

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering

Full-time Programme Code : 41470 PROGRAMME REQUIREMENT DOCUMENT





Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering (4-year <u>Curriculum) 2021-22</u>

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Appendix II Minor Programme in Electrical Engineering

This Programme Requirement Document (PRD) is subject to review and changes which the programme offering Faculty/Department can decide to make from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate.

1 Preamble

The overarching aim of the University's 4-year undergraduate curriculum is to nurture and develop students with abilities/attributes that will prepare them to become preferred leaders for the professions and responsible global citizens in the 21st century. The 4-year Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering (BEng in EE) is a major electrical engineering degree programme in Hong Kong. It addresses the manpower demand of the electrical engineering profession, with particular emphasis on power systems, energy utilisation and related disciplines. This programme complies with the new university curriculum framework, which features a broad-based curriculum, emphasising on fundamentals, provision of opportunities for multidisciplinary studies, freshman experience, enhanced communication skills, work-integrated education, capstone project, and outcome-based education. At the same time, the programme addresses the societal need for a new generation of competent electrical engineers who can practise in their profession in Hong Kong, Mainland China, and the neighbouring regions.

2 Aims and Rationale

2.1 Programme Philosophy

The programme aims to provide the students with a sound education in electrical engineering and furnish an opportunity for detailed study in a choice of related specialist areas. The programme is designed to nurture electrical engineers who will be able to practise their profession worldwide while being particularly competent to do so in the context of Hong Kong and Mainland China.

Modern engineers are often required to undertake different activities and may face promotion or placement in the course of their career development. The programme thus aims to prepare graduates for their entire working life rather than only for their first jobs. Emphasis is therefore placed on the understanding of fundamental concepts and theories which will always be applicable and valid. The teaching of technologies or modern tools which may have a shorter duration of applicability cannot be neglected either, but it is important not to emphasize training at the expense of education.

More and more industrial employers wish to recruit engineers who have a broad-based education as well as adequate professional knowledge to undertake detailed technical work in design and production. Therefore, the programme is also designed to provide training to our students who could develop a thorough understanding of electrical engineering, and acquire a broad and general appreciation of activities in other related disciplines. The students are guided to learn the interfaces between specialist engineering areas and be prepared to work in a multidisciplinary work environment which usually involves colleagues from other engineering backgrounds.

Students should aware that 'a good engineering solution' is one which has to fulfil economic, financial, and social criteria as well as to comply with engineering design specifications. This necessitates the inclusion of the study of economics, accounting and management with particular reference to engineering activities, as well as the inter-relations between engineering activities and society as a whole.

Language competence of students is strengthened through the English and Chinese subjects stipulated in the General University Requirements (GUR), and is further enhanced by discipline specific subjects. The teaching approach adopted in the curriculum, which involves lectures, seminars, discussions, in-class feedback, assessed presentations, demonstration of project work and written laboratory reports, aims to improve students' verbal and written communication skills.

It is important to train and educate our students not only in cognitive ability in technical areas but also lifelong skills. Hence, students are exposed to situations where they can:

- (i) develop their intellectual abilities (creative thinking, critical/independent judgement making, ability to analyse and synthesize, and to cope with real-life conditions such as indeterminacy, lack of information and time pressure); and
- (ii) develop their social abilities (ethics, personal and public relations, team work, responsibility/authority, etc.).

In this undergraduate programme, the fundamentals of science and engineering are taught in the non-deferrable subjects in Year 1 and Year 2. Core subjects are covered in Year 3 while advanced ones are in Year 4. The University Core Curriculum is distributed throughout the programme to ensure a proper balance between underpinning, language, broadening and discipline specific subjects.

Students are provided with training at the Industrial Centre (IC) so that they learn the applications of engineering technologies. They are also required to undertake industrial attachment during the summer at the end of the third year of study, which gives them exposure to the real industrial working environment.

2.2 Programme Objectives

- (i) To provide students with a broad base of knowledge in the fundamentals of electrical engineering and its current applications.
- (ii) To prepare students for working life including the skills needed for lifelong learning.
- (iii) To produce engineers with the understanding of their obligations to society.

2.3 Programme Outcomes

Programme outcomes refer to the intellectual abilities, knowledge, skills and attributes that a graduate from this programme should possess. To attain the aim of developing all-round students with professional competence, the programme outcome statements are encompassed in the following two categories of learning outcomes.

Category A: Professional/Academic Knowledge and Skills

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- A1 Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to identify, formulate and solve practical problems in the areas of electrical engineering and related disciplines.
- A2 Design and conduct experiments with appropriate techniques and tools; and interpret and analyse the data.
- A3 Design a system, component or process according to given specifications and requirements in the areas of electrical engineering and related disciplines.
- A4 Identify constraints, other than technical considerations, which may influence engineering problems, systems or projects.
- A5 Keep abreast of developments in electrical engineering and related disciplines and be aware of the need of lifelong learning.
- A6 Appreciate and understand the ethical, managerial and social responsibilities of a professional engineer.

Category B: Attributes for All-roundedness

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- B1 Communicate effectively via graphic, numeric, verbal and written media with proficiency in both English and Chinese.
- B2 Reason critically and develop alternative views or solutions.
- B3 Work in multi-disciplinary teams with professional interpersonal skills.

The Programme Outcomes are in line with the Programme objectives and the mapping is shown in Table 2.3.1.

		Programme Objectives			
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
	A1	\checkmark			
	A2	\checkmark			
	A3	\checkmark			
Drogramma	A4	\checkmark			
Programme Outcomes	A5				
Outcomes	A6			\checkmark	
	B1				
	B2				
	B3				

Table 2.3.1	Mapping between Programme Ob	jectives and Programme Outcomes

The Subject Learning Outcomes are designed to be in alignment with the Programme Outcomes. The Subject Learning Outcomes are given in each subject and they can be found in the Subject Description Form (SDF) in Appendix I.

The programme and subject outcomes will be assessed in stages according to a Learning Outcomes Assessment Plan (LOAP) adopted by the Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee.

Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO) of the programme is shown in Table 2.3.2.

		Institutional Learning Outcomes						
			Critical	Innovative	Effective	Lifelong	Ethical	Socially
		Professional	Thinker		Communicator	Learner	Leader	Responsible
				Solver				Global
								Citizen
	A1	\checkmark		\checkmark				
	A2	\checkmark						
	A3	\checkmark		\checkmark				
D	A4	\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark
Programme Outcomes	A5	\checkmark				\checkmark		\checkmark
Outcomes	A6	\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark
	B1				\checkmark			
	B2		\checkmark	\checkmark				
	B3	\checkmark			\checkmark			

Table 2.3.2	Relationship	between	Institutional	Learning	Outcomes	and	Intended	Learning
Outcomes (ILO) of the programme					_			

3 General Information

3.1 Programme Title

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering 電機工程學(榮譽)工學士學位

3.2 Duration and Mode of Attendance

Mode	Normal Duration	
Full-time	4 years	

The normal study duration is 4 years while that for senior year intake is 2 years*.

* The exact study duration depends on the entry qualification of individual Associate Degree / Higher Diploma admittees.

3.3 Final Award

The award is Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering and it carries no speciality or stream.

3.4 Implementation Dates

September 2012 (Initial implementation)

3.5 Minimum Entrance Requirements

(i) For entry with Hong Kong Diploma of Secondary Education Examination (HKDSE) qualifications

The general minimum entrance requirements are 4 core subjects and 2 elective subjects with:

- Level 3 in English Language and Chinese Language; AND
- Level 2 in Mathematics and Liberal Studies; AND
- Level 3 in 2 other Elective subjects [can include Extended Modules of Mathematics (M1/M2)].

There is no compulsory subject requirement. Preferred elective subjects for the programme include:

- Extended Modules of Mathematics;
- Information and Communication Technology; and
- All single and combined Science subjects
- (ii) For entry with A-Level qualifications
 - E in 3 A-Level subjects OR E in 2 A-Level and 2 AS-Level subjects; AND
 - Satisfy the English Language Requirement.

- (iii) For entry with International Baccalaureate (IB) qualifications
 - A minimum score of 24 with at least Level 4 in 2 Higher Level subjects; AND
 - Satisfy the English Language Requirement.
- (iv) For those with other qualifications
 - A Higher Diploma in Engineering; OR
 - An Associate Degree in Engineering; OR
 - Equivalent qualifications

3.6 Study Options

In line with the University's Regulations, students in this programme are offered the option of either continuing with the single-discipline Major (i.e. BEng in EE) or a Major plus a Minor*.

Minor study will be a free choice by students and not mandatory. Students who opt for Minor study will be subject to the following regulations:

- A Minor programme is a collection of subjects totalling 18 credits with at least 50% (9 credits) of the subjects at Level 3 or above. The subjects under a Minor should have a coherent theme introducing students to a focused area of study;
- (ii) Students interested in a Minor must submit their applications to and obtain approval from the Minor-offering department, at the start of second year of study. Students should submit their applications to their Major department, which will indicate its support or otherwise (since the taking of a Minor will increase the student's study load), before the Minor-offering department makes a final decision on the application;
- (iii) Students are expected to complete their approved Minor as part of their graduation requirements. Students who wish to withdraw from a Minor need to apply for approval officially from the Minor offering department, before the end of the add/drop period of the last Semester of study;
- (iv) Students with approved Minor will be given a higher priority in taking the Minor subjects over the students who take the subjects as free-electives; 'Free electives' under the 4-year Ug degree programmes refers to any subjects (including CAR subjects) offered by the University, unless otherwise specified;
- (v) Subject to approval by the Minor-offering department, students may count up to 6 credits from their Major/General University Requirements (GUR) [including Language Communication Requirement (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] towards their chosen Minor. Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme.
- (vi) Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study enrolment. The Minor-offering department may set a quota (normally capped at 10 students or 20% of the Major intake quota, whichever is higher) and additional admission requirements for their Minor; and
- (vii) Students are required to obtain a GPA of at least 1.70 in order to satisfy the requirement for graduation with a Major plus a Minor.

Students taking the Major/Minor option will be considered for an award when they satisfy the requirements for both the Major and Minor studies (i.e. having a GPA of 1.70 or above) and have also submitted an application for graduation. If the 18 credits taken for the approved Minor study can meet the requirements for that Minor, the Major students may apply to graduate with a specific Minor, in addition to their Major. Otherwise, students will graduate with a Major only.

For other students who opt to study a 'Minor' in Electrical Engineering, they must take 18 credits of EE subjects, of which 9 credits must be at Level 3 or above (see Appendix II).

* Minor option is not available for those Senior Year intake students.

3.7 Summer Training / Industrial Placement

Summer Training at the Industrial Centre (IC) and practical work experience in industry are the vital components to meet the programme outcomes. The training/industrial placement is credit-bearing and compulsory in the programme, constituting the Work-Integrated Education (WIE) activities as stipulated by the University. Details of the required credits, structure and assessment of the WIE and IC training are given in Sections 4.8 and 4.9.

3.8 Student Exchange Programme

Student exchange to overseas universities for a semester or an academic year are possible through various exchange schemes organised by the University or individual departments. With limited exchange quotas, students are encouraged to participate so as to enhance their learning experience.

Block credit transfer may be given to exchange-out students. However, in order to ensure attaining pre-requisite knowledge for smooth integration of study, students will be consulted on subject selections in the visiting universities before leaving for the exchange.

3.9 External Recognition

The BEng (Hons) in Electrical Engineering programme has been internally validated by the University. The programme has been granted full accreditation by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE).

3.10 Summer Term Teaching

Usually, there will be no summer term teaching on engineering subjects. Industrial Centre Training and external training will take place during summers.

3.11 Daytime and Evening Teaching

Subjects will be offered predominantly during daytime. Some subjects, particularly the advanced elective subjects, may be available only in the evenings or on Saturdays.

3.12 Medium of Instruction

English is the medium of instruction (the only exceptions are for a small number of programmes/subjects which have received special approval to be taught and examined in Chinese due to the nature and objectives of the programmes/subjects concerned).

In the presence of non-Cantonese-speaking students, English should be used all the time.

4 Curriculum

4.1 University Graduation Requirements

All candidates qualifying for a 4-year Full-time Undergraduate Degree offered from 2012/13 onwards must meet:

- (i) the University Graduation Requirements; and
- (ii) the specific graduation requirements of their chosen programme of study.

The minimum University Graduation Requirements are explained in the sections below. For the graduation requirements of specific programmes of study (Majors and Minors), candidates should refer to the relevant section of this Programme Requirement Document or consult the programme offering departments concerned.

Summary of University Graduation Requirements for 4-Year Degree Students

To be eligible for a Bachelor's Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 124 academic credits¹ and 11 training credits;
- (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 1.70 or above at graduation;
- (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component;
- (iv) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

(a) Language and Communication Requirements²(b) Freshman Seminar	9 credits 3 credits
	3 credits
(c) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development	
(d) Service-Learning	3 credits
(e) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)	12 credits
(f) China Studies Requirement	(3 of the 12 CAR credits)
(g) Healthy Lifestyle	Non-credit bearing
	Total = 30 credits

- (v) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits to be completed for the award; and
- (vi) Satisfy all requirements as defined and/or stipulated in the Programme Requirement Document and as specified by the University.

¹ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

² Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

Summary of University Graduation Requirements for Senior Year Intakes Students

To be eligible for an Articulation Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 61 academic credits³ and 11 training credits;
- (i) Earn a cumulative GPA of 1.70 or above at graduation;
- (ii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component;
- (iii) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

(a) Language and Communication Requirements ⁴	-
(b) Service-Learning	3 credits
(c) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)	6 credits
(d) China Studies Requirement	(3 of the 12 CAR credits)
	Total = 9 credits

- (iv) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award; and
- (v) Satisfy all requirements as defined and/or stipulated in the Programme Requirement Document and as specified by the University.

There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subjects. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subjects concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned.

Remedial subjects are designed for new students who are in need of additional preparations in a particular subject area, and only identified students of a programme are required to take these subjects. These subjects should therefore be counted outside the regular credit requirement for award.

In addition, students may be required to take subjects that are designed to enhance their skills in particular subject areas to underpin their further advanced study in the discipline. These underpinning subjects could be of different subject areas (e.g. Mathematics, science subjects), and the number of credits each student is required to take in a particular underpinning subject area may vary according to the different academic backgrounds of the students. With effect

³ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

⁴ This is normally not required. Only those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CLC) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard. Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

from the 2015/16 intake cohort, the regular credit requirement for award will count the lowest number of credits taken by the students in the same subject area. For example, some students in an engineering programme are required to take 10 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics, whilst others in the programme are required to take 6 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics. Only 6 credits will be recognized for counting towards the regular credit requirement of the programme. The extra 4 credits taken by some students will be counted outside the regular credit requirement.

Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

Senior Year intakes admitted to the 4-year Undergraduate Degree programmes on the strength of the Associate Degree/Higher Diploma qualifications are required to complete <u>at least 61</u> <u>credits</u> in order to be eligible for a Bachelor's degree. Exemption may be given from subjects already taken in the previous Associate Degree/Higher Diploma studies. In that case, students should take other electives (including free electives) instead to make up the total of 61 credits required. For students who are exceptionally admitted before 2017/18 on the basis of academic qualification(s) <u>more advanced</u> than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma⁵, such as the advanced stage of a 4-year degree curriculum programme, Departments can continue to grant credit transfer as appropriate, so as to give recognition to the advanced study taken, and these students should remain low. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for award.

A student is required to graduate as soon as he/she satisfies the graduation requirements as stipulated above. The student concerned is required to apply for graduation, in the semester in which he/she is able to fulfil all his/her graduation requirements, and after the add/drop period for that semester has ended.

4.2 General University Requirements (GUR)

(i) Language and Communication Requirements (LCR)

<u>English</u>

All undergraduate students (admitted in/after 2018/19) must successfully complete <u>two</u>* 3-credit English language subjects as stipulated by the University, according to their English language proficiency level (Table 4.2.1). These subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of English language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the English Language Centre (ELC) entry assessment (when no HKDSE score is available, e.g. in the case of non-local students).

⁵ The admission of students to UGC-funded Articulation Degree programmes and Senior Year intakes on the basis of qualification(s) more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma is subject to the conditions stipulated by UGC governing the UGC-funded Senior Year places.

English language competence level	Practical English for University Studies (ELC1011)	English for University Studies (ELC1013)	Any LCR Proficient level elective subject in English (Table 4.2.2)
HKDSE Level 3 or equivalent	Subject 1	Subject 2	-
HKDSE Level 4 and above or equivalent	-	Subject 1	Subject 2

Table 4.2.1 English LCR Subjects (3 credits each)

LCR Proficient level	Advanced English for University Studies (ELC2014)
elective subjects	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills (ELC2011)
	English in Literature and Film (ELC2013)
	Persuasive Communication (ELC2012)

 Table 4.2.2
 Proficient level elective subjects for HKDSE Level 4 students and above (or equivalent) (3 credits each)

* Students entering the University with specified attainment grades in certain public examinations can be given credit transfer or exemption for one or both LCR English subjects. For the subject exempted, students must take any other subject to make up the 3 credits. For the subject granted credit transfer, student do not need to take any other subject to make up the credits.

Chinese

All undergraduate students (admitted in/after 2018/19) are required to successfully complete <u>one</u>* 3-credit Chinese language subject as stipulated by the University, according to their Chinese language proficiency level (Table 4.2.3). All Chinese-speaking students will be required to take the same Chinese LCR subject.

Cantonese will be used as the Medium of Instruction (MoI) of a certain proportion of Chinese LCR subject. Students taking the Cantonese version of the subjects will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-Learning course in Putonghua (optional)

Categories of students	Required subject
For Chinese speaking students	University Chinese (Cantonese or Putonghua version) (CLC1104C/CLC1104P)
For non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below	One subject from Table 4.2.4 below

Table 4.2.3 Chinese LCR Subjects (3 credits each)

Subject	Pre-requisite/exclusion
Chinese I (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC1151)	For non-Chinese speaking students at beginners' level
Chinese II (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC1152)	For non-Chinese speaking students; andStudents who have completed Chinese I or equivalent
Chinese III (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC2151)	 For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese II or equivalent
Chinese IV (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC2154)	 For non-Chinese students at intermediate competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese III or equivalent
Chinese Literature – Linguistics and Cultural Perspectives (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CLC2152)	For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels

 Table 4.2.4
 Chinese LCR Subjects for non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below (3 credits each)

* Students entering the University with specified attainment grades in certain public examinations can be given credit transfer or exemption for the LCR Chinese subjects. For the subject exempted, students must take any other subject to make up the 3 credits. For the subject granted credit transfer, student do not need to take any other subject to make up the credits.

Writing Requirement

In addition to the LCR in English and Chinese explained above, all students must also, among the Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects they take (see section (v) below), pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in Chinese.

Reading Requirement

All students must, among the CAR subjects they take, pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in Chinese.

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the Writing Requirement and the Reading Requirement is shown at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>

Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

For those Senior Year intake students who do not meet the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programme and their

academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement.

- Note: In addition to the LCR and Reading and Writing Requirements, students also have to complete 4 credits of discipline-specific language requirements (DSR) (2 credits in English and 2 credits in Chinese) as specified in the curriculum requirements of their Major.
- (ii) Freshman Seminar

All students must successfully complete, normally in their first year of study, <u>one</u> 3-credit Freshman Seminar offered by their chosen Discipline. The purpose is to (a) introduce students to their chosen discipline and enthuse them about their Major study, (b) foster students' creativity, problem-solving abilities and global outlook, (c) give students an exposure to the concepts and an understanding of their discipline-based professional career development with the incorporation of entrepreneurship, and (d) engage students, in their first year of study, in desirable forms of university learning that are conducive to smooth adjustment to University life, self-regulation, and autonomous learning.

A list of Freshman Seminars can be found at: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/

(iii) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in the area of Leadership and Intra-Personal Development, which is designed to enable students to (a) understand and integrate theories, research and concepts on the qualities (particularly intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities) of effective leaders in the Chinese context, (b) develop greater selfawareness and a better understanding of oneself, (c) acquire interpersonal skills essential for functioning as an effective leader, (d) develop self-reflection skills in their learning, and (e) recognise the importance of the active pursuit of knowledge on an intrapersonal and interpersonal level and its relationship to leadership qualities.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the Leadership and Intra-Personal Development requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>

(iv) Service-Learning

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject designated to meet the Service-Learning Requirement, in which they are required to (a) participate in substantial community service or civic engagement activities that will benefit the service users or the community at large in a meaningful way, (b) apply the knowledge and skills acquired from their Major or other learning experiences at the University to the community service activities, and (c) reflect on their service learning experience in order to link theory with practice for the development of a stronger sense of ethical, social and national responsibility.

These subjects may take the form of:

- An open-to-all GUR service-learning subject
- A GUR service-learning subject targeted at a particular student group (e.g. a Broad Discipline), or
- A customised DSR subject (core or elective) with the Major/Minor with all the required features and components to meet the Service-Learning Requirement.

Students who have satisfied the Service-Learning Requirement via a customised DSR subject will be required to take another 3-credit subject to make up total credit requirement.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the Service-Learning requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>

(v) Cluster Areas Requirements (CAR)

To expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain and to enable them to tackle professional and global issues from a multidisciplinary perspective, students are required to successfully complete at least <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in <u>each</u> of the following four Cluster Areas:

- CAR A: Human Nature, Relations and Development
- CAR B: Community, Organisation and Globalisation
- CAR C: History, Culture and World Views
- CAR D: Science, Technology and Environment

A list of CAR subjects under each of the four Cluster Areas is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>

(vi) China Studies Requirement

Of the 12 credits of CAR described in section (v) above, students are required to successfully complete a minimum of 3 credits on CAR subjects designated as "China-related". The purpose is to enable students to gain an increased understanding of China (e.g., its history, culture and society, as well as emerging issues or challenges).

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the China Studies Requirement is available at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>

(vii) Healthy Lifestyle

Healthy lifestyle is the platform for all-round development. Students are required to successfully complete a non-credit-bearing programme on healthy lifestyle.

Students will be required to complete the following components: (a) sports training/participation, (b) e-learning modules, and (c) lectures/talks. The syllabus covers physical health, mental health, social health, spiritual health, values and priorities on healthy behaviour with reference to competing priorities in life, reflections on healthy living, and plans for self-improvement or maintaining of health behaviour. Details of the programme can found at: <u>https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/</u>

Students in UGC-funded Articulation Degree programmes and Senior Year intakes to the 4year Undergraduate degree programmes are not required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme. Advanced Standing students are required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme (except for those who are HD/AD holders who follow the Senior Year/Articulation Degree programme GUR curriculum).

4.3 Discipline Specific Requirements (DSR)

A student in the BEng (Hons) in Electrical Engineering programme should complete 94 credits of discipline-specific requirements (DSR) as detailed below:

(i) Common underpinning subjects (12 credits)

The following subjects must be taken:

AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics (3)	
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra (3)	
AP10005	Physics I (3)	
AP10006	Physics II (3)	
		12 credits

Table 4.3.1

(ii) Common DSR subjects (28 credits)

The following DSR subjects of the Faculty of Engineering must be taken:

AF3625	Engineering Economics (3)
AMA2111	Mathematics I (3)
AMA2112	Mathematics II (3)
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese* (2)
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2)
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3)
ENG2002	Computer Programming (3)
ENG2003	Information Technology (3)
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)
	28 credits

Table 4.3.2

* Students who are non-Chinese speakers or those whose Chinese standard are at junior secondary level or below will be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Chinese Language requirement. Students of this category can take a replacement subject of any level to make up for credit requirement.

#	Students may choose on	ents may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below:					
	Engineering Materials:	(a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering					
	Biology [^] :	(b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science					
		(c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health					
		(d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human					
Chemistry [*] : (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living							
		(f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development					

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR D (Science, Technology and Environment). You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

(iii) DSR subjects in Electrical Engineering discipline (54 credits)

	Level 2	
EE2001A	Applied Electromagnetics (3)	
EE2002A	Circuit Analysis (3)	
EE2003A	Electronics (3)	
EE2004A	Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals (3)	
LL200+IX	Licentear Energy Systems Fundamentals (S)	12 credits
		12 credits
	Level 3	
EE3001A	Analogue and Digital Circuits (3)	
EE3002A	Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3)	
EE3003A	Power Electronics and Drives (3)	
EE3004A	Power Transmission and Distribution (3)	
EE3005A	Systems and Control (3)	
EE3006A	Analysis Methods for Engineers (3)	
		18 credits
	Any two Level-3 electives	
EE3007A	Computer System Principles (3)	
EE3008A	Linear Systems and Signal Processing (3)	
EE3009A	Electrical Services in Buildings (3)	
		6 credits
		0 0100100
	Level 4	
	Any two Level-4 electives	
EE4003A	Electrical Machines (3)	
EE4004A	Power Systems (3)	
EE4007A	Advanced Power Electronics (3)	
		6 credits
EE4006A	Individual Project (6)	
EE4xxxA	Advanced Elective 1 (3)	
EE4xxxA	Advanced Elective 2 (3)	
		12 credits

The following DSR subjects in Electrical Engineering must be taken:

Table 4.3.3

4.4 Curriculum for Various Levels

The time-tabled student hours for each subject and the type of activity (lecture [Lt], tutorial [Tu] and laboratory [Lab]) are given in the Tables 4.4.1 - 4.4.4. The abbreviations used in these tables are:

AF	Accounting and Finance
AP	Applied Physics
AMA	Applied Mathematics
APSS	Applied Social Sciences
BSE	Building Services Engineering
CEE	Civil and Environmental Engineering
CLC	Chinese Language Centre
EE	Electrical Engineering
EIE	Electronic and Information Engineering
ELC	English Language Centre
ENG	Engineering Faculty
IC	Industrial Centre
ISE	Industrial and Systems Engineering
MM	Management and Marketing

A normal student in the BEng (Hons) programme may complete 30, 33, 31 and 30 credits in Year 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively, as shown in the indicative progression patterns in Tables 4.5.1 to 4.5.4. In other words, a student must complete a nominal number of 124 academic credits, including the credits earned in IC training, and the other General University Requirements, e.g. WIE, before graduation.

Subjects are referenced by a Departmental prefix (e.g. EE corresponds to Electrical Engineering) followed by a reference number. Each subject is also categorised as non-deferrable (Non-Def), deferrable (Def) or Elective. In the reference numbers, the first digit (i.e. 1, 2, 3 or 4) indicates the level of the subject.

- *Non-def* are those subjects which form the backbone of the vertical integration that must be taken by every student in the prescribed semester, unless prevented from doing so due to non-compliance with prerequisites.
- *Def* are those subjects which must be satisfactorily completed before the student becomes eligible for an award but the timing of the subject is determined by the student.
- *Electives*' are those subjects which are optional. Electives give students choices in composing their study programme. All elective subjects are deferrable.

Tables in Section 4.5 show the times (semesters) in which these subjects are recommended to be taken if the programme are to be completed in the minimum time.

The Hong K	The Hong Kong Polytechnic University		C	urricului	m			
BEng (Hons) in Electrical Engineering Levels 0 and 1	Teaching Department	Contact Hours		Credits		Assessment Methods	
Subject Code	Subject Title	2.000000000	Lt/ Tu	Lab		(W _i)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
AMA1110	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics	AMA	39	-	3	2	40%	60%
AMA1120	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra	AMA	39	-	3	2	40%	60%
AP10001	Introduction to Physics [@]	AP	39	-	3	2	40%	60%
AP10005	Physics I	AP	39	-	3	2	40%	60%
AP10006	Physics II	AP	39	-	3	2	40%	60%
APSS1L01	Tomorrow's Leaders	APSS	39	-	3	2	100%	-
CLC1104C/P	University Chinese*	CLC	39	-	3	2	100%	-
EE1001A	Freshman Seminar: Introduction to Electrical Systems	EE	39	-	3	2	100%	-
ELC1011	Practical English for University Studies**	ELC	39	-	3	2	100%	-
ELC1013	English for University Studies**	ELC	39	-	3	2	100%	-
	<u>Def Subjects</u>							
depending on the subjects taken	Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects (subjects taken must conform to the University's Cluster Area Requirements specified in Section 4.2)	various departments	39	-	3	2	depending on the subjects taken	depending on the subjects taken

- [@] For students who <u>have not</u> attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science (with a component in Physics)
- * For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below. Depending on your Chinese Language Centre entry assessment result, one subject from Table 4.2.4 will be pre-assigned to you as Chinese LCR (see Section 4.2 (i))
- ** Students will take these subjects based on their English Language results in HKDSE or other public examinations (see Section 4.2 (i))

The Hong K	ong Polytechnic University		С	urriculun	n			
	Level 2	Teaching Department	Contact Hours		Credits	GPA Weight	Assessmer	nt Methods
Subject Code	Subject Title	Department	Lt/Tu	Lab		(W _i)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
AMA2111 AMA2112 EE2001A EE2003A EE2003A EE2004A ELC2011 ELC2012 ELC2013 ELC2014 ENG2001 ENG2002 ENG2003 depending on the subjects taken	Mathematics I Mathematics II Applied Electromagnetics Circuit Analysis Electronics Electronics Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills* Persuasive Communication* English in Literature and Film* Advanced English for University Studies* Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry* Computer Programming Information Technology Def Subjects Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects (subjects taken must conform to the University's Cluster Area Requirements specified in Section 4.2)	AMA AMA EE EE EE ELC ELC ELC ELC ENG ENG various departments	39 39 33 30 30 33 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39	- 6 9 6 - - - -	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	40% 40% 40% 40% 100% 100% 100% 100% 50% depending on the subjects taken	60% 60% 60% 60% - - - 60% 30% 50% depending on the subjects taken
	IC Training							
EE2101A EE2102A	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals IC Training I (EE)	IC IC	throu the 120 ho	nours ghout year ours in	4 training credits 4	-	100% assessed and graded 100%	-
	5 x /		Sum	mer	training credits		assessed and graded	

* Students will take these subjects based on their English Language results in HKDSE or other public examinations (see Section 4.2 (i))

#	Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below:						
	Engineering Materials:	(a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering					
	Biology [^] :	(b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science					
		(c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health					
		(d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human					
	Chemistry [^] : (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living						
		(f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development					

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR D (Science, Technology and Environment). You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

The Hong	Kong Polytechnic University		Cı	ırriculum				
	ns) in Electrical Engineering Level 3	Teaching Department	Contac	et Hours	Credits	GPA Weight	Weight	
Subject Code	Subject Title		Lt/Tu	Lab		(W _i)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Non-Def Subjects							
AF3625 EE3001A EE3002A EE3003A EE3004A EE3006A ENG3003 ENG3004 CLC3241P ELC3531	Engineering Economics Analogue and Digital Circuits Electromechanical Energy Conversion Power Electronics and Drives Power Transmission and Distribution Systems and Control Analysis Methods for Engineers Engineering Management Society and the Engineer Def Subjects Professional Communication in Chinese Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students Level-3 Electives (Def Subjects)* Any two electives	AF EE EE EE EE ENG ENG CLC ELC	39 30 33 33 33 33 33 39 39 26 26	- 9 6 6 6 6 6 - -	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	50% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 70%	50% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 30%
EE3007A EE3008A EE3009A	Computer System Principles Linear Systems and Signal Processing Electrical Services in Buildings	EE EE EE	30 33 39	9 6 -	3 3 3	3 3 3	40% 50% 40%	60% 50% 60%
EE3010A	Summer Practical Training	Industry	A minin 6 we		3 training credits	-	100% assessed on Pass/Fail basis	-

* The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all electives in each semester

The Hong	Kong Polytechnic University		C	urriculun	1			
	ns) in Electrical Engineering Levels 4 and 5	Teaching Department	Contac	et Hours	Credits	GPA Weight (W _i)	Assessment Methods	
Subject Code	Subject Title		Lt/Tu	Lab		(11)	Continuous Assessment	Examination
	Level-4 Electives (Def Subjects) Any two electives							
EE4003A	Electrical Machines	EE	36	3	3	3	40%	60%
EE4004A	Power Systems	EE	33	6	3	3	40%	60%
EE4007A	Advanced Power Electronics	EE	33	6	3	3	40%	60%
	Def Subjects							
EE4006A	Individual Project	EE	-	-	6	3	100%	-
	Any two advanced electives; at least one should be EE subject							
	Specialist Electives (Advanced Electives)*							
BSE463	Design of Mechanical Systems in Buildings	BSE	33	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE4003A	Electrical Machines	EE	36	3	3	3	40%	60%
EE4004A	Power Systems	EE	33	6	3	3	40%	60%
EE4007A EE4008A	Advanced Power Electronics Applied Digital Control	EE EE	33	6 6	3 3	3 3	40%	60%
EE4008A EE4011A	Industrial Computer Applications	EE	33 33	6	3	3	40% 40%	60% 60%
EE4012A	Intelligent Buildings	EE	39	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE4014A	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical	EE	39#	-	3	3	40%	60%
ENG4001	Engineering Project Management	ENG	39	-	3	3	40%	60%
	Non-Technical Broadening Electives (Advanced Electives)*							
AF5107 CSE40462	Accounting for Engineers Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and	AF CEE	39 39	-	3 3	3 3	50% 50%	50% 50%
COD516	Practice	CEE	20		2	2	400/	600/
CSE516 ISE404	Urban Transport Planning – Theory and Practice Total Quality Management	CEE ISE	39 39	-	3 3	3 3	40% 55%	60% 45%
MM4522	China Business Management	MM	39	-	3	3	50%	50%
	MSc Subjects as Advanced Electives* Students must seek prior approval for enrolling on Level 5 subjects.							
EE502A	Modern Protection Methods	EE	33	6	3	3	40%	60%
EE505A	Power System Control and Operation	EE	39	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE509A	High Voltage Engineering	EE EE	39 20^	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE512A EE514	Electric Vehicles Real Time Computing	EE	39 [^] 39 [#]	-	3 3	3	40% 40%	60% 60%
EE520A	Intelligent Motion Systems	EE	39^	_	3	3	40%	60%
EE521A	Industrial Power Electronics	EE	33	6	3	3	40%	60%
EE522A	Optical Fibre Systems	EE	39	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE524 EE526A	Open Electricity Market Operation Power System Analysis and Dynamics	EE EE	39 [#] 39	-	3 3	3 3	40% 40%	60% 60%
EE526A EE528	System Modelling and Optimal Control	EE	39 39	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE530A	Electrical Energy Saving Systems	EE	39^	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE545A	Modern Generation and Grid Integration	EE	39	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE546	Technologies Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric Vehicles	EE	39^	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE547	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems	EE	27	12~	3	3	40%	60%
EE548	Advanced Electric Vehicle technology	EE	39^	-	3	3	40%	60%
EE549	Modern Sensor Technologies	EE	39	-	3	3	40%	60%

Lecture/Tutorial: 33 hours; plus Seminar/Case studies/Presentation: 6 hours

^ Lecture/Tutorial: 30 hours; plus Seminar/Case study/Group discussion/Presentation/Test: 9 hours

- ~ Lecture: 27 hours; plus Tutorial/Laboratory/Presentation: 12 hours
- * The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all electives in each semester

4.5 Indicative Progression Pattern for Normal Study Duration

The progression pattern in Table 4.5.1 to Table 4.5.4 is recommended for HKDSE admittees who have attained Level 3 or above in both English language and Chinese language, and who have attained Level 2 in Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics).

A student in the First Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.1 below and obtain a total of 30 academic credits and 4 training credits.

	Semester One	
AMA1110 AP10005 APSS1L01 EE1001A ELCXXXX	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics Physics I (3) Tomorrow's Leaders (3) Freshman Seminar: Introduction to Electrical Systems (3) English LCR Subject 1* (3)	(3) 15 credits
	Semester Two	
AMA1120 AP10006 ELCXXXX ENG2003	Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra (3) Physics II (3) English LCR Subject 2* (3) Information Technology (3)	
CAR	one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)	15 credits
GUR	Healthy Lifestyle	
EE2101A	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4) (120 hours throughout the year)	4 training credits

Table 4.5.1

* Students will take these subjects based on their English Language results in HKDSE or other public examinations (see Section 4.2 (i))

	Semester One
AMA2111	Mathematics I (3)
CLC1104C/P	University Chinese* (3)
EE2001A	Applied Electromagnetics (3)
EE2002A	Circuit Analysis ⁺ (3)
ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3)
ENG2002	Computer Programming (3)
	18 credits
	Semester Two
AF3625	Engineering Economics (3)
AMA2112	Mathematics II (3)
EE2003A	Electronics [~] (3)
EE2004A	Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals (3)
CAR	one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)
	15 credits
	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 2)
EE2102A	IC Training I (EE) (4)
	(120 hours in summer)
	4 training credits

A student in the Second Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.2 below and obtain 33 academic credits and 4 training credits.

Table 4.5.2

- * For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below. Depending on your Chinese Language Centre entry assessment result, one subject from Table 4.2.4 will be pre-assigned to you as Chinese LCR (see Section 4.2 (i))
- + Students may seek prior approval to select the co-listed subject EIE2100 Basic Circuit Analysis instead of EE2002A Circuit Analysis.
- [~] Students may seek prior approval to select the co-listed subject EIE2102 Basic Electronics instead of EE2003A Electronics.

#	Students may choose on	e subject from (a) to (f) listed below:				
	Engineering Materials: (a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engine					
	Biology [^] :	(b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science				
		(c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health				
		(d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human				
	Chemistry^:	(e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living				
		(f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development				

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR D (Science, Technology and Environment). You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

A student in the Third Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.3 below and obtain 31 academic credits and 3 training credits.

	Semester One
EE3001A	Analogue and Digital Circuits (3)
EE3003A	Power Electronics and Drives (3)
EE3005A	Systems and Control (3)
CAR	one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)
	any two Level-3 electives should be taken throughout the year
EE3007A	Computer System Principles (3)
EE3008A	Linear Systems and Signal Processing (3)
	15 – 18 credits
	Semester Two
CLC3241P	Professional Communication in Chinese (2)
EE3002A	Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3)
EE3004A	Power Transmission and Distribution (3)
EE3006A	Analysis Methods for Engineers (3)
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2)
EE3009A	any two Level-3 electives should be taken throughout the year
EE3009A	Electrical Services in Buildings (3) 13 – 16 credits
	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 3)
EE3010A	Summer Practical Training (A minimum of 6 weeks) (3)
	3 training credits
L	

Table 4.5.3

A student is advised to take the following curriculum in the final year as indicated in Table 4.5.4 and obtain 30 academic credits. He/she must accumulate a total of 124 academic credits and 11 training credits to qualify for graduation.

	Semester One	
EE4003A	any two Level-4 electives should be taken Electrical Machines (3)	
EE4003A EE4004A	Power Systems (3)	
EE4007A	Advanced Power Electronics (3)	
EE4006A	Individual Project (3 continues in Semester 2)	
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)	
GUR	Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues in Semester 2)	
	one CAR subject should be taken throughout the year	
CAR	one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)	
or		
Advanced	<i>two advanced electives should be taken throughout Year 4</i> one Elective* from Table 4.4.4 (3)	
Elective subject	one Elective Trom Table 4.4.4 (3)	
Liceuve subject		16.5 credits
	Semester Two	
EE4006A	Individual Project (3 continues from Semester 1)	
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)	
GUR	Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues from Semester 1)	
	one CAR subject should be taken throughout the year	
CAR	one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)	
and/or		
	two advanced electives should be taken throughout Year 4	
Advanced	Electives* from Table 4.4.4 $(3 - 6)$	
Elective subjects		125 1:4
		13.5 credits

Table 4.5.4

[#] Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.

* Out of the two advanced electives taken in Year 4, at least one should be an EE subject. The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all the electives in each year.

4.6 Progression Pattern for Senior Year Students

Total Credits Required for Graduation: 61 academic credits + 11 training credits

The progression pattern in Table 4.6.1 to Table 4.6.2 is recommended for Senior Year Students[@]</sup>.

A student in the First Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.6.1 below and obtain a total of 31 academic credits and 8 training credits.

Semester One							
Applied Electromagnetics (3)							
Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3)							
Analogue and Digital Circuits (3)							
Systems and Control (3)							
one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)							
15 credits							
Semester Two							
Engineering Economics (3)							
Professional Communication in Chinese (2)							
Power Transmission and Distribution (3)							
Analysis Methods for Engineers (3)							
Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2)							
Information Technology (3)							
16 credits							
Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 1)							
IC Training I (EE) (4)							
(120 hours in summer)							
4 training credits							
+ training creates							
Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4)							
(120 hours throughout the year)							
4 training credits							

Table 4.6.1

[@] The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.

#	Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below:					
	Engineering Materials:	(a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering				
	Biology [^] :	(b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science				
		(c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health				
		(d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human				
	Chemistry^:	(e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living				
		(f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development				

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: Students choosing any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR D (Science, Technology and Environment). You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

A student is advised to take the following curriculum in the final year as indicated in Table 4.6.2 and obtain 30 academic credits and 3 training credits. He/she must accumulate a total of 61 academic credits and 11 training credits to qualify for graduation.

	Semester One	
	any two Level-4 electives should be taken	
EE4003A	Electrical Machines (3)	
EE4004A	Power Systems (3)	
EE4007A	Advanced Power Electronics (3)	
EE4006A	Individual Project (3 continues in Semester 2)	
ENG3003	Engineering Management (3)	
CAR	one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3)	
GUR	Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues in Semester 2)	
		16.5 credits
	Semester Two	
EE4006A	Individual Project (3 continues from Semester 1)	
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer (3)	
GUR	Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues from Semester 1)	
Advanced	<i>two advanced electives should be taken throughout Year 4</i> two Electives* from Table 4.4.4 (6)	
Elective subject	two Electives from Tuble 4.4.4 (0)	
		13.5 credits
	Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 2)	
EE3010A	Summer Practical Training (A minimum of 6 weeks) (3)	
		3 training credits

Table 4.6.2

- [#] Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.
- * Out of the two Advanced Electives taken in Year 2, at least one should be an EE subject. The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all the electives in each year.
- Note 1 This is an <u>example</u> only which shows a possible study pattern for graduates with relevant Higher Diploma/Associate Degree from a recognized institution. The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.
- Note 2 Those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CLC) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard.

4.7 Subjects Support to Programme Outcomes

Table 4.7 illustrates how the subjects support the Programme Outcomes through teaching activities, practice on the part of students, and measurements.

	Programme Outcomes								
Subjects	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	B1	B2	B3
AF3625									\checkmark
AF5107									\checkmark
AMA1110									
AMA1120									
AMA2111									
AMA2112									
AP10001									
AP10005									
AP10006								\checkmark	
APSS1L01									\checkmark
BSE463									
CLC1104C/P									
CLC3241P									
CSE40462									
CSE516									
EE1001A		\checkmark							
EE2001A									\checkmark
EE2002A									
EE2003A									
EE2004A									
EE2101A									
EE2102A		\checkmark				\checkmark			
EE3001A						\checkmark			
EE3002A									
EE3003A									\checkmark
EE3004A									
EE3005A									
EE3006A									\checkmark
EE3007A									\checkmark
EE3008A									
EE3009A									
EE3010A						\checkmark			
EE4003A	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark
EE4004A									
EE4006A				\checkmark					\checkmark
EE4007A					\checkmark				\checkmark
EE4008A									
EE4011A									
EE4012A									
EE4014A									\checkmark

	Programme Outcomes								
Subjects	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	B1	B2	B3
EE502A									
EE505A							\checkmark		
EE509A			\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark		
EE512A			\checkmark						
EE514		\checkmark	\checkmark						
EE520A			\checkmark						
EE521A			\checkmark	\checkmark					
EE522A		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					
EE524				\checkmark			\checkmark		
EE526A		\checkmark							
EE528			\checkmark				\checkmark		
EE530A			\checkmark	\checkmark					
EE545A			\checkmark	\checkmark					
EE546									
EE547		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					
EE548									
EE549		\checkmark							
ELC1011									
ELC1013					\checkmark		\checkmark		
ELC2011									
ELC2012									
ELC2013									
ELC2014									
ELC3531					\checkmark		\checkmark		
ENG2001				\checkmark					
ENG2002	\checkmark		\checkmark					\checkmark	
ENG2003			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
ENG3003				\checkmark		\checkmark			
ENG3004				\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		
ENG4001				\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		
ISE404			\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			
MM4522						\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
CAR subjects						\checkmark	\checkmark		
Healthy Lifestyle			\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			
Service-Learning			\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark

 Table 4.7
 Support of programme outcomes by individual subjects

4.8 Work-Integrated Education and Summer Practical Training

Work-Integrated Education (WIE) is defined as a structured and measurable learning experience which takes place in an organizational context relevant to a student's future profession. It aims to prepare students for the realities of workplaces, develop students' ability to learn in non-academic surroundings, allow students to assess their own strengths and weaknesses in a realistic working settings and develop students' critical thinking and problem solving capabilities.

