	
	2. Construction and assembly of a cas	e portfolio whic	h include	s		
	 i. Presentation slides ii. Feedback critiques iii. Weekly summary reports iv. A report on Sustainable Develo v. Individual Reflections 	pment				
	3. Final oral presentation					
Assessment						
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		l subject le s to be ass		
Outcomes			а	b	с	
	1. Continuous assessment	60%				
	Group weekly learning activities	(24%)	~	~	~	
	Individual final presentation	(18%)	~	~		
	Group project report, SD report, individual reflection report	(18%)	~	~	~	
	2. Examination	40%	~	~		
	Total	100%				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the learning outcomes:	e assessment me	thods in a	assessing t	he intended	

	The coursework requires students to work in groups to study cases from the perspectives of the eight dimensions in an engineering setting. Through these exercises, students' ability to apply and synthesize acquired knowledge can be assessed on the basis of their performance in group discussion, oral presentations, and the quality of their portfolio reports on the case studies. The open-book examination is used to assess students' critical thinking and problem-solving skills when working on their own.				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:				
	Lectures and review	27 Hrs.			
	Tutorial and presentation	12 Hrs.			
	Other student study efforts:				
	Research and preparation	63 Hrs.			
	Report writing	14 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	116 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Education for Sustainable Development - An Expert Learning, UNESCO, 2011 Engineering-Issues, Challenges and Opportunities fo 2010 Engineering for Sustainable Development: Guiding Pr of Engineering, 2005 Securing the future: delivering UK sustainable develo Johnston, F S, Gostelow, J P, and King, W J, 2000, <i>Challenges of Professional Practice</i>, Upper Saddle Ri Hjorth, L, Eichler, B, and Khan, A, 2003, <i>Technolog the 21st Century</i>, Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Prentice H The Council for Sustainable Developmen http://www.enb.gov.hk/en/susdev/council/ Poverty alleviation: the role of the engineer, http://publications.arup.com/publications/p/poverty_a e_engineer Reading materials: Engineering journals: Engineering and Technology by The Institution of Engine 	r Development, USECO, rinciples, Royal Academy pment strategy, 2005 <i>Engineering and Society</i> iver, N.J.: Prentice Hall <i>y and Society A Bridge to</i> all t in Hong Kong, lleviation_the_role_of_th			
	Current newspapers: South China Morning Post, China Daily, Ming Pao Daily				

Subject Code	ENG4001
Subject Title	Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 This subject provides students with knowledge in: project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; project management methodologies and their application; choosing project variables for effective project management; and various developments of project management.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to engineering projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; and d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Project Overview, Management Principles, and the Systems Approach</u> Characteristics of projects and project management. Management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts and principles. Conflict management. <u>Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques</u> Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure. Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gantt charts, network analysis techniques, time-phased networks, CPA, PERT, and resource smoothing. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u> Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Experience curve. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u> Earned value measurement system. Managing project risks. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, case studies, and laboratory work are used t deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem- based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies are from best practices of projects, based on a literature review. They are use to integrate the topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in real-life situations.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		d subject				
Outcomes		6 6	а	b	c	d	Ī	
	1. Tutorial exercises/ written report	20%		~	~			
	2. Mid Term Test	20%	~	~	~			
	3. Written examination	60%	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%		r.	r	r		
	learning outcomes: Continuous assessment (1) & (2): Test, written reports and tutorial exercises are used to assess students' understanding and application of the knowledge that they have learn relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c). Written examination: questions are designed to assess learning outcomes (a), (b), (c), and (d).							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lectures 3 hours/week for 9 weeks 27							
	Tutorials / Case studies 3 hours/week for 4 weeks							
	Other student study effort:							
	 Preparation for assignment examination 	79 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort	118 Hrs.						
Reading List and References	1. Meredith JR and Man Wiley, Hoboken NJ	tel SJ, 2010, Pr	oject Mar	nagement.	a Manag	gerial App	proac	
	2. Kerzner, H 2009, P Scheduling, and Contr	roject Manage olling, John W	ement: a iley, New	<i>Systems</i> York	Approac	ch to Pla	annin	
	3. Smith, NJ (ed.) 2008, Engineering Project Management, Blackwell, Oxford							

