

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering

Full-time Programme Code : 41470 DEFINITIVE PROGRAMME DOCUMENT





Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering (4-year Curriculum) 2018-19

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Appendix II Minor Programme in Electrical Engineering

This Definitive Programme Document is subject to review and changes which the programme offering Faculty/Department can decide to make from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate.

1 Preamble

The overarching aim of the University's 4-year undergraduate curriculum is to nurture and develop students with abilities/attributes that will prepare them to become preferred leaders for the professions and responsible global citizens in the 21st century. The 4-year Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering (BEng in EE) is a major electrical engineering degree programme in Hong Kong. It addresses the manpower demand of the electrical engineering profession, with particular emphasis on power systems, energy utilisation and related disciplines. This programme complies with the new university curriculum framework, which features a broad-based curriculum, emphasising on fundamentals, provision of opportunities for multidisciplinary studies, freshman experience, enhanced communication skills, work-integrated education, capstone project, and outcome-based education. At the same time, the programme addresses the societal need for a new generation of competent electrical engineers who can practise in their profession in Hong Kong, Mainland China, and the neighbouring regions.

2 Aims and Rationale

2.1 Programme Philosophy

The programme aims to provide the students with a sound education in electrical engineering and furnish an opportunity for detailed study in a choice of related specialist areas. The programme is designed to nurture electrical engineers who will be able to practise their profession worldwide while being particularly competent to do so in the context of Hong Kong and Mainland China.

Modern engineers are often required to undertake different activities and may face promotion or placement in the course of their career development. The programme thus aims to prepare graduates for their entire working life rather than only for their first jobs. Emphasis is therefore placed on the understanding of fundamental concepts and theories which will always be applicable and valid. The teaching of technologies or modern tools which may have a shorter duration of applicability cannot be neglected either, but it is important not to emphasize training at the expense of education.

More and more industrial employers wish to recruit engineers who have a broad-based education as well as adequate professional knowledge to undertake detailed technical work in design and production. Therefore, the programme is also designed to provide training to our students who could develop a thorough understanding of electrical engineering, and acquire a broad and general appreciation of activities in other related disciplines. The students are guided to learn the interfaces between specialist engineering areas and be prepared to work in a multidisciplinary work environment which usually involves colleagues from other engineering backgrounds.

Students must become aware that 'a good engineering solution' is one which has to fulfil economic, financial, and social criteria as well as to comply with engineering design specifications. This necessitates the inclusion of the study of economics, accounting and management with particular reference to engineering activities, as well as the inter-relations between engineering activities and society as a whole.

Language competence of students is strengthened through the English and Chinese subjects stipulated in the General University Requirements (GUR), and is further enhanced by discipline specific professional communication subjects. The teaching approach adopted in the curriculum, which involves lectures, seminars, discussions, in-class feedback, assessed presentations, demonstration of project work and written laboratory reports, aims to improve students' verbal and written communication skills.

It is important to train and educate our students not only in cognitive ability in technical areas but also in lifelong skills. Hence, students are exposed to situations where they can:

- (i) develop their intellectual abilities (creative thinking, critical/independent judgement making, ability to analyse and synthesize, and to cope with real-life conditions such as indeterminacy, lack of information and time pressure); and
- (ii) develop their social abilities (ethics, personal and public relations, team work, handling of responsibility/authority, etc.).

In this undergraduate programme, the fundamentals of science and engineering are taught in the non-deferrable subjects in Year 1 and Year 2. The core electrical engineering knowledge areas are covered in Year 3 and the advanced core areas and specialisms are introduced in Year 4. The University Core Curriculum is distributed throughout the programme to ensure a proper balance between underpinning, language, broadening and discipline specific subjects.

Students are provided with training at the Industrial Centre (IC) so that they learn the applications of engineering technologies. They are also required to undertake industrial attachment during the summer at the end of the third year of study, which gives them exposure to the real industrial working environment.

2.2 Programme Objectives

- (i) To provide students with a broad base of knowledge in the fundamentals of electrical engineering and its current applications.
- (ii) To prepare students for working life including the skills needed for lifelong learning.
- (iii) To produce engineers with the understanding of their obligations to society.

2.3 Programme Outcomes

Programme outcomes refer to the intellectual abilities, knowledge, skills and attributes that a graduate from this programme should possess. To attain the aim of developing all-round students with professional competence, the programme outcome statements are encompassed in the following two categories of learning outcomes.

Category A: Professional/Academic Knowledge and Skills

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- A1 Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to identify, formulate and solve practical problems in the areas of electrical engineering and related disciplines.
- A2 Design and conduct experiments with appropriate techniques and tools; and interpret and analyse the data.
- A3 Design a system, component or process according to given specifications and requirements in the areas of electrical engineering and related disciplines.
- A4 Identify constraints, other than technical considerations, which may influence engineering problems, systems or projects.
- A5 Keep abreast of developments in electrical engineering and related disciplines and be aware of the need of lifelong learning.
- A6 Appreciate and understand the ethical, managerial and social responsibilities of a professional engineer.

Category B: Attributes for All-roundedness

Upon successful completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- B1 Communicate effectively via graphic, numeric, verbal and written media with proficiency in both English and Chinese.
- B2 Reason critically and develop alternative views or solutions.
- B3 Work in multi-disciplinary teams with professional interpersonal skills.

The Programme Outcomes are in line with the Programme objectives and the mapping is shown in Table 2.3.1.

| | | Programme Objectives | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|----------------------|------|-------|--|--|
| | | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| | A1 | | | | | |
| | A2 | | | | | |
| | A3 | | | | | |
| Des sesses a | A4 | | | | | |
| Programme Outcomes | A5 | | | | | |
| Outcomes | A6 | | | | | |
| | B1 | | | | | |
| | B2 | | | | | |
| | B3 | | | | | |

 Table 2.3.1
 Mapping between Programme Objectives and Programme Outcomes

The Subject Learning Outcomes are designed to be in alignment with the Programme Outcomes. The Subject Learning Outcomes are given in each subject and they can be found in the Subject Description Form (SDF) in Appendix I.

The programme and subject outcomes will be assessed in stages according to a Learning Outcomes Assessment Plan (LOAP) adopted by the Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee.

Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO) of the programme is shown in Table 2.3.2.

| | | Institutional Learning Outcomes | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | | Competent | Critical | Effective | Innovative | Lifelong | Ethical | | | |
| | | Professional | Thinker | Communicator | Problem | Learner | Leader | | | |
| | | | | | Solver | | | | | |
| | A1 | \checkmark | | | | | | | | |
| | A2 | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | | | |
| | A3 | \checkmark | | | | | | | | |
| Durante | A4 | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | | | |
| Programme Outcomes | A5 | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| Outcomes | A6 | \checkmark | | | | | | | | |
| | B1 | | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| | B2 | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | | |
| | B3 | | | | | | | | | |

 Table 2.3.2
 Relationship between Institutional Learning Outcomes and Intended Learning

 Outcomes (ILO) of the programme

3 General Information

3.1 Programme Title

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering 電機工程學(榮譽)工學士學位

3.2 Duration and Mode of Attendance

| Mode | Mode Normal Duration | |
|-----------|----------------------|---------|
| Full-time | 4 years | 8 years |

The normal study duration is 4 years while that for senior year intake is 2 years*. The maximum period of registration is 8 years and 4 years respectively.

* The exact study duration depends on the entry qualification of individual Associate Degree / Higher Diploma admittees.

3.3 Final Award

The award is Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electrical Engineering and it carries no speciality or stream.

3.4 Implementation Dates

September 2012 (Initial implementation)

3.5 Minimum Entrance Requirements

(i) For entry with Hong Kong Diploma of Secondary Education Examination (HKDSE) qualifications

The general minimum entrance requirements are 4 core subjects and 2 elective subjects with:

- Level 3 in English Language and Chinese Language; AND
- Level 2 in Mathematics and Liberal Studies; AND
- Level 3 in 2 other Elective subjects [can include Extended Modules of Mathematics (M1/M2)].

There is no compulsory subject requirement. Preferred elective subjects for the programme include:

- Extended Modules of Mathematics;
- Information and Communication Technology; and
- All single and combined Science subjects.
- (ii) For entry with A-Level qualifications
 - E in 3 A-Level subjects OR E in 2 A-Level and 2 AS-Level subjects; AND
 - Satisfy the English Language Requirement.

- (iii) For entry with International Baccalaureate (IB) qualifications
 - A minimum score of 24 with at least grade 4 in 2 Higher Level (HL) subjects; AND
 - Satisfy the English Language Requirement.
- (iv) For those with other qualifications
 - A Higher Diploma in Electrical Engineering; OR
 - An Associate Degree in Engineering; OR
 - Equivalent qualifications.

3.6 Study Options

In line with the University's Regulations, students in this programme are offered the option of either continuing with the single-discipline Major (i.e. BEng in EE) or a Major plus a Minor*.

Minor study will be a free choice by students and not mandatory. Students who opt for Minor study will be subject to the following regulations:

- A Minor programme is a collection of subjects totalling 18 credits with at least 50% (9 credits) of the subjects at Level 3 or above. The subjects under a Minor should have a coherent theme introducing students to a focused area of study;
- (ii) Students interested in a Minor must submit their applications to and obtain approval from the Minor-offering department, at the start of second year of study. Students should submit their applications to their Major department, which will indicate its support or otherwise (since the taking of a Minor will increase the student's study load), before the Minor-offering department makes a final decision on the application;
- (iii) Students are expected to complete their approved Minor as part of their graduation requirements. Students who wish to withdraw from a Minor need to apply for approval officially from the Minor offering department, before the end of the add/drop period of the last Semester of study;
- (iv) Students with approved Minor will be given a higher priority in taking the Minor subjects over the students who take the subjects as free-electives;
- (v) Subject to approval by the Minor-offering department, students may count up to 6 credits from their Major/General University Requirements (GUR) [including Language Communication Requirement (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] towards their chosen Minor; Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme.
- (vi) Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study enrolment. The Minor-offering department may set a quota (normally capped at 10 students or 20% of the Major intake quota, whichever is higher) and additional admission requirements for their Minor; and
- (vii) Students are required to obtain a GPA of at least 2.0 in order to satisfy the requirement for graduation with a Major plus a Minor.

Students taking the Major/Minor option will be considered for an award when they have satisfied the requirements for both the Major and Minor studies (i.e. having a GPA of 2.0 or above for the Major programme, Minor programme and overall) and have also submitted an application for graduation. If the 18 credits taken for the approved Minor study can meet the requirements for that Minor, the Major students may apply to graduate with a specific Minor, in addition to their Major. Otherwise, students will graduate with a Major only.

For other students who opt to study a 'Minor' in Electrical Engineering, they must take 18 credits of EE subjects, of which 9 credits must be at Level 3 or above (see Appendix II).

* Minor option is not available for those Senior Year intake students.

3.7 Summer Training / Industrial Placement

Summer Training at the Industrial Centre (IC) and practical work experience in industry are the vital components to meet the programme outcomes. The training/industrial placement is credit-bearing and compulsory in the programme, constituting the Work-Integrated Education (WIE) activities as stipulated by the University. Details of the required credits, structure and assessment of the WIE and IC training are given in Sections 4.8 and 4.9.

3.8 Student Exchange Programme

Student exchange to overseas universities for a semester or an academic year are possible through various exchange schemes organised by the University or individual departments. With limited exchange quotas, students are encouraged to participate so as to enhance their learning experience.

Block credit transfer may be given to exchange-out students. However, in order to ensure attaining pre-requisite knowledge for smooth integration of study, students will be consulted on subject selections in the visiting universities before leaving for the exchange.

3.9 External Recognition

The BEng (Hons) in Electrical Engineering programme has been internally validated by the University. The programme has been granted provisional accreditation by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE).

3.10 Summer Term Teaching

Usually, there will be no summer term teaching on engineering subjects. Industrial Centre Training and external training will take place during summers.

3.11 Daytime and Evening Teaching

Subjects will be offered predominantly during daytime. Some subjects, particularly the elective subjects, may be available only in the evenings or on Saturdays.

3.12 Medium of Instruction

English is the medium of instruction (the only exceptions are for a small number of programmes/subjects which have received special approval to be taught and examined in Chinese due to the nature and objectives of the programmes/subjects concerned). Chinese could only be used in small group discussions/tutorials/practical sessions if and when necessary.

In the presence of non-Cantonese-speaking students, English should be used all the time.

4 Curriculum

4.1 University Graduation Requirements

All candidates qualifying for a 4-year Full-time Undergraduate Degree offered from 2012/13 onwards must meet:

- (i) the University Graduation Requirements; and
- (ii) the specific graduation requirements of their chosen programme of study.

The minimum University Graduation Requirements are explained in the sections below. For the graduation requirements of specific programmes of study (majors and minors), candidates should refer to the relevant section of this Definitive Programme Document or consult the programme offering departments concerned.

Summary of University Graduation Requirements for 4-Year Degree Students

To be eligible for a Bachelor's Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 124 academic credits¹ and 11 training credits.
- (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or above at graduation.
- (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component.
- (iv) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

| (g) Healthy Lifestyle | Non-credit bearing <i>Total = 30 credits</i> |
|--|---|
| (f) China Studies Requirement | (3 of the 12 CAR credits) |
| (e) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) | 12 credits |
| (d) Service-Learning | 3 credits |
| (c) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development | 3 credits |
| (b) Freshman Seminar | 3 credits |
| (a) Language and Communication Requirements ² | 9 credits |

- (v) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award.
- (vi) Satisfy any other requirements as specified in the Definitive Programme Document and as specified by the University.

¹ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

² Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subject. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subject concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned.

Remedial subjects are designed for new students who are in need of additional preparations in a particular subject area, and only identified students of a programme are required to take these subjects. These subjects should therefore be counted outside the regular credit requirement for award.

In addition, students may be required to take subjects that are designed to enhance their skills in particular subject areas to underpin their further advanced study in the discipline. These underpinning subjects could be of different subject areas (e.g. Mathematics, science subjects), and the number of credits each student is required to take in a particular underpinning subject area may vary according to the different academic backgrounds of the students. With effect from the 2015/16 intake cohort, the regular credit requirement for award will count the lowest number of credits taken by the students in the same subject area. For example, some students in an engineering programme are required to take 10 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics. Only 6 credits will be recognized for counting towards the regular credit requirement of the programme. The extra 4 credits taken by some students will be counted outside the regular credit requirement.

Senior Year intakes admitted to the 4-year Undergraduate Degree programmes on the strength of the Associate Degree/Higher Diploma qualifications are required to complete <u>at least 61</u> <u>credits</u> in order to be eligible for a Bachelor's degree. Exemption may be given from subjects already taken in the previous Associate Degree/Higher Diploma studies. In that case, students should take other electives (including free electives) instead to make up the total of 61 credits required. For students who are exceptionally admitted before 2017/18 on the basis of academic qualification(s) <u>more advanced</u> than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma³, such as the advanced stage of a 4-year degree curriculum programme, Departments can continue to grant credit transfer as appropriate, so as to give recognition to the advanced study taken, and these students should remain low. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for admission.

Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

³ The admission of students to UGC-funded Articulation Degree programmes and Senior Year intakes on the basis of qualification(s) more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma is subject to the conditions stipulated by UGC governing the UGC-funded Senior Year places.

Summary of University Graduation Requirements for Senior Year Intakes Students

To be eligible for an Articulation Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:

- (i) Complete successfully a minimum of 61 academic credits⁴ and 11 training credits.
- (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or above at graduation.
- (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory Work-Integrated Education (WIE) component.
- (iv) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

| (a) Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) | 6 credits |
|--|---------------------------|
| (b) China Studies Requirement | (3 of the 12 CAR credits) |
| (c) Service-Learning | 3 credits |
| (d) Language and Communication Requirements ⁵ | - |
| | Total = 9 credits |

- (v) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award.
- (vi) Satisfy any other requirements as specified in the Definitive Programme Document and as specified by the University.

There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subject. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subject concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned.

Remedial subjects are designed for new students who are in need of additional preparations in a particular subject area, and only identified students of a programme are required to take these subjects. These subjects should therefore be counted outside the regular credit requirement for award.

In addition, students may be required to take subjects that are designed to enhance their skills in particular subject areas to underpin their further advanced study in the discipline. These underpinning subjects could be of different subject areas (e.g. Mathematics, science subjects), and the number of credits each student is required to take in a particular underpinning subject area may vary according to the different academic backgrounds of the students. With effect from the 2015/16 intake cohort, the regular credit requirement for award will count the lowest

⁴ This minimum only applies to students who are admitted through the normal route.

⁵ This is normally not required. Only those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CBS) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard. Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

number of credits taken by the students in the same subject area. For example, some students in an engineering programme are required to take 10 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics, whilst others in the programme are required to take 6 credits of underpinning subjects in Mathematics. Only 6 credits will be recognized for counting towards the regular credit requirement of the programme. The extra 4 credits taken by some students will be counted outside the regular credit requirement.

In the case that students have already taken certain subject(s) in their previous Associate Degree/Higher Diploma studies, exemption may be given from these subjects and students should take other electives (including free electives) instead to make up the minimum of 61 credits required. For students who are exceptionally admitted before 2017/18 on the basis of academic qualification(s) more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma, such as the advanced stage of a 4-year degree curriculum programme, Departments can continue to grant credit transfer as appropriate when admitting them to an Articulation Degree programme, so as to give recognition to the advanced study taken, and these students can take fewer than 61 credits for attaining the award. The proportion of these students should remain low. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for award.

Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

A student is required to graduate as soon as he/she satisfies the graduation requirements as stipulated above. The student concerned is required to apply for graduation, in the semester in which he is able to fulfil all his graduation requirements, and after the add/drop period for that semester has ended.

4.2 General University Requirements (GUR)

(i) Language and Communication Requirements (LCR)

<u>English</u>

All undergraduate students (admitted in/after 2018/19) must successfully complete <u>two</u> 3-credit English language subjects as stipulated by the University, according to their English language proficiency level (Table 4.2.1). These subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of English language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the English Language Centre (ELC) entry assessment (when no HKDSE score is available, e.g. in the case of non-local students).

| | Subject | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| English language competence level | Practical English for University Studies (ELC1011) | English for University Studies (ELC1013) | Any LCR Proficient level elective subject in English (Table 4.2.2) | | | | |
| HKDSE Level 4 and above or equivalent | - | Subject 1 | Subject 2 | | | | |
| HKDSE Level 3 or equivalent | Subject 1 | Subject 2 | - | | | | |

Table 4.2.1 English LCR Subjects (each 3 credits)

| LCR Proficient level | Advanced English for University Studies (ELC2014) | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| elective subjects | Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills (ELC2011) | | |
| English in Literature and Film (ELC2013) | | | |
| | Persuasive Communication (ELC2012) | | |

| Table 4.2.2 | Proficient | level | elective | subject | s for | HKDSE | Level | 4 | students | and | above | (or |
|-------------|------------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|---|----------|-----|-------|-----|
| | equivalent |) (eac | h 3 credi | t <u>s)</u> | | | | | | | | |

Students entering the University with specified attainment grades in certain public examinations can be given credit transfer or exemption for one or both LCR English subjects, as listed in Table 4.2.3.

| Examination | Result | Subject 1 ⁺ | Subject 2 ⁺ | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| HKDSE - English Language | Level 5* and 5** | | Exemption | |
| GCEOL/GCSE/IGCSE - English | Grade A | English for | Lixemption | |
| HKALE - Use of English | Grade A and B | University Studies | | |
| GCE(AL/ASL) - English Language | Grade A and B | | _ Credit Transfer | |
| | English A (HL): 4 or above English A (SL): 6 or above English B (HL): 5 or above | | | |
| IB | English A (HL): 3 or below English A (SL): 5 or below English B (HL): 4 or below English B (SL): any level | Credit Transfer | Any LCR Proficient level elective subject in English (Table 4.2.2 above) | |
| IELTS | Score 7.0 or above, with no sub-test score below 6.5 | English for | | |
| TOEFL Paper-based | 600 or above | University Studies | Exemption | |
| TOEFL Internet-based | 100 or above | Studies | | |

Table 4.2.3 Credit Transfer/ Exemption for English LCR subjects

⁺ For the subject exempted, students must take any other subject to make up the 3 credits. For the subject granted credit transfer, student do not need to take any other subject to make up the credits.

Chinese

All undergraduate students (admitted in/after 2018/19) are required to successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit Chinese language subject as stipulated by the University, according to their Chinese language proficiency level. All Chinese speaking students will be required to take the same Chinese LCR subject.

Cantonese will be used as the Medium of Instruction (MoI) of a certain proportion of Chinese LCR subject (Table 4.2.4). Students taking the Cantonese version of the subjects will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-Learning course in Putonghua (optional).

| Subject Code | Subject Title | MoI |
|--------------|--------------------|-----------|
| CBS1104C | University Chinese | Cantonese |
| CBS1104P | University Chinese | Putonghua |

Table 4.2.4 Chinese LCR Subjects (each 3 credits)

For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below. Depending on your Chinese Language Centre entry assessment result, one subject from Table 4.2.5 will be pre-assigned to you as Chinese LCR. You are also exempted from the Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements of CAR.

| Subject | Pre-requisite/exclusion |
|---|--|
| Chinese I (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS1151) | • For non-Chinese speaking students at beginners' level |
| Chinese II (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS1152) | For non-Chinese speaking students; andStudents who have completed Chinese I or equivalent |
| Chinese III (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS2151) | For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese II or equivalent |
| Chinese IV (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS2154) | For non-Chinese students at intermediate competence levels; and Students who have completed Chinese III or equivalent |
| Chinese Literature – Linguistics and Cultural Perspectives (for non-Chinese speaking students) (CBS2152) | • For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels |

 Table 4.2.5
 Chinese LCR Subjects for non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below (each 3 credits)

Writing Requirement

In addition to the LCR in English and Chinese explained above, all students must also, among the Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects they take (see section (v) below), pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in Chinese.

Reading Requirement

All students must, among the CAR subjects they take, pass <u>one</u> subject that includes the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in English and <u>one</u> subject with the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in Chinese.

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the Writing Requirement and the Reading Requirement is shown at: <u>https://www2.polyu.edu.hk/as/Polyu/GUR/index.htm</u>

For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing Requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

For those Senior Year intake students who do not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programme and their academic performance) will be required to take LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement.

- Note: In addition to the LCR and Reading and Writing Requirements, students also have to complete 4 credits of discipline-specific language requirements (DSR) (2 credits in English and 2 credits in Chinese) as specified in the curriculum requirements of their Major.
- (ii) Freshman Seminar

All students must successfully complete, normally in their first year of study, <u>one</u> 3-credit Freshman Seminar offered by their chosen Broad Discipline. The purpose is to (a) introduce students to their chosen discipline in their freshman year and enthuse them about their Major study, (b) foster students' creativity, problem-solving abilities and global outlook, (c) expose students to the concepts and an understanding of their discipline-based professional career development with the incorporation of entrepreneurship, and (d) engage students, in their first year of study, in desirable forms of learning at a university setting that are conductive to smooth adjustment to University life, self- regulation and autonomous learning.

A list of Freshman Seminars offered by the Broad Disciplines can be found at: <u>https://www2.polyu.edu.hk/as/Polyu/GUR/index.htm</u>

(iii) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in the area of Leadership and Intra-Personal Development, which is designed to enable students to (a) understand and integrate theories, research and concepts on the qualities (particularly intra-personal and interpersonal qualities) of effective leaders in the Chinese context, (b) develop greater selfawareness and a better understanding of oneself, (c) acquire interpersonal skills essential for functioning as an effective leader, (d) develop self-reflection skills in their learning, and (e) recognise the importance of the active pursuit of knowledge on an intra-personal and interpersonal level and its relationship to leadership qualities.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the leadership and intra-personal development requirement is available at: <u>https://www2.polyu.edu.hk/as/Polyu/GUR/index.htm</u>

(iv) Service-Learning

All students must successfully complete <u>one</u> 3-credit subject designated to meet the Service-Learning Requirement, in which they are required to (a) participate in substantial community service or civic engagement activities that will benefit the service users or the community at large in a meaningful way, (b) apply the knowledge and skills acquired from their Major or other learning experiences at the University to the community service activities, and (c) reflect on their service learning experience in order to link theory with practice for the development of a stronger sense of ethical, social and national responsibility.

These subjects may take the form of:

- An open-to-all GUR service-learning subject
- A GUR service-learning subject targeted at a particular student group (e.g. a Broad Discipline), or
- A customised DSR subject (core or elective) with the Major/Minor with all the required features and components to meet the Service-Learning Requirement.

Students who have satisfied the Service-Learning Requirement via a customised DSR subject will be required to take another 3-credit subject to make up total credit requirement.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the service-learning requirement is available at: <u>https://www2.polyu.edu.hk/as/Polyu/GUR/index.htm</u>

(v) Cluster Areas Requirements (CAR)

To expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain and to enable them to tackle professional and global issues from a multidisciplinary perspective, students are required to successfully complete at least <u>one</u> 3-credit subject in <u>each</u> of the following four Cluster Areas:

- Human Nature, Relations and Development (HRD)
- Community, Organisation and Globalisation (COG)
- History, Culture and World Views (HCW)
- Science, Technology and Environment (STE)

A list of CAR subjects under each of the four Cluster Areas is available at: <u>https://www2.polyu.edu.hk/as/Polyu/GUR/index.htm</u>

(vi) China Studies Requirement

Of the 12 credits of CAR described in section (v) above, students are required to successfully complete a minimum of 3 credits on CAR subjects designated as "China-related". The purpose is to enable students to gain an increased understanding of China (e.g., its history, culture and society, as well as emerging issues or challenges).

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the China Studies Requirement is available at: <u>https://www2.polyu.edu.hk/as/Polyu/GUR/index.htm</u>

(vii) Healthy Lifestyle

Healthy lifestyle is the platform for all-round development. Students are required to successfully complete a non-credit-bearing programme in healthy lifestyle.

Students will be required to complete the following components: (a) sports training/participation, (b) e-learning modules, and (c) lectures/talks. The syllabus covers physical health, mental health, social health, spiritual health, values and priorities on health behaviour with reference to competing priorities in life, reflection on healthy living and plans for self-improvement or maintaining of health behaviour. Details of the programme can be found at: <u>http://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/student/4yr/gur/hls/revised</u>

Students on Articulation Degree Programmes and Senior Year Intakes to the 4-year Undergraduate degree programmes are not required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme. Advanced Standing students are required to take the Health Lifestyle Programme (except for those who are HD/AD holders who follow the Senior Year/Articulation Degree programme GUR curriculum).

4.3 Discipline Specific Requirements (DSR)

A student in the BEng (Hons) in Electrical Engineering programme should complete 94 credits of discipline-specific requirements (DSR) as detailed below:

(i) Common underpinning subjects for Broad Discipline of Engineering (12 credits)

The following subjects must be taken:

| AMA1110 | Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics (3) | |
|---------|---|------------|
| AMA1120 | Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra (3) | |
| AP10005 | Physics I (3) | |
| AP10006 | Physics II (3) | |
| | | 12 credits |

(ii) Common DSR subjects for Broad Discipline of Engineering (28 credits)

The following DSR subjects of the Faculty of Engineering must be taken:

| AF3625 | Engineering Economics (3) |
|----------|--|
| AMA2111 | Mathematics I (3) |
| AMA2112 | Mathematics II (3) |
| CBS3241P | Professional Communication in Chinese* (2) |
| ELC3521 | Professional Communication in English (2) |
| ENG2001 | Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3) |
| ENG2002 | Computer Programming (3) |
| ENG2003 | Information Technology (3) |
| ENG3003 | Engineering Management (3) |
| ENG3004 | Society and the Engineer (3) |
| | 28 credits |

(iii) DSR subjects in Electrical Engineering discipline (54 credits)

The following DSR subjects in Electrical Engineering must be taken:

| | Level 2 | |
|---------|--|------------|
| EE2001A | Applied Electromagnetics (3) | |
| EE2002A | Circuit Analysis (3) | |
| EE2003A | Electronics (3) | |
| EE2004A | Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals (3) | |
| | | 12 credits |
| | Level 3 | |
| EE3001A | Analogue and Digital Circuits (3) | |
| EE3002A | Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3) | |
| EE3003A | Power Electronics and Drives (3) | |
| EE3004A | Power Transmission and Distribution (3) | |
| EE3005A | Systems and Control (3) | |
| EE3006A | Analysis Methods for Engineers (3) | |
| | | 18 credits |
| | Any two electives | |
| EE3007A | Computer System Principles (3) | |
| EE3008A | Linear Systems and Signal Processing (3) | |
| EE3009A | Electrical Services in Buildings (3) | |
| | | 6 credits |
| | Level 4 | |
| EE4003A | Electrical Machines (3) | |
| EE4004A | Power Systems (3) | |
| EE4006A | Individual Project (6) | |
| EE4xxxA | Advanced Elective 1 (3) | |
| EE4xxxA | Advanced Elective 2 (3) | |
| | | 18 credits |

Table 4.3

* Students who are non-Chinese speakers or those whose Chinese standard are at junior secondary level or below will be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Chinese Language requirement. Students of this category can take a replacement subject of any level to make up for credit requirement.

| # | Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below: | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Engineering Materials: | (a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering | | | | | |
| | Biology^: | (b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science | | | | | |
| | | (c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health | | | | | |
| | | (d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human | | | | | |
| | Chemistry^: | (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living | | | | | |
| | | (f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: If you select any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR-D in Science, Technology and Environment. You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

4.4 Curriculum for Various Levels

The time-tabled student hours for each subject and the type of activity (lecture [Lt], tutorial [Tu] and laboratory [Lab]) are given in the Tables 4.4.1 - 4.4.4. The abbreviations used in these tables are:

| AF | Accounting and Finance |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| AP | Applied Physics |
| AMA | Applied Mathematics |
| APSS | Applied Social Sciences |
| BSE | Building Services Engineering |
| CBS | Chinese & Bilingual Studies |
| CEE | Civil and Environmental Engineering |
| EE | Electrical Engineering |
| ELC | English Language Centre |
| ENG | Engineering Faculty |
| IC | Industrial Centre |
| ISE | Industrial and Systems Engineering |
| MM | Management and Marketing |
| | |

A normal student in the BEng (Hons) programme may complete 30, 33, 31 and 30 credits in Year 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively, as shown in the indicative progression patterns in Tables 4.5.1 to 4.5.4. In other words, a student must complete a nominal number of 124 academic credits, including the credits earned in IC training, and the other General University Requirements e.g. WIE, before graduation.

Subjects are referenced by a Departmental prefix (e.g. EE corresponds to Electrical Engineering) followed by a reference number. Each subject is also categorised as non-deferrable (Non-Def), deferrable (Def) or Elective. In the reference numbers, the first digit (i.e. 1, 2, 3 or 4) indicates the level of the subject.

- *Non-def* are those subjects which form the backbone of the vertical integration that must be taken by every student in the prescribed semester, unless prevented from doing so due to non-compliance with prerequisites.
- *Def* are those subjects which must be satisfactorily completed before the student becomes eligible for an award but the timing of the subject is determined by the student.
- *Electives*' are those subjects which are optional. Electives give students choices in composing their study programme. All elective subjects are deferrable.