Summer Practical Training (EE3010A) normally takes place during the summer at the end of Year Three. Students are required to undertake a minimum of 6 weeks full-time or equivalent industrial training (3 training credits), of which is valid for WIE activities as recognised by the University.

WIE activities may include placement, employment or attachment relevant to the context, knowledge and skills of the Programme. The Job Board arranged by the Student Affairs Office (SAO) of the University is one of the main sources of placement opportunities for local students and students from Mainland China and overseas. The WIE activities may or may not involve any payment. Any payment by employers is completely at the employers' discretion. Typical examples of WIE activities are as follows:

- Full-time placement in a suitable organization for 6 weeks.
- Assisting in PolyU activities that have an external collaboration or service component such as, Innovation and Technology Fund projects, IGARD projects, high-level consultancy projects, collaborative research projects that were undertaken with external organizations, jobs undertaken by the Industrial Centre as a service for an external organization.
- Placement within the IAESTE (International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience) Programme in which the student is attached to a workplace abroad during the training.
- The student works on his/her final-year degree project which involves an industrial partner or external client. The student need not be placed in the company but make frequent visits to ensure that the project will meet the specifications required by the company/client.

In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements.

Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated.

(i) Orientation

Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following:

- Basic skills in undertaking practical training
- Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments
- Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc.

(ii) Progress Monitoring

During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to record their progress. The journal may include:

- Location: Summarize where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organization.
- Responsibilities: Describe the actual responsibilities. Explain the role in terms of the mission of the immediate work team.
- Skills and Knowledge: Describe the skills and knowledge needed to fulfill the work responsibilities. Describe how the knowledge and skill set evolved during the work experiences. Explain how these are relevant to the academic studies and future goals.
- Outcome: Describe the placement experiences and major achievements with concrete examples.

(iii) Learning Evaluation

After the completion of practical training, students are required to submit a report about the work experience. It provides an opportunity for the student to reflect upon the learning gained at the work site. The framework of the report includes:

- A summary or an abstract of the report.
- Detail description of activities carried out during the placement, minimum 6 pages.
- A self-reflection: students articulate their thinking about each piece in the report, as well as on the entire report. Through this process of reflection, students draw connections between work experience and university-based learning, construct new knowledge, and become increasingly aware of themselves as learners.
- Conclusion: after reflection on their workplace experience, students set goals and directions for future learning, such as formulate the objectives of their Final Year Project.

4.9 Industrial Centre (IC) Training

Besides the WIE training components, students are required to undertake training at the Industrial Centre (IC), which is equivalent to 8 training credits. The training is scheduled within Year One and at the end of Year Two. Students will not pay any training fee, nor receive any stipend. IC training is however not part of WIE activities.

4.10 Language Enhancement Subjects

All students are strongly encouraged to make full use of the facilities and services provided in the ELC and CLC to improve their language proficiency throughout the programme.

4.11 Physics Enhancement Subject

Students who do not possess the requisite background knowledge in Physics (i.e. attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science with a component in Physics) are required to take and pass a Physics enhancement subject (Introduction to Physics) before they can take Physics I and Physics II.

5 Management and Operation

5.1 Administration

The daily operation of the programme, such as general administration of admission, registrations, student records, preparation for Board of Examiners meetings and documentations, is overseen by the Programme Leader and the administrative team of the Department. All enquiries regarding registration and general administration from students on the programme should be made to the General Office as the first contact point.

The Departmental Undergraduate Programmes Committee, in which the Head of Department and the Programme Leaders of all programmes offered by the Department are members, discusses and reviews the programme structure, syllabi content, high-level integration and future directions of the programme. The Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee advises on matters related to teaching methods and learning quality and cultivates the positive mentality toward teaching and learning among teaching staff and students. WIE/Career Liaison Officer and Student-Exchange Coordinator are appointed by the Department to provide students with advice and assistance.

5.2 Academic Advisors

While the Programme Leader is available for the operation of the programme, general enquiry and counselling, Academic Advisors are in place to offer more personal contacts and to look after students' need.

The Academic Advisors, usually an academic staff member, is assigned to each newly admitted student and he/she will be with the students till graduation. Academic Advisors provide continuous and individual counselling and help guide the students through various difficulties, if any, which might affect their studies. A specific staff member from the General Office will work closely with the Programme Leaders and the Academic Advisors. All academic requirements and regulations related to academic programmes offered by the department as well as the GUR requirements will be provided to the students.

6 Academic Regulations on Admission, Registration and Assessment

The admission, registration and assessment arrangements described below are in accordance with the University policies and regulations for all 4-year full-time undergraduate degree programmes.

6.1 Admission

Students are admitted into the programme via the Joint University Programmes Admissions System (JUPAS) on a yearly basis. Non-JUPAS applicants are also considered on their academic merits, as well as non-academic achievements.

6.2 Re-admission

Students who have been required to withdraw on grounds of academic failure or have been de-registered, and those who have discontinued their studies without completing the proper procedures for official withdrawal, shall not be considered for re-admission to the same programme/stream in the following academic year.

6.3 Transfer of study within the University

Students who have not completed their programmes of study may apply to transfer to another programme, and may be admitted, provided that the total period of registration will not exceed the normal duration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20) of the original or new study programme, whichever is longer. Unless exceptionally approved by Academic Planning and Regulations Committee (APRC) Chairman, year one new students will only be considered for transfer to another programme offered in the same mode of study, starting from their second semester of registration.

Students who are currently on a UGC-funded programme and wish to transfer to another PolyU full-time UGC-funded programme of the same level should submit an application for transfer of study, instead of a new application in the non-JUPAS application period.

All applications for transfer of study will be considered in competition with other new applications.

6.4 Concurrent Enrolment

Students are not permitted to enrol concurrently on two full-time programmes, whether or not one of the programmes is offered by another institution.

Except for programmes which do not lead to any formal award, students are not allowed to enrol concurrently on a full-time programme and a part-time programme, or on more than one part-time programmes, including those offered by another institution, without permission from the Head(s) of Department concerned.

6.5 Normal Duration for Completion of the Programme (applicable to students admitted in or after 2020/21)

Students should complete the programme within the normal duration of the programme as specified in the Programme Requirement Document. Those who exceed the normal duration of the programme will be de-registered from the programme unless prior approval has been

obtained from relevant authorities. The study period of a student shall exclude deferment granted for justifiable reasons, and the semester(s) when the student has been approved to undertake internship. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will be counted towards their total period of registration.

Students who have been registered for the normal duration of the programme may request extension of their studies for up to one year with the approval of the relevant Heads of Department/Deans of Independent School. Applications for extension of study period beyond one year and up to two years will require the approval from Faculty/School Board Chairman.

Students who have exceeded the normal duration of the programme for more than two years and have been de-registered can submit an appeal to the Academic Appeals Committee to request further extension. If the appeal fails, the student shall be de-registered.

To enable student sportsmen to manage their participation in trainings/competitions and academic studies, the normal duration for completion of programmes for students admitted via the OSRS will automatically be extended for two years. Further extension will follow the prevailing regulations.

6.6 Maximum Period of Registration for Completion of the Programme (applicable to students admitted in or before 2019/20)

The maximum period of registration on, and for completion of, a programme is normally twice the duration of the programme, and must not exceed 8 years. This 8-year maximum period, shall apply to programmes, the specified duration of which is more than 4 years. This period shall exclude deferment granted for justifiable reasons such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong, but any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will be counted towards the maximum period of registration. For Senior Year intakes, students are normally expected to complete their study in 2 years, with a maximum period of registration of 4 years.

A student's registration shall lapse if it is no longer possible for him/her to obtain an award within the maximum period of registration.

6.7 Validity Period of Subject Credits

The validity period of subject credits earned is eight years from the year of attainment, i.e. the year in which the subject is completed. Credits earned from previous study should remain valid at the time when the student applies for credit transfer.

6.8 Residential Requirement

In order to be considered for a PolyU award, a student must complete at least 1/3 of the normal credit requirement for the award he/she is currently enrolled, unless the professional bodies concerned stipulate otherwise. This 1/3 requirement is also applicable to Minor programme. Students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor.

6.9 Subject Registration and Withdrawal

In addition to programme registration, students need to register for the subjects at specified periods prior to the commencement of the semester. An add/drop period will also be scheduled for each semester/term. Students may apply for withdrawal of their registration on a subject after the add/drop period and before the commencement of the examination period if they have a genuine need to do so. The application should be made to the relevant programme offering Department and will require the approval of both the subject teacher and the host Department Programme Leader concerned Applications submitted after the commencement of the examination period will not be considered. For approved applications of subject withdrawal, the tuition fee paid for the subject will be forfeited and the withdrawal status of the subject will be shown in the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, but will not be counted in the calculation of the GPA.

The pre-requisite requirements of a subject must have been fulfilled before a student registers for that subject. However, the subject offering Department has the discretion to waive the pre-requisite requirements of a subject, if deemed appropriate. If the pre-requisite subject concerned forms part of the requirements for award, the subject has to be passed in order to satisfy the graduation requirements for the programme concerned, despite the waiving of the pre-requisite.

Subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of study places, students are allowed to take additional subjects on top of the prescribed credit requirement for award before they become eligible for graduation. Students will be allowed to take additional subjects for broadening purpose, after they fulfil the graduation requirements and for the following semester. However, they will still be subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of places in the subjects concerned, and their enrolment will be arranged as subject-based students only and be subject to the rules on 'Admission of Subject-based Students', except that graduates from UGC-funded programmes will not be restricted to taking only subjects from a self-financed programme.

6.10 Study Load

For students following the progression pattern specified for their programme, they have to take the number of credits and subjects, as specified in this Programme Requirement Document, for each semester. Students cannot drop those subjects assigned by the department unless prior approval has been given by the department.

The normal study load is 15 credits in a semester for full-time study. The maximum study load to be taken by a student in a semester is 21 credits, unless exceptional approval is given by the Head of the programme offering department. For such cases, students should be reminded that the study load approved should not be taken as the grounds for academic appeal.

To help improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, these students will be required to take a reduced study load in the following semester (Summer Term excluded). The maximum number of credits to be taken by the students varies according to the policies of individual Departments and will be subject to the approval of the authorities concerned.

Students are not allowed to take zero subject in any semester, including the mandatory summer term as required by some programmes, unless they have obtained prior approval from the programme offering department; otherwise they will be classified as having unofficially withdrawn from their programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will nevertheless be counted towards the total period of registration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20).

Students who have obtained approval to pace their studies and students on programmes without any specified progression pattern who wish to take more than the normal load of 15 credits in a semester should seek advice from the Department concerned before the selection of subjects.

6.11 Subject Exemption

Students may be exempted from taking any specified subjects, including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, if they have successfully completed similar subjects previously in another programme or have demonstrated the level of proficiency/ability to the satisfaction of the subject offering department. Subject exemption is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the subject exemption is to be decided by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments. In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. If students are exempted from taking a specified subject, the credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted towards meeting the award requirements. It will therefore be necessary for the students to consult the programme offering department and take another subject in order to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

6.12 Credit Transfer

Students may be given credits for recognised previous studies including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, and the credits will be counted towards meeting the requirements for award. Transferred credits may not normally be counted towards more than one award. The granting of credit transfer is a matter of academic judgment.

Credit transfer may be done with or without the grade being carried over; the former should normally be used when the credits were gained from PolyU. Credit transfer with the grade being carried over may be granted for subjects taken from outside the University, if deemed appropriate, and with due consideration to the academic equivalence of the subjects concerned and the comparability of the grading systems adopted by the University and the other approved institutions. Subject credit transfer is normally decided by the subject offering Department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the decision will be made by the programme offering Department in consultation with the subject offering Departments.

In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. The validity period of credits previously earned, is 8 years after the year of attainment.

Normally, not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferable from approved institutions outside the University. For transfer of credits from programmes offered by PolyU, normally not more than 67% of the credit requirement for award can be transferred. In cases where both types of credits are being transferred (i.e. from programmes offered by PolyU and from approved institutions outside the University), not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferred. The 50% and 67% ceiling is also applicable to Minor programme, i.e. credit transfer can be given for not more than 9 credits of a Minor programme if the previous credits were earned from approved institutions outside of the university; and not more than 12 credits of a Minor programme if the previous credits were earned from programmes offered by PolyU. For students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum which is already a reduced curriculum, they should not be given credit transfer for any required GUR subjects, and they must complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for award. Students exceptionally admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum before 2017/18 based on qualification more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma may be given credit transfer for the required GUR subjects if they had completed comparable components in their earlier studies. These students can take fewer than 61 credits for attaining the award. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for award.

Credit transfer can be applicable to credits earned by students through study at a non-local partner institution under an approved exchange programme. Students should, before they start the exchange programme, seek prior approval from the programme offering department on their study plan and credit transferability. In order to overcome the problems associated with subject-to-subject mappings, block credit transfer rather than subject-by-subject credit transfer can be given.

All credit transfers approved will take effect only in the semester for which they are approved. A student who applies for transfer of credits during the re-enrolment or the add/drop period of a particular semester will only be eligible for graduation at the end of that semester, even if the granting of credit transfer will immediately enable the student to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

For credit transfer of retaken subjects, the grade attained in the last attempt should be taken in the case of credit transfer with grade being carried over. Students applying for credit transfer for a subject taken in other institutions are required to declare that the subject grade used for claiming credit transfer was attained in the last attempt of the subject in their previous studies. If a student fails in the last attempt of a retaken subject, no credit transfer should be granted, despite the fact that the student may have attained a pass grade for the subject in the earlier attempts.

Students should not be granted credit transfer for a subject which they have attempted and failed in their current study unless the subject was taken by the student as an exchange-out student in his/her current programme.

6.13 Deferment of Study

Students may apply for deferment of study if they have a genuine need to do so such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong. Approval from the department offering the programme is required. The deferment period will not be counted towards the total period of registration (or maximum period of registration for students admitted in or before 2019/20).

Application for deferment of study from students who have not yet completed the first year of a full-time programme will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.

Where the period of deferment of study begins during a stage for which fees have been paid, no refund of such fees will be made.

Students who have been approved for deferment are not entitled to enjoy any campus facilities during the deferment period.

6.14 General Assessment Regulations

Students' progress by credit accumulation, i.e. credits earned by passing individual subjects can be accumulated and counted towards the final award.

A 'level' in a programme indicates the intellectual demand placed upon students and may characterise each subject with respect to its recommended sequencing within that programme. Upper level subjects should normally build on lower level subjects. Pre-requisite requirements, if any, must therefore be spelt out on a subject basis.

A 'subject' is defined as a discrete section of the programme which is assigned a separate assessment. A list of subjects, together with their level and weightings, shall be published in the Programme Requirement Document.

The following is the Subject Level code adopted by the University:

Level Code		Explanation
0	=	Pre-university level standard (and remedial subjects taken by new admittees to a 4-year degree programme, or some subjects offered to Higher Diploma students only)
1	=	Standard comparable to year 1 of a 4-year degree programme
2	=	Standard comparable to year 2 of a 4-year degree programme
3	=	Standard comparable to year 3 of a 4-year degree programme
4	=	Standard comparable to the final year of a 4-year degree programme
5	=	Master's degree level
6	=	Doctoral degree level

From 2012/13 to 2020/21

Level Code		Explanation
0	=	Pre-university level standard (and remedial subjects taken by new admittees to a 4-year degree programme, or some subjects offered to Higher Diploma students only)
1	=	Some subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during year 1 of a 4-year degree programme or year 1 of an Associate Degree/Higher Diploma programme; usually have no pre-requisite.
2	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during year 2 of a 4-year degree programme or the final year of an Associate Degree/Higher Diploma programme; some subjects at this level may have prerequisites.
3	=	Some subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Bachelor's degree while the rest at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during year 3 of a 4-year degree programme; usually require the completion of subjects at the preceding levels as a prerequisite.
4	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the exit level for Bachelor's degree while the rest at the exit level for Associate Degree/Higher Diploma; intended to be taken during the final year of a 4-year degree programme; usually require the completion of subjects at the preceding levels as a pre-requisite.
5	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the Master's level while the rest at the Bachelor's level.
6	=	The majority of the subject intended learning outcomes are at the Doctoral level while the rest at the Master's level.

The language of assessment for all programmes/subjects shall be English, unless approval is given for it to be otherwise.

6.15 Principles of Assessment

Assessment *of* learning and assessment *for* learning are both important for assuring the quality of student learning. Assessment *of* learning is to evaluate whether students have achieved the intended learning outcomes of the subjects that they have taken and have attained the overall learning outcomes of the academic programme at the end of their study at a standard appropriate to the award. Appropriate methods of assessment that align with the intended learning outcomes should be designed for this purpose. The assessment methods will also enable the teacher to differentiate students' different levels of performance within the subject. Assessment *for* learning is to engage students in productive learning activities through purposefully designed assessment tasks.

Assessment will also serve as feedback to students. The assessment criteria and standards should be made explicit to students before the start of the assessment to facilitate student learning, and feedback provided should link to the criteria and standards. Timely feedback should be provided to students so that they are aware of their progress and attainment for the purpose of improvement.

The ultimate authority in the University for the confirmation of academic decisions is the Senate, but for practical reasons, the Senate has delegated to the Faculty/School Boards the authority to confirm the decisions of Boards of Examiners provided these are made within the framework of the General Assessment Regulations. Recommendations from Board of

Examiners which fall outside these Regulations shall be ratified by the APRC and reported to the Senate as necessary.

6.16 Assessment Methods

Students' performance in a subject can be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering department. Where both continuous assessment and examinations are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade shall be clearly stated in the Programme Requirement Document. The subject offering department can decide whether students are required to pass both the continuous assessment and examination components, or either component only, in order to obtain a subject pass, but this requirement (to pass both, or either, components) shall be specified in the Programme Requirement Document. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous Assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.

Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering department.

At the beginning of each semester, the subject teacher should inform students of the details of the methods of assessments to be used, within the assessment framework as specified in the Programme Requirement Document.

6.17 Progression / Academic Probation / Deregistration

The Board of Examiners shall, at the end of each semester (except for Summer Term unless there are students who are eligible to graduate after completion of Summer Term subjects), determine whether each student is

- (i) eligible for progression towards an award; or
- (ii) eligible for an award; or
- (iii) required to be deregistered from the programme.

When a student has a Grade Point Average (GPA) lower than 1.70, he/she will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If a student is able to pull his/her GPA up to 1.70 or above at the end of the semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected in the assessment result notification but not in the transcript of studies.

A student will have 'progressing' status unless he/she falls within any one of the following categories, which may be regarded as grounds for deregistration from the programme:

- (i) the student has exceeded the maximum period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Programme Requirement Document (applicable to students admitted in or before 2019/20); or
- (ii) the student has reached the final year of the normal period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Programme Requirement Document, unless approval has been given for extension (applicable to students admitted in or after 2020/21); or
- (iii) the student has reached the maximum number of retakes allowed for a failed compulsory subject; or
- (iv) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for two consecutive semesters <u>and</u> his/her Semester GPA in the second semester is also lower than 1.70; or
- (v) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within any of the categories as stipulated above, except for category (ii) with approval for extension, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

A student may be de-registered from the programme enrolled before the time frame specified at (iv) or (v) above if his/her academic performance is poor to the extent that the Board of Examiners deems that his/her chance of attaining a GPA of 1.70 at the end of the programme is slim or impossible.

The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in the Summer Term, unless Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme and constitutes a requirement for graduation.

If the student is not satisfied with the de-registration decision of the Board of Examiners, he/she can lodge an appeal. All such appeal cases will be referred directly to Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for final decision. Views of Faculties/Schools/Departments will be sought and made available to AAC for reference.

6.18 Retaking of Subjects

Students may only retake a subject which they have failed (i.e. Grade F or S or U). Retaking of subjects is with the condition that the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester is not exceeded.

The number of retakes of a subject should be restricted to two, i.e. a maximum of three attempts for each subject is allowed.

In cases where a student takes another subject to replace a failed elective subject, the fail grade will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the replacement subject. Likewise, students who fail a Cluster Area Requirement (CAR) subject may need to take another subject from the same Cluster Area in order to fulfill this part of the GUR, since the original CAR subject may not be offered; in such cases, the fail grade for the first CAR subject will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the second CAR subject.⁶

Students need to submit a request to the Faculty/School Board for the second retake of a failed subject.

Students who have failed a compulsory subject after two retakes and have been de-registered can submit an appeal to the Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for a third chance of retaking the subject.

In case AAC does not approve further retakes of a failed compulsory subject or the taking of an equivalent subject with special approval from the Faculty, the student concerned would be de-registered and the decision of the AAC shall be final within the University.

6.19 Absence from an assessment component

If a student is unable to complete all the assessment components of a subject, due to illness or other circumstances which are beyond his/her control and considered by the subject offering Department as legitimate, the Department will determine whether the student will have to complete a late assessment and, if so, by what means. This late assessment shall take place at the earliest opportunity, and normally before the commencement of the following academic year (except that for Summer Term, which may take place within 3 weeks after the finalisation of Summer Term results). If the late assessment cannot be completed before the commencement of the following academic year, the Faculty/School Board Chairman shall decide on an appropriate time for completion of the late assessment.

The student concerned is required to submit his/her application for late assessment in writing to the Head of Department offering the subject, within five working days from the date of the examination, together with any supporting documents. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the or the subject teacher concerned, in consultation with the Programme Leader.

⁶ In these circumstances when students do not have a choice to retake a failed subject, such as when the failed subject has been phased out, a 'tie-subject' arrangement can be made with the approval of the Faculty/School Board. Under the arrangement, another appropriate subject can be taken as equivalent to the subject which is not offered. Upon passing the equivalent subject, the fail grade of the original subject will be replaced by the latest grade of the retake subject and the failure grade of the original subject will not be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA.

6.20 Assessment to be completed

For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.

6.21 Aegrotat Award

If a student is unable to complete the requirements of the programme in question for the award due to very serious illness, or other very special circumstances which are beyond his/her control, and considered by the Board of Examiners as legitimate, the Faculty/School Board will determine whether the student will be granted an aegrotat award. Aegrotat award will be granted under very exceptional circumstances.

A student who has been offered an aegrotat award shall have the right to opt either to accept such an award, or request to be assessed on another occasion to be stipulated by the Board of Examiners; the student's exercise of this option shall be irrevocable.

The acceptance of an aegrotat award by a student shall disqualify him/her from any subsequent assessment for the same award.

An aegrotat award shall normally not be classified, and the award parchment shall not state that it is an aegrotat award. However, the Board of Examiners may determine whether the award should be classified, provided that they have adequate information on the students' academic performance.

6.22 Grading

Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A student's overall performance in a subject shall be graded as follows from 2020/21 onwards*:

Subject grade	Short description	Elaboration on subject grading description
A+ A A-	Excellent	Demonstrates excellent achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to skillfully use concepts and solve complex problems. Shows evidence of innovative and critical thinking in unfamiliar situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
B+ B B-	Good	Demonstrates good achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to use appropriate concepts and solve problems. Shows the ability to analyse issues critically and make well-grounded judgements in familiar or standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
C+ C C-	Satisfactory Demonstrates satisfactory achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Shows some capacity for analysis and making judgements in a variety of familiar and standard situations, and i able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a manner that is generally logical but fragmented.	
D+ D	Pass	Demonstrates marginal achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Can make basic comparisons, connections and judgments and express the ideas learnt in the subject, though there are frequent breakdowns in logic and clarity.
F	Fail	Demonstrates inadequate achievement of intended subject learning outcomes through a lack of knowledge and/or understanding of the subject matter. Evidence of analysis is often irrelevant or incomplete.

'F' is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ('D' to 'A+') are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

Main Grade (solid)	The student generally performed at this level, indicating mastery of the subject intended learning outcomes at this level.
+ (exemplary)	The student consistently performed at this level and exceeded the expectations of this level in some regards, but not enough to claim mastery at the next level.
- (marginal)	The student basically performed at this level, but the performance was inconsistent or fell slightly short in some regards.

Indicative descriptors for modifier grades

Note: The above indicative descriptors for modifier grades are not applicable to the pass grades D and D+

* For the short description of subject grades and elaboration on subject grading descriptions for 2019/20 and before, please refer to the previous editions of this document.

A numeral grade point is assigned to each subject grade.

The grade points assigned to subject grades attained by students from 2020/21 are as follows:

Grade	Grade Point for grades attained from 2020/21
A+	4.3
А	4.0
A-	3.7
B+	3.3
В	3.0
B-	2.7
C+	2.3
C	2.0
C-	1.7
D+	1.3
D	1.0
F	0.0

The grade points assigned to subject grades attained by students before 2020/21 are as follows:

Grade	Grade Point for grades attained before 2020/21
A+	4.5
А	4.0
B+	3.5
В	3.0
C+	2.5
С	2.0
D+	1.5
D	1.0
F	0.0

At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

 $GPA = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} Subject \ Grade \ Point_{n} \times Subject \ Credit \ Value_{n}}{\sum_{n=1}^{N} Subject \ Credit \ Value_{n}}$

where N = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned⁷
- Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e. those with the code 'W')

Subject which has been given an "S" code, i.e. absent from all assessment components, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance, and ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

All training credits⁸ will be counted in the GPA calculation but not in the WGPA calculation.

⁷ Subjects taken in the University or elsewhere and with grades assigned, and for which credit transfer has been approved, will be included in the GPA calculation.

⁸ "Training credits" is used as a generic term only, and also includes clinical/field credits for programmes in different study disciplines. Laboratory experiments done as a subject/an integral part of a subject to satisfy the academic requirements is not considered to be practical training.

Codes	Interpretation	Remarks
I^	Assessment to be completed	An incomplete grade must be converted to a regular grade normally in the following academic year at the latest.
Ν	Assessment is not required	
Р	Pass an ungraded subject	This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training.
U	Fail an ungraded subject	This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training.
М	Pass with Merit	The adoption or otherwise of this code to other subjects adopting a "Pass/Fail" grading system would be subject to the decision of individual Departments.
		The grade "Pass with Merit" can be awarded when the student's work exceeds the subject learning outcomes in the majority of regards.
L	Subject to be continued in the following semester	This code applies to subjects like "Project" which may consist of more than 1 part (denoted by the same subject code) and for which continuous assessment is deemed appropriate.
S	Absent from all assessment components	
W	Withdrawn from subject	Dropping of subjects after the add/drop period is normally not allowed. Requests for withdrawal from subjects after the add/drop period and prior to examination will only be considered under exceptional circumstances. This code is given when a student has obtained exceptional approval from Department to withdraw from a subject after the "add/drop" period and prior to examination; otherwise, a failure grade (grade F) should be awarded.
Z	Exempted	
Т	Transfer of credit	
#^	Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty/non- compliance with examination regulations	This code applies to failure (i.e. F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to academic dishonesty/non-compliance with examination regulations. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.
% ⁺	Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty	This code applies to failure (i.e. F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to academic dishonesty. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.
@+	Disqualification of result due to non-compliance with examination regulations	This code applies to failure (i.e. F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to non-compliance with examination regulations. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University.

Codes to Denote Overall Subject Assessments

- ^ For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a final decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The students can be assigned an 'I' code in this circumstance. The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.
- $^{\bigtriangleup}$ For cases before 2019/20.
- ⁺ For cases from 2019/20.
- Note: Subjects with the assigned codes I, N, P, U, M, L, W, Z and T (if the subject is without grade transferred) will be omitted in the calculation of the GPA. A subject assigned code S will be taken as zero in the calculation.

6.23 Different types of GPA

GPA's will be calculated for each Semester including the Summer Term. This <u>Semester</u> <u>GPA</u> will be used to determine students' eligibility to progress to the next Semester alongside with the 'cumulative GPA'. However, the Semester GPA calculated for the Summer Term will not be used for this purpose, unless the Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme concerned and constitutes part of the graduation requirements.

The GPA calculated after the second Semester of the students' study is therefore a <u>'cumulative' GPA</u> of all the subjects taken so far by students, and without applying any level weighting.

Along with the 'cumulative' GPA, a <u>weighted GPA</u> will also be calculated, to give an indication to the Board of Examiners on the award classification which a student will likely get if he/she makes steady progress on his/her academic studies.

When a student has satisfied the requirements for award, an <u>award GPA</u> will be calculated to determine his/her award classification.

For students taking the Major/Minor study route, a separate GPA will be calculated for their Major and Minor programmes. The <u>Major GPA</u> will be used to determine their award classification, which will be so reflected on the award parchment. The <u>Minor GPA</u> can be used as a reference for Board of Examiners to moderate the award classification for the Major.

The calculation methods of the different types of GPA are further explained in the table below.

Types of GPA	Purpose	Rules for GPA calculation
GPA	Determine Progression/ Graduation	(1) All academic subjects taken by the student throughout his/her study, both inside and outside the programme curriculum, are included in the GPA calculation.
		(2) For training subjects, including WIE and Clinical/Field subjects, departments can decide whether to include them in the GPA calculation.
		(3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the GPA calculation.
		(4) Level weighting, if any, will be ignored.
Semester GPA	Determine Progression	Similar to the rules for GPA as described above, except that only subjects taken in that Semester, including retaken subjects, will be included in the calculation.
Weighted GPA	To give an interim indication on the likely Award GPA	 Similar to the rules for GPA, except that only subjects inside the programme curriculum concerned will be included in the calculation. Subjects outside the programme curriculum will be excluded.
		(2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects are to be counted towards the Weighted GPA.
		(3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Weighted GPA calculation.
		(4) A weighting of 2 for Level 1 and 2 subjects, and a weighting of 3 for Level 3 and 4 subjects, will be included in the calculation to determine the Honours classifications for Bachelor's degree programmes.
		(5) The weighted GPA will be the same as the Award GPA unless a student has taken more subjects than required.

Types of GPA	Purpose	Rules for GPA calculation
Major/Minor GPA	For reference and determination of award classification	 Major/Minor GPA (1) Only subjects inside the curriculum of the Major/Minor Programmes will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation. (2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects, are to be counted towards the Major/Minor GPA. (3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation.
		(4) Up to 6 credits from the Major/GUR [including Language Communication Requirements (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] can be counted towards the chosen Minor. Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme.
		Major GPA Level weighting will be included in the calculation of Major GPA.
		Minor GPA
		Level weighting will <u>not</u> be included in the calculation of Minor GPA.
Award GPA	For determination of award	If the student has not taken more subjects than required, the Award GPA will be as follows:
	classification	(1) For single Major: Award GPA = Weighted GPA
		 (2) For Major/Minor programmes: Award GPA = Major GPA (3) For programmes without level weighting: Award GPA = GPA
		If the student has taken more subjects than required, refer to Section 6.24 below.

6.24 Guidelines for Award Classification

The Weighted GPA will be used as a guide to help determine award classifications.

Weighted GPA will be computed as follows:

$$\text{Weighted GPA} = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \text{Subject Grade Point}_{n} \times \text{Subject Credit Value}_{n} \times W_{n}}{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \text{Subject Credit Value}_{n} \times W_{n}}$$

where W_n = weighting to be assigned according to the level of the subject

N = number of all subjects counted in GPA calculation

For calculating the weighted GPA (and award GPA) to determine the Honours classification of students who satisfy the graduation requirements of Bachelor's degree awards, a University-wide standard weighting will be applied to all subjects of the same level, with a weighting of $\underline{2}$ for Level 1 and 2 subjects, a weighting of $\underline{3}$ for Level 3 and 4 subjects. Same as for GPA, Weighted GPA ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

Any subjects passed after the graduation requirement has been met or subjects taken on top of the prescribed credit requirements for award shall not be taken into account in the grade point calculation for award classification. However, if a student attempts more elective subjects (or optional subjects) than those required for graduation in or before the semester in which he/she becomes eligible for award, the elective subjects (or optional subjects), except for subjects which are selected by students to fulfill the free electives requirement for graduation, with a higher grade/contribution shall be included in the grade point calculation (i.e. the excessive subjects attempted with a lower grade/contribution, including failed subjects, will be excluded).

For students who have completed a Major/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" which includes grades obtained for the free electives, if appropriate.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme. "Minor GPA" is unweighted.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his/her Major but a lower GPA for his/her Minor, he/she will not be 'penalised' in respect of his/her award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his/her Major than his/her GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider giving the student a higher award classification than with reference to his/her Major GPA.

6.25 Classification of Awards

For Honours degree programmes, the awards will be classified as follows:

- First Class Honours
- Second Class Honours (Division 1)
- Second Class Honours (Division 2)
- Third Class Honours

The following are guidelines for Boards of Examiners' reference in determining award classifications:

Honours Degrees	Guidelines	
1st	The student's performance/attainment is outstanding, and identifies him/her as exceptionally able in the field covered by the programme in question.	
2:i	The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment which is more than satisfactory but less than outstanding.	
2:ii	The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment judged to be satisfactory, and clearly higher than the 'essential minimum' required for graduation.	
3rd	The student has attained the 'essential minimum' required for graduation at a standard ranging from just adequate to just satisfactory.	

Under exceptional circumstances, a student who has completed an Honours degree programme, but has not attained Honours standard, may be awarded a Pass-without-Honours degree. A Pass-without-Honours degree award will be recommended, when the student has demonstrated a level of final attainment which is below the 'essential minimum' required for graduation with Honours from the programme in question, but when he/she has nonetheless covered the prescribed work of the programme in an adequate fashion, while failing to show sufficient evidence of the intellectual calibre expected of Honours degree graduates. For example, if a student in an Honours degree programme has a Grade Point Average (GPA) of 1.70 or more, but his/her Weighted GPA is less than 1.70, he/she may be considered for a Pass-without-Honours classification. A Pass-without-Honours is an unclassified award, but the award parchment will not include this specification.

Students who have committed academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. For undergraduate students who should be awarded a Third class Honours degree, they will be downgraded to a Pass-without-Honours. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass. In rare circumstances where both the Student Discipline Committee and Board of Examiners of a Department consider that there are strong justifications showing the offence be less serious, the requirement for lowering the award classification can be waived.

Honours Degrees	Award GPA
1st	3.60 - 4.30
2:i	3.00 - 3.59
2:ii	2.40 - 2.99
3rd	1.70 – 2.39

The followings are the award GPA ranges for determining award classifications:

Decisions by the Boards of Examiners on award classifications to be granted to each student on completion of the programme shall be ratified by the Faculty/School Board (of Examiners). For cases the decisions of which do not conform to the above indicative GPA range, they should be referred, by the Faculty/School Board (of Examiners), to the APRC for ratification.

6.26 Examination result announcements, transcripts, testimonials and references

At the end of each semester, where appropriate, examination results are announced online for individual students' checking. It provides information on subjects taken and grades attained, the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects, and the overall result up to and including the latest semester. The announcement serves as an official notification of the student's academic performance.

A formal Transcript of Studies will be issued by the University, upon request, to any student registered on a programme offered by the University, and it will include the following information:

- (i) name and student number;
- (ii) title of the programme(s) on which enrolled, or from which graduated;
- (iii) medium of instruction for the programme (applicable only to programmes which are delivered in Chinese and for which both Chinese and English versions are offered);
- (iv) a full academic record, giving subjects taken and grades attained, and the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects (this shall include any practical training undertaken, which fulfill the training credit requirement of the programme concerned);
- (v) credit requirement of the student if different from the normal credit requirement of the programme;
- (vi) where relevant, the final award(s) (including information on the Minor award, if appropriate), with classification and year of award;
- (vii) a statement indicating that the student has completed the Work-integrated Education (WIE) activities / Healthy Lifestyle / e-learning course in Putonghua (offered as an option with effect from the 2018/19 intake cohort), as appropriate; and
- (viii) information on the partner institution, if the award is for a joint programme with another institution and leads to dual/joint awards.

Students may request for a testimonial which is a certification of their studies at the University, but without details on subjects and subject results.

Students may also request for references direct from academic staff members concerned.

6.27 Recording of disciplinary actions in students' records

With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.

Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty dishonesty/noncompliance with examination regulations'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.

Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and nonacademic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee.

The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study to a student/graduand who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

Appendix I

Subject Description Forms

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EE526APower System Analysis and DynamicsAI – 65EE528System Modelling and Optimal ControlAI – 66EE530AElectrical Energy Saving SystemsAI – 67EE545AModern Generation and Grid Integration TechnologiesAI – 71EE546Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric VehiclesAI – 72EE547Electric Vehicle Charging SystemsAI – 73EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC2012English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 93	EE522A	Optical Fibre Systems	AI – 63
EE528System Modelling and Optimal ControlAI – 66EE530AElectrical Energy Saving SystemsAI – 67EE545AModern Generation and Grid Integration TechnologiesAI – 69EE546Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric VehiclesAI – 71EE547Electric Vehicle Charging SystemsAI – 72EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 73EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 87ENG2003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 93EK404Total Quality ManagementAI – 93	EE524	Open Electricity Market Operation	AI - 64
EE530AElectrical Energy Saving SystemsAI – 67EE545AModern Generation and Grid Integration TechnologiesAI – 69EE546Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric VehiclesAI – 71EE547Electric Vehicle Charging SystemsAI – 72EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 73EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC2012English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 87ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 87ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 93	EE526A	Power System Analysis and Dynamics	AI – 65
EE545AModern Generation and Grid Integration TechnologiesAI – 69EE546Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric VehiclesAI – 71EE547Electric Vehicle Charging SystemsAI – 72EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 73EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	EE528	System Modelling and Optimal Control	AI - 66
EE546Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric VehiclesAI – 71EE547Electric Vehicle Charging SystemsAI – 72EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 73EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC2013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 87ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 91	EE530A	Electrical Energy Saving Systems	AI – 67
EE547Electric Vehicle Charging SystemsAI – 72EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 73EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC1013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2011Advanced English Reading and Writing SkillsAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	EE545A	Modern Generation and Grid Integration Technologies	AI - 69
EE548Advanced Electric Vehicle technologyAI – 73EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC1013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2011Advanced English Reading and Writing SkillsAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 80ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 81ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 90ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	EE546	Electric Energy Storage and New Energy Sources for Electric Vehicles	AI – 71
EE549Modern Sensor TechnologiesAI – 74ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC1013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2011Advanced English Reading and Writing SkillsAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015English in Literature and FilmAI – 81ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 87ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	EE547	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems	AI – 72
ELC1011Practical English for University StudiesAI – 76ELC1013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2011Advanced English Reading and Writing SkillsAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 87ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	EE548	Advanced Electric Vehicle technology	AI – 73
ELC1013English for University StudiesAI – 77ELC2011Advanced English Reading and Writing SkillsAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC2015Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	EE549	Modern Sensor Technologies	AI - 74
ELC2011Advanced English Reading and Writing SkillsAI – 78ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC1011	Practical English for University Studies	AI – 76
ELC2012Persuasive CommunicationAI – 79ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC1013	English for University Studies	AI – 77
ELC2013English in Literature and FilmAI – 80ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC2011	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills	AI - 78
ELC2014Advanced English for University StudiesAI – 81ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC2012	Persuasive Communication	AI – 79
ELC3531Professional Communication in English for Engineering StudentsAI – 82ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC2013	English in Literature and Film	AI - 80
ENG1003Freshman Seminar for EngineeringAI – 84ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC2014	Advanced English for University Studies	AI – 81
ENG2001Fundamentals of Materials Science and EngineeringAI – 86ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students	AI – 82
ENG2002Computer ProgrammingAI – 87ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ENG1003	Freshman Seminar for Engineering	AI - 84
ENG2003Information TechnologyAI – 89ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ENG2001	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering	AI – 86
ENG3003Engineering ManagementAI – 90ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ENG2002	Computer Programming	AI – 87
ENG3004Society and the EngineerAI – 91ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ENG2003	Information Technology	AI – 89
ENG4001Project ManagementAI – 93ISE404Total Quality ManagementAI – 94	ENG3003	Engineering Management	
ISE404 Total Quality Management AI – 94	ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	AI – 91
MM4522 China Business Management AI – 95	ISE404		AI – 94
	MM4522	China Business Management	AI – 95

	F
Subject Code	AF3625
Subject Title	Engineering Economics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Exclusion	AF2618
Objectives	This subject aims to equip students with1. The fundamental concepts of micro- and macroeconomics related to the engineering industry;2. The fundamental understanding of finance and costing for engineering operations, budgetary planning and control.
Intended Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon successful completion of this subject, students will be able to: 1. Understand how the relevant economic factors shape the environment within which an engineering company operates; 2. Evaluate the financial condition of a company based on the financial statements; 3. Apply the basic cost accounting techniques in the planning and control of engineering and production activities.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Economic Environment of a Firm Microeconomic Factors Scarcity, choice and opportunity cost; Demand, supply and price; Profit-maximizing behavior of the firm; Organization of industry: perfect competition and monopoly Macroeconomic Factors International trade and globalization Accounting and Engineering Economics Financial statements; Financial ratio analysis; Return on investment; Composition of cost; Cost-volume-profit analysis; Accounting profit versus economic profit Fundamentals of Budgetary Planning and Control Principle types of budgets for production and service operations; Approaches to budgeting and the budgeting process; Investment and source of finance; Cost of capital; Evaluation of investment alternatives
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	The two-hour lecture each week focuses on the introduction and explanation of key concepts of Engineering Economics. The one-hour tutorial provides students with directed studies to enhance their self-learning capacities. Individual and group activities including discussions and presentations are conducted to facilitate students' understanding and application of the concepts they have learned to tackling real-life problems in Engineering Economics.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes		1	2	3				
	Continuous Assessment	50%						
	1. In-class activities	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Written assignments	15%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Quiz	20%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Final Examination	50%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100 %						
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Required	• Lecture	26 Hours						
	• Tutorial		13 Hours					
	Other student study effort:							
	Study and self-learning				48 Hours			
	Presentation preparation and with the second s	ritten assignments			18 Hours			
	Total student study effort:			1	105 Hours			
Reading List and References	 Recommended Textbooks Parkin and Bade, Foundations of Microeconomics, 8th ed., Pearson, 2018. Sullivan, Wicks and Koelling, Engineering Economy, 16th ed., Pearson, 2014. References Robert H. Frank, The Economic Naturalist: Why Economics Explain Almost Everything?, Basic Books, 2007. 							