Subject Code	IC2105				
Subject Title	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals				
Credit Value	4 Training Credits				
Level	2				
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	This subject offers a wide spectrum of fundamental engineering practice that are essential for a professional engineer. This subject includes Engineering Drawing and CAD, Industrial Safety and Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice, Basic Mechatronic Practice and Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB that aims at providing fundamental and necessary technical skills to all year 1 students interested in engineering.				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
Outcomes	 a) Describe the principles and conventional representation of engineering drawings according to engineering standards and be able to use it as a medium in technical communication and documentation with CAD application, modelling and practice with application in mechanical, industrial systems and electrical engineering; 				
	b) Interpret basic occupational health and industrial safety requirements for engineering practice;				
	c) Explain common electronic product safety tests;				
	d) Design and implement simple mechatronic systems with programble controller, software, actuation devices, sensing devices and mechanism; and				
	 e) Apply scientific computing software for computing in science and engineering including visualization and programming; 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Syllabus: 1. (TM8059) Engineering Drawing and CAD 1.1. Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing and CAD Principles of orthographic projection; sectioning; dimensioning; sketching; general tolerances; conventional representation of screw threads and fasteners; types of drawings including part drawing and assembly drawing. Introduction to CAD; features of 2D CAD system (layer; draw; modify; block & attributes; standard library); techniques for the creation of titleblock; setup of 2D plotting; general concepts on 3D computer modeling; parametric feature based solid modeling; construction and detailing of solif features; solid model modification and its limitations; concepts of assembly modeling including bottom up and top down approaches for the generation of parts, subassemblies, and final assembly; virtual validation and simulation, generation of 2D drawings from 3D parts and assemblies; drawing annotation including dimensioning, tolerancing, and part list.				
	 Electrical Drawing Wiring diagram and wiring table for electronic and electrical installation, functional representation of circuit, system block diagram, electrical and 				

electronic device symbols and layout, architectural wiring diagram with reference to the architectural symbols for electrical drawings in Hong Kong and international standards.

2. (TM2009) Industrial Safety

- 2.1. Safety Management: Overview, essential elements of safety management, safety training, accident management, and emergency procedures.
- 2.2. Safety Law: F&IU Ordinance and principal regulations, OSH Ordinance and principal regulations.
- 2.3. Occupational Hygiene and Environmental Safety: Noise hazard and control; dust hazard and control; ergonomics of manual handling.
- 2.4. Safety Technology: Mechanical lifting, fire prevention, dangerous substances and chemical safety, machinery hazards and guarding, electrical safety, first aid, job safety analysis, fault tree analysis, personal protective equipment.
- 3. (TM1116) Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice
 - 3.1 Use of basic electronic test instruments, current and voltage measurements, waveform measurement, power supply and signal sources;
 - 3.2 Electronic product safety test method; High Voltage Isolation Test, Insulation Resistance Test, Continuity Test, Leakage Current Measurement, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Test.

4. (TM0510) Basic Mechatronic Practice

- 4.1. Definitions of mechatronics; design and operation of typical mechatronic systems; appreciation of measurement system, actuator system, motor drives, mechanical drives, gear train and linkage, pneumatic and hydraulic systems, signal conditioning, and human-machine interfaces.
- 4.2. Integration of system components using appropriate controller hardware and software such as PLC, PAC, and Microcontroller system; use of simulation software packages for pneumatic and hydraulic circuit design.