Tables in Section 4.5 show the times (semesters) in which these subjects are recommended to be taken if the programme are to be completed in the minimum time.

| The Hong Kong Polytechnic University | | | C | urriculu | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| BEng (Hons | s) in Electrical Engineering Levels 0 and 1 | Contact Teaching Department | | Credits | GPA Weight | Assessment Methods | | |
| Subject Code | Subject Title | | Lt/ Tu | Lab | | (W _i) | Continuous Assessment | Examination |
| | Non-Def Subjects | | | | | | | |
| AMA1110 | Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics | AMA | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 40% | 60% |
| AMA1120 | Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra | AMA | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 40% | 60% |
| AP10001 | Introduction to Physics [@] | AP | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 40% | 60% |
| AP10005 | Physics I | AP | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 40% | 60% |
| AP10006 | Physics II | AP | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 40% | 60% |
| APSS1L01 | Tomorrow's Leaders | APSS | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 100% | - |
| CBS1104C/P | University Chinese* | CBS | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 100% | - |
| ELC1011 | Practical English for University Studies** | ELC | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 100% | - |
| ELC1013 | English for University Studies** | ELC | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 100% | - |
| ENG1003 | Freshman Seminar for Engineering | ENG | 36 | - | 3 | 0.2 | 100% | - |
| | Def Subjects | | | | | | | |
| depending on the subjects taken | Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects (subjects taken must conform to the University's Cluster Area Requirements specified in Section 4.2) | various departments | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | depending on the subjects taken | depending on the subjects taken |

- [@] For students who <u>have not</u> attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science (with a component in Physics)
- * For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below. Depending on your Chinese Language Centre entry assessment result, one subject from Table 4.2.5 will be pre-assigned to you as Chinese LCR (see Section 4.2 (i))
- ** Students will take these subjects based on their English Language results in HKDSE or other public examinations (see Section 4.2 (i))

| The Hong K | Cong Polytechnic University | | С | urriculun | n | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | b) in Electrical Engineering | Teaching Department | Con Ho | | Credits | GPA Weight | Assessmer | nt Methods |
| Subject Code | Subject Title | , 2 opar onioni | Lt/Tu | Lab | | (W _i) | Continuous Assessment | Examination |
| | Non-Def Subjects | | | | | | | |
| AMA2111 AMA2112 EE2001A EE2002A EE2003A EE2004A ELC2011 ELC2012 ELC2013 ELC2014 ENG2001 ENG2002 ENG2003 | Mathematics I Mathematics II Applied Electromagnetics Circuit Analysis Electronics Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills* Persuasive Communication* English in Literature and Film* Advanced English for University Studies* Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry* Computer Programming Information Technology | AMA EE EE ELC ELC ELC ELC ELC ELC ENG ENG | 39 39 30 30 30 33 39 3 | - 6 9 6 - - - - | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 | $\begin{array}{c} 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 100\% \\ 100\% \\ 100\% \\ 100\% \\ 100\% \\ 40\% \\ 70\% \\ 50\% \end{array}$ | 60% 60% 60% 60% - - - 60% 30% 50% |
| depending on the subjects taken | Def Subjects Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects (subjects taken must conform to the University's Cluster Area Requirements specified in Section 4.2) | various departments | 39 | - | 3 | 0.2 | depending on the subjects taken | depending on the subjects taken |
| IC2105 | IC Training Engineering Communication and Fundamentals | IC | | nours ghout year | 4 training credits | - | 100% assessed and graded | - |
| IC2112 | IC Training I (EE) | IC | 120 ho Sum | | 4 training credits | - | 100% assessed and graded | - |

* Students will take these subjects based on their English Language results in HKDSE or other public examinations (see Section 4.2 (i))

| # | [#] Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below: | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Engineering Materials: | (a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering | | | | | |
| | Biology [^] : | (b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science | | | | | |
| | | (c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health | | | | | |
| | | (d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human | | | | | |
| | Chemistry^: | (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living | | | | | |
| | | (f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development | | | | | |

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: If you select any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR-D in Science, Technology and Environment. You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

| The Hong Kong Polytechnic University | | | Cu | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| | ns) in Electrical Engineering Level 3 | Teaching Department | Contac | et Hours | Credits | GPA Weight | Assessme | nt Methods |
| Subject Code | Subject Title | | Lt/Tu | Lab | | (W _i) | Continuous Assessment | Examination |
| | Non-Def Subjects | | | | | | | |
| AF3625 EE3001A EE3002A EE3003A EE3004A EE3005A EE3006A ENG3003 ENG3004 CBS3241P ELC3521 | Engineering Economics Analogue and Digital Circuits Electromechanical Energy Conversion Power Electronics and Drives Power Transmission and Distribution Systems and Control Analysis Methods for Engineers Engineering Management Society and the Engineer Def Subjects Professional Communication in Chinese Professional Communication in English | AF EE EE EE EE ENG ENG CBS ELC | 39 30 33 33 33 33 33 39 39 26 [#] 26 [#] | - 9 6 6 6 6 - - | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 | 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 | 50% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 70% | 50% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 30% |
| EE3007A EE3008A EE3009A | Level 3 Electives (Def Subjects)* Any two electives Computer System Principles Linear Systems and Signal Processing Electrical Services in Buildings | EE EE EE | 30 33 39 | 9 6 - | 3 3 3 | 0.3 0.3 0.3 | 40% 50% 40% | 60% 50% 60% |
| EE3010A | Summer Practical Training | Industry | A minir 6 we | | 3 training credits | - | 100% assessed on Pass/Fail basis | - |

- # Seminar: 26 hours
- * The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all electives in each semester

| The Hong | Kong Polytechnic University | Curriculum | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| | ns) in Electrical Engineering Levels 4 and 5 | Teaching Department | Contac | t Hours | Credits | GPA Weight | Assessme | Assessment Methods | |
| Subject Code | Subject Title | - | Lt/Tu | Lab | | (W _i) | Continuous Assessment | Examination | |
| | Non-Def Subjects | | | | | | | | |
| EE4003A EE4004A | Electrical Machines Power Systems | EE EE | 36 33 | 3 6 | 3 3 | 0.3 0.3 | 40% 40% | 60% 60% | |
| | Def Subjects | | | | | | | | |
| EE4006A | Individual Project | EE | - | - | 6 | 0.3 | 100% | - | |
| | Any two electives; at least one should be EE subject | | | | | | | | |
| | Specialist Electives* | | | | | | | | |
| BSE463 EE4002A EE4007A EE4008A EE4009A EE4010A EE4011A EE4012A EE4013A EE4014A | Design of Mechanical Systems in Buildings Digital Control and Signal Processing Advanced Power Electronics Applied Digital Control Electric Traction and Drives Fibre Optics Industrial Computer Applications Intelligent Buildings Power System Protection Intelligent Systems Applications in Electrical | BSE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE | 33 33 33 33 39 [#] 33 33 39 33 39 ⁺ | - 6 6 - 6 - | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | $\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \\ 40\% \end{array}$ | 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% | |
| EE4015A EE4022A | Engineering Electrical Engineering Materials Fundamentals of Fibre-Optic Communications and | EE EE | 33 33 | 6 6 | 3 3 | 0.3 0.3 | 60% 40% | 40% 60% | |
| ENG4001 | Sensors Project Management | ENG | 39 | - | 3 | 0.3 | 40% | 60% | |
| | Non-Technical Broadening Electives* | | | | | | | | |
| AF5107 CSE40462 | Accounting for Engineers Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice | AF CEE | 39 39 | - | 3 3 | 0.3 0.3 | 50% 50% | 50% 50% | |
| CSE516 ISE404 MM4522 | Urban Transport Planning – Theory and Practice Total Quality Management China Business Management | CEE ISE MM | 39 39 39 | - - | 3 3 3 | 0.3 0.3 0.3 | 40% 55% 50% | 60% 45% 50% | |
| | MSc Subjects as Electives [*] Students must seek prior approval for enrolling on Level 5 subjects. | | | | | | | | |
| EE501A EE502A EE505A EE510A EE512A EE512A EE514A EE520A EE521A EE522A EE522A EE525A | Alternative Energy Technologies Modern Protection Methods Power System Control and Operation High Voltage Engineering Electrical Traction Engineering Electric Vehicles Real Time Computing Fibre Optic Components Intelligent Motion Systems Industrial Power Electronics Optical Fibre Systems Open Electricity Market Operation Energy Policy and Restructuring of Electricity Supply Industry | EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE EE | 39 [#] 33 39 39 39 [*] 36 [*] 39 [*] 33 39 39 ⁺ 39 [*] | - - - 3 - 6 - | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | $\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{array}$ | 36% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% 40% | $\begin{array}{c} 64\%\\ 60\%\\ 60\%\\ 60\%\\ 60\%\\ 60\%\\ 60\%\\ 60\%\\ 60$ | |
| EE526A EE527A EE528A EE529A EE530A | Power System Analysis and Dynamics Auto-tuning for Industrial Processes System Modelling and Optimal Control Power Electronics for Utility Applications Electrical Energy Saving Systems | EE EE EE EE EE | 39 39 [^] 39 39 ⁺ 39 [^] | | 3 3 3 3 3 | 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 | 40% 40% 40% 40% | 60% 60% 60% 60% | |

- # Lecture/Tutorial: 33 hours; plus Seminar: 6 hours
- + Lecture/Tutorial: 33 hours; plus Presentation: 6 hours
- [@] Lecture/Tutorial: 30 hours; plus Presentation/ Test: 9 hours
- ^ Lecture/Tutorial: 30 hours; plus Seminar/ Case study/ Group discussion: 9 hours
- * The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all electives in each semester

4.5 Indicative Progression Pattern for Normal Study Duration

The progression pattern in Table 4.5.1 to Table 4.5.4 is recommended for HKDSE admittees who have attained Level 3 or above in both English language and Chinese language, and who have attained Level 2 in Physics (or Combined Science with a component in Physics).

A student in the First Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.1 below and obtain a total of 30 academic credits and 4 training credits.

| AMA1110 AP10005 APSS1L01 ELCXXXX ENG1003 | Semester One Basic Mathematics I – Calculus and Probability & Statistics Physics I (3) Tomorrow's Leaders (3) English LCR Subject 1* (3) Freshman Seminars for Engineering (3) | (3) 15 credits |
|--|---|--------------------|
| | Semester Two | |
| AMA1120 | Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear Algebra (3) | |
| AP10006 | Physics II (3) | |
| ELCXXXX | English LCR Subject 2* (3) | |
| ENG2003 | Information Technology (3) | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Dequirement subject (2) | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) | 15 credits |
| | | |
| GUR | Healthy Lifestyle | |
| IC2105 | Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4) (120 hours throughout the year) | A 4 |
| | | 4 training credits |

Table 4.5.1

* Students will take these subjects based on their English Language results in HKDSE or other public examinations (see Section 4.2 (i))

| | Semester One |
|------------|--|
| AMA2111 | Mathematics I (3) |
| CBS1104C/P | University Chinese* (3) |
| EE2001A | Applied Electromagnetics (3) |
| EE2002A | Circuit Analysis ⁺ (3) |
| ENG2001 | Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3) |
| ENG2002 | Computer Programming (3) |
| | 18 credits |
| | Semester Two |
| AF3625 | Engineering Economics (3) |
| AMA2112 | Mathematics II (3) |
| EE2003A | Electronics [~] (3) |
| EE2004A | Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals (3) |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) |
| | 15 credits |
| | Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 2) |
| IC2112 | IC Training I (EE) (4) |
| | (120 hours in summer) |
| | 4 training credits |

A student in the Second Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.2 below and obtain 33 academic credits and 4 training credits.

Table 4.5.2

- * For non-Chinese speaking students or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below. Depending on your Chinese Language Centre entry assessment result, one subject from Table 4.2.5 will be pre-assigned to you as Chinese LCR (see Section 4.2 (i))
- + Students may seek prior approval to select the co-listed subject EIE2101 Basic Circuit Analysis instead of EE2002A Circuit Analysis.
- Students may seek prior approval to select the co-listed subject EIE2103 Basic Electronics instead of EE2003A Electronics.

| # | Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below: | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Engineering Materials: | (a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering | | | | |
| | Biology [^] : (b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science | | | | | |
| | | (c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health | | | | |
| | | (d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human | | | | |
| | Chemistry^: | (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living | | | | |
| | | (f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development | | | | |

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: If you select any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR-D in Science, Technology and Environment. You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

A student in the Third Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.5.3 below and obtain 31 academic credits and 3 training credits.

| | Semester One |
|-----------|--|
| EE3001A | Analogue and Digital Circuits (3) |
| | Power Electronics and Drives (3) |
| | Systems and Control (3) |
| | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) |
| | any two EE Level 3 electives should be taken throughout the year |
| | Computer System Principles (3) |
| | Linear Systems and Signal Processing (3) |
| LLS000A | 15 - 18 credits |
| | |
| 5 | Semester Two |
| CBS3241P | Professional Communication in Chinese (2) |
| | Electromechanical Energy Conversion (3) |
| | Power Transmission and Distribution (3) |
| EE3006A | Analysis Methods for Engineers (3) |
| | Professional Communication in English (2) |
| | |
| | any two EE Level 3 electives should be taken throughout the year |
| EE3009A 1 | Electrical Services in Buildings (3) |
| | 13 – 16 credits |
| | Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 3) |
| EE3010A | Summer Practical Training (A minimum of 6 weeks) (3) |
| | 3 training credits |

Table 4.5.3

A student is advised to take the following curriculum in the final year as indicated in Table 4.5.4 and obtain 30 academic credits. He/she must accumulate a total of 124 academic credits and 11 training credits to qualify for graduation.

| | Semester One | |
|-------------------|---|--------------|
| EE4003A | Electrical Machines (3) | |
| EE4004A | Power Systems (3) | |
| EE4006A | Individual Project (3 continues in Semester 2) | |
| ENG3003 | Engineering Management (3) | |
| GUR | Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues in Semester 2) | |
| | one CAR subject should be taken throughout the year | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) | |
| or | | |
| | two electives should be taken throughout Year 4 | |
| Elective subject | one Elective* from Table 4.4.4 (3) | |
| | | 16.5 credits |
| | Semester Two | |
| EE4006A | Individual Project (3 continues from Semester 1) | |
| ENG3004 | Society and the Engineer (3) | |
| | | |
| GUR | Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues from Semester 1) | |
| | | |
| CAR | one CAR subject should be taken throughout the year | |
| and/or | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) | |
| | two electives should be taken throughout Year 4 | |
| Elective subjects | Electives * from Table 4.4.4 (3 – 6) | |
| jeet | | 13.5 credits |

Table 4.5.4

- [#] Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.
- * Out of the two electives taken in Year 4, at least one should be an EE subject. The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all the electives in each year.

4.6 **Progression Pattern for Senior Year Students**

Total Credits Required for Graduation: 61 academic credits + 11 training credits

The progression pattern in Table 4.6.1 to Table 4.6.2 is recommended for Senior Year Students[@].

A student in the First Year is advised to take the following curriculum as indicated in Table 4.6.1 below and obtain a total of 31 academic credits and 7 training credits.

| [| | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Semester One | | | | | | | | |
| EE2001A | Applied Electromagnetics (3) | | | | | | | | |
| ENG2001 | Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering/Biology/Chemistry [#] (3) | | | | | | | | |
| EE3001A | Analogue and Digital Circuits (3) | | | | | | | | |
| EE3005A | Systems and Control (3) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 credit | ts | | | | | | | |
| | Semester Two | | | | | | | | |
| AF3625 | Engineering Economics (3) | | | | | | | | |
| CBS3241P | Professional Communication in Chinese (2) | | | | | | | | |
| EE3004A | Power Transmission and Distribution (3) | | | | | | | | |
| EE3006A | Analysis Methods for Engineers (3) | | | | | | | | |
| ELC3521 | Professional Communication in English (2) | | | | | | | | |
| ENG2003 | Information Technology (3) | | | | | | | | |
| | 16 credit | ts | | | | | | | |
| | Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 1) | | | | | | | | |
| EE3010A | Summer Practical Training (A minimum of 6 weeks) (3) | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 training credit | ts | | | | | | | |
| IC2105 | Engineering Communication and Fundamentals (4) | | | | | | | | |
| | (120 hours throughout the year) | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 training credit | ts | | | | | | | |

Table 4.6.1

[@] The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.

| # | Students may choose one subject from (a) to (f) listed below: | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Engineering Materials: (a) ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering | | | | | | |
| | Biology^: | (b) ABCT1101/ABCT1D04 Introductory Life Science | | | | | |
| | | (c) ABCT1303/ABCT1D03 Biotechnology and Human Health | | | | | |
| | | (d) BME11101/BME1D01 Bionic Human and the Future of Being Human | | | | | |
| | Chemistry [^] : (e) ABCT1301/ABCT1D01 Chemistry and Modern Living | | | | | | |
| | (f) ABCT1314/ABCT1D14 Chemistry and Sustainable Development | | | | | | |

^ Double fulfilment of DSR and CAR: If you select any one subject in the "Biology" and "Chemistry" areas, you will have the subject double-counted towards the fulfilment of both the Discipline Specific Requirement (DSR) and CAR-D in Science, Technology and Environment. You are required to choose any 3-credit EE subject (from Level 1 to Level 4) to make up for the total credit requirement.

A student is advised to take the following curriculum in the final year as indicated in Table 4.6.2 and obtain 30 academic credits and 4 training credits. He/she must accumulate a total of 61 academic credits and 11 training credits to qualify for graduation.

| | Semester One | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| | Semester One | |
| EE4003A | Electrical Machines (3) | |
| EE4004A | Power Systems (3) | |
| EE4006A | Individual Project (3 continues in Semester 2) | |
| ENG3003 | Engineering Management (3) | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Paguirement subject (3) | |
| CAR | one Cluster Area Requirement subject (3) | |
| GUR | Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues in Semester 2) | |
| | | 16.5 credits |
| | Semester Two | |
| EE4006A | Individual Project (2 continues from Semaster 1) | |
| EE4000A ENG3004 | Individual Project (3 continues from Semester 1) Society and the Engineer (3) | |
| LIN03004 | Society and the Englicer (5) | |
| GUR | Service-Learning subject [#] (1.5 continues from Semester 1) | |
| | | |
| | Two electives should be taken | |
| Elective subjects | two Electives* from Table 4.4.4 (6) | |
| | | 13.5 credits |
| | Semester Three (Summer Period at the end of Year 2) | |
| IC2112 | IC Training I (EE) (4) | |
| 102112 | (120 hours in summer) | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 4 training credits |

Table 4.6.2

- [#] Students are encouraged to take this subject at an earlier stage of study.
- * Out of the two Electives taken in Year 2, at least one should be an EE subject. The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all the electives in each year.
- Note 1 This is an <u>example</u> only which shows a possible study pattern for graduates with relevant Higher Diploma/Associate Degree from a recognized institution. The exact study pattern for senior year intakes varies from student to student depending on the number of subject approved for credit transfer.
- ^{Note 2} Those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects on top of the normal curriculum requirement. The Programme offering department will refer to the guidelines provided by the Language Centres (ELC and CBS) to determine whether a new student has met the equivalent standard.

4.7 Subjects Support to Programme Outcomes

Table 4.7 illustrates how the subjects support the Programme Outcomes through teaching activities, practice on the part of students, and measurements.

| | Programme Outcomes | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Subjects | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | B1 | B2 | B3 |
| AF3625 | | | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| AF5107 | | | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| AMA1110 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| AMA1120 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| AMA2111 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| AMA2112 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| AP10001 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| AP10005 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| AP10006 | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| APSS1L01 | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| BSE463 | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | | \checkmark | |
| CBS1104C/P | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| CBS3241P | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| CSE40462 | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| CSE516 | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| EE2001A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE2002A | \checkmark | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| EE2003A | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | |
| EE2004A | \checkmark | | | | | | | | |
| EE3001A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3002A | \checkmark | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3003A | \checkmark | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3004A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3005A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| EE3006A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3007A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3008A | \checkmark | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3009A | \checkmark | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE3010A | \checkmark | | | | | | | | |
| EE4002A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE4003A | | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| EE4004A | \checkmark | | | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| EE4006A | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| EE4007A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| EE4008A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE4009A | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| EE4010A | | | | | | | | | |
| EE4011A | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE4012A | | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| EE4013A | | \checkmark | | | | | | | |
| EE4014A | | | | | | | | | |
| EE4015A | | | \checkmark | | | 1 | | | |
| EE4022A | | | | | | | | | |

| | Programme Outcomes | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----|--------------|
| Subjects | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | A6 | B1 | B2 | B3 |
| EE501A | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| EE502A | | | | | | | | | |
| EE505A | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| EE509A | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | |
| EE510A | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | |
| EE512A | | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| EE514A | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| EE517A | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | |
| EE520A | | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| EE521A | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | \checkmark |
| EE522A | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | |
| EE524A | | | | \checkmark | | | | | |
| EE525A | | | | \checkmark | | | | | |
| EE526A | | | | | | | | | |
| EE527A | | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| EE528A | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark |
| EE529A | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark |
| EE530A | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark |
| ELC1011 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ELC1013 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ELC2011 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ELC2012 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ELC2013 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ELC2014 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ELC3521 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |
| ENG1003 | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | \checkmark |
| ENG2001 | | | | \checkmark | | | | | |
| ENG2002 | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| ENG2003 | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | |
| ENG3003 | | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| ENG3004 | | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| ENG4001 | | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| IC2105 | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | | |
| IC2112 | | | \checkmark | | 1 | | | | |
| ISE404 | | | | | | | | | |
| MM4522 | | | | 1 | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| CAR subjects | | | | | | | | | |
| Healthy Lifestyle | | | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| Service-Learning | | | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark |

 Table 4.7
 Support of programme outcomes by individual subjects

4.8 Work-Integrated Education and Summer Practical Training

Work-Integrated Education (WIE) is defined as a structured and measureable learning experience which takes place in an organizational context relevant to a student's future profession. It aims to prepare students for the realities of workplaces, develop students' ability to learn in non-academic surroundings, allow students to assess their own strengths and weaknesses in a realistic working settings and develop students' critical thinking and problem solving capabilities.

Summer Practical Training (EE3010A) normally takes place during the summer at the end of Year Three. Students are required to undertake a minimum of 6 weeks or equivalent (3 training credits) of industrial training, of which is valid for WIE activities as recognised by the University.

WIE activities may include placement, employment or attachment relevant to the context, knowledge and skills of the Programme. The Job Board arranged by the Office of Careers and Placement Services (CAPS) of the University is one of the main sources of placement opportunities for local students and students from Mainland China and overseas. The WIE activities may or may not involve any payment. Any payment by employers is completely at the employers' discretion. Typical examples of WIE activities are as follows:

- Full-time placement in a suitable organization for 6 weeks.
- Assisting in PolyU activities that have an external collaboration or service component such as, Innovation and Technology Fund projects, RAPRODS projects, IGARD projects, high-level consultancy projects, collaborative research projects that were undertaken with external organizations, jobs undertaken by the Industrial Centre as a service for an external organization.
- Placement within the IAESTE (International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience) Programme in which the student is attached to a workplace abroad during the training.
- The student works on his final-year degree project which involves an industrial partner or external client. The student need not be placed in the company but make frequent visits to ensure that the project will meet the specifications required by the company/client.

In order to ensure that students have useful experience, the summer practical training must be suitably chosen and properly organized. Students are required to indicate the expected training experiences prior to the commencement of their placement, as well as to submit a learning portfolio to report on the learning outcomes and achievements.

Accordingly, the following learning support activities will be coordinated.

(i) Orientation

Students should start their preparatory work by the commencement of the second semester usually at their third-year of study. An orientation will be provided for the following:

- Basic skills in undertaking practical training
- Planning and scheduling for successful completion of assessment instruments
- Information on searching national/international work-base employment, attachments etc.

Students are required to indicate the expected training experiences prior to the commencement of their placements.

(ii) Progress Monitoring

During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to identify their progress of their training. The journal may include:

- Location: Summarize where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organization.
- Responsibilities: Describe the actual responsibilities. Explain the role in terms of the mission of the immediate work team.
- Skills and Knowledge: Describe the skills and knowledge needed to fulfill the work responsibilities. Describe how the knowledge and skill set evolved during the work experiences. Explain how these are relevant to the academic studies and future goals.
- Outcome: Describe the placement experiences and major achievements with concrete examples.

(iii) Learning Evaluation

After returning from the practical training, students are required to submit a report about the work experience together with the work journal. It provides an opportunity for the student to reflect upon the learning gained at the work site. The framework of the report includes:

- A summary or an abstract of the report.
- Detail description of activities carried out during the placement.
- A self-reflection: students articulate their thinking about each piece in the report, as well as on the entire report. Through this process of reflection, students draw connections between work experience and university-based learning, construct new knowledge, and become increasingly aware of themselves as learners.
- Conclusion: after reflection on their workplace experience, students set goals and directions for future learning, such as formulate the objectives of their Final Year Project.

4.9 Industrial Centre (IC) Training

Besides the WIE training components, students are required to undertake training at the Industrial Centre (IC), which is equivalent to 8 training credits. The training is scheduled within Year One and at the end of Year Two. Students will not pay any training fee, nor receive any stipend. IC training is however not part of WIE activities.

4.10 Language Enhancement Subjects

All students are strongly encouraged to make full use of the facilities and services provided in the ELC and CLC to improve their language proficiency throughout the programme.

4.11 Physics Enhancement Subject

Students who do not possess the requisite background knowledge in Physics (i.e. attained Level 2 in HKDSE Physics or Combined Science with a component in Physics) are required to take and pass a Physics enhancement subject (Introduction to Physics) before they can take Physics I and Physics II.

5 Management and Operation

5.1 Administration

The daily operation of the programme, such as general administration of admission, registrations, student records, preparation for Board-of-Examiners meetings and documentations, is overseen by the Programme Leader and the administrative team of the Department. All enquiries regarding registration and general administration from students on the programme should be made to the General Office as the first contact point.

The Departmental Undergraduate Programmes Committee, in which the Head of Department and the Programme Leaders of all programmes offered by the Department are members, discusses and reviews the programme structure, syllabi content, high-level integration and future directions of the programme. The Departmental Learning and Teaching Committee advises on matters related to teaching methods and learning quality and cultivates the positive mentality toward teaching and learning among teaching staff and students. WIE/Career Liaison Officer and Student-Exchange Coordinator are appointed by the Department to provide students with advice and assistance.

5.2 Academic Advisors

While the Programme Leader is available for the operation of the programme, general enquiry and counselling, Academic Advisors are in place to offer more personal contacts and to look after students' need.

The Academic Advisors, usually an academic staff member, is assigned to each newly admitted student and he/she will be with the students till graduation. Academic Advisors provide continuous and individual counselling and help guide the students through various difficulties, if any, which might affect their studies. A specific staff member from the General Office will work closely with the Programme Leaders and the Academic Advisors. All academic requirements and regulations related to academic programmes offered by the department as well as the GUR requirements will be provided to the students.

6 Academic Regulations on Admission, Registration and Assessment

The admission, registration and assessment arrangements described below are in accordance with the University policies and regulations for all 4-year full-time undergraduate degree programmes.

6.1 Admission

Students are admitted into the programme via the Joint University Programmes Admissions System (JUPAS). Non-JUPAS applicants are also considered on their academic merits, as well as non-academic achievements.

6.2 Re-admission

Students who have been required to withdraw on the grounds of academic failure or have been de-registered, and those who have discontinued their studies without completing the proper procedures for official withdrawal, shall not be considered for re-admission to the same programme/stream in the following academic year.

6.3 Transfer of study within the University

A student who has not completed his programme of study may apply to transfer to another programme, and may be admitted, provided that the total period of registration does not exceed the maximum period of registration of the programme with the longer duration. However, year one new students will only be considered for transfer to another programme offered in the same mode of study starting from their second semester of registration.

Students who wish to transfer to another PolyU full-time UGC-funded programme of the same level should submit an application for transfer of study, instead of a new application in the non-JUPAS application period.

All applications for transfer of study will be considered in competition with other new applications.

6.4 Concurrent Enrolment

Students are not permitted to enrol concurrently on two full-time/sandwich programmes, whether or not one of the programmes is offered by another institution.

Except for programmes which do not lead to any formal award, students are not allowed to enrol concurrently on a full-time/sandwich programme and a part-time programme, or on more than one part-time programmes, including those offered by another institution, without permission from the Head(s) of Department concerned.

6.5 Maximum duration for completion of a programme and the validity period of subject credits

The maximum period of registration on, and for completion of, a programme is normally twice the duration of the programme, and must not exceed 8 years. This 8 year maximum period shall apply to programmes whose specified duration is more than 4 years. This period shall exclude deferment granted for justifiable reasons such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong, but any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will be counted towards the maximum period of registration. For Senior Year intakes, students are normally expected to complete their study in 2 years, with a maximum period of registration of 4 years.

A student's registration shall lapse if it is no longer possible for him to obtain an award within the maximum period of registration.

The validity period of subject credits earned is 8 years from the year of attainment, i.e. the year in which the subject is completed. Credits earned from previous study should remain valid at the time when the student applies for credit transfer.

6.6 Residential Requirement

In order to be considered for a PolyU award, a student must complete at least 1/3 of the normal credit requirement for the award he is currently enrolled, unless the professional bodies concerned stipulate otherwise. This 1/3 requirement is also applicable to Minor programme. Students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor.

6.7 Subject Registration and Withdrawal

In addition to programme registration, students need to register for the subjects at specified periods prior to the commencement of the semester. An add/drop period will also be scheduled for each semester/term. Students may apply for withdrawal of their registration on a subject after the add/drop period, if they have a genuine need to do so. The application should be made to the relevant programme offering Department and will require the approval of both the subject lecturer and the host Department Programme Leader concerned. Applications submitted after the commencement of the examination period will not be considered. For approved applications of subject withdrawal, the tuition fee paid for the subject will be forfeited and the withdrawal status of the subject will be shown in the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, but will not be counted in the calculation of the GPA.

The pre-requisite requirements of a subject must have been fulfilled before a student registers for that subject. However, the subject offering Department has the discretion to waive the pre-requisite requirements of a subject, if deemed appropriate. If the pre-requisite subject concerned forms part of the requirements for award, the subject has to be passed in order to satisfy the graduation requirements for the programme concerned, despite the waiving of the pre-requisite.

Students will be allowed to take additional subjects for broadening purpose, after they fulfil the graduation requirements and for the following semester. However, they will still be subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of places in the subjects concerned, and their enrolment will be as subject-based students only.

6.8 Study Load

For students following the progression pattern specified for their programme, they have to take the number of credits and subjects, as specified in this Definitive Programme Document, for each semester. Students cannot drop those subjects assigned by the department unless prior approval has been given by the department.

The normal study load is 15 credits in a semester. The maximum study load to be taken by a student in a semester is 21 credits, unless exceptional approval is given by the Head of the programme offering department. For such cases, students should be reminded that the study load approved should not be taken as the grounds for academic appeal.

To help improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, these students will be required to take a reduced study load load in the following semester (Summer Term excluded). The maximum number of credits to be taken by the students varies according to the policies of individual Departments and will be subject to the approval of the authorities concerned.

Students are not allowed to take zero subject in any semester, including the mandatory summer term as required by some programmes, unless they have obtained prior approval from the programme offering department; otherwise they will be classified as having unofficially withdrawn from their programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will nevertheless be counted towards the maximum period of registration.

Students who have obtained approval to pace their studies and students on programmes without any specified progression pattern who wish to take more than the normal load of 15 credits in a semester should seek advice from the Department concerned before the selection of subjects.

6.9 Subject Exemption

Students may be exempted from taking any specified subjects, including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, if they have successfully completed similar subjects previously in another programme or have demonstrated the level of proficiency/ability to the satisfaction of the subject offering department. Subject exemption is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the subject exemption is to be decided by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments. In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. If students are exempted from taking a specified subject, the credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted towards meeting the award requirements. It will therefore be necessary for the students to consult the programme offering department and take another subject in order to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

6.10 Credit Transfer

Students may be given credits for recognised previous studies including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, and the credits will be counted towards meeting the requirements for award. Credit transfer normally will be done without the grade being carried over. Subject credit transfer is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the decision will be made by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments.

In case of disagreement between the programme offering department and the subject offering department, the two Faculty Deans/School Board Chairmen concerned will make a final decision jointly on the application. The validity period of credits previously earned, is 8 years after the year of attainment.

Normally, not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferable from approved institutions outside the University. For transfer of credits from programmes offered by the University, normally not more than 67% of the credit requirement for award can be transferred. In cases where both types of credits are being transferred (i.e. from programmes offered by the University and from approved institutions outside the University), not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferred.

Credit transfer can be applicable to credits earned by students through study at an overseas institution under an approved exchange programme. Students should, before they go abroad for the exchange programme, seek prior approval from the programme offering department on their study plan and credit transferability. In order to overcome the problems associated with subject-to-subject mappings, block credit transfer rather than subject-by-subject credit transfer can be given.

All credit transfers approved will take effect only in the semester for which they are approved. A student who applies for transfer of credits during the re-enrolment or the add/drop period of a particular semester will only be eligible for graduation at the end of that semester, even if the granting of credit transfer will immediately enable the student to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.

For students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum which is already a reduced curriculum, they should not be given credit transfer for any required GUR subjects, and they must complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for award. Students exceptionally admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum before 2017/18 based on qualification more advanced than Associate Degree/Higher Diploma may be given credit transfer for the required GUR subjects if they had completed comparable components in their earlier studies. These students can take fewer than 61 credits for attaining the award. As from the 2017/18 intake cohort, all students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 61 credits to be eligible for award.

For credit transfer of retaken subjects, the grade attained in the last attempt should be taken in the case of credit transfer with grade being carried over. Students applying for credit transfer for a subject taken in other institutions are required to declare that the subject grade used for claiming credit transfer was attained in the last attempt of the subject in their previous studies. If a student fails in the last attempt of a retaken subject, no credit transfer should be granted, despite the fact that the student may have attained a pass grade for the subject in the earlier attempts.