Subject Code	AF5107
Subject Title	Accounting for Engineers
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To orient students to the purpose and the subject matter of accounting. To provide students with the techniques and tools to understand and interpret accounting information. To stimulate students' interests in accounting.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Employ the accounting building blocks from the preparers' perspective. b. Understand accounting information from the users' perspective and be able to interpret them. c. Appreciate the role of quality accounting information in the decision making process.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Understanding Accounting Why accounting matters. Accounting and its building blocks. The recording process. The accounting information system. The financial statements. Corporate governance, internal control and cash. The application of accounting rules (GAAPs) in general and in particular to receivables and long-lived assets.
	 Interpretation of Accounts The need for comparative analysis. Tools of financial statement analysis. Understanding the uses and limitations of the tools. Gaining meaningful insights from the numbers. Managerial Accounting Concepts & Techniques Understanding costs. Costing techniques. Tracking costs. Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. Financial Management Basic concepts and funding needs. Capital Budgeting. Cashflow statement, budgeted income statement, budgeted balance sheet and cash budget Accounting is Interesting A cases study of financial statements of a listed company.
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	A case study of financial statements of a listed company. A three-hour seminar will be conducted each week to initiate students to ideas, concepts and techniques of the topics, which is then reinforced by their participation in class discussion, quiz and presentation. These are designed to consolidate and develop students' understanding and analytical ability through problem solving and working on relevant cases

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Outcomes			а	b	с		
	Continuous Assessment	100%					
	1. Group project and presentation	35%	V	V	V		
	2. Quizzes & assignments	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	V		
	3. Individual Analytical Writing	20%		\checkmark			
	4. Class attendance and participation	15%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100%		·	<u> </u>		
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: In addition to the classroom activities, students are required to do some research and self-reflection on learning outcomes.						
Student Study Effort	Class contact:						
Expected	Seminar		39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	Reading books and working through assi		30Hrs.				
	Research, discussion & write-up		30Hrs.				
	Total student study effort		99 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	1. Kimmel, Weygandt and Kieso, Accou Latest edition, John Wiley & Sons In	с.					
	2. Anthony, Hawkins and Merchant, <i>Accounting, Text and Cases</i> , Lasted edition, Mcgraw Hill.						
	3. Larson, Wild and Chiapetta, <i>Fundamental Accounting Principles</i> , latest edition, Mcgraw-Hill Irwin.						
	4. Williams, Haka, Bettne and Meigs, <i>Financial & Managerial Accounting: The Basis for Business Decisions</i> , latest edition, McGraw-Hill/Irwin.						
	5. Glautier and Underdown, <i>Accounting Theory and Practice</i> , latest <i>e</i> dition, Prentice						
	 Hall. Dyson, J. R., Accounting for Non-Accounting Students, latest edition, Financial Times. 						

Subject Code	AMA1110						
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics						
Credit Value	3						
Level	1						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil						
Objectives	This subject aims to intro elementary calculus and fundamental concepts and problems in science and en	statistics. E the use of m	Emphasis v	vill be or	n the unde	rstanding o	
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; (b) make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; (c) apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; (d) demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Elementary calculus: Limit and continuity, derivatives and their geometric meaning, rules of differentiation including chain rule, Leibniz's rule and L'Hopital's rule, exponential and logarithmic functions, trigonometric functions and their inverses, hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic functions, applications of differential calculus. Elementary Probability and Statistics: Descriptive statistics, random variables, probability and probability distributions, binomial, Poisson and normal distributions, applications. Population and random samples. Sampling distributions related to sample mean, sample proportions, and sample variances. Concepts of a point estimator and a confidence interval. Point and interval estimates of a mean and the difference between two means.						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and eleme elementary statistics will I tutorials through practical p	be taught in	lectures.				
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended assessed	subject lea	rning outed	omes to be	
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	d	
Guttomts	1.Assignments and mid- term tests	40%	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	~	
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%		1	1		
	Total Continuous Assessment con a mid-term test. An examin	mprises of ass				e quizzes	

	Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinati students' level of understanding of the basic concepts an mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and en- Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in learning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and ap in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics. As such based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered app, students are required to submit homework assignments regu subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the court	d their ability to use gineering. n assessing the intended oplication of techniques , an assessment method ropriate. Furthermore, larly in order to allow		
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:			
	Lecture	26 Hrs.		
	Tutorial	13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	Homework and self-study	81 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.		
Reading List and	Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, McGraw Hill 2013			
References	Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics & Statistics, McGraw Hill 2013			
	Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012			
	Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. Ye, K. Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Prentice Hall, 2012			

Subject Code	AMA1120							
Subject Title	Basic Mathematics II –Calculus and Linear algebra							
Credit Value	3	3						
Level	1							
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA1110							
Objectives	This subject aims to introdu elementary calculus and sta fundamental concepts and th problems in science and engin	atistics. Empl ie use of mathe	hasis will	be on the	he unders	tanding of		
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; (b) make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; (c) apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; (d) demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. 							
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Elementary calculus: Mean Value Theorem with applications to optimization and curve sketching. Definite and indefinite integrals, fundamental theorem of calculus, methods of integration (integration by substitution, integration by parts, integration of rational functions), reduction formulas, applications to geometry and physics. Improper Integrals. Linear algebra: Basic properties of matrices and determinants, linear systems, Gaussian elimination, inverse of a square matrix, Cramer's rule, vectors in 2-space or in 3-space,							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	applications to geometry. Basic concepts and elementar algebra will be taught in lect practical problem solving.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended be assess	5	arning out	comes to		
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d		
outcomes	1.Assignments and tests	40%	~	✓	~	~		
	2. Examination	60%	~	√	✓	\checkmark		
	Total	100%						
	Continuous Assessment comp the end of the semester. Questions used in assignment of understanding of the basic in solving problems in science	s, tests and exar concepts and th	ninations a leir ability	are used to	assess stu	dents' level		

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and elementary linear algebra. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course.				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial Other student study effort: • Homework and self-study Total student study effort	26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. 81 Hrs. 120 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, McGraw Hill 2013 Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics & Statistics, McGraw Hill 2013 Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012 Larson, R. Elementary Linear Algebra, Brooks/Cole 2013 				

Subject Code	AMA2111
Subject Title	Mathematics I
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA1007, AMA1101, AMA1102, AMA1120, AMA1130 or AMA1500 Exclusion: AMA2007, AMA2008, AMA2308, AMA2380, AMA2511, AMA2882 and AMA290 AMA2008, AMA2308, AMA2308, AMA2380, AMA2511, AMA2882
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; b. extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; c. develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems d. demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; e. search for useful information in the process of problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Algebra of complex numbers</u> Complex numbers, geometric representation, complex exponential functions, n-th roots of a complex number. <u>Linear algebra</u> Systems of linear equations, vector spaces, inner product and orthogonality, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, applications. <u>Ordinary differential equations</u> ODE of first and second order, linear systems, Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, applications to mechanical vibrations and simple circuits. <u>Differential calculus of functions of several variables</u> Partial derivatives, total differential, chain rule, Taylor's expansion, maxima and minima, directional derivatives, Lagrange multipliers, implicit differentiation, applications.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended subject lea be assessed			t learning	arning outcomes to		
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1.Homework, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%						
	Continuous Assessment com a mid-term test. An examina					online qu	izzes and	
	Questions used in assignme students' level of understa mathematical techniques in s	nding of the	basic c	oncepts	and the	ir abilit		
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:							
	The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in engineering mathematics. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of students' progress in the course.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	• Lecture					2	6 Hours	
	• Tutorial					13 Hours		
	Mid-term test and examination							
	Other student study effort							
	Assignments and Self study					78 Hours		
	Total student study effort:					11	7 Hours	
Reading List and References	1. C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan and K.F. Hung, <i>Basic Engineering Mathematics</i> , McGra Hill, 2015.						AcGraw-	
	2. Anton, H. Elementary Linear Algebra (11th edition). Wiley, 2014.							
	3. Kreyszig, E. (2011). Adv	vanced Engine	ering Ma	thematic	s, 10th e	d. Wiley		
	4. James, G. (2015). Mod Limited	lern Engineeri	ng Mathe	ematics,	5th ed. P	earson I	Education	
	5. Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. Education 2017	I. D. & Hass	, J. R. <i>Tl</i>	nomas' C	Calculus,	14th ed	. Pearson	

Subject Code	AMA2112
Subject Title	Mathematics II
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Exclusion: AMA2007 and AMA2008
Objectives	This subject is a continuation of AMA2111. It aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; search for useful information in the process of problem solving.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Multiple integrals</u> Double and triple integrals, change of variables, applications to problems in geometry and mechanics. <u>Vector calculus</u> Vector and scalar fields, the del operator, line and surface integrals, the theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, applications to electromagnetic theory and fluid mechanics. <u>Series expansion</u> Infinite series, Taylor's expansion, Fourier series expansion of a periodic function. <u>Partial differential equations</u> Formulation of PDE of mathematical physics, separation of variables, initial-boundary value problems, introduction to Fourier transforms.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability.

A									
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende be asse	ed subjec essed	t learnin	g outcor	nes to		
Intended Learning			1	2	3	4	5		
Outcomes	1. Assignments, quizzes and mid-term test	40%	~	~	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%							
	Continuous Assessment comp a mid-term test. An examinat Questions used in assignmen students' level of understar mathematical techniques in so	ion is held at th nts, quizzes, to nding of the	he end of ests and basic co	the sem examination cepts	ester. ations ar and thei	e used r ability	to assess		
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:								
	engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes is	As such, an considered a assignments re	assessi appropria egularly	pts and application of techniques sment method based mainly iate. Furthermore, students a v in order to allow subject lecture					
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	• Lecture		26 Hours						
	• Tutorial		13 Hours						
	Mid-term test and examination								
	Other student study effort								
	Assignments and Self stud	ły				78	8 Hours		
	Total student study effort:					117	Hours		
Reading List and References	 C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan an Hill, 2015. 	d K.F. Hung, <i>I</i>	Basic En _t	gineering	neering Mathematics, McGraw		IcGraw-		
	2. Anton, H. Elementary Linear Algebra (11th edition). Wiley, 2014.								
	3. Kreyszig, E. (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th ed. Wiley.								
	4. James, G. (2015). <i>Modern Engineering Mathematics</i> , 5th ed. Pearson Education Limited								
	5. Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. Education 2017	D. & Hass, J. 1	R. Thom	as' Calcı	ulus, 14tl	h ed. Pea	urson		

Subject Code	AP10001
Subject Title	Introduction to Physics
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This is a subject designed for students with no background in physics studies. Fundamental concepts in major topics of physics (mechanics, heat, wave and electromagnetism) will be discussed. The aim of this subject is to equip students with some basic physics knowledge, and to appreciate its applications in various branches of science and technology.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. solve simple problems in kinematics Newton's law and Energy; b. solve problems in heat capacity and latent heat; c. explain phenomena related to the wave character of light; d. apply the superposition of waves; e. understand electrostatic field and potential; f. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; and g. describe and demonstrate the phenomenon of electromagnetism.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Mechanics: scalars and vectors; kinematics and dynamics; Newton's laws; momentum, impulse, work and energy; conservation of momentum and conservation of energy. Thermal physics: heat and internal energy; heat capacity; conduction, convection and radiation; latent heat. Waves: nature of waves; wave motion; reflection and refraction; image formation by mirrors and lenses; superposition of waves; standing waves; diffraction and interference; electromagnetic spectrum; sound waves. Electromagnetism: charges; Coulomb's law; electric field and potential; current and resistance; Ohm's law; magnetic field; magnetic force on moving charges and current-carrying conductors; Faraday's law and Lenz's law.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to

understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc. Assessment Specific assessment % Intended subject learning outcomes Methods in methods/tasks weighting to be assessed Alignment with b с d f а g Intended Learning e √ ✓ \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark Outcomes \checkmark 1. Continuous assessment 40% \checkmark 2. Examination \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark √ √ \checkmark 60% Total 100% Continuous assessment: The continuous assessment includes assignments, quizzes and test(s) which aim at checking the progress of students study throughout the course, assisting them in fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis and problem solving ability of the students. Class contact: Student Study Effort Expected Lecture 33 Hrs. Tutorial 6 Hrs. Other student study effort: Self-study 81 Hrs. 120 Hrs. Total student study effort **Reading List and** 1. John D. Cutnell & Kenneth W. Johnson, Introduction to Physics, 9th edition, 2013, John Wiley & Sons. References 2. Hewitt, Conceptual Physics, 11th edition, 2010, Benjamin Cummings.

consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper

Subject Code	AP10005
Subject Title	Physics I
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/	Nil
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	This course provides a broad foundation in mechanics and thermal physics to those students who are going to study science, engineering, or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. solve simple problems in single-particle mechanics using calculus and vectors; b. solve problems in mechanics of many-particle systems using calculus and vectors; c. understand simple harmonic motion and solve simple problems; d. solve problems related to acoustic standing waves; e. calculate changes in frequency received due to Doppler's effect; f. apply ideal gas laws to solve problems; g. apply the first law of thermodynamics to simple processes; and h. solve simple problems related to the cyclic processes.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Mechanics: calculus-based kinematics, dynamics and Newton's laws; calculus-based Newtonian mechanics, involving the application of impulse, momentum, work and energy, etc.; conservation law; gravitational force; systems of particles; collisions; rigid body rotation; angular momentum; oscillations and simple harmonic motion; pendulum; statics; longitudinal and transverse waves; travelling wave and standing wave; Doppler effect; sound waves and beats. Thermal physics: conduction, convection and radiation; black body radiation; ideal gas and kinetic theory; work, heat and internal energy; first law of thermodynamics; entropy and the second law of thermodynamics; Carnot cycle; heat engine and refrigerators.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience.

	e-learning: In order to enhan electronic means and multime lectures; communication betwo and notices etc.	edia technolo	gies	would	d be a	adopte	ed for	r pres	entat	ions of	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		nded ssed	subje	ct lea	rning	outco	omes	to be	
			а	b	с	c d e f g			g	h	
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	40%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Examination	60%	~	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	
	Total	100%									
	At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis and problem solving ability of the students.										
Student Study	Class contact:										
Effort Expected	Lecture						ded outcomes, and as means e the materials taught in the he subject. It would be a given to avoid rote memory, the understanding, analysis 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.				
	Tutorial						6 Hrs.			Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:										
	 Self-study 							81 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort: 120 Hrs.										
Reading List and References	 John W. Jewett and Rayn 2014, 9th edition, Brooks/ Hafez A. Radi, John O. engineers", 2013, Springer W. Bauer and G.D. Wess McGraw-Hill. 	Cole Cengage Rasmussen, r.	e Lea "Pri	rning nciple	es of	phys	ics: 1	for sc	ientis	sts and	

Subject Code	AP10006
Subject Title	Physics II
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with fundamental knowledge in physics focusing on the topics of waves and electromagnetism. This course prepares students to study science, engineering or related programmes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply simple laws in optics to explain image formation; b. understand phenomena related to the wave character of light; c. solve problems in electrostatics; d. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; e. apply electromagnetic induction to various phenomena; and f. solve problems in simple circuits.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Waves and optics: nature of light, reflection and refraction; Snell's law; image formation by mirrors and lenses; compound lens; microscope and telescope; superposition of waves; Huygen's principle; interference and diffraction; diffraction grating; Rayleigh's criterion and optical resolution; polarization. Electromagnetism: charge and Field; Coulomb's law and Gauss' law; electrostatic field and potential difference; capacitors and dielectric; current and resistance; Ohm's law; electromotive force, potential difference; Lorentz force; magnetic force on moving charges and current; Hall effect; Biot-Savart law and Ampere's law; Faraday's law and Lenz's law; induction; transformers; AC circuits and applications.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Lecture: The fundamentals in optics and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc.

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		led sub	c d e f \checkmark zzes and test(s) which aim the course, assisting them which are used to reinforce a nd to let them know the level se of the subject as a means					
Alignment with Intended Learning		00	a	b	с	d	e	f		
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	40%	~	✓	~	~	✓	~		
	2. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~	✓	~		
	Total	100%								
	 Continuous assessment: The continuous assessment includes assignments, quizzes and test(s) which aim at checking the progress of students' study throughout the course, assisting them in fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closedbook examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis and problem solving ability of the students. 									
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Expected	• Lecture							33 Hrs.		
	Tutorial						6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:									
	Self-study 8						81 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort 120 Hrs.									
Reading List and References	 John W. Jewett and Rayn 2014, 9th edition, Brooks Hafez A. Radi, John O. engineers", 2013, Springe W. Bauer and G.D. Wes McGraw-Hill. 	Cole Cengag Rasmussen, r.	e Learn "Princ	ing. tiples c	of phys	ics: fo	r scien	tists and		

	Γ									
Subject Code	APSS1L01									
Subject Title	Tomorrow's Leaders									
Credit Value	3									
Level	1									
GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfill	This subject intends to fulfill the following requirement(s): Healthy Lifestyle Freshman Seminar Languages and Communication Requirement (LCR) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development Service-Learning Cluster-Area Requirement (CAR) Human Nature, Relations and Development Community, Organization and Globalization History, Cultures and World Views Science, Technology and Environment									
	China-Study Requirement Yes or No Writing and Reading Req English or Ch	uirements								
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil									
Assessment Methods	100% Continuous Assessment 1. Class Participation	Individual Assessment 20%	Group Assessment 30%							
	2. Group Project 3. Term Paper	50%								
	• The completion and sub for passing the subject;	according to the percentage omission of all component a and omponent(s) if he/she is to p	ssignments are required							
Objectives	The course is designed to enable concepts of the basic personal qualities) of effective leaders. I reflect on their intrapersonal learning to oneself. Finally, t	qualities (particularly intra This subject also intends to qualities, interpersonal qu	personal and interpersonal help students develop and alities and connection of							

	importance of intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities in effective leadership.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand and integrate theories, research and concepts on the basic qualities (particularly intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities) of effective leaders; b. develop self-awareness and self-understanding c. demonstrate self-leadership in pursuit of continual self-improvement; d. apply intrapersonal and interpersonal skills in daily lives; e. appreciate the importance of intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities in effective leadership, particularly the connection of learning in the subject to one's professional development and personal growth; f. recognize and accept their responsibility as professionals and citizens to the society and the world
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 An overview of the personal attributes of effective leaders: roles of intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities in effective leadership and university graduates' employability in the service economy. Self-leadership in effective leaders; the importance of self-understanding and self-management; life-long learning and leadership. Social emotional competence I (intrapersonal domain): awareness and understanding of emotions; emotional management, roles of emotional awareness and management in effective leadership and career development. Social emotional competence II (interpersonal domain): social awareness, relationship management, the application of social emotional competence in daily lives and in effective leadership. Resilience and stress-coping: stresses faced by youth; resilience and life adversities; coping with life stresses; role of resilience in effective leadership. Morality and integrity: moral competence; role of morality in effective leadership; ethical leadership; importance of moral competence in different professions. Spirituality: connectedness to others, personal beliefs and values, meaning of life, spirituality and professional development, role of spirituality in effective leadership; spiritual practices in daily lives. Cultural competence and global citizenship: cultual competence in a globalized world, global citizenship and effective leadership, responsibilites of university students as both professionals and citizens of the society. Effective communication: basic communication skills, importance of effective leadership. Team building: theories, concepts, skills and blocks of team building, role of team building in effective leadership, application of team building in different professions. Law-abidance as a quality of leadership: basic concepts and theories related to law-abiding leadership and socially responsible leadership; importance of law-abi

Teaching/Learning Methodology	 Students taking this course are expected to be sensitive to their own behavi intrapersonal and interpersonal contexts. Intellectual thinking, reflective lear experiential learning and collaborative learning are emphasized in the course. studies on successful and fallen leaders will also be covered in the course. teaching/learning methodology includes: Lectures (including e-learning modules) Experiential classroom activities; Group project presentation; Written assignment. 								
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks					ning out as appro		o be	
			a	b	с	d	е	f	
	1. Class Participation^	20%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Group Project*	30%	~	~	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	3. Term Paper^	50%	~	~	\checkmark		\checkmark		
	4. Quiz on law abidance and National Security Law	0%	~	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100 %							
	*assessment is based on ^assessment is based on Passessment is based on Explanation of the apprint intended learning outco 1. <u>Assessment of Cla</u> classroom activities subject matter and promote an apprece leadership qualitie participation in e-lo Students will be as modules, online ass in class and online in class, participatie questions and join performance and lo manner. The mark quality of interpers contribution to the to marks in class participatie	individual e opriateness o mes: <u>ss Participat</u> and prepara oneself, deve iation of the ss. Hence, earning modu sessed by: a signment, am learning activo on in online a discussion earning of ou s will reflec sonal skills (group) of the	ffort f the as ion (2) tion fo elop so- e impo marks ules) a) prepa d dig u vities (discuss s. Alse ther gr t the n (such a	0%): It r lecture cial skil rtance of for cl nd prep irration f up mater 2, g., con sion for o, studo oup me mastery as colla	is expe es can he ls, conn of intrap ass par aration or class rials bef npletion um) and ents wi mbers i of know	ected that elp stude ect learn personal rticipatic for lectu ((e.g., c. core class of work l c) volu ll be in n an ho wledge, n with o	at both ents und and into and into ures will omplete s), b) pa scheets a nteering wited to nest and self-refl ther me	online and erstand the oneself and terpersonal uding the l be given. e-learning tricipation and sharing to answer o rate the d authentic ection and mbers and	
	2. <u>Assessment of Gra</u> indication of the stu on personal qualit interpersonal skills	idents' under ies in effect	standii ive lea	ng and i idership	ntegratio	on of the nal and	ories an group 1	d concepts reflections,	

of knowledge covered in the course. 3. Assessment of Term Paper (50%): Individual paper can give an indication of the students' understanding and integration of theories and concepts on the personal qualities in effective leadership, self-assessment, self-reflection, connection of the subject matter to oneself and degree of recognition of the importance of active pursuit of knowledge covered in the course. Based on the implementation of this subject in the past seven academic years (2012-2019), evaluation findings consistently showed that this subject was able to achieve the intended learning outcomes in the students. The positive evaluation findings are documented as follows: • Leung, H. (2016). Levels of reflection on teaching a leadership and positive youth development subject. International Journal on Disability and Human Development 15(2), 211-220. • Leung, H., Shek, D. T. L., & Mok, B. P. W. (2016). Post-lecture subjective outcome evaluation of a university subject on leadership and intrapersonal development. International Journal of Child and Adolescence Health, 9(2), 223-234. • Li, X., & Shek, D. T. (2020). Objective outcome evaluation of a leadership course utilising the positive youth development approach in Hong Kong. Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education, 45(5), 741-757. • Ma. C. M. S., Shek, D. T. L., Li, P. P. K., Mok, B. P. W. & Leung, E. Y. K. (2016). Qualitative evaluation of a leadership and intrapersonal development subject for university students in Hong Kong. International Journal of Child and Adolescent Health, 9(2), 217-224. • Shek, D. T. L. (2012). Development of a positive youth development subject in a university context in Hong Kong. International Journal on Disability and Human Development, 11(3), 173-179. • Shek, D. T. L. (2013). Promotion of holistic development in university students: A credit-bearing subject on leadership and intrapersonal development. Best Practices in Mental Health, 9(1), 47-61. • Shek, D. T. L., Fok, H. K., Leung, C. T. L., & Li, P. P. K. (2016). Qualitative evaluation of a credit-bearing leadership subject in Hong Kong. International Journal of Child and Adolescent Health, 9(2), 173-183. • Shek, D. T. L., & Leung, J. T. Y. (2014) Perceived benefits of a university subject on leadership and intrapersonal development. International Journal on Disability and Human Development.doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0345 • Shek, D. T. L., & Ma, C. M. S. (2014). Do university students change after taking a subject on leadership and intrapersonal development? International Journal on Disability and Human Development, doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0341

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	and Human Development. doi:10.1	1515/1jdhd-2014-0344					
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		E. Y. K. (2016). Post-lecture evaluation of a ad intrapersonal development. <i>International</i> <i>Iealth</i> , 9(2),155-164.					
		udents are required to pass a quiz with can have multiple attempts in taking the					
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lectures and experiential/online learning activities 	39 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	Group project preparation 20						
	 Reading and writing term paper 	76 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort	135 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	 J. D. (2002). Positive youth develor findings on evaluations of positive and Treatment, 5(15), 1-106. 2. Dalton, J., & Crosby, P. (2007). Bi higher education (and people) be a what one has? Journal of College 3. Davies, L. (2006). Global citizensl Educational review, 58(1), 5-25. 4. Dugan, J. P. (2006). Involvement a socially responsible leadership. Jo 47(3), 335-343. 5. Dugan, J. P. (2015). The measurem Considerations in establishing psy Cultural and Psychological Studies 6. Hong Kong Government. (2020, Jr China on Safeguarding National S Administrative Region. Available https://www.isd.gov.hk/nationalse 	hip: abstraction or framework for action? and leadership: A descriptive analysis of urnal of College Student Development, nent of socially responsible leadership: chometric rigor. Journal of Educational, s, 12, 23-42. uly 7). The Law of the People's Republic of ecurity in the Hong Kong Special at curity/eng/pdf/NSL_QnA_Book.pdf.					
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 Cao, L., & Nietfeld, J. L. (2007). College students' metacognitive awareness of difficulties in learning the class content does not automatically lead to adjustment of study strategies. <i>Australian Journal of Educational and Developmental Psychology</i>, 7, 31-46.
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 Kumru, A., & Thompson, R. A. (2003). Ego identity status and self- monitoring behavior in adolescents. <i>Journal of Adolescent Research</i>, 18(5), 481-495.
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 Neck, C. P., & Houghton, J. D. (2006). Two decades of self-leadership theory and research: Past developments, present trends, and future possibilities. <i>Journal of Managerial Psychology</i>, 21(4), 270-295.
 Rose-Krasnor, L. (1997). The nature of social competence: A theoretical review. <i>Social Development</i>, 6(1), 111-135.

Subject Code	BSE463
Subject Title	Design of Mechanical Systems in Buildings
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite Co-requisite Exclusion	ENG2001 and EE3009A
Objectives	(1) To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of air conditioning system, refrigeration and indoor environmental issues for different kinds of buildings common to Hong Kong; and
	(2) To provide students with a comprehensive understanding in formulating practical energy policies.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon successful completion of the subject, students are expected to: <u>Professional / academic knowledge and skills</u> (a) Be able to have basic knowledge of thermal systems in buildings. (b) Be able to undertake the thermodynamic and application analysis of vapour compression refrigeration systems. (c) Be able to select a proper method for estimating operation energy use for a given building air-conditioning system on the basis of understanding the energy analysis requirement, and the calculation principles of current major building energy analysis methods. (d) Be able to undertake the design and analysis of ventilation systems for general contaminants control on the basis of understanding the function and working principles of contaminants control, and able to undertake the ventilation measurements for evaluating the ventilation of contaminants control. <u>Attributes for all roundedness</u> (e) Be able to communicate to others in a clear and concise manner through written reports, drawings and oral presentation; and (f) Be able to develop the skills and abilities to undertake, independently, a major
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	piece of investigation work in a specialist subject area. This subject provides a basic understanding of air conditioning system, refrigeration and indoor environment issues for different kinds of buildings common to Hong Kong. The syllabus includes air conditioning fundamentals, loads estimation, fan and duct sizing, ventilation for acceptable air quality and refrigeration plant exclusively designed for non BSE students.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Students are briefed in the first lecture for the expected subject outcomes. Teaching is conducted in the form of interactive lecture, supplemented by worked examples, case study and mini project. Handouts were distributed one week before the lecture session.

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment	%			ect lear	ning ou	tcomes	to be		
Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	methods/tasks	weighting	assess	b b	с	d	e	f		
Outcomes	1. Group assignment	15%			~		~	~		
	2. Test	25%	~	~	~	~				
	3. End-of-semester examination	60%	~	~	~	~				
	Total	100%				1				
	Students are required to de different types of assessi assessment.									
Student Study	Class contact:									
Effort Required	Lectures							27 Hrs.		
	Tutorials					6 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:									
	Test & Examination					6 Hrs.				
	Mini Project					11 Hrs.				
	Self-study					80 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort							130 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Authors: Shan K Wang, Zalman Lavan & Paul Norton Title: Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Engineering Publisher: Boca Raton, Fla.: CRC Press, e2000 PolyU Call Number: TH7687.W363 2000 Authors: A.F.E. Wise & J.A. Swaffield Title: Water, Sanitary and Waste Services for Buildings Publisher: 5 th Edition, Oxford; Woburn, Mass: Butterworth – Heinemann, 2002 PolyU Call Number: TD345.W5 2002									
								2		
	Authors: T.D. Eastop & A. McConkey Title: Applied Engineering Thermodynamics for Technologists Publisher: 5 th Edition, Essex, England: Longman; New York: Wiley 1993 PolyU Call Number: TJ265.E3 1993									
	Author: Hazim B. Awbi Title: Ventilation of Buildings Publisher: 2 nd Edition, London; New York, N.Y.: Spon Press 2003 PolyU Call Number: TH7653.A9 2003									
	Author: Francis W.H. Yik Title: Fundamentals, Design & Control of Air-conditioning Systems Publisher: Francis W. H. Yik 2020									

Subject Code	CLC1104C (Cantonese) / CLC1104P (Putonghua) [2019-20 onward]
	CBS1104C (Cantonese) / CBS1104P (Putonghua) [2018-19 and before]
	Remarks: Students taking the Cantonese version of CLC/CBS1104 (i.e. CLC/CBS1104C) will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-learning course in Putonghua (optional).
Subject Title	University Chinese (大學中文)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students with HKDSE Chinese subject result at level 3 or above or equivalent
Objectives	This subject aims at enhancing the students' command of language knowledge to communicate effectively in both written and spoken Chinese, with particular reference to the stylistic variations of expression in different communicative settings. The ultimate goal of this subject is to train students to be effective communicators and life long learners, and to equip them for the Chinese Discipline-Specific Language Requirement subject.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	(a) consolidate the ability to identify and correct the most common errors in written texts:
	(b) develop Chinese writing skills through the analysis and in-depth reading o selected literary masterpieces;
	 (c) master the format, organization, language and style of expression of various genre of Chinese writing;
	(d) produce formal presentations in spoken Chinese effectively and appropriately.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Language, format and organization of each genre; coherence and thread of thinking in Chinese writing; style of expression of different genres; context dependen stylistic variation; development of logical and persuasive arguments.
	2. Spoken communication Choice of words; articulation and flow of speaking; manner of speaking and gesture identification of main idea and key messages; evaluation of relevancy o information in a message; skills of summarizing; agreeing / disagreeing / answering to questions politely; use of visual aids; body movement.
	3. Reading strategies Intensive and critical reading; identification of authors' stances, arguments an purposes; extracting useful information from the texts; determination of th meanings of the important concept words in context; evaluation of the validity of th factual information and arguments of the texts; appreciation of different genre including literary masterpieces.
	 Language development Grammatical skills; use of clear words; use of specific sentences; choice of diction.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The teaching/learning methodology is a combination of highly interactive seminars, self-formed study groups, seminar discussion, oral presentations and written assignments. E-learning materials for enhancing students' proficiency in both spoken and written Chinese are included in Chinese LCR teaching. Students are expected to follow teachers' guidelines and get access to the materials on the e-Learning platform for self-study on a voluntary basis.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed					
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d		
	Quizzes / Exercises	20%	\checkmark		\checkmark			
	Written Assignments	55%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Oral presentation	25%	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing learning outcomes: The quizzes and exercises are designed to assess students' basic knowledg linguistics and how well they achieve ILOs (a) and (c). The writing assess obtain an objective measurement of students' basic competence in the us Chinese in accurate and appropriate grammatical structures (ref. ILOs (a), The oral assessment assesses students' ability to plan and present appropriately and effectively (ref. ILOs (a), (c) and (d)). Explanations and provided in classroom teaching.							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
Enort Expected	Seminar				39 Hrs.			
	Additional activity:							
	 e-Learning in Putonghu 	a and written	Chinese		9 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:							
	Outside Class Practice				39 Hrs.			
	Self-study				39 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort					126 Hrs.		

1

Reading List and References	1.	于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主编:《當代應用文寫作規範叢書》,上 海:復旦大學出版社,2011年。
	2.	任伯江:《口語傳意權能:人際關係策略與潛力》,香港:香港中文大學出版社,2006年。
	3.	吴禮權:《演講的技巧》,香港:商務印書館,2013年。
	4.	李錦昌:《商業溝通與應用文大全》,香港:商務印書館,2012年。
	5.	邵敬敏:《現代漢語通論》,上海:上海教育出版社,2007年。
	6.	香港城市大學語文學部編著:《中文傳意-基礎篇》。香港:香港城市大學 出版社,2001。
	7.	香港城市大學語文學部編著;《中文傳意-寫作篇》。香港:香港城市大學出版社,2001。
	8.	孫光萱:《中國現代散文名家名篇賞讀》,上海:上海教育出版社,2001 年。
	9.	深慧敏:《正識中文》,香港:三聯書店,2010年。
	10.	深慧敏:《語文正解》,香港:三聯書店,2015年。
	11.	梁慧敏:《語文通病》,香港:三聯書店,2014年。
	12.	陳瑞端,《生活病語》,香港:中華書局,2000。
	13.	陳瑞端:《生活錯別字》,香港:中華書局,2000年。
	14.	賴蘭香:《傳媒中文寫作》(新修本),香港:中華書局,2012年。

3

Subject Code	CLC3241P (2019-20 onward) CBS3241P (2018-19 and before)
Subject Title	Professional Communication in Chinese
Credit Value	2
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite / Co-requisite: Chinese LCR subjects (in Semester 2 of Year 3 or Semester 1 of Year 4)
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in Chinese required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals and reports.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in Chinese, students will be able to a. plan, organize and produce professionally acceptable project proposals and reports
	 b. plan, organize and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in
	accordance with different intended readers/audiences
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Project proposals and reports in Chinese Planning and organizing project proposals and reports Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the literature to substantiate project proposals Describing the methods of study Describing and discussing project results, including anticipated results and results of pilot study Presenting the budget, schedule and/or method of evaluation Writing professional reports Oral presentations of projects Selecting content for audience-focused presentations Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in team presentations Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Learning and teaching approach The subject is designed to develop the students' Chinese language skills, both oral and written, that students need to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety

	of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.							
	The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instruct input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating text mini-presentations, discussions and simulations.							
	The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project which will engage students in proposing and reporting on an engineering-related project to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in:							
	 planning and researching the project writing project-related documents such as project proposals and reports giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders of the project 							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		l subject le s to be ass				
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с			
	1. Project proposal and report in Chinese	60%	~		~			
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal and report	40%		~	~			
	Total	100%						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:							
	The assessments will arise from the course-long engineering-related project.							
	 Students will be assessed on written documents and oral presentations targeted at different intended readers/audiences. This facilitates assessment of students' ability to select content and use language and style appropriate to the purposes and intended readers/audiences. 							
	 Students will collaborate in groups in planning, researching, dis giving oral presentations on the project. The written proposindividual work to ensure that students will be rigorously engapplication of language skills for the entire document. 							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Seminars			26 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:							
	Researching, planning, writing, and preparing the project			44 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort			70 Hrs.				
Reading List and	a) 司有和 (1984) : 《科技寫作簡明教》	程》 , 安徽教	有出版社					
References	b) 葉聖陶、呂叔湘、 朱德熙、 林燾 (1992):《文章講評》 語文出版社。							
	c) 于成鯤主編(2003):《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社。							

d) 岑紹基、謝錫金、祈永華(2006) : 《應用文的語言·語境·語用》,香港教育
	圖書公司。
e) 邵敬敏主編 (2010) :《現代漢語通論 (第二版)》,上海教育出版社。
f)	于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編 (2010):《中國現代應用文寫作規範 叢書:科教文與社交文書寫作規範》,復旦大學出版社。
g) 香港特別行政區政府教育局·課程發展處中國語文教育組(2012):《常用字 字形表》,政府物流服務署印。

Subject Code	CSE40462
Subject Title	Environmental Impact Assessment - Theory and Practice
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Exclusion	CSE462 Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice
Objectives	To provide students with an overview of the principles and current practices of environmental impact assessment (EIA), especially in Hong Kong.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand the EIA process; b. analyze major environmental issues for large development projects; c. conduct necessary monitoring and modeling tasks within an EIA cycle; d. function on multi-disciplinary teams; e. understand how the EIA process contributes to environmental protection and sustainable development; and f. to recognize the need for, and to engage in life-long learning.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Keyword syllabus: Development of Environmental Impact Assessment Historical review: Environmental assessment development in the world and Hong Kong. Scope and Objectives of Environmental Impact Assessment Environmental considerations: land use, planning, development and management. EIA aims and objectives. Methodology and Assessment Techniques Methods for air, water, noise and ecology assessment. Other environmental issues (risk, visual, cultural and social-economical impacts). Monitoring and Baseline Studies Baseline studies, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental quality and regulatory requirements, Mitigation and control measures. Environmental Impact Statement Role of Environmental Impact Statement, Statement scope & content.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	 The subject teaching will include the following elements: (a) Lectures – to introduce the basic concepts and assessment methods; (b) Tutorials – to answer student questions in the learning processes; (c) Group discussion and presentations – to let students play different roles in the EIA process; (d) Reading materials and video presentations – to give students examples in local EIA case studies; (e) Seminars by invited speakers from relevant fields, government agencies and professional consultants; and (f) Course work.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						-		
Intended Learning		0 0	а	b	с	d	e	f	
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessments	50%	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Final examination	50%	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark		
	Total	100%							
	Students must attain at least grad (whenever applicable) in order to	o attain a pass	ing gra	ıde in	the ov	erall 1	esult.		
	Explanation of the appropriateness intended learning outcomes:	of the assessm	ient me	thods	in asse	essing t	he		
	Written examination is evaluated b	y final examin	ation.						
Student Study	Class contact:			Ave	rage h	ours p	er wee	k	
Effort Expected	 Lectures / Tutorials / Labo 	3 Hrs.							
	Other student study effort:								
	 Coursework exercise/ Attending seminar and seminar report writing 					1.6 Hrs.			
	 Self Study 		4.4 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort						9 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	The following texts provide the ma lectures. Students will need to stud studies and approved EIA reports.		basic materials to be covered in vant publications, including local case					ise	
	Barbara Caroll, 2002. Environmen Guide for Planners, Developers and								
	Canter, L.W., 1996. Environmenta	l Impact Asses	sment,	2nd E	d., Mc	Graw-	Hill.		
	Christopher Wood. 2003. Environmental Impact Assessment: A Comparative Review. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.								
	Riki Therivel, Peter Morris, 2001. Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment, Spon Press, London.								
	Bram F. Noble, 2010. Introduction to Environmental Impact Assessment: a guide to principles and practice. Oxford University Press, Don Mills, Ont.								
	John Glasson, Riki Therivel, 2012. Introduction to Environmental Impact Assessment. Routledge, Abingdon.								
	Hong Kong Environmental Protec	tion Departme	nt						
	http://www.epd.gov.hk/eia/								
- 2021									

Subject Code	CSE516
Subject Title	Urban Transport Planning - Theory and Practice
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion Objectives	Recommended background knowledge: It is expected that students will have a fundamental understanding of mathematics, statistics and computers consistent with undergraduate level study in science or engineering. To provide a comprehensive theoretically based, yet practical approach to transport planning in urban areas. Emphasis is also placed on the application of rigorous transport models and analytical techniques in case studies.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. to apply basic transport planning approaches to determine appropriate solutions for solving congestion problems, particularly in the planning stage for transport infrastructure projects; b. to design and conduct traffic surveys for assessment of the impacts due to transport improvement projects, and other travel demand management measures; c. to analyze and interpret data systemically from traffic and behavior surveys for strategic transport planning and travel demand forecasting; and d. to utilize the four-step modelling techniques for forecasting future travel demand and analyzing the effects of transport infrastructure facilities on a transport system.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Keyword Syllabus i) Fundamentals of Urban Transport Planning The fundamentals of land-use and transport planning; the planning process; planning studies; congestion problems and transport policy. ii) Urban Transport Technology Urban transport modes and technologies; intelligent transport systems. iii) Travel Demand and Data Collection Characteristics of travel demand; travel demand forecasting; travel surveys. iv) Travel Demand Analysis Model development; nature of modelling errors. Four step models: trip generation; trip distribution; modal split; traffic assignment. Simplified approach to small area planning. v) Generation and Evaluation of Solutions Evaluation techniques: economics, operation and environmental evaluation; multi-criteria assessment; public participation; case studies. vi) Traffic Impact Assessment TIA guidelines, methodology, and examples. vii) Laboratory This course will be augmented by computer modelling and case studies for input to calibrate transport planning models: Network building; trip generation; trip distribution and modal split; traffic assignment; transport system evaluation. Computer laboratory: transportation network modeling

Teaching/Learning Methodology	interdependence between theor therefore required to undertake the associated techniques in pre problems on transport modelling held to demonstrate the applica students to appreciate the different The course project aims at deve transportation problems and d	wever, it is impries and practi- survey design a actice. Individu g and analysis v tions of transpo- nce between ma cloping a holist evising solutico government o	portant that the students are exposed to to tice in transport planning. Students a and data collection in order to understa ual assignments will consist of numeri- while computer laboratory sessions will port model and to provide opportunity anual, calculation and computer modellin stic understanding on contemporary urb ions from both theoretical and practi- or industry may be invited to give lectu			osed to the udents are understand î numerical ons will be ortunity for modelling. orary urban d practical
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Continuous Assessment	40%	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	2. Written Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Total	100%				
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Continuous assessment will be based on written assignment(s) and lab reports.					
	Students must attain at least ((whenever applicable) in order to					caminatior
Reading List and	Textbooks					
References	Ortúzar, J. de D. and Willumsen, L.G., Modelling Transport, 4th Ed., John Wiley & Sons (2011).					
	Reference Books					
	Hensher, David A. and Button, Kenneth J., Handbook of Transport Modelling, Elsevier Science Ltd. (2000).					
	Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., Planning, Pergamon, Elsevier So		05	1	perations a	nd Servic

Subject Code	EE1001A / EE1001B
Subject Title	Freshman Seminar: Introduction to Electrical Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/	Nil
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	
Objectives	 The objectives of this subject are to: Introduce students to the electrical systems discipline and to enthuse them about their major study. Cultivate students' creativity and problem-solving ability, and global outlook. Introduce students to the concept of entrepreneurship. Engage the students in desirable forms of learning at university that emphasizes self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Be able to demonstrate an understanding and an enthusiasm about electrical systems, and other fields of engineering. b. Develop their practical hands-on ability and problem-solving ability. c. Be able to demonstrate an understanding of entrepreneurship. d. Be able to formulate a simple project plan, and manage a project with initiative. e. Be able to demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Tutorial on Academic Integrity – online exercise (4 hours) Students will be required to complete successfully an Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of the first semester. The students will understand the importance of academic integrity by completing the Online Tutorial. Basic Circuits Principles - lecture (6 hours) This piece of knowledge is essential for the group project. It includes: introduction to dc circuits; voltage and current dividers; series and parallel circuits; Ohms law; Kirchhoff's laws; Thévenin and Norton theorems; nodal and mesh analyses; and maximum power transfer theorem. Engineering Seminars - lecture (6 hours) Seminars given by the Electrical Engineering department and other departments in Engineering Foreigner.
	Faculty of Engineering. The aims are to introduce the students to their own discipline, as well as other characteristics of the engineering faculty. This will cultivate the students' understanding and sense of belonging to the EE discipline, as well as broden the perspective beyond the field of specialization. Moreover, there will be a talk on entrepreneurship, marketing and global outlook delivered by experts outside the Electrical Engineering department. Mini Project (9 hours)

	Students will work individually on a small project. The works include component and pin identification, component testing, circuit measurement, soldering, wiring connections, trial, test run, and final demonastration of the fabricated hardware. The background knowledge to support this project is based on the "Basic Circuit Principles" lectures.
	Group Project (18 hours)
	The group project aims at stimulating students' creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information, and project management abilities through practical and hands- on tasks at a level commensurate with their first-year engineering backgrounds. Students will work in small groups engaged in group problem solving under the guidance of teachers/instructors within and outside the Electrical Engineering department. Towards the end of the project, students will develop their interpersonal skills, interdisciplinary problem-solving skills, entrepreneurship concepts, and acquire the skills identifying key features of electrical systems. The deliverables include practical hands-on hardware and software, demonstration, report and presentation.
Teaching/Learning	Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity
Methodology	The Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (OTAI) is developed by the University to help the students understand the importance of academic integrity. By going through the Online Tutorial, students will be aware of the importance of upholding academic integrity during University study. Completing the OTAI is a completion requirement of Freshman Seminar. For successful completion of the OTAI, the students need to attempt the pre-test in the Tutorial, read all four modules in the Tutorial, obtain at least 75% in the post-test in the Tutorial and sign the Honor Declaration before the completion deadline. Basic Circuit Principles
	Basic circuit principles are delivered as mass lectures, supplemented with exercises on solving electric circuit problems. This knowledge is essential for the smooth implementation of the group project, especially for students who do not have adequate science/physics/electricity knowledge. Two tests will be conducted to evaluate the students' ability in this field.
	Seminars
	The seminars are designed to arouse students' interest about engineering. The delivery mode will be interactive and engaging. Students will be encouraged to raise questions and discuss with the presenters. Assessment tasks (quizzes) will be designed to measure students' learning outcomes as well as to encourage participation and interaction.
	Mini Project
	Each student will work on the building of a mini-project. They will be given a small tools kit set, a measuring meter, and a set of electronic components. The works include the basic skills of component identification, pins assignment, soldering, measuring, testing and tuning. Theoretical knowledge of the mini project is based on the lecture contents of Basic Circuit Principles.
	Group Project
	Students will work collaboratively with their group members to design and implement an engineering solution to a given problem under the guidance of instructors. There will be close staff-students and students-students interaction. Students will be given opportunities to develop their interpersonal skills, creativity, entrepreneurial skills, interdisciplinary problem-solving skills, research for information and project management abilities. Assessment tasks will consist of demonstration, presentation, and report. These are designed to evaluate individual student's performance and achievement of the relevant intended learning outcomes as well as to encourage active participation. Towards the end of the teaching seminar, students will be given a general overview of electrical system project, including project features to be developed. They

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	*		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
		а	b	с	d	e	
	Tutorial on Academic Integrity (online quiz)	0%					\checkmark
	Basic Circuit Principles (tests, mini project)	40%	~	~			
	Seminars (quiz)	10%	\checkmark		\checkmark		
	Group Project (demo, report, present)	50%		\checkmark		~	
	Total	100 %					
	manage a project with in demonstrate their understand Pass Conditions In order to pass this subject	ling on busines		ion.		port, st	udents ca
	comprising the Seminars, described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5	Mini Project sfully complete	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri
Student Study	described here AND success	Mini Project sfully complete	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri
Student Study Effort Expected	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5	Mini Project sfully complete	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri
•	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5 <i>Class Lecture:</i>	Mini Project sfully complete of semester 1 a	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri on.
•	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5 <i>Class Lecture:</i> • Seminars	Mini Project sfully complete of semester 1 a	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri on. 6 Hrs.
•	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5 <i>Class Lecture:</i> • Seminars • Basic Circuit Principle	Mini Project sfully complete of semester 1 a	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri on. 6 Hrs.
•	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5 <i>Class Lecture:</i> Seminars Basic Circuit Principle <i>Laboratory Works:</i>	Mini Project sfully complete of semester 1 a	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project and integrition.
•	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5 <i>Class Lecture:</i> • Seminars • Basic Circuit Principle <i>Laboratory Works:</i> • Mini Project	Mini Project sfully complete of semester 1 a	and En the Onl	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri on. 6 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs
•	described here <u>AND</u> success (OTAI) on or before week 5 <i>Class Lecture:</i> • Seminars • Basic Circuit Principle <i>Laboratory Works:</i> • Mini Project • Group Project	Mini Project sfully complete of semester 1 a	and En	treprene ine Tuto	eurship orial on	Group Academ	Project a nic Integri on. 6 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs

	 Study on quiz, and test. Prepare report, demo, and presentation 	35 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	108 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 C.K. Alexander and M.N.O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Electric Circuits, 6th Edition, New York: McGraw-Hill, 2017. 		
	 H. Scott Fogler and Steven E. LeBlanc, Strategi Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2008 	es for creative problem solving,	
	 N.J. Smith (ed), Engineering project manageme Blackwell, 2008 	nt, Oxford, UK; Malden, MA:	

June 2021

Subject Code	EE2001A / EE2001B
Subject Title	Applied Electromagnetics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce to students the physical laws that govern the electromagnetic phenomena commonly encountered in electrical engineering systems. To familiarise students with the techniques for solving problems in electromagnetics. To provide students the foundation of electromagnetic field theory required for pursuing the EE programme.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand that electromagnetism is based on Maxwell's equations. Interpret the physical meaning and phenomena behind Maxwell's equations. Know the meanings of physical quantities of electromagnetism and their basic relationships. b. Be able to analyse electromagnetic phenomena related to electrical engineering systems by selecting the most appropriate laws/theorems/solution techniques. c. Have hands-on experience in electromagnetic measurements.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Static fields: Electrostatics: Electric fields, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law, potential, capacitance and energy storage. Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart law, magnetic fields, Ampere's circuital law. Force on a current-carrying conductor, Lorentz force. Time-varying fields: Faraday's Law and Lenz's Law; self-inductance, mutual inductance and stored energy. Mathematical preliminaries: Vectors analysis and coordinate systems. The operators grad, div and curl. Concept of line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes's and divergence theorems. Maxwell's equations and EM waves: Maxwell's equations in integral form as a restatement of fundamentals. Differential form. The continuity equation. The displacement current. The wave equation, plane polarized wave, velocity of propagation and energy flows. Material media: Dielectric material: dipole, polarisation, permittivity and capacitors. Ferromagnetism: magnetisation curve, permeability, hysteresis and saturation. Boundary conditions. Magnetic circuits: magneto-motive force, reluctance and permeance. Solution of static field problems: Hand-mapping, numerical and computer-based methods. Estimation of conductance, inductance, capacitance and field quantities from field plots. Laboratory Experiments: Field plotting using resistance and impedance networks. Field plotting using the Electrolytic tank. Field plotting using the resistive paper.

Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the prima theories. Experiences on analysis experiments and using software, in w with critical and analytical thinking lecturing materials so that the students for relevant information. Software is u meanings of mathematical equations.	and practica which the study g. Experiments are encourage	al application ents are exp ts are designed to take e	ons are giv pected to sol gned to sup extra reading	ven through ve problems plement the s and to look		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outcomes			
	a			b	с		
	Lectures	~	~				
	Tutorials		√	√			
	Experiments		√	√	√		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outcomes	subject learn to be assessed b	ed		
Intended Learning	1. Examination	60%	a ✓	D ✓	с		
Outcomes	2. Class Test	18%	▼ ✓	✓ ✓			
	3. Assignment	1376	· •	· ✓			
	4. Laboratory performance & report	10%	~	~	~		
	Total	100%		1			
Student Study	It is a fundamental subject of electrom analysis are assessed by the usual mear on analytical skills and problem-solvi teamwork, are evaluated by experiment Class contact:	ns of examina	tion, assign s, as well a	ment and test s technical r	whilst those eporting and		
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial		33 Hrs.				
	Laboratory				6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:						
	Laboratory preparation/report				9 Hrs.		
	Self-study				52 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				100 Hrs.		
				÷			

Subject Code	EE2002A / EE2002B
Subject Title	Circuit Analysis
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AP10006
Objectives	 Introduce fundamental circuit theory. Develop ability for solving problems involving electric circuits. Develop skills for experimentation on electric circuits.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:a. Acquire a good understanding of fundamental circuit theory.b. Solve simple problems in electric circuits.c. Use suitable instrumentation to carry out experimental investigations to validate the theoretical investigations.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: <u>Capacitance, Inductance and First Order Transients</u> <u>Constitutive relations of capacitor and inductor. Energy stored in capacitor and inductor. Introduction to time-varying circuits. Simple RC and LC circuits.</u> Important concept of independent state variables. First-order differential equation (with simple solution of exponential form). First order transient analysis. Time-domain solution and transient behaviour of first order circuits. Steady-state Analysis of AC Circuits Phasors (rotating vectors). Steady-state analysis of circuits driven by single fixed frequency sinusoidal sources. Impedance and admittance. Analysis approach 1: phasor diagrams for simple RLC circuits. Analysis approach 2: systematic complex number analysis, i.e., same treatment as DC circuits but with complex numbers representing
	 phase and magnitude of AC voltages and currents. Three-phase start connection. Three-phase delta connection. Line and phase voltage, line and phase current for three-phase circuits. Theorem of conservation of complex power. <u>Power in AC Circuits</u> Average and rms values. Complex, real, reactive, and apparent powers. Lagging, leading power and unity power factor. Effects of poor power factor. Power factor correction. Theorem of conservation of complex power. <u>Mutual Inductance and Transformer</u> Basic coupled inductance equation. Concept of ideal transformer (assuming sinusoidal voltages and currents). Dot convention. Transformer matching for maximum power transfer. Physical transformer as ideal transformer with leakage and magnetizing inductances. Applications in galvanic isolation and voltage/current level conversion.
	 <u>Electrical Measurement</u> Measurement uncertainties. Resistance measurement: Four-probe measurement and Wheatstone Bridge. Capacitance and inductance measurement using AC Bridges. Power Measurement. Measuring three-phase power by two-wattmeter method.

	Laboratory Experiments:					
	Students form groups to develop analogue and digital multi-meter. experimental setup to measure and subject.	Under	the guidance	of instruc	tors, stude	ents design
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers, and short quizzes	a, b	In lectures, students are introduced to the <i>knowledge</i> of the subject, and <i>comprehension</i> is strengthened with interactive Q&A and short quizzes.			
	Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve	a, b	In tutorials, students <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in solving the problems given by the tutor.			
	Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write a report on developing their project.	b, c	Students <i>acquire</i> hands-on experience in using electronic equipment and <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in lectures/tutorials to experimentally validate the theoretical investigations.			
	Assignment and Homework	a, b	Through working assignment and homework, students will develop a firm understanding and <i>comprehension</i> of the <i>knowledge</i> taught.			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/task		% Weighting	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed		ssessed
Outcomes		100/)		a	b	с
	1. Continuous Assessment (Total 4	+0%)	4%	✓		
	Assignment/Homework		20%	•	✓ ✓	✓
	 Laboratory works and reports Mid-semester test 		16%	✓	✓ ✓	•
	2. Examination		60%	· ·	· ·	
	Total		100%	-	-	
		of the -		thods in -	coocin a 41-	a intandad
	Explanation of the appropriateness of learning outcomes:	of the a	ssessment met	thods in a	ssessing th	e intended

	Specific assessment methods/task	Remark		
	Assignment/ Homework	Assignments are given to stu competence level of <i>knowledge</i> as criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demonstra <i>extent</i>) of achievement will be gi levels: Outstanding (A+ and A Satisfactory (C+ and C), Marginal (F). These will be made known to assignment/homework is given. performance will be given promp them improvement their learning.	and <i>comprehension</i> . The ated) and level (i.e. the aded according to five), Good (B+ and B), (D+ and D) and Failure the students before an Feedback about their	
	Laboratory works and reports	Students will be required to perform a large group projec give a presentation and submit a report of the projec Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in th case of assignment/homework.		
	Mid-semester test	There will be a mid-semester test to evaluate students' achievement of all the learning outcomes and give feedback to them for prompt improvement. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignment/homework.		
	Examination	There will be an examination achievement of all the learning mainly summative in nature. Ex- criteria will be given as assignment/homework.	outcomes. These are	
Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	Lecture		22 Hrs.	
	Tutorial		8 Hrs.	
	Laboratory		9 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:			
	Revision and Assignment	ents	43 Hrs	
	Report Writing		18 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort		100 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Textbook: 1. C.K. Alexander and M New York: McGraw-H	.N.O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of Elec lill, 2017.	etric Circuits, 6 th Editior	
	6th Edition, New York:2. W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemn New York: McGraw-H	herly and S.M. Durbin, Engineering lill, 2018. C. Miller, <i>Circuit Analysis: Theory</i>	Circuit Analysis, 9th ed	

Subject Code	EE2003A / EE2003B
Subject Title	Electronics
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE2003A: EE2002A Pre-requisite for EE2003B: EE2002B
Objectives	 To introduce the principles and techniques used in the operations and analysis of fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits, including diodes and diode circuits, bipolar junction transistors (BJTs) and BJT amplifiers, metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs) and MOSFET amplifiers as well as operational amplifiers (op-amps) and op-amp circuits. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the implementation of frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operating principles of the fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits. b. Apply the appropriate techniques to analyze the fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits. c. Implement the frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources. d. Conduct relevant laboratory experiments and report the findings with appropriate techniques and tools.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: <u>Diodes and Diode Circuits</u> Semiconductor materials and properties. Properties of p-n junctions. Structure, operation and characteristics of p-n junction diodes. Ideal and practical p-n junction diodes. Analysis of basic diode circuits. Analysis of specific diode circuits: rectifiers, peak detectors, clippers, clampers, etc. Load line concept and analysis. <u>BJTs and BJT Amplifiers</u> Structures, operations and characteristics of n-p-n and p-n-p BJTs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of BJT circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of BJT amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and parameters. Smallsignal voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance. Loading effect. <u>MOSFETs and MOSFET Amplifiers</u> Structures, operations and characteristics of n-channel and p-channel MOSFETs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of mosFET circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of n-channel and p-channel MOSFETs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET amplifiers. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET amplifiers. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and parameters. Small-signal voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance. Loading effect.

	 <u>Op-Amps and Op-Amp Circuits</u> Transistor-level diagram and bas equivalent circuits and charac inverting, non-inverting, sumn amplifiers. Specific op-amp circu voltage-to-current converter, inst Frequency Domain Analysis 	teristics. Golo ning, differen uits: voltage fo	den rules ce, integr ollower, cu	. Basic ating an rrent-to-	op-amp nd differ voltage c	circuits: entiating onverter,
	 <u>rrequency Domain Analysis</u> Power, voltage and current gains and "decibel". Concepts of tim frequency <i>s</i> domains. Transfer fu plot. Derivation of transfer functi sources. Implementation of Bodo zero, corner/cutoff frequency as 	the <i>t</i> , angular interiors in $j\omega$ includes of first-order magnitude and	frequency and s dom der ac circu nd phase p	$j\omega$ and ains. Int uits with	complex roductior sinusoida	angular to Bode al driving
	Laboratory Experiments:1. EE2003-E01: Basic Diode Circu2. EE2003-E02: Op-Amp Circuits.	its.				
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers	a, b, c	In lectures, students a introduced to the <i>knowledge</i> of the subject, and <i>comprehension</i> strengthened with interactive Q&A.			edge of nsion is
	Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve	a, b, c	In tutorials, students <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in solving the problems given by the tutor.			
	Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write a report on one of the experiments.	a, b, d	Students <i>acquire</i> hands-on experience in using electronic equipment and <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in lectures/tutorials to experimentally validate the theoretical investigations.			
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Weighting	Intended Subject Lo Outcomes to be As			5
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Laboratory works and reports	10%	√	~		~
	2. Mid-semester test	30%	~	~	~	
	3. Examination	60%	√	~	~	
	Total	100%				
	Explanation of the appropriateness o learning outcomes:	f the assessme	ent method	s in asse	ssing the	intended

	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Remark			
	Laboratory works and reports	Students will be required to perform three experiments and submit a report on one of the experiments. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignments.			
	Mid-semester test	There will be a mid-semester test to evaluate students' achievement of all the learning outcomes and give feedback to them for prompt improvement. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignments.			
	End-of-semester test and Examination	There will be an end-of-semester te to assess students' achievement outcomes. These are mainly su Expectation and grading criteria w case of assignments.	of all the learning immative in nature.		
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture	25 Hrs.			
	Tutorial	10 Hrs.			
	Laboratory	10 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	 Self-study 	45 Hrs.			
	 Laboratory logbook & 1 	10 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	100 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Textbook:				
References	 Donald A. Neamen, Microelectronics: Circuit Analysis and Design, 4th ed., Boston: McGraw-Hill, 2010. 				
	References:				
	 G. Rizzoni and James Kearns, Principles and Applications of Electrical Engineering, 6th ed., New York: McGraw-Hill, 2016. W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemmerly and S.M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 9th ed., New York: McGraw-Hill, 2018. 				
	3. A.H. Robbins and W.O Learning, 5 th ed., 2013.	C. Miller, Circuit Analysis: Theory a	nd Practice, Thomson		

June 2021

Subject Code	EE2004A
Subject Title	Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2002A
Objectives	 To provide an overview of the supply, utilization, and control of electrical energy. To introduce energy issues, and assist students in placing these topics and technologies in perspective.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. To master the fundamental knowledge on electrical energy systems. b. To identify, analyze, and solve technical problems using mathematics and engineering techniques. c. To be aware of equipment characteristics in modern electrical power systems. d. To be able to conduct laboratory work in teams and present the findings.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Nature of electrical energy system: Power system definition, layout and basic components, transmission and distribution structure, role of transformers. The interconnected power system. HVDC transmission. Layout of a substation, distribution structure, overhead lines and cables, circuit breaking, protection concepts, line protection. Generation & energy: Principles of energy conversion, power plant and busbar layout, types of generators and turbines. Concept of generation control and operating chart. Pumped storage and wind turbine. Renewable and non-renewable sources. Sustainable development. Basic principles: Concept of phasor, representation and properties of phasor. Inductive and capacitive circuit. Real and reactive power. Single and three phase systems. Per-phase analysis. Per unit system and calculation. Power factor correction. Transformers: Construction and operating principles. Equivalent circuits. Tests on transformers. Voltage regulation and power efficiency. Parallel operation. Three-phase transformers and phase grouping. Autotransformers and instrument transformers. Line & cables: Overhead line construction including transposition and bundling. Primary (RLCG) and general (ABCD) parameter calculations. Line equations and performance calculations. Corona loss and interference. Cable types and construction. Electrical stress and thermal characteristics. Tariffs: Concept and structure of electricity market. Concepts of tariff design. Tariff structures. Conventional and new tariffs in different utilities. Two-part tariff, introduction to deregulation and load management concepts. Laboratory Experiment: Experiments on single phase transformer. Experiments on three phase transformer. <

	resources in modern power systems.	of power	election	ics-based	renewabl	le energ		
	The advantages and disadvantages of adopting microgrids							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are the primary means of teaching students the skills in identify providing students feedback in relat case studies are designed, as supplen practical experiences and be aware of on the modern electrical power system	ing, analyzir ion to their l nent to the le f equipment of	ng and so learning. ecturing r	lving tech Laborator naterials,	nical prob ry experir for studer	lems, and nents and its to gain		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outc	omes			
	reaching Dearning Methodology			b	c	d		
	Lectures		✓	✓	~			
	Case studies		✓	✓	✓			
	Experiments				\checkmark	\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ed subject nes to be as	0			
Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d		
	1. Examination	60%	~	✓	~			
Outcomes	2. Class tests	18%	~	✓	\checkmark			
	3. Lab performance and report	10%			\checkmark	√		
	4. Case studies	12%	\checkmark	~	\checkmark			
	Total	100%						
	tests whilst those on analytical sl considerations of electrical energy s	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	cal repoi		
	considerations of electrical energy s writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports.	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal repoi		
•	considerations of electrical energy s writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports. Class contact:	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal repoi ent / cas		
•	considerations of electrical energy s writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports.	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal repor		
•	considerations of electrical energy s writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports. Class contact:	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal repor ent / cas		
Student Study Effort Expected	considerations of electrical energy symptotic writing abilities are evaluated by lab study reports. Class contact: Lecture	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal report ent / cas 33 Hrs.		
•	considerations of electrical energy sy writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal repor ent / cas 33 Hrs.		
•	considerations of electrical energy sy writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory Other student study effort:	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni	practica cal repor ent / cas 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.		
•	considerations of electrical energy sy writing abilities are evaluated by lat study reports. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation / Report	stems, as w	ell as tea	am work a	nd techni l assignm	practica cal repor ent / cas 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs.		

Subject Code	EE2101A/IC2105
Subject Title	Engineering Communication and Fundamentals
Credit Value	4 Training Credits
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject offers a wide spectrum of fundamental engineering practice that are essential for a professional engineer. This subject includes Engineering Drawing and CAD, Industrial Safety and Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice, Basic Mechatronic Practice and Basic Scientific Computing that aims at providing fundamental and necessary technical skills to all year 1 students interested in engineering.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a) Describe the principles and conventional representation of engineering drawings according to engineering standards and be able to use it as a medium in technical communication and documentation with CAD application, modelling and practice with application in mechanical, industrial systems and electrical engineering; b) Interpret basic occupational health and industrial safety requirements for engineering practice; c) Explain common electronic product safety tests; d) Design and implement simple mechatronic systems with programmable controller, software, actuation devices, sensing devices and mechanism; and e) Apply scientific computing software for computing in science and engineering including visualization and programming;
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: 1. (TM8059) Engineering Drawing and CAD 1.1. Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing and CAD Principles of orthographic projection; sectioning; dimensioning; sketching; general tolerances; conventional representation of screw threads and fasteners; types of drawings including part drawing and assembly drawing. Introduction to CAD; features of 2D CAD system (layer; draw; modify; block & attributes; standard library); techniques for the creation of titleblock; setup of 2D plotting; general concepts on 3D computer modeling; parametric feature based solid modeling; construction and detailing of solid features; solid model modification and its limitations; concepts of assembly modeling including bottom up and top down approaches for the generation of parts, subassemblies, and final assembly; virtual validation and simulation, generation of 2D drawings from 3D parts and assemblies; drawing annotation including dimensioning, tolerancing, and part list. 1.2. Electrical Drawing Wiring diagram and wiring table for electronic and electrical installation, functional representation of circuit, system block diagram, electrical and electronic device symbols and layout, architectural wiring diagram with reference to the architectural symbols for electrical drawings in Hong Kong

		and international standards.
2.	<u>(TM2</u>	2009) Industrial Safety
	2.1.	Safety Management: Overview, essential elements of safety management safety training, accident management, and emergency procedures.
	2.2.	Safety Law: F&IU Ordinance and principal regulations, OSH Ordinance and principal regulations.
	2.3.	Occupational Hygiene and Environmental Safety: Noise hazard and control; dust hazard and control; ergonomics of manual handling.
	2.4.	Safety Technology: Mechanical lifting, fire prevention, dangerou substances and chemical safety, machinery hazards and guarding, electrica safety, first aid, job safety analysis, fault tree analysis, personal protectiv equipment.
3.	<u>(TM1</u>	116) Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice
	3.1	Use of basic electronic test instruments, current and voltage measurements waveform measurement, power supply and signal sources;
	3.2	Electronic product safety test method; High Voltage Isolation Tes Insulation Resistance Test, Continuity Test, Leakage Current Measuremen Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Test.
4.	<u>(TM</u>	0510) Basic Mechatronic Practice
	4.1.	Definitions of mechatronics; design and operation of typical mechatronic systems; appreciation of measurement system, actuator system, moto drives, mechanical drives, gear train and linkage, pneumatic and hydrauli systems, signal conditioning, and human-machine interfaces.
	4.2.	Integration of system components using appropriate controller hardware an software such as PLC, PAC, and Microcontroller system; use of simulation software packages for pneumatic and hydraulic circuit design.
Or	ne of tl	ne followings as decided by hosting programme
		3014) Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB
-	5.1.	Overview to scientific computering; introduction to MATLAB, interactive calculations, random number generators, variables, vectors matrices and string; mathematical operations, polynomial operation, data analysis and curve fitting, file I/O functions. Basic 2D and 3D plots.
	5.2.	M-file programming & debugging; scripts, functions, logic operations flow control, introduction to graphical user interface.
6.	<u>(TM3</u>	3300) Basic Scientific Computing with Python
	6.1.	Basic data structures and data operations; script programming and debugging; logic operations, flow control and graphical user interfaces.
	6.2.	Use of functions and popular Python packages, such as Numpy, Panda and Matplotlib.
	6.3.	Data visualization by using graphics packages; such as basic plotting formatting, 2D and 3D plots and modifying colormap.

Learning Methodology	The teaching and learnir works. The lectures are background knowledge communication, use of s of industrial safety. The knowledge and ability in The practical works aim this course and perforr problem solving in a unit	e aimed at j required tandard engi workshop tu applying th at facilitatin n active lea	for unders neering cor neoring cor notorials are knowledg g students to urning with	udents with tanding key ponents and aimed at enh e and skills t o review the	an overall issues in systems, an ancing stude o complete s diverse topi	and concrete engineering d importance ents' in-depth specific tasks cs covered ir			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Assessment Methods	Weight	0	Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed					
Outcomes		(%)	a	b	c d	e			
	Continuous Assessment	t							
	1. Assignment / Project	Refer individ		~	✓ ✓	~			
	2. Test	Modu	le	~	~	~			
	3. Report / Logbook	Descrip Form			✓ ✓				
	Total	100							
	Assessment Methods	ls Remarks							
	1. Assignment / Project	t The project is designed to facilitate students to reflect and apply the knowledge periodically throughout the training.							
	2. Test	Test is designed to facilitate students to review the breadth and depth of their understanding on specific topics.							
	3. Report / Logbook	Report / Logbook is designed to facilitate students to acquire deep understanding on the topics of the training and to present those concepts clearly.							
			1	1					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class Contact	TM8059	TM2009	TM1116	TM0510	TM3014 o TM3300			
	 Mini-lecture 	11 Hrs.	7 Hrs.	2 Hrs.	6 Hrs.	6 Hrs.			
	 In-class Assignment/ Hands-on Practice 	40 Hrs.	8 Hrs.	4 Hrs.	21 Hrs.	15 Hrs.			
	Other Study Effort		1	1		- 1			
	 Nil 								

	Total Study Effort	120 Hrs.
Reading List and	Reference Software Lis	st:
References	1. AutoCAD from Aut	odesk Inc.
	2. SolidWorks from Da	assault Systèmes Solidworks Corp.
	3. MATLAB from The	Mathworks Inc.
	4. Python from Python	Software Foundation
	Reference Standards an	nd Handbooks:
	1. BS8888 Technical F	roduct Specification (TPS) Specification.
	2. Cecil H. Jensen, et a	l, Engineering Drawing and Design, McGraw-Hill, 2008.
	3. Warrendale, SAE fa 1997.	astener standards manual, Society of Automotive Engineers
	4. Timothy H Wentzel	l, et al, Machine Design, Delmar Learning, 2004.
	5. Czernik, Daniel, Gas	skets: Design, Selection, and Testing, McGraw-Hill, 1995.
	 Michael M. Khonsa Lubrication, Wiley- 	ri, E. Richard Booser, Applied Tribology: Bearing Design an Interscience, 2001.
	7. IEEE Standard 315 Electronics Diagram	/ ANSI Y32.2 / CSA Z99 Graphic Symbols for Electrical and as.
	8. IEC 61082 Preparat	ion of Documents used in Electrotechnology.
	Reference Books:	
	Training material, manua	al and articles published by Industrial Centre.

Subject Code	EE2102A/IC2112			
Subject Title	IC Training I (EE)			
Credit Value	4 Training Credits			
Level	2			
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil			
Objectives	 To provide trainees with simulated working environments and training of industrial practices in Electrical Engineering. 			
	2) This subject covers a wide range of fundamental electrical engineering application technology that including electrical installation practice, lighting and electrical system design, LV switchboard and power monitoring, integral building system and basic electronic practice.			
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
Outcomes	 a) identify relevant engineering theories and principles and to apply them in hand on training exercises to determine system feasibility; 			
	 b) compare and contrast conceptual design, develop actual work sequences and methods for various electrical installations; 			
	 c) recognize the engineering standards, regulations and practices to undertake the design, construction, testing and commissioning electrical distribution system in buildings.; 			
	 apply intelligent building control technology effectively and evaluate new building automation/intelligent control schemes; and 			
	e) apply their knowledge and skills for system analysis.			
Subject Synopsis/	(TM0367) Lighting and Electrical System Design			
Indicative Syllabus	Interior lighting design and calculation; daylight illumination consideration; lumens and reflectors; T5, T8 and T11 lamps; energy conservation.			
	Introduction of low-voltage power distribution system and code of practices of electrical design in Hong Kong; examine architectural drawings; design lighting and electrical services; prepare layout drawings and schematics.			
	(TM0389) Low-voltage Switchboard and Power Monitoring, AC Control and PLC Specifications, standards and requirements of LV switchboard; IDMTL and electronic protection relays; schematic diagram, testing, commissioning and maintenance.			
	Power monitoring and analysis, noise and harmonics; active filters and real-time capacitor bank.			
	Introduction of programmable controller systems, sensors, actuators, drives, timers, counters, ladder logic programming and testing.			
	(TM0383) Integrated Building Systems			
	Proprietary and open systems (BMS, EIB and DALI); sensors and actuators; wiring circuit, scenes control; system design, programming and commissioning; intelligent building system integration.			
	(TM0373) Electrical Installation and Basic Electronic Practice Wiring for conventional low voltage installations and intelligent building control			

	systems (EIB and DALI); final lig protective devices; inspection, testing, Identification of electronic circuit con process, Etching process.							
Learning Methodology	The teaching and learning methods inc works to convey general principles, te Their learning knowledge will be stru- case studies in a problem-based form skills, and to effectively apply those on	echniques and re engthened throu nat for the deve	lated gh the lopme	techno pract nt of	logies ical e	to stu cercise	dents. s and	
Assessment								
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Assessment Methods Weighti (%)		Inter		earnin Assess	g Outc ed	omes	
Outcomes								
	TM0367 Lighting and Electrical System Design		a	b	с	d	e	
	1. Assignment	40	~	~	~		~	
	2. Test	30	~	~				
	3. Training Report	30	~	~	~		~	
	Total	100		1		1	1	
	Assessment Methods		Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed					
		Weighting (%)						
	TM0389 Low-Voltage Switchboard and Power Monitoring, AC Control and PLC		a	b	с	d	e	
	1. Assignment	40	~	~	~	~	~	
	2. Test	30	~	~				
	3. Training Report	30	~	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100		1	1	1	1	

Assessment Methods		Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed					
	Weighting (%)						
TM0383 Integrated Building Systems		а	b	с	d	e	
1. Assignment	40	~			~	~	
2. Test	30	~					
3. Training Report	30	~			~	~	
Total	100						
Assessment Methods		Intended I		earning Assesse		omes	
	Weighting						

	Assessment Methods	nd Weighting (%)		Assessed				
	TM0373 Electrical Installation and		а	b	с	d	e	
	Basic Electronic Practice							
	1. Assignment	40	~	~	~		~	
	2. Test	30	~	~				
	3. Training Report	30	~	~	~		~	
	Total	100						
Student Study	understanding on specific topics. Training Report is designed to facilitate topics of the training and to present thos Class Contact			eep un	derstar	nding o	on the	
Effort Required	Lecture / Tutorial / Demonstration			32 Hrs.				
	Workshop Practice			86 Hrs.				
	 Workshop Practice 					86		
	Workshop Practice Test							
	*					2	Hrs.	
	Test					2	Hrs. Hrs.) Hr.	

Subject Code	EE3001A
Subject Title	Analogue and Digital Circuits
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2002A and EE2003A
Objectives	 To familiarise students with the characteristics and operation of analogue and digital circuits for analysis and design purposes. To enable students to understand the common techniques used in circuit design for combinational and sequential logic circuits. To provide an appreciation of advantages and limitations of different classes of power amplifiers. To enable students to analyse the operation principles of different A/D and D/A approaches and match their properties to serve the purposes of different applications. To enable students to appreciate the limitations of circuit design.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Design basic digital combinational and sequential circuits. b. Given the requirements of an application, justify the use of suitable A/D or D/A converters and elaborate on the advantages and limitations of the selection. c. Compare the characteristics and operation of different classes of power amplifiers. d. Analyse operation of digital circuits and diagnose faults with basic equipment in the laboratory.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Digital Circuits 1. Digital system fundamentals: Boolean algebra, number systems and codes used in digital systems logic gates and their characteristics, truth tables. 2. Analysis and synthesis of combinational circuits: Simplification techniques, Don't care terms, Karnaugh maps. Implementation of large scale circuits. Static and dynamic hazards. 3. Digital integrated circuits: Digital IC families: TTL, CMOS, structure of basic logic gates, input and output V-I characteristics; transfer characteristics, switching thresholds, noise margins, power dissipation of logic gate, propagation delay, rise time, fall time. Sequential circuits: Typical structure, operation, design and applications of flip-flops. Design and analysis of synchronous sequential circuits; states and state variable: structures of registers, counters and memory units. Design of asynchronous circuits. Analogue Circuits 4. Large-signal transistor circuits: Classification of power amplifiers; analysis of efficiency, power dissipation and distortion of class A, B, AB and C amplifiers. 5. Signal conversion: Voltage comparator. Sample & hold circuits. A/D and D/A converter; Weighted-resistor D/A converter; R-2R Ladder D/A converter; Parallel-comparator A/D converter; Dual slope A/D converter; Successive-approximation A/D converter; Laboratory Experiments: 1. EE3001-E01: Design of 2-bit Seven Segment Decoder and Ripple Counter. 2. EE3001-E02: Analog-to-Digital (ADC) and Digital-to-Analog (DAC) Converter.

	The main teaching methods used to convey the basic concepts and fundamental theories are lectures and tutorials. The laboratory sessions are used to help the students to have an in-depth understanding of the fundamentals of analogue and digital circuits and apply the fundamental theory and knowledge learned to practice.						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes				
		а	b		с	d	
	Lectures	✓ ·	√		✓	-	
	Tutorials	✓	~		✓		
	Experiments	✓			✓	√	
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			ect learni e assesse		
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓		
Guttonits	2. Quiz 1	10%	√	√	✓		
	3. Quiz 2	10%	√	√	√		
	4. Quiz 3	10%	~	√	√		
	5. Lab Reports	10%	~	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	Total	100%					
Student Study	analytical skills, problem-solving tec design, as well as technical reporting, a						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					eports.	
Effort Expected	Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial					30 Hrs.	
Effort Expected						*	
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial					30 Hrs.	
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory					30 Hrs.	
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort:					30 Hrs. 9 Hrs.	
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report					30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. 10 Hrs.	
Effort Expected Reading List and References	Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report Self-study	onics: Circuit A	Analysis	and Des	sign", 4 ^{tt}	30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. 10 Hrs. 51 Hrs. 100 Hrs. 15 Edition,	

Subject Code	EE3002A / EE3002B
Subject Title	Electromechanical Energy Conversion
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE3002A: EE2002A Pre-requisite for EE3002B: EE2002B
Objectives	 To provide students a general knowledge on common types of electric machines. To provide students the basic techniques of steady-state electric machine analysis.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Explain the construction, operating principles, performance characteristics, control and applications of major types of rotating electric machines. b. Analyse the steady-state performance of electric machines using appropriate equivalent circuit models. c. Operate practical electric machines and to conduct relevant tests and experiments. d. Present results of electric machine studies in the form of tables, graphs, and written reports.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction: Principles of motors and generators. Materials for electric machines. Types of electric machines and applications. Losses and efficiency. Machine rating: Temperature rise and cooling methods. Heating and cooling curves. Thermal ratings. Machine nameplate. Windings: Phase and commutator windings. Winding factors. E.M.F. equation. Harmonics. Production of rotating magnetic field. D.C. machines: Construction. E.M.F equation. Armature reaction and commutation. Characteristics of shunt, series and compound machines. Testing. Speed control. Universal motor. Brushless d.c. motor. Synchronous machines: Construction. Synchronous impedance. Voltage regulation. Synchronising. Performance on infinite busbars. Power/load angle relationship. Stability. Synchronous motor. Induction machines: Squirrel cage and wound-rotor types. Equivalent circuit. Torque-slip relationship. Starting, braking and generating. Testing. Speed control. Single-phase induction motors. Laboratory Experiments: Load test, efficiency and speed control of a d.c. motor. Performance evaluation of a three-phase cage induction motor. Synchronous generator synchronization.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly tutorials. Excel programmes are us and for conducting 'what-if' analy experience in operation and control students to practise written and grap	sed to clarify c vsis. Laborator of practical ma	oncepts of y work pr ichines, wh	f electric ovides st	machin tudents l	es learnt nands-on
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outco	mes	
			а	b	с	d
	Lectures		~	\checkmark	✓	
	Tutorials		~	~		
	Laboratory work			\checkmark	~	~
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		l subject l s to be as		
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	√	√	~
	2. Mid-term Test	20%	~	\checkmark	✓	
	3. Laboratory work and reports	15%		\checkmark	✓	~
	4. Assignment	5%	~	\checkmark		
	Total	100%				
	It is a fundamental subject on elec concepts, operating principles and assignment, tests, and examination machines and technical communica	applications a . The outcome	re assesse s on prac	d by the tical ope	usual r ration of	neans of electric
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial			33 Hrs.		
	Laboratory			6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:					
	Revision, self-study, and assignment			43 Hrs.		
	Write-up of laboratory reports			18 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				1	00 Hrs.
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. M.S. Sarma And M.K.Pathak, " 2. S.A. Nasar, Schaum's Outline Electromechanics, 2 nd Edition, 1	of Theory and	Problems			

Subject Code	EE3003A / EE3003B
Subject Title	Power Electronics and Drives
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To understand the characteristics and operation of power electronics devices. To expose the students to the conversion and utilization of large amount of electrical power using latest power semiconductor devices and modern control techniques. To ensure the students develop an understanding of various drive systems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Be able to explain major semiconductor devices that can be used as switches, and their electrical characteristics which include basic idealised models as well as extension to some important non-ideal characteristics both verbally and in written form. b. Be able to explain the processes of efficient energy conversion through the use of power semiconductor switches. c. Be able to apply the concepts of switching power conversion to analyse a variety of circuits including: i. DC to DC conversion ii. AC to DC conversion iii. DC to AC conversion d. Be able to present the results of study and experiments in the form of a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power electronics fundamentals: Power conversion, energy balance principle, review of fundamentals. Power semiconductor devices: Diodes, power transistor, MOSFET, SCR, GTO, IGBT, switching characteristics. DC-DC converters: Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost DC-DC converters, duty cycle controller, switched mode power supply. AC-DC rectifiers: Uncontrolled and controlled single-phase and three-phase rectifiers, terminal characteristics, supply and load interactions. DC/AC inverters: Basic single-phase bridge inverters, voltage and frequency control, harmonic reduction. Electric drive systems: Introduction to electric drives system, applications for conservation of energy, DC electric drives.
	Buck DC-DC converter, Introduction to SCR circuits, OrCAD simulation of SCR bridge.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are effective teach 1. To provide an overview or outline of 2. To introduce new concepts and know 3. To explain difficult ideas and concept 4. To motivate and stimulate students if 5. To provide students feedback in relation 6. To encourage students responsibility reading and computer-based circuit st Laboratory works is an essential ingredit 1. To supplement the lecturing materia 2. To add real experience for the student 3. To provide deep understanding of th 4. To enable students to organise princ Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures	f the subject. vledge to the pts of the sub nterest. tion to their l simulations. ent of this sui ls. nts. e subject.	students ject. learning. bject: lenge ide	by extra eas. $\overline{\frac{\text{Outc}}{\text{b}}}$	comes c	the books	
	Tutorials Experiments		✓	\checkmark	~	✓	
						v	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			ct learnin assesse c		
Intended Learning	1. Examination	60%	u √	√	√	u	
Outcomes	2. Class tests	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	√		
	3. Laboratory performance & reports Total	10% 100%				\checkmark	
Student Study	The understanding on theoretical princip and problem solving technique will be sections and reports are an integrated ap with respect to the intended subject learn Class contact:	evaluated. E proach to va	xaminati lidly ass	on, clas	s tests, l	aboratory	
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial			33 Hrs.			
	Laboratory	6 Hrs.					
	Other study effort:						
	 Laboratory preparation/report 	12 Hrs.					
	Self-study				48 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	99 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	Textbooks: 1. Power Electronics, a First Course - N 2. Muhammad H. Rashid, Power Elect Edition, Prentice Hall, 2004 Reference books:			ices and	l Applic	ations, 3 rd	

Subject Code	EE3004A
Subject Title	Power Transmission and Distribution
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2004A
Objectives	To introduce students to the fundamental knowledge which is essential for electrical power engineers. It leads to a deeper insight into the design, planning, operation, equipment characteristics and environmental impacts of modern electrical power systems.
Subject Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will:
Learning Outcomes	a. Have acquired the fundamental knowledge and analytical techniques on electrical power systems.b. Be able to identify, analyze, and solve technical problems in power system design, planning, and operation, making use of mathematics and engineering techniques.c. Be able to work in teams when conducting laboratory investigations.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Reactive power and voltage control: Voltage drop and power loss calculation. Voltage control using tap-changing and booster transformer, regulator, series and shunt compensation. Reactive power flow. Power factor improvement. Surges: Travelling wave, surge impedance and standing voltage. Lightning and switching surges. Surge mitigation, reflection and refraction. Use of lattice diagram. Protection against overvoltage. Fault analysis: Use of per unit notation. Balanced 3-phase fault calculation. Fault current limiting concepts. Unbalanced fault calculation by symmetrical components method including line-to-ground, line-to-line, and double-line-to-ground faults. Sequence current and voltage measurements. Switchgear and protection: Construction and application of different types of switching devices. Are extinction and transient recovery voltages. AC and DC current interruption, current chopping. Role and component of protection systems. Coordination, selection and zoning of protection. Overcurrent relays. Differential and distance protection schemes. Voltage regulation and reactive power compensation for short and medium length transmission lines. Static and electromechanical current measuring relays. Studies of surges on transmission lines. Symmetric and Asymmetric fault using interactive package "Powerworld". Symmetrical components.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiences on system analysis, design and practical applications are given through experiments, in which students are expected to solve the power system design, planning, and operation problems with practical constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking. Experiments are designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information.						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes				
			а	b	с		
	Lectures		√	✓			
	Tutorials		√	✓			
	Experiments				\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended su to be assess	bject learning	g outcomes		
Alignment with			а	b	с		
Intended Learning Outcomes	1. Examination	62%	✓	✓			
Outcomes	2. Class tests	18%	✓	✓			
	3. Lab performance and report	10%		✓	✓		
	4. Assignments	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100%					
	The outcomes on concepts, desig examination, tests and assignment analytical skills problem-solving	nts. Experimer	nts and writte	en reports as	sess those of		
Student Study		nts. Experimer g techniques a	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	sess those o		
Student Study Effort Expected	examination, tests and assignmen analytical skills, problem-solvin system design, as well as technica	nts. Experimer g techniques a	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	sess those o		
	examination, tests and assignmen analytical skills, problem-solvin, system design, as well as technica Class contact:	nts. Experimer g techniques a	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	sess those o ons of powe		
	examination, tests and assignment analytical skills, problem-solving system design, as well as technical Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial	nts. Experimer g techniques a	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	sess those of power of the po		
	examination, tests and assignment analytical skills, problem-solving system design, as well as technical Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory	nts. Experimer g techniques a al reporting and	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	33 Hrs.		
	examination, tests and assignmen analytical skills, problem-solving system design, as well as technical Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort:	nts. Experimer g techniques a al reporting and	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	sess those o ons of powe 33 Hrs.		
	examination, tests and assignmen analytical skills, problem-solvin system design, as well as technica Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report	nts. Experimer g techniques a al reporting and	nts and writte and practical	en reports as	33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs.		