5. (TM3014) Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB

	5.1. Overview to scientific computering; introduction to MATLAB; interactive calculations, random number generators, variables, vectors, matrices and string; mathematical operations, polynomial operation, data analysis and curve fitting, file I/O functions. Basic 2D and 3D plots.
	5.2. M-file programming & debugging; scripts, functions, logic operations, flow control, introduction to graphical user interface.
Learning Methodology	The teaching and learning methods include lectures, workshop tutorials, and practical works. The lectures are aimed at providing students with an overall and concrete background knowledge required for understanding key issues in engineering communication, use of standard engineering components and systems, and importance of industrial safety. The workshop tutorials are aimed at enhancing students' in-depth knowledge and ability in applying the knowledge and skills to complete specific tasks. The practical works aim at facilitating students to review the diverse topics covered in this course and perform active learning with research, practice, questioning, and problem solving in a unified activity.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with			%	Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed				
Intended Learning Outcomes	Assessment Method		Weighting		b	c d	-	
	Continuous Assessme	nt						
	1. Assignment / Project		Refer to		~	✓ ✓	~	
	2. Test	Ν	lividual Iodule scription		~	~	~	
	3. Report / Logbook		Form			✓ ✓		
	Total		100%					
	Assessment Method	s			Remarks			
	1. Assignment / Project	and			s designed to facilitate students to reflec e knowledge periodically throughout th			
	2. Test	brea	Test is designed to facilitate students to re- breadth and depth of their understanding on topics.					
	3. Report / Logbook	acqu	ire deep u	nderst		o facilitate s le topics of th arly.		
Student Study	Class Contact	TM805	9 TM2	2009	TM1116	TM0510	TM3014	
Effort Expected	Mini-lecture	11 Hrs	-	Hrs.	2 Hrs.	6 Hrs.	6 Hrs.	
	 In-class Assignment/ Hands-on Practice 	40 Hrs	. 81	∃rs.	4 Hrs.	21 Hrs.	15 Hrs.	
	Other Study Effort				1			
	• Nil							
	Total Study Effort						120 Hrs.	

r	
Reading List and	Reference Software List:
References	1. AutoCAD from Autodesk Inc.
	2. SolidWorks from Dassault Systèmes Solidworks Corp.
	3. MATLAB from The Mathworks Inc.
	Reference Standards and Handbooks:
	1. BS8888 Technical Product Specification (TPS) Specification.
	2. Cecil H. Jensen, et al, Engineering Drawing and Design, McGraw-Hill, 2008.
	3. Warrendale, SAE fastener standards manual, Society of Automotive Engineers, 1997.
	4. Timothy H Wentzell, et al, Machine Design, Delmar Learning, 2004.
	5. Czernik, Daniel, Gaskets: Design, Selection, and Testing, McGraw-Hill, 1995.
	6. Michael M. Khonsari, E. Richard Booser, Applied Tribology: Bearing Design and Lubrication, Wiley-Interscience, 2001.
	7. IEEE Standard 315 / ANSI Y32.2 / CSA Z99 Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics Diagrams.
	8. IEC 61082 Preparation of Documents used in Electrotechnology.
	Reference Books: Training material, manual and articles published by Industrial Centre.

Subject Code	IC2113					
Subject Title	IC Training I (TSE)					
Credit Value	4 Training Credits					
Level	2					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil					
Objectives	 To provide trainees with simulated working environments and training of industrial practices. This subject covers a wide range of fundamental electrical engineering application 					
	technology that including electrical installation practice, lighting and electrical system design, LV switchboard and power monitoring, integral building system and basic electronic practice.					
	 To provide the students with knowledge of principles and techniques in some site practices to enable them to appreciate the builder's work associated with pavement and highway construction. 					
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:					
Outcomes	a. identify relevant engineering theories and principles and to apply them in hands-on training exercises to determine system feasibility;					
	b. compare and contrast conceptual design, develop actual work sequences and methods for various electrical installations;					
	c. recognize the engineering standards, regulations and practices to undertake the design, construction, testing and commissioning electrical distribution and control system in buildings ;					
	d. identify good practices and workmanship in structural concrete & steelwork; describe actual work sequences and methods in area of structural concrete & steelwork; explain the technology impact on equipment, materials and work methods to keep abreast of technology development and construction engineering practices in association with highway construction; and					
	e. identify and relate relevant fundamental engineering theories and principles of site formation and anchorage practice to extend their knowledge and understanding in pavement construction and in highway construction;					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	(TM0367) Lighting and Electrical System Design Interior lighting design and calculation; daylight illumination consideration; lumens and reflectors; T5, T8 and T11 lamps; energy conservation. Introduction of low-voltage power distribution system and code of practices of electrical design in Hong Kong; examine architectural drawings; design lighting and electrical services; prepare layout drawings and schematics.					
	(TM0372) Electrical Installation, Basic Automation and Electronic Practice Wiring for conventional low voltage installations and intelligent building control systems (EIB and DALI); final lighting and power circuits, control gears and protective devices; inspection, testing. Introduction of programmable controller systems, sensors, actuators, drives, timers, counters, ladder logic programming and testing. Identification of electronic circuit components, soldering and de-soldering, Dry film process, Etching process.					