Students should not be granted credit transfer for a subject which they have attempted and failed in their current study unless the subject was taken by the student as an exchange-out student in his current programme.

6.11 Deferment of Study

Students may apply for deferment of study if they have a genuine need to do so such as illness. Approval from the department offering the programme is required. The deferment period will not be counted towards the maximum period of registration.

Application for deferment of study will be entertained only in exceptional circumstances from students who have not yet completed the first year of a full-time programme.

Where the period of deferment of study begins during a stage for which fees have been paid, no refund of such fees will be made.

Students who have been approved for deferment are not entitled to enjoy any campus facilities during the deferment period.

6.12 General Assessment Regulations

These General Assessment Regulations shall govern all full-time 4-year undergraduate degree programmes and articulation degree programmes, except where the Senate decides otherwise. Unless otherwise specified, students who have opted for the Major/Minor route should abide by the academic regulations, including assessment regulations, stipulated in the definitive programme document applicable to students of the single-discipline Major programme.

For all programmes, students' progress by credit accumulation, i.e. credits earned by passing individual subjects can be accumulated and counted towards the final award.

(i) Subject Level

A 'level' in a programme indicates the intellectual demand placed upon students and may characterise each subject with respect to its recommended sequencing within that programme. Upper level subjects should normally build on lower level subjects. Pre-requisite requirements, if any, must therefore be spelt out on a subject basis.

A 'subject' is defined as a discrete section of the programme which is assigned a separate assessment. A list of subjects, together with their level and weightings, shall be published in the definitive programme document.

| Level Code | | Explanation |
|------------|---|---|
| 0 | = | Pre-university level standard (and remedial subjects taken by new admittees to a 4-year degree programme, or some subjects offered to Higher Diploma students only) |
| 1 | = | Standard comparable to year 1 of a 4-year degree programme |
| 2 | = | Standard comparable to year 2 of a 4-year degree programme |
| 3 | = | Standard comparable to year 3 of a 4-year degree programme |
| 4 | = | Standard comparable to the final year of a 4-year degree programme |
| 5 | = | Master's degree level |
| 6 | = | Doctoral degree level |

The following is the Subject Level code adopted by the University:

(ii) Language of assessment

The language of assessment for all programmes/subjects shall be English, unless approval is given for it to be otherwise.

6.13 Principles of Assessment

Assessment *of* learning and assessment *for* learning are both important for assuring the quality of student learning. Assessment *of* learning is to evaluate whether students have achieved the intended learning outcomes of the subjects that they have taken and have attained the overall learning outcomes of the academic programme at the end of their study at a standard appropriate to the award. Appropriate methods of assessment that align with the intended learning outcomes should be designed for this purpose. The assessment methods will also enable the teacher to differentiate students' different levels of performance within the subject. Assessment *for* learning is to engage students in productive learning activities through purposefully designed assessment tasks.

Assessment will also serve as feedback to students. The assessment criteria and standards should be made explicit to students before the start of the assessment to facilitate student learning, and feedback provided should link to the criteria and standards. Timely feedback should be provided to students so that they are aware of their progress and attainment for the purpose of improvement.

The ultimate authority in the University for the confirmation of academic decisions is the Senate, but for practical reasons, the Senate has delegated to the Faculty/School Boards the authority to confirm the decisions of Boards of Examiners provided these are made within the framework of the General Assessment Regulations. Recommendations from Board of Examiners which fall outside these Regulations shall be ratified by the Academic Regulations Committee (ARC) and reported to the Senate.

6.14 Assessment Methods

Students' performance in a subject can be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering department. Where both continuous assessment and examinations are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade shall be clearly stated in the definitive programme document. The subject offering department can decide whether students are required to pass both the continuous assessment and examination components, or either component only, in order to obtain a subject pass, but this requirement (to pass both, or either, components) shall be specified in the Definite Programme Document. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous Assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.

Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering department.

At the beginning of each semester, the subject teacher should inform students of the details of the methods of assessments to be used, within the assessment framework as specified in the definitive programme document.

6.15 Progression / Academic Probation / Deregistration

- (i) The Board of Examiners shall, at the end of each semester (except for Summer Term unless there are students who are eligible to graduate after completion of Summer Term subjects), determine whether each student is
 - (a) eligible for progression towards an award; or
 - (b) eligible for an award; or
 - (c) required to be deregistered from the programme.

When a student has a Grade Point Average (GPA) lower than 2.0, he will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If a student is able to pull his GPA up to 2.0 or above at the end of the semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected in the assessment result notification but not in the transcript of studies.

- (ii) A student will have 'progressing' status unless he falls within anyone of the following categories, which may be regarded as grounds for deregistration from the programme:
 - (a) the student has exceeded the maximum period of registration for that programme, as specified in the Definitive Programme Document; or
 - (b) the student's GPA is lower than 2.0 for two consecutive semesters and his/her Semester GPA in the second semester is also lower than 2.0; or
 - (c) the student's GPA is lower than 2.0 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within the categories as stipulated above, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in the Summer Term, unless Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme and constitutes a requirement for graduation.

A student may be de-registered from the programme enrolled before the time frame specified at (b) or (c) of (ii) above if his academic performance is poor to the extent that the Board of Examiners considers that there is not much of a chance for him to attain a GPA of 2.0 at the end of the programme.

If the student is not satisfied with the de-registration decision of the Board of Examiners, he/she can lodge an appeal. All such appeal cases will be referred directly to Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for final decision. Views of Faculties/Schools/Departments will be sought and made available to AAC for reference.

6.16 Retaking of Subjects

Students <u>may</u> retake any subject for the purpose of improving their grade without having to seek approval, but they <u>must</u> retake a compulsory subject which they have failed, i.e. obtained an F grade. However, students who have passed a General University Requirements (GUR) subject are not allowed to re-take the <u>same</u> GUR subject for the purpose of improving their grade. Retaking of subjects is with the condition that the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester is not exceeded. Students wishing to retake passed subjects will be accorded a lower priority than those who are required to retake (due to failure in a compulsory subject) and can only do so if places are available.

The number of retakes of a subject is not restricted. Only the grade obtained in the final attempt of retaking (even if the retake grade is lower than the original grade for originally passed subject) will be included in the calculation of the Grade Point Average (GPA). If students have passed a subject but failed after retake, credits accumulated for passing the subject in a previous attempt will remain valid for satisfying the credit requirement for award. (The grades obtained in previous attempts will only be reflected in transcript of studies.)

In cases where a student takes another subject to replace a failed elective subject, the fail grade will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the replacement subject.⁶

6.17 Absence from an assessment component

If a student is unable to complete all the assessment components of a subject, due to illness or other circumstances which are beyond his control and considered by the subject offering Department as legitimate, the Department will determine whether the student will have to complete a late assessment and, if so, by what means. This late assessment shall take place at the earliest opportunity, and before the commencement of the following academic year (except that for Summer Term, which may take place within 3 weeks after the finalisation of Summer Term results). If the late assessment cannot be completed before the commencement of the following academic year, the Faculty/School Board Chairman shall decide on an appropriate time for completion of the late assessment.

The student concerned is required to submit his/her application for late assessment in writing to the Head of Department offering the subject, within five working days from the date of the examination, together with any supporting documents. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the Subject Lecturer concerned, in consultation with the Programme Leader.

6.18 Assessment to be completed

For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a final decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.

⁶ In these circumstances when students do not have a choice to retake a failed subject, such as when the failed subject has been phased out, a 'tie-subject' arrangement can be made with the approval of the Faculty/School Board. Under the arrangement, another appropriate subject can be taken as equivalent to the subject which is not offered. Upon passing the equivalent subject, the fail grade of the original subject will be replaced by the latest grade of the retake subject and the failure grade of the original subject will not be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA.

6.19 Aegrotat Award

If a student is unable to complete the requirements of the programme in question for the award due to very serious illness, or other very special circumstances which are beyond his control, and considered by the Board of Examiners as legitimate, the Faculty/School Board will determine whether the student will be granted an aegrotat award. Aegrotat award will be granted under very exceptional circumstances.

A student who has been offered an aegrotat award shall have the right to opt either to accept such an award, or request to be assessed on another occasion to be stipulated by the Board of Examiners; the student's exercise of this option shall be irrevocable.

The acceptance of an aegrotat award by a student shall disqualify him from any subsequent assessment for the same award.

An aegrotat award shall normally not be classified, and the award parchment shall not state that it is an aegrotat award. However, the Board of Examiners may determine whether the award should be classified, provided that they have adequate information on the students' academic performance.

6.20 Grading

Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A student's overall performance in a subject (including GUR subjects) shall be graded as follows:

| Subject grade | Short description | Elaboration on subject grading description | | |
|------------------|--|---|--|--|
| A+ | Exceptionally Outstanding | The student's work is exceptionally outstanding. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in all regards. | | |
| А | Outstanding The student's work is outstanding. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in nearly all regards. | | | |
| B+ | Very Good The student's work is very good. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in most regards. | | | |
| В | Good | The student's work is good. It exceeds the intended subject learning outcomes in some regards. | | |
| C+ | Wholly SatisfactoryThe student's work is wholly satisfactory. It fully meets the intended subject learning outcomes. | | | |
| С | Satisfactory | The student's work is satisfactory. It largely meets the intended subject learning outcomes. | | |
| D+ | Barely Satisfactory | The student's work is barely satisfactory. It marginally meets the intended subject learning outcomes. | | |
| D | Barely AdequateThe student's work is barely adequate. It meets the intende subject learning outcomes only in some regards. | | | |
| F | Inadequate The student's work is inadequate. It fails to meet many of the intended subject learning outcomes. | | | |

'F' is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ('D' to 'A+') are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

| Codes | Interpretation | Remarks |
|-------|---|--|
| I v | Assessment to be completed | An incomplete grade must be converted to a regular grade normally in the following academic year at the latest. |
| Ν | Assessment is not required | |
| Р | Pass an ungraded subject | This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training. |
| U | Fail an ungraded subject | This code applies to an ungraded subject, such as industrial training. |
| Μ | Pass with Merit | This code applies to all General Education subjects for intake cohorts before 2010/11. The adoption or otherwise of this code to other subjects adopting a "Pass/Fail" grading system would be subject to the decision of individual Departments. The grade "Pass with Merit" can be awarded when the student's work exceeds the subject learning outcomes in the majority of regards. |
| L | Subject to be continued in the following semester | This code applies to subjects like "Project" which may consist of more than 1 part (denoted by the same subject code) and for which continuous assessment is deemed appropriate. |
| S | Absent from assessment | |
| W | Withdrawn from subject | Dropping of subjects after the add/drop period is normally not allowed. Requests for withdrawal from subjects after the add/drop period and prior to examination will only be considered under exceptional circumstances. This code is given when a student has obtained exceptional approval from Department to withdraw from a subject after the "add/drop" period and prior to examination; otherwise, a failure grade (grade F) should be awarded. |
| Ζ | Exempted | |
| Т | Transfer of credit | |
| # | Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty | This code applies to failure (i.e. F and U grades) arising from disqualification of subject result due to academic dishonesty. The code will be removed subsequently when the student leaves the University. |

Codes to Denote Overall Subject Assessments (and subject components, if deemed appropriate)

- [^] For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a final decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The students can be assigned an 'I' code in this circumstance. The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.
- Note: Subjects with the assigned codes I, N, P, U, M, L, W, Z and T (if the subject is without grade transferred) will be omitted in the calculation of the GPA. A subject assigned code S will be taken as zero in the calculation.

| Grade | Grade Point |
|-------|-------------|
| A+ | 4.5 |
| А | 4 |
| B+ | 3.5 |
| В | 3 |
| C+ | 2.5 |
| С | 2 |
| D+ | 1.5 |
| D | 1 |
| F | 0 |

A numeral grade point is assigned to each subject grade, as follows:

At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Grade Point} \times \text{Subject Credit Value}}{\sum_{n} \text{Subject Credit Value}}$$

where n = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned⁷
- Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e. those with the code 'W')

Subject which has been given an "S" code, i.e. absent from assessment, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance, and is capped at 4.0.

All training credits⁸ will be counted in the GPA calculation but not in the WGPA calculation.

⁷ Subjects taken in the University or elsewhere and with grades assigned, and for which credit transfer has been approved, will be included in the GPA calculation.

⁸ "Training credits" is used as a generic term only, and also includes clinical/field credits for programmes in different study disciplines. Laboratory experiments done as a subject/an integral part of a subject to satisfy the academic requirements is not considered to be practical training.

In the event that grade is awarded to subject components, a grade point with the decimal value may be generated for the overall result of the subject. This grade point with decimal value will be converted to grade according to the conversion methodology for deriving the subject overall grades. The corresponding grade point for the subject overall grade, instead of the actual grade points obtained by students, will be used for GPA calculation. This methodology for deriving subject overall grades only serves as an aid to subject assessors. As assessment should be a matter of judgement, not merely a result of computation, the subject lecturer will have the discretion to assign a grade which is considered to reflect more appropriately the overall performance of the student in a subject to override the grade derived by the computer.

6.21 Different types of GPA

GPA's will be calculated for each Semester including the Summer Term. This <u>Semester</u> <u>GPA</u> will be used to determine students' eligibility to progress to the next Semester alongside with the 'cumulative GPA'. However, the Semester GPA calculated for the Summer Term will not be used for this purpose, unless the Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme concerned and constitutes part of the graduation requirements.

The GPA calculated after the second Semester of the students' study is therefore a <u>'cumulative' GPA</u> of all the subjects taken so far by students, and without applying any level weighting.

Along with the 'cumulative' GPA, a <u>weighted GPA</u> will also be calculated, to give an indication to the Board of Examiners on the award classification which a student will likely get if he makes steady progress on his academic studies.

When a student has satisfied the requirements for award, an <u>award GPA</u> will be calculated to determine his award classification.

For students taking the Major/Minor study route, a separate GPA will be calculated for their Major and Minor programmes. The <u>Major GPA</u> will be used to determine his award classification, which will be so reflected on the award parchment. The <u>Minor GPA</u> can be used as a reference for Board of Examiners to moderate the award classification for the Major.

| Types of GPA | Purpose | Rules for GPA calculation |
|-----------------|---|--|
| GPA | Determine Progression/ Graduation | All academic subjects taken by the student throughout his study, both inside and outside the programme curriculum, are included in the GPA calculation. |
| | | (2) For training subjects, including WIE and Clinical/Field subjects, departments can decide whether to include them in the GPA calculation. |
| | | (3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the GPA calculation. |
| | | (4) Level weighting, if any, will be ignored. |
| Semester GPA | Determine Progression | Similar to the rules for GPA as described above, except that only subjects taken in that Semester, including retaken subjects, will be included in the calculation. |
| Weighted GPA | To give an interim indication on the likely Award GPA | Similar to the rules for GPA, except that only subjects inside the programme curriculum concerned will be included in the calculation. Subjects outside the programme curriculum will be excluded. |
| | | (2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects are to be counted towards the Weighted GPA. |
| | | (3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Weighted GPA calculation. |
| | | (4) A weighting of 2 for Level 1 and 2 subjects, and a weighting of 3 for Level 3 and 4 subjects, will be included in the calculation to determine the Honours classifications. |
| | | (5) The weighted GPA will be the same as the Award GPA unless a student has taken more subjects than required. |

| Types of GPA | Purpose | Rules for GPA calculation | | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|--|
| Major/Minor | For reference and determination of award classification | Major/Minor GPA | | |
| GPA | | Only subjects inside the curriculum of the Major/Minor Programmes will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation. | | |
| | | (2) Departments can decide whether the training subjects, are to be counted towards the Major/Minor GPA. | | |
| | | (3) For retake subjects, only the last attempt will be taken in the Major/Minor GPA calculation. | | |
| | | (4) Up to 6 credits from the Major/GUR [including Language Communication Requirements (LCR) subjects at proficiency level] can be counted towards the chosen Minor. Nevertheless, students must take at least 6 credits from their chosen Minor programme in order to satisfy the residential requirement of their chosen Minor. In addition, to be eligible for the Major and Minor awards, the total number of credits taken by the students for their Major-Minor studies must not be lower than the credit requirement of the single discipline Major programme. | | |
| | | Major GPA | | |
| | | Level weighting will be included in the calculation of Major GPA. | | |
| | | Minor GPA | | |
| | | Level weighting will <u>not</u> be included in the calculation of Minor GPA. | | |
| Award GPA | For determination of award classification | If the student has not taken more subjects than required, the Award GPA will be as follows: | | |
| | | (1) For single Major: Award GPA = Weighted GPA | | |
| | | (2) For Major/Minor programmes: Award GPA = Major GPA | | |

6.22 Guidelines for Award Classification

The Weighted GPA will be used as a guide to help determine award classifications.

Weighted GPA will be computed as follows:

Weighted GPA =
$$\frac{\sum_{n}^{n} \text{Subject Grade Point } \times \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_{i}}{\sum_{n}^{n} \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_{i}}$$

where W_i = weighting to be assigned according to the level of the subject

n = number of all subjects counted in GPA calculation

Same as for GPA, Weighted GPA is capped at 4.0.

Any subjects passed after the graduation requirement has been met will <u>not</u> be taken into account of in the grade point calculation for award classification.

For students who have completed a Major/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" which includes grades obtained for the free electives, if appropriate.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme. "Minor GPA" is unweighted.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his Major but a lower GPA for his Minor, he will not be 'penalised' in respect of his award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his Major than his GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider giving the student a higher award classification than with reference to his Major GPA.

6.23 Classification of Awards

For Honours degree programmes, the awards will be classified as follows:

- First Class Honours
- Second Class Honours (Division 1)
- Second Class Honours (Division 2)
- Third Class Honours

The following are guidelines for Boards of Examiners' reference in determining award classifications:

| Honours Degrees | Guidelines | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 1st | The student's performance/attainment is outstanding, and identifies him as exceptionally able in the field covered by the programme in question. | | |
| 2:i | The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment which is more than satisfactory but less than outstanding. | | |
| 2:ii | The student has reached a standard of performance/attainment judged to be satisfactory, and clearly higher than the 'essential minimum' required for graduation. | | |
| 3rd | The student has attained the 'essential minimum' required for graduation at a standard ranging from just adequate to just satisfactory. | | |

Under exceptional circumstances, a student who has completed an Honours degree programme, but has not attained Honours standard, may be awarded a Pass-without-Honours degree. A Pass-without-Honours degree award will be recommended, when the student has demonstrated a level of final attainment which is below the 'essential minimum' required for graduation with Honours from the programme in question, but when he has nonetheless covered the prescribed work of the programme in an adequate fashion, while failing to show sufficient evidence of the intellectual calibre expected of Honours degree graduates. For example, if a student in an Honours degree programme has a Grade Point Average (GPA) of 2.0 or more, but his Weighted GPA is less than 2.0, he may be considered for a Pass-without-Honours classification. A Pass-without-Honours is an unclassified award, but the award parchment will not include this specification.

Students who have committed academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. For undergraduate students who should be awarded a Third class Honours degree, they will be downgraded to a Pass-without-Honours. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass. In rare circumstances where both the Student Discipline Committee and Board of Examiners of a Department consider that there are strong justifications showing the offence be less serious, the requirement for lowering the award classification can be waived.

| Honours Degrees | Weighted GPA |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1st | 3.7+ - 4 |
| 2:i | 3.2 ⁺ - 3.7 ⁻ |
| 2:ii | 2.3 ⁺ - 3.2 ⁻ |
| 3rd | 2.0 - 2.3 |

The following is a set of indicators, for Boards of Examiners' reference, which can be used in helping to determine award classification:

Note: "+" sign denotes 'equal to and more than'; "-" sign denotes 'less than'.

There is no requirement for Boards of Examiners to produce award lists which conform to the guidelines of the above table.

6.24 Examination result announcements, transcripts, testimonials and references

At the end of each semester, where appropriate, examination results are announced online for individual students' checking. It provides information on subjects taken and grades attained, the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects, and the overall result for that semester. The announcement serves as an official notification of the student's academic performance.

A formal transcript of studies will be issued by the University, upon request, to any student registered on a programme offered by the University, and it will include the following information:

- (i) name and student number;
- (ii) title of the programme(s) on which enrolled, or from which graduated;
- (iii) medium of instruction for the programme (applicable only to programmes which are delivered in Chinese and for which both Chinese and English versions are offered);
- (iv) a full academic record, giving subjects taken and grades attained, and the Grade Point Average (GPA) for all subjects;
- (v) credit requirement of the student if different from the normal credit requirement of the programme;
- (vi) where relevant, the final award(s) (including information on the Minor award, if appropriate), with classification and year of award;
- (vii) a statement indicating that the student has completed the Graduating Students' Language Proficiency Assessment (GSLPA) / Work-integrated Education (WIE) activities / Co-curricular Activities / Healthy Lifestyle / e-learning course in Putonghua (to be offered as an option with effect from the 2018/19 intake cohort), as appropriate;
- (viii) a statement showing the duration of supervised training (applicable to sandwich programmes); and
- (ix) information on the partner institution, if the award is for a joint programme with another institution and leads to dual/joint awards.

Students may request for a testimonial which is a certification of their studies at the University, but without details on subjects and subject results. Students may also request for references direct from academic staff members concerned.

6.25 Recording of disciplinary actions in students' records

With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.

Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.

Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and nonacademic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee.

The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study to a student who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

Appendix I

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| EE505A | Power System Control and Operation | AI – 64 |
| EE509A | High Voltage Engineering | AI – 65 |
| EE510A | Electrical Traction Engineering | AI - 66 |
| EE512A | Electric Vehicles | AI - 68 |
| EE514A | Real Time Computing | AI – 69 |
| EE517A | Fibre Optic Components | AI - 70 |
| EE520A | Intelligent Motion Systems | AI – 72 |
| EE521A | Industrial Power Electronics | AI – 74 |
| EE522A | Optical Fibre Systems | AI – 75 |
| EE524A | Open Electricity Market Operation | AI – 76 |
| EE525A | Energy Policy and Restructuring of Electricity Supply Industry | AI – 77 |
| EE526A | Power System Analysis and Dynamics | AI – 78 |
| EE527A | Auto-tuning for Industrial Processes | AI – 79 |
| EE528A | System Modelling and Optimal Control | AI - 80 |
| EE529A | Power Electronics for Utility Applications | AI – 81 |
| EE530A | Electrical Energy Saving Systems | AI – 82 |
| ELC1011 | Practical English for University Studies | AI – 84 |
| ELC1013 | English for University Studies | AI – 86 |
| ELC2011 | Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills | AI – 87 |
| ELC2012 | Persuasive Communication | AI - 88 |
| ELC2013 | English in Literature and Film | AI – 89 |
| ELC2014 | Advanced English for University Studies | AI - 90 |
| ELC3521 | Professional Communication in English | AI – 91 |
| ENG1003 | Freshman Seminar for Engineering | AI – 93 |
| ENG2001 | Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering | AI – 95 |
| ENG2002 | Computer Programming | AI – 96 |
| ENG2003 | Information Technology | AI – 98 |
| ENG3003 | Engineering Management | AI – 99 |
| ENG3004 | Society and the Engineer | AI – 101 |
| ENG4001 | Project Management | AI – 103 |
| IC2105 | Engineering Communication and Fundamentals | AI – 104 |
| IC2112 | IC Training I (EE) | AI – 106 |
| ISE404 | Total Quality Management | AI – 108 |
| MM4522 | China Business Management | AI – 109 |
| | | |

| Subject Code | AF3625 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Engineering Economics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Normal Duration | 1-semester |
| Pre requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Exclusion: AF2618 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to equip students with |
| | 1. the fundamental concepts of micro- and macroeconomics related to the engineering industry; |
| | 2. the fundamental understanding of finance and costing for engineering operations, budgetary planning and control. |
| Intended | Upon successful completion of this subject, students will be able to: |
| Learning Outcomes | a. understand how the relevant economic factors shape the environment within which an engineering company operates; |
| | b. evaluate the financial condition of a company based on the financial statements; |
| | c. apply the basic cost accounting techniques in the planning and control of engineering and production activities. |
| Subject | Economic Environment of a Firm Microeconomic Factors |
| Synopsis/ Indicative | Scarcity, choice and opportunity cost; Demand, supply and price; Profit-maximizing behavior of the firm; Organization of industry: perfect competition and monopoly |
| Syllabus | Macroeconomic Factors |
| | International trade and globalization |
| | Accounting and Engineering Economics |
| | Financial statements; Financial ratio analysis; Return on investment; Composition of cost; Cost-volume-profit analysis; Accounting profit versus economic profit |
| | Fundamentals of Budgetary Planning and Control |
| | Principle types of budgets for production and service operations; Approaches to budgeting and the budgeting process; Investment and source of finance; Cost of capital; Evaluation of investment alternatives |
| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | The two-hour lecture each week focuses on the introduction and explanation of key concepts of Engineering Economics. The one-hour tutorial provides students with directed studies to enhance their self-learning capacities. Individual and group activities including discussions and presentations are conducted to facilitate students' understanding and application of the concepts they have learned to tackling real-life problems in Engineering Economics. |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | |
|---|--|----------------|---|--------------|-----------------------|
| Learning | methods/ tasks | | а | b | с |
| Outcomes | Continuous Assessment | 50% | | | |
| | 1. In-class activities | 15% | | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | 2. Written assignments | 15% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | 3. Test | 20% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | Final Examination | 50% | | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | |
| | To pass this subject, students Continuous Assessment and E | | | de D or abo | ve in <u>both</u> the |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | |
| Effort Required | Lecture | | 26 Hrs. | | |
| - | Tutorial | | 13 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | |
| | Study and self-learning | | 48 Hr. | | |
| | Written assignments | | | | 18 Hr. |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 105 Hrs. |
| Reading List | Recommended Textbooks | | | | |
| and References Parkin and Bade, <i>Foundations of Microeconomics</i> , 8 th ed., Pearson, 2018. Sullivan, Wicks and Koelling, <i>Engineering Economy</i> , 16 th ed., Pearson, 2014 References | | | | | 14. |
| | Drury, Colin, Management an Robert H. Frank, The Econom Everything?, Basic Books, 200 | ic Naturalist: | - | | - |

| Subject Code | AF5107 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Accounting for Engineers |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To orient students to the purpose and the subject matter of accounting. To provide students with the techniques and tools to understand and interpret accounting information. To stimulate students' interests in accounting. |
| Intended | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Learning Outcomes | a. Employ the accounting building blocks from the preparers' perspective.b. Understand accounting information from the users' perspective and be able to interpret them.c. Appreciate the role of quality accounting information in the decision making process. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Understanding Accounting Why accounting matters. Accounting and its building blocks. The recording process. The accounting information system. The financial statements. Corporate governance, internal control and cash. The application of accounting rules (GAAPs) in general and in particular to receivables and long-lived assets. |
| | Interpretation of Accounts The need for comparative analysis. Tools of financial statement analysis. Understanding the uses and limitations of the tools. Gaining meaningful insights from the numbers. |
| | Managerial Accounting Concepts & Techniques Understanding costs. Costing techniques. Tracking costs. Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. |
| | Financial Management Basic concepts and funding needs. Capital Budgeting. Cashflow statement, budgeted income statement, budgeted balance sheet and cash budget |
| | Accounting is Interesting A case study of financial statements of a listed company. |
| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | A three-hour seminar will be conducted each week to initiate students to ideas, concepts and techniques of the topics, which is then reinforced by their participation in class discussion, quiz and presentation. These are designed to consolidate and develop students' understanding and analytical ability through problem solving and working on relevant cases. |

| Methods in | Specific assessment | % | | ubject learnin o be assesse | 0 | |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Alignment with Intended | methods/tasks | weighting | а | b | с | |
| Learning | Continuous Assessment | 50% | | | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Class assignment and group discussion | | | \checkmark | | |
| | 2. Individual writing task | 18% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 3. Group Project | 20% | | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Final Examination | 50% | | | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| Student Stude | adjusted based on the pedagogic | al needs of subj | ect lecturers. | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Enort Expected | Seminar | | | | 39 Hrs. | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort:Reading books and working | through assigne | d problems | | 45 Hrs. | |
| | | 0 0 | d problems | | 45 Hrs. 15 Hrs. | |
| | Reading books and working | 0 0 | ed problems | | - | |

| Subject Code | AMA1110 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Subject Title | Basic Mathematics I – Ca | lculus and Pi | obability & | Statistics | | | | |
| Credit Value | 3 | | | | | | | |
| Level | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite | Nil | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | This subject aims to introduce students to the basic concepts and applications of elementary calculus and statistics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts and the use of mathematical techniques in handling practical problems in science and engineering. | | | | | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Upon completion of the s a. apply analytical reaso b. make use of the know solutions to various si c. apply mathematical n d. demonstrate abilities Elementary calculus: Lir rules of differentiation exponential and logarith hyperbolic and inverse Elementary Probability probability and probabilit applications. Population and random sa proportions, and sample | oning to solve vledge of mat ituations; nodeling in pi of logical and mit and cont including ch umic functio hyperbolic and Statisi ity distributio amples. Samp variances. | problems i hematical/s roblem solvi d analytical t inuity, deriv- nain rule, I ns, trigono functions, <u>tics</u> : Descr ons, binomi bling distrib Concepts o | n science and tatistical tech ng; hinking. vatives and ceibniz's rul metric funct applications iptive statis al, Poisson a utions related f a point est | their geome e and L'F ions and t of differer tics, randc and normal d to sample timator and | adapt known etric meaning, lopital's rule, heir inverses, ntial calculus. om variables, distributions, mean, sample a confidence | | |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Basic concepts and ele elementary statistics and enhanced in tutorials thro | linear algebra | a will be tau | ight in lectur | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended s assessed | ubject learni | ng outcome | s to be | | |
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Homework, quizzes and mid-term test | 40% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | 1 | | 1 | | |
| | Continuous Assessment c mid-term test. An examin | | | | | quizzes and a | | |

| | Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components. | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: | | | | |
| | The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and applied differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and elementary such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/ appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit ho regularly in order to allow subject lecturers to keep track of stud course. | v linear algebra. As quizzes is considered mework assignments | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | |
| Enort Expected | Lecture | 26 Hrs. | | | |
| | Tutorial | 13 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | |
| | Homework and self-study | 81 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort | 120 Hrs. | | | |
| Reading List and | Chung, K.C. A Short Course in Calculus and Matrices, McGraw H | iill 2013 | | | |
| References | Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics of Hill 2013 | & Statistics, McGraw | | | |
| | Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012 | | | | |
| | Walpole, R.E., Myers, R.H., Myers, S.L. Ye, K. Probability Engineers and Scientists, Prentice Hall, 2012 | y and Statistics for | | | |
| | | | | | |

Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess

| [| |
|--|--|
| Subject Code | AMA1120 |
| Subject Title | Basic Mathematics II – Calculus and Linear algebra |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite | Pre-requisite: AMA1110 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to introduce students to the basic concepts and applications of elementary calculus and statistics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts and the use of mathematical techniques in handling practical problems in science and engineering. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply analytical reasoning to solve problems in science and engineering; b. make use of the knowledge of mathematical/statistical techniques and adapt known solutions to various situations; c. apply mathematical modeling in problem solving; d. demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Elementary calculus: Mean Value Theorem with applications to optimization and curve sketching. Definite and indefinite integrals, fundamental theorem of calculus, methods of integration (integration by substitution, integration by parts, integration of rational functions), reduction formulas, applications to geometry and physics. Improper Integrals. Linear algebra: Basic properties of matrices and determinants, linear systems, Gaussian elimination, inverse of a square matrix, Cramer's rule, vectors in 2-space or in 3-space, applications to geometry. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Basic concepts and elementary techniques of differential and integral calculus and linear algebra will be taught in lectures. These will be further enhanced in tutorials through practical problem solving. |

| Assessment | Specific assessment | % | Intended subject learning outcomes to be asses | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Methods in Alignment with | methods/tasks | weighting | a | b | c c | d | | | | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | 1. Homework, quizzes and mid- term test | 40% | × | × | ~ | ~ | | | | | | |
| | 2. Examination | 60% | · · · · · | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total | 100 % | //// | | | | | | | | | |
| | students' level of un mathematical techniqu To pass this subject, continuous assessment Explanation of the app learning outcomes: The subject focuses on differential/integral ca such, an assessment n appropriate. Further regularly in order to a | mid-term test. An examination is held at the end of the semester. Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in differential/integral calculus, elementary statistics and elementary linear algebra. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are required to submit homework assignments | | | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study | course. Class contact: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture | | 26 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Tutorial | | 13 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Other student study eff | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Homework and | | 81 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total student study eff | Total student study effort | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reading List and | Chung, K.C. A Short | Course in Ca | lculus and M | atrices, McGi | raw Hill 2013 | | | | | | | |
| References | Hung, K.F., Kwan, Wilson, Pong, T.Y. Foundation Mathematics & Statistics, McGraw Hill 2013 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hill 2013 | | | | Larson, R., Edwards, B. Single Variable Calculus, Brooks/Cole 2012 | | | | | | | |
| | | 3. Single Var | iable Calculi | us, Brooks/C | ole 2012 | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | AMA2111 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Mathematics I |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite | AMA1101 or AMA1102 or AMA1120 or AMA1500 |
| Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Exclusion: AMA2007, AMA2308, AMA2380, AMA2511, AMA2882, AMA290 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; |
| | b. extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; |
| | c. develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems |
| | d. demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; |
| | e. search for useful information in the process of problem solving. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | <u>Algebra of complex numbers</u> Complex numbers, geometric representation, complex exponential functions, n-th roots of a complex number. |
| | Linear algebra Systems of linear equations, vector spaces, inner product and orthogonality, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, applications. |
| | Ordinary differential equations ODE of first and second order, linear systems, Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, applications to mechanical vibrations and simple circuits. |
| | <u>Differential calculus of functions of several variables</u> Partial derivatives, total differential, chain rule, Taylor's expansion, maxima and minima, directional derivatives, Lagrange multipliers, implicit differentiation, applications. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability. |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende assesse | ed subjec d | t learning | outcome | es to be | | |
|--|---|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | e | | |
| Outcomes | 1.Homework, quizzes and mid-term test | 40% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Total | Total 100% | | | | | | | |
| | Continuous Assessment comprises of assignments, in-class quizzes, online quizzes and a mid-term test. An examination is held at the end of the semester. Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use | | | | | | | | |
| | mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components. | | | | | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: | | | | | | | | |
| | The subject focuses on unde engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewor to keep track of students' pu | As such, a is considered ork assignments | an asses appropr regularly | sment n iate. F | ethod b urthermo | ased m ore, stud | ainly on lents are | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | • Lecture | | | | | | 26 Hrs. | | |
| | • Tutorial | | | | | 13 Hrs. | | | |
| | Mid-term test and exam | ination | | | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort | | | | | | | | |
| | Assignments and Self s | tudy | | | | 78 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort: | | | | | 1 | 17 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and | Total student study effort: 117 Hr C.K. Chan, C.W. Chan and K.F. Hung, <i>Basic Engineering Mathematics</i>, McGraw Hill, 2015. Anton, H. Elementary Linear Algebra (11th edition). Wiley, 2014. Kreyszig, E. (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th ed. Wiley. James, G. (2015). Modern Engineering Mathematics, 5th ed. Pearson Educat Limited Thomas, G. B., Weir, M. D. & Hass, J. R. Thomas' Calculus, 14th ed. Pears | | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | AMA2112 |
|--|---|
| | |
| Subject Title | Mathematics II |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: AMA2111 |
| Objectives | This subject is a continuation of AMA2111. It aims to introduce students to the basic principles and techniques of engineering mathematics. Emphasis will be on the understanding of fundamental concepts as well as applications of mathematical methods in solving practical problems in science and engineering. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply mathematical reasoning to analyze essential features of different problems in science and engineering; b. extend their knowledge of mathematical and numerical techniques and adapt known solutions in various situations; c. develop and extrapolate the mathematical concepts in synthesizing and solving new problems d. demonstrate abilities of logical and analytical thinking; e. search for useful information in the process of problem solving. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | <u>Multiple integrals</u> Double and triple integrals, change of variables, applications to problems in geometry and mechanics. <u>Vector calculus</u> Vector and scalar fields, the del operator, line and surface integrals, the theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes, applications to electromagnetic theory and fluid mechanics. <u>Series expansion</u> Infinite series, Taylor's expansion, Fourier series expansion of a periodic function. <u>Partial differential equations</u> Formulation of PDE of mathematical physics, separation of variables, initial- boundary value problems, introduction to Fourier transforms. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The subject will be delivered mainly through lectures and tutorials. The lectures aim to provide the students with an integrated knowledge required for the understanding and application of mathematical concepts and techniques. Tutorials will mainly be used to develop students' problem solving ability. |

| Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | e | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Homework, quizzes and mid-term test | 40% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | | |
| | mid-term test. An examination is held at the end of the semester. Questions used in assignments, quizzes, tests and examinations are used to assess students' level of understanding of the basic concepts and their ability to use mathematical techniques in solving problems in science and engineering. To pass this subject, students are required to obtain grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: The subject focuses on understanding of basic concepts and application of techniques in engineering mathematics. As such, an assessment method based mainly on examinations/tests/quizzes is considered appropriate. Furthermore, students are | | | | | | | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo | As such, an is considered o rk assignments r | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on ents are | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr | As such, an is considered o rk assignments r | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on ents are | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr Class contact: | As such, an is considered o rk assignments r | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on ents are lecturers | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr | As such, an is considered o rk assignments r | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on ents are | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr Class contact: • Lecture | As such, an is considered a rk assignments r ogress in the cou | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs. | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial | As such, an is considered a rk assignments r ogress in the cou | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs. | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial • Mid-term test and exam | As such, an is considered a rk assignments r ogress in the cou | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased m re, stud | ainly on lents are lecturers 26 Hrs. | | |
| | engineering mathematics. examinations/tests/quizzes required to submit homewo to keep track of students' pr Class contact: • Lecture • Tutorial • Mid-term test and exam Other student study effort | As such, an is considered a rk assignments r ogress in the cou | n assessi appropria egularly | ment m nte. Fi | ethod b urthermo | ased mare, stud | ainly on cents are lecturers 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. | | |

| Subject Code | AP10001 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Introduction to Physics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This is a subject designed for students with no background in physics studies. Fundamental concepts in major topics of physics (mechanics, heat, wave and electromagnetism) will be discussed. The aim of this subject is to equip students with some basic physics knowledge, and to appreciate its applications in various branches of science and technology. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. solve simple problems in kinematics Newton's law and Energy; b. solve problems in heat capacity and latent heat; c. explain phenomena related to the wave character of light; d. apply the superposition of waves; e. understand electrostatic field and potential; f. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; and g. describe and demonstrate the phenomenon of electromagnetism. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Mechanics: scalars and vectors; kinematics and dynamics; Newton's laws; momentum, impulse, work and energy; conservation of momentum and conservation of energy. Thermal physics: heat and internal energy; heat capacity; conduction, convection and radiation; latent heat. Waves: nature of waves; wave motion; reflection and refraction; image formation by mirrors and lenses; superposition of waves; standing waves; diffraction and interference; electromagnetic spectrum; sound waves. Electromagnetism: charges; Coulomb's law; electric field and potential; current and resistance; Ohm's law; magnetic field; magnetic force on moving charges and current-carrying conductors; Faraday's law and Lenz's law. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. |

| | e-learning: In order to enhance electronic means and multimed lectures; communication betwee and notices etc. | ia technologies | s woul | d be a | adopte | ed for | prese | entati | ons of |
|--|---|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | ided si asses | | learni | ng ou | itcom | les |
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | e | f | g |
| Outcomes | 1. Continuous assessment | 40% | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | 2. Examination | 60% | ✓ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | ~ |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | | |
| | timely checking of learning pr means of checking how effective in the class. Examination: This is a major closed-book examination. Com such that the emphasis of assesss and problem solving ability of th | e the students d assessment co plicated formula ment would be | igest a mpone as wou | nd con nt of ild be | nsolida the su given | ate the ubject. to ave | It oid ro | would would be me | taugh d be a emory |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture | | | | | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Tutorial | | | | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | | 81 | Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | | 120 | Hrs. |
| Reading List and References | John D. Cutnell & Kenneth John Wiley & Sons. Hewitt, Conceptual Physics | | | | | | | lition, | , 2013 |

| | T |
|--|---|
| Subject Code | AP10005 |
| Subject Title | Physics I |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This course provides a broad foundation in mechanics and thermal physics to those students who are going to study science, engineering, or related programmes. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. solve simple problems in single-particle mechanics using calculus and vectors; b. solve problems in mechanics of many-particle systems using calculus and vectors; c. understand simple harmonic motion and solve simple problems; d. solve problems related to acoustic standing waves; e. calculate changes in frequency received due to Doppler's effect; f. apply ideal gas laws to solve problems; g. apply the first law of thermodynamics to simple processes; and h. solve simple problems related to the cyclic processes. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Mechanics: calculus-based kinematics, dynamics and Newton's laws; calculus-based Newtonian mechanics, involving the application of impulse, momentum, work and energy, etc.; conservation law; gravitational force; systems of particles; collisions; rigid body rotation; angular momentum; oscillations and simple harmonic motion; pendulum; statics; longitudinal and transverse waves; travelling wave and standing wave; Doppler effect; sound waves and beats. Thermal physics: conduction, convection and radiation; black body radiation; ideal gas and kinetic theory; work, heat and internal energy; first law of thermodynamics; entropy and the second law of thermodynamics; Carnot cycle; heat engine and refrigerators. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lecture: Fundamentals in mechanics, waves and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecturer; delivery of handouts, homework and notices etc. |

| N/lothode in | Secolific account | % | Inter | and an | In i a at | 1 | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|-----------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intended Learning | | 0 0 | а | b | c | d | e | f | g | h | | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Continuous assessment | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | | | | | | | | |
| ntended Learning Jutcomes | 2. Examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | Total 100% | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | The continuous assessment includes assignments, quizzes and test(s) which aim at checking the progress of students' study throughout the course, assisting them in fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | | | | | |
| | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | ing, ar | alysi | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: • Lecture | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | ing, ar | alysi Hrs. | | | |
| | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | ing, ar | alysi | | | |
| | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: • Lecture | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | ing, ar | alysi Hrs. | | | |
| | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: Lecture Tutorial | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | 33 6 | Hrs. | | | |
| | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort: | essment wou | ld be | | | | | | 33 6 81 | alys Hrs. Hrs. | | | |
| Effort Expected | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort: Self-study | mond A. Se | erway, | "Phys | testir | ng the | under | standi | 33 6 81 120 | Hrs. Hrs. Hrs. Hrs. | | | |
| | such that the emphasis of asse and problem solving ability of Class contact: Lecture Tutorial Other student study effort: Self-study Total student study effort: 1. John W. Jewett and Ray | mond A. Se /Cole Cengas | erway, | "Phy: arning | testin sics f | or Sci | entist | s and | 333 6 81 120 Engir | Hrs. Hrs. Hrs. Hrs. | | | |

| Subject Code | AP10006 |
|--|---|
| | |
| Subject Title | Physics II |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To provide students with fundamental knowledge in physics focusing on the topics of waves and electromagnetism. This course prepares students to study science, engineering or related programmes. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. apply simple laws in optics to explain image formation; b. understand phenomena related to the wave character of light; c. solve problems in electrostatics; d. solve problems on interaction between current and magnetic field; e. apply electromagnetic induction to various phenomena; and f. solve problems in simple circuits. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Waves and optics: nature of light, reflection and refraction; Snell's law; image formation by mirrors and lenses; compound lens; microscope and telescope; superposition of waves; Huygen's principle; interference and diffraction; diffraction grating; Rayleigh's criterion and optical resolution; polarization. Electromagnetism: charge and Field; Coulomb's law and Gauss' law; electrostatic field and potential difference; capacitors and dielectric; current and resistance; Ohm's law; electromotive force, potential difference; Lorentz force; magnetic force on moving charges and current; Hall effect; Biot-Savart law and Ampere's law; Faraday's law and Lenz's law; induction; transformers; AC circuits and applications. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lecture: The fundamentals in optics and electromagnetism will be explained. Examples will be used to illustrate the concepts and ideas in the lecture. Students are free to request help. Homework problem sets will be given. Student-centered Tutorial: Students will work on a set of problems in tutorials. Students are encouraged to solve problems and to use their own knowledge to verify their solutions before seeking assistance. These problem sets provide them opportunities to apply their knowledge gained from the lecture. They also help the students to consolidate what they have learned. Furthermore, students can develop a deeper understanding of the subject in relation to daily life phenomena or experience. e-learning: In order to enhance the effectiveness of teaching and learning processes, electronic means and multimedia technologies would be adopted for presentations of lectures; communication between students and lecture; delivery of handouts, homework |

| Assessment | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------|------------------------------------|---------|---|---|---|--------------|--|--|
| Methods in | Specific assessment | % | Intended subject learning outcomes | | | | | | | |
| Alignment with | methods/tasks | weighting | | | | | | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | a | b | c | d | e | f | | |
| | 1. Continuous assessment | 40% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | 2. Examination | 60% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | \checkmark | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| | The continuous assessment includes assignments, quizzes and test(s) which aim at checking the progress of students' study throughout the course, assisting them in fulfilling the learning outcomes. Assignments in general include end-of-chapter problems, which are used to reinforce and assess the concepts and skills acquired by the students; and to let them know the level of understanding that they are expected to reach. At least one test would be administered during the course of the subject as a means of timely checking of learning progress by referring to the intended outcomes, and as means of checking how effective the students digest and consolidate the materials taught in the class. Examination: This is a major assessment component of the subject. It would be a closed-book examination. Complicated formulas would be given to avoid rote memory, such that the emphasis of assessment would be put on testing the understanding, analysis and problem solving ability of the students. | | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Lecture | 33 Hrs. | | | | | | | | |
| | Tutorial | 6 Hrs. | | | | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 8 | 81 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | 12 | 20 Hrs. | | | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Leading List and 1. John W. Jewett and Raymond A. Serway, "Physics for Scientists and Enginee | | | | | | | | | |

| | <u>Subject Descripti</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Subject Code | APSS1L01 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Subject Title | Tomorrow's Leaders | | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit Value | 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Level | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfill | Healthy Lifestyle Freshman Seminar Languages and Communicatio Leadership and Intra-Persona Service-Learning Cluster-Area Requirement (C. Human Nature, Relati Community, Organizz History, Cultures and Science, Technology China-Study Requirement Yes or □ No Writing and Reading Require | Freshman Seminar Languages and Communication Requirement (LCR) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development Service-Learning Cluster-Area Requirement (CAR) Human Nature, Relations and Development Community, Organization and Globalization History, Cultures and World Views Science, Technology and Environment China-Study Requirement | | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | NIL | | | | | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 100% Continuous Assessment | Individual Assessment | Group Assessment | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Class Participation | 20% | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Group Project | | 30% | | | | | | | | |
| | 3. Term Paper | 50% | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Note: The grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned; The completion and submission of all component assignments are required for | | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | The course is designed to enable stu concepts of the basic personal qua qualities) of effective leaders. This reflect on their intrapersonal qua learning to oneself. Finally, the importance of intrapersonal and inte | lities (particularly intrape subject also intends to h lities, interpersonal qual subject cultivates studen | ersonal and interpersonal elp students develop and ities and connection of nts' appreciation of the | | | | | | | | |

| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
|--|---|
| Outcomes | a. understand and integrate theories, research and concepts on the basic qualities (particularly intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities) of effective leaders; |
| | b. develop self-awareness and self-understanding; |
| | c. acquire interpersonal skills; |
| | d. develop self-reflection skills; |
| | e. understand the importance of intrapersonal and interpersonal qualities in effective leadership, particularly the connection of learning in the subject to one's personal development. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. An overview of the personal attributes of effective leaders: roles of self- understanding and interpersonal relationship qualities in effective leadership. |
| | 2. Cognitive competence: different types of thinking styles; higher-order thinking; experiential learning; role of cognitive competence, critical thinking and problem solving in effective leadership. |
| | 3. Emotional competence: awareness and understanding of emotions; emotional quotient (EQ); role of emotional management in effective leadership; mental health and stress management. |
| | 4. Resilience: stresses faced by adolescents; life adversities; coping with life stresses; role of resilience in effective leadership. |
| | 5. Morality and integrity: moral issues and moral competence; role of morality in effective leadership; ethical leadership; integrity and effective leadership. |
| | 6. Positive and healthy identity: self-identity, self-esteem and self-concept; self-discrepancies; role of self-concept in effective leadership. |
| | 7. Spirituality: meaning of life and adolescent development; role of spirituality in effective leadership; servant leadership. |
| | 8. Social competence and egocentrism: basic social competence skills; roles of social competence, care and compassion in effective leadership; egocentrism in university students. |
| | 9. Relationship building, team building and conflict management: relationship quality and effective leadership; conflict management and effective leadership. |
| | 10. Interpersonal communication: theories, concepts, skills and blocks of interpersonal communication; role of communication skills in effective leadership. |
| | 11. Self-leadership and sense of responsibility in effective leaders; life-long learning and leadership. |
| | 12. Mental health and effective leadership: stress management; importance of mental health and wellness among university students. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Students taking this cour intrapersonal and interpe experiential learning and studies on successful an teaching/learning methodo 1. Lectures; 2. Experiential classo 3. Group project pres | ersonal conte: collaborative d fallen lead blogy includes room activitie | xts. Intel learning ers will s: | lectual t are emp | hinking, phasized | reflecti in the | ve learn course. | students' understanding and qualities in effective leadersl subject matter to oneself an pursuit of knowledge covered Based on the implementation of 2011; 2011-2012; 2012-2013; 2 | this subject in the past four academic years (013-2014), evaluation findings consistently sh ieve the intended learning outcomes in the stu- |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | 4. Written assignmen | nt. | | | | | | university context in Hong K Development, 11(3), 173-179. | pment of a positive youth development subject ong. International Journal on Disability and H |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | ed subject d b | t learning | g outcon | nes to be | subject for university students ID 934679, 8 pages, doi:10.11 Shek, D. T. L. (2013). Promotio | on of holistic development in university student ership and intrapersonal development. Best Prac |
| | 1. Class Participation^ | 20% | √ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | Shek, D. T. L., & Law, M. Y. M intrapersonal development: v | A. (2014). Evaluation of a subject on leadership iews of the students based on qualitative evalua sability and Human Development.doi:10.1515/ij |
| | 2. Group Project* | 30% | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ~ | ~ | 2014-0339 | |
| | 3. Term Paper^ | 50% | ~ | ~ | | ~ | ~ | university subject on leaders | 014). Post-lecture subjective outcome evaluation hip and positive youth development in Hong K sability and Human Development.doi:10.1515/ij. |
| | *assessment is based on gr ^assessment is based on in Explanation of the approplearning outcomes: 1. <u>Assessment of Class</u> and preparation for la oneself, develop soc appreciation of the qualities. Hence, marigiven. Students will the assignment and dig completion of worksi and join discussions in and learning of othe marks will reflect the interpersonal skills (st the group) of the group participation. 2. <u>Assessment of Group</u> indication of the stud on personal qualities interpersonal skills an knowledge covered in | ndividual effor riateness of th <u>Participation</u> ectures can he cial skills, co importance of ks for class pa e assessed by up materials heets and sha n class. Also, r group mem he mastery of uch as collabo up members. P <u>p Project (30</u> ents' understa s in effective d degree of re | (20%): It elp studer onnect le of intrape articipatio : a) prepa before c rring) and students w beters in a of knowl oration wi eer assess <u>0%)</u> : Groo unding and e leadersl | t is expect the under arning t ersonal a praterion for lass), b) l c) volui will be in n honest edge, se ith other sment wi up proje d integra | cted that stand th to onese and inte eparation particip nteering wited to and au elf-reflec member Il contribution ct prese tion of t | c classroo e subjece elf and rpersona n for lece e.g., com pation in to answ rate the thentic n tion and s and co pute to m ntation heories a d group | om activ t matter promote l leader tures win nplete on class (ver ques perform manner. l qualit ntribution narks in can giv and como | Human Development. doi:10.1 Shek, D. T. L., & Ma, C. M. S. subject on leadership and ir Disability and Human Develo, Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. development course in Journal on Disability and Hum Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. development course in a Journal on Disability and Hum Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. competence in university st International Journal on Disa Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. Hunversity students: Evaluati International Journal on Disa Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. development course in a Journal on Disa Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. development course in a Journal on Disa Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. development course in a Journal on Disability and Hum Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (course promoting leadership in Hong Kong. International Journal on Jisa Shek, D. T. L., & Sun, R. C. F. (2001). | (2014). Do university students change after takin trapersonal development? International Journal orment. doi:10.1515/ijdhd-2014-0341 (2012a). Focus group evaluation of a positive y a university in Hong Kong. Internationan Development, 11(3), 249-254. F. (2012b). Process evaluation of a positive y university setting in Hong Kong. Internationan Development, 11(3), 235-241. F. (2012c). Promoting leadership and intrapers tudents: What can we learn from Hong Kobility and Human Development, 11(3), 221-228. F. (2012d). Promoting psychosocial competencies on based on a one group pretest-posttest desbility and Human Development, 11(3), 229-234. (2012e). Qualitative evaluation of a positive y university setting in Hong Kong. Internationan Development, 11(3), 229-234. (2012e). Qualitative evaluation of a positive y university setting in Hong Kong. Internationan Development, 11(3), 243-248. (2013). Post-course subjective outcome evaluation and intrapersonal development in university stude ournal on Disability and Human Development, 11(2), 243-248. (2013). Post-lecture evaluation of a university conal development. International Development, 12(2), 2013. |

| | Development, 11(3), 171-172. Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., Tsien-Wong, T. B. K., (2013). Objective outcome evaluation of a l | |
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| | development subject for university students. Internand Human Development, 12(2), 221-227. Shek, D. T. L., Sun, R. C. F., Yuen, W. W. H., Chui, Y. Yu, L., Chak, Y. L. Y., Law, M. Y. M., Chung, Y. Second piloting of a leadership and intrapersonal development, 12(2), 107-114. Shek, D. T. L., & Wu, F. K. Y. (2012). Reflective journa youth development course in a university context i World Journal. Article ID 131560, 8 pages, 2012. doi: Shek, D. T. L., & Wu, F. K. Y. (2014). The role of the Reflections of students. International Journal Development. doi:10.1515/jijdhd-2014-0344 Shek, D. T. L., Wu, F. K. Y., & Law, M. Y. M. (2014). subject on leadership and intrapersonal development: recipients. International Journal on Disability doi:10.1515/jijdhd-2014-0340 Shek, D. T. L., & Yu, L. (2014). Post-course subject subject on leadership and intrapersonal development to Kong. International Journal on Disability doi:10.1515/jijdhd-2014-0342 | national Journal on Disability H., Dorcas, A., Ma, C. M. S., Y. H., & Tsui, P. F. (2013). relopment subject at The Hong nal on Disability and Human als of students taking a positive in Hong Kong. The Scientific 10.1100/2012/131560 eachers in youth development: on Disability and Human Perceptions of a university Reflections of the scholarship and Human Development. tive outcome evaluation of a for university students in Hong |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | |
| Expected | Lectures and experiential learning activities | 39 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | |
| | Group project preparation | 20 Hrs. |
| | Reading and writing term paper | 76 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | 135 Hrs. |
| Reading List and | Basic References: | |
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| Rose-Krasnor, L. (1997). The nature of social competence: A theoretical review. Social |
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| Subject Code | BSE463 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Design of Mechanical Systems in Buildings |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite Co-requisite Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ENG2001 and EE3009A |
| Objectives | To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of air conditioning system, refrigeration and indoor environmental issues for different kinds of buildings common to Hong Kong; and To provide students with a comprehensive understanding in formulation provide students. |
| | (2) To provide students with a comprehensive understanding in formulating practical energy policies. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon successful completion of the subject, students are expected to: <u>Professional / academic knowledge and skills</u> |
| | a. Be able to have basic knowledge of thermal systems in buildings. b. Be able to undertake the thermodynamic and application analysis of vapour compression refrigeration systems. c. Be able to select a proper method for estimating operation energy use for a given building air-conditioning system on the basis of understanding the energy analysis requirement, and the calculation principles of current major building energy analysis methods. d. Be able to undertake the design and analysis of ventilation systems for general contaminants control on the basis of understanding the function and working principles of contaminants control, and able to undertake the ventilation measurements for evaluating the ventilation of contaminants control. Attributes for all roundedness |
| | e. Be able to communicate to others in a clear and concise manner through written reports, drawings and oral presentation; and f. Be able to develop the skills and abilities to undertake, independently, a major piece of investigation work in a specialist subject area. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | This subject provides a basic understanding of air conditioning system, refrigeration and indoor environment issues for different kinds of buildings common to Hong Kong. The syllabus includes air conditioning fundamentals, loads estimation, fan and duct sizing, ventilation for acceptable air quality and refrigeration plant exclusively designed for non BSE students. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Students are briefed in the first lecture for the expected subject outcomes. Teaching is conducted in the form of interactive lecture, supplemented by worked examples, case study and mini project. Handouts were distributed one week before the lecture session. |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intend | 5 | ect lear | learning outcomes to be | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | а | b | с | d | e | f | | | |
| | 1. Group assignment | 15% | | | ~ | | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | 2. Test | 25% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | | | |
| | 3. End-of-semester examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | I | | | | | | |
| | Students are required to demonstrate presentation and communication abilities through different types of assessments, which include written report, drawings and written assessment. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Required | Lectures | | | | 27 Hrs. | | | | | | |
| | Tutorials | 6 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Test & Examination | 6 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mini Project | 11 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Self-study | 80 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total student study effort | 130 Hrs. | | | | | | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Authors: Shan K Wang, Z Title: Air Conditioning an Publisher: Boca Raton, Fli PolyU Call Number: TH7/ Authors: A.F.E. Wise & J. Title: Water, Sanitary and Publisher: 5 th Edition, Oxf PolyU Call Number: TD3- Authors: T.D. Eastop & A Title: Applied Engineering Publisher: 5 th Edition, Ess PolyU Call Number: TJ26 Author: Hazim B. Awbi Title: Ventilation of Build Publisher: 2 nd Edition, Lor PolyU Call Number: TH7/ | d Refrigeration a.: CRC Press, 687.W363 200 .A. Swaffield Waste Service ford; Woburn, 1 45.W5 2002 McConkey g Thermodynau ex, England: L (5.E3 1993 ings ndon; New You | n Engino c2000 00 ss for Bu Mass: B mics for ongmar | uildings utterwo Techno ; New Y | orth – H ologists York: W | Viley 19 | | 2 | | | |

| Subject Code | CBS1104C (Cantonese) / CBS1104P (Putonghua) |
|---|---|
| | Remarks: Students taking the Cantonese version of CBS1104 (i.e. CBS1104C) will be offered a 39 hour non-credit bearing e-learning course in Putonghua (optional). |
| Subject Title | University Chinese(大學中文) |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Students with HKDSE Chinese subject result at level 3 or above or equivalent |
| Objectives | This subject aims at enhancing the students' command of language knowledge to communicate effectively in both written and spoken Chinese, with particular reference to the stylistic variations of expression in different communicative settings. The ultimate goal of this subject is to train students to be effective communicators and life-long learners, and to equip them for the Chinese Discipline-Specific Language Requirement subject. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. consolidate the ability to identify and correct the most common errors in written texts; b. develop Chinese writing skills through the analysis and in-depth reading of selected literary masterpieces; c. master the format, organization, language and style of expression of various genres of Chinese writing; d. produce formal presentations in spoken Chinese effectively and appropriately |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Written communication Language, format and organization of each genre; coherence and thread of thinking in Chinese writing; style of expression of different genres; context dependent stylistic variation; development of logical and persuasive arguments. Spoken communication Choice of words; articulation and flow of speaking; manner of speaking and gesture; identification of main idea and key messages; evaluation of relevancy of information in a message; skills of summarizing; agreeing / disagreeing / answering to questions politely; use of visual aids; body movement. Reading strategies Intensive and critical reading; identification of authors' stances, arguments and purposes; extracting useful information from the texts; determination of the meanings of the important concept words in context; evaluation of the validity of the factual information and arguments of the texts; appreciation of different genres including literary masterpieces. |
| | 4. Language development Grammatical skills; use of clear words; use of specific sentences; choice of diction. |

| Methodology | The teaching/learning m self-formed study grou assignments. E-learning and written Chinese are in Students are expected to the e-Learning platform f | ups, seminar materials for ncluded in Ch follow teache | discussio enhancing inese LCR ers' guidelin | n, oral pi students' pi teaching. nes and get | resentations roficiency i | and written n both spoken | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | |
| | | | а | b | c | d | |
| | Quizzes / Exercises | 20% | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | |
| | Written Assignments | 55% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Oral presentation | 25% | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | I | | |
| | learning outcomes: The quizzes and exercise | A. | | | | ng the intended dge of Chinese | |
| | e | s are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate gr ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO | d to assess ILOs (a) an atudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit | students' ba d (c). The v sic compete structures (n y to plan | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). ent accurately, | |
| Student Study | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective meas Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effective | s are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate gr ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO | d to assess ILOs (a) an atudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit | students' ba d (c). The v sic compete structures (n y to plan | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). ent accurately, | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective meas Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effective provided in classroom tea | s are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate gr ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO | d to assess ILOs (a) an atudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit | students' ba d (c). The v sic compete structures (n y to plan | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). ent accurately, | |
| | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective mean Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effective provided in classroom tea | s are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate gr ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO | d to assess ILOs (a) an atudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit | students' ba d (c). The v sic compete structures (n y to plan | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). nt accurately, d exercises are | |
| | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective meas Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effectiv provided in classroom tea Class contact: • Seminar | ss are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate g ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO aching. | d to assess ILOs (a) an tudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit s (a), (c) an | students' ba dd (c). The v sic compete structures (i y to plan dd (d)). Expl | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). nt accurately, d exercises are | |
| | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective meas Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effective provided in classroom teas Class contact: • Seminar Additional activity: | s are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate g ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO aching. | d to assess ILOs (a) an tudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit s (a), (c) an | students' ba dd (c). The v sic compete structures (i y to plan dd (d)). Expl | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). nt accurately, d exercises are 39 Hrs. | |
| | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective meas Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effective provided in classroom tea Class contact: Seminar Additional activity: e-Learning in Put | es are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate gr ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO aching. | d to assess ILOs (a) an tudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit s (a), (c) an | students' ba dd (c). The v sic compete structures (i y to plan dd (d)). Expl | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). nt accurately, d exercises are 39 Hrs. | |
| | The quizzes and exercise linguistics and how well obtain an objective mean Chinese in accurate and The oral assessment a appropriately and effective provided in classroom tea Class contact: Seminar Additional activity: e-Learning in Put Other student study effor | es are designe they achieve surement of s appropriate gr ssesses stude vely (ref. ILO aching. | d to assess ILOs (a) an tudents' ba rammatical ents' abilit s (a), (c) an | students' ba dd (c). The v sic compete structures (i y to plan dd (d)). Expl | sic knowled writing assest ence in the ref. ILOs (a and prese | dge of Chinese ssments aim to use of written), (b) and (c)). nt accurately, d exercises are 39 Hrs. 9 Hrs. | |

| Reading List and | 1. 于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編:《當代應用文寫作規範叢書》,上 |
|-------------------------|--|
| References | 海:復旦大學出版社,2011年。 |
| | 2. 任伯江:《口語傳意權能:人際關係策略與潛力》,香港:香港中文大學出 |
| | 版社,2006年。 |
| | 3. 吳禮權:《演講的技巧》,香港:商務印書館,2013年。 |
| | 4. 李錦昌:《商業溝通與應用文大全》,香港:商務印書館,2012年。 |
| | 5. 邵敬敏:《現代漢語通論》,上海:上海教育出版社,2007年。 |
| | 6. 香港城市大學語文學部編著:《中文傳意一 基礎篇》。香港:香港城市大學 |
| | 出版社,2001。 |
| | 7. 香港城市大學語文學部編著; 《中文傳意一 寫作篇》。香港:香港城市大學 |
| | 出版社,2001。 |
| | 8. 孫光萱:《中國現代散文名家名篇賞讀》,上海:上海教育出版社,2001 |
| | 年。 |
| | 9. 梁慧敏:《正識中文》,香港:三聯書店,2010年。 |
| | 10. 梁慧敏:《語文正解》,香港:三聯書店,2015年。 |
| | 11. 梁慧敏:《語文通病》,香港:三聯書店,2014年。 |
| | 12. 陳瑞端,《生活病語》,香港:中華書局,2000。 |
| | 13. 陳瑞端:《生活錯別字》,香港:中華書局,2000年。 |
| | 14. 賴蘭香:《傳媒中文寫作》(新修本),香港:中華書局,2012年。 |