June 2021

Sala at Carda	EE3005A / EE3005B
Subject Code	EES00JA / EES00JD
Subject Title	Systems and Control
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111
Objectives	 To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of feedback control systems. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives and control.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. System diagrams and simulations: Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula, Simulation of continuous systems using MATLAB. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, Bode Diagrams, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controller tuning. State-space analysis: State-space models, Transfer matrix, State transition matrix. Laboratory Experiment: Three-term controller Modular position control system

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiments are are encouraged to take extr	designed to su	pplement the	e lecturing	materials.		
	Teaching/Learning Metho	odology		Oute	omes		
			а	b	с	d	
	Lectures		~	\checkmark	~		
	Tutorials		~	\checkmark	~		
	Experiments		✓	\checkmark		\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended s assessed	ubject lear	ning outcor	nes to be	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Class test	15%	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Laboratory reports	18%	✓	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	4. Assignment	7%	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100%					
Stardard Starda	The outcomes on analysis and tests whilst those on experiments and reports.						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:				33 Hrs.		
	Lecture/Tutorial						
	Laboratory					6 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:						
	Laboratory preparation/report				12 Hrs.		
	 Self-study, revision and assignment 				49 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					100 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Reference books: 1. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, 5th Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2010 2. M.F. Golnaraghi and B.C. Kuo, Automatic Control Systems, 9th Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2010 					on, Prentice-	
	 R.C. Dorf and R.H. Bis M. Gopal, Control Syst 		•				

June 2021

Subject Code	EE3006A
Subject Title	Analysis Methods for Engineers
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111
Objectives	 To familiarise students with the essential numerical techniques and operations research methods which are applicable in most engineering problems. To enable students to analyse the advantages and limitations of the commonly adopted numerical techniques and operations research methods. To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Match the numerical techniques and operations research techniques with the corresponding mathematical theories and compare their advantages and limitations. b. Given an engineering problem, justify the application of an appropriate technique, formulate the solution process and evaluate the results. c. Analyse essential features of different engineering problems in engineering. d. Apply computer software to implement iterative numerical algorithms. e. Write technical reports and present the findings in logical and organised manner.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Basics: Error propagation, numerical stability, solutions by iterations, Newton's method, finite difference and interpolation, Lagrange interpolation; solution of non-linear simultaneous equation; numerical differentiation and integration. Differential equations: Numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations, Euler and Runge-Kutta methods, convergence and stability; finite difference methods for partial differential equations, boundary value problems. Operations research: Linear programming, simple Simplex algorithms, sensitivity analysis, shortest path and maximum flow problems, integer programming, combinatorial optimisation problems, applications in power systems and transportation. Optimisation: Direct search and simple gradient methods; optimisation with constraints. Probability and statistics: Random variables, probability distributions, sample distributions and means, Central Limit Theorem, significance and hypothesis testing, stochastic processes. Laboratory Experiments: Numerical evaluation of partial differential equations of voltage or heat distribution Optimization and sensitivity analysis in electrical systems

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and theories are taught in lectures and tutorials. When conducting the experiments, the students are expected to solve practical problems with critical and analytical thinking. Interactive assignments and on-the-spot discussions are conducted in both lectures and laboratory sessions. Experiments are designed so that the students should use the references in the instruction sheets to look for the supplementary information.						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes				
			а	b	с	d	e
	Lectures		\checkmark	✓	~	~	
	Tutorials		\checkmark	✓	~	~	
	Experiments					\checkmark	~
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende		learning	outcome	s to be
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	✓	✓		
	2. Tests	18%	~	~	~		
	3. Assignments	12%	~	~	~	\checkmark	
	4. Laboratory performance & reports	10%				~	~
	Total	100%					
	examination and tests. The outcomes on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques technical reporting and teamwork, are evaluated by experiments and the reports. Class contact:						
Student Study Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial						33 Hrs.
	Lecture/TutorialLaboratory						33 Hrs.
	Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort:	port					33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.
	Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort:						33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 49 Hrs.
	 Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/region 						33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 12 Hrs.

July 2021

Subject Code	EE3007A
Subject Title	Computer System Principles
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ENG2002
Objectives	 To enable students to establish a broad knowledge of the organization of a computer system and internal architecture of a microprocessor To enable students to understand software development for embedded systems To enable students to utilize a microprocessor or microcontroller to solve engineering problems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Given specifications of an application, design the software to carry out the necessary operations based on a microprocessor or a microcontroller. b. Understand advanced features of the latest microprocessors and understand functions of basic computer peripherals. c. Given a set of conditions, design a basic embedded system. d. Think logically and be able to analyze data as well as present results in writing.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Computer Systems Hardware and Operations Microprocessor operations and its internal architecture: Operations of various registers, buses and data path, operations of ALU, arithmetic hardware, and general pipeline architecture. Introduction to structure and operation of a credit-card size computer. Memory organization: Characteristics of memory technologies. Memory hierarchies and memory decoding mechanism. Input and output systems: Direct I/O system and memory mapped I/O, interrupt and polling mechanisms. Protocols for serial data communications. Introduction to embedded computing systems: System organization and design of input/output system. Introduction to Embedded System Software Introduction to Python programming language: Introduction to Python programming lenguage and its integrated development environment (IDE). Programming techniques: Basic elements of a Python program, arithmetic manipulations, elementary programming constructs, parameter passing, data initialization. Python I/O and modules: How input and output can be achieved and introduction to various software Python modules including Numpy and Matplotlib. Introduction to assembly language programming Laboratory Experiment: Install and setup of an operating system for an embedded system by Python programming. Control of different types of devices using a credit card size computer.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primar theories. Experiences on design, pra through experiments, in which the stur real-life constraints and to attain feasit Interactive laboratory sessions are intro- understanding of the experiments. laboratory to provide additional ince designed to supplement the lecturing that the students are encouraged to information.	actical applications of the solutions of the solutions of the solutions of the solution of the	ations an ected to s with critic ourage b assessme ident's le becially in	d progra solve des cal and a etter pre- ents are earning. n Pythor	amming sign prob analytical paration conduct Experin a program	are given lems with thinking. and hence ed in the ments are nming, so
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outc	omes	
			а	b	с	d
	Lectures		~	~	~	
	Tutorials		~	✓	~	
	Experiments		~		~	\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended subject weighting outcomes to be a		0		
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	~	~	~
	2. Mid-term quiz	15%	~		~	
	3. Laboratory performance & report	15%	~			~
	4. Online assignments and in-class activities	10%	~		~	~
	Total	100%				
	It is a fundamental computer architect and applications are assessed by the ust analytical skills, problem-solving programming, as well as technical re- report.	ual means of techniques	examinat and pra	ion and t ctical	est whils considera	t those on ations of
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial				30 Hrs.	
	Laboratory					9 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:					
	Laboratory preparation/report					11 Hrs.
	 Self-study 					50 Hrs.
	Total student study effort					100 Hrs.

Reading List and References	 Textbooks: C. Hamacher, Z. Vranesic, S. Zaky, and N. Manjikian, Computer Organization and Embedded Systems, 6th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2012 J.L. Hennessy and D.A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, 6th Edition, Elsevier, 2019 A. Tanenbaum, T. Austin, Structured Computer Organization, Pearson India, 6th Edition, 2016.
	 Reference books and online materials 1. A.K. Ray, Advanced Microprocessors & Peripherals, McGraw-Hill, 2006 2. A. B. Downey, Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist, 2nd ed., O'Reilly, 2015 3. S. Monk, Programming the Raspberry Pi Getting Started with Python, McGraw Hill, 2016 4. https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/usage/python/

Subject Code	EE3008A / EE3008B
Subject Title	Linear Systems and Signal Processing
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion of EE3008B: EE3011B
Objectives	To provide an introduction to the fundamentals of linear systems, frequency domain analysis with applications to telecommunication systems.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the fundamentals of signals and linear systems. b. Understand and analyze problems in different disciplines of engineering (with an emphasis on communication systems) under the framework of signals and linear systems c. Understand the characteristics, operating principles, performance metrics and limitations of some typical telecommunication systems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Signal representation and analysis: Mathematical representation of a signal; time- domain representation. Classification of signal and systems; Special functions. Linear and Time-Invariant Systems; Convolution; Fourier series and Fourier Transforms: Complex exponentials; Frequency domain representation of signals; Fourier Series; Fourier transform; Fourier Transform pairs; Fourier Transform properties; Parsavel's theorem; Transfer functions; filters. Applications to music, electromagnetic radiation and imaging; Sinusoidal carrier modulation: Amplitude and frequency modulation; Operating principle; Double side-band suppressed carrier, single side-band; Frequency division multiplexing; generation and detection circuitry; Modulation system performance comparison. Pulse modulation: Sampling theorem. Pulse amplitude modulation. Time division multiplexing. Pulse code modulation: quantization, encoding. Quantization noise. Differential pulse code modulation. Delta modulation. Pulse amplitude modulation; Pulse width modulation; Digital communications: Digital transmission. Intersymbol interference; Eye diagram. Digital carrier modulation; Pulse shaping; modulation format and spectral efficiency; probability and random variables; bit error ratio (BER) characterization and system performance. Introduction to copper-wire, wireless and optical fiber communications: channel characterization; Electromagnetic radiation in wireless systems; multi-path interference; Light detection. Communication systems. Light transmission in optical fibers. Light detection. Communication networks; Current research trends and challenges. Laboratory Experiments: Transfer function characterization of copper wires
	1) I ransfer function characterization of copper wires

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The main teaching methods used to cc are lectures and tutorials. The laborat an in-depth understanding of the fund the theory learned to practice.	ory sessions a	re used to l	help the stud	dents to have
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outcomes	
			а	b	с
	Lectures		~	\checkmark	
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Experiments		\checkmark		\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		subject learr to be assess	
Intended Learning			a	b	с
Outcomes	1. Examination	50%	~	~	
	2. Class tests	25%	~	~	
	3. Laboratory	10%	~		✓
	4. Homeworks or in-class quizzes	15%	~	~	
	Total	100%			
	The outcomes on understanding the their characteristics are mainly assess capability of applying theory to pract	sed by examir	ation, test a	and exercise	es, whilst the
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial				33 Hrs.
	Laboratory				6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:				
	 Laboratory preparation/report 			6 Hrs.	
	Self-study			54 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort			99 Hrs	
Reading List and References	 Reference books: A.V. Oppenheim and A. S. Will Hall, 2014. B.P. Lathi and Zhi Ding, Modert 4th Edition, Oxford University Ex J.M. Senior, Optical Fiber Comp Prentice Hall, 2009 	Digital and press, 2009.	Analogue C	Communicat	ion Systems,
	4. J. G. Proakis and M. Salehi, "Dig 2007.	gital Commun	ications," 5	th Edition, N	IcGraw-Hill,

Subject Code	EE3009A
Subject Title	Electrical Services in Buildings
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE2002A
Objectives	 To enable students to understand the major design features, operating characteristics and functions of electrical and electronic equipment used in building services.
	2. To enable students to implement technical data, regulations, standards and guidance notes prepared by statutory bodies in the design of reliable, safe and efficient electrical power distribution, lightning protection, vertical transportation, lighting and fire fighting systems in buildings.
Subject Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will:
Learning Outcomes	 Be able to plan efficient, safe and high quality distribution systems for domestic, commercial and industrial buildings.
	 Be proficient to assess the suitability of different vertical transportation systems and fire fighting systems for buildings.
	c. Be able to design and evaluate the effectiveness of lightning protection systems.
	d. Be able to integrate the lighting requirements and operating characteristics of light sources to the design of interior lighting and exterior lighting.
	e. Be able to search for information in solving technical problems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power distribution in buildings: System planning. Incoming supply arrangement for domestic, commercial and industrial installations. Economics of HV/LV distributions. Tariffs, maximum demand, load factors and diversity. Earthing systems. Applications of standby generator sets and uninterruptible power supplies.
	 Requirements for safe design: Overview of Supply Rules and Regulations. Electric shock, overcurrent and earth fault protection. Fuse, MCB, MCCB, ACB design and selection criteria. Co-ordination of protection systems. Cable and wiring systems design.
	 Interference and power quality: Installation requirements, grouping, interference, noise suppression and power supply in communication systems. Electromagnetic compatibility. Harmonics and voltage dips issues.
	 Lightning protection systems: Lightning phenomena. Estimation of exposure risk. Requirements for system components. Standards for protection of structures against lightning.
	 Vertical transportation systems: Lift. Hoist and escalator drives. Safety requirements and drive characteristics. Grade of service and round trip time.
	 Lighting: Characteristics of light sources. Classification of luminaries. Lighting control. Interior lighting design. Glare index calculation. Color rendering. Utilization of daylight. Exterior lighting design.
	 Fire Fighting Systems: Outline, regulations, requirements and components of fire fighting systems. Fire sprinkler systems. Heat and smoke detector systems. Fire- fighting gases.

	 Case Study: Distribution systems design for typical buildings in Hong Kong Applications of overcurrent and earth fault protection Co-ordination of various types of protective devices Electrical power quality issues in building services Lightning protection systems design Interior lighting and exterior lighting designs Fire protection for domestic, commercial and industrial buildings 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	In lectures and tutorials, ma balanced with materials expected to take initiative t in lectures and tutorial sess discussed interactively in c experiences and practical a develop independent design field of electrical services in	that emphasi to learn throu ions. Practica class. Mini-Pr applications. n/planning an	ize funda gh the pro l designs i rojects ar They pro	mental u ocess of er used in inc e used to vide stude	nderstand ngagemen lustry, wh enhance ents with	ling. Stuc and part ere approp students the oppor	lents are ticipation priate, are learning rtunity to
	Teaching/Learning Metho	dology		1	Dutcomes	1	
			a	b	с	d	e
	Lectures		✓ ✓	✓	√	√	
	Tutorials		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓
	Mini-projects		v	v	v	v	v
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes t assessed				o be
Intended Learning		600/	a	b	c	d	e
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	 ✓ 	✓	√	
	2. Mid-term Test	18%	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	
	3. In-class Quiz 4. Mini-project & report	4%	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓
	Total	18% 100%	v	v	v	v	v
	The subject outcomes on planning, design, effectiveness evaluation of electrical services in buildings are assessed by means of examination, quizzes and tests. The outcomes on engineering skills, applications, problem solving techniques, as well as technical writing, are evaluated by mini-project and reports.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 					39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effor						
	 Mini-project discussion 	n/report					20 Hrs.
	 Self-study 						41 Hrs.
	Total student study effort					1	00 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Textbooks and Reference books: R. Barrie, Design of Electrical Services for Buildings, Routledge, 4th edition, 2005 G. Stokes, J. Bradley, A Practical Guide to the Wiring Regulations: 17th Edition IEI Wiring Regulations (BS 7671:2008), Wiley-Blackwell, 4th edition, 2009 G.C. Barney, Elevator Traffic Handbook: Theory and Practice, Routledge, 2th edition, 2016 The SLL Lighting Handbook, The Society of Light and Lighting, Chartere Institution of Building Services Engineers, 2018 F. Hall, Building Services Handbook, Routledge, 9th edition, 2017 						

before they complete their program of study. 2. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broade perspective. 3. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense o responsibility. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of theip lacement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (1) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the seconsemester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: • Basic skills in undertaking practical training • Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instrument attachments etc. (II) Progress Monitori	Subject Code	EE3010A / EE3010B
Level 3 Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion Nil Objectives 1. To give students an exposure to the industrial/engineering working environment before they complete their program of study. 2. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broade perspective. 3. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the wareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense o responsibility. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus INDICATIVE CONTENT In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are require to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of the placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following:	Subject Title	Summer Practical Training
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion Nil Objectives 1. To give students an exposure to the industrial/engineering working environment before they complete their program of study. 2. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broade perspective. 3. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense o responsibility. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus INDICATIVE CONTENT In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are require to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of the iplacement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: • Basic skills in undertaking practical training	Credit Value	3 training credits (not counted towards GPA)
Co-requisite/ Exclusion I. To give students an exposure to the industrial/engineering working environment before they complete their program of study. Objectives I. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broade perspective. 3. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience. Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense o responsibility. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus INDICATIVE CONTENT In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are require to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of the placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the secon semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided fo the following: • Basic skills in undertaking practical training • Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instrument attachments etc.	Level	3
before they complete their program of study. 2. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broade perspective. 3. To enrich students' all-round and global learning experience. Subject Intended Learning Outcomes Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense o responsibility. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of theip lacement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (1) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the seconsemester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: • Basic skills in undertaking practical training • Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instrument attachments etc. (II) Progress Monitori	Co-requisite/	Nil
Learning Outcomes a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes. b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering. c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector. d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense or responsibility. Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus INDICATIVE CONTENT In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out iminimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: • Basic skills in undertaking practical training • Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instrument attachments etc. (II) Progress Monitoring During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to record	Objectives	2. To explore and extend their understanding of engineering study in a broader perspective.
Indicative Syllabus In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements. Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated. (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: • Basic skills in undertaking practical training • Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instrument • Information on searching national/international work-base employment attachments etc. (I) Progress Monitoring During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to recording the training period.		a. Develop and deliver a report for presenting learning experiences and outcomes.b. Demonstrate the awareness of the practical contexts in engineering.c. Appreciate the work of others in an industrial or engineering sector.d. Demonstrate good working practices to show a developing maturity and sense of
 (I) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: Basic skills in undertaking practical training Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instrument Information on searching national/international work-base employment attachments etc. (II) Progress Monitoring During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to record 		In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are expected to carry out a minimum of 6 weeks full-time (or equivalent) industrial training. Students are required to indicate the expected learning outcomes prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a report on the learning outcomes and achievements.
 Location: Summarize where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organization. 		 (1) Orientation Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following: Basic skills in undertaking practical training Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc. (II) Progress Monitoring During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to record their progress. The journal may include: Location: Summarize where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organization.

	 Skills and Knowledge: Describe the the work responsibilities. Describe ho during the work experiences. Explain studies and future goals. 	ow the kno	wledge a	nd skill s	et evolved	
	 Outcome: Describe the placement ex concrete examples. 	periences	and majo	r achiever	ments with	
	(III) Learning Evaluation					
	After the completion of practical training, about the work experience. It provides an o the learning gained at the work site. The fr	pportunity	for the st	udent to r	eflect upon	
	• A summary or an abstract of the report	t.				
	 Detail description of activities carried pages. 	l out durin	g the pla	cement, n	ninimum 6	
	 A self-reflection: students articulate report, as well as on the entire repo students draw connections between learning, construct new knowledge themselves as learners. 	rt. Throug work exp	gh this pi erience a	ocess of nd unive	reflection, rsity-based	
	 Conclusion: after reflection on their w and directions for future learning, su Final Year Project. 					
	Examples of valid industrial placement					
	• Full-time placement in a suitable organization for 6 weeks.					
	 Assisting in PolyU activities that has component such as, Innovation and projects, high-level consultancy proje were undertaken with external organiz Centre as a service for an external org 	l Technol ects, collab ations, job	ogy Fun orative re	d project	s, IGARD	
	 Placement within the IAESTE (Intern Students for Technical Experience) attached to a workplace abroad during 	Program	ne in w			
	 The student works on his/her final-y industrial partner or external client. company but make frequent visits to specifications required by the compan 	The stude ensure the	nt need r	ot be pla	ced in the	
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Through on-the-job work placements, students practical workplace applications, prepare themss develop their generic skills in a real working env students consult with teaching staff on a one-to-	elves for tl vironment.	ne realitie	s of work	places and	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outc	omes		
		a	b	с	d	
	Industrial placement	~	~	~	~	
		1	L	1	<u> </u>	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	
	1. Placement Report	100%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Placement Questionnaire (Compulsory item)	0%		~	~	~	
	The outcomes on this subject are assessed by means of student learning report as well as questionnaire to industrial supervisors.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	N/A						
	Other student study effort:						
	Industrial Placement				6 weeks		
	Total student study effort					6 weeks	
Reading List and References	Information available in the CAP	S website					

Subject Code	EE4003A
Subject Title	Electrical Machines
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE4003A: EE3002A
Objectives	 After completing an elementary subject on electromechanical energy conversion, the students are exposed to more challenging topics such as electrical machine design methods, transient and unbalanced operations of electrical machines in this course. This course is designed to ensure the students developing an in-depth understanding of various drive systems in industry. To give the knowledge of various electrical machines such as power electronic driven AC motors.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of the basic design methods of electric machines. b. Have had experience in synchronous machines including load characteristics, oscillations equations, and displacement stability. c. Be able to analyse the unbalanced and dynamic operation, and condition monitoring for single and 3-phase induction machines. d. Be able to understand the drives for induction machines and their harmonics analysis for drives. Be aware of various switched-mode driven machines. e. Be capable to understand the control method for induction machines including closed loop and vector control.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Appreciation of machine design: Appreciation of basic technological factors. Main dimensions. Electric loading and magnetic loading. Magnetic circuit. Magnetomotive force produced in windings. Reactances of AC machines and transformation: Inductance parameters. Winding Transformation. Circuit equations, conversion process. Electromagnetic torque, equation of motion. Synchronous machines: Load characteristics of isolated generator. Linearized equations of small oscillations. Natural frequency. Induction machines: Basic circuit model of induction motor. Performance analysis of single- and three-phase induction machines. Unbalanced operation. Dynamic Operation. Temperature-rise tests. Drives for induction machines: Open loop and closed loop control. Concept of vector control, torque control. Laboratory/Mini-project Experiments: The students are required to team up to work on laboratory session or mini-project. The mini-project is problem-based learning type and they are required to research for information, and do the design and analysis on the topics selected.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences on an through mini-projects, in w problems with real-life cor analytical thinking. The min so that the students are en information.	nalysis, contro which the stud astraints and t ni-projects are	ol, design ents are e to attain p designed	and pract expected to ragmatic to supple	tical app o solve solution ment the	lications design au s with cu lecturing	are given nd control ritical and materials	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes					
			а	b	с	d	e	
	Lectures		~	~	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Tutorials		~	~	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Mini-projects		✓	\checkmark	~	√	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning of assessed			to be	
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	~	
	2. Class test	24%	~	✓				
	3. Mini-project & report	16% 100%	~	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	~	
Student Study Effort Expected	 whilst those on analytical sk of electrical machine desig teamwork, are evaluated by Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial 	m, analysis an	nd control	, as well				
	Laboratory/Mini-project						3 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:							
	Mini-project/report					15 Hrs.		
	Self-study				48 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort				102 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort							

Subject Code	EE4004A / EE4004B / EE4004D		
Subject Title	Power Systems		
Credit Value	3		
Level	4		
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE4004A: EE3004A Pre-requisite for EE4004B: EE3004B Pre-requisite for EE4004D: EE3004D		
Objectives	 To provide students with a sound knowledge of modern power systems that is essential for the understanding of the operation and control of power systems. To provide a continuation of study of power systems in level 3 subject EE3004A/B/D "Power Transmission and Distribution" and lead to more advanced topics of power systems study in final year electives. 		
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired in-depth understanding of power system analysis, stability and operation. b. Have acquired skills in identification, formulation and solution of power system analysis, operation and control problems. c. Have acquired ability to evaluate the design and operational performance of basic power systems. d. Have acquired skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communication with others in a team environment. 		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power flow analysis: Load flow concepts and formulation. Solution methods, including Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphson and Fast Decoupled Methods. Applications of load flow study to system operation. Economic operation: Generation costs. Equal incremental cost. B coefficients. Penalty factor. Multi-area coordination. Unit commitment. AGC and coordination. Power system control: Generator control systems. Speed governor systems. Load sharing. Load frequency control. Interconnected area system control. Voltage control loop. Automatic voltage regulator. AVR models and response. Power system stability: Steady state and transient stability. Equal area criterion. Time domain solution of swing curves. Multi-machine stability. Stability improvement. Excitation and governor control effects. Dynamic equivalents. Power system operation: Power system control functions. Security concepts. Scheduling and coordination. Supervisory control and data acquisition. Computer control, communication and monitoring systems. Man-machine interface. Load forecasting. Energy management systems. Laboratory Experiment: Power system load flow and security operation simulation. Transient stability assessment of power system. 		

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories Experiences on system analysis, design and practical applications are given through experiments and mini-projects, in which students are required to solve the power system planning, operation and control problems with practical constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking. Experiments and mini-projects are designed to supplement the lecturing materials and encourage students to take extra readings and practice specialty software tools for power system planning, operation and control.					
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes			
			a b c		с	d
	Lectures		~	~	~	
	Mini-projects		~	~	~	~
	Experiments 🗸			\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended s weighting to be asses			subject learning outcomes	
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	~	~	
	2. Class tests	18%	~	~	✓	
	3. Lab performance and report	10%			 ✓ 	 ✓
	4. Mini-project and report Total	12%	√	~	√	~
	students in power system analysis control whilst written reports asses	ss the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	eration and learned
	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form.	ss the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	eration ar learned
Student Study Effort Expected	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to	ss the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	eration an learned
Student Study Effort Expected	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form.	ss the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	eration and learned and
	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form. Class contact:	ss the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	eration an learned and 33 Hrs
	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture	ss the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	eration an learned and 33 Hrs
	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory	s the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	ration ar learned and 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.
	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory Other student study effort:	s the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	and set of the set of
	control whilst written reports asses class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation / repor	s the students	nethods c ' ability t	o apply th	ystem ope e theories	learned

Subject Code	EE4006A / EE4006B		
Subject Title	Individual Project		
Credit Value	6		
Level	4		
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: The student should have completed most of the subjects required previous years of the programme before taking this subject.		
Objectives	To provide an opportunity for students:		
	 to apply specialized professional engineering knowledge independently in the creative design, implementation, managing and evaluation of an engineering project, and to identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate the findings in an oral and written report format. 		
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. To apply specialized knowledge independently. b. To identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate what is achieved orally and in a written report. c. To develop a project which is creative, rich in intellectual content and sufficiently challenging. d. To monitor the progress of a project from concept to final implementation and testing, through problem definition and the selection of alternative solutions. e. To synthesize and apply their knowledge and analytical skills gained in various engineering domains. f. To build self confidence, demonstrate independence, and develop professionalism by successfully completing the project in a competent manner. 		
Subject Synopsis/	Choice of Project		
Indicative Syllabus	Projects are proposed by staff or by an industrial partner. Projects may also be jointly proposed by student and staff. Industrial experience, research and consultancy activities are fertile ground for ideas.		
	Project Plan		
	At the beginning of the project, students are required to submit a clear project proposal. The plan should not be too long but should cover such items as:		
	 an abstract problem statement and objectives brief literature research initial problem identification preliminary suggestion on methodology preliminary time schedule cost estimate and references 		
	Interim Progress Report and Presentation		
	At about the midpoint of the project, students should have executed their projects for a few months and they need to submit an Interim Progress Report and carry out a presentation to summarize their progress. This gives the supervisor and an assessor a		

formal opportunity than at discussions to indicate his/her assessment of student's progress and to eliminate discrepancies if necessary.

Final Project Report

A good project schedule includes adequate time for preparing a report of an appropriate standard. The final report should be submitted in Week 10 of the Second Semester. This will be given to the Assessment Panel (see Assessment below) for understanding of the student's work and for assessment purpose. To ensure that the project report is prepared properly and with appropriate standard, students must first submit a draft of the report to the supervisor for comments before its final submission.

At the end of the project, each project is assessed by an Assessment Panel with three members, including two examiners and the project Supervisor.

The Project Supervisor will provide information on students' progress, initiative and ability to work independently. The Supervisor will also be in a position to contribute views on the student's technical achievement. All members of the Assessment Panel will read the project report. The examiners will reach their decision after:

- listening to the student's presentation (can be a video clip),
- examining the student during the poster presentation, and
- evaluate the project's outcome based on the demonstration (can be a video clip).

Assessment

In assessing the project, the assessors will typically consider the following aspects:

- a. Intellectual achievement;
- b. In-depth understanding of the topic and other related topics;
- Quantity and quality of work done, including design and construction of equipment, experimentation, mathematical models, program writing, verification;
 Presentation including the written report, presentation and response to questions.

Examiners will ensure that all aspects of the project are thoroughly considered before arriving at the grade to be awarded to the project. In arriving at their decision, the examiners should bear in mind their experiences in respect of the achievements of other projects in the Department in the current and previous years.

Method of Assessment: 100% continuous assessment

(I) Formal Project Proposal

Students are required to submit a formal project proposal. This will contribute to 5% of the final grade.

The contents of the proposal should include:

- A. An abstract and objectives of the project
- B. Proposed specifications of the product
- C. Summary of the literature search
- D. Proposed approach/methodology to be used
- E. Some brief descriptions on the theory of the approach/methodology
- F. Schedule of your work of the entire project
- G. References

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Literature research.
- 2. Project plan
- 3. Problem definition and methodology.
- 4. Writing quality.

(II) The Interim Progress Report

Students are required to submit an interim progress report at about the middle of project duration. This will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

The contents of the progress report should include:

 A. A summary and objectives of the project. B. A brief outline of the theory. C. Work that has been carried out up to the date. D. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory. 		The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting throug visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate contr Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student sh elaborate on technical details in answering questions during the poste Good pronunciation and intonation are desirable. Be courteous during the					ol of the ould be r prese	ne pa e able entatio
 E. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them. F. Proposed timetable / schedule for the rest of the work up to the end of the project. G. Difficulties expected in the coming period. H. References 		Hardware must be neatly built and laid out and there is good engineering ser hardware implementation. Circuits and software should function properly, experiments should be able to support fulfillment of project objectives.						
Assessment Criteria		The student should show good mastering Poster presentation by providing satisfactor					sessio	n of
1. Abstract and introduction		The presentation and demonstration will	- contribut	te to 25	5% of t	the fina	ıl grad	e.
 Methodology Preliminary results 		Assessment Criteria					0	
4. Project management and overall presentation of the report		1. Technical concept/knowledge/application	п					
(III) Mid-term progress presentation Student is required to present the progress to an assessor after the submission of the		2. Intellectual level, response to questions 3. Demonstration and engineering accomp 4. Presentation skill and language compete	lishment					
Interim Progress Report. The presentation will contribute to 10% of the final grade.		(VI) Continuous Assessment						
Assessment Criteria 1. Technical concept/knowledge/application 2. Up-to-date progress and preliminary results		The supervisor of the project will assess th following items. This will contribute to 1						
3. Response to questions		1. Motivation and perseverance						
4. Presentation skill and language competence.		 Originality and innovation of the project Execution and problem solving skills 						
(IV) The Final Report								
The final project report should contain all works carried out by the student in the project.		4. Communication						
The length of the main body of the final report should be at least 45 pages in standard report format. Students are advised to form a framework for the report first, and then		5. Self-discipline and time management						
proceed to the formation of the titles of the chapters. The titles and structure of the sections within each chapter are then decided. Continuing the process, each section may be further			nit/carry out all five components (I to V) before he/sh					
expanded into appropriate sub-sections, divisions and sub-divisions etc., until a complete framework is formed. The final report will contribute to 40% of the final grade.		Note 2: The final grade for the FYP will be calculated by taking the weighte			ighted	aver		
The content of the final report includes:		of the grades from the above six component	its.					
 A. An abstract of the project. B. Objectives of the project (especially any change from the original aims). C. The motivation behind the project and a brief outline of the project work. D. A summary of work done or developed in the project. E. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory. F. Results and discussion G. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them. 	Teaching/Learning Methodology	g As the nature of the subject implies, there will not be formal lecture in the subj than a few hours of briefings on general information, some procedures i administration and some techniques on information/components searching. learn the technical contents by a substantial number of individual discussions project supervisors and a large number of hours of self-learning. The planni project will be conducted under the direction of the supervisor. Through the c of the project plan with guidance from the supervisor, the student should b achieve the learning outcomes.				tres in hing. S ions w lannin the ex	pro Stude ith t g of cecu	
H. The achievement of the project, the conclusions from the work and suggestions for further work.		Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outco	mes		
I. A list of the references referred to the source of information in the report. This is			а	b	с	d	e	f
compulsory. J. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are		Discussion with the project Supervisor	~		✓			
themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes.		Writing of the project proposal	~	✓	✓		~	
Assessment Criteria		Writing of the interim report	~	✓	✓	~	~	
1. Abstract and introduction		Writing of the final report	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	√
2. Literature review and background		Presentation and demonstration		✓				~
 Methodology and technical skills Results, discussions and conclusion Overall presentation and organization of the report 	Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment %	Intended		ect learn	ning ou	tcome	s to
(V) The Presentation and Demonstration		methods/tasks weighting	be asses					

(V) The Presentation and Demonstration

Alignment with

а

b

с

d

e

f

Intended Learning	1. Formal project proposal	5%		✓	✓					
Outcomes	2. Interim progress report	10%		~	✓	✓				
	3. Mid-term presentation	10%		~		\checkmark		~		
	4. Final report	40%	\checkmark	~	✓	~	~	\checkmark		
	5. Presentation and demonstration	25%	~	~				~		
	6. Continuous assessment	10%	\checkmark			~		~		
	Total	100%								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							3 Hrs		
Effort Expected	Briefings							3 Hrs.		
	 Individual discussions with supervisor 							36 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:									
	 Information search, self study, execution of the project, report writing, preparation of presentation 							61 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort						200 Hrs.			
	Total student study chort									

EE4007A / EE4007B
Advanced Power Electronics
3
4
Pre-requisite for EE4007A: EE3003A Pre-requisite for EE4007B: EE3003B
 To provide the students with the knowledge of advanced power electronic conversion. To ensure the students having an in-depth understanding of the design and control of various power electronics converters. To give the knowledge of AC switched-mode conversion. To provide a concept of impact of power electronics on power quality.
 Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of basic switched-mode DC/DC topologies, operation, performance and modelling. b. Have acquired a basic understanding of resonant converters and its method of loss reduction. c. Be able to apply switched-mode techniques to inverters (DC/AC converters). d. Be able to perform study on power electronics circuit simulation. e. Be aware of impacts of electromagnetic interference (EMI) and reduction of EMI using power electronics techniques. f. Be able to present results of study in the form of computer simulation, design equations and basic models, working independently and in teams when conducting power electronics circuit design.
 Pulse-width-modulated DC/DC Converters: Basic topologies and higher order converters, transformer-isolated topologies, snubber circuits, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of operation, ripple analysis. Resonant-mode DC/DC Converters: Classification, zero-current switching and zero-voltage switching techniques, quasi-resonant converters, resonant transition converters. Switched-mode Inverters: Single-phase and three-phase voltage-source inverters, AC/AC conversion, resonant inverters. Modelling and Control of Power Converters: Small-signal modelling, traditional PID control method, modern control techniques, analogue and digital circuit simulation for power electronics, simulation techniques. Electromagnetic Interference: Generation of EMI, power factor, switched-mode EMI filter, International Standards, reduction of EMI. Laboratory Experiments Conduct computer simulations on DC-DC converter and DC-AC inverters.

 Lectures and tutorials are effective teaching methods: To provide an overview or outline of recent development of power electronics. To introduce new concepts and knowledge in advantage power electronic converter design, soft switching techniques, control methods and electromagnetic interference (EMI) aspects. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 								
 To encourage students' responsi reading and computer-based circu Laboratory works is an essential ingr 	bility for uit simula	the the	eir lea 15.	rning	by exti	ra ref	erenco	e books
 To provide power converter desig To provide deep understanding of 	n experi various	ром	ver co	nverte	r desig	n aspe	ects.	
Teaching/Learning methodology				Outc	omes			
	a			с	d			f
					~			~
Experiments	•							•
Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weight	ing	outc	omes	to be as	ssesse		
	(00)			-		d	e	f
							-	
	-			v	v		v	
3 Laboratory reports	15%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark
3. Laboratory reports 4. Assignments	15%		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	√	✓ ✓	✓
4. Assignments Total	10% 100%	6	✓ ✓	1	1	-	1	
4. Assignments	10% 100% ciple and be evalu	d pra ated ch to	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	✓ alytic sts, lab	al skills
4. Assignments Total The understanding on theoretical prin and problem solving techniques will sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le	10% 100% ciple and be evalu	d pra ated ch to	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	✓ alytic sts, lab perfc	al skills
4. Assignments Total The understanding on theoretical prin and problem solving techniques will sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact:	10% 100% ciple and be evalu	d pra ated ch to	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	✓ aalytic tts, lab perfo	al skills poratory prmance
4. Assignments Total The understanding on theoretical prin and problem solving techniques will sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial	10% 100% ciple and be evalu	d pra ated ch to	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	✓ aalytic tts, lab perfo	al skills poratory prmance 3 Hrs.
4. Assignments Total The understanding on theoretical prin and problem solving techniques will sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory 	10% 1009 ciple an- be evalu l approac carning c	d pra ated th to utco	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	v alytic sts, lab perfc 3	al skills poratory prmance 3 Hrs.
4. Assignments Total The understanding on theoretical prin and problem solving techniques will sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject lo Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort:	10% 1009 ciple an- be evalu l approac carning c	d pra ated th to utco	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	v aalytic sts, lab perfo 3	al skills poratory prmance 3 Hrs. 6 Hrs.
4. Assignments Total The understanding on theoretical prinal problem solving techniques will sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject local class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation/report/ass	10% 1009 ciple an- be evalu l approac carning c	d pra ated th to utco	✓ Actical . Exa	✓ consie	✓ deratio	ns, an	alytic sts, lab perfo 3 1 4	al skills poratory prmance 3 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 2 Hrs.
	To provide an overview or outling To introduce new concepts and kidesign, soft switching techniques, (EMI) aspects. To explain difficult ideas and con To provide students feedback in r To encourage students' responsil reading and computer-based circu Laboratory works is an essential ingre To provide power converter desig To provide deep understanding of To enable students to organise pri Teaching/Learning methodology Lectures Tutorials Experiments Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Tests	1. To provide an overview or outline of received in the provide and overview or outline of received in the provide students and concepts and knowledg design, soft switching techniques, control (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to the provide students' responsibility for reading and computer-based circuit simulated in the lecturing materials. 2. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To provide power converter design experies. 3. To enable students to organise principles at the provide deep understanding of various at the cetures of the provide students of the principles at the tectures of the principles at the principles at the principles at the principle students of the principles at	1. To provide an overview or outline of recent de 2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge in design, soft switching techniques, control met (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to the 5. To encourage students' responsibility for the reading and computer-based circuit simulation Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To provide deep understanding of various pow 4. To enable students to organise principles and of the tectures Y a Teaching/Learning methodology a t Experiments ✓ Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting 1. Examination	2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge in advardesign, soft switching techniques, control methods a (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to their lear reading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subjet. 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To enable students to organise principles and challest to organise principles and challest to a specific assessment methods/tasks % Interventionals Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intervention outcomethods/tasks % Intervention outcomethods/tasks % Intervention for the section outcomethods/tasks % Intervention for the section outcomethods/tasks % Intervention for the section for the section for the section outcomethods/tasks % Intervention for the section of the section for the section	1. To provide an overview or outline of recent development of design, soft switching techniques, control methods and ele (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning, reading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To provide deep understanding of various power converter 4. To provide budgets to organise principles and challenge ide Teaching/Learning methodology Quitcrials V V Experiments V Specific assessment methods/tasks % I. Examination 60%	1. To provide an overview or outline of recent development of powels. 2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge in advantage power edesign, soft switching techniques, control methods and electroma (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning. 5. To encourage students' responsibility for their learning by extreading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To provide deep understanding of various power converter design 4. To enable students to organise principles and challenge ideas. Teaching/Learning methodology Outcomes 4. Lectures ✓ ✓ 7. Tutorials ✓ ✓ 9. Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject outcomes to be as 1. Examination 60% ✓ ✓	1. To provide an overview or outline of recent development of power ele 2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge in advantage power electrodesign, soft switching techniques, control methods and electromagnetic (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning. 5. To encourage students' responsibility for their learning by extra refreading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To provide deep understanding of various power converter design aspects. 3. To enable students to organise principles and challenge ideas. Teaching/Learning methodology Quitcomes a b c d Tutorials ✓ ✓ Experiments ✓ ✓ Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject learning at b c d 1. Examination 60%	1. To provide an overview or outline of recent development of power electronic condesign, soft switching techniques, control methods and electromagnetic inter (EMI) aspects. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. 4. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning. 5. To encourage students' responsibility for their learning by extra reference reading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: 1. To supplement the lecturing materials. 2. To provide deep understanding of various power converter design aspects. 4. To enable students to organise principles and challenge ideas. Teaching/Learning methodology Quatorials V V V V Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed a b c d e I. Examination 60%

Subject Code	EE4008A / EE4008B
Subject Title	Applied Digital Control
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE4008A: EE3005A
Objectives	 To facilitate a working knowledge of principles of reduced-order modelling, digital control algorithms, system identification, and adaptive control. To enable students designing industrial control systems for applications in different engineering areas.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the concepts of reduced-order modelling, deadbeat control algorithm, system identification and adaptive control. b. Understand the notions of offline and online system identification. c. Design conventional and adaptive controllers based on user specifications. d. Use CAD package for design and simulation.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Process control: Process modelling, Performance Specification, Industrial controller, Ziegler & Nichols tuning, Advanced process control, Reduced order modelling. Direct digital control algorithms: PID algorithm, Cascade control, Dead-time compensation, Internal model control. Computer control methods: Hierarchical control configurations, Distributed approach, Programmable logic controllers (PLC). System identification: Discrete-time and continuous-time systems, identification by correlation, principle of least squares, Recursive least squares. Self-tuning control: Introduction to adaptive control, Self-tuning controller. Laboratory Experiment: There will be two laboratory experiments on the topics of reduced order modeling, digital control design and system identification by least-squares technique. Case study: Individual assignment related to above methods. Students will write a report and present their finding to the class.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiments and case study are designed to supplement the lecturing materials. The students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information.								
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outc	omes				
			а	b	с	d			
	Lectures		~	~	√				
	Tutorials		~	√	√				
	Experiments and case study				\checkmark	~			
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ed subjec tes to be					
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d			
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	\checkmark	~				
	2. Class test	20%	~	\checkmark	~				
	3. Project report	10%							
	4. Case Study	10%							
	Total	100%							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial				33 Hrs				
	Laboratory	6 Hrs.							
	Other student study effort:								
	Laboratory preparation/report	12 Hrs							
	Case study preparation/report	14 Hrs							
	Self-study				35 Hrs				
	Total student study effort				100 Hrs				
Reading List and	Reference books:								
References	 D.E. Seborg, Process Dynamics and Control, Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley, 2011 C.A. Smith, Automated Continuous Process Control, New York, John Wiley & Sons 2002 J.R. Leigh, Applied Digital Control: Theory, Design, and Implementation, New York, Prentice-Hall, 1992 								
	 P.E. Wellstead and W. Zarrop, Self-tuning Systems: Control and Signal Processing Wiley, 1991 								
	5. R. Isermann, Adaptive Control Systems, New York, Prentice Hall, 1992								