	 (TM1245) Structural Concrete and Steelwork for EE TSE (DG) Structural Concrete Recognize concrete types and materials; perform concrete mixing, placing, compaction and site quality control tests works; Understand Reinforcement types, sizes, detailing, cutting, 									
	bending and fixing steel bars in a timber formwork; Detect cover and size of steel bars in reinforced concrete structures. Design and construction of a simple precast concrete element.									
	• Structural Steelwork Recognize common structural steel sections used in construction industry; steelwork properties, cutting, drilling of steelwork members; understand connection methods of steel members. Use of steelwork and associated practical problems in temporary work; corrosion protection of steelwork.									
Learning Methodology	 (TM1246) Site Formation and Anchoring Practice for EE TSE (DG) Site Formation Practice Sand Replacement Method Vane Shear Test Speedy Moisture Content Test Sieve Analysis Probe Test Proctor Test Ground Penetration Radar Survey CCTV Survey in underground pipe systems Cable Locator Survey Anchoring Technology Practice Fixing and anchoring systems commonly used in highway projects, e.g. mechanical and chemical anchor bolts and anchor strength tester 									
		development	rough the practical exercises and case studies perment of system integration skills, and to inments.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Assessment Methods	Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed								
Intended Learning Outcomes	(TM0367) Lighting and Electrical System Design (TM0372) Electrical Installation, Basic Automation and Electronic Practice	% Weighting	a	b	c	d	e			
	1. Assignment	40%	~	✓	~					
	2. Test	30%	~	~						
	3. Report	30%	~	~	~					
	1		1	1	1	1				

	Assessment Methods	% Weighting	Inter	nded L	earnin Assesse		omes		
	(TM1246) Site Formation and Anchoring Practice for EE TSE (DG)		a	b	c	d	e		
	1. Assignment	30%					✓		
	2. Test	30%					✓		
	3. Report	40%					✓		
	Total	100%							
	Assignment is designed to facilita periodically throughout the training. Test is designed to facilitate stud understanding on specific topics.								
	Assessment Methods	% Weighting	Inter	nded L A	earnin Assesse		omes		
	(TM1245) Structural Concrete and Steelwork for EE TSE (DG)		a	b	с	d	e		
	1. Test	30%				~			
	2. Report	70%				~			
	Total	100%		1			1		
	Report is designed to facilitate stude the training and to present those con-		deep	unders	tandin	g on tl	ne topics		
Student Study Effort Required									
Litorenequireu	 Workshop / In-Class Practice 		120 Hrs.						
	Other Study Effort 0 H								
	Total Study Effort						120 Hrs		
Reading List and References	 Training materials, manual and articles published by the Industrial Centre. EMSD, Code of Practice for the Electricity (Wiring) regulations, 2003 Edition. 								
	 IEE wiring regulation, 16th Edition. BS1377 (1990), "Methods of Test for Soils for Civil Engineering Purposes. General requirements and sample preparation", BSI 								
	 Wong & Allen (2009). "The Hong Kong Conduit Condition Evaluation Codes". Utility Training Institution (UTI), Hong Kong, China. 								
	6. Hilti Corporation (2009), "Anch (www.hilti.com).	or fastening te	chnolo	gy ma	nual",	Hilti			