| Subject Code | CBS3241P |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Professional Communication in Chinese |
| Credit Value | 2 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite / Co-requisite: Chinese LCR subjects (in Semester 2 of Year 3 or Semester 1 of Year 4) |
| Objectives | This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in Chinese required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals and reports. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in Chinese, students will be able to |
| | plan, organize and produce professionally acceptable project proposals and reports with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers |
| | b. plan, organize and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences |
| | c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences |
| Subject Synopsis/ | 1. Project proposals and reports in Chinese |
| Indicative Syllabus | Planning and organizing project proposals and reports |
| | Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project |
| | Referring to the literature to substantiate project proposals |
| | Describing the methods of study |
| | Describing and discussing project results, including anticipated results and results of pilot study |
| | Presenting the budget, schedule and/or method of evaluation |
| | Writing executive summaries/abstracts |
| | Writing professional reports |
| | 2. Oral presentations of projects |
| | Selecting content for audience-focused presentations |
| | Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience |
| | |
| | Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in team presentations Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Learning and teaching approach | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---|----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Methodology | The subject is designed to develop the students' Chinese language skills, both oral and written, that students need to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects. | | | | | | | |
| | The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. | | | | | | | |
| | The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project which will engage students in proposing and reporting on an engineering-related project to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in: | | | | | | | |
| | - planning and researching the project | | | | | | | |
| | - writing project-related documents such as project proposals and reports | | | | | | | |
| | - giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders of the project | | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | | |
| Outcomes | | | а | b | с | | | |
| | 1. Project proposal and report in Chinese | 60% | ~ | | ~ | | | |
| | 2. Oral presentation of project proposal and report | 40% | | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: | | | | | | | |
| | The assessments will arise from the course-long engineering-related project. | | | | | | | |
| | • Students will be assessed on written documents and oral presentations targeted at different intended readers/audiences. This facilitates assessment of students' ability to select content and use language and style appropriate to the purposes and intended readers/audiences. | | | | | | | |
| | Students will collaborate in grougiving oral presentations on the individual work to ensure that application of language skills for | ne project. T students will | he written be rigorou | proposal | s will be | | | |

| Student Study | Class contact: | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Effort Expected | Seminars | 26 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | |
| | Researching, planning, writing, and preparing the project | 44 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | 70 Hrs. |
| Reading List and References | a) 司有和(1984):《科技寫作簡明教程》,安徽教育出版社 b) 葉聖陶、呂叔湘、朱德熙、林燾(1992):《文章講評》書 c) 于成鯤主編(2003):《現代應用文》,復旦大學出版社 d) 岑紹基、謝錫金、祈永華(2006):《應用文的語言•語境 育圖書公司。 e) 邵敬敏主編(2010):《現代漢語通論(第二版)》,上海教 f) 于成鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編(2010):《中國現代書:科教文與社交文書寫作規範》,復旦大學出版社。 g) 香港特別行政區政府教育局•課程發展處中國語文教育組 字形表》,政府物流服務署印。 | 吾文出版社。 。 ・語用》,香港教 育出版社。 代應用文寫作規範叢 |

| Subject Code | CSE40462 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Environmental Impact Assessment – Theory and Practice |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Exclusion | CSE462 |
| Objectives | To provide students with an overview of the principles and current practices of environmental impact assessment (EIA), especially in Hong Kong. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. understand the EIA process; |
| | b. analyze major environmental issues for large development projects; c. conduct necessary monitoring and modeling tasks within an EIA cycle; d. function on multi-disciplinary teams; e. understand environmental protection and sustainable development responsibility. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Keyword syllabus: (i) Development of Environmental Impact Assessment Historical review. Environmental assessment development in the world and Hong Kong. (ii) Scope and Objectives of Environmental Impact Assessment Environmental considerations: land use, planning, development and management. EIA aims and objectives. (iii) Methodology and Assessment Techniques Methods for air, water, noise and ecology assessment. Other environmental issues (risk, visual, cultural and social-economical impacts). (iv) Monitoring and Baseline Studies Baseline studies, Environmental monitoring and audit, Environmental quality and regulatory requirements, Mitigation and control measures. (v) Environmental Impact Statement Role of Environmental Impact Statement, Statement scope & content. |

| Teaching/Learning | Th | e subject teaching will include t | he following e | lements | s: | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|--------------|------|
| Methodology | (a) Lectures – to introduce the basic concepts and assessment methods; (b) Tutorials – to answer student questions in the learning processes; | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) |) Tutorials – to answer stu | dent question | is in t | he lea | rning p | process | es; | |
| | (C) | Group discussion and prese the EIA process; | entations – to | o let s | tudents | s play | differe | nt role | s in |
| | (d) | Reading materials and video | presentations | – to g | ive stu | dents e | exampl | es | |
| | | in local EIA case studies; | 1 | U | | | 1 | | |
| | (e) | Seminars on EIA practices b | | | rom go | vernme | ent age | ncies a | and |
| | (f) | professional environmental co Course work. | onsultants; and | l | | | | | |
| | (1) | Course work. | | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods | | Specific assessment | % | Tutur | 1.1 | 1. 1 4. 1. | • | | 1 |
| in Alignment with | | methods/tasks | weighting | | | bject le be ass | | 5 | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | 0 0 | a | b | c | d | е | |
| | | 1. Continuous assessments | 50% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | - |
| | | 2. Final examination | 50% | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | \checkmark | |
| | | Total | 100% | | | | 1 | 1 | |
| | St | udents must attain at leas | st grade D | in bo | oth co | ursew | ork a | nd fi | nal |
| | exa | amination (whenever applica erall result. | | | | | | | |
| | Ex | planation of the appropriaten | ess of the as | ssessme | nt met | thods | in asse | ssing | the |
| | | ended learning outcomes: | | | | | | e | |
| | W | ritten examination is evaluated b | y final examin | nation. | | | | | |
| Student Study | Cl | ass contact: | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | • | Lectures | | | | | | 26 Hı | rs. |
| | • | Tutorials / Seminars | | | | | | 13 Hı | rs. |
| | Ot | her student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | • | Coursework exercise | | | | | | 18 Hı | rs. |
| | • | Seminar reports | | | | | | 3 Hı | rs. |
| | • | Self Study | | | | | | 57 Hı | rs. |
| | To | tal student study effort | | | | | | 117 Hr | rs. |
| Reading List and References | lec | e following texts provide the tures. Students will need to dies. | | | | | | | |
| | | rbara Caroll, 2002. Environme ide for Planners, Developers | | | | | | | ical |
| | Ca | nter, L.W., 1996. Environment | tal Impact As | sessmer | <i>it</i> , 2nd | Ed., N | AcGrav | v-Hill. | |
| | | ristopher Wood. 2003. <i>Envi</i> view. Prentice Hall, New Jersey. | | npact 1 | 4ssessi | nent: | A Co | mpara | tive |
| | Ri | ki Therivel, Peter Morris, 200 on Press, London. | | f Enviro | onment | tal Imp | act As | sessme | ent, |
| | Ho | ng Kong Environmental Protect p://www.epd.gov.hk/eia/ | tion Departme | nt | | | | | |
| | <u>nu</u> | <u>p.//www.epu.gov.nk/eiu/</u> | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | CSE516 |
|----------------------------|---|
| Subject Title | Urban Transport Planning - Theory and Practice |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ | Recommended background knowledge: |
| Co-requisite/ Exclusion | It is expected that students will have a fundamental understanding of mathematics and computers consistent with undergraduate level study in science or engineering. |
| Objectives | To provide a comprehensive theoretically based, yet practical approach to transport planning in urban areas. Emphasis is also placed on the application of rigorous transport models and analytical techniques in case studies. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: |
| Outcomes | a. to apply basic traffic engineering approaches to determine appropriate solutions for solving traffic problems, particularly in the planning stage for transport infrastructure projects; |
| | b. to design and conduct traffic surveys for assessment of the impacts due to transport improvement projects, and other travel demand management measures; |
| | c. to analyze and interpret data systemically from traffic and behavior surveys for strategic transport planning and travel demand forecasting; and |
| | d. to utilize the four-steps modelling techniques for forecasting future travel demand and analyzing the effects of transport infrastructure facilities on a transport system. |
| Subject Synopsis/ | Keyword Syllabus |
| Indicative Syllabus | 1. <u>Fundamentals of Urban Transport Planning</u> |
| | The fundamentals of land-use and transport planning; the planning process; planning studies; traffic problems and transport policy. |
| | 2. <u>Urban Transport Technology</u> |
| | Urban transport modes and technologies; intelligent transport systems. |
| | 3. <u>Travel Demand and Data Collection</u> |
| | Characteristics of travel demand; travel demand forecasting; travel surveys. |
| | 4. <u>Travel Demand Analysis</u> |
| | Model development; nature of modelling errors. Four step models: trip generation; trip distribution; modal split; traffic assignment. Simplified approach to small area planning. |
| | 5. <u>Generation and Evaluation of Solutions</u> |
| | Evaluation techniques: economics, operation and environmental evaluation; multi- criteria assessment; public participation; case studies. |
| | 6. Traffic Impact Assessment |
| | |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Project and Laboratory This course will be augmented by computer modelling and case studies for ing calibrate transport planning models: Network building; trip generation; distribution and modal split; traffic assignment; transport system evaluation. Computer laboratory: transportation network modeling Course Project: solutions to contemporary urban transportation problem The underlying principles and techniques relating to traffic survey and transport plannin, be dealt with in lectures. However, it is important that the students are exposed to interdependence between theories and practice in transport planning. Students are there required to undertake survey design and data collection in order to understand the assot techniques in practice. Individual assignments will consist of numerical problem transport modelling and analysis while computer laboratory sessions will be he demonstrate the applications of transport model and to provide opportunity for stude appreciate the difference between manual calculation and computer modelling. The c project aims at developing a holistic understanding on contemporary urban transport problems and devising solutions from both theoretical and practical perspec Professionals from government or industry may be invited to give lectures on current in the solutions from the provide opportant to current in the solutions from both theoretical and practical perspec Professionals from government or industry may be invited to give lectures on current in the solutions from both theoretical perspec professionals from government or industry may be invited to give lectures on current in the provide opportant to the project and practical perspec | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Professionals from government or industry of transport planning in Hong Kong. Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | g | | | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Continuous Assessment | 40% | a. ✓ | b. | с. | d. | |
| | 2. Written Examination | 60% | v √ | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | × | |
| | Total | 100% | • | v | v | • | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Continuous assessment will be based on written assignment(s), lab report, and course project. Students must attain at least Grade D in both coursework and final examination (whenever applicable) in order to attain a passing grade in the overall result. | | | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Textbooks: Bruton, Michael J., Introduction to Transportation Planning, 3rd Ed., Hutchinson (1985). Ortúzar, J. de D. and Willumsen, L.G., Modelling Transport, 3rd Ed., John Wiley & Sons (2001). | | | | | | |
| | Reference Books: 1. Hensher, David A. and Button, Ke Elsevier Science Ltd. (2000). 2. Hutchinson, B.G., <i>Principles of Urba</i> (1974). 3. Lam, W.H.K. and Bell, M.G.H., <i>Ad Service Planning</i>, Pergamon, Elsevier 4. Sheffi, Yosef, <i>Urban Transportation N</i> | un Transport vanced Mod Science Ltd., | Systems eling for Oxford | r Plannin r Transis (2003). | ng, McGi t Operat | raw -Hill | |

| Subject Code | EE2001A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Applied Electromagnetics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To introduce to students the physical laws that govern the electromagnetic phenomena commonly encountered in electrical engineering systems. To familiarise students with the techniques for solving problems in electromagnetics. To provide students the foundation of electromagnetic field theory required for pursuing the EE programme. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand that electromagnetism is based on Maxwell's equations. Interpret the physical meaning and phenomena behind Maxwell's equations. Know the meanings of physical quantities of electromagnetism and their basic relationships. b. Be able to analyse electromagnetic phenomena related to electrical engineering systems by selecting the most appropriate laws/theorems/solution techniques. c. Have hands-on experience in electromagnetic measurements. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Static fields: Electrostatics: Electric fields, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law, potential, capacitance and energy storage. Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart law, magnetic fields, Ampere's circuital law. Force on a current-carrying conductor, Lorentz force. Time-varying fields: Faraday's Law and Lenz's Law; self-inductance, mutual inductance and stored energy. Mathematical preliminaries: Vectors analysis and coordinate systems. The operators grad, div and curl. Concept of line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes's and divergence theorems. Maxwell's equations and EM waves: Maxwell's equations in integral form as a restatement of fundamentals. Differential form. The continuity equation. The displacement current. The wave equation, plane polarized wave, velocity of propagation and energy flows. Material media: Dielectric material: dipole, polarisation, permittivity and capacitors. Ferromagnetism: magnetisation curve, permeability, hysteresis and saturation. Boundary conditions. Magnetic circuits: magneto-motive force, reluctance and permeance. Solution of static field problems: Hand-mapping, numerical and computer-based methods. Estimation of conductance, inductance, capacitance and field quantities from field plots. Laboratory Experiments: Field plotting using the Electrolytic tank. Field plotting using the resistive paper. |

| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the primary r Experiences on analysis and practical a software, in which the students are exp thinking. Experiments are designed t students are encouraged to take extr Software is used to help the students to equations. | pplications ar bected to solv o supplemen a readings a | e given throu e problems v t the lecturi nd to look | igh experim with critical ing material for relevan | ents and using and analytical ls so that the t information. | |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outc | omes | | |
| | | а | 1 | b | с | |
| | Lectures | ctures 🗸 🗸 | | ✓ | | |
| | Tutorials | ✓ | , | Image: A start of the start of | | |
| | Experiments | ✓ | | | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended su to be assess a | | ng outcomes | |
| Intended | 1. Examination | 60% | u √ | √ | | |
| Learning Outcomes | 2. Class Test | 18% | ✓ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Outcomes | 3. Assignment | 12% | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | 4. Laboratory performance & report | 10% | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| Student Study | analysis are assessed by the usual mea on analytical skills and problem-solvi teamwork, are evaluated by experiments Class contact: | ng technique | s, as well a | s technical | reporting and | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation/report | | 9 Hrs. | | | |
| | - Calfatala | | 52 Hrs. | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | |
| | Sen-study Total student study effort | | | | 100 Hrs. | |

| ~ • • ~ - | |
|--|---|
| Subject Code | EE2002A |
| Subject Title | Circuit Analysis |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: AP10006 |
| Objectives | Introduce fundamental circuit theory. Develop ability for solving problems involving electric circuits. Develop skills for experimentation on electric circuits. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire a good understanding of fundamental circuit theory. b. Solve simple problems in electric circuits. c. Use suitable instrumentation to carry out experimental investigations to validate the theoretical investigations. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Syllabus: <u>DC Circuits</u> |

| Methodology int an Tu art to La stu ex Th res on | ectures, supplemented with teractive questions and swers, and short quizzes ttorials, where problems e discussed and are given students for them to solve boratory sessions, where idents will perform perimental verifications. tey will have to record | a, b a, b b, c | | of the <i>n</i> is s 2A and sho tudents <i>ap</i> ng the pro | subjec strengthene ort quizzes. <i>ply</i> what t | t, and d with | |
|--|---|----------------------|---|--|--|------------------|--|
| ard to La stu ex Th res on | e discussed and are given students for them to solve boratory sessions, where idents will perform perimental verifications. | , | learnt in solvi tutor. Students acqu | ng the pro | | hev have | |
| stu ex Th res on | idents will perform perimental verifications. | b, c | | | 0 | | |
| | sults and write a report on e of the experiments. | | Students <i>acquire</i> hands-on experience in using electronic equipment and <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in lectures/tutorials to experimentally validate the theoretical investigations. | | | | |
| As | ssignment and Homework | a, b | Through working assignment and homework, students will develop a firm understanding and <i>comprehension</i> of the <i>knowledge</i> taught. | | | | |
| Assessment Methods n Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/task | | % Weighting | | tended Subject Learning utcomes to be Assessed | | |
| Outcomes | | | | а | b | c | |
| 1. | Continuous Assessment (To | tal 40%) | | | | | |
| • | Assignment/Homework | | 5% | ~ | ~ | | |
| • | Laboratory works and repor | rts | 25% | | ~ | ~ | |
| • | Mid-semester test | | 10% | ~ | ~ | | |
| 2. | 2. Examination | | 60% | ~ | ~ | | |
| Tc | otal | | 100% | | | | |

| Specific assessment methods/task | Remark |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Assignment/ Homework | Assignments are given to students to assess their competence level of <i>knowledge</i> and <i>comprehension</i> . The criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demonstrated) and level (i.e. the <i>extent</i>) of achievement will be graded according to six levels: (A+ and A), Good (B+ and B), Satisfactory (C+ and C), Marginal (D) and Failure (F). These will be made known to the students before an assignment/homework is given. Feedback about their performance will be given promptly to students to help them improvement their learning. |
| Laboratory works and reports | Students will be required to perform a large group project, give a presentation and submit a report of the project. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignment/homework. |
| Mid-semester test | There will be a mid-semester test to evaluate students' achievement of all the learning outcomes and give feedback to them for prompt improvement. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignment/homework. |
| Examination | There will be an examination to assess students' achievement of all the learning outcomes. These are mainly summative in nature. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignment/homework. |

| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Expected | Lecture | 22 Hrs. | | | |
| | Tutorial | 8 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory | 9 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | |
| | Revision and Assignments | 43 Hrs. | | | |
| | Report Writing | 18 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort | 100 Hrs. | | | |
| Reading List and References | Textbook:1. C.K. Alexander and M.N.O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of E New York: McGraw-Hill, 2017. | lectric Circuits, 6 th Edition | | | |
| | References: | | | | |
| | G. Rizzoni, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, First Edition, New York: McGraw-Hill, 2009. W.H. Hayt, J.E. Kemmerly and S.M. Durbin, Engineering Circuit Analysis, 9th ed., New York: McGraw-Hill, 2018. | | | | |
| | A.H. Robbins and W.C. Miller, <i>Circuit Analysis: Theo</i> Learning, 5th ed., 2013. | ry and Practice, Thomson | | | |

| Subject Code | EE2003A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Electronics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE2002A |
| Objectives | To introduce the principles and techniques used in the operations and analysis of fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits, including diodes and diode circuits, bipolar junction transistors (BJTs) and BJT amplifiers, metal- oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs) and MOSFET amplifiers as well as operational amplifiers (op-amps) and op-amp circuits. To introduce the principles and techniques used in the implementation of frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operating principles of the fundamental classes of semiconductor based electronic devices and circuits. b. Apply the appropriate techniques to analyze the fundamental classes of semiconductor-based electronic devices and circuits. c. Implement the frequency domain analysis on first-order ac circuits with sinusoidal driving sources. d. Conduct relevant laboratory experiments and report the findings with appropriate techniques and tools. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Syllabus: <u>Diodes and Diode Circuits</u> Semiconductor materials and properties. Properties of p-n junctions. Structure, operation and characteristics of p-n junction diodes. Ideal and practical p-n junction diodes. Analysis of basic diode circuits. Analysis of specific diode circuits: rectifiers, peak detectors, clippers, clampers, etc. Load line concept and analysis. <u>BJTs and BJT Amplifiers</u> Structures, operations and characteristics of n-p-n and p-n-p BJTs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of BJT circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of BJT amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and parameters. Small-signal voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance. Loading effect. <u>MOSFETs and MOSFET Amplifiers</u> Structures, operations and characteristics of n-channel and p-channel MOSFETs. DC analysis, load line and design techniques of MOSFET circuits. DC biasing schemes. Basic configurations, operations and characteristics of MOSFET amplifiers. AC analysis, load line and design techniques. Small-signal equivalent circuits and parameters. Small-signal voltage gain, current gain, input resistance and output resistance. Loading effect. |

| | <u>Op-Amps and Op-Amp Circuits</u> Transistor-level diagram and basic of equivalent circuits and characteristic non-inverting, summing, difference, op-amp circuits: voltage follower, converter, instrumentation amplifier of | integratin | g and to-vc | es. Basic d differer oltage co | op-amp ntiating a nverter, | circuits: mplifiers | inverting, . Specific |
|--|---|---|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | 5. <u>Frequency Domain Analysis</u> Power, voltage and current gains on l "decibel". Concepts of time t , angul domains. Transfer functions in $j\omega$ an of transfer functions of first-orde Implementation of Bode magnitud corner/cutoff frequency as well as ba | ar frequer d s domai er ac cire e and ph | ncy <i>j</i> ns. I cuits | ω and controduction with similar similar similar similar set of the set of | mplex an on to Bo nusoidal | ngular fro de plot. I driving | equency s Derivation sources. |
| | Laboratory Experiments:1. EE2003-E01: Basic Diode Circuits.2. EE2003-E02: Design of a Small-3. EE2003-E03: Op-Amp Circuits. | Signal Co | mmc | on-Emitte | r BJT Ar | nplifier. | |
| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers | a, b, c | In lectures, students are introduced to the <i>knowledge</i> of the subject, and <i>comprehension</i> is strengthened with interactive Q&A. | | | ect, and | |
| | Tutorials, where problems are discussed and are given to students for them to solve | a, b, c | In tutorials, students <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in solving the problems given by the tutor. | | | | |
| | Assignments | a, b, c | Through working assignments, students will develop a firm understanding and <i>comprehension</i> of the <i>knowledge</i> taught. | | | | |
| | Laboratory sessions, where students will perform experimental verifications. They will have to record results and write a report on one of the experiments. | a, b, d | in <i>app</i> lect | dents <i>acq</i> using el <i>bly</i> what ures/tutor idate the t | lectronic they rials to | equipm have le experi | ent and arnt in mentally |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % Weighti | ng | | | : Learnin Assessed | |
| Intended | | | | a | b | c | d |
| Learning Outcomes | 1. Assignment/Homework | 10% | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Jacomes | 2. Laboratory works and reports | 10% | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| | 3. Mid-semester test | 20% | | ✓ ✓ | ✓ | ✓ ✓ | |
| | 4. Examination | 60% | | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | |
| | Total | 100% | ó | | | | |

| | Specific assessment methods/tasks | Remark | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Assignments | Assignments are given to students competence level of <i>knowledge</i> and <i>c</i> criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demonstrated) <i>extent</i>) of achievement will be graded levels: (A+ and A), Good (B+ and B), S C), Marginal (D) and Failure (F). These to the students before an assignment about their performance will be given p to help them improvement their learning. | omprehension. The and level (i.e. the d according to six datisfactory (C+ and will be made known is given. Feedback romptly to students | | | |
| | Laboratory works and reports | Students will be required to perform three experiments and submit a report on one of the experiments. Expectation and grading criteria will be given as in the case of assignments. | | | | |
| | Mid-semester test | There will be a mid-semester test to achievement of all the learning outcome to them for prompt improvement. Expe criteria will be given as in the case of ass | s and give feedback ctation and grading | | | |
| | End-of-semester test and Examination | There will be an end-of-semester test and assess students' achievement of all the These are mainly summative in natur grading criteria will be given as in the ca | learning outcomes. e. Expectation and | | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture | | 24 Hrs. | | | |
| | Tutorial | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory | | 9 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Self-study | | 41 Hrs. | | | |
| | Assignments | | 12 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory logbook & re | eport writings | 8 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | 100 Hrs. | | | |
| Reading List and References | Textbook: | Microelectronics: Circuit Analysis and De | esign 4 th ed Boston: | | | |
| | McGraw-Hill, 2010. | 2 | <i>sign</i> , + eu., boston. | | | |
| | References: | | | | | |
| | <i>Engineering</i>, 6th ed., W.H. Hayt, J.E. Ker New York: McGraw | W.C. Miller, Circuit Analysis: Theory and | cuit Analysis, 9 th ed., | | | |

| Subject Code | EE2004A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE2002A |
| Objectives | To provide an overview of the supply, utilization, and control of electrical energy. To introduce energy and environmental issues, and assist students in placing these topics and technologies in perspective. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. To master the fundamental knowledge on electrical energy systems. b. To identify, analyze, and solve technical problems using mathematics and engineering techniques. c. To be aware of equipment characteristics and environment issues on modern electrical power systems. d. To be able to conduct laboratory work in teams and present the findings. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. <i>Nature of electrical energy system</i> : Power system definition, layout and basic components, transmission and distribution structure, role of transformers. The interconnected power system. HVDC transmission. Layout of a substation, distribution structure, overhead lines and cables, circuit breaking, protection concepts, line protection. |
| | 2. Generation, energy & environment: Principles of energy conversion, power plant and busbar layout, types of generators and turbines. Concept of generation control and operating chart. Pumped storage and wind turbine. Renewable and non- renewable sources. Sources of pollution and environmental impacts. Sustainable development. |
| | 3. <i>Transformers</i> : Construction and operating principles. Equivalent circuits. Tests on transformers. Voltage regulation and power efficiency. Parallel operation. Three-phase transformers and phase grouping. Per-phase analysis. Autotransformers and instrument transformers. |
| | 4. <i>Line & cables</i> : Overhead line construction including transposition and bundling. Primary (RLCG) and general (ABCD) parameter calculations. Line equations and performance calculations. Corona loss and interference. Cable types and construction. Electrical stress and thermal characteristics. |
| | 5. <i>Tariffs:</i> Concept and structure of electricity market. Concepts of tariff design. Tariff structures. Conventional and new tariffs in different utilities. Two-part tariff, introduction to deregulation and load management concepts. |
| | Laboratory Experiment: Experiments on single phase transformer. Experiments on three phase transformer. Computer exercises on transmission line parameters calculations. |

| | Case study: | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | The environmental impacts of nuclear power generation. | | | | | | | |
| | The environmental impacts of fossil fuel power generation. | | | | | | | |
| | The environmental impacts of the development of large scale hydropower station. | | | | | | | |
| | Why modern electric power systems a | • | - | • • | | | | |
| | The renewable energy sources which | | | | | | | |
| | The fellewable energy sources which | may be used | in nong | Kong. | | | | |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and knowledge teaching students the skills in identifying, analyzing and solving technical problems, and providing students feedback in relation to their learning. Laboratory experiments and case studies are designed, as supplement to the lecturing materials, for students to gair practical experiences and be aware of equipment characteristics and environment issues on the modern electrical power system. | | | | | | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Oute | omes | | | | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | | |
| | Lectures | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | Case studies | \checkmark | ✓ | √ | | | | |
| | Experiments | | | | ~ | ✓ | | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % Intended subject learning outcomes weighting to be assessed | | | | utcomes | | |
| Alignment with | | | a | b | c d | | | |
| Intended Learning | 1. Examination | 60% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Outcomes | 2. Class tests | 18% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 3. Lab performance and report | 10% | | | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | 4. Case studies | 12% | ~ | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | The outcomes on concepts, design a tests whilst those on analytical sl considerations of electrical energy sy writing abilities are evaluated by lat | kills, proble ystems, as w | em solvir vell as tea | ng technio m work a | ques and and techn | practical ical report | | |
| | study reports. | | | | | | | |
| | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| | ~ 1 | | | | | 33 Hrs. | | |
| | Class contact: | | | | | 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: Lecture | | | | | | | |
| | Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory | | | | | | | |
| | Class contact: | | | | | 6 Hrs. | | |

| Reading List and References | Textbooks: 1. J. Grainger, W. D. Stevenson, Power System Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 1994 2. B. M. Weedy, B. J. Cory, N. Jenkins, J. B. Ekanayake, G. Strbac, Electric Power Systems, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2012 3. M. E. El-Hawary, Electrical energy systems, 2nd Edition, CRC Press, 2008 |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | Reference books: H. Saadat, Power System Analysis, 3nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010 A. R. Bergen, V. Vittal, Power System Analysis, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2000 J.D. Glover, M. S. Sarma, T.J. Overbye, Power System Analysis and Design, 5th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2011 D.P. Kothari, I.J. Nagrath, Modern Power System Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 3rd Edition |

| Subject Code | EE3001A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Analogue and Digital Circuits |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE2002A and EE2003A |
| Objectives | To familiarise students with the characteristics and operation of analogue and digital circuits for analysis and design purposes. To enable students to understand the common techniques used in circuit design for combinational and sequential logic circuits. To provide an appreciation of advantages and limitations of different classes of power amplifiers. To enable students to analyse the operation principles of different A/D and D/A approaches and match their properties to serve the purposes of different applications. To enable students to appreciate the limitations of circuit design. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Design basic digital combinational and sequential circuits. b. Given the requirements of an application, justify the use of suitable A/D or D/A converters and elaborate on the advantages and limitations of the selection. c. Compare the characteristics and operation of different classes of power amplifiers. d. Analyse operation of digital circuits and diagnose faults with basic equipment in the laboratory. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Digital Circuits 1. Digital system fundamentals: Boolean algebra, number systems and codes used in digital systems logic gates and their characteristics, truth tables. 2. Analysis and synthesis of combinational circuits: Simplification techniques, Don't care terms, Karnaugh maps. Implementation of large scale circuits. Static and dynamic hazards. 3. Digital integrated circuits: Digital IC families: TTL, CMOS, structure of basic logic gates, input and output V-I characteristics; transfer characteristics, switching thresholds, noise margins, power dissipation of logic gate, propagation delay, rise time, fall time. ential circuits: Typical structure, operation, design and applications of flip-flops. Design and analysis of synchronous sequential circuits; states and state variable: structures of registers, counters and memory units. Design of asynchronous circuits, state machines, flow tables, stable and unstable states. Analogue Circuits 4. Large-signal transistor circuits: Classification of power amplifiers; analysis of efficiency, power dissipation and distortion of class A, B, AB and C amplifiers. 5. Signal conversion: Voltage comparator. Sample & hold circuits. A/D and D/A converters: Weighted-resistor D/A converter; R-2R Ladder D/A converter; Parallel-comparator A/D converter; Dual slope A/D converter; Successive-approximation A/D converter; |

| | Laboratory Experiments: 1. EE3001-E01: TTL and CMOS Characte 2. EE3001-E02: Design of 2-bit Seven Seg 3. EE3001-E03: Analog-to-Digital (ADC) | ment Deco | | | | | rter. | |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The main teaching methods used to convey are lectures and tutorials. The laboratory s an in-depth understanding of the fundamen the fundamental theory and knowledge lear | essions are tals of anal | e use logue | d to he e and d | lp the st | udents | s to have | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outcomes | | | | | |
| | | а | | b | с | | d | |
| | Lectures | \checkmark | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | Tutorials | \checkmark | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | Experiments | √ | | | ~ | | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighti | | | ed subje nes to be | | | |
| Alignment with | | | | а | b | с | d | |
| Intended Learning | 1. Examination | 60% | | ✓ | ~ | \checkmark | | |
| Outcomes | 2. Class Test | 12% | | ✓ | ~ | \checkmark | | |
| | 3. Laboratory performance & reports | 16% | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | 4. Home work | 12% 🗸 | | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ | | |
| | learning outcomes: | | meu | noas in | assessii | ng the | intendec | |
| | | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation a ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, des vhilst ions o | sign and those or f circuit | |
| Student Study | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving techniq | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, des vhilst ions o | sign and those or f circuit | |
| | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving techning design, as well as technical reporting, are ev | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, des vhilst ions o he repo | sign and those or f circuit | |
| | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving techning design, as well as technical reporting, are ev Class contact: | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, des vhilst ions o he repo | sign and those on f circuit orts. | |
| | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving technical design, as well as technical reporting, are end class contact: Lecture/Tutorial | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, des vhilst ions o he repo | sign and those on f circuit orts. 30 Hrs. | |
| | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving techning design, as well as technical reporting, are en Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | its, des vhilst ions o he repo | sign and those on f circuit orts. 30 Hrs. | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving techniq design, as well as technical reporting, are ex- Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort: | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, de: vhilst ions o he repo | sign and those on f circuit orts. 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. | |
| | learning outcomes: It is a fundamental circuit design subject applications are assessed by the usual me analytical skills, problem-solving techning design, as well as technical reporting, are ev Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation/report | t. The o ans of exa ues and j | utcor mina practi | nes on ation ai ical co | concep nd test v nsiderati | ts, des vhilst ions o he repo | those on f circuit orts. 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. 12 Hrs. | |