Subject Code	EE4011A / EE4011B						
Subject Title	Industrial Computer Applications						
Credit Value	3						
Level	4						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil						
Objectives	Introduce the applications of advanced c problems. The topics include: embedded vision; Internet of Things (IoT) applications	control syste	m; application	ns of compute			
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students wi a. Able to apply advanced computing tech b. Appreciate the importance of computing c. Think logically and be able to analyze of	niques to solv g systems in so	olving industri	al applications.			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Embedded Computer control: Modelling practical approaches to digital control in systems. Big Data: Big Data fundamentals, the F. Computer vision: Digital image funge enhancement, image segmentation, appautomation. IoT and Mobile applications: IoT deserver-side and client-side applications applications of Mini-project: 	Indoop frame Indamentals, i plication of in esign and imp and MQTT pl	, microprocess work, web ser mage represe nage processi plementation. atform.	or based contro aping. mtation, imag ng in industria Introduction te			
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary me theories. Experiences on design and prac project, in which the students are expecte constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions	tical applicat ed to solve d	ions are giver esign problem	n through mini Is with real-lif			
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outcomes				
		а	b	с			
	Lectures	√	√				
	Tutorials	√	√				
	Mini-project	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment	%		oject learnin	g outcomes to		
Alignment with Intended Learning	methods/tasks weighting be		be assessed	1			
			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	~	~	✓		
	2. In-class Test	15%	\checkmark	~	✓		
	3. Mini-project	15%	\checkmark	~	✓		
	4. Exercise	10%	\checkmark	~			
	Total	100%					
	One end-of-semester written industrial computing based at the intriguing computing app for future enhancement and in	pplication with lication for fea	a study repor	t covering th	he investigation of		
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 		33 Hrs.				
	 Laboratory (mini-project) 		6 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	 Mini-project report and p 	reparation			16 Hrs.		
	 Self-study 				45 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				100 Hrs.		
Reading List and	Reference books and online materials:						
References	 and Reference books and online materials: 1. T. Cox, et al., Getting Started with Python for the Internet of Things, Maker I Inc, 2019. 2. E. White, Making Embedded Systems: Design Patterns for Great Software, O' 2011. 3. A.V. Deshmukh, Microcontrollers: Theory and Applications, Tata McGrav 2006 4. M. Beyeler, Machine Learning for OpencCV: Intelligent image processin, Python, Packt Publishing, 2017. 5. Y. L. Prasad, Big Data Analytics Made Easy, Notion Press, 2016 6. T. White, Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, 3rd Ed, O'Reilly, 2012 						

Subject Code	EE4012A
Subject Title	Intelligent Buildings
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite for EE4012A: EE3009A
Objectives	 To enable students to establish a broad knowledge on the concepts of intelligent buildings. To enable students to understand that intelligence of a building can be achieved by integration and optimization of building structure, services systems, information technology, management and valued-added services. To enable students to understand basic features of an intelligent building and the required services system to support these features. To enable students to understand the operation principle and characteristics of various service systems/technologies of an intelligent building, such as the building automation system, intelligent vertical transportation systems, communications, structured cabling and etc. To enable student to understand the impacts these services systems/ technologies on the building and people.
Subject Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify benefits, impacts and driving forces of intelligent buildings, and its subsystems; understand the concepts of Building Information Modelling. b. Describe design philosophy at system level, system configurations, system submodules of vertical modern vertical transportation systems and building automation systems, including the out-stations, etc. c. Describe general design concept and principles of communication systems in intelligent building, such as voice communication system, video communication systems, LAN, wireless LAN, data networks, office automation systems, etc. d. Describe the general principle, concepts and system configurations of structure cabling, including the features, characteristics and applications of different categories of cables. e. Given a technical topic related to the subject, carry out literature search and present the findings in a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Intelligent building characteristics: Features and benefits of intelligent buildings. The anatomy of intelligent buildings. Environmental aspect. The marketplace and other driving forces behind the emergence of intelligent buildings. (4 hours) Building automation systems & controls: Philosophy, system configuration, system modules, distributed systems and on-line measurements. Fire protection, security and energy management. Control objectives. Sensors, controllers and actuators. Control system schematics, system design, and internal elements of outstations. Microprocessor based controllers & digital controls. Examples of sub-systems such as: Digital Addressable Lighting Interface (DALI) (10 hours) Modern intelligent vertical transportation systems: Sky lobby, double-deck lifts, twin lifts, advanced call registration systems, large scale monitoring systems, applications of artificial intelligence in supervisory control, energy saving measures

Teaching/Learning	 related to lift systems/ systems, such as: gondol. Communication and see network, wireless LAN, CABD. SMATV. Data Digital public address system and physical media. E Different Categories of c Building information M Levels and Dimensions of MEP of buildings. Case stores Integrating the technolo, buildings and people. systems, services, manage Case study: International Financial Cent similar buildings. Lectures and tutorials are efficient of the system services of the sys	a systems, materia curity systems: V Digital TV, CC' networking. Pub stem. Modern sec ms: Characteristic EMI/EMC issues, ables. odelling (BIM): 1 of BIM, Its applica studies. gies and systems: Interaction and ement, control an re II, Internation	als handli voice com rV, digiti lic addre- unity system ss and beer ss and beer to a standard concept of ations in (The imp integratic d information al Comm	ing syste nmunica al CCTV ss/sound tems nefits. S ing prob of BIM, (Mechar act of in on betw ation tec	ems, etc. tion sys /, telecol reinfor tandard olems. its featunical & l formatic een bu hnology	stems, lo onference cement (1 s, config System res and Electrica on techn ilding	6 hours) bocal area bing, and systems. (0 hours) gurations (1 hours) design. (3 hours) benefits. al Plants) (3 hours) ology on structure, (3 hours)		
Methodology	 To provide an overview of To introduce new concep To explain difficult ideas To motivate and stimulat To provide students feed <u>Mini-project works/Assignm</u> To supplement the lectur To add real experience fo To provide deep understa To enable students to org To enable students to org To enable students to org To enable students to org To enable students to org 	ts and knowledge and concepts of e students interess back in relation to ents are essential ing materials. or the students. anding of the subj	e to the st the subje t. o their lea <u>ingredien</u> ect.	ct. urning. <u>nts of thi</u>		<u>:/:</u>			
	Teaching/Learning Method			-	utcome	es			
		01069	a	b	c	d	е		
	Lectures		√	✓	√	√			
	Tutorials		✓	✓	\checkmark	~			
	Mini-project						✓		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ed subje ssessed	ct learni	ng outc	omes		
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	✓	~	✓	~			
	2. Class tests	18%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Assignments	11%	\checkmark		-		\checkmark		
	4. Mini-project	11%	\checkmark				\checkmark		
	Total	100%							
	The understanding on theore and problem solving technic project report are an integra respect to the intended subject	que will be evalu ted approach to v	ated. Exa alidly as	aminatic	n, class	tests a	nd mini-		

Student Study	Class contact:	
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial	39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Mini-project/Assignments	20 Hrs.
	Self-study	41 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	100 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Reference books: M Dastbaz, CA Gorse and A Moncastor, Building In Performance, Design and Smart Construction, Spring Clements-Croome, Derek, Intelligent Buildings: An i Shengwei Wang, Intelligent Buildings and Building . Jim Sinopoli, Smart Building Systems for Archite Elsevier, 2010 P. Manolescue, Integrating Security into Intelligent H A. Dobbelsteen, Smart Building in a Changing Clima D. Clements-Croome, Intelligent Buildings: An Intro A. Oliviero, Cabling [electronic resource]: The Co Fiber-ooptic Networking, John Wiley & Sons, 2014 W.T. Grondzik, & A.G. Kwok, Mechanical and Elec Wiley, 2015 	ger, 2017 introduction, Routledge, 2014 Automation, Spon Press, 2010 ectures, Owners and Builders, Buildings, Cheltenharn, 2003 ate, Techne Press, 2009 duction, Routledge, 2014 omplete Guide to Copper and

Subject Code	EE4014A / EE4014B						
Subject Title	Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical Engineering						
Credit Value	3						
Level	4						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil						
Objectives	To introduce students to the fundamentals of in Electrical Engineering.	ntelligent	systems ar	nd their aj	pplications ir		
Subject Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will:						
Learning Outcomes	a. Have acquired a good understanding of t methodologies and usefulness of intelligent		mental con	ncepts, cł	naracteristics		
	b. Be able to understand and design various intelligent system techniques such as expert systems, evolutionary computation, and neural networks.						
	c. Be able to integrate the intelligent system approaches in real-life problems.						
	d. Have acquired skills in presentation and interpretation of mini-project results and communicate in written form.						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	1. <i>Knowledge-based intelligent system</i> : Concepts. Knowledge representation techniques. Structure of a rule-based expert system. Forward and backward chaining inference techniques.						
	 Artificial neural network: Concepts. Neuron and perceptron. Multi-layer neural network. Forward and backward propagation. Training of neural networks. Recurrent and convolutional neural network. Supervised and unsupervised learning. 						
	3. <i>Evolutionary computation</i> : Concepts. Genetic algorithm. Particle swarm optimization.						
	4. Applications of intelligent systems.						
	Mini-project: Apply the introduced intelligent system techniques to solve an engineering problem.						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the primary mear theories. Experiences on system analysis, de through mini-projects, in which the students problems using intelligent techniques with criti are designed to supplement the lecturing mater take extra readings and to look for relevant info	is of con sign and are exp cal and ar ials so tha	veying th practical ected to nalytical th	e basic o applicatio solve the ninking.	concepts and ons are giver engineering Mini-projects		
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Oute	omes			
		а	b	с	d		
	Lectures	~	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Tutorials	~	~	\checkmark			
	Mini-projects	~	~	\checkmark	~		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks				Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	√	~	\checkmark			
	2. Class Test	15%	✓	~				
	3. Mini-project	15%	✓	~	✓	✓		
	4. Exercises	10%	✓	~				
	Total	100%						
Student Study	examination, test and exerci analytical skills, problem-solv system applications, as well as Class contact:	ing techniques	and practi	cal consi	derations	of intellig		
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial					33 Hrs.		
	Mini-project presentation					6 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:							
	Mini-project preparation/report					16 Hrs.		
	Self-study					45 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					100 Hr		
Reading List and References	 Reference books: K.Y. Lee and M.A. El Theory and Applications M. Negnevitsky, Artific Wesley, 2011 S. Samarasinghe, Neura Fundamentals to Compli A. Eiben and J. Smi Computing Series), Spri S. Haykin, Neural Netwo 	s to Power Syste ial Intelligence - al Networks for ex Pattern Recog ith, Introduction nger, 2015	ems, Wiley A Guide Applied S gnition. Au n to Evc	r-IEEE Pr to Intelli Sciences uerbach H slutionary	ress, 2008 gent Syste and Engin Publication Comput	ms, Addiso neering: fr ns, 2016 ing (Natu		

Subject Code	EE502 / EE502A / EE502B
Subject Title	Modern Protection Methods
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Student should have some prior knowledge in Power Transmission and Distribution
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern power system protection to students. To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system protection. To understand the design philosophy and working principle of power system protection. To master the analytical techniques. To apply protective relaying in power systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Master the concept and philosophy on power system protection. b. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics, engineering skills in the analysis, comparison, interpretation of various protection schemes in power systems. c. Integrate and justify techniques to be used in the planning and operation of power system protection. d. Solve technical problems for power system protection. e. Present technical results in the form of a technical report.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Overview of protection system and its development: General considerations. Components of protection. Structure of protective relays. Unit protection and non- unit protection. Trend of protection development. Fault and transient in power systems: Fault transient behaviour in power systems. Computer simulations of the transient behaviour in power systems. Current and voltage transducers: Sources of errors. Requirements of transducers for measurement and protection. Their features and characteristics under steady state and transient conditions. Protection systems for distribution networks: Protection criteria for distribution systems. Features of directional and non-directional protection schemes for distribution systems. Protection systems for transmission networks: Distance protection system and characteristics. Differential line protection. Phase comparison line protection. Use of line carrier and communication for protection systems. Busbar, transformer and generator protection systems: High impedance and low impedance differential protection schemes. Protection schemes for busbar, transformer, and generator. Digital protection relaying technique: Features of digital protection relay. Digital relay architecture. Digital relaying algorithms. Adaptive and intelligent relays. Recent development.

	Lectures and tutorials are the theories. Knowledge on systhrough case studies, in whit techniques to be used in the critical and analytical thin supplement the lecturing matt and to look for relevant infor	tem analysis, ch students a planning and king. Mini-p erials so that s	, design a re expect l operatio projects a	and pract and to in an of pow and expo	ical app tegrate a ver syste eriments	lications and justife em protec are des	are given y modern tion with signed to
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			(Outcome	s	
			а	b	с	d	e
	Lectures		\checkmark			\checkmark	
	Tutorials		\checkmark			\checkmark	
	Mini-projects and experime	nts			\checkmark		\checkmark
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assesse	d		g outcom	
Intended Learning	1. Examination	60%	a √	b √	c V	d V	e
Outcomes	2. Class Tests	18%	N V	N V	√ √	N V	
	3. Mini-project and report	18%	V	V	v √	V	
	4. Laboratory and report	1270		1	ب ا		v V
	Total	10%		v	,		,
	The examination and tests as protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem solving techniques a	and methods of and written	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills,
Student Study	protection analysis methods a	and methods of and written	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills,
Student Study Effort Expected	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting.	and methods of and written	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills,
•	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting. Class contact:	and methods of and written	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills, as well as
•	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting. Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial	and methods of and written	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills, as well as 33 Hrs.
•	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting. Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory	and methods of and written and practical of	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills, as well as 33 Hrs.
•	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting. Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort:	and methods of and written and practical of report	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and o analytic	operation. al skills, as well as 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.
•	protection analysis methods a Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques a technical reporting. Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation/	and methods of and written and practical of report	of protect reports	ion desig assess tl	n, plann hose on	ing, and analytic a design,	pperation. al skills, as well as 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 12 Hrs.

Subject Code	EE505 / E505A
Subject Title	Power System Control and Operation
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the concept of modern power system control & operation to students; To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system control & operation; To understand the working principle of power system control and operation; To apply the theory in power system control & operation; and To understand the industrial practice and tools used in power system control and operations
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Ability to analyse power system security control & operation; b. Ability to analyse interconnected power system interchange and economic operation. c. Ability to analyse power system computer control and applications; d. Understand the functionalities and able to use to appropriate level of competence of selected specialty software for power system control and operation purpose; e. To be aware of new technologies development trends and environmental impacts of modern power system control and operation techniques; and f. Ability to write technical reports and present the findings through individual effort as well as team work
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Power system operational security and dispatch: Power system security concepts. Contingency analysis. Static and dynamic security. States of operation. Prevention of blackouts. Power system state estimation concepts. Application of state estimation. Unit commitment and economic dispatch: Priority lists. Methodologies for large system economic dispatch and unit commitment. Programming methods. Frequency and voltage control: Frequency and voltage control concepts. Control loops and analysis. Automatic generation control (AGC) concepts, methodology and implementation. Interconnected systems operation: System interconnection merits and problems. Economic interchange and control. Multi-area operation. Energy management and real-time control: Energy management systems. Software systems. Computer hardware resources and configurations. Data management. Communication and distributed computing. Load forecasting. Contingency and security assessment. System restoration and emergency control concepts. Case Study: Local system control centre arrangement. Case study of past system blackout in overseas countries. AGC and voltage control case studies. Power system developments in HK and China as well as overseas countries.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences on re studies, in which the stud problems with real-life con analytical thinking. Guest on experience and knowle designed to supplement the take extra readings and pro- control.	al world cases lents are expension nstraints and lecture / indu dge on this s e lecturing ma	and ass ected to to attain strial ser ubject f	ociated power pragma ninars y rom ind so that	analysi system atic sol will be lustry p the stud	s are giv contro utions v given to ractice. lents ar	ven thro l and c with cri provid Mini-p e encou	ough cas operation tical ar le hand project traged t	
	Teaching/Learning Metho	Teaching/Learning Methodology				omes			
			а	b	с	d	e	f	
	Lectures		\checkmark						
	Tutorials		\checkmark		\checkmark				
	Report			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assess	ed		-	ning outcomes to be		
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	c	d	e	f	
Outcomes	1. Exam	60%	√	1	~				
	2. Class test	18%	√	1	\checkmark	1		1	
	3. Mini-project & report	12%	√	\checkmark	\checkmark			V	
	4. Essay Assignment Total	10%	\checkmark				\checkmark		
	The assessment methods include an examination, a class test, and written assignment in the form of mini-project report. The examination and class test assess the technica competence of students in power system analysis methods and methods of power system operation and control. The written reports assess the students' ability to apply the theories learned in class to practical project, and to communicate in written form.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected						39 Hrs			
	Other student study effort:								
	Mini-project preparation/report/Essay						22 Hrs		
						54 Hrs			
	Total study effort 115 Hrs.								
Reading List and References	Reference books: 1. W.D. Stevenson, Elemu 2. Wood & Wollenberg, F 3. Weedy and Cory, Elect 4. Grainger & Stevenson, 5. H. Saadat, Power Syste 6. Antonio Gomez-Expos Energy Systems: Analy	Power Generat ric Power System Power System rm Analysis, M sito, Antonio	tion, Operation, Operation, Operation, 4 th n Analys AcGraw J. Con	eration a ^h Edition sis, McC Hill ejo, and	and Cor n, Wile Graw H d Claue	ntrol, J. y ill	Wiley.	Electr	

Subject Code	EE509 / EE509A / EE509B
Subject Title	High Voltage Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite / Exclusion	Nil
Collaboration Institute	HK Electric Institute
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge to understand the techniques of design and analysis pertaining to high voltage engineering, including causes and manner of insulation failure and problems encountered in practice.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:a. Describe the insulation breakdown mechanisms so as to identify the failure phenomena of different insulation systems.b. Understand the principles and practices of high voltage equipment so as to get on to the pragmatic design and applications of high voltage equipment in industry.
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to Electrical Insulation: Electric fields; Dielectric breakdown; Electrical insulating materials; Industrial applications of electrical insulating materials. Breakdown of Gaseous Insulation: Ionization processes; Townsend breakdown mechanism; Experimental determination of Townsend's ionization coefficients; Breakdown in electronegative gases; Streamer breakdown mechanism; Paschen's law; Corona discharges; Breakdown in non-uniform fields; Post-breakdown phenomena and applications; Vacuum insulation and breakdown. Breakdown of Liquid Insulation: Breakdown in pure liquids and commercial liquids; Purification and breakdown test; Power law for commercial liquids. Breakdown of Solid Insulation: Breakdown due to treeing, surface flashover, and surface tracking; Breakdown in composite insulation. Partial Discharges & In-house Demonstration: Classification of partial discharges by origin; Principle of partial discharge measurements; Demonstration of state-of- the-art measuring equipment. High Voltage Equipment for Power System Networks: Hierarchy of power system networks; Introduction to high voltage equipment and their general specifications. Transmission Gas Insulated Switchgears: Design and busbar topologies; Layout and internal construction; Environmental, health, and safety precautions in handling SF₆ gas; Type and routine tests; Inspection before installation; Commissioning test and precautions; Typical incidents around the world. High Voltage Cables: Basic high voltage cable technology; Dielectric properties; Types and constructions; Type, routine, and diagnostic tests; Health index; Water tree formation; Accessory design, operations, and maintenance considerations; Reliability reviews and failure analysis; Faulty joint dissections and lessons learnt. Site Visit to HK Electric: Introduction to transmission and distribution facilities; Demonstration of transmission gas insulated switc

Methodology	Lectures are the primary means of conveying the techniques of analysis and design pertain Demonstration and Site Visit to HK Electric a real-life experience on the pragmatic design an in industry. Students are expected to solve desi to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and	ing to high ve are the comple and application sign problems	oltage engine mentary meas s of high volta with real-life	ering. In-house ns of providing age engineering
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes		
			а	b
	Lectures		\checkmark	~
	In-house Demonstration		\checkmark	
	Site Visit to HK Electric			\checkmark
	Specific assessment methods/tasks	%	Intended	l learning
Assessment	Speeme assessment methods/ asks	weighting		be assessed
Methods in			a	b
Alignment with	1. Examination	60%	~	\checkmark
Intended Learning Outcomes	2. Continuous Assessment	40%	~	√
Outcomes	Assignments (Insulation breakdown)		~	
	Assignments (High voltage equipment)			~
	Log (In-house demonstration)		~	
	Log (Site visit)			~
	Total	100%		1
Student Study	and Site Visit to HK Electric (4%), respective Class contact:	•		
Effort Expected				
Enort Expected	 Lecture/In-house Demonstration/Site Vis 	sit to HK Elec	luite	39 Hrs.
Enort Expected	Lecture/In-house Demonstration/Site Vis Other student study effort:	sit to HK Elec	uic	39 Hrs.
LHORT EXPECTED		sit to HK Elec		39 Hrs. 16 Hrs.
enort expected	Other student study effort:	sit to HK Elec		16 Hrs.
ENOFT EXPECTED	Other student study effort: • Assignments • Self-study Total student study effort	sit to HK Elec		16 Hrs. 50 Hrs.
Effort Expected Reading List and References	Other student study effort: Assignments Self-study	Voltage Eng ltage Enginee ge Equipment High Voltage g, 3rd Edition.	ineering, 5th ring, 1st Editi , Springer Ve Engineering: New Age Sc	50 Hrs. 105 Hrs. Edition, Tat ion, Routledge rlag, 2004. Fundamentals ience, 2010.

Subject Code	EE512 / EE512A
Subject Title	Electric Vehicles
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: EE543
Objectives	 To acquire a broad knowledge on modern electric vehicles (EVs). To understand the development of EVs from technological, environmental, and societal perspectives.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	a. Understand the importance of EVs for environment, energy sustainability and climate change.
	 Understand various underpinning technologies for modern EVs, including electric motor drives, energy storage, batteries, charging methods, infrastructure and auxiliary systems.
	c. Explain the emerging technologies such as hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs), fuel cell electric vehicles (FEV) and energy storage methods.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to electric vehicles (EVs): Historical perspective. EV advantages and impacts. EV market and promotion: infrastructure needs, legislation and regulation, standardization.
	 Electric vehicle (EV) design options: EV configurations: fixed vs. variable gearing, single- vs. multiple-motor drive, in-wheel drives. EV parameters, driving cycles and performance specifications. Choice of system voltage levels: electrical safety and protection.
	 Vehicle dynamics and motor drives: Road load: Vehicle kinetics; Effect of velocity, Acceleration and grade. EV drivetrain and components. EV motor drive systems: DC drives, Induction motor drives, Permanent-magnet synchronous motor drives, Switched reluctance motor drives. Control strategies.
	 Batteries: Battery parameters. Types and characteristics of EV batteries. Battery testing and maintenance; Charging schemes. Battery Management System. Open- circuit voltage and ampere-hour estimation. Battery load levelling Energy Storage.
	5. Auxiliaries: On-board and off-board battery chargers. Energy management units. Battery state-of-charge indicators. Temperature control units. Power steering.
	6. Emerging EV technologies: Hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs): types, operating modes, torque coordination and control, generator/motor requirements. Fuel cell electric vehicles (FEVs): fuel cell characteristics, hydrogen storage systems, reformers. Alternative sources of power: super- and ultra-capacitors, flywheels.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is m and worked examples. Self-1 extensive use of web resourc enable students to develop sessions develop students' sk	earning on th ces will be m skills in liter	e part of studer ade. A term pa ature survey a	nts is strongly on per and a relating of writing. On	encouraged and ed presentation ral presentation	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outcomes		
			а	b	с	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Tutorials			V		
	Assignment and oral presen	tation	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended sub assessed	ject learning ou	tcomes to be	
Intended Learning			a	b	с	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%				
	2. Test	25%			V	
	3. Assignment (Term Paper/Homework)	10%	\checkmark			
	4. Oral presentation	5%		\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100%				
	It is an advanced elective on electric vehicles. The outcomes on electric vehicle technology and its impacts are assessed by the usual means of test and examination, and partly by the term paper. The outcomes on technical communication and presentation skills are evaluated by the term paper and a related oral presentation.					
Student Study	Class contact:					
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial			30 Hrs.		
	Presentation/Tests			9 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:					
	Self-study and revision			48 Hrs.		
	Report – Case Study			18 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Reference books: K. T. Chau, Electric Application, Wiley, 2015 K.T.Chau, Energy Syster Iqbal Husain, Electric an Press, 2003. 	5. ns for Electri	c and Hybrid V	ehicle, IET, Au	ıg 2016	

Subject Code	EE514
Subject Title	Real Time Computing
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To understand the properties of real time programming languages, operating systems and associated hardware. To apply real time system technologies and concepts in engineering applications. To demonstrate and realize advantages in real time system underlying in today advanced technological evolvements.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate the important issues in real time computing systems, and their relations in engineering applications. b. Identify and understand the complications in a real time computing system. The mechanism of overcoming these obstacles is explored. c. Communicate effectively with concerned topics during discussions and presentations. d. Equip individual the ability to analyse related issues and identify the proper solution in a real-time computing design.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Real time computing systems concepts: Characteristics of Real Time Computing. Properties and Speed Requirements of Real Time Systems. Synchronous Real Time Systems: Polled, Main Polled Loop with Interrupts, Cyclic Schedulers. Multi- Processors Real Time Systems: Multi-Processor Structures, Process Dispatch Latency, Inter CPU Communication, Hierarchical Approach to Real Time Systems. Process Scheduling Architecture of Cloud Computing. Example: A Real Time Control System in Coal-Fired Power Plant. Real time systems design issues: Time Handling: Representation of Time, Time constraints, Time Service and Synchronization, Real Time System Life Cycle: Requirement Specification. Real Time System Modelling Example: Cluster computing, Internet of things in power energy platform. Real time system applications: System supervision in Power System Process Operation. Implementation of IoT technology to resolve the real-time system operation issues.
	Mini-Project: Implementation of a real-time computing system based on the Real-time OS

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are the p theories. Experiences on design project, in which the students are constraints and to attain pragmati	and practical expected to ur	applicatio	ons are giv	ven throu	gh a mini-	
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			Outc	omes		
			а	b	с	d	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Experiments		\checkmark			\checkmark	
• •							
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended to be as	l subject l sessed	earning o	utcomes	
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	1	V			
	2. Test	15%	1	1	1		
	3. Assignment/Presentation	10%	√	√	\checkmark		
	4. Mini project	15%		\checkmark		\checkmark	
	Total	100%					
Student Study	the usual means of examination solving techniques and practical teamwork, are evaluated by a mir Class contact:	l consideration					
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Seminar 			33 Hrs.			
	 Mini-project presentation demonstration 			6 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:						
	 Mini-project 			30 Hrs.			
	Self-study			41 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort 110 H					110 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Reference books/materials: 1 Hermann Kopetz, Real-Time Embedded Applications, 2nd H 2. C.M.Krishna, K.G.Shin, Real 3. J.E. Cooling, Software Design 4. J.A. Stankovic and K. Raman Computer & Society Press, 19 5. Selected papers from Proceed 6. Chris Moyer, Building Applic 	Ed., Springer, 2 -Time systems n for Real-time nritham, Advan 993 lings of Real-ti	2013 s, McGrav e Systems nces in Re me Syster	v-Hill, 201 , Chapmar cal-Time S ms Symnp	15 n & Hall, Systems, I posium (II	EEE EEE)	

Subject Code	EE520 / EE520A
Subject Title	Intelligent Motion Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To describe an in depth knowledge on the design and operation of intelligent motion systems. To relate and compare numerous application examples, which ranges from CD players and hard disc drives to robots and component insertion machines. To enable the students to have the ability to design motion control systems for industry and domestic purposes.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Contrast and compare different motion control system configurations, and select the most appropriate one for the task. To comprehend and understand numerous motion control examples for domestic and industrial applications. b. Understand the in-depth knowledge of motion drive and sensing techniques, and the ability to use them in real engineering applications. c. Have a broad understanding of motion control platform hardware and a visionary perspective on the future developments of computing/control hardware.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Structures of intelligent motion systems: Specifications and requirements of intelligent motion systems. Operating modes: point to point motion, trajectory path tracking, velocity path tracking, force and tension control, compliance control, vibration damping. Switching between operation modes. Motion actuators and driving techniques: Using Voice Coil Motors and DC brush motors in motion control. AC brushless motors, linear direct drive AC brushless motors and their driving techniques. Stepping motors and their limitations in motion tracking systems. Microstepping and electronic damping of stepping motors. Motion sensing and estimation techniques: Optical encoders: working principle, decoding method, and resolution enhancement through interpolation. Syncro- resolvers: working principle and interface electronics. Velocity estimation and position estimation methods for large speed range actuators. Motion control platform: Computer hardware requirements. Tightly coupled systems versus distributed systems. Application of DSPs in motion control. Communication methods in motion systems. Real time operating system for motion control. Intelligent algorithms for motion control and trajectory generation: PID controllers and their variations. Servo tuning methods. Motion control systems based on state space configuration. States observation and Kalman filters. Using Notch filters in non-rigid systems. Profile generation and motion planning algorithms. Issues in multi-axis intelligent motion systems: co-ordinate mapping and dynamics transformation. Multi-axis motion planning and profile generation. Motion synchronisation between axis. Decoupling inter-axis motion interference. Applying

	7. Case studies in intelligent motion systems:					
 Three examples will be selected from the following list: a. Optical based position tracking in CD-ROMs and Laser discs. b. Magnetic head positioning in hard disk drives. c. Motion control system design in multi-axis robot manipulators. d. Gantry robot motion systems for SMT component insertion machines. e. Motion systems in high precision CNC tooling machines. Case study: Report on a high performance motion control application example						
Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, complemented by tutorials a worked examples. Self-learning on the part of students is strongly encouraged a extensive use of web resources will be made. A term paper and a related presentat enable students to develop skills in literature survey and writing. Oral presentat sessions develop students' skills in spoken communication and peer evaluation.						
Teaching/Learning Meth	odology		Outcomes			
		а	b	с		
Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark			
Tutorials						
Assignment and oral pres						
Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subj assessed a	ect learning ou b	c		
1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
2. Test	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
3. Report	5%		\checkmark	\checkmark		
4. Oral presentation	5%		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Total	100%					
Class contact:						
 Lecture/Tutorial 				30 Hrs.		
 Presentation/Test 			9 Hrs.			
Case study				18 Hrs.		
 Self-study 				48 Hrs.		
Total student study effort			105 Hrs.			
 References books: Precision Motion Control: Design and Implementation (Advances in Industrial Control) Dec 10, 2010 by Kok Kiong Tan and Tong Heng Lee, Springer Motion Control Systems, Feb 21, 2011 by Asif Sabanovic and Kouhei Ohnishi, Wiley S. Meshkat, Advanced Motion Control, PCIM reference series in Power Conversion and Intelligent Motion, 1988 M.M. Gupta, Intelligent Control Systems: Concepts and Applications, IEEE Press, 1996 						
	 b. Magnetic head po c. Motion control sy d. Gantry robot moti e. Motion systems in Case study: Report on a high performa Delivery of the subject is r worked examples. Self-le extensive use of web resc enable students to develo sessions develop students' Teaching/Learning Meth Lectures Tutorials Assignment and oral presentation 2. Test 3. Report 4. Oral presentation Total One end-of-semester writt test; a report on an assigne Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Presentation/Test Other student study effort Case study Self-study Total student study effort Detestion Motion Contr Detestion Motion Contr Detestion Motion Control System S. Meshkat, Advanced Intelligent Motion, 198 4. M.M. Gupta, Intelligent 	b. Magnetic head positioning in hard c. Motion control system design in n d. Gantry robot motion systems for S e. Motion systems in high precision Case study: Report on a high performance motion com Delivery of the subject is mainly through for worked examples. Self-learning on the p extensive use of web resources will be m enable students to develop skills in liter sessions develop students' skills in spoken Teaching/Learning Methodology Lectures Tutorials Assignment and oral presentation Specific assessment methods/tasks weighting 1. Examination 600% 2. Test 300% 3. Report 5% 4. Oral presentation 5% Total 100% One end-of-semester written examination test; a report on an assigned topic; and a po Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Presentation/Test Other student study effort: Case study Self-study Total student study effort S. Meshkat, Advanced Motion Control, J Intelligent Motion, 1988 4. M.M. Gupta, Intelligent Control Systems 4. M.M. Gupta, Intelligent Control Systems	b. Magnetic head positioning in hard disk drives. c. Motion control system design in multi-axis robot d. Gantry robot motion systems for SMT componen e. Motion systems in high precision CNC tooling me Case study: Report on a high performance motion control application Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, of worked examples. Self-learning on the part of students extensive use of web resources will be made. A term parenable students to develop skills in literature survey and sessions develop students' skills in spoken communication Teaching/Learning Methodology a Lectures $$ Tutorials $$ Assignment and oral presentation $$ Specific assessment $$ methods/tasks weighting assessed a 1. Examination 60% $$ 2. Test 30% $$ 4. Oral presentation 5% $$ 4. Oral presentation 5% $$ Total 100% One end-of-semester written examination; one mid-seme test; a report on an assigned topic; and a power point present Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Presentation/Test Other student study effort: • Case study • Self-study Total student study effort: •	b. Magnetic head positioning in hard disk drives. c. Motion control system design in multi-axis robot manipulators. d. Gantry robot motion systems for SMT component insertion made. Motion systems in high precision CNC tooling machines. Case study: Report on a high performance motion control application example Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, complemented worked examples. Self-learning on the part of students is strongly extensive use of web resources will be made. A term paper and a relat enable students to develop skills in literature survey and writing. Or sessions develop students' skills in spoken communication and peer eva Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes a b Lectures $\sqrt{1}$ Tutorials $\sqrt{1}$ Assignment and oral presentation $\sqrt{1}$ Specific assessment % methods/tasks weighting Intended subject learning or assessed 1. Examination 60% 2. Test 30% 3. Report 5% 4. Oral presentation 5% 5. Case study Intended subject learning or assessed etst; a report on an assigned topic; and a power point presentation for the presentation/Test Other student study effort		

Subject Code	EE521 / EE521A
Subject Title	Industrial Power Electronics
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To provide power electronics engineers with in-depth knowledge of the industrial power electronics. To provide latest development in power supplies, industrial power electronics system and their applications in renewable energy systems.
	 To give industrial concern in power electronics design including passive components and standards To introduce to students to the various topologies of the power electronics circuits. To enable students to understand the power quality issues and the active and reactive power flow.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire a good understanding of power supply concept and design and be able to analyse the industrial needs for static power conversion. b. Understand the international standards on power electronics design. c. Have a global view on recent development on power electronics and be aware of applications of power electronics in various industries d. Understand the various topologies and working principles of basic power converters e. Work in teams and independently when conducting power electronics design and testing.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Industrial power systems: Static power systems, battery systems, AC systems, DC systems, AC-DC power conversion and recent advance in renewable energy systems such as wind and solar power Power conversion: Soft-switching, power factor correction, inverter configurations and static converters. Special environment power electronics: Power electronics distribution system, industrial guidelines, variable speed and constant frequency systems, actuation systems, brushless drives and other applications of power electronics in industry Industrial power supplies: Converter topologies, decentralized power, power modules, electro-magnetic compatibility, international standards and reliability. Power quality improvement: Fourier analysis of voltage current waveforms, total harmonic distortion, rectifier, passive/active filters, power quality issues, reactive power compensation. Magnetics and capacitors: High frequency inductors and transformers, winding techniques, core loss analysis, optimization of magnetics and power capacitors. Laboratory Experiments from topics in computer simulation, DC-AC and DC-DC power

	theories. Experiences on experiments and mini-projec problems with real-life const analytical thinking. Interacti- preparation and hence unders supplement the lecturing mar readings and to look for releva-	ts, in which raints and to ve laboratory tanding of th terials so that	practica the stud attain pr sessions e experim t the stu	l applic lents are agmatic are intr nents. E	ations a e expecte solution oduced to experiment	re given d to sol s with cr o encour nts are de	through ve design ritical and age better esigned to
	Teaching/Learning Methodo	logy		(Outcome	s	
			а	b	с	d	e
	Lectures						
	Tutorials						
	Experiments/Laboratory		\checkmark				
	Mini-project						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assesse	đ	t learning	-	
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	V	V	V	
outcomes	2. Test and/or Assignment	20%	\checkmark			V	
	3. Laboratory performance & report	10%	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark
	4. Mini-project & report	10%	\checkmark				
	Total	100%					
	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance of	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		
Student Study	One end-of-semester written	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		
Student Study Effort Expected	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance or reasoning); and laboratory rep	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		
•	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance of reasoning); and laboratory rep Class contact:	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		technical
•	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance e reasoning); and laboratory rep Class contact: Lecture/tutorial	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		technical 33 Hrs.
•	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance of reasoning); and laboratory rep Class contact: Lecture/tutorial Laboratory	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		technical 33 Hrs.
	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance of reasoning); and laboratory rep Class contact: Lecture/tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort:	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia		33 Hrs. 6 Hrs.
Student Study Effort Expected	One end-of-semester written test; laboratory performance of reasoning); and laboratory rep Class contact: • Lecture/tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Lab report/Mini-project	examination; evaluation (ir	ncluding j	punctual	ity, initia	tive, and	technical 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 15 Hrs.

Subject Code	EE522 / EE522A
Subject Title	Optical Fibre Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To re-introduce to students the fundamentals of light emission, modulation, detection, amplification, and light propagation in optical fibres. To enable students to understand the operating principle and performance specifications of various fibre-optic components, as well as their applications in modern fibre-optic systems. To equip students with the ability to analyse and design simple fibre-optic communication and sensing systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate recent developments in fibre optic communication systems, importance of fibre optic technology to the development of communications, engineering applications of fibre-optic technologies, and advantages of fibre optic sensors to the electrical engineering industry. b. Understand the principles of different types of optical fibres, fibre components, sensors, and communication systems. c. Know the same function may be achieved by using different technologies and understand the advantages and limitations of each technology. d. Select the most appropriate passive and active fibre-optic components to design fibre-optic sensor systems and fibre optic communication links. e. Have hands-on experience in the use of fusion splicer to make low-loss fibre joints, optical spectrum analyzer to perform spectral measurements, and fibre grating sensors for temperature and strain measurements.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Overview: Introduction to lightwave communication and sensor systems. Historical perspective. Basic concept and components. Channel capacity. Optical fibres: Theory of optical wave-guiding. Numerical aperture. Fibre modes. Fibre fabrication. Attenuation and dispersion. Special optical fibres. Passive fibre components: Light coupling. Splices and connectors. Couplers and splitters. Optical filters. Wavelength multiplexers/de-multiplexers. Fibre Bragg gratings. Optical isolators and circulators. Optical sources: Light emission and absorption. Light emitting diodes. Optical feedback. Threshold condition. Laser modes. Semiconductor lasers. Tunable lasers. Modulation of light. Optical transmitters. Optical amplifiers: Rare-earth doped fibres. Optical fibre amplifiers. Semiconductor amplifiers. Optical detectors: PIN and avalanche photodiode. Noise and response time. Responsivity. Optical receivers. Optical fibre communication: System architectures. Operating wavelength and system limitations. Power and rise-time budgets. Noise effects and other source of power penalty.

	8. Optical fibre sensor syst sensors. Phase modulatio and frequency modulatio distributed sensing system	on sensors. Po on sensors.	olarisatio	n modula	ation sen	sors. W	avelength	
	Laboratory Experiments/Demonstrations: Observation of fibre modal patterns; Measurement of source spectrums and power- current relations of LED, multi and single mode diode lasers; Fibre splicing and insertion loss measurement; Fibre Bragg grating sensors.							
Teaching/Learning	Lectures, quizzes, tests, labora	atory experim	ents, mir	ni-project	ts, and ex	aminati	on.	
Methodology	Teaching/Learning Methodo	ology		(Dutcome	5		
			а	b	с	d	e	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorials			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Demonstration/Experiments					\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			ect learning outcomes to			
Alignment with Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1.Tests/Quizzes	18%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. Assignments	8%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Lab and report	8%				\checkmark		
	4. Mini-project and report	6%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	5. Examination	60%		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total	100%						
Student Study	This subject introduces the theory and applications of optical fibre communication and sensor technology. The outcomes are assessed by quizzes, tests, mini-projects, laboratory experiments and examination.							
Effort Expected	Lectures/Tutorials/Laboratory demo				39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:							
	 Mini-project and report 		20 Hrs.					
	Self-study and assignments				46 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	Total student study effort 105 Hrs. Reference books: 1. G. Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1999 2. J.M. Senior, Optical Fiber Communications-Principles and Practice, 3 rd Edition Prentice Hall, 2008 3. J.C. Palais, Fiber Optic Communications, 5 th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005 4. G.P. Agrawal, Fiber-optic Communication Systems, 3 rd Edition, Wiley, 2002 5. J. P. Dakin and B. Culshaw, Optical Fibre Sensors, Artech House, Vols.1&2, 1989 and Vols.3&4, 1997.							