Subject Code	LGT5013
Subject Title	Transport Logistics in China
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students are expected to understand Putonghua and to read simplified Chinese Characters.
Objectives	To provide within an operational and business environment:
	an advanced understanding of the market demand and supply, as well as principles and complexities of different mode of transportation in freight industry in China;
	the advanced skills necessary to implement logistics and supply chain management strategy in various industrial sector within a logistics company environment;
	proactive thinking to achieve and sustain advantage in a rapidly changing business/freight operational environment in China.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Analyse macro economical and industrial situation of transport logistics in China with updated facts and numbers.
	b. Describe the modes of logistics operation of road, water, air, and rail in China.
	c. Gain strategic insight on how to develop logistics related business within China, with deep-dive analysis into rapid developing sectors.
	d. Examine the policy and regulations in domestics and international trade and logistics and the logistics relationship between China and Hong Kong.
	e. Apply the Chinese transport and customs law.
	f. Develop the ability to assess and evaluate the different logistics environments in China and Hong Kong.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Organisational and Principal Characteristics of Transport Logistics in China: Logistics operation of Air Transport; Logistics operation of Sea/ Inland waterway Transport; Logistics operation of Rail Transport; Logistics operation of Road Transport; and Port Operations.
	 Transport Economics. Demand and supply for freight transportation services, market structure and organization, government intervention, as well as strategic infrastructure investment in different Chinese transport sectors (port, air, rail, road, and sea/inland waterway).
	 Overview of China Trade and its impact on logistics; Chinese Contract Law; Commercial Transport Policy; Human Resource Management in China; Trading practice and related government organisations in China; Hong Kong/China co- operation; Future developments in China Trade.
	4. Customs ordinances and trade regulations; Legal framework for transport and logistics in China; Foreign investment law in transport and logistics industries; Chinese judicial system for maritime and logistics cases, Chinese Maritime Law (covering bills of lading, voyage and time charter parties; marine insurance;); and Build and Finance Ships in China.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures introduce and explain key concepts and key sectors with case analysis. Lectures are followed by class discussions where concepts are linked to real events in the industry through appropriate examples and their analysis. Seminars are highly interactive and include discussions of current / past events, case studies, and student presentations. Students are expected to actively participate in the classes and to share their experience and learn from each other. Teaching/Learning Methodologies Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to								
				be as	sessed				
	-			a	b	с	d	e	f
	Lecture			\checkmark	✓ ✓	✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
	Tutorial			V	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assesse	nded subject learning outcomes to be ssed					
Outcomes			а	b	c	d	e	f	
	1.Coursework Assignment / case analysis	50%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Examination	50%	~	~	~	✓	~	~	
	Total	100%							
	 Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Since the course focuses on transport logistics in China, case analysis and learning from practical, work-based experiences forms an important constituent of studen assessment. Further, assignments and case analysis reinforce theoretical concept learnt during the lectures and enable their applications in real-life operationa situations. Final examination that assesses student's familiarity with theoretical concepts and the ability to apply conceptual framework in case analysis. Students would be given regular feedback on their performance, by email or a comments on assignments submitted. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in BOTH the Continuous Assessment and Exam components. 							arning tudent acepts tional retical or as	

Student Study Effort	Class contact:					
Expected	Lectures / Tutorials	39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Self study	45 Hrs.				
	Coursework	42 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Charles Guowen Wang, CSCMP Global Logistics Per 2015 	rspective – China, 2005,				
	 Binglian Liu, ect, Contempery Logistics in China, 2012, 2013 Blauwens, Gust; Peter De Baere, Eddy van de Voorde (2006), Transport economics <i>Antwerpen</i> : De Boeck. 					
	 China freight transport report [electronic resource] / Business Monitor International London: Business Monitor International. Anming Zhang et al. (2004), Air cargo in mainland China and Hong Kong / 					
	Anming Zhang [et al.]. Aldershot, England : Ashg.6Hirst, Mike., (2008), The air transport system, Woodhead Pub.					
	 Ports, cities, and global supply chains, Edited by James Wang et al., Aldershot, England: Ashgate, 2007. 《中国物流学术前沿报告》/中国物流与采购联合会,北京市:中国物资 出版社, 2014,2015,2016 					
	9. 《中國海關》 [electronic resource] 北京 : 中國學 誌社	術期刊(光盤版)電子雜				
	10. 《海关报关实务》[electronic resource], 谢国娥编 学出版社, 2004.	著. 上海 : 华东理工大				
	 《中国海关监管与征》[electronic resource] / 朱新 洋大学出版社, 2003. 	「瑞主编. 中国 : 中国海				
	 《中国现代物流发展报告》,南开大学/国家发改 《中国物流年鉴》,中国物资出版社,2009, 2014.2015.2016 					
	 14. 《中国供应链管理蓝皮书》,/丁俊发主编,中国 2011-2014,2015,2016 	国:中国物资出版社,				