| Subject Code | EE3002A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Electromechanical Energy Conversion |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE2002A |
| Objectives | To provide students a general knowledge on common types of electric machines. To provide students the basic techniques of steady-state electric machine analysis. |
| Subject Intended | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Learning Outcomes | a. Explain the construction, operating principles, performance characteristics, control and applications of transformers and major types of rotating electric machines. b. Analyse the steady-state performance of electric machines using appropriate equivalent circuit models. c. Operate practical electric machines and to conduct relevant tests and experiments. d. Present results of electric machine studies in the form of tables, graphs, and written reports. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Introduction: Principles of motors and generators. Materials for electric machines. Types of electric machines and applications. Losses and efficiency. Machine rating: Temperature rise and cooling methods. Heating and cooling curves. Thermal ratings. Machine nameplate. Windings: Phase and commutator windings. Winding factors. E.M.F. equation. Harmonics. Production of rotating field. D.C. machines: Construction. E.M.F equation. Armature reaction and commutation. Characteristics of shunt, series and compound machines. Testing. Speed control. Universal motor. Brushless d.c. motor. Synchronous machines: Construction. Synchronous impedance. Voltage regulation. Synchronising. Performance on infinite busbars. Power/load angle relationship. Stability. Synchronous motor. Induction machines: Squirrel cage and wound-rotor types. Equivalent circuit. Torque-slip relationship. Starting, braking and generating. Testing. Speed control. Single-phase induction motors. Laboratory Experiments: Load test, efficiency and speed control of a d.c. motor. Performance evaluation of a three-phase cage induction motor. Synchronous generator synchronization. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Delivery of the subject is tutorials. Excel programmes for conducting 'what-if' experience in operation and students to practise written a | are used to cla analysis. Labo control of prac | arify concept oratory wor ctical machir | s of electri k provide les, while i | c machines s students | s learnt and hands-or | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Method | | Outc | omes | | | |
| | | а | b | с | d | | |
| | Lectures | | √ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | Tutorials | | √ | ~ | | | |
| | Laboratory work | | | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended stassessed | ubject learr | ning outcor | mes to be | |
| Alignment with Intended Learning | | | а | b | c | d | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | ✓ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | 2. Mid-term Test | 20% | ✓ | ~ | \checkmark | | |
| | 3. Laboratory work and reports | 15% | | ~ | \checkmark | ~ | |
| | 4. Assignment | 5% | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | concepts, operating princip assignment, tests, and exar machines and technical com Class contact: | nination. The | outcomes or | practical | operation | of electri | |
| Enort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | 33 Hrs. | | |
| | Laboratory | | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Revision, self-study, and assignment | | | | | 42 Hrs. | |
| | Write-up of laboratory reports | | | | | 18 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | 99 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: | | | Cengage L | | | |

| Subject Code | EE3003A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Power Electronics and Drives |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To understand the characteristics and operation of power electronics devices. To expose the students to the conversion and utilization of large amount of electrical power using latest power semiconductor devices and modern control techniques. To ensure the students develop an understanding of various drive systems. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Be able to explain major semiconductor devices that can be used as switches, and their electrical characteristics which include basic idealised models as well as extension to some important non-ideal characteristics both verbally and in written form. b. Be able to explain the processes of efficient energy conversion through the use of power semiconductor switches. c. Be able to apply the concepts of switching power conversion to analyse a variety of circuits including: i. DC to DC conversion ii. AC to DC conversion iii. DC to AC conversion d. Be able to present the results of study and experiments in the form of a technical report. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Power electronics fundamentals: power conversion, energy balance principle, review of fundamentals. Power semiconductor devices: Diodes, power transistor, MOSFET, SCR, GTO, IGBT, switching characteristics. DC-DC converters: Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost DC-DC Converter, Duty Cycle Controller, Switched Mode Power Supply. AC-DC rectifiers: Uncontrolled and controlled single-phase and three-phase rectifiers, terminal characteristics, supply and load interactions. DC/AC inverters: Basic single-phase bridge inverters, voltage and frequency control, harmonic reduction. Electric drive systems: Introduction to electric drives system, applications for conservation of energy, dc electric drives. Laboratory Experiment: DC/DC Buck Converter, Introduction to SCR circuits, PSPICE simulation of SCR Bridge. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are effective teach 1. To provide an overview or outline o 2. To introduce new concepts and know 3. To explain difficult ideas and concept 4. To motivate and stimulate students i 5. To provide students feedback in relation of the ending and computer-based circuit streading and computer-based circuit streading and computer-based circuit streading and real experience for the studenta. 2. To add real experience for the studenta. 3. To provide deep understanding of the studenta. | f the subject. vledge to the ots of the sub- nterest. tion to their l ity for their simulations. ent of this sul ls. nts. e subject. | students. ject. learning. learning bject: | by extr | a refere | ence books | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | 0 | utcomes | | | |
| | | а | b | | 2 | d | |
| | Lectures | ✓ | ✓ | v | | | |
| | Tutorials Experiments | ~ | ✓ | ~ | / | ✓ | |
| | | | | | | - | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject l outcomes to be as | | be assessed | | |
| Alignment with Intended Learning | 1. Examination | 60% | a ✓ | b ✓ | c ✓ | d | |
| Outcomes | 2. Class tests | 30% | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Outcomes | 3. Laboratory performance & reports Total | 10% 100% | | | | ✓ | |
| | The understanding on theoretical principle and practical considerations, analytical skills and problem solving technique will be evaluated. Examination, class tests, laboratory sections and reports are an integrated approach to validly assess students' performance with respect to the intended subject learning outcomes. | | | | | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory | | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation/report | | | 12 Hrs. | | | |
| | Self-study | | | 48 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | 99 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Textbooks: Power Electronics, a First Course - 1 Muhammad H. Rashid, Power Electronics, a First Course - 1 Muhammad H. Rashid, Power Electronics a Applications, IEEE Press, 1997 Philip T. Krein, Elements of Power 1 R. Krishnan, Electric Motor Drives: 2001 Ned. Mohan, Electric Drives: An Intra Research & Education, 2003 | etronics: Circ and Variable Electronics, C Modeling, A | cuits, De Frequen Dxford U Analysis, | vices and cy Drive niversity and Con | s: Techı Press, 1 trol, Pre | nology and 998 ntice-Hall, | |

| Subject Code | EE3004A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Power Transmission and Distribution |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE2004A |
| Objectives | To introduce students to the fundamental knowledge which is essential for electrical power engineers. It leads to a deeper insight into the design, planning, operation, equipment characteristics and environmental impacts of modern electrical power systems. |
| Subject Intended | Upon completion of the subject, students will: |
| Learning Outcomes | a. Have acquired the fundamental knowledge and analytical techniques on electrical power systems. b. Be able to identify, analyze, and solve technical problems in power system design, planning, and operation, making use of mathematics and engineering techniques. c. Be able to work in teams when conducting laboratory investigations. d. Be able to write a technical report and present the findings. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Reactive power and voltage control: Voltage drop and power loss calculation. Voltage control using tap-changing and booster transformer, regulator, series and shunt compensation. Reactive power flow. Power factor improvement. Surges: Travelling wave, surge impedance and standing voltage. Lightning and switching surges. Surge mitigation, reflection and refraction. Use of lattice diagram. Protection against overvoltage. Fault analysis: Use of per unit notation. Balanced 3-phase fault calculation. Fault current limiting concepts. Unbalanced fault calculation by symmetrical components method including line-to-ground, line-to-line, and double-line-to-ground faults. |
| | Sequence current and voltage measurements. 4. Switchgear and protection: Construction and application of different types of switching devices. Arc extinction and transient recovery voltages. AC and DC current interruption, current chopping. Role and component of protection systems. Coordination, selection and zoning of protection. Overcurrent relays. Differential and distance protection schemes. |
| | Laboratory Experiment: Voltage regulation and reactive power compensation for short and medium length transmission lines. Static and electromechanical current measuring relays. Studies of surges on transmission lines. Symmetric and Asymmetric fault using interactive package "Powerworld". Symmetrical components. Effects of different earthing methods in distribution system. Grading of overcurrent relays. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the pri- theories. Experiences on system a through experiments, in which stud planning, and operation problems solutions with critical and analytica the lecturing materials so that stude for relevant information. | nalysis, desi lents are exp with practic l thinking. I | gn and pr ected to so cal constra Experimen | actical a plve the aints and its are de | application power sys d to attain esigned to | ns are given stem design n pragmatic supplement |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | Outcomes | | | s | |
| | | а | b | | с | d |
| | Lectures | ✓ | ~ | | | |
| | Tutorials | ✓ | ~ | | | |
| | Experiments | | | | ✓ | √ |
| Assessment Methods, its | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended to be ass | | learning o | outcomes |
| alignment | | | а | b | с | d |
| of Intended Subject | 1. Examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | | |
| Learning Outcomes | 2. Class tests | 18% | ✓ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Lab performance and report | 10% | | | ~ | ✓ |
| | 4. Mini-project and report | 12% | | | ~ | ✓ |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra | and applicat and written | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills |
| Student Study Effort Expected | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills |
| Student Study Effort Expected | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra as technical reporting and teamwork | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills |
| • | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra as technical reporting and teamwork Class contact: | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills sign, as wel |
| • | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra as technical reporting and teamwork Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills, sign, as well 33 Hrs. |
| • | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra as technical reporting and teamwork Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills, sign, as well 33 Hrs. |
| • | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra as technical reporting and teamwork Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills sign, as well 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. |
| • | The outcomes on concepts, design examination and tests. Experiments problem-solving techniques and pra as technical reporting and teamwork Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report | and applicat and written ctical consid | reports as | sess thos | se on analy | ytical skills. sign, as well 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs. |

| Subject Code | EE3005A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Systems and Control |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: AMA2111 |
| Objectives | To introduce the principles and techniques used in the analysis and design of feedback control systems. To provide the foundation for the later subjects in the areas of power systems, drives and control. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of continuous time systems. b. Design compensators and controllers for control systems. c. Model systems using block diagram and signal flow graph and evaluate the properties of the overall systems. d. Write technical reports and present the findings. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Introduction to control system analysis: Open-loop control systems, Closed-loop control systems, Effects of feedback, Examples of control systems. Mathematical modelling of dynamic systems: Electrical and electro-mechanical system components, Transducers and actuators, Laplace transform, Transfer functions. System diagrams and simulations: Block diagram, Signal flow graphs, Mason's formula, Simulation of continuous systems using MATLAB. Time domain analysis of linear systems: First-order systems, Second-order systems, Transient response, Steady-state response, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion. Frequency domain analysis of linear systems: Frequency response, Bode Diagrams, Gain margin and phase margin, Polar plots, Nyquist stability criterion, Nichols plots. Compensators and PID controllers: Compensators, PID controllers, Controller tuning. State-space analysis: State-space models, Transfer matrix, State transition matrix. Laboratory Experiment: Three-term controller Open-loop frequency response Modular position control system |

| Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiments are are encouraged to take extra | | | | | The student | |
|----------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------|---------------|------------|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outcomes | | | | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | |
| | Lectures | | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | | |
| | Tutorials | | ~ | ✓ | ~ | | |
| | Experiments | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods, its | Specific assessment methods/tasks | ment % weighting | | subject learr | ing outcom | nes to be | |
| alignment of Intended | | | а | b | с | d | |
| Subject Learning | 1. Examination | 60% | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| Outcomes | 2. Class test | 20% | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | 3. Laboratory reports | 15% | ~ | ~ | | ~ | |
| | 4. Assignment | 5% | ~ | ✓ | ~ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ted by th | |
| | experiments and reports. Class contact: | | 8 1 | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | | | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory | | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: | n/report | | | | 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. | |
| | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation | n/report | | | | 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. 12 Hrs. 49 Hrs. | |
| | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation Self-study, revision an | n/report | | | | 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. 12 Hrs. | |

| Subject Code | EE3006A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Analysis Methods for Engineers |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: AMA2111 |
| Objectives | To familiarise students with the essential numerical techniques and operations research methods which are applicable in most engineering problems. To enable students to analyse the advantages and limitations of the commonly adopted numerical techniques and operations research methods. To prepare students for tackling practical engineering problems, with a combination of strong theoretical background and sound engineering sense. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Match the numerical techniques and operations research techniques with the corresponding mathematical theories and compare their advantages and limitations. b. Given an engineering problem, justify the application of an appropriate technique, formulate the solution process and evaluate the results. c. Analyse essential features of different statistical problems in engineering. d. Apply computer software to develop iterative numerical algorithms. e. Write technical reports and present the findings in logical and organised manner. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Basics: Error propagation, numerical stability, solutions by iterations, Newton's method, finite difference and interpolation, Lagrange interpolation; solution of non-linear simultaneous equation; numerical differentiation and integration. Differential equations: Numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations, Euler and Runge-Kutta methods, convergence and stability; finite difference methods for partial differential equations, boundary value problems. Operations research: Linear programming, simple Simplex algorithms, sensitivity analysis, shortest path and maximum flow problems, integer programming, combinatorial optimisation problems, applications in power systems and transportation. Optimisations: Direct search and simple gradient methods; optimisations with constraints. Probability and statistics: Random variables, probability distributions, sample distributions and means, Central Limit Theorem, significance and hypothesis testing, stochastic processes. Laboratory Experiments: Numerical analysis and algorithm implementation through Matlab Numerical evaluation of partial differential equations of voltage or heat distribution Optimization and sensitivity analysis in electrical systems |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Basic concepts and theories are taught in lectures and tutorials. When conducting the experiments, the students are expected to solve practical problems with critical and analytical thinking. Interactive assignments and on-the-spot discussions are conducted in both lectures and laboratory sessions. Experiments are designed so that the students should use the references in the instruction sheets to look for the supplementary information. | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------|----------|---|------------|---------|----------|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outcomes | | | | | |
| | — | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | Lectures | | ✓ | ✓ | √ | ✓ | | |
| | Tutorials | | ✓ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | Experiments | | | | ✓ | ~ | ~ | |
| Assessment Methods, its | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende | | t learning | outcome | es to be | |
| alignment of Intended Subject | | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| Learning Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | ~ | ✓ | ~ | | | |
| | 2. Tests | 18% | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | 3. Assignments & class works | 12% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 4. Laboratory performance & reports | 10% | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| Student Study | The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and tests. The outcomes on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques, technical reporting and teamwork, are evaluated by experiments and the reports. | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | 33 Hrs. | | |
| | Laboratory | | | | | 6 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation/report | | | | | 12 Hrs. | | |
| | Self-study and assignments | | | | | 49 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | 100 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Textbooks: S.C. Chapra, Applied numerical methods with MATLAB for engineers and scientists, McGraw Hill, 2008 F.S. Hillier, Introduction to operations research, McGraw Hill, 2005 R.E. Walpole, R.H. Myers, S.L. Myers and K.Y. Ye, Probabilities and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Prentice Hall, 2002 | | | | | | | |
| | Reference books: 1. J.H. Mathews, Numerical 2. A.V. Balakrishnan, Introc Sons, 2005 | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE3007A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Computer System Principles |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ENG2003 |
| Objectives | To enable students to establish a broad knowledge of the organization and components included in a computer system. To enable students to understand software development in embedded system To enable students to develop an embedded computer system. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Given specifications of an application, design the software to carry out the necessary operations in an embedded system. b. Appreciate advanced features of the latest microprocessors and understand functions of basic computer peripherals. c. Given a set of conditions, design a basic computer system. d. Think logically and be able to analyze data as well as present results in writing. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Computer Systems Hardware and Operations Microprocessor operation and internal architecture: Operations of data registers, buses and data path, operations of ALU, arithmetic hardware, and general pipeline architecture. Introduction to structure and operation of a credit-card size computer. Memory organization: Characteristics of memory technologies. Memory hierarchies and memory decoding mechanism. Input and output systems: Direct I/O system and memory mapped I/O, interrupt and polling mechanisms. Various protocols for serial data communications. Introduction to embedded computing systems: System organization and design of input/output system. |
| | Introduction to Embedded System Software 5. Introduction to operating system of embedded systems: features of operating system, introduction to Python programming language and integrated development environment (IDE). 6. Programming techniques: Basic elements of a Python program, arithmetic manipulations, elementary programming constructs, parameter passing, data initialization. 7. Python I/O and modules: How input and output can be achieved and introduction to various software Python modules including Numpy and Matplotlib. 8. Introduction to assembly language programming Laboratory Experiment: Install and setup of an operating system for an embedded system Python programming. Control of different types of motors using a microcontroller. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the theories. Experiences on de through experiments, in which real-life constraints and to atta Interactive laboratory sessions understanding of the experi- laboratory to provide addition designed to supplement the programming, so that the stud relevant information. | esign, practic h the student ain feasible s s are introduc ments. On- onal incentive e lecturing n | eal applications are expected as a solutions with the solutions with the solution of the spot as the spot as the spot as the spot stum aterials, expected as the spot stum aterials, expected as the spot stum as the spot stum aterials are spot spot spot spot spot spot spot spot | ions and p ted to solve th critical a urage better ssessments dent learni especially | rogramming e design pro and analytic preparation are condu- ing. Expe in assembl | g are given oblems with cal thinking. n and hence cted in the riments are y language |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodo | logy | | Outc | omes | |
| | | logy | а | b | с | d |
| | Lectures | | ✓ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Tutorials | | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Experiments | | ✓ | | ~ | ~ |
| Assessment Methods, its alignment | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | assessed | - | ning outcon | |
| of Intended Subject | | 600/ | a | b ✓ | c | d |
| Learning Outcomes | 1. Examination 2. Mid-term quiz | 60% 15% | ✓ ✓ | ~ | ✓ ✓ | ✓ |
| • | 3. Laboratory performance & report | 15% | ✓ ✓ | | • | ~ |
| | 4. Online assignments and in-class activities | 10% | ~ | | ~ | ~ |
| | Total It is a fundamental computer and applications are assessed l analytical skills, problem-s programming, as well as tec report. | by the usual isolving teel | means of ex hniques ar | amination and practic | and test whi al conside | ilst those or erations of |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Enort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | 30 Hrs. | | |
| | Laboratory | | | | | 9 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | , |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation/rep | port | | | | 11 Hrs. |
| | | port | | | | |

| Reading List and References | Textbooks: 1. C. Hamacher, Z. Vranesic, S. Zaky, and N. Manjikian, Computer Organization and Embedded Systems, 6th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2012 2. J.L. Hennessy and D.A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, 5th Edition, Elsevier, 2012 3. A. Tanenbaum, T. Austin, Structured Computer Organization, Pearson India, 6th Edition, 2016. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | Reference books: 1. A.K. Ray, Advanced Microprocessors & Peripherals, McGraw-Hill, 2006 2. A. B. Downey, Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist, 2nd ed., O'Reilly, 2015 3. S. Monk, Programming the Raspberry Pi Getting Started with Python, McGraw Hill, 2016 |

| Subject Code | EE3008A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Linear Systems and Signal Processing |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To provide an introduction to the fundamentals of linear systems, frequency domain analysis with applications to telecommunication systems. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the fundamentals of signals and linear systems. b. Understand and analyze problems in different disciplines of engineering (with an emphasis on communication systems) under the framework of signals and linear systems c. Understand the characteristics, operating principles, performance metrics and limitations of some typical telecommunication systems. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Signal representation and analysis: Mathematical representation of a signal; time- domain representation. Classification of signal and systems; Special functions. Linear and Time-Invariant Systems; Convolution; Fourier series and Fourier Transforms: Complex exponentials; Frequency domain representation of signals; Fourier Series; Fourier transform; Fourier Transform pairs; Fourier Transform properties; Parsavel's theorem; Transfer functions; filters. Applications to music, electromagnetic radiation and imaging; Sinusoidal carrier modulation: Amplitude and frequency modulation; Operating principle; Double side-band suppressed carrier, single side-band; Frequency division multiplexing; generation and detection circuitry; Modulation system performance comparison. Pulse modulation: Sampling theorem. Pulse amplitude modulation. Time division multiplexing. Pulse code modulation: quantization, encoding. Quantization noise. Differential pulse code modulation: Delta modulation. Pulse amplitude modulation; Pulse width modulation; Digital communications: Digital transmission. Intersymbol interference; Eye diagram. Digital carrier modulation; Pulse shaping; modulation format and spectral efficiency; probability and random variables; bit error ratio (BER) characterization and system performance. Introduction to copper-wire, wireless and optical fiber communications: channel characterization; Electromagnetic radiation in wireless systems; multi-path interference; Light sources in optical communication systems. Light transmission in optical fibers. Light detection. Communication networks; Current research trends and challenges. Laboratory Experiments: 1) Transfer function characterization of copper wires |
| | 1) Transfer function characterization of copper wires |
| | 2) Pulse code modulation (PCM) |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The main teaching methods used to co are lectures and tutorials. The laborat an in-depth understanding of the fund the theory learned to practice. | ory sessions | are used to 1 | help the stu | dents to have | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outc | omes | | |
| | | a | ł | o c | | |
| | Lectures | ✓ | v | / | | |
| | Tutorials | ✓ | v | / | | |
| | Experiments | ✓ | | | ~ | |
| Assessment Methods, its | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % Intended subject weighting outcomes to be | | | | |
| alignment of Intended Subject | | | а | b | с | |
| Learning Outcomes | 1. Examination | 50% | ✓ | ~ | | |
| Student Study | 2. Class tests | 30% | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Laboratory | 10% | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| | 4. Homeworks or in-class exercises | 10% | ✓ | ~ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | The outcomes on understanding the fundamentals of telecommunication systems and their characteristics are mainly assessed by examination, test and exercises, whilst the capability of applying theory to practice is evaluated through the laboratory work. Class contact: | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation/report | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Self-study | | 49 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | 94 Hrs. | | | |
| Reading List and | Reference books: | | | | | |
| References | A.V. Oppenheim and A. S. Willsky, "Signals and systems," 2nd Edition, Pro- Hall, 2014. B.P. Lathi and Zhi Ding, Modern Digital and Analogue Communication System Edition, Oxford University Express, 2009. J.M. Senior, Optical Fiber Communications: Principle and Practice, 3rd Ed Prentice Hall, 2009 J. G. Proakis and M. Salehi, "Digital Communications," 5th Edition, McGraw 2007. | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE3009A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Electrical Services in Buildings |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE2002A |
| Objectives | To enable students to understand the major design features, operating characteristics and functions of electrical and electronic equipment used in building services. To enable students to implement technical data, regulations, standards and guidance notes prepared by statutory bodies in the design of reliable, safe and efficient electrical power distribution, lightning protection, vertical transportation, lighting and fire fighting systems in buildings. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will:a. Be able to plan efficient, safe and high quality distribution systems for domestic, commercial and industrial buildings.b. Be proficient to assess the suitability of different vertical transportation systems and |
| | fire fighting systems for buildings. c. Be able to design and evaluate the effectiveness of lightning protection systems. d. Be able to integrate the lighting requirements and operating characteristics of light sources to the design of interior lighting and exterior lighting. e. Be able to search for information in solving technical problems. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Power distribution in buildings: System planning. Incoming supply arrangement for domestic, commercial and industrial installations. Economics of HV/LV distributions. Tariffs, maximum demand, load factors and diversity. Earthing systems. Applications of standby generator sets and uninterruptible power supplies. |
| | Requirements for safe design: Overview of Supply Rules and Regulations. Electric shock, overcurrent and earth fault protection. Fuse, MCB, MCCB, ACB design and selection criteria. Co-ordination of protection systems. Cable and wiring systems design. |
| | Interference and power quality: Installation requirements, grouping, interference, noise suppression and power supply in communication systems. Electromagnetic compatibility. Harmonics and voltage dips issues. |
| | Lightning protection systems: Lightning phenomena. Estimation of exposure risk. Requirements for system components. Standards for protection of structures against lightning. |
| | 5. Vertical transportation systems: Lift. Hoist and escalator drives. Safety requirements and drive characteristics. Grade of service and round trip time. |
| | Lighting: Characteristics of light sources. Classification of luminaries. Lighting control. Interior lighting design. Glare index calculation. Color rendering. Utilization of daylight. Exterior lighting design. |
| | 7. <i>Fire Fighting Systems</i> : Outline, regulations, requirements and components of fire fighting systems. Fire sprinkler systems. Heat and smoke detector systems. Fire-fighting gases. |

| | Case Study: 1. Distribution systems design for typical buildings in Hong Kong 2. Applications of overcurrent and earth fault protection 3. Co-ordination of various types of protective devices 4. Electrical power quality issues in building services 5. Lightning protection systems design 6. Interior lighting and exterior lighting designs 7. Fire protection for domestic, commercial and industrial buildings | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | In lectures and tutorials, ma balanced with materials the expected to take initiative to in lectures and tutorial sessi- discussed interactively in check experiences and practical a develop independent design field of electrical services in | that emphas o learn throu ions. Practica lass. Mini-Pr pplications. /planning an buildings. | ize fund ogh the p l designs rojects a They pro | amental rocess of used in in re used to ovide stud | understandengageme ndustry, where on the structure of the | ding. Stu nt and par here appro e students the oppo | dents are rticipation priate, are s learning prtunity to | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Method | dology | | | Outcomes | | | | |
| | | | a | b | с | d | e | | |
| | Lectures | | $\frac{\checkmark}{\checkmark}$ | $\frac{\checkmark}{\checkmark}$ | ✓ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | | | |
| | Tutorials Mini-projects | | • • | · ✓ | ✓ ✓ | • • | ~ | | |
| | wini projecto | | | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | Intended subject learnin | | | | | |
| Intended Learning | 1. Examination | 60% | a √ | b ✓ | c ✓ | d ✓ | e | | |
| Outcomes | 2. Mid-term Test | 18% | · · | · · | · · | · ✓ | | | |
| | 3. In-class Quiz | 4% | ~ | ~ | √ | ~ | | | |
| | 4. Mini-project & report | 18% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | - | | 1 | 1 | | |
| | The subject outcomes on plain buildings are assessed by engineering skills, applica writing, are evaluated by mi | means of exitions, proble | xaminatio em solv | on, quizze | s and test | s. The out | comes on | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | 20.11 | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | 39 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort | | | | | | 20.11 | | |
| | Mini-project discussion | /report | | | | | 20 Hrs. | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 41 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort 100 Hrs. | | | | | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Textbooks and Reference books: R. Barrie, Design of Electrical Services for Buildings, Routledge, 4th edition, 2005 G. Stokes, J. Bradley, A Practical Guide to the Wiring Regulations: 17_{th} Edition IEE Wiring Regulations (BS 7671:2008), Wiley-Blackwell, 4th edition, 2009 G.C. Barney, Elevator Traffic Handbook: Theory and Practice, Routledge, 2nd | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. The SLL Lighting Ha Institution of Building S | edition, 2016 4. The SLL Lighting Handbook, The Society of Light and Lighting, Chartered Institution of Building Services Engineers, 2009 5. F. Hall, Building Services Handbook, Routledge, 9th edition, 2017 | | | | | | | |

(II) Progress Monitoring

During the training period, students should maintain a training journal to identify their progress of their training. The journal may include:

- Location: Summarize where practical training took place and where the work team fits into the overall host organization.
- **Responsibilities**: Describe the actual responsibilities. Explain the role in terms of the mission of the immediate work team.
- Skills and Knowledge: Describe the skills and knowledge needed to fulfill the work responsibilities. Describe how the knowledge and skill set evolved during the work experiences. Explain how these are relevant to the academic studies and future goals.
- **Outcome**: Describe the placement experiences and major achievements with concrete examples.

(III) Learning Evaluation

After returning from the practical training, students are required to submit a report about the work experience together with the work journal. It provides an opportunity for the student to reflect upon the learning gained at the work site. The framework of the report includes:

- A summary or an abstract of the report.
- Detail description of activities carried out during the placement.
- A self-reflection: students articulate their thinking about each piece in the report, as well as on the entire report. Through this process of reflection, students draw connections between work experience and university-based learning, construct new knowledge, and become increasingly aware of themselves as learners.
- Conclusion: after reflection on their workplace experience, students set goals and directions for future learning, such as formulate the objectives of their Final Year Project.

Examples of valid industrial placement

- Full-time placement in a suitable organization for 6 weeks.
- Assisting in PolyU activities that have an external collaboration or service component such as, Innovation and Technology Fund projects, RAPRODS projects, IGARD projects, high-level consultancy projects, collaborative research projects that were undertaken with external organizations, jobs undertaken by the Industrial Centre as a service for an external organization.
- Placement within the IAESTE (International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience) Programme in which the student is attached to a workplace abroad during the training.
- The student works on his final-year degree project which involves an industrial partner or external client. The student need not be placed in the company but make frequent visits to ensure that the project will meet the specifications required by the company/client.