Subject Code	EE524
Subject Title	Open Electricity Market Operation
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To enable students to understand the key and practical issues of restructuring electricity supply industry and to establish a broad knowledge of open electricity market operation. To enable students to understand the key issues in open electricity market operation including deregulated power system operation, transmission pricing, procurement of ancillary services, congestion management, available transmission capacity so that students are provided with knowledge and techniques they need to meet the electric industry's challenges in the 21st century.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire a good understanding of the rationale and key issues for restructuring electricity supply industry, practical operation and design considerations for real world electricity markets, and financial tools to hedge risks used in electricity supply industries. b. Analyse the available transmission capacity and formulate equitable transmission pricing in electricity markets. c. Assess ancillary services requirements and values based on security, economic and performance considerations. d. Present technical results in the form of technical report and verbal presentation
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Restructuring of the Electricity supply industry (ESI): ESI structures; Privatisation and competition; Market structures and architectures; Regulation of Electricity Markets; Role of existing players. Electricity market: Timeline coordination, design considerations and practical operation of a real-world electricity market system. Use of different financial contracts/tools including derivatives and electricity futures for risk management in electricity markets. Game theory approach for market competition analysis. Transmission congestion management in electricity market. Security considerations. Transmission and ancillary services: Transmission ownership and restructuring. Measuring available transmission capacity in energy markets. Purchasing transmission capacity. Network and point to point transmission services. Fixed and firm transmission rights. Ancillary services and technical specifications, and performance based cost model. Transmission pricing: The costs of transmission services. Locational prices. Embedded cost allocation methods. Stranded assets. Short-run marginal cost. Long- run marginal cost. Integrated approach of transmission pricing.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The concept of electricity marked presented through lectures and the Students will be required to for structure and operational aspects and operation of electricity marked better understanding on the theory from students. Students will also finding of their case studies.	utorials with rm groups to so as to dev ets. Tutorials pretical conc	reference work three elop ability s will be streepts which	to real-life ough cases y to critical ructured on a require su	market en covering lly evaluat different ufficient co	the market e principles sessions for ontributions	
	Teaching/Learning Methodolog	gy		Outco	omes		
			а	b	с	d	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Case Studies & Presentation		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended be assess	subject lea	arning out	comes to	
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Examination	62%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	2. In-class tests	19%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Cases study & presentation	19%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100%					
	The outcomes on the concepts of modelling, analysis and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and tests whilst those on problem-solving technique and presentation of findings, as well as technical reporting and teamwork, are evaluate by the case study exercise.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 		33 Hrs.				
	Presentation	6 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	 Case study and report 	15 Hrs.					
	Self-study				51 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort		105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Reference books: D. Gan, D. Feng and J. Xie, I Press, 2013 D. Kirschen, G. Strbac, Fur John Wiley & Sons, 2018 K. Bhattacharya, M.H.J. Bol Systems, Kluwer Academic I 	ndamentals of len, and J.E.	of Power S Daalder, (ystem Eco	onomics, 2	and Edition,	

Power System Analysis and Dynamics 3 5 Nil
5
Nil
 To introduce the students to the advanced concepts and analytical skills for the stability analysis in modern power systems. To understand the impact due to different system instabilities. To analyse and provide solutions to the power system stability problems.
 Jpon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire in-depth understanding of different types of power system stability problems. b. Model the dynamic behaviours of system components under disturbances. c. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics and engineering skills in the analysis of stability problems. d. Discuss the causes and effects of instabilities and recommend possible solutions. e. Acquire skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communicate in written form
 Power system stability: Basic concepts and classification. Past incidents of system instability and consequences. Power system stability issues and solutions. Reactive power compensation: System Q-V Characteristics. Reactive support theory. Load Characteristics. Synchronous condensers, Static Var Compensators (SVS), Thyristor Switched Capacitor (TSC), Thyristor controlled Reactor (TCR). Voltage stability: Fundamental concepts. Singularities and multiple load flow techniques, eigenvalue methods. Load modelling, tap-changer effects, voltage controllability and voltage compensation. Proximity of collapse, Measures against collapse. Practical experience. Dynamic stability & power system stabilisers: Eigenvalue and modal analysis. Generator and load modelling. Power system stabiliser. Small-signal stability of multi-machine systems. Selection of input signal and installation location, parameter design and commissioning of PSS. Application of HVDC, FACTS and ESS in improving stability: HVDC link operation and its control for stability improvement. Flexible AC transmission devices, power angle control. Energy storage system, e.g. BESS, SOFC, FESS, and its application in stability control. Mini-projects: Power system stability analysis using industrial power systems design and analysis software

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences on a through experiments, in w stability and control design solutions with critical and a to work through a mini-pro students learning experience	system analysis which the stude problems with analytical think oject for a sele	s, design ents are e h practica ing. Stuc cted topic	and prac xpected l constra lents will . Mini-P	tical app to solve ints and be requi	lications the pow to attain red to for	are given er system pragmatic rm groups	
	Teaching/Learning Metho	odology		(Outcome	s		
			а	b	с	d	e	
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Tutorials							
	Mini-project						\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende	5	t learning	g outcom	es to be	
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e	
	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark					
	2. Class Test	18%	\checkmark					
	3. Mini-project/report	12%				V	V	
	4. Essay assignment Total	10%					\checkmark	
Student Study	examination and test Expe problem-solving technique control design as well as te Class contact:	s and practical	consider					
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial					39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:							
	Mini-project and report					15 Hrs.		
	Essay assignment/Self-study					51 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort						105 Hrs.	
	Reference Books:				w Hill, 1	004		

Subject Code	EE528	EE528				
Subject Title	System Modelling and Optimal Control					
Credit Value	3					
Level	5					
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil					
Objectives	 To provide students with a sound knowledge of system identification and modelling techniques in areas of prediction and control. 					
	 To introduce modern control design techniques. 					
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:a. Model systems using State Variable and Transfer Functions.b. Design optimal controllers for system models.c. Apply computer packages for control system modelling and design.					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 System models: functions, transformations and mapping, Laplace transformation and z-transformation, state variables and state space models of dynamic systems relations between state space models and transfer function models, solutions o unforced linear state equations, matrix exponential, eigenvalues and eigenvectors Jordan form, solutions of linear state equations, transition matrix. Modelling of physical systems: power, energy, sources, passive elements (C-, I-, R- transformer, and Gyrator), through and across variables, linear graph, modelling examples for typical mechanical systems such as vehicle suspension, electrica motor, etc. Stability, controllability, and observability: stability, Lyapunov stability, Lyapunov function, controllability and observability, definition and criteria, stabilizability and 					
	 detectability, feedback control. 4. <i>Optimal control:</i> Calculus of variations, formulation of optimal control problems Pontryagin maximum principle, Riccati equation, application to linear regulator. 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Basic concepts and theories are taught in lectures and tutorials. Computer experiment will be assigned as part of the interactive assignments, where the students are expected to solve theoretical and practical control problems with critical and analytical thinking.					
	Teaching/Learning Methodology		Outc	omes		
		а	b	с	d	
	Lectures	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorials	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Tutorials $$ $$ Assignments $$ $$					

Assessment Methods in	Specific assessment % weig methods/tasks			ended subject learning outcomes be assessed				
Alignment with Intended Learning			a	b	с	d		
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Assignments	40%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Total	100%						
	The outcomes on concepts, analytical skills, problem-solving techniques, design and applications, and practical considerations of designing control systems are assessed by the usual means of examination and assignments, including computer-package-based assignments.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tutorial 	39 Hrs.						
	Other student study effort:							
	Reading and studying	43 Hrs.						
	 Completing assignment 	23 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.						
Reading List and References	 L. Ljung, System Identification: Theory for the User (2nd Edition), Prentice Hall. C.C. Hang, T.H. Lee and W.K. Ho, Adaptive Control, Instrument Society of America. 							
	3. N. Nise, Control System	ms Engineering, Wi	ley.					
	4. 4. P. J. Antsaklis and A. N. Michel, Linear Systems, McGraw Hill.							

	EE520 / EE520 A
Subject Code	EE530 / EE530A
Subject Title	Electrical Energy Saving Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To enable students to establish a broad concept on energy saving using techniques of electrical engineering. To provide an in-depth knowledge on selected topics of energy-saving systems in electrical engineering. To enable students to understand typical energy storage systems, its associated issues of grid connection and related technical considerations. To enable students to understand the potential of solar energy and characteristics & performance of various kinds solar energy systems. To enable students to understand various techniques and systems for control and monitoring of energy saving, as well as the related communication protocol and interfacing requirements. To enable students to understand control gears for lighting systems and variable speed drives for HVAC systems & elevators.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operation principle & control strategy of various energy storage systems and topologies of these systems and identify their benefits & impacts. b. Describe the principle and characteristics of various solar energy devices, and identify the potentials of solar energy. Calculate available solar irradiation for a given location. c. Describe the operation principle and characteristics of typical control and monitoring systems for energy saving, including the communication protocols. d. Identify different energy saving control for industrial plants and multi-storey buildings, including giving examples. e. Describe the operation principle and characteristics of typical control gear for lighting and variables speed drives. f. Given a technical topic, carry out literature search and report the findings in a presentation and be able to work and communicate effectively in a team setting.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Energy storage systems: Utility Load Factor, peak lopping and valley filling, energy storage systems, battery energy storage, super-capacitor, power electronics topologies, control strategy, grid connection, voltage support, power quality improvement, environmental impact, improvement of utility energy efficiencies. Solar energy utilization: Solar irradiation on earth, potentials of solar energy, solar thermal system systems, photovoltaic systems, characteristics and performance of typical BIPV systems and estimation of its energy auti, distributed power generation, passive solar devices on buildings for energy saving, and case study. Energy saving control and monitoring systems: Theory of energy saving, concept of building energy efficiency, control and monitoring systems and some of its related communication protocols. Application examples.

	 Lighting, ballast, and variable speed drives: Magnetic ballast, electronic ballast lighting design, fluorescent, LED and HID lamps, variable speed drives for HVAC systems and elevators, energy storage and regeneration for elevators, harmonics implications. Laboratory Experiments, Seminars, Site Visits: Demonstration on operating principles of some selected energy-saving systems. Case study: Selections of practical real life energy-saving systems in Hong Kong. 								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are theories. Practical experi applications are given throu of the study. Students are e problem and they have to pr	ences on po gh mini-proj encouraged to	ower el ects. N o form g	ectronic Iini-pro roup to	es desig jects are jointly	gn, ene e given investig	rgy sav in the b	ving and eginning	
	Teaching/Learning Metho	dology			Outc	omes			
			a	b	с	d	e	f	
	Lectures		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	Mini-project							\checkmark	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				to be		
Intended Learning			a	b	с	d	e	f	
Outcomes	1. Examination	60%							
	2. Class Test and/or Assignment	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
	3. Mini-project & Report	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100%							
	It is a fundamental energy applications are assessed by those on analytical skills, p circuit design, as well a experiments, mini-project a	the usual me problem-solvi s technical	eans of e ing tech reportin	xamina niques	tion, as and pra	signmen ctical c	nt and te onsider	est while ations of	
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	Lecture/Tutorial	Lecture/Tutorial					30 Hrs.		
	Seminar/Case study							9 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:								
	 Mini-project/report 							20 Hrs.	
	 Self-study 							46 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort						1	05 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Reference books: Battery Storage Systems								

1. D. Andrea, Battery Management Systems for Large Lithium Ion Battery Packs, Artech House, 2010.
 P.W. Parfomak, Energy storage for Power Grids and Electric Transportation: A Technology Assessment, Congressional Research Service, 2012.
3. Y. Brunet, Energy storage, Wiley, 2013
 F. S. Barnes, J.G. Levine, Large Energy Storage Systems Handbook, CRC Press, 2011
Solar Energy Utilisation
 S. Yannas, Solar Energy and Housing Design, Architectural Association, 2005/2006 R. Messenger, Photovoltaic Systems Engineering, CRC Press, 2017 edition C. Prapanavarat, Investigation of the Performance of a Photovoltaic AC Module, Generation, Transmission and Distribution, IEE Proceedings, Vol: 149, Issue 4, Jul
 2002 8. Web site of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy from the Dept. of Energy of USA, http://www.eere.energy.gov/
 Web site of the Key Centre of Photovoltaic Engineering in University of New South Wales, <u>http://www.pv.unsw.edu.au/</u> S. Kouro, Grid-connected photovoltaic systems – an overview of recent research and emerging PV converter technology, IEE Industrial Electronics Magazine, 2015.
Energy Saving Control and Monitoring Systems
11. EMSD of HKSAR Govt, Code of Practice for Energy Efficiency of Building Services Installation, 2012
12. EMSD of HKSAR Govt, Code of Practice for Building Energy Audit, 2012
13. Anna Magrini, Building Refurbishment for Energy Performance: A Global Approach (Green Energy and Technology) Springer, 2014th Edition.
 Bela Liptak, Instrument Engineers' Handbook, 4th Edition, Volume Two: Process Control and Optimization, CRC 2005.
Lighting, Ballast, and Variable Speed Drives
 T. Q. Khanh, LED lighting: Technology and Perception, Wiley-VCH, 2015 J.R. Benya, D.J. Leban, Lighting Retrofit and Relighting: A Guide to Energy Efficient Lighting, John Wiley & Son, 2011
17. M.H. Rashid, Power Electronics Handbook: Devices, Circuits and Applications, Academic Press, 2010
 Guidelines on Energy Efficiency of Lift and Escalator Installations, 2007 Edition, Electrical and Mechanical Services Department (EMSD), the Government of the HKSAR, Hong Kong
 K.W.E.Cheng, Design and Fabrication of Electronics and Optical Systems for Advanced Automotive Lighting Systems, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, 2007

Subject Code	EE545 / EE545A
Subject Title	Modern Generation and Grid Integration Technologies
Credit Value	3
Level	5
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students are expected to have substantial knowledge about electrical power systems. Exclusion: EE501
Collaboration Institute	HK Electric Institute
Objectives	 To enable students to establish a broad concept on modern power generation technologies, including local relevant renewable energy and gas turbines. To enable students to understand typical renewable energy technologies and related energy storage systems, its associated characteristics, performance, issues of application and related technical considerations. To provide an in-depth knowledge on gas turbine power plants, combined cycle systems, cogeneration and trigeneration systems. To enable students to understand how to integrate renewable energy into power grid, its related issues, concept of micro grid, smart grid, distributed generation and distribution automation.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon Completion of the subjects, student will be able to: a. Identify suitable renewable energy source and fuel-mix for electricity generation in Hong Kong under current situations b. Explain the principle of operation for the generation technologies, including their integration into the modern power grid or micro grids. c. Design the overall architecture for the power generation systems and the interfacing parts, and analysis their performance.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Energy resources and types (1.5 weeks): Renewable and non-renewable energy resources. World potential and trends. Environmental effects. Local relevant renewable energy types and present developments. Role and importance of renewable energy. Wind and solar energy (2 weeks): Overview of wind energy, wind turbine technology, onshore and offshore wind farms, planning considerations for offshore wind farm, wind resource assessment, wind farm siting and optimization, case study. PV technology, PV panel comparison (performance, cost) and criteria for PV module selection, photovoltaic conversion systems, feasibility study and site selection, design and monitoring techniques, new development in PV technology, case study. Energy storage technology (2 weeks): Types of utility scale energy storage systems and the associated power electronic systems and energy management: pumped water storage, hydroelectric dams, batteries, supercapacitors, superconducting magnetic energy and hydrogen storage. Concept of vehicles-to-grid. Gas turbine and cogeneration technology (1 week): comparison of its emission with other fossil fuel plants. Types of gas turbines and its characteristics and operation features. Combined cycle, cogeneration and trigeneration. Major equipment of a Combined Cycle Generation Unit, Thermal cycle and performance indices of combined cycle generation unit.

	 Electrical System in a Po Generation, Major Electric: Distribution Systems in a P Grid integration (3 weeks) grid, the issues, the associated levelling, energy demand issues. Complementary cha studies: possible example in Dam. Applications of smart generation & distributed au Application examples, de projects or case study on generation, trigeneration an Note: 1 week is reserved for ter Site Visit in a weekend: Lamn 1. L9 Combined-Cycle Gener 2. Gas Receiving Station PV Solar Panel System Wind Turbine 	al Equipment : ower Plant, C : Integrating ciated power response & torgatics an s Longyangxi. t grids in this a tomation. monstration micro-grid, s id vehicle-to-g st(s) and revis na Power Stat ation Unit	and Machines ase study. renewable ene electronic sy management, ong RE source a Dam Solar F area. Concept of and trends (i smart meters, grid concept. F ion. ion and Lamm	of a Generation ergy sources is stems and it: related powe es and energy Park and Alto of micro-grid 1.5 weeks): distributed au future trends. a Winds	on Unit, Power into the power s design, load er dispatching storages. Case Rabagao Solar and distributed Demonstration utomation, co-
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mair work examples/case studies an students is strongly encourage Assignments, in-class assignment tools.	nd a visit/ de ed and extens ents, tests and	monstration. S	Self-learning eb resources	on the part of will be made.
	reaching/Learning Methodolo	ogy		b	
			а	D	с
	Lactures		2	2	2
	Lectures Work examples/ case studies		<u>م</u>	√ √	<u>م</u>
	Lectures Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration		√	√ √ √	√ √ √
Assessment Methods in	Work examples/ case studies	% weighting	√		√ √ √
Methods in Alignment with	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration		√ Intended sub	\ √ √	√ √ √
Methods in	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration		√ Intended sub be assessed		√ √ outcomes to
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration Specific assessment methods/tasks	weighting	√ Intended sub be assessed a		√ √ outcomes to
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination	weighting 60%	$\frac{}{1000000000000000000000000000000000$	v v vject learning b v	v √ v v v v v v
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Tests	weighting 60% 15%	$\frac{}{\frac{1}{}}$ Intended subbe assessed $\frac{1}{}$	$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt$	V V V V V V V V V V V
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Tests 3. Assignments	weighting 60% 15% 15%	$\frac{}{}$ Intended sub be assessed $\frac{a}{}$ $\frac{}{}$	v ject learning b v v v	V V V V V V V V V V V
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Tests 3. Assignments 4. In-class assignments	weighting 60% 15% 15% 10% 100% reciation subject	$\frac{}{}$ Intended sub be assessed $\frac{a}{}$ $$ $$ $$ ect for students	V V vject learning b V V V V V V V S who are intervented on the second on the secon	√ √ √ outcomes to c √ √ √ √ √ √ v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Work examples/ case studies Visit/demonstration Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Examination 2. Tests 3. Assignments 4. In-class assignments Total This is an advanced and yet app and energy systems. The outcome of the system of the system outcome of the system.	weighting 60% 15% 15% 10% 100% reciation subject	$\frac{}{}$ Intended sub be assessed $\frac{a}{}$ $$ $$ $$ ect for students	V V vject learning b V V V V V V V S who are intervented on the second on the secon	√ √ √ outcomes to c √ √ √ √ √ √ v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v

	Other student study effort:
	Assignment and Self-study 66 Hrs.
	Total student study effort 105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	1. Ibrahim Dincer and Calin Zamfirescu, "Advanced power generation systems" Elsevier Science, 2014
	 Nicu Bizon, "Advances in energy research : distributed generations systems integrating renewable energy resources", Nova Science Publishers, 2011
	 IEA, "The power of transformation : wind, sun and the economics of flexible power systems", PECD Publishing 2014
	 Mukund R Patel, "Wind and solar power systems : design, analysis, and operation" CRC Press 2006
	 Rolf Kehihofer, "Combined-cycle gas & steam turbine power plants", PennWell 2009
	 Masoos Ebrahimi and Ali Keshavarz, "Combined cooling, heating and power decision-making, design and optimization", Elsevier, 2015
	 Ashok D Rao, "Combined cycle systems for near-zero emission power generation" Oxford England : Woodhead Pub., 2012
	8. Q Zhong and T Hornik, "Control of power inverters in renewable energy and smart grid integration", John Wiley & Sons, 2013
	 Antonio Moreno-Munoz, "Large scale grid integration of renewable energy sources", IET 2017
	10. Ali Keyhani, "Design of smart power grid renewable energy systems", Wiley, 2011
	11. Fereidon P Sioshansi, "Smart grid integrating renewable, distributed & efficient energy", Elsevier/Academic Press, 2011
	 K. Salman, "Introduction to the Smart Grid: concepts, technologies and evolution" IET 2017

Subject Code	EE546				
Subject Title	Electric Energy Storage and New Ener	gy Sources for I	Electric Vehicl	es	
Credit Value	3				
Level	5				
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	 To acquire a broad knowledge on a To understand the development of environmental, and societal perspective 	energy storage f		0, 0	
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the importance of energy storage as it pertains to environmental concerns, energy sustainability and climate change. b. Understand various underpinning technologies for conventional and modern energy storage including both portable and stationary systems, such as batteries, supercapacitors, compressed air, flow batteries, new fuel, and fuel cells. c. Explain the role of energy storage in new energy in electric vehicles (EV) and discuss how energy storage devices can be optimally integrated for these applications. 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Concept of energy storage: History of energy storage, classification of the types of energy storage. Electrochemical storage: Lead-acid and Nickel batteries, Lithium/sodium-based battery, Flow and Redox batteries, Fuel cell, Sustainability considerations for future electrochemical systems. Carbon-hydride: Carbon hydride energy storage system, non-carbon based fuel, cracking, fuel transportation, fuel storage. Mechanical storage: Compressed air energy storage, pumped hydro energy storage, flywheels. Static Energy Storage: Super-capacitor, Magnetic Energy storage. Electrical energy storage parameters: State of Charge, State of Health, cell impedance and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy, cell models Energy management System: Battery management, Energy management, cell equalization, conditional monitoring. New Energy for vehicles: Solar vehicles, Fuel cell vehicles, hydrogen engine, 				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	compressed gas vehicles, power conversion for new energy. Delivery of the subject is mainly through formal lectures, complemented by tutorials worked examples and assignment. Self-learning on the part of students is strongly encouraged and extensive use of web resources will be made. Teaching/Learning Methodology Intended subject learning outcomes a b c				
	1. Lectures	√	✓	✓	

	2. Tutorials		\checkmark	~	\checkmark	
	3. Assignment		~	\checkmark	~	
Assessment Methods						
in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	*		Intended subje assessed	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed		
Outcomes			a	b	с	
	1. Assignment	20%	~	~	~	
	2. Test	20%	~	~	~	
	3. Examination	60%	~	~	~	
	Total	100 %				
	The assignment is designed to assess students' understanding of the energy storage principles and whether they can present the study clearly. The test is designed to assess students' understanding of the topics that they have learn relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c). The test is usually conduced in the mid semester to measure students' performance. Examination: questions are designed to assess learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c) Students are required to answer questions that cover all of the learning outcomes.					
Student Study Effort	Class contact:					
Expected	Lecture				30 Hrs.	
	 Tutorial and presenta 	ation			9 Hrs.	
	Other student study effor	rt:				
	 Mini project or Assig 	Mini project or Assignment			27 Hrs.	
	 Self-study 			49 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					
Reading List and References	 "Battery Systems En Sheldon S. Williams Hybrid Electric Vehi Gregory L. Plett, "Ba Serguei N. Lvov, Int Raton: CRC Press, 2 G. Pistoia and B.Lia Battery Health, Perf 2018. R.Xiong, "Battery M 	on, "Energy M ccles", Springe attery Manage roduction to E 015. w, "Behaviou ormance, Safe	Management Stra r New York, 20 ment Systems", Electrochemical r of Lithium-Ion ty, and Cost", C	ategies for Ele 13 Boston : Artec Science and Er Batteries in E Green Energy :	ctric and Plug-ir ch House 2015 ngineering. Boca Electric Vehicles and Technology	
	Edition, 2020.	landgement A	igoriumi for Ele	ente venicles	, 15t cu., KIIIII	

Subject Code	EE547					
Subject Title	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems	Electric Vehicle Charging Systems				
Credit Value	3					
Level	5	5				
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	Nil				
Objectives	 To acquire a broad knowledge of elect To understand the development of electronic environmental, and societal perspection 	ectric vehicle cha				
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a Understand the importance of chargers as it pertains to environmental concerns, energy sustainability, climate change, and global policy. b. Understand various underpinning technologies for charger including conductive, wireless and battery swapping. c. Acquire the knowledge of charger practice, charger policy and infrastructure. 					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to electric vehicle charging technology: Charging system, Constant voltage, Constant current, Pulse charging. Charger Circuit: Circuit topology, Charging control, AC and DC chargers, Semifast, fast and quick chargers. Inductive charging: Concept of wireless power transfer, Dynamic wireless charger, 					
	 Coil design, Coupling, Electromagnetic interference. 4. Charger standards: Wireless standards including Qi, PMA, A4WP, Magnet. conductive charger standard including CHAdeMO, SAE and IEC, Connection and plug. 5. Charger infrastructure: Charging station and network, pantograph, load management, Vehicle to Grid, EV Penetration, Synergistic control of EV and planning. 6. Other Charging technologies: Battery swapping, Hydrogen and solid fuel. 					
Teaching/Learning Methodology						
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended su	bject learning	outcomes		
		а	b	с		
	1. Lectures	~	~	~		
	2. Tutorials	~	~	~		
	3. Assignment	\checkmark	~	~		
	4. Laboratory		~			

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed		
Intended Learning			а	b	с
Outcomes	1. Assignment	10%	~	~	✓
	2. Laboratory performance & reports	10%		~	
	2. Test	20%	~	~	✓
	3. Examination	60%	~	~	✓
	Total	100 %		11	
	charging principles and who Laboratory class is design charger and its operation. The test is designed to assess relative to learning outcome semester to measure studen Examination: questions ar Students are required to ans	ned to teach ss students' u es (a), (b) and ts' performan e designed t	students some nderstanding of d (c). The test ce. o assess learni	e practical und f the topics that is usually cond ng outcomes	they have learnt luced in the mid- (a), (b) and (c).
Student Study	Class contact:				
Effort Expected	Lecture				27 Hrs.
	Laboratory, Tutorial and	d Presentatio	n		12 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:				
	 Mini project or Assign 	nent			21 Hrs.
	 Laboratory 				6 Hrs.
	 Self study 				49 Hrs.
	Total student study effort				115 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 K.T.Chau, "Battery Sys Sheldon S. Williamson Hybrid Electric Vehicle Rik De Doncker, Duco Analysis, Modeling, Co 2011. The Institution of Eng Vehicle Charging Equip C.T.Rim, C.Mi, "Wire Devices", Wiley – IEE L.A.Kumar, S.A.Alexan Kindle Edition, 2020. 	, "Energy M ss", Springer W.J. Pulle, A ontrol", Sprin tineering and oment Installa eless Power E, 1st Edition	anagement Stra New York, 201 André Veltman, ger Dordrecht Technology, ⁶ ation", IET Stan Transfer for 1 a, Kindle Editio	tegies for Elea 3 , "Advanced El Heidelberg Los "Code of Prac Idard, 3rd editio Electric Vehic n, 2017.	tric and Plug-in lectrical Drives - ndon New York, tice for Electric on, 2018. des and Mobile

Subject Code	EE548				
Subject Title	Advanced Electric Vehicle Technology				
Credit Value	3				
Level	5				
Pre-requisite/ Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: EE512				
Objectives	 To acquire a high level of electric vehi To understand the development of the security. 		0,		e
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the advanced knowledge of the electric vehicle. b. Understand various advanced parts and components in electric vehicles. c. Understand the future energy sources and storage for electric vehicles. d. Impact of electric vehicles and emerging technologies. 				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Impact of electric venicles and emerging technologies. Future EV design and demand: All electric parts and components design, configurable EVs, high speed vehicles, hyperloop vehicle, Magnetic levitation vehicle. Advanced motor drive: In-wheel motor, anti-braking system (ABS), Continuously Variable Transmission (CVT), active suspension. Advanced energy storage: Distributed energy storage, future battery, future fuel cell. Power electronics for EV: High power density power electronics, High current power electronics. EV and security: Advantage and disadvantage of EVs, Autocrypt V2G, EV accidents and safety, EV maintenance, Internet of Thing (IoT) for EVs, Intra vehicle security, Vehicle to Data Center security Autonomous vehicles: Layers of autonomy, Unmanned ground vehicle (UGV), Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS), Smart sensors, radar, Lidar, Path control. Future power sources for EV: Photovoltaic to EV, Catenary-free electric trains and Trolley bus, Non-Carbon fuel, New energy for EVs. EV policy: Government Policy in EVs, Infrastructure of EVs, sustainability and the environment. 				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Delivery of the subject is mainly through f worked examples and assignment. Self-lea encouraged and extensive use of web resou Teaching/Learning Methodology	rning on th arces will b	e part of stu	idents is s	trongly
	1. Lectures	a V	√	ر ۲	u V

	2. Tutorials		✓	✓	~	~	
	3. Assignment/mini-project		~	~	~	~	
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning Outcomes	incinous/tasks	weighting	a	b	с	d	
	1. Assignment/mini-project	15%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Test	25%	\checkmark	~	~	~	
	3. Examination	60%	\checkmark	~	~	~	
	Total	100 %					
	The assignment is designed to assess students' understanding of the electric vel principles and its impact to society and whether they can present the study cle Oral presentation for their assignment is needed. The test is designed to assess students' understanding of the topics that they have le relative to learning outcomes (a), (b), (c) and (d). The test is usually conduced in mid-semester to measure students' performance. Examination: questions are designed to assess learning (a), (b), (c) and (d). Students required to answer questions that cover all of the learning outcomes.				study clearly. ey have learnt nduced in the		
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lecture		30 Hrs.				
	• Tutorial and presentation		9 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	 Mini project or Assignment 	nt	27 Hrs.				
	 Self-study 		49 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort		115 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	 Mark Daly, "Electric V Limited, 2017. 	ehicles: A	Guide for	Just Abo	ut Anyon	e", Eninserv	
	 Sheldon S. Williamson, " Hybrid Electric Vehicles" 				or Electric	and Plug-in	
	3. Tom Denton, "Electric an 2016.	d Hybrid Ve	chicles", Ro	utledge, Ta	iylor & Fi	ancis Group,	
	4. Wanrong Tang, Y. J. Zh Smart Grids", Springer, 20		al Chargin	g Control o	of Electric	vehicles in	
	 Hanky Sjafri. "Introducti Hall/CRC Artificial Intell 	on to Self-			nology",	Chapman &	
	 S. Liu, L. Li, J. Tang, S.V. Synthesis Lectures on Con 	Vu, J.Gaudio	ot, "Creatin		ous Vehio	ele Systems",	

Subject Code	EE549		
Subject Title	Modern Sensor Technologies		
Credit Value	3		
Level	5		
Pre-requisite/	Undergraduate-level circuit and electromagnetic theory		
Co-requisite/ Exclusion			
Objectives	 To acquire the fundamentals of sensor technologies. To make the students to understand the structures and working principles of resistive, capacitive, piezoelectric, acoustic, electric and magnetic sensors. To enable the students to understand and design thermal and mechanical sensors, optical sensors, optical fiber sensors and micro-electromechanical system (MEMS) sensor technologies. To know the applications of sensors in Electrical Engineering. 		
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire the operation principles and recent developments of sensors and transducer technologies, including thermal and mechanical sensors, electric and magnetic sensors, optical sensors as well as MEMS sensors technologies. b. Understand the structures and working principles of thermal sensors, mechanical sensors, acoustic sensors, electric and magnetic sensors for practical applications. c. Select the most appropriate optoelectronic components and optical fiber devices to design optical sensors and optical fiber sensor systems. d. Comprehend the structures and multidisciplinary working principles of MEMS-technology and sensor networks. e. Have hands-on experience in the assembling and testing of electric/optical sensors. 		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction to sensor fundamentals. Definition of sensors; sensor and information; physical quantities; relation between quantities; sensor classification; uncertainty aspects. Thermal, mechanical and acoustic sensors. Resistivity and resistance; construction, general properties and applications of potentiometric sensors; strain gauges and their applications; thermoresistive sensors; capacitance and permittivity; flat-plate and multi-plate capacitive sensors; silicon capacitive sensors and applications. Electric and magnetic sensors. Magnetic induction, permeability and magnetostriction; magnetic field sensor; magnetic and induction based displacement and force sensors; piezoelectric materials and parameters; piezoelectric force, pressure and acceleration sensors and applications. Optical sensors and optical fiber sensors. Electro-optical components; classification of optical sensor; optical fiber grating sensors; optical displacement sensors; optical acoustic sensors. Production of MEMS; MEMS-based pressure 		

	sensors mass air flow a	meore inartic	1 concer	and an	nilar ret	a canco"	e: option!		
	sensors, mass air flow sensors, inertial sensors and angular rate sensors; optical MEMS sensors, sensor network.								
	6. <i>Applications: sensors in Electrical Engineering.</i> Electrical and optical current sensors; power cable fault-detection methods; smart railway monitoring systems.								
	Laboratory Experiments:								
	Design, fabrication and testing of mechanical or optical fiber sensors; demonstration of the package and testing of MEMS sensors.								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures, quizzes, tests, laboratory experiments, mini-projects, and examination.								
	Teaching/Learning Methodology			0	Outcome	s			
			а	b	с	d	e		
	Lectures		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
	Tutorials		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Experiments/Mini-project		\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% Intended subject le be assessed			t learnin	earning outcomes to			
			а	b	с	d	e		
	1.Tests/Quizzes	18%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	2. Assignments	6%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	3. Lab and mini-project	16%	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		
	4. Examination	60%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
	Total 100%								
	This subject introduces the electrical/optical sensor tect to assess the outcomes about of various electrical/magne used to assess the hands-or devices.	hnologies. Te the structure etic/optical se	ests/assig s and op ensors. 1	nments/e eration p Experime	examinat rinciples ents/min	ion will and app i-project	be used plications will be		
Student Study Effort	Class contact:								
Expected	Lectures/Tutorials/Laboratory demo						39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:								
	Mini-project and report				20 Hrs.				
	Self-study and assignments						46 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort					1	05 Hrs.		
Reading List and	 Sensors for Mechatronic Elsevier, 2018. 	s, 2 nd edition,	Paul P. 1	L Regtier	n, Edwin	Dertier	1,		

References	2.	Sensors, actuators, and their interfaces: a multidisciplinary introduction, Nathan Ida, SciTech Publishing, 2014.
	3.	Handbook of Modern Sensors: Physics, Designs, and Applications, Jacob Fraden, Springer International Publishing AG, 2015.
	4.	Sensors handbook, 2 nd edition, Sabrie Soloman, McGraw-Hill, 2010.

Subject Code	ELC1011
Subject Title	Practical English for University Studies
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject aims to develop and enhance students' general proficiency and communication skills in English. A strong focus will be given to enhancing competence and confidence in writing, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. organise and write accurate and coherent short texts b. improve language accuracy and the ability to proofread for common errors in written texts
	 c. use appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills to enhance fluency and accuracy in spoken communication such as short presentations To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present their views logically and coherently.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Enhancing the use of accurate and appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary for various communicative purposes; improving the ability to organise written texts logically; and improving cohesion and coherence in writing.
	 Spoken communication Developing verbal and non-verbal interaction strategies appropriate to the context and level of formality.
	 Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information delivered in written and spoken texts; developing effective reading and listening strategies.
	 Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting of texts, information search, mini-presentations and discussions. Students will make use of elearning resources and web-based work to improve their grammar and vocabulary, and other language skills.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)						
Outcomes			а	b	с			
	1. Paragraph writing	20%	~	~				
	2. Essay writing	40%	~	~				
	3. Documentary presentation	40%	~	~	~			
	Total	100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriatene learning outcomes:							
	The paragraph writing test, which assess students' grammar, vocabulary and paragraph organization skills, necessitates achievement of LOs (a) and (b).							
	The essay writing assessment evaluates students' ability write a longer text in accurate and appropriate grammatical structures (ref. LOs (a) and (b)).							
	The documentary presentation assesses students' ability to speak accurately, appropriately and confidently. Students will research a topic, organise information from a variety of sources, and deliver the information as a digital documentary and mini-presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and (c)).							
	In addition to these assessment training through web-based lang online tasks is aligned with all the	uage work. Th	e additional l	anguage traini	ing offered in			
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Seminar				39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:							
	 Self-study/preparation 		78 Hrs					
	Total student study effort				117 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	Total student study effort Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre Recommended references 1. Boyle, J. & Boyle, L. (1998). Common Spoken English Errors in Hong Kot Kong: Longman. 2. Brannan, B. (2003). A writer's workshop: Crafting paragraphs, building e ed.). Boston: McGraw-Hill. 3. Hancock, M. (2003). English pronunciation in use. Cambridge: Cambridge Press. 4. Nettle, M. and Hopkins, D. (2003). Developing grammar in context: Inte Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. 5. Redman, S. (2003). English vocabulary in use: Pre-intermediate and inte Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. 6. Powell, M. (2011). Presenting in English. How to get successful presentation Heinle & Heinle Publishers.							

Subject Code	ELC1012/ELC1013
Subject Title	English for University Studies (This subject will be offered in two versions for students who will primarily be using (1) APA/Harvard referencing styles or (2) IEEE/Vancouver referencing styles in their university studies.)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Students entering the University with Level 3-5** from the HKDSE will be required to take this course.
Objectives	This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts.
Intended Learning	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. refer to sources in written texts and oral presentations b. paraphrase and summarise materials from written and spoken sources c. plan, write and revise expository essays with references to sources d. deliver effective oral presentations
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present information logically and coherently.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Analysing and practising common writing functions; improving the ability of writing topic sentences and strategies for paragraph development; understanding common patterns of organisation in expository writing; taking notes from written and spoken sources; practising summarising and paraphrasing skills; improving coherence and cohesion in writing; developing revision and proofreading skills.
	2. Spoken communication Recognising the purposes of and differences between spoken and written communication in English in university study contexts; identifying and practising the verbal and non-verbal interaction strategies in oral presentations; developing and applying critical thinking skills to discussions of issues.
	3. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of elearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	
outcomes	1. Academic essay 1	30%	~	~	~		
	2. Academic essay 2	30%	~	~	~		
	3. Oral presentation	40%	~	~		~	
	Total	100 %					
	Explanation of the appropriateness learning outcomes:	s of the assessm	ent meth	ods in ass	essing th	ne intende	
	Assessments 1 and 2 necessitate achievement of LOs (a), (b) and (c) in order to write an effective academic essay via the process of extending and improving the essay for assessment 1. In order for students to present an effective academic oral presentation, as demanded in assessment 3, they will need to read, note and synthesise from a variety of sources, and refer to those sources in their presentation (ref. LOS (a), (b) and (d)).						
	In addition to these assessments, students are required to complete further language training, through web-based language work, reading tasks and online reflections. The additional language training offered in online tasks is aligned with all the four LOs. In some of the tasks, students to critically read and summarise information contained in a variety of sources, as required in LOs (a) and (b).						
	some of the tasks, students to critic	cally read and	summaris	ned with a	ll the for	ur LOs.	
Student Study	some of the tasks, students to critic	cally read and	summaris	ned with a	ll the for	ur LOs.	
Student Study Effort Expected	some of the tasks, students to critic variety of sources, as required in L	cally read and	summaris	ned with a	ll the for	ur LOs.	
	some of the tasks, students to critic variety of sources, as required in L Class contact:	cally read and	summaris	ned with a	ll the for	ur LOs. tained in	
	some of the tasks, students to critic variety of sources, as required in L Class contact: Seminars	cally read and	summaris	ned with a	ll the for	ur LOs. tained in	
	some of the tasks, students to critic variety of sources, as required in L Class contact: Seminars Other student study effort:	cally read and	summaris	ned with a	ll the for	ur LOs. Itained in 39 Hrs	
	some of the tasks, students to critic variety of sources, as required in L Class contact: • Seminars Other student study effort: • Self study/preparation Total student study effort <u>Course material</u>	cally read and a .Os (a) and (b).	summaris	ned with a se informa	ll the for	ur LOs. ntained in 39 Hrs 78 Hrs	
Effort Expected Reading List and	some of the tasks, students to critic variety of sources, as required in L Class contact: Seminars Other student study effort: Self study/preparation Total student study effort	cally read and a .Os (a) and (b).	summaris	ned with a se informa	ll the for	ur LOs. ntained in 39 Hrs 78 Hrs	

Subject Code	ELC2011
Subject Title	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	Pre-requisite: ELC1012 / ELC1013 English for University Studies
Objectives	This subject aims to help students become more effective readers and writers. It focuses on developing students' facility to read a variety of texts in a critical manner, both intensively and extensively; and to write texts that demonstrate knowledge and insight.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to examine a variety of texts, including literary texts, and:
	a. reflect on and critically analyze texts of different genres and styles, identifying the writer's aims and stance
	b. identify and evaluate language used to make claims and support these with valid arguments
	 write a text on a chosen topic that includes their opinion and interpretation of some key issues and demonstrates critical thinking and creativity
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	Reading strategies Reading extensively to appreciate the use of language, acquire information, promote understanding, and develop empathy. Reading intensively to investigate a particular topic and develop an in-depth understanding of issues and stances. Reading critically to extract implications, identify writers' assumptions and purposes, and analyze issues raised in texts written from different perspectives.
	Writing strategies Describing and analyzing the structure, meaning and characteristics of a variety of texts. Presenting views and arguments to educated readers with sophisticated language and appropriate visual images and formats.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended learning approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class work involving sharing and discussion of reading experiences; and reading, evaluating and drafting texts. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of e-learning resources to engage in discussions and to reflect on their learning.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment							
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		l subject learning outcomes to sed (Please tick as appropriate)			
Intended Learning			а	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Analyzing genres of writing	30%	~	~			
	2. Reflective writing	30%	~				
	3. Feature article writing	40%			~		
	Total	100%		H			
	Explanation of the appropriate intended learning outcomes:	ness of the	assessmen	nt methods in a	ssessing the		
	Assessment 1 requires students to employ effective critical reading and thinking skills to interpret texts, identify the writer's style and stance, and evaluate the choice of language used; and is aligned with ILOs (a) and (b). Assessment 2 requires students to write a reflection after reading a range of literary genres and sharing their ideas in class; and is aligned with ILO (a). Assessment 3 requires students to first conduct research and gain some insight into a particular topic, then produce an article which can inform and impress readers through its substance, structure and language; and is aligned with ILO (c). Through these assessments, students will be able to develop and demonstrate more advanced reading and writing skills.						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Seminars	39 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:						
	Online forums and blogs Readings and sharing session pre Research and drafting/revising of	78 Hrs.					
	Total student study effort:						
Reading List and References	Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre						
	Recommended references						
	1. Best, J. (2001). Damned lies and statistics: Untangling numbers from the media, politicians, and activists. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press.						
	 Cooper, S. & Patton, R. (2010). Writing logically, thinking critically. New York, NY: Longman. 						
	 Damer, T. E. (2009). Attacking faulty reasoning: A practical guide to fallacy-free arguments. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning. 						
	4. Kennedy, X. J. & Gioia, D. (2010). Literature: An introduction to fiction, poetry,						
	<i>drama, and writing</i> (11 th ed.). New York, NY: Longman. 5. Mefcalfe, M. (2006). <i>Reading critically at university</i> . Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.						

Subject Code	ELC2012							
Subject Title	Persuasive Communication	Persuasive Communication						
Credit Value	3							
Level	2							
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ELC1012 or ELC1013 English for University Studies							
Objectives	This subject aims to help students become more persuasive communicators in a variety of contexts that they may encounter at university and in the workplace.							
Intended Learning Outcomes		By the end of the subject, students should be able to communicate effectively in an English-medium environment through:						
(Note 1)	a) writing persuasive texts inb) communicating persuasivec) making persuasive argum	ely in oral conte	exts	nces				
	To achieve these, students ar the context, select information							
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus (<i>Note 2</i>)	 Assessing the situation; s selecting an appropriate communication of messag Persuasion through writing Developing and practising cohesion and coherence. Persuasion through speaki Developing and practising communication; improving 	 Preparing for effective persuasion Assessing the situation; selecting relevant content; organising ideas and information; selecting an appropriate tone, distance and level of formality to support the communication of messages. Persuasion through writing Developing and practising appropriate language, tone, style and structure; achieving cohesion and coherence. Persuasion through speaking Developing and practising appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills for persuasive oral communication; improving and extending relevant pronunciation features, including articulation, pausing, intonation, word stress and sentence stress. 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology (Note 3)	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Activities include teacher input as well as individual and group work involving reading and appreciating texts, discussions and presentations of ideas.							
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	assessed (Pl	ease tick as ap				
Intended Learning	1. Speech	30%	a	b V	с			
Outcomes	2. Persuasive written text	40%	✓	-				
(Note 4)	3. Debate	30%		✓	✓			
	Total	100 %						

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:Assessment 1 is an individual speech. Assessment 2 concentrates on persuasive writing. Assessment 3 examines a different aspect of persuasion, the debate.				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:				
	Seminars	39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	 Self study/preparation 	78 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs.			
Reading List and	Required readings				
References	ELC-provided subject materials.				
	Other readings				
	1. Breaden, B. L. (1996). Speaking to persuade. Fort Worth, TX: Harcourt Brace College.				
	2. Covino, W.A. (1998). The elements of persuasion. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.				
	3. Edwards, R. E. (2008). Competitive debate: The official guide. New York: Alpha Books.				
	4. Leanne, S. (2008). Say it like Obama: The power of speaking with purpose and vision. New York: McGraw Hill.				
	5. Rogers, W. (2007). <i>Persuasion: messages, receivers, and contexts</i> . Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers.				
	Rowman & Littlefield Publishers.				