Subject Code	ME45003
Subject Title	Aviation Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students an overview of essential aviation systems, and develop students' understanding of aviation industry and current operational concepts, technology applications and practices in aviation industry.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
	 a. Explain the relationship among major aviation systems and identify future trends of the industry. b. Demonstrate understanding of air logistics, airlines operation, airport management, flight standards and airworthiness services. c. Explain the key roles and future plans of the Government Flying Service. d. Identify the quality assurance procedures in aircraft maintenance organizations. e. Identify the environmental impact of aviation-related activities. f. Analyze the activities of local aviation organizations in promotion of an aviation culture in Hong Kong.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<i>Aviation Systems</i> - An overview of the relationship among major aviation systems such as civil aviation authorities, airlines, airports and aviation organizations.
	<i>Civil Aviation Administration</i> - Air service agreements. Air traffic management. Search and rescue. Provision of ground and flight operations support. Flight standards. Aviation safety and accident investigation.
	<i>Managing Airline Operations</i> - Flight planning and operations. Training of flight crew, aircraft engineers and technical support staff. Management of engineering operations. Flight simulator training.
	<i>Airport Management</i> - Organization structure of the Hong Kong Airport Authority. Passenger and air cargo terminal operations. Provisions for general aviation activities.
	<i>Government Flying Service</i> - Role of Government Flying Service: Search and rescue, air ambulance, police support, firefighting, aerial survey, and general SAR Government support. Helicopter and fixed-wing aircraft maintenance.
	<i>Aircraft Maintenance</i> - Quality assurance of aircraft maintenance. Aircraft modifications. Engine testing.
	Aviation and the Environment - Aircraft noise and abatement policy. Air pollution and fuel usage. Other Local Aviation Organizations - Hong Kong Air Cadet Corps. Hong Kong Historical Aircraft Association. Hong Kong Air Traffic Control Association. Hong Kong Aviation Club. Hong Kong Aviation Industry Association.

eaching/Learning Iethodology	Lectures are used to deliver aviation systems (outcomes		ental kı	nowled	ge in re	lation to	various	aspects of	
	Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to f).								
	Group mini-projects are use topic through search of info c). Industrial visits and special	rmation, ana	lysis o	f data a	nd repo	ort writin	ig (outco	omes a an	
	used to relate the concepts lo to achieve better understand to f).								
	Teaching/Learning Method	dology			Out	tcomes			
		-	а	b	с	d	e	f	
	Lecture		✓	~	✓	✓	~	~	
	Tutorial		✓	~	\checkmark	~	~	~	
	Mini-project		✓		~				
	Industrial field visit and special seminar		✓	~	~	~	~	~	
sessment ethods in ignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					to be	
tended Learning atcomes			а	b	с	d	e	f	
itcomes	1. Assignment	20%	~	~	✓	~	~	~	
	2. Group mini-project	20%	~		✓				
	3. Industrial field visit and visit report, report for seminar	10%	~	~	~		~	~	
	4. Examination	50%	~	~	\checkmark	~	~	~	
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the appropri learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: 0.50 × End of Subject I Examination is adopted to a applying the concepts. It assignments, group mini-pr assessment is aimed at en various topics of the syllak students' capacities of self- skill in English so as to fulf	Examination ssess studen is suppler oject, indust hancing the pus. In parti- learning and	+ 0.50 ts on the mented rial vis studer cular, g	• × Con e overa by c its and nts' co group 1 em-solv	tinuous all unde continuc special mprehe nini-pro ving and	Assessn rstanding bus asse seminar nsion ar oject is 1 d effectir	nent g and the essment rs. The c nd assim used to ve comm	e ability of includin continuou nilation of assess the nunication	