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Through on-the-job work placement practical workplace applications, pre develop their generic skills in a orientation, students consult with teac | pare themselves real working | for the real environment | ities of wo . In add | rkplaces and |
|---|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology Outco | | | omes | |
| | | а | b | с | d |
| | Industrial placement | \checkmark | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | Intende | d subject lea d | rning outco | omes to be |
| | | a | b | с | d |
| | 1. Placement Report | \checkmark | \checkmark | ~ | \checkmark |
| Outcomes | 2. Placement Questionnaire | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Student Study Effort Expected | The outcomes on this subject are ass questionnaire to industrial supervisor Class contact: N/A Other student study effort: | | of student le | arning repo | ort as well as |
| | Industrial Placement 6 wee | | | | |
| | Total student study effort 6 wee | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Nil | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE4002A | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Subject Title | Digital Control and Signal Processing | | | | | | | | |
| Credit Value | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Level | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3005A | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | To introduce the fundamentals and design techniques in digital control, filtering and signal processing. The analysis and design of these digital systems will be described with the aid of practical examples and CAD packages. | | | | | | | | |
| Subject Intended | Upon completion of the subject, students | will be able t | io: | | | | | | |
| Learning Outcomes | a. Analyse the stability, transient response and steady-state response of sampled-data systems. b. Design digital controllers for sampled-data systems. c. Analyse discrete-time signals and extract features using different digital signal processing techniques. d. Design a range of FIR and IIR filters. | | | | | | | | |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Stability and transient analysis: Sampling and z-transform, Sampled-data systems, Stability of closed-loop systems, Transient and steady state responses. Digital control design: Translation of analogue design to digital design, Designs based on frequency response methods, Analytical design method. Design in state space: Controllability, Observability, Pole placement, State observer, Output feedback, Servo problem. Digital filters: Forms of realization, Design of nonrecursive and recursive filters, Finite word length effect. Spectrum analysis: DFT, FFT, Power spectrum, Windowing. Computation of convolution and correlation, Estimation of signal in noise. Laboratory Experiment: Digital signal analysis and filter design | | | | | | | | |
| Teaching/Learnin g Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiments are designed to supplement the lecturing materials. The students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information. | | | | | | | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | | omes | | | | | |
| | Lectures | a ✓ | b ✓ | c ✓ | d ✓ | | | | |
| | Tutorials | ✓ ✓ | • • | ✓ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment Methods/Tasks | % Weighting | Intended assessed | subject learr | ject learning outcomes to be | | | |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Alignment with | | | а | b | с | d | | |
| Intended | 1. Examination | 60% | ✓ | \checkmark | ✓ | ~ | | |
| Learning | 2. Class tests | 30% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| Outcomes | 3. Laboratory reports | 10% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | The outcomes on analysis tests. | and design are | assessed by | the usual m | neans of exa | mination an | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | 33 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Laboratory | | 6 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation | | | 12 Hrs. | | | | |
| | Self-study | | 49 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Total student study effort | student study effort 100 H | | | | | | |
| Reading List and | Reference books: | | | | | | | |
| References | G.F. Franklin, J.D. Powell and M.L. Workman, Digital Control of Dynat 3rd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1997 B.C. Kuo, Digital Control Systems, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, K. Ogata, Discrete-time Control Systems, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1995 E. Ifeachor and B. Jervis, Digital Signal Processing: A Practical A Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2002 R. Kuc, Introduction to Digital Signal Processing, McGraw Hill, 1988 J. Johnson, Introduction to Digital Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1989 | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE4003A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Electrical Machines |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3002A |
| Objectives | After completing an elementary subject on electromechanical energy conversion, the students are exposed to more challenging topics such as electrical machine design methods, transient and unbalanced operations of electrical machines in this course. This course is designed to ensure the students developing an in-depth understanding of various drive systems in industry. To give the knowledge of various electrical machines such as AC, DC and power electronic driven motors. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of the basic design methods of electric machines. b. Have had experience in synchronous machines including load characteristics, oscillations equations, and displacement stability. c. Be able to analyse the unbalanced and dynamic operation, condition monitoring and temperature-rise for single and 3-phase induction machines. d. Be able to understand the drives for induction machines. e. Be capable to understand the control method for induction machines. e. Be capable to understand the control method for induction machines including closed loop and vector control. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Appreciation of machine design: Appreciation of basic technological factors. Main dimensions. Electric loading and magnetic loading. Magnetic circuit. Magnetomotive force produced in windings. Reactances of AC machines and transformation: Inductance parameters. Winding Transformation. Circuit equations, conversion process, torque, equation of motion. Synchronous machines: Load characteristics of isolated generator. Linearized equations of small oscillations. Natural frequency. Induction machines: Basic circuit model of induction motor. Performance analysis of single- and three-phase induction machines. Unbalanced operation. Dynamic Operation. Temperature-rise tests. Drives for induction machines: Induction motor drives fed from stepped wave/PWM inverters. Harmonics analysis for drives. Control of machines: Open loop and closed loop control. Concept of vector control, torque control. Laboratory/Mini-project Experiments: The students are required to team up to work on laboratory session or mini-project. The mini-project is problem-based learning type and they are required to research for information, and do the design and analysis on the topics selected. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences on an through mini-projects, in w problems with real-life cor analytical thinking. Th materials so that the stude relevant information. | halysis, con hich the st astraints and e mini-pro | trol, desi udents ar l to attai jects are | gn and pr e expecte n pragma designed | actical app d to solve tic solution to supple | plications design ar ns with cr ement the | are given nd control ritical and lecturing | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Method | dology | | | Outcomes | | | |
| | | | a b c | | | d e | | |
| | Lectures | | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Tutorials | | ✓ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | |
| | Mini-projects | | ~ | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment | % | | | ct learning | outcomes | s to be | |
| Alignment with | methods/tasks | weightin | | sed b | | 4 | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | a ✓ | D | c ✓ | d V | e ✓ | |
| Student Study | 2. Class test | 24% | ✓ | · · | - | | - | |
| | 3. Mini-project & report | 16% | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | on analytical skills, problem machine design, analysis ar evaluated by mini-project an Class contact: | nd control, | as well as | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | | 36 Hrs. | |
| | Laboratory/Mini-project | | | | | | 3 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project/report | | | | | | 15 Hrs. | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 48 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | 102 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and | Reference books: | | | | | | | |
| References | B.K. Bose, Power Electit P. Vas, Vector control of 1990 D.W. Novotny and T.A. University Press, 19964 | of AC macl Lipo, Vec . D. Ha | nines, Cla etor contr nselman, | rendon P ol and dy | ress: Oxfoi | rd Univers | s, Oxford | |
| | Design, The Writers' Collective, 2003 5. Haitham Abu-Rub, Atif Iqbal, Jaroslaw Guzinski, High performance control of AC drives with MATLAB/Simulink models, Wiley, 2012 | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE4004A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Power Systems |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3004A |
| Objectives | To provide students with a sound knowledge of modern power systems that is essential for the understanding of the operation and control of power systems. To provide a continuation of study of power systems in level 3 subject EE3004A/B/D "Power Transmission and Distribution" and lead to more advanced topics of power systems study in final year electives. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired in-depth understanding of power system analysis, stability and operation. b. Have acquired skills in identification, formulation and solution of power system analysis, operation and control problems. c. Have acquired ability to evaluate the design and operational performance of basic power systems. d. Have acquired skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communication with others in a team environment. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Power flow analysis: Load flow concepts and formulation. Solution methods, including Gauss-Seidel, Newton-Raphson and Fast Decoupled Methods. Applications of load flow study to system operation. Economic operation: Generation costs. Equal incremental cost. B coefficients. Penalty factor. Multi-area coordination. Unit commitment. AGC and coordination. Power system control: Generator control systems. Speed governor systems. Load sharing. Load frequency control. Interconnected area system control. Voltage control loop. Automatic voltage regulator. AVR models and response. Power system stability: Steady state and transient stability. Equal area criterion. Time domain solution of swing curves. Multi-machine stability. Stability improvement. Excitation and governor control effects. Dynamic equivalents. Power system operation: Power system control functions. Security concepts. Scheduling and coordination. Supervisory control and data acquisition. Computer control, communication and monitoring systems. Man-machine interface. Load forecasting. Energy management systems. Laboratory Experiment: Power system load flow and security operation simulation. Transient stability assessment of power system. |

| | on system analysis, design and pract mini-projects, in which students are re- and control problems with practical critical and analytical thinking. Exper the lecturing materials and encourage software tools for power system plann | equired to solution constraints riments and m students to ta | ons are gi ve the pow and to att nini-projec ake extra r | ven throu ver system ain pragm ts are desi eadings ar | gh experin planning, natic solut gned to su | ments and operation tions with upplement |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | | Outc | omes | |
| | | | | b | с | d |
| | Lectures | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | Mini-projects | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Experiments | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | to be ass | 1 | - | |
| Intended Learning | 1. Encontinution | (00/ | a ✓ | b ✓ | c ✓ | d |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination 2. Class tests | 60% 18% | ▼ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | • √ | |
| | 3. Lab performance and report | 18% | v | v | • • | ✓ |
| | 4. Mini-project and report | 10% | ✓ | ✓ | • ✓ | ✓ ✓ |
| | Total | 1270 | • | | • | · |
| | -1 4 | | | apply the | theories | learned in |
| Student Study | class to practical experiments, to communicate in written form. | | | | theories | learned ir |
| • | | | | | theories | learned ir |
| • | communicate in written form. Class contact: | | | | theories | learned ir ed and to |
| • | communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture | | | | theories | learned ir ed and to 33 Hrs. |
| • | communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory | | | | theories | learned in ed and to 33 Hrs. |
| • | communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory Other student study effort: | | | | theories | and to 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. |
| Student Study Effort Expected | communicate in written form. Class contact: • Lecture • Laboratory Other student study effort: • Laboratory preparation / report | | | | theories ts obtaine | learned ir ed and to 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 9 Hrs. |

| Subject Code | EE4006A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Individual Project |
| Credit Value | 6 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: The student should have completed most of the subjects required in previous years of the programme before taking this subject. The enrollment of this subject is subjected to the approval of the Project Coordinator. |
| Objectives | To provide an opportunity for students: |
| | to apply specialized professional engineering knowledge independently in the creative design, implementation, managing and evaluation of an engineering project, and to achieve this goal, students are required to identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate the findings in oral and written report format. |
| Subject Intended | |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able: a. To apply specialized knowledge independently. b. To identify key engineering problems, to solve them and to communicate what is achieved orally and in a written report. c. To develop a project which is creative, rich in intellectual content and sufficiently challenging. d. To monitor the progress of a project from concept to final implementation and testing, through problem definition and the selection of alternative solutions. e. To synthesize and apply their knowledge and analytical skills gained in various engineering domains. f. To build self confidence, demonstrate independence, and develop professionalism by successfully completing the project in a competent manner. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Choice of Project Projects are proposed by staff or by an industrial partner. Projects may also be jointly proposed by student and staff. Industrial experience, research and consultancy activities are fertile ground for ideas. Project proposals must include an objective, describe the method of approach, describe any innovative features, and provide an estimate of cost. The suitability of a proposal may be judged by factors such as its intellectual level, relevance to the aims of the Programme, practicality in terms of time, funding and availability of resources. Project Plan At the beginning of the project, students are required to submit a clear project plan (formal project proposal). The plan should not be too long but should cover such matters as: an abstract problem statement and objectives |
| | brief literature research initial problem identification preliminary suggestion on methodology preliminary time schedule cost estimate and references |

Interim Progress Report

At about the midpoint of the project, students have executed their projects for a few months and they need to submit an Interim Progress Report and carry out a presentation to summarize their progress. This gives the supervisor and an assessor a more formal opportunity than at discussions to indicate his/her assessment of student's progress and to eliminate discrepancies if necessary.

Final Project Report

A good project schedule includes adequate time for preparing a report of an appropriate standard. The final report should be submitted before the examination period. These will be given to the Assessment Panel (see Assessment below) for understanding of the student's work and for assessment purpose. To ensure that the project reports are prepared properly and of appropriate standard, students must first submit a draft of the report to the supervisor for comments before final submission.

At the end of the project, each project is assessed by an Assessment Panel of three members, including two examiners and the project Supervisor.

The Project Supervisor will provide information on students' progress, initiative and ability to work independently. The Supervisor will also be in a position to contribute views on the students' technical achievement. All members of the Assessment Panel will read the project report. The examiners will reach their decision after:

- listening to the student's presentation (can be a video clip),
- examining the student orally during the poster presentation, and
- evaluate the project's outcome based on the demonstration (can be a video clip).

Assessment

In assessing the project, the assessors will typically consider the following aspects:

- a. Intellectual achievement;
- b. In-depth of understanding of the topic and the relevant allied topics;
- Quantity and quality of work done, including design and construction of equipment, experimentation, mathematical models, program writing, verification;
- d. Presentation including the written report, oral presentation and response to questions.

Examiners will ensure that all aspects of the project are thoroughly considered before arriving at grade to be awarded to the project. In arriving at their decision, the examiners should bear in mind their experiences in respect of the achievements in other projects in the Department in the current and previous years.

Method of Assessment: 100% continuous assessment

(I) Formal Project Proposal

Students are required to submit a formal project proposal when the project commences. This will contribute to 5% of the final grade.

The contents of the proposal should include:

- A. An abstract and objectives of the project
- B. Proposed specifications of the product (no matter it is a hardware or software project)
- C. Summary of the literature search done up-to-date.
- D. Proposed approach/methodology to be used
- E. Some brief descriptions on the theory of the approach/methodology
- F. Schedule of your work of the entire project
- G. References

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Literature research.
- 2. Project plan
- 3. Problem definition and methodology.
- 4. Writing quality.

(II) The Interim Progress Report

Students are required to submit an interim progress report at about the middle of project duration. This will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

The contents of the progress report should include:

- A. A summary and objectives of the project (especially any change from the original aims).
- B. Brief outline of the theory.
- C. Work that has been carried out up to the date.
- D. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory.
- E. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them.
- F. Proposed time table / schedule for the rest of the work up to the end of the project.
- G. Difficulties expected in the coming period.
- H. References

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Abstract and introduction
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Preliminary results
- 4. Project management and overall presentation of the report

(III) Mid-term progress presentation

Student is required to present the progress to an assessor after the submission of the Interim Progress Report. The presentation will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Technical concept/knowledge/application
- 2. Up-to-date progress and preliminary results
- 3. Response to questions
- 4. Presentation skill and language competence.

(IV) The Final Report

The final project report should contain all the work carried out by the student in the project. The length of the main body of the final report should be at least 45 pages in standard report format. Students are advised to form a framework for the report first, and then proceed to the formation of the titles of the chapters. The titles and structure of the sections within each chapter are then decided. Continuing the process, each section may be further expanded into appropriate sub-sections, divisions and sub-divisions etc., until a complete framework is formed. The final report will contribute to 40% of the final grade.

The content of the final report includes:

- A. An abstract of the project.
- B. Objectives of the project (especially any change from the original aims).
- C. The motivation behind the project and a brief outline of the project work.
- D. A summary of work done or developed in the project (not work done by others).
- E. The system design and the block diagram of the system, plus some brief descriptions on the theory.Results and discussion
- F. Difficulties encountered and the measures taken to solve them.
- G. The achievement of the project, the conclusions from the work and suggestions for further work.
- H. Materials which are closely related to the contents of the report, and which are themselves self-contained, may be included in the report as appendixes.
- I. A list of the references referred to the source of information in the report. This is compulsory.

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Abstract and introduction
- 2. Literature review and background
- 3. Methodology and technical skills
- 4. Results, discussions and conclusion
- 5. Overall presentation and organization of the report

(V) The Presentation and Demonstration

The student should keep the presentation concise and interesting through good use of visual aids and multimedia, logic flow of ideas, and appropriate control of the pace. Show good mastering of topics and avoid undue pauses. The student should be able to elaborate on technical details in answering questions during the poster presentation. Good pronunciation and intonation are desirable. Be courteous during the presentation.

Hardware must be neatly built and laid out and there is good engineering sense in hardware implementation. Circuits and software should function properly, and experiments should be able to support fulfillment of project objectives.

The student should show good mastering of topics during the question session of the Poster presentation by providing satisfactory answers to questions.

The presentation and demonstration will contribute to 25% of the final grade.

Assessment Criteria

- 1. Technical concept/knowledge/application
- 2. Intellectual level, response to questions
- 3. Demonstration and engineering accomplishment
- 4. Presentation skill and language competence.

(VI) Continuous Assessment

The supervisor of the project will assess the student's overall performance based on the following items. This will contribute to 10% of the final grade.

- 1. Motivation and perseverance
- 2. Originality and innovation of the project
- 3. Execution and problem solving skills
- 4. Communication

5. Self-discipline and time management

Note 1: Each student has to submit/carry out all five components (I to V) before he/she is considered to have completed the FYP.

Note 2: The final grade for the FYP will be calculated by taking the weighted average of the grades from the above six components.

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | As the nature of the subject in than a few of hours of brief administration of the proje searching. Students learn the discussions with their project The planning of the project Through the execution of the should be able to achieve the l | ings on gener ect and som technical con supervisors a will be condu project plan w | al infor e tech tents by nd a lar acted ur ith guid | rmation niques y a sub ge num nder the | , some on in stantial iber of e direct | officia formati numbe hours of | l proce on/com er of in of self-l the sup | dures in ponent dividua learning pervisor | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodo | logy | | | Outc | omes | | | |
| | | | а | b | c | d | e | f | |
| | Discussion with the project S | Supervisor | ✓ | | ✓ | | | | |
| | Writing of the project propos | al | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | | |
| | Writing of the interim report | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | Writing of the final report | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | Presentation and demonstrati | on | | ✓ | | | | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intene assess | | | | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | 1 E | 5% | a | 0 ✓ | c ✓ | d | e | f | |
| Outcomes | 1. Formal project proposal | 10% | | ▼ ✓ | • • | ✓ | | | |
| | 2. Interim progress report | | | ▼ ✓ | v | ▼ ✓ | | ✓ | |
| | 3. Mid-term presentation | 10% | ✓ | ▼ ✓ | ~ | ▼ ✓ | ✓ | ▼ ✓ | |
| | 4. Final report 5. Presentation and | 40% | | | v | v | • | | |
| | demonstration | 25% | ~ | ~ | | | | ~ | |
| | 6. Continuous assessment | 10% | ✓ | | | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | | |
| | Assessment criteria for each of the above assessment methods are as listed in one of above sections. | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Briefings | | | | | | 3 Hrs. | | |
| | Individual discussions with supervisor 36 Hrs | | | | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | |
| | Information search, self study, execution of the project, report writing, preparation of presentation | | | | | | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | | 00 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | To be advised by supervisor | | | | | 1 | | | |

| Subject Code | EE4007A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Advanced Power Electronics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3003A |
| Objectives | To provide the students with the knowledge of advanced power electronic conversion. To ensure the students having an in-depth understanding of the design and control of various power electronics converters. To give the knowledge of AC switched-mode conversion. To provide a concept of impact of power electronics on power quality. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of basic switched-mode DC/DC topologies, operation, performance and modelling. b. Have acquired a basic understanding of resonant converters and its method of loss reduction. c. Be able to apply switched-mode techniques to inverters (DC/AC converters). d. Be able to perform study on power electronics circuit simulation. e. Be aware of impacts of electromagnetic interference (EMI) and reduction of EMI using power electronics techniques. f. Be able to present results of study in the form of computer simulation, design equations and basic models, working independently and in teams when conducting before the present results of study in the simulation. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | laboratory investigations and power electronics circuit design. Pulse-width-modulated DC/DC Converters: Basic topologies and higher order converters, transformer-isolated topologies, snubber circuits, continuous and discontinuous conduction modes of operation, ripple analysis. Resonant-mode DC/DC Converters: Classification, zero-current switching and zero-voltage switching techniques, quasi-resonant converters, resonant transition converters. Switched-mode Inverters: Single-phase and three-phase voltage-source inverters, AC/AC conversion, resonant inverters. Modelling and Control of Power Converters: Small-signal modelling, traditional PID control method, modern control techniques, analogue and digital circuit simulation for power electronics, simulation techniques. Electromagnetic Interference: Generation of EMI, power factor, switched-mode EMI filter, International Standards, reduction of EMI. |
| | Laboratory Experiments (select one out of three labs): DC-DC Converter II. Quasi-resonant zero-current-switching converter Simulation of buck converters by using Saber |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are effective teaching methods: To provide an overview or outline of recent development of power electronics. To introduce new concepts and knowledge in advantage power electronic converter design, soft switching techniques, control methods and electromagnetic interference (EMI) aspects. To explain difficult ideas and concepts. To provide students feedback in relation to their learning. To encourage students responsibility for their learning by extra reference books reading and computer-based circuit simulations. Laboratory works is an essential ingredient of this subject: To provide power converter design experience for the students. To provide deep understanding of various power converter design aspects. To enable students to organise principles and challenge ideas. | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|------|---|------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Teaching/Learning methodology Outcomes | | omes | | | | | | |
| | | a | | b | c | d | | e | f |
| | Lectures | ~ | | Image: A start of the start of | \checkmark | | | ✓ | |
| | Tutorials | ~ | | Image: A start of the start of | \checkmark | | | ✓ | |
| | Experiments | ✓ | , | Image: A start of the start of | ✓ | ✓ | | \checkmark | ✓ |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | | ided su assess b | | earnir d | ng outc | omes f |
| 0 | 1 Examination | 600/ | | a √ | 0 ✓ | C ✓ | a | e √ | 1 |
| Intended Learning | 1. Examination | 60% | | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | | v √ | |
| Outcomes | 2. Two in-class tests | 20% | | ✓ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | ~ | ✓ ✓ | \checkmark |
| | 3. Laboratory reports | 10% | | ✓ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | ✓ ✓ | ~ | ✓ ✓ | ~ |
| | 4. Assignments Total | 10% | | ~ | V | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | and problem solving techniques will be evaluated. Examination, class tests, laborator sections and reports are an integrated approach to validly assess students' performance with respect to the intended subject learning outcomes. Class contact: | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: | 1 approac | h to | valid | | | | perfor | rmance |
| Student Study Effort Expected | sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory | 1 approac | h to | valid | | | | perfor | rmance |
| Student Study Effort Expected | sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial | d approac earning ou | h to | valid | | | | 33 6 | rmance B Hrs. |
| Student Study Effort Expected | sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: | d approac earning ou | h to | valid | | | | 333 6 12 | o Hrs. |
| Student Study Effort Expected | sections and reports are an integrated with respect to the intended subject le Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparation/report/ass | d approac earning ou | h to | valid | | | | 333 6 12 49 | rmance 3 Hrs. 5 Hrs. 2 Hrs. |

| Subject Code | EE4008A |
|--|--|
| 0 | |
| Subject Title | Applied Digital Control |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3005A |
| Objectives | To facilitate a working knowledge of principles of reduced-order modelling, digital control algorithms, system identification, and adaptive control. To enable students designing industrial control systems for applications in different engineering areas. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the concepts of reduced-order modelling, deadbeat control algorithm, system identification and adaptive control. b. Understand the notions of offline and online system identification. c. Design conventional and adaptive controllers based on user specifications. d. Use CAD package for design and simulation. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Process control: Process modelling, Performance Specification, Industrial controller, Ziegler & Nichols tuning, Advanced process control, Reduced order modelling. Direct digital control algorithms: PID algorithm, Cascade control, Dead-time compensation, Internal model control. Computer control methods: Hierarchical control configurations, Distributed approach, Programmable logic controllers (PLC). System identification: Discrete-time and continuous-time systems, identification by correlation, principle of least squares, Recursive least squares. Self-tuning control: Introduction to adaptive control, Self-tuning controller. Laboratory Experiment: There will be two laboratory experiments on the topics of reduced order modeling, digital control design and system identification by least-squares technique. Case study: Individual assignment related to above methods. Students will write a report and present their finding to the class. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiments and case study are designed to supplement the lecturing materials. The students are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for relevant information. | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---|-------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | | Outco | mes | | |
| | | | | b | с | d | |
| | Lectures | 'n | (| ✓ | √ | | |
| | Tutorials | `` | (| ✓ | ~ | | |
| | Experiments and case study | | | | ~ | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | | et learning assessed | | |
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | 2. Class test | 20% | ✓ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Laboratory and case study reports | 20% | | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | Total 100% | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory 6 Hr Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation/report | | | | | | |
| | Case study preparation/report | | | | | 14 Hrs. | |
| | Self-study | | | | 35 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 100 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE4009A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Electric Traction and Drives |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3003A and EE4003A |
| Objectives | To enable students to develop a sound understanding of operation of modern electrified railway systems. To provide an appreciation of the design and application of electric drives and operation principles of railway signalling. To enable students to understand the implications of design of traction and signalling systems on railway operations and traffic control. To introduce to students the vital problems of electromagnetic interference and hardware design of enhanced electromagnetic compatibility. To enhance students' awareness on the use of computer simulation in railway planning and operation, as well as the future technologies in railway systems. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Outline the operation principles of the sub-systems and their components in an electrified railway system and compare their advantages and limitations with reference to practical railway lines. b. Elaborate on the impacts of the performance and properties of the sub-systems to the overall system safety and reliability. c. Engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Introduction: The trends of modernisation of railway systems. Technical and design aspects of railway electrification. Fundamentals of design and construction of rolling stock. Power supply systems: rectifier substations, distance and load sharing between substations, reduction of supply unbalance in single-phase traction. |
| | D.C. drives: Single-phase dual-converter drives; Three-phase full-converter drives. Chopper drives: line filter design, chopping frequency selection; principles of powering and regenerative braking. Multiphase chopper, automatic variable field chopper. Case studies on local traction industry. |
| | 3. <i>A.C. drives</i> : Performance characteristics of induction motors: VVVF control, PWM control: mode transition, pulse dropping; CVVF control; Vector Control. |
| | Railway signalling: Basic functions. Fixed and moving block signalling schemes. Route and cab signalling. Principles of headway and block length. Factors affecting signal layout. Track circuits: principles, operation and function. Interlocking. Traffic control. Automatic train control. |

| | Train movement and simulation movement: resistance, speed a control: Precise stopping at time-based and event-based methods and event-based methods. Electromagnetic compatibilition Hardware designs with enhanced and suspension technological states. Future trends of transit system levitation and suspension technological states. Laboratory Experiments: Traction power load flow simulation flow simulation and submethod flow simulation and systems. | restriction, gn stations and hodels, simula ty: Track cin ced electrom ms: Guided v miques. Adv Design of asy | vadient and cur inter-station r ation levels, ap reuit interferer agnetic compat vehicles under vanced automa | vature of trac uns. Compu plications. nce. Substati tibility. computer con tic train contri | ks. Movement tter simulation: ion harmonics. ttrol. Magnetic rol of registers, | |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Video clips together with computer animations are used to supplement conventional lectures. Case studies will be used extensively to highlight the practicality of the subject materials being covered. Practitioners are also invited to have experience sharing session with the class. A group project is to be carried out to demonstrate and integrate the knowledge learned. Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes Image: the class of the cla | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Mini-project (group project) 2. Tests 3. Examination Total This is an advanced and yet ap railway engineering. The subject railway and a number of case stu The outcomes are assessed throu aspects learnt), tests and written explicitly approximately and a statement of the stateme | t encompasse idies are used gh a mini-pr | be assessed a \checkmark ubject for stuces all the imped to supplement | ortant elemen at the analytic | c ✓ ✓ e interested in tts in a typical cal discussions. | |

| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Seminar | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | |
| | Assignment and self-studies | 65 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort | 104 Hrs. | | | |
| Reading List and | Textbooks: | | | | |
| References | M.H. Rashid, Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall 2004 Managing railway operations & maintenance: best practices from KCRC / edited by Robin Hirsch; technical co-editors, Felix Schmid, Michael Hamlyn. A & N Harris; Birmingham: University of Birmingham Press, 2007 | | | | |
| | Reference books/journals: | | | | |
| | 1. J. Pachl, Railway Operation and Control. VTD Rail Publish (USA) 2004. | ing, Mountlake Terrace | | | |
| | 2. Bonnett, Clifford F. Practical railway engineering, London: 2005. | Imperial College Press, | | | |
| | 3. O.S. Lock, Railway Signalling, 3rd Edition, A & C Black, 1993 | 3 | | | |
| | 4. Selected papers from IEE/IET Proceedings – Electric Power A | pplications | | | |

| Subject Code | EE4010A |
|--|--|
| • | |
| Subject Title | Fibre Optics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3008A or EIE331 |
| Objectives | To introduce to students the physical laws that govern the behaviour of optical fibres and fibre-optic components. To teach students the principles of fibre-optic sensing and optical fibre communications. To equip students with the knowledge to design simple fibre-optics sensor systems. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the basics of light propagation in optical fibres and analyze the attenuation and dispersion properties. b. Learn the functions and test the performance of various fibre-optic components and sub-systems. c. Understand the basics of generation, modulation and detection of light signals in fibre-optic communication and sensor systems. d. Design simple optical fibre sensors and communication systems considering the performance of the fibres (e.g., dispersion, loss) and component constraints. e. Appreciate recent developments and the importance of optical fibre technologies for communications and sensing. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Optical fibres: Propagation theory. Wave-guiding. Fibre types. Optical loss. Fibre dispersion. Mechanical properties. Specialty optical fibres. Fibre-optic cables. Fibre optic connection, components and test methods: Coupling losses. Splices. Connectors. Coupling devices and techniques. Devices for wavelength-division-multiplexing. Power measurements. Fibre loss and dispersion measurements. Optical fibre sensors: Extrinsic and intrinsic sensors. Intensity-, phase-, frequency-, and polarization-modulation sensors. Wavelength distribution sensors. Sensor design and applications. Optical sources: Wavelength considerations. Emitter materials. Light-emitting-diodes (LEDs). Laser diodes. Emitter lifetime. Modulation of LED and laser diodes. Driving circuits. Optical detectors: Photo-detectors: noise, response time, materials. PIN and avalanche photodiodes. Receivers. Fibre optic systems design: Fibre optic communication system design considerations. Attenuation and dispersion budgets. Digital system design. Direct and coherent transmission systems. Noise and error mechanisms. Receiver sensitivity and circuit design. Applications of fibre optics in electrical engineering: Optical groundwire. Enhancing power system telecommunications and control with overhead and underground fibre optic cables. Fibre optic sensors for measuring voltage, current, temperature. Location of cable faults by using optical fibre sensing. |

| | Laboratory Experiments/Demonstrations: Insertion loss measurement using optical power meters and optical spectrum analyzers Optical spectrum analyzer for spectral measurements of light sources Fibre Bragg grating sensors | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures, quizzes, tests, laboratory experiments, mini-projects, and examination. | | | | | | | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | | | C | Outcomes | | | |
| | | | | a | b | с | d | e | |
| | Lectures | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| | Tutorials | | | ✓ | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | Experiments/Demonstrat | tion | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment | % | | | | t learning | outcomes | s to be | |
| Alignment with | methods/tasks | weightin | ng | assess | | | 1 | | |
| Intended Learning | 1 Ouizzos | 2% | | a ✓ | b ✓ | c ✓ | d | e ✓ | |
| Outcomes | 1. Quizzes | | | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | ✓ | v | |
| | 2. Tests | 28% | | v | ▼ ✓ | v | ✓ ✓ | | |
| | 3. Laboratory & | 5% | | | v | | v | | |
| | experiment report | 5% | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | \checkmark | |
| | 4. Mini-projects | 60% | | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | ▼ ✓ | ✓ | • | |
| | 5. Examination Total | 100% | | v | v | v | v | | |
| Student Study Effort | fibre-optics sensor system laboratory experiments an Class contact: | | | | assessed | by quizze | s, tests, n | nini-projects, | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | | 33 Hrs. | | |
| | Laboratory | | | | | | 6 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-projects | | | | | | 15 Hrs. | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 45 hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | | 99 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: J.M. Senior, Optical Prentice Hall, 2008 J.C. Palais, Fiber Opti G. Keiser, Optical Fib G.P. Agrawal, Fiber-optical Fiber-optical | c Commun er Commu optic Comm | icat nica | ions, 5 th ttions, 3 cation S | ^t Edition, rd Edition, Systems, 3 | Prentice F , McGraw rd ed., Wi | Hall, 2005 -Hill, 200 ley, 2002 | 00 | |

| Subject Code | EE4011A |
|--|--|
| - | |
| Subject Title | Industrial Computer Applications |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | Introduce the applications of computing techniques in solving industrial problems. The topics included are shown in the following: embedded control system; applications of computer vision; Internet of Things (IoT) applications and mobile applications. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Design and develop embedded computer control systems b. Understand the use of industrial networks on process data acquisition and control. c. Apply image processing techniques in industrial automation. d. Design Internet of Thing system and basic mobile applications e. Appreciate the importance of computing systems in solving industrial applications. f. Think logically and be able to analyze data as well as present results in writing. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Embedded Computer control: Modelling of the computer process control system, practical approaches to digital control implementation, microprocessor based control systems. Intelligent instrumentation and systems: applications of distributed digital control algorithms, industrial networks and SCADA system. Computer vision: Digital image fundamentals, image representation, image enhancement, image segmentation, application of image processing in industrial automation. IoT and Mobile applications: Wireless LAN, WiFi technology and advantages, IoT design and implementation. Introduction to server-side and client-side mobile applications. Mini-project cases: PC based digital controller for temperature control Power failure monitoring using embedded controller Computer vision applications |

| | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are theories. Experiences or projects, in which the stu constraints and to attain pr | n desig udents | n and are e | practication | al app to sol | lication ve desi | s are giv gn proble | en throu ems with | gh mini- real-life | |
| | Teaching/Learning | | | Outcomes | | | | | | |
| | Methodology | | a | b | | c | d | e | f | |
| | Lectures | | ~ | ~ | · | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | Tutorials | | | ~ | | ✓ | | ✓ | | |
| | Experiment | | √ | ~ | · | √ | \checkmark | | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weigł | | Intended subject learning ou assessed | | ning outco | omes to b | e | | |
| Intended Learning | | | | a | b | c | d | e | f | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60 | | ~ | √ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | 2. In-class Test | 15 | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 3. Mini-project Report | 15 | | ✓ | √ | ✓ | ✓ | | ~ | |
| | 4. Exercise Total | 10 | | ✓ | √ | ~ | \checkmark | ✓ | | |
| Student Study | industrial computing based application with a study report covering the investigation of the intriguing computing application for feasibility lookout, failure explanation, rooms for future enhancement and improvements. | | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | | | | 33 Hrs. | |
| | Laboratory (mini-project) | | | | | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project report and preparation | | | | | | | 16 Hrs. | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | | 45 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | | 100 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: S.A. Boyer, SCADA: 1999. C. Pfister, Getting Star E. White, Making F O'Reilly, 2011. A.V. Deshmukh, Mic 2006 M. Beyeler, Machine Python, Packt Publish | rted wit Embedd rrocontr Learn | th the ded S rollers ing fo | Internet Systems: :: Theor | of Thi Desi y and | ngs, Ma gn Patt Applic | aker Media terns for ations, Ta | a, Inc, 20 Great 3 ata McG | 111 Software, raw-Hill, | |

| Subject Code | EE4012A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Intelligent Buildings |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3009A |
| Objectives | 1. To enable students to establish a broad knowledge on the concepts of intelligent buildings. |
| | To enable students to understand that intelligence of a building can be achieved by integration and optimization of building structure, services systems, information technology, management and valued-added services. |
| | 3. To enable students to understand basic features of an intelligent building and the required services system to support these features. |
| | 4. To enable students to understand the operation principle and characteristics of various service systems/technologies of an intelligent buildings; such as the building automation system, intelligent vertical transportation systems, communications, structured cabling and etc. |
| | To enable student to understand the impacts these services systems/ technologies on the building and people. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Identify benefits, impacts and driving forces of intelligent buildings, and its |
| | subsystems.b. Describe design philosophy at system level, system configurations, system sub- modules of vertical modern vertical transportation systems and building automation systems, including the out-stations, etc. |
| | c. Describe general design concept and principles of communication systems in intelligent building, such as voice communication system, video communication systems, LAN, wireless LAN, data networks, office automation systems, etc. |
| | d. Describe the general principle, concepts and system configurations of structure cabling, including the features, characteristics and applications of different categories of cables. |
| | e. Given a technical topic related to the subject, carry out literature search and present the findings in a technical report. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Intelligent building characteristics: Features and benefits of intelligent buildings. The anatomy of intelligent buildings. Environmental aspect. The marketplace and other driving forces behind the emergence of intelligent buildings. (6 hours) |
| | Building automation systems & controls: Philosophy, system configuration, system modules, distributed systems and on-line measurements. Fire protection, security and energy management. Control objectives. Sensors, controllers and actuators. Control system schematics, system design, and internal elements of outstations. Microprocessor based controllers & digital controls. Examples of sub-systems such as: Digital Addressable Lighting Interface (DALI) (9 hours) |

| | Modern intelligent vertical transportation systems: Sky lobby, double-deck twin lifts, advanced call registration systems, large scale monitoring syste applications of artificial intelligence in supervisory control, energy saving meas related to lift systems/escalator systems, other modern vertical transporta systems, such as: gondola systems, materials handling systems, etc. (6 hours) Communication and security systems: Voice communication systems, local network, wireless LAN, Digital TV, CCTV, digital CCTV, teleconferencing, CABD. SMATV. Data networking. Public address/sound reinforcement syste Digital public address system: Characteristics and benefits. Standards, configurat and physical media. EMI/EMC issues, grounding problems. System des Different Categories of cables. (6 hours) Integrating the technologies and systems: The impact of information technolog buildings and people. Interaction and integration between building struct systems, services, management, control and information technology. (5 hours) Case study: International Financial Centre II, International Commerce Centre, Central Plaza similar buildings. | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are of 1. To provide an overview 2. To introduce new cond 3. To explain difficult idd 4. To motivate and stimu 5. To provide students fer Mini-project works/Assign 1. To supplement the lect 2. To add real experience 3. To provide deep under 4. To enable students to conduct the statement Teaching/Learning Method | w or outline o cepts and know eas and concep- late students i edback in rela ments are ess turing materia for the stude standing of the organize princ | f the subject wledge to pts of the sentrest. tition to the cential inguls. Its. nts. ne subject. | ect. the studer subject. eir learnin redients o hallenge i | ıg. <u>f this sub</u> | | | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Metho | odology | | | | | | | |
| | T | | a | b | с | d | e | | |
| | Lectures | | ✓ ✓ | √ | ✓ | √ | ╞───┤│ | | |
| | Tutorials | | ~ | ~ | √ | √ | | | |
| | Mini-project | | | | | | ✓ | | |
| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | | | |
| Alignment with Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | e | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | ~ | √ | ✓ | √ | | | |
| | 2. Class tests | 18% | | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| | 3. Assignments | 11% | ✓ | | | | ✓ | | |
| | 4. Mini-project | 11% | \checkmark | | | | \checkmark | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | | |
| | The understanding on theo and problem solving tech project report are an integ respect to the intended sub | nique will be grated approa | e evaluate ch to vali | d. Exami dly assess | nation, c | lass tests | and mini- | | |

| Student Study | Class contact: | |
|------------------|--|---|
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | 39 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | |
| | Mini-project/Assignments | 20 Hrs. |
| | Self-study | 41 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | 100 Hrs. |
| Reading List and | Reference books: | |
| References | Clements-Croome, Derek, Intelligent Buildings: An introducti Shengwei Wang, Intelligent Buildings and Building Automati Jim Sinopoli, Smart Building Systems for Architectures, Elsevier, 2010 P. Manolescue, Integrating Security into Intelligent Buildings, A. Dobbelsteen, Smart Building in a Changing Climate, Techn D. Clements-Croome, Intelligent Buildings: An Introduction, I A. Oliviero, Cabling [electronic resource]: The Complete Fiber-ooptic Networking, John Wiley & Sons, 2014 W.T. Grondzik, & A.G. Kwok, Mechanical and Electrical Eq Wiley, 2015 | on, Spon Press, 2010 Owners and Builders, , Cheltenharn, 2003 ne Press, 2009 Routledge, 2014 Guide to Copper and |

| | FE4012 A |
|--|---|
| Subject Code | EE4013A |
| Subject Title | Power System Protection |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3004A |
| Objectives | To introduce students the modern knowledge of power system protection. To enable students to understand the design philosophy and working principle of different protective schemes, and how they are applied to power systems. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will: a. Have acquired a good understanding of knowledge, techniques and skills of power system protection. b. Have the ability to apply and adapt applications of mathematics, engineering skills in the analysis, comparison, and interpretation of various power system protection schemes. c. Be able to interpret nameplate data and able to select the most appropriate transducers for various protection schemes. d. Be able to carry out tests and analyze the performance of transducers and protection relays. e. Be able to present technical results in the form of a technical report. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Philosophy of protection: General considerations. Components of protection. Structure of protective relays. Trend of protection development. Transducers: Input sources for protection system. Current and voltage transformers; sources of error; their performance under normal and abnormal conditions. Non-unit protection: Non-unit protection for distribution networks – overcurrent and directional protection, techniques used to analyze their performances. Non-unit protection for transmission networks – distance relays, distance protection schemes, protection characteristics and impedance seen by distance relays. Unit protection: Principles of unit protection. High impedance and low impedance differential protection and their applications. Bias differential protection and its application to transformers. Digital protection: Principles of digital relaying. Digital relay architecture. Recent development of digital relaying techniques. Laboratory Experiment: Current Transformer Saturation. Directional Overcurrent Protection. Low Impedance and High Impedance Busbar Protection. Fault Simulation and Simulation of Digital Relay in EHV Transmission Line. |

Case study:

- 1. Explain how source impedance and fault location affect the performance of protective relays.
- 2. What do you understand about the terms reliability and stability of protective relays?
- 3. How protective relays achieve selectivity? Give examples and explain.
- 4. Explain the meaning of sensitivity of protective relays. How to decide a suitable sensitivity for protective relays?
- 5. What factors will affect CT accuracy and how to control them?
- 6. How to choose a suitable CT for protective relays?
- 7 Describe the voltage measurement methods in different voltage levels in a power network.
- 8. Pros and cons of using Capacitive Voltage Transformer (CVT).
- 9. How to achieve discrimination between overcurrent relays installed in radial feed feeders in distribution system?
- 10. When we grade overcurrent relays of different time / current characteristics, what precautions should we take? Give examples.
- 11. What are directional relay schemes? Explain how the relays are connected and how they are used.
- 12. Will directional relays mal-operate? Give one example.
- 13. What is the effect of load on distance relay operation?
- 14. What will affect the accuracy of measurement on distance protection relays?
- 15. Describe the communication methods used for protective relays in a power network.
- 16. What is the effect of power swing on distance protection relays?
- 17. How differential protection is applied in feeders, busbars, and transformers?
- 18. What is the difference between low impedance and high impedance differential protection? How can we achieve through fault stability in both protection systems?
- 19. How the inrush current on power transformer is formed and what is its effect on transformer protection?
- 20. Why bias is required in transformer differential protection? What is its effect on the range of windings to be protected?
- 21. Explain the working principle of harmonic bias used in transformer differential protection.
- 22. What is restricted earth fault protection and what is unrestricted earth fault protection? Why are they needed? What is the range of winding they can protect comparing to the bias differential protection?
- 23. Why digital relay is different from conventional protective relays? What additional features a digital relay can offer?
- 24. Compare the performance of the two basic digital relay algorithms, the sample and derivative algorithm, and the differential equation algorithm. What is the problem when they are applied in a power system?
- 25. Explain the working principle of the Fourier algorithm in digital relay technology. Why it has better performance than other algorithm? What is its drawback?

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Both the fundamental understanding an emphasized in lectures. Students shall engagement and participation in lecture where appropriate, are discussed interacti are planned to let students design and critically analyze their results, reacl performance of power system protect preparations such as information gather used to enhance students learning exper students with the opportunity to devel report writing skills pertinent to the field | take initia es. Practica vely in cla carry-out h conclus tive schen ing before tiences and op indepe | tive l pro ss. Ir an e: sions nes. labo l pra- | to le otection n labo xperi abo Stud orator ctical nt des | earn the on scheo pratory mental out the ents w y class applic sign/pla | rough mes us classe strate could ses. Mi cations anning | the pr sed in es, exp gy, rec rpretation have the ini-Pro | ocess of industry, eriments cord and ion and to make jects are provide | |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology Ou | | | Dutcom | nes | | | | |
| | | а | ł | 5 | с | | đ | e | |
| | Lectures | ✓ | v | / | ✓ | | | | |
| | Experiments | ✓ | | | | • | / | ✓ | |
| Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | 1. Examination 2. Class Test/Quiz 3. Laboratory performance & reports 4. Mini-project & report Total | a 60% ✓ 20% ✓ 10% ✓ 10% ✓ | | | b ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ | c ✓ ✓ ✓ | d ✓ | e | |
| Student Study | The subject outcomes on concepts understanding, interpretation, analysis and applications of power system protection schemes are assessed by means of examination, quizzes and tests. The outcomes on engineering skills and applications, performance testing and analysis, as well as technical writing techniques, are evaluated by experiments, mini-project and reports. | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory | | | | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | |
| | Laboratory preparation / report | | | | | 12 Hrs. | | | |
| | Mini-project / self-study | | | | | | 4 | 49 Hrs. | |
| | | | 100 Hrs. | | | | | | |

| Reading List and | Reference books: |
|------------------|--|
| References | 1. Network Protection and Automation Guide, Edition May 2011, Alstom Grid, 2011 |
| | 2. P.M. Anderson (Editor in Chief), Power System Protection, McGraw Hill 1 st Edition, 1999 |
| | 3. W.A. Elmore, Protective Relaying Theory and Applications, Marcel Dekker, 2 nd Edition, 2004 |
| | A.T. Johns & S.K. Salman, Digital Protection for Power Systems, IEE Power Series, 1995 |
| | 5. Power System Protection, Vol. 1, 2, & 3, The Electricity Training Association, 1995 |

| Subject Code |
|--|
| Subject Title |
| Credit Value |
| Level |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion |
| Objectives |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus |

| | theories. Experiences on system ana through mini-projects, in which the engineering problems using intelligen Mini-projects are designed to supplem encouraged to take extra readings and | lysis, desi e students at technique nent the lea | gn an are les wit cturing | d prac expec th crit g mate | ctical ap ted to ical and crials so | pplicati solve d analy that th | ions a the e tical t | electrical hinking. | |
|--|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | Outcome | | | | s | | | |
| | | a b | | | с | | d e | | |
| | Lectures | ✓ | ~ | | \checkmark | ✓ | | | |
| | Tutorials | ✓ | ~ | | \checkmark | ✓ | | | |
| | Mini-projects | | √ | | | | | ✓ | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | | % hting | | | bject learning b be assessed | | | |
| Intended Learning | | | | а | b | c | d | e | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60 | % | ~ | \checkmark | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| | 2. Class Test | 15 | % | ~ | \checkmark | ✓ | | | |
| | 3. Mini-project Report and Presentation | 15% | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | |
| | 4. Exercises | 10% 🗸 🗸 | | | \checkmark | ✓ | | | |
| | Total 100% | | | | | | | | |
| | examination, and test. Mini-projects a problem-solving techniques and pr | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytic: ent te | | |
| | | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytic: ent te | al skills, | |
| | problem-solving techniques and pr applications, as well as technical report | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytica ent te ll. | al skills, | |
| | problem-solving techniques and pr applications, as well as technical repor Class contact: | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytica ent te ll. | al skills, echnique | |
| | problem-solving techniques and pr applications, as well as technical repor Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytica ent te ll. | al skills, echnique 33 Hrs. | |
| | problem-solving techniques and pr applications, as well as technical repor Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Mini-project presentation | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytic: ent te ll. | al skills, echnique 33 Hrs. | |
| | problem-solving techniques and pr applications, as well as technical report Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Mini-project presentation Other student study effort: | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytic: ent te ll. | al skills, echnique 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | problem-solving techniques and prapplications, as well as technical report Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Mini-project presentation Other student study effort: Mini-project preparation/report | actical co | onside | rt asse ration | ss those s of i | e on an intellige | alytic: ent te II. | al skills, echnique 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 16 Hrs. | |

| | 1 |
|---|---|
| Subject Code | EE4015A |
| Subject Title | Electrical Engineering Materials |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ENG2001 |
| Objectives | To introduce the students of electrical engineering or related discipline to basic electrical engineering materials. An introduction to materials in electrical engineering design and an advanced topic on smart materials will also be given. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <u>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</u> a. Acquire some understanding in basic and advanced electrical engineering materials. b. Solve basic problems in electrical engineering materials. c. Acquire better skills in performing projects / laboratory experiments. <u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u> |
| | d. Perform independent learning in electrical engineering materials. e. Work as a team in projects / laboratory sessions. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Syllabus: 1. <u>Types and Applications of Materials</u> Materials for engineering. Classification of materials. Types and applications of engineering metals, ceramics, polymers and composites. 2. <u>Conducting, Semiconducting, Insulating and Superconducting Materials</u> Electrical conduction. Electrical conductors. Conduction in ionic materials. Semiconduction. Semiconductors. Hall effect. Polarization. Dielectric constant and losses. Dielectric strength and breakdown. Electrical insulators. Superconduction. |
| | Superconductors. <u>Magnetic Materials</u> Diamagnetism. Paramagnetism. Ferromagnetism. Antiferromagnetism. Ferrimagnetism. Magnetic domains. Magnetization. Magnetic hysteresis. Permeability. Magnetic anisotropy. Soft magnetic materials. Hard magnetic materials. |
| | <u>Materials in Electrical Engineering Design</u> Corrosion, oxidation and degradation. Selection of materials for electrical engineering design (case studies). Applications to electrochemical energy storage: batteries, fuel cells, etc. |
| | <u>Smart Materials</u> Ferroelectricity and ferroelectric smart materials. Piezoelectricity and piezoelectric smart materials. Magnetostriction and magnetostrictive smart materials. |
| | Examples of Possible Laboratory Experiment: Electrical conduction and dielectric behavior of materials. Ferromagnetic behavior and Hall Effect in materials. Ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and magnetostrictive behaviors of materials. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures, supplemented with interactive questions and answers Tutorials, where problems are discusse and are given to students for them to | a, b, d | | In lectures, students are introduced to the <i>knowledge</i> of the subject, and <i>comprehension</i> is strengthened with interactive Q&A. In tutorials, students <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in solving the problems given by the tutor. | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--|----------|--|--|
| | solve Projects / Laboratory sessions, where students will interactively investiga materials or material properties. Assignments and In- Class Quizzes | gate | | Students <i>acquire</i> hands-on experience in using electronic equipment and <i>apply</i> what they have learnt in lectures/tutorials to experimentally validate the theoretical investigations. Through working assignments, students will develop a firm understanding and <i>comprehension</i> of the <i>knowledge</i> taught. | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | | % weighting | Intende assessed a | d subject d b | learning c | outcome | s to be | | |
| | 1. Continuous assessn | ant | 60 % | ✓ | ~ | | ✓ | - ✓ | | |
| | 2. Examination | lent | 40 % | · · | • • | • | · · | • | | |
| | Z. Examination | | 100 % | v | v | | v | | | |
| | Explanation of the appr learning outcomes: Specific assessment methods/tasks | sment Remark | | | | | | | | |
| | Assignments and In-Class Quizzes | Assignments and quizzes are given to students to assess their competence level of <i>knowledge</i> and <i>comprehension</i> . The criteria (i.e. <i>what</i> to be demonstrated) and level (i.e. the <i>extent</i> of achievement will be graded according to six levels: (A+ and A), Good (B+ and B), Satisfactory (C+ and C), Marginal (D and Failure (F). These will be made known to the student before an assignment is given. Feedback about their performance will be given promptly to students to help them improvement their learning. | | | | | on. The e extent) (A+ and jinal (D) students at their | | | |
| | Laboratory works / projects | | | | | | | of these | | |
| | Mid-semester test and an End-of- semester test | all th promp | will be two e learning o ot improvement as in the case | outcomes ent. Expe | and giv ctation a | ve feedba | ack to t | hem for | | |
| | Examination | assess These | will be an students' a are mainly ng criteria wi | ichieveme y summa | ent of al ative in | l the lea nature. | arning ou Expectat | itcomes. | | |

| Student Study | Class contact: | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Effort Expected | Lecture | 24 Hrs. |
| | Tutorial | 9 Hrs. |
| | Laboratory / Project | 6 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | |
| | Revision | 34 Hrs. |
| | Tutorial & assignments | 15 Hrs. |
| | Laboratory logbook & report writings | 8 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | 96 Hrs. |
| | Textbooks: 1. James D. Livingston, Electronic Properties of | Engineering Materials, New |
| Reading List and References | James D. Livingston, <i>Electronic Properties of</i> York; John Wiley & Sons, 1999 References: S. O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials | and Devices, Third Edition |
| | James D. Livingston, <i>Electronic Properties of</i> York; John Wiley & Sons, 1999 References: | and Devices, Third Edition 6. |
| | James D. Livingston, <i>Electronic Properties of</i> York; John Wiley & Sons, 1999 References: S. O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials Singapore; McGraw-Hill International Edition, 200 Ian P. Jones, Materials Science for Electrical and | and Devices, Third Edition 6. d Electronic Engineers, New t: New Age Science, 2009. |
| | James D. Livingston, <i>Electronic Properties of</i> York; John Wiley & Sons, 1999 References: S. O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials Singapore; McGraw-Hill International Edition, 200 Ian P. Jones, Materials Science for Electrical an York: Oxford University Press, 2001. T. K. Basak, Electrical Engineering Materials, Ken Bhadra P. Pokharel and Nava R. Karki, Elect | and Devices, Third Edition 16. d Electronic Engineers, New t: New Age Science, 2009. trical Engineering Materials son Delmar Learning, 2007. |
| | James D. Livingston, <i>Electronic Properties of</i> York; John Wiley & Sons, 1999 References: S. O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic Materials Singapore; McGraw-Hill International Edition, 200 Ian P. Jones, Materials Science for Electrical an York: Oxford University Press, 2001. T. K. Basak, Electrical Engineering Materials, Ken Bhadra P. Pokharel and Nava R. Karki, Elect Oxford: Alpha Science, 2007. Rob Zachariason, Electrical Materials, USA: Thom C. Vittoria, Magnetics, Dielectrics, and Wave | and Devices, Third Edition 16. d Electronic Engineers, New t: New Age Science, 2009. trical Engineering Materials uson Delmar Learning, 2007. Propagation with MATLAE |

| Subject Code | EE4022A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Fundamentals of Fibre-Optic Communications and Sensors |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3008A or EIE331 |
| Objectives | To introduce to students the physical laws that govern the behaviour of fibre-optics components. To give students an understanding of the principles of fibre-optic sensing and optical fibre communications. To equip students with the knowledge to design simple fibre-optics sensor systems. |
| Subject Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Understand the attenuation and dispersion of optical fibres and their physical meaning and phenomena behind mathematical equations and computed results. b. Understand the most appropriate passive and active fibre-optic components for fibre-optic sensor systems and communication links. c. Use the appropriate fibre-optic equipment/instrument to perform optical power and spectrum measurements and have had hands-on experience in the use fusion splicer to make low-loss fibre joints. d. Apply fibre optic sensors for temperature and strain measurement in practical engineering applications. e. Appreciate recent developments and the importance of fibre optics technologies for communications and fibre-optic sensors. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Optical fibres: Propagation theory. Wave-guiding. Fibre types. Optical loss. Fibre dispersion. Mechanical properties. Special fibres. Fibre-optic cables and cable design examples. Fibre optic connections and test methods: Coupling losses. Splices. Connectors. Coupling devices and techniques. Distribution systems. Devices for wavelength-division-multiplexing. Power measurements. Fibre loss and dispersion measurements. Optical time-domain reflectometry. Reliability. Optical fibre sensors: Extrinsic, evanescent, intrinsic sensors. Optical components for fibre sensors: Power transmission, actuation and safety aspects of design. Applications. Optical sources: Wavelength considerations. Emitter materials. Light-emitting-diodes. Laser diodes. Emitter lifetime. Modulation of LED and laser diodes. Drive circuits. Formats for digital modulation. Direct and coherent transmission systems. Noise and error mechanisms. Receiver sensitivity and circuit design. Optical detectors: Photo-detectors: noise, response time, materials. PIN and avalanche photodiodes. Receivers. |

| | 6. <i>Fibre optic systems des</i> Attenuation and disper- | | | | | esign cons | siderations. | |
|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--|
| | 7. <i>Applications of fibre</i> Enhancing power sys underground fibre optic temperature. Location of | stem telecon c cables. Fi | nmunica bre optio | tions and c sensors fo | control or measur | with ove ing voltag | rhead and | |
| | Laboratory Experiments/De Insertion loss measure spectrum analyzers Optical spectrum analy Fibre Bragg grating set | ment of opti zer for spect | cal fibre | | | | and optical | |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures, classworks, assign | | , laborat | ory experin | nents, and | examinat | tion. | |
| | Teaching/Learning Metho | dology | | | utcomes | | | |
| | Lesteurs | | a | b | c | d | e | |
| | Lectures Tutorials | | | ~ | √ √ | V | | |
| | Laboratory/Experiments | | v √ | | V | V | √ | |
| | Laboratory/Experiments | | • | | | v | v | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Inten | - | learning outcomes to be | | | |
| Intended Learning | | | a | b | с | d | e | |
| Outcomes | 1. Assignments | 10% | \checkmark | 1 | | 1 | V | |
| | 2. Tests | 20% | \checkmark | | | ~ | V | |
| | 3. Laboratory report | 10% | √ | | 1 | V | V | |
| | 4. Examination | 60% | | | | | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | This subject introduces the semiconductor light source fibre-optic communication assignments, tests, laborato | es and detect | tors, and or syste | d how to en ems. The | mploy the outcome | em to des | ign simple | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| Enort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | | 33 Hrs. | |
| | Laboratory | | | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effor | t: | | | | | | |
| | Assignments | | | | | | 20 Hrs. | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 41 hrs. | |

| Reading List and | Reference books: |
|------------------|--|
| References | 1. J.M. Senior, Optical Fiber Communications-Principles and Practice, 3 nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008. |
| | 2. J.C. Palais, Fiber Optic Communications, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005. |
| | G. Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2000. G.P. Agrawal, Fiber-optic Communication Systems, 3rd ed., Wiley, 2002. |
| | 5. J. Hecht, Understanding Fiber Optics, 5 th edn., Prentice Hall, 2006. |

| Subject Code | EE501A |
|--|---|
| Subject Code | |
| Subject Title | Alternative Energy Technologies |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To enable students to establish a broad concept on alternative energy techniques in engineering. To provide an in-depth knowledge on selected topics of alternative energy systems in engineering. To enable students to understand typical alternative energy technologies, its associated issues of application and related technical considerations. To enable students to understand the potential of alternative energy and characteristics & performance of various types of alternative energy systems. To enable students to understand various techniques and systems for control and monitoring of alternative energy technologies, as well as the related communication protocol and interfacing requirements. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operation principle & control strategy of various alternative energy systems and topologies of these systems. b. Identify benefits & impacts of the applications of these alternative energy systems; such as their effects on environment and utility energy efficiencies. c. Describe the operation principle, characteristics and performance of various alternative energy devices/systems. d. Identify different alternative energy technologies for industrial & commercial plants and multi-storey buildings, including giving examples. e. Able to carry out literature search and report the findings in a presentation, when given a technical topic. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Energy resources and types: Renewable and non-renewable energy resources. World potential and trends. Environmental effects. Alternative energy types and present developments. Role and importance of alternative energy. Wind and solar energy: Wind characteristics. Extraction characteristics. Windmill aerodynamics. Design and materials of windmills. Wind turbines. Types of wind turbines and connection. Siting and designs. Wind farms. Case study. On-shore and off-shore wind farms. Solar characteristics. Solar cells and solar thermal power. Photovoltaic conversion systems. Case study. Design and monitoring techniques. New developments. Wave and tidal energy: Wave and tide characteristics for energy extraction. Tidal schemes. Tidal sites. Single and multiple basin schemes. Case study. Wave energy schemes. Case study. Ocean energy conversion. Geothermal energy and fuel cells: Geothermal energy sources and methods. Characteristics. Hot dry rock technology. Case study. Fuel cells types and principles. Biomass energy types and case study. Future potentials. |

| | 5. Co-generation and combin CCGT. Efficiency and development potentials. | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---|
| | 6. Better utilization of energ trading mechanisms and pra power. Environmental impac | actices aroun | d the wo | rld. Clea | n coal te | | |
| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are effective teaching methods: 1. To provide an overview or outline of the subject contents. 2. To introduce new concepts and knowledge to the students. 3. To explain difficult ideas and concepts of the subject. 4. To allow students to feedback on aspects related to their learning. | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project works/Assignments 1. To supplement the lecturing 2. To add real experience for th 3. To provide deeper understan 4. To enable students to organis Seminars from industrial experistatus of the development in alter | materials. he students. ding of the su se principles ts may also | ubject. and chall be arrang | enge idea ged, this | ıs. will give | e student | up-to-date |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodolo | ogy | | | Outcome | s | |
| | 6 6 | 87 | а | b | с | d | e |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | |
| | Mini-project/Assignments/Pre | esentations | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Assessment | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende | | learning | outcomes | to be |
| Methods in Alignment with | memous/tasks | weighting | a | ı b | с | d | e |
| Intended | 1. Class tests | 18% | √ | √ √ | V | | , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i |
| Learning Outcomes | 2. Mini-project/Assignments/ Presentations | 18% | | | | \checkmark | |
| Outcomes | 3. Examination | 64% | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | |
| | The understanding on theoretica problem solving technique w presentations and mini-project r performance with respect to the | ill be evalu report are an | ated. Ex integrate | aminatio d approa | n, class ch to vali | tests, as | signments |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | | 33 Hrs. |
| | Seminar/Case studies | | | | | | 6 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project/Assignment | its | | | | | 22 Hrs. |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 44 Hrs. |
| | | | | | | | |

| Reading List and References | Reference books: 1. Wind power in power systems. Wiley, Thomas Ackerman 2. G. Boyle, Renewable Energy, Oxford, 2004 3. L.L. Freris, Wind Energy Conversion Systems, Prentice Hall 4. Diamant, Total Energy, Pergamon Press 5. W. Avery and C. Wu, Renewable Energy from the Ocean, A Guide to OTEC, Oxford University Press, 1994 6. CDM Consultancy Stage 1 Report, Study on the Potential Applications of Renewable Energy in Hong Kong, 2003 (from website of EMSD-EEO of HKSAR Government). 7. R. Messenger, Photovoltaic Systems Engineering, CRC Press, 2004 8. G.N. Tiwari, Solar Energy: Fundamental, Design, Modelling and Applications, CRC Press 2002 9. Biofuels for Transport: An International Perspective, International Energy Agency, 2004 10. Geothermal Energy Resources for Developing Countries, A.A. Balkema Publishers, 2002 11. M. Stiebler, Wind Energy Systems for Electric Power Generation, Springer 2008 12. J. Cruz, Ocean Wave Energy: Current Status and Future Perspectives, Springer-Verlag |
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| Subject Code | EE502A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Modern Protection Methods |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Student should have some prior knowledge in Power Transmission and Distribution |
| Objectives | To introduce the concept of modern power system protection to students. To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system protection. To understand the design philosophy and working principle of power system protection. To master the analytical techniques. To apply protective relaying in power systems. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Master the concept and philosophy on power system protection. b. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics, engineering skills in the analysis, comparison, interpretation of various protection schemes in power systems. c. Integrate and justify techniques to be used in the planning and operation of power system protection. d. Solve technical problems for power system protection. e. Present technical results in the form of a technical report. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Overview of protection system and its development: General considerations. Components of protection. Structure of protective relays. Unit protection and non- unit protection. Trend of protection development. Fault and transient in power systems: Fault transient behaviour in power systems. Computer simulations of the transient behaviour in power systems. Current and voltage transducers: Sources of errors. Requirements of transducers for measurement and protection. Their features and characteristics under steady state and transient conditions. Protection systems for distribution networks: Protection criteria for distribution systems. Features of directional and non-directional protection schemes for distribution systems. Protection systems for transmission networks: Distance protection system and characteristics. Differential line protection. Phase comparison line protection. Use of line carrier and communication for protection systems: High impedance and low impedance differential protection schemes. Protection schemes for busbar, transformer, and generator. Digital protection relaying technique: Features of digital protection relay. Digital relay architecture. Digital relaying algorithms. Adaptive and intelligent relays. Recent development. |

| | Lectures and tutorials are t theories. Knowledge on sy through case studies, in wh techniques to be used in the critical and analytical this supplement the lecturing r readings and to look for rele | stem analysis ich students a e planning and nking. Mini-p naterials so t | , design are expect d operation projects that stud | and pract ted to in on of pov and exp | tical appl tegrate a wer syste eriments | lications nd justif em protee are des | are given y modern ction with signed to |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Method | lology | | (| Dutcome | 5 | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | e |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| | Mini-projects and experime | ents | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende | | t learning | - | es to be |
| Outcomes | | | a | b | c | d | e |
| | 1. Examination | 60% | √ | 1 | V | √ | |
| | 2. Class Tests | 20% | \checkmark | 1 | V | \checkmark | 1 |
| | 3. Mini-project and report | 10% | | | √ √ | | |
| | 4. Laboratory and report Total | 10% 100% | | N | N | | N |
| | Mini-projects, experiments problem-solving techniques | | | | | | |
| | as technical reporting. | • | | | 1 | on desig. | |
| Student Study Effort | as technical reporting. Class contact: | - | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | 1 0 | - | | | F | | |
| 5 | Class contact: | - | | | | | n, as we 33 Hrs. |
| 5 | Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial | - | | | | | n, as we 33 Hrs. |
| 5 | Class contact: • Lecture/Tutorial • Laboratory | ion/report | | | | | n, as we |
| 5 | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: | | | | | | n, as we 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. |
| 5 | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Laboratory Other student study effort: Laboratory preparati | | | | | | n, as we 33 Hrs. 6 Hrs. 12 Hrs. |

| Subject Code | EE505A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Power System Control and Operation |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To introduce the concept of modern power system control & operation to students; To integrate theory and practical knowledge of power system control & operation; To understand the working principle of power system control and operation; To apply the theory in power system control & operation; and To understand the industrial practice and tools used in power system control and operations |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Ability to analyse power system security control & operation; b. Ability to analyse interconnected power system interchange and economic operation. c. Ability to analyse power system computer control and applications; d. Understand the functionalities and able to use to appropriate level of competence of selected specialty software for power system control and operation purpose; e. To be aware of new technologies development trends and environmental impacts of modern power system control and operation techniques; and f. Ability to write technical reports and present the findings through individual effort as well as team work |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Power system operational security and dispatch: Power system security concepts. Contingency analysis. Static and dynamic security. States of operation. Prevention of blackouts. Power system state estimation concepts. Application of state estimation. Unit commitment and economic dispatch: Priority lists. Methodologies for large system economic dispatch and unit commitment. Programming methods. Frequency and voltage control: Frequency and voltage control concepts. Control loops and analysis. Automatic generation control (AGC) concepts, methodology and implementation. Interconnected systems operation: System interconnection merits and problems. Economic interchange and control. Multi-area operation. Energy management and real-time control: Energy management systems. Software systems. Computer hardware resources and configurations. Data management. Communication and distributed computing. Load forecasting. Contingency and security assessment. System restoration and emergency control concepts. Case Study: Local system control centre arrangement. Case study of past system blackout in overseas countries. AGC and voltage control case studies. Power system developments in HK and China as well as overseas countries. Applications of computer technology in power system control and monitoring |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and theories. Experiences on real world cases and associated analysis are given through case studies, in which the students are expected to power system control and operation problems with real-life constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking. Guest lecture / industrial seminars will be given to provide hands- on experience and knowledge on this subject from industry practice. Mini-project is designed to supplement the lecturing materials so that the students are encouraged to take extra readings and practice specialty software tools for power system operation and control. | | | | | | through operation tical and he hands- project is traged to | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | Teaching/Learning Metho | odology | | | Oute | omes | | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | e | f |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Report | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | assess | ed | | - | tcomes | |
| Outcomes | | | a | b | c | d | e | f |
| | 1. Exam | 60% | V | \checkmark | √ | | 1 | |
| | 2. Class test | 20% | V | | | | √ | |
| | 3. Mini-project/report Total | 20% 100% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | The assessment methods in the form of mini-project methods in competence of students in system operation and cont the theories learned in class | report. The ex n power syste rol. The writte | kaminati em anal en repor | on and ysis m ts asses | class t ethods ss the st | est asse and me udents' | ess the t thods c ability | technical of power to apply |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | | | 39 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project prepa | ration/report | | | | | | 12 Hrs. |
| | Self-study | | | | | | | 54 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | 1 | 05 Hrs. |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: 1. W.D. Stevenson, Elem 2. Wood & Wollenberg, I 3. Weedy and Cory, Elect 4. Grainger & Stevenson, 5. H. Saadat, Power Syste 6. Antonio Gomez-Expo Energy Systems: Analy | Power Generat tric Power System Power System em Analysis, N sito, Antonio | tion, Operation, Operation, Operation, Operation, 4 st n Analys McGraw J. Con | eration ^h Editio sis, Mc Hill lejo, an | and Cor n, Wile Graw H d Clau | ntrol, J. y ill dio Ca | Wiley. | Electric |

| Subject Code |
|--|
| Subject Title |
| Credit Value |
| Level |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite / Exclusion |
| Collaboration Institute |
| Objectives |
| Intended Learning Outcomes |
| Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus |

| Teaching / Learning