Subject Code	ELC2013
Subject Title	English in Literature and Film
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: English for University Studies (ELC1012/1013)
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce students to a range of literary genres in English as well as to enable them to consider differences in media representations of genres, and to appreciate and negotiate the meanings of a variety of literary texts.
	It is also intended that the subject will help students further develop literacy, as well as higher order thinking and life-long learning skills.
Intended Learning	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Outcomes	 a. examine and analyse literary texts from different perspectives b. discuss literary techniques employed by writers c. appreciate and articulate differences in textual and visual media representations
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Describing and interpreting content and language in literary texts; employing appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary.
	 Spoken communication Presenting critical evaluation of literary works effectively and convincingly.
	 Reading Developing understanding of and competence in using literary devices such as metaphor, simile and symbolism, via reading literary texts and viewing film versions.
	4. Language development Improving fluency and pronunciation, and extending grammatical and lexical competence.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving listening to and viewing a variety of audio-visual sources, reading and drafting texts, conducting internet research, making mini-presentations, participating in discussions, and comparing various representations of literature. Students will make use of elearning resources and web-based work to further improve their English literacy skills.
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	outcomes to	ntended subject learning utcomes to be assessed (Please ck as appropriate)			
Outcomes			а	b	с	
	1. Individual Essay	40%	~	~	~	
	2. Group Presentation	30%	~	~	~	
	3. Individual Project	30%	~	~	~	
	Total	100 %				
	Explanation of the appr intended learning outcome		sessment me	ethods in a	assessing the	
	In assessment 1, students are required to write an individual paper in which critically reflect on their reading of prose, and by so doing, demonstrate achievement of LO (a). Assessments 2 and 3 are aligned with all three Assessment 2 assesses students' understanding of a literary drama and req comparison of the merits of its textual and theatrical versions. Assessment 3 individual project that requires interpretation and presentation of more cre literature and audio-visual sources.					
Student Study Effort	Class contact:					
Expected	Seminars				39 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:					
	Self study/preparation 78 Hr Total student study effort 117 Hr Recommended reading The PolyU library retains either hardcopies or electronic copies of the follow titles. The titles can also be found online. Stam, R., and Raengo, A. (eds.). (2004). A companion to literature and fi [electronic source] Blackwell reference online. Malden: Blackwell. Call num PN1995.3.C65 2004e http://www.blackwellreference.com/subscriber/uid=262/book?id=g9780631230; 3 9780631230533&authstatuscode=202					
Reading List and References						
	Other readings will be sp novelettes, plays and poet		acher, and m	ay contain	short fiction,	

Subject Code	ELC2014		
Subject Title	Advanced English for University Studies		
Credit Value	3		
Level	2		
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: English for University Studies (ELC1012/ELC1013) (unless exempted)		
Objectives	This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts.		
Intended Learning	Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to:		
Outcomes	a. research relevant academic texts for a topic and integrate the sources into a position argument essay appropriately and effectively;b. plan, research for, write and revise a position argument essay; andc. present and justify views effectively in a mini oral defence.		
	To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion logically and persuasively.		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Written communication Developing logical and persuasive arguments; applying a variety of organisation patterns in discursive writing, including the writing of explanatory and evaluative texts; selecting information from academic texts critically; supporting stance; maintaining cohesion and coherence in discursive writing; achieving appropriate style and tone. 		
	 Spoken communication Enhancing and practising the specific oral and aural skills required to participate effectively in an academic discussion and to present and justify views in an oral defence. 		
	 Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information in oral and written texts; comprehending, inferring and evaluating messages and attitude. 		
	 Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation. 		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of elearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning.		
	Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required.		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
Outcomes			а	b	с	
	1. Position Argument Essay (draft)	20%	1	~		
	2. Academic Presentation & discussion	35%	~		~	
	3. Position Argument Essay (final)	45%	~	√		
	Total	100 %			-	
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Assessments 1 and 3 assess students' abilities to produce a coherent academic text					
	which requires research, and effective use and referencing of sources (ref. LOs (a) and (b)). Assessment 2 assesses their abilities to plan, present and justify their views in an oral defence (ref. LOs (a) and (c)).					
	In addition to their assessments, st out academic research and by o focussing on grammar and acad strategies.	completing a	variety of	independer	nt-learning tasks	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
	Seminars	39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:	lent study effort:				
	Self study/preparation		78 H			
	Total student study effort				117 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre Recommended references Davies, B. (2012). Reading research: A user friendly guide for health professionals (5th ed.). Toronto, ON: Elsevier Canada. Faigley, L. (2012). Backpack writing: Reflecting, arguing, informing, analyzing evaluating (3rd ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson. Madden, C. and Rohlck, T. N. (1997). Discussion and interaction in the academic community. Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan Press. McWhorter, K. T. (2007). Academic reading (6th ed.). New York, NY Pearson/Longman Soshima, A. & Hogue, A. (2006). Writing academic English (4th ed.). White Plains NY: Pearson/Longman. Reinhart, S. M. (2013). Giving academic presentations (2nd ed.). Ann Arbor, MI University of Michigan Press. Rost, M. (2013). Active listening. Harlow, England: Pearson. Wood, N. V. (2012). Perspectives on argument (7th ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson. 					

Subject Code	ELC3531		
Subject Title	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students		
Credit Value	2		
Level	3		
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	English LCR subjects		
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in English required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals.		
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in English, students will be able to:		
	a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers		
	 b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences 		
Subject Synopsis /	1. Project proposal in English		
Indicative Syllabus	 Planning and organising a project proposal Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project 		
	 Referring to the current situation or existing literature to substantiate a project proposal 		
	• Describing the methods of study		
	 Describing and discussing anticipated project results and (if applicable) results of a pilot study 		
	 Presenting the budget, schedule and (if applicable) method of evaluation Writing an executive summary 		
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English		
	Selecting content for an audience-focused presentation		
	Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience		
	• Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in a team presentation		
	Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject is designed to develop the English language skills, both oral and written, that students need to use to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.		
	The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations.		
	The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project		

	which will engage students in pro					
	 to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in: planning and researching the project 					
	 writing project-related do giving oral presentations to 					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
Outcomes			а	b	с	
	1. Project proposal in English	40%			\checkmark	
	2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English	60%	~	~	~	
	Total	100%		1		
	collaborate in groups in planning on the project. They will be as targeted at different intended read	ssessed on writte	en documer	nts and or		
	ability to select content and use intended readers/audiences.		tyle approp	oriate to th	ne purposes and	
		2000-2500 s a report of 200-		udience		
	intended readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of words; and each member writes 250 words explaining his/her co	2000-2500 s a report of 200- portribution to proposal in 0 minutes for a	tyle approp Intended readers/a Mainly engineer	udience	Timing	
	intended readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of words; and each member writes 250 words explaining his/her co the project 2. Oral presentation of project p English Each team delivers a speech (30 team of four), simulating a pres	2000-2500 s a report of 200- portribution to proposal in 0 minutes for a	tyle approp Intended readers/a Mainly engineeri experts Mainly	udience	Timing Week 8 Weeks	
e e	intended readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of words; and each member writes 250 words explaining his/her co the project 2. Oral presentation of project p English Each team delivers a speech (30 team of four), simulating a pres- final proposal	2000-2500 s a report of 200- portribution to proposal in 0 minutes for a	tyle approp Intended readers/a Mainly engineeri experts Mainly	udience	Timing Week 8 Weeks	
e e	intended readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of words; and each member writes 250 words explaining his/her co the project 2. Oral presentation of project p English Each team delivers a speech (30 team of four), simulating a pres- final proposal Class contact:	2000-2500 s a report of 200- portribution to proposal in 0 minutes for a	tyle approp Intended readers/a Mainly engineeri experts Mainly	udience	Weeks 12-13	
Student Study Effort Expected	intended readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of words; and each member writes 250 words explaining his/her co the project 2. Oral presentation of project p English Each team delivers a speech (30 team of four), simulating a press final proposal Class contact: Seminars	2000-2500 s a report of 200- ontribution to proposal in 0 minutes for a eentation of the	tyle approp Intended readers/a Mainly engineeri experts Mainly	udience	Weeks 12-13	
•	intended readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of words; and each member writes 250 words explaining his/her co the project 2. Oral presentation of project p English Each team delivers a speech (30 team of four), simulating a press final proposal Class contact: Seminars Other student study effort: Researching, planning and writing	2000-2500 s a report of 200- ontribution to proposal in 0 minutes for a entation of the	tyle approp Intended readers/a Mainly engineeri experts Mainly	udience	Timing Week 8 Weeks 12-13 26 Hrs.	

References	guide, 2nd ed. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2003.
	 R. Johnson-Sheehan, Writing Proposals, 2nd ed. New York: Pearson/Longman, 2008.
	3. S. Kuiper, Contemporary Business Report Writing, 4th ed. Mason, OH: South-
	Western, 2009.
	 M. H. Markel, Practical Strategies for Technical Communication. New York: Bedford/St. Martin's, 2016.
	5. D. C. Reep, Technical Writing: Principles, strategies, and readings, 8th ed. Boston:
	Pearson/Longman, 2011.
	6. E. D. Zanders and L. Macleod, Presentation Skills for Scientists: A practical guide,
	2nd ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2018.

Subject Code	ENG1003
Subject Title	Freshman Seminar for Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 The objectives of this subject are to: (1) Introduce students to the engineering broad discipline and enthuse them about their major study (2) Cultivate students' creativity and problem-solving ability, and global outlook (3) Introduce students to the concept of entrepreneurship (4) Engage the students in desirable forms of learning at university that emphasizes self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will: (a) Be able to demonstrate an understanding and an enthusiasm about the engineering broad discipline and their major study (b) Develop their problem-solving ability and global outlook (c) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of entrepreneurship (d) Be able to research for information, formulate a project plan, and manage a project with initiative (e) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (4 hours*) Students will be required to complete successfully an Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of the first semester. The students will understand the importance of academic integrity by completing the Online Tutorial. Seminars (15 hours*) There will be seminars given by various speakers on various topics to introduce to students the engineering broad discipline, to enthuse them about their major study, to arouse students' interests in engineering and to cultivate their understanding of and sense of belonging to the discipline and the engineering profession, and to cultivate students' global outlook. The formats of the seminars may be, but not limited to, Departmental Seminars, and Renowned Speaker Seminar. Freshman Project (45 hours*) There will be practical workshops, presentation and demonstration sessions for the Freshman Project. The freshman project aims at developing students' creativity, problem- solving skills, research for information, and project management abilities through practical and hands-on tasks at a level commensurate with their first-year engineering backgrounds. Students will work in small groups under the guidance of teachers/instructors to design and implement an engineering solution to some given problems. Entrepreneurship Project (45 hours*) The entrepreneurship Project is designed to develop students' appreciation and understanding about entrepreneurship and the commercialization process by attending lectures, workshops and tutorials. In the course of the Entrepreneurship Project, students

	will identify technology opportunities and learn the skills of preparing a simple business plan.								
	(* Note: hours indicate total student workload)								
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity The Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (OTAI) is developed by the University to help the students understand the importance of academic integrity. By going through the Online Tutorial, students will be aware of the importance of upholding academic integrity during University study. They will also learn good practices by which to stay clear of dishonest behaviors and academic plagiarism. Completing the OTAI is a completion requirement of Freshman Seminar. For successful completion of the OTAI, the students need to attempt the pre-test in the Tutorial, read all four modules in the Tutorial, obtain at least 75% in the post-test in the Tutorial and sign the Honour Declaration before the completion deadline. Students who fail to complete the OTAI before the completion								
	deadline will fail the Freshman Seminar for Engineering. Seminars The seminars (such as renowned speaker seminars and departmental seminars) are designed to arouse students' interest about engineering. The delivery mode will be <i>interactive</i> and <i>engaging</i> . Students will be motivated to search for information and do background reading. They will be encouraged to raise questions and discuss with the presenters. Assessment tasks (quizzes) will be designed to measure students' learning outcomes as well as to encourage participation and interaction.								
	<i>Freshman Project</i> For the Freshman Project, students will work collaboratively with their group members to design and implement an engineering solution to a given problem under the guidance of instructors. There will be close staff-students and students-students <i>interaction</i> . Students will be given opportunities to develop creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information and project management abilities. Assessment tasks will consist of demonstration, presentation, reports, and reflective essay writings. These are designed to evaluate individual student's performance and achievement of the relevant intended learning outcomes as well as to encourage active participation. Appropriate pedagogies will also be used to promote the "Learning to Learn" ability of students.								
	<i>Entrepreneurship Project</i> There will be lectures, workshops, and required to conduct the project will be p then work in small groups in a worksh development of a business plan and subs to present it to fellow classmates. Assess about entrepreneurship, innovation and c	rovided to stu- op to apprece equently to p nent will focu	udents iate th roduce	throug e esse a sim	gh lect ntial e ple bu	ures. T lement	'hey ŵi ts in th plan an		
	Students' performance in this subject will be assessed by using a letter-grading system in accordance with the University's convention from grade F (failure) to A+. The relative weights of the different assessment components are as follows:								
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	accordance with the University's conven	ntion from gra	ade F (failure					
Methods in	accordance with the University's conven	ntion from gra	ade F (follov Inten outco (Plea	failure vs: ded su omes to se tick	bject l be as as app	+. The earning sessed propria	relativ g te)		
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	accordance with the University's conver weights of the different assessment comp Specific assessment methods/tasks	ntion from gra ponents are as %	ade F (follov Inten outco	failure vs: ded su	bject l	+. The	relativ		
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	accordance with the University's conver weights of the different assessment comp	ntion from gra ponents are as %	ade F (follov Inten outco (Plea	failure vs: ded su omes to se tick	bject l be as as app	+. The earning sessed propria	relativ g te)		
Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	accordance with the University's conver weights of the different assessment comp Specific assessment methods/tasks Online Tutorial on Academic	ntion from gra ponents are as % weighting	ade F (follov Inten outco (Plea	failure vs: ded su omes to se tick	bject l be as as app	+. The earning sessed propria	relativ g te)		

	Entrepreneurship Project Business plan	45%			~	~		
	Total	100 %						
	Explanation of the appropriateness of th learning outcomes:	he assessment	metho	ods in	assessii	ng the	intended	
	Quizzes (online or paper-based) can r engineering discipline. Through refle appreciation and understanding about demonstration, presentation and project and problem-solving skills abilities. The for information, formulate a project plan business plan, students can demonstrate	ective essays, the enginee reports, studen ey can also de n, and manage	, stud ring c nts can monst e a pro	ents liscipl demo rate th <i>ject</i> w	can re ine. Tl onstrate neir <i>abil</i> <i>with initi</i>	flect nrough their a lity to iative.	on their project creativity research Through	
	Pass Conditions							
	In order to pass this subject, students n comprising the Seminars, Freshman Pre- here <u>AND</u> successfully complete the Or or before week 5 of semester 1 as descri	oject and Entr nline Tutorial	eprene on Ac	eurshi ademi	p Proje c Integ	ct as c	lescribed	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	 Introduction and Seminars (such as Departmental Seminars, Renowned Speaker Seminar) 					9 hours		
	Freshman project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks					15 hours		
	Entrepreneurship project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks						5 hours	
	Other student study effort:							
	$\underline{4}$ hours for Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity; $\underline{6}$ hours for seminars quizzes preparation; $\underline{60}$ hours for Freshman project and Entrepreneurship project: background information search, project work preparation, meeting and discussion, presentation and demonstration, and report writing.					70 Hours		
	Total student study effort					109	9 Hours	
Reading and References List	H. Scott Fogler, Steven E. LeBlanc, Benjamin R. Rizzo, <i>Strategies for creative problem solving</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2014 (3 rd Edition)							
	N.G. Siegel, <i>Engineering project management</i> , Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley, 2019 (1 st Edition)							
	Gene Moriaty, <i>The engineering project: its nature, ethics, and promise,</i> University Park, Pa.: Pennsylvania State University Press, 2008.							
	P. Swamidass, Engineering Entrepreneurship from idea to business plan: a guide for innovative engineers and scientists, New York: Cambridge University Press, 2016.							
	The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, "Engineering Our City", Youtube clip ref. no. nYMmI6vlVeQ							
	HKIE Corporate Video, Youtube clip ref. no. INMVI8MuNEY							

Subject Code	ENG2001
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To realize the impact of the development of engineering materials on human civilization; To enable students to establish a broad knowledge base on the structure and properties of materials for solving engineering problems. To enable students to understand the applications and selection of engineering materials based on the consideration of properties, cost, ease of manufacture, environmental issues and their in service performance.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. comprehend the importance of materials in engineering and society; b. explain the properties and behaviour of materials using fundamental knowledge of materials science. c. apply the knowledge of materials science to analyze and solve basic engineering problems related to stress, strain and fracture of materials; d. select appropriate materials for various engineering applications taking into consideration of issues in cost, quality and environmental concerns.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Introduction Historical perspective; Evolution of engineering materials; Materials science and engineering; Classification of materials Atomic Structure and Structures of Materials Atomic structure; Bonding forces and energies; Primary interatomic bonds and secondary bonding; Crystalline and non-crystalline materials; Phase diagram and microstructure of alloys Electrical and Optical Properties of Materials Conductors and insulators; Semi-conductor materials; N-type and P-type semiconductors; P/N junction; Light interactions with materials; Light emitting diode (LED) and photovoltaics; Light propagation in optical fibers; Liquid crystal; Photoelasticity Mechanical Properties of Materials Concept of stress and strain; Stress-strain behaviour; Elastic and plastic properties; Elastic recovery after plastic deformation; Hardness; Stress concentration; Impact energy, Fracture toughness; Design and safety factors Introduction to Failure Analysis and Prevention Fundamentals of fracture: ductile, brittle, fatigue and creep; Corrosion; Nondestructive testing; Techniques for failure analysis and prevention Selection of Engineering Materials Characteristics of metallic, polymeric, ceramic, electronic and composite materials;

Teaching/Learning Methodology	The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures but tutorials, case studies laboratory work will substantially supplement which. Practical problems and studies of material applications will be raised as a focal point for discussion in tur classes, also laboratory sessions will be used to illustrate and assimilate fundamental principles of materials science. The subject emphasizes on develo students' problem solving skills.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		d subject es to be a				
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d		
	1. Assignments	15%	~	~	~	~		
	2. Test	20%		~	~	~		
	3. Laboratory report	5%		~	~			
	3. Examination	60%		~	~	~		
	Total	100%		1				
	The assignments are designed to reflect students' understanding of the subject and to assist them in self-monitoring of their progress. The laboratory report is designed to assess the capability of students in analyzing and reporting experimental data relates to learning outcome (b). The test and examination are for determining students' understanding of key concepts as well as for assessing their achievement of the learning outcomes.							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
Enort Expected	Lectures, tutorials, practical		39 Hrs.					
	Other student study effort:							
	 Guided reading, assignments and 		37 Hrs.					
	 Self-study and preparation for te 	st and exam	ination		47 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort		123 Hrs.					
Reading List and References	 William D. Callister, Jr., Davi science and engineering, 4th edit John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 978- William D. Callister, Jr., E Engineering, 8th edition, E-Text John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 978- 	on, <i>E-Text</i> -118-53126 pavid G. H	-6 Rethwisch		U			
	 John Wiley & Sons; ISBN: 978-1-118-37325-5 Materials World (Magazine of the Institute of Materials, Minerals and Mining) 							

Subject Code	ENG2002
Subject Title	Computer Programming
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite / Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 To introduce the fundamental concepts of computer programming To equip students with sound skills in C/C++ programming language To equip students with techniques for developing structured and object-oriented computer programs To demonstrate the techniques for implementing engineering applications using computer programs.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Familiarize themselves with at least one C/C++ programming environment. b. Be proficient in using the basic constructs of C/C++ to develop a computer program. c. Develop a structured and documented computer program. d. Understand the fundamentals of object-oriented programming and be able to apply it in computer program development. e. Apply computer programming techniques to solve practical engineering problems.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Syllabus: Introduction to programming - Components of a computer; Programming environment; Process of application development. Bolts and Nuts of C/C++ - Preprocessor; Program code; Functions; Comments; Variables and constants; Expressions and statements; Operators. Program Flow Control - Branching and looping; Function parameters passing; Return values; Local and global variables; Scope of variables. Program Design and Debugging - Structured program design; Debugging a program. Case study: Using the Visual C++ debugger. Basic Object Oriented Programming - Objects and classes; Private versus public; Implementing class methods; Constructors and destructors. Pointer and Array - Stack and Free store; Create and delete objects in the free store; Pointer arithmetic; Passing function arguments by pointer; Returning values by pointer; Array of objects; Array and pointer; Array of pointers; Pointer of array; Character array; Command-line processing. Stream I/O - Input and output as streams; File I/O using streams.

hing/Learning hodology Learning	g and g Method	Intended Subject Learning Outcome	Remarks
Lectures, suppleme short qui	ented with	b,c,d	Students are introduced to the knowledge of computer programming through explanation and illustrative examples. Comprehension of the knowledge is strengthened with short quizzes. Students will be able to monitor the skills of using C/C++ and apply the techniques of developing structured object-oriented applications.
where pr	ries/tutorials oblems are students for olve	a,b,c,d	Students apply what they have learnt in lectures and solve problems in exercises. The purpose is to ensure students have captured the important points. Tutors will aid the lecturer in helping the students finishing the exercises, and interactive Q&A will take place.
Assignme final exar	ent, tests and mination	a,b,c,d,e	By doing assignment, students will develop a firm understanding and comprehension of the knowledge taught. They will analyse given C/C++ applications and apply knowledge to solve problems. They will have to design solutions by evaluating different alternatives. To enhance the students' problem solving skill in a given programming environment, open-book programming tests are arranged regularly. To assure students' understanding of fundamental concepts, a closed-book final examination is arranged.
		1	1

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intend be asso		g outcor	outcomes to			
Intended Learning Outcomes			а	b	с	d	e		
	1. In-class exercises	10%	~	~	~	~			
	2. Short-quizzes	10%		~	~	~			
	3. Programming tests	30%	~	~	~	~	~		
	4. Assignment	20%	~	~	~	~	~		
	5. Final examination	30%	~	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%		1				_	
	intended learning outcom The short-quizzes are for a class exercises are condu language and skills. The p solving computer problem doing assignment, student and design solutions by to assessing the students' a computer programs.	assessing the un acted to help programming to is through prog s will be able to using a system	students ests are f gramming o experio natic app	familiar for assess g within ence how roach.	ized wit sing the a a specifi to solve The fina	th the p ability of ed peric e compu l examin	rogramm f students od. Throu ter proble nation is	ning s on ough ems for	
Student Study	Class contact:						39 Hrs.		
Effort Expected	Lectures, Tests and Quizzes						26 Hrs.		
	Laboratory/Tutorial						13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effor	rt:					69 Hrs.		
	Self-studying						57 Hrs.		
	Homework						12 Hı	rs.	
	Total student study effort						108 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Reference Books: 1. S. Rao, <i>Sams Teach Y</i> Sams, 2017. 2. P. Deitel and H. Deir <i>Standard</i> , 10th ed. Bo	tel, C++ How	to Prog	gram : I					

Subject Code	ENG2003
Subject Title	Information Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide the foundation knowledge in internet applications, computer networks, and database management that is essential to modern information system design
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <u>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</u> 1. Understand the functions and features of modern computing systems. 2. Understand the client-server architecture and be able to set up multiple internet applications. 3. Understand the principles of computer networks and be able to set up simple computer networks. 4. Understand the basic structure of a database system and be able to set up a simple database system. <u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u> 1. Solve problems using systematic approaches.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Introduction to computers</u> Introduction to information technology using Internet of Things as a real life example. Introduction to modern computing systems. <u>Computer Networks</u> Introduction to computer networks (Client-Server Architecture). Study different internet applications (HTTP/FTP/DNS). Explain basic concepts on packet routing (Data Encapsulation/IP Addressing/Functions of Routers). Introduction to basic network security measures. <u>Introduction to data processing and information systems</u> Database systems – architecture, relational database concept, structural query language (SQL), database management systems, Web and database linking, database application development. Introduction to Information systems. Workflow management. Case study: Database design, implementation and management.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	There will be a mix of lectures, tutorials, and laboratory sessions/workshops to facilitate effective learning. Students will be given case studies to understand and practice the usage of modern information systems.

Assessment									
Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		ed subje ssessed	ct learni	ng outco	omes		
Intended Learning Outcomes			A1	A2	A3	A4	B1		
	1. Continuous Assessment	50%	~	~	~	~	~		
	2. Examination	50%	~	~	~	~	~		
	Total	100%							
	Explanation of the appropriatene learning outcomes:	ess of the asses	sment n	nethods i	n assess	ing the i	ntended		
	The assessment methods include an end-of-subject 2-hour closed-book examination (50%) and continuous assessment (50%), including open-booked quizzes, a closed-book mid-term test, laboratory sessions/workshops, and assignments. The examination, mid term test, and quizzes cover intended subject learning outcomes A1, A2, A3, A4, and B1. The laboratory sessions/workshops give students hands-on experience on setting up internet-applications, building computer networks, and constructing database.								
Student Study	Class contact:								
Effort Expected	• Lectures (18), tutorials (6),	and workshop	s (15)		39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:								
	 Workshops preparation (6/workshop) 					30 Hrs.			
	 Self study (3/week) 		39 Hrs.						
	Total student study effort 108 Hrs.								
Reading List and References	 B. Williams and S. Sawyer, Using Information Technology: A Practical Introduct to Computers and Communications, 11th ed., McGraw-Hill, 2014. J. F. Kurose and K. W. Ross, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach, 7th Pearson, 2016. D. E. Comer, Computer Networks and Internets, 6th ed., Pearson, 2015. B. A. Forouzan, TCP/IP Protocol Suite, 4th ed., Tmh, 2010. W. Stalling, Data and Computer Communications, 10th ed., Pearson, 2013. 						n, 7 th ed.,		
	 S. Morris and C. Corone Management, 11th Edition, C M. Mannino, Database Desi, Chicago Business Press, 201 	Course Techno gn, Application	logy, 20	14.					

Subject Code	ENG3003
Subject Title	Engineering Management
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject provides students with:
	 A practical introduction to management and a comprehensive guide to the tools and techniques used in managing people and other resources. Opportunities to trace the historical development and describe the functions of management, from planning, and decision making to organizing, staffing, leading, motivating, and controlling. It also includes a discussion on engineering ethics.
	 Opportunities to explore the core business strategy, technology, and innovation, and examine how these functions intertwine to play a central role in structural design, as well as supporting an organization's overall success.
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to
Outcomes	 a. perform tasks in an organization related to organizing, planning, leading and controlling project and process activities;
	 select appropriate management techniques for improving organizational structures, work procedures, and quality performance of operational tasks;
	 analyze the factors that affect changes in the work environment, and be aware of the approaches in implementing change in an organization;
	 d. be aware of the imperatives of ethical and business behaviors in engineering organizations in a fast-changing business environment.
Subject Synopsis/	1. Introduction
Indicative Syllabus	General management concepts in organizations; Functions and types of industrial organizations; Organizational structures; Corporate objectives, strategy, and policy
	 <u>Industrial Management</u> Roles of managers: Process of management, leadership, planning, organizing, motivating, and control of social and engineering activities; Quality management: Related tools and techniques
	 <u>Project Management</u> Project scope and objectives; Network analysis; Tools that support engineering operations and task scheduling
	 <u>Management of Change</u> Change leadership; Organizational change; Phases of planned change; Stress management; Factors that affect the execution of change
	 <u>Effects of Environmental Factors</u> The effects of extraneous factors on the operations of engineering organizations, such as ethics and corporate social responsibilities issues

Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and case studies are used to deliver various topics in this subject. Some topics are covered by problem-based format whenever applicable in enhancing the learning objectives. Other topics are covered by directed study so as to develop students' "life-long learning" ability.						
	The case studies, largely based on real covered in the subject and to illustrate the applied in real life situations.						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		led subje mes to b			
Intended Learning Outcomes			a	b	с	d	
	 Coursework Group learning activities (10%) Presentation (individual) (30%) 	40%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Final examination	60%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of th learning outcomes: The coursework of this subject involves reflect the realities of management situs exercises, students' ability to apply and on the basis of their performance in grou of their written reports on these case stud to assess the intended learning outcomes	s students work ations in an en synthesize acq p discussion, c ies. A written t	ting in g gineerin uired kn oral pres	groups to ng setting nowledge entation	study g. Thro e can be s, and t	cases that ough such e assessed he quality	
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lectures and review						
	Tutorials and presentations						
	Other student study effort:						
	Research and preparation						
	Report writing						
	Preparation for oral presentation and examination						
	Total student study effort						
Reading List and References	 John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., 2013, Int Robbins, S P, DeCenzo, D A, and C Essential Concepts and Applications Morse, L C and Babcock, D L, 201 Introduction to Management for En- 	Coulter, M, 201 s, 8th Ed., Pear 10, Managing 1	3, Funda son Enginee	amentals ring and	s of Ma	nagement	
	 Introduction to Management for Engineers, 5th Ed., Prentice Hall White, M A and Bruton, G D, 2011, The Management of Technology and Innovation: A Strategic Approach, 2nd Ed., South-Western Cengage Learning 						

Subject Code	ENG3004
Subject Title	Society and the Engineer
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre- requisite/Co- requisite/Exclus ion	Nil
Objectives	This subject is designed for engineering students as a complementary subject on the role of the professional engineer in practice and their responsibilities toward the profession, colleagues, employers, clients, and the public. The objectives of the subject are to enable students to 1. appreciate the historical context of modern technology and the nature of the process
	 whereby technology develops and the relationship between technology and the environment, as well as the implied social costs and benefits; understand the social, political, legal, and economic responsibilities and accountability of the engineering profession and the organizational activities of professional engineering institutions;
	3. be aware of the short-term and long-term effects related to safety and health, and the environmental impacts of technology;
	 observe professional conduct, as well as the legal and other applicable constraints, related to various engineering issues; and develop a strong vision to optimize their contribution to sustainable development.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to a. identify and evaluate the effects of technology as it applies to the social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society; b. explain the importance of local and international professional training, professional conduct and ethics, and responsibilities in various engineering disciplines, particularly the Washington Accord; c. evaluate and estimate, in a team setting, the impact of contemporary issues, planned projects, and unforeseen technological advances related to engineers; effectively
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Impact of Technology on Society</u> Historical cases and trends of technological innovation explored through their impact on social and cultural developments of civilization and their commonalities. <u>Environmental Protection and Related Issues</u> Roles of the engineer in energy conservation, ecological balance, and sustainable development. <u>Global Outlook for Hong Kong's Economy and Industries</u> Support organizations, policies and their impacts on industrial and economic development in Greater China, the Pacific Rim, and the world.
	 <u>Regulatory Organizations and Compliance</u> Discussion of engineer's responsibilities within different regulatory frameworks and environments; Examples from various entities such as the Labor Department and the

	Occupational Health and Safety Council; Legal dimensions to engineering such as liability, contract law, and industrial legislation.						
	 <u>Professional Institutions</u> Local and overseas professional institutions; Washington Accord and the qualifications and criteria of professional engineers. 						
	 6. <u>Professional Ethics</u> Prevention of bribery and corruption; The work of the Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC); Social responsibilities of engineers. 						
Teaching/Learn ing	Class comprises short lectures to provide essential knowledge and information on the relationships between society and the engineer under a range of dimensions.						
Methodology	Other methods include in-class discussions, case studies, and seminars to develop stu in-depth analysis of the relationships.						
	Each student will submit two assignments will be part of the subject's evaluation. The social, cultural, economic, legal, health, saf	e assignments	will deal w	with impor	tant issues of		
	 Students are assembled into groups; throughout the course, they will work on engineering cases by completing the following learning activities: Case analysis where students explore the relationships between society and the engineering issues of a project under specific dimensions; Construction and assembly of a case portfolio which includes Presentation slides Feedback critiques Individual Reflections 						
	3. Final oral presentation						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended	Specific assessment methods/tasks	Specific assessment methods/tasks % Intended sub weighting outcomes to					
Learning Outcomes			a	b	с		
Outcomes	1. Continuous assessment	70%					
	Group weekly learning activities	(20%)	~	~	~		
	Individual Assignments (2)	(20%)	~	~			
	Individual final presentation	(15%)	~	\checkmark			
	Individual reflection statement	(5%)	~	~			
	Group project	(10%)	~	~	✓		
	2. Take-home Assignment	30%	~	~			
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the learning outcomes:	assessment 1	nethods in	assessing	the intended		
	The coursework requires students to work i the eight dimensions in an engineering setti apply and synthesize acquired knowledge c	ng. Based on	these exerc	ises, stude	nts' ability to		

	groups' discussion, oral presentations, and the quality of their portfolio repo studies. The take-home assignment is used to assess students' critical thinking and pr skills when working on their own and give students more time and flexibility assignment. It provides students the opportunity to review and extend what th in class and to check their understanding and progress.	roblem-solving to complete an	
Student Study	Class contact:		
Effort Expected	Lectures and review	27 Hrs.	
	Presentation	12 Hrs.	
	Other student study efforts:		
	Research and preparation	55 Hrs.	
	Report and Assignments writing	25 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	119 Hrs.	
References	 Education for Sustainable Development - An Expert Review of F Learning, UNESCO, 2011 Poel, Ibo van de, and Lambèr M. M. Royakkers. Ethics, Tecl Engineering : an Introduction. Wiley-Blackwell, 2011 Engineering-Issues, Challenges and Opportunities for Developm 2010 Engineering for Sustainable Development: Guiding Principles, Ro of Engineering, 2005 Securing the future: delivering UK sustainable development strate Johnston, F S, Gostelow, J P, and King, W J, 2000, Engineering Challenges of Professional Practice, Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Pr 7. Hjorth, L, Eichler, B, and Khan, A, 2003, Technology and Societ the 21st Century, Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Prentice Hall The Council for Sustainable Development in He http://www.enb.gov.hk/en/susdev/council/ Poverty alleviation: the role of the engineer, http://publications.arup.com/publications/p/poverty_alleviation_th he_engineer Reading materials: Engineering journals: Engineers by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers 	hnology, and ent, USECO, oyal Academy egy, 2005 g and Society rentice Hall y A Bridge to ong Kong,	

Subject Code	ENG4001
Subject Title	Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 This subject provides students with knowledge in: project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; project management methodologies and their application; choosing project variables for effective project management; and various developments of project management.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to engineering projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; and d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 <u>Project Overview, Management Principles, and the Systems Approach</u> Characteristics of projects and project management. Management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts and principles. Conflict management. <u>Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques</u> Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure.
	 Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gantt charts, network analysis techniques, time-phased networks, CPA, PERT, and resource smoothing. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u> Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Experience curve. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u> Earned value measurement system. Managing project risks. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination.
Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, case studies, and laboratory work are used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem-based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies are from best practices of projects, based on a literature review. They are used to integrate the topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in real-life situations.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	%	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
Intended Learning Outcomes	memous/tasks	weighting	a	b	с	d	
	1. Tutorial exercises/ written report	10%		\checkmark	~		
	2. Oral presentation	10%		\checkmark	~		
	3. End Term Test	15%	~	\checkmark	~		
	4. Written examination	65%	~	\checkmark	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	Explanation of the appropriate learning outcomes:	eness of the as	ssessment	methods in	n assessing	the intended	
	Continuous assessment (1), (tutorial exercises are used to knowledge that they have lear	o assess stud	ents' und	erstanding	and appli	cation of the	
	Written examination: question (d).	s are designed	d to assess	learning o	outcomes (a), (b), (c), and	
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lectures (3 hours/week			27 Hrs.			
	Tutorials / Case studies	eks)	12 Hrs.				
			39 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:						
	written examination					79 Hrs.	
						118 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	1. Meredith, J. R., Shafer, S. M., Mantel Jr, S. J., 2017, <i>Project Management:</i> <i>Strategic Managerial Approach.</i> John Wiley & Sons.					anagement: a	
	2. Kerzner, H. 2017, Pro Scheduling, and Control				Approach	to Planning,	
	3. Project Management Ins Knowledge (PMBOK®	nstitute, 2013, A Guide to the Project Management Body of Guide), Fifth Edition.				ement Body of	
	4. Smith, NJ (ed.) 2008. E	ngineering Pr	oject Man	agement, l	Blackwell,	Oxford	

Subject Code	ISE404				
Subject Title	Total Quality Management				
Credit Value	3				
Level	4				
Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion	tudents who do not have background knowledge in quality control and quality ngineering should be prepared to do additional reading.				
Objectives	This subject provides students with the knowledge to				
	 understand the philosophy and core values of Total Quality Management (TQM); determine the voice of the customer and the impact of quality on economic performance and long-term business success of an organization; apply and evaluate best practices for the attainment of total quality. 				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to				
Outcomes	 select and apply appropriate techniques in identifying customer needs, as well as the quality impact that will be used as inputs in TQM methodologies; 				
	measure the cost of poor quality and process effectiveness and efficiency to track performance quality and to identify areas for improvement;				
	 understand proven methodologies to enhance management processes, such as benchmarking and business process reengineering; 				
	 choose a framework to evaluate the performance excellence of an organization, and determine the set of performance indicators that will align people with the objectives of the organization. 				
Subject Synopsis/	1. Principles of Total Quality				
Indicative Syllabus	Concepts of quality; Core values and paradigms for TQM, including corporate citizenship and protection of the environment; Models for performance excellence: Deming Prize, Baldrige Quality Award, European Quality Award				
	2. <u>Customer Needs</u>				
	Internal and external customers; Voice of the customer; Customer satisfaction; Customer loyalty; Service recovery; Crisis management				
	 <u>Economics of Quality</u> Classification and analysis of quality costs; Implementing quality costing systems; Economic value of customer loyalty and employee loyalty 				
	4. <u>TQM Methodologies</u>				
	Quality Function Deployment (QFD); Benchmarking; Business process reengineering; Process improvement				
	 Learning and Growth Organizational learning; Organizational renewal; Change management; Employee empowerment 				
	 <u>Strategic Quality Management</u> Vision, strategy, goals, and action plans; Measurement of organizational 				

Teaching/Learning Methodology	A mixture of lectr achieve the object environment; stude problem-based assis of students.	ctives of this ents have to le	s subject. So earn these topi	me topics ar cs by themsel	e taught in ves in the pro-	the classroom cess of writing	
Assessment Methods in	Specific	%	Intended sub	ject learning o	utcomes to be	assessed	
Alignment with Intended Learning	assessment methods/tasks	weighting	а	b	с	d	
Outcomes	1. Assignments	35%	~	~	~	~	
	2. Tests	20%	~	~	~	~	
	3.Examination	45%	~	~	~	~	
	Total	100%					
	The assignments, r concepts and skill factors that may aff Examination/tests concepts, as well as	s learned in a fect decisions. allow studen	analyzing and ts to demonst	attaining tota rate the exter	l quality whiln nt of their un	le emphasizing derstanding of	
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	 Lecture/Tuto 2 hours/week 	26 Hrs.					
	 Tutorial/Case 1 hour/week 	5				13 Hrs.	
	Other student study						
	Studying and self learning				50 Hrs.		
	Assignment and report writing				28 Hrs.		
	Total student study	effort				117 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	 Goetsch, DL Management Gryna FM 20 	& Davis, B 2 for Productio 001, Quality P	2006, Quality I on, Processing lanning & And	and Services, alysis, 4 th edn,	Introduction to 5 th edn, Pearso Jr., McGraw-H	o Total Quality m	

Subject Code	MM4522		
Subject Title	China Business Management		
Credit Value	3		
Level	4		
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: China Trade Management (MM4521)		
Role and Purposes	This course covers the business environment and key issues about doing business in China. The course offers a broad survey of a wide range of topics related to China business rather than in-depth study of particular aspects. The primary objectives are to introduce the students to the broad terrain, and help them to explore those aspects in their future pursuit.		
Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand, analyse, and evaluate the nature and changing shape of business connection between Hong Kong and the Chinese Mainland b. explain and assess the institutional and legal issues of doing business in China (BBA Outcome 3) c. describe, analyse and evaluate business strategies and practices in China (BBA Outcome 3) d. develop critical thinking about how different contextual and cultural factors affect business success, and learn to better communicate with people in different institutional environment (BBA Outcome 3) e. have further developed their oral and written communication skills (BBA Outcome 1) 		
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 The economic system and economic reforms in China Understanding the Chinese bureaucracy China's integration into the global economy China - Hong Kong Business relations The regulations of China's foreign trade China's tax system Foreign direct Investment and management Marketing strategies in China 		
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures, tutorial discussion, group project (presentation and written report)		

Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outco be assessed			mes to		
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	Continuous Assessment	50%						
	1. Group Project Presentation	15%	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	~		
	2. Written Report	15%					\checkmark	
	3. Class Participation in Discussion and Evaluations	10%				~		
	4. In-class Quizzes/Exercises	10%				\checkmark		
	Examination	50%	~	~	\checkmark	~		
	Total	100%						
	*Weighting of assessment methods/tasks in continuous assessment may be different, subject to each subject lecturer. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in <u>BOTH</u> the Continuous Assessment and Examination components.							
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: the various methods are designed to ensure that all students taking this subject							
	The assessments are designed to motivate the students to read the recommended materials and participate in the required activities to achieve the learning outcomes.							
Student Study	Class contact:							
Effort Expected	Lecture				26 Hrs.			
	Tutorial				13 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:							
	 Group project 				20 Hrs.			
	Reading						48 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort						107 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	This course does not have a textbook. Readings are drawn from <i>China Hand</i> , a data base compiled and edited by the Economist Intelligence Unit, and <i>China Business Review</i> , a publication of the US-China Business Council, and other sources. The readings have been uploaded to WebCT.							
	<u>References</u>							
	Tim Clissold's Mr. China (Cons			<i>´</i>				
	Pete Engardio (ed.), Chindia: How China and India are Revolutionizing Global Business, McGraw-hill, 2007							
	James McGregor, One Billion Customers: Lessons from the Front Line of Doing Business in China, (Nicholas Brealey Publishing, 2005).							
	Edward Tse, The China Strategy: Harnessing the Power of the World's Fastest- growing Economy, Basic Books, 2010.							
	Sheryl WuDunn, <i>China Wakes:</i> Books, 1995	The Struggle	e for the	Soul oj	f a Risin	g Power	, Vintage	

June 2021

Appendix II

Minor Programme in Electrical Engineering

1 Objective

The present-day engineering profession has become more and more multi-disciplinary in nature. The possession of adequate knowledge in electrical engineering will be an asset for engineering personnel whose major is in other disciplines. The objective of the programme is to provide a working knowledge on selected topic areas in electrical engineering for students with non-electrical-engineering background.

2 Programme Outcomes

After completing the programme, students should be able to

- (i) Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to solve practical problems in selected areas of electrical engineering.
- (ii) Conduct experiments with appropriate techniques and tools and interpret and analyse the data.
- (iii) Keep abreast of developments in certain areas of electrical engineering.

3 Eligibility

Full-time students pursuing a four-year undergraduate degree in Faculty of Engineering or Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering (excluding a Major in Electrical Engineering or a Major in Transportation Systems Engineering) may choose this programme. Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study. The department may set a quota for admitting students into this Minor programme.

4 Curriculum

The student has to complete 18 credits of discipline-specific subjects in Electrical Engineering as shown in the following table, with at least 50% (9 credits) of the subjects at Level 3 or above.

Subject Code	Subject Title	Number of Credits
EE2001A	Applied Electromagnetics	3
EE2002A	Circuit Analysis	3
EE2003A	Electronics	3
EE2004A	Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals	3
EE3001A	Analogue and Digital Circuits	3
EE3002A	Electromechanical Energy Conversion	3
EE3003A	Power Electronics and Drives	3
EE3004A	Power Transmission and Distribution	3
EE3005A	Systems and Control	3
EE3006A	Analysis Methods for Engineers	3
EE3007A	Computer System Principles	3
EE3008A	Linear Systems and Signal Processing	3
EE3009A	Electrical Services in Buildings	3
EE4003A	Electrical Machines	3
EE4004A	Power Systems	3
EE4007A	Advanced Power Electronics	3
EE4008A	Applied Digital Control	3
EE4011A	Industrial Computer Applications	3
EE4012A	Intelligent Buildings	3
EE4014A	Intelligent Applications in Electrical Engineering	3

Note: The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all these subjects in each semester.

5 Award Classification

For students who have completed a Major/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" which includes grades obtained for the free electives, if appropriate.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme. "Minor GPA" is unweighted.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his/her Major but a lower GPA for his/her Minor, he/she will not be 'penalised' in respect of his/her award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his/her Major than his/her GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider giving the student a higher award classification than with reference to his/her Major GPA.

Aug 2021