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Course work	20 Hrs.
	 Self-study 	45 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	104 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Richard De Neufville. Airport Systems: Planning McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Alexander T. Wells and Seth B. Young, Airport McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Jon D. Fricker and Robert K. Whitford, Fun Engineering: A Multimodel Systems Approach, Prer ICAO Journal, International Civil Aviation Organiza Aviation Week and Space Technology, McGraw-Hill 	Planning and Management, damentals of Transportation ttice-Hall, latest edition. ttion, latest edition.

Appendix II

Minor Programme in Transportation Systems Engineering

1. Objective

The present-day engineering profession has become more and more multi-disciplinary in nature. The possession of adequate knowledge in transportation systems engineering will be an asset for engineering personnel whose major is in other disciplines. The objective of the programme is to provide a working knowledge on selected topic areas in transportation systems engineering for students with whose major is not transportation systems engineering.

2. Programme Outcomes

After completing the programme, students should be able to

- (i) Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to solve practical problems in selected areas of transportation systems engineering.
- (ii) Conduct surveys/experiments with appropriate techniques and tools and interpret and analyse the data in the context of transportation systems engineering.
- (iii) Keep abreast of developments in certain areas of transportation systems engineering.

3. Eligibility

Full-time students pursuing a four-year undergraduate degree in Faculty of Engineering or Faculty of Construction and Environment (excluding a Major in Transportation Systems Engineering or a Major in Electrical Engineering) may choose this programme. Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study. The department may set a quota for admitting students into this Minor programme.

4. Curriculum

The student has to complete 18 credits of discipline-specific subjects as shown in the following table, with at least 9 credits at level 3 or above.

Subject Code	Subject Title	Number of Credits
EE2001B	Applied Electromagnetics	3
EE2002B	Circuit Analysis	3
EE2003B	Electronics	3
EE2029B	Transportation Engineering Fundamentals*	3
CSE30292	Transportation Operations and Management*	3
CSE30312	Transportation and Highway Engineering#	3
CSE30390	Transportation Systems Analysis#	3
CSE40407	Design of Transport Infrastructure#	3
CSE40408	Traffic Surveys and Transport Planning#	3
CSE40462	Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice	3
CSE40475	Sustainable Development Strategy	3
CSE40490	Transport Management and Highway Maintenance#	3
EE3002B	Electromechanical Energy Conversion	3
EE3003B	Power Electronics and Drives	3
EE3004B	Power Transmission and Distribution	3
EE3011B	Control Systems and Signal Processing	3
EE4004B	Power Systems	3
EE4005B	Engineering Project Management	3
EE4007B	Advanced Power Electronics	3
EE4008B	Applied Digital Control	3
EE4009B	Electric Traction and Drives	3
EE4011B	Industrial Computer Applications	3
EE4014B	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical Engineering	3
EE4016B	Energy Utilisation and Management in Transportation	3
EE4017B	Risk and Reliability Analysis on Asset Management	3
EE4018B	Electrical Systems in Automobiles	3
EE4019B	Intelligent Transportation Systems	3
EE4351B	Aircraft Electrical and Actuation Systems	3
ME45003	Aviation Systems	3

* Compulsory Subjects

At least 1 from these 5 subjects

Note: The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all these subjects in each semester.

5. Award Classification

For students who have completed a Major/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" and the grades obtained for the free electives.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his Major but a lower GPA for his Minor, he will not be 'penalised' in respect of his award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his Major than his GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider giving the student a higher award classification than with reference to his Major GPA.

Aug 2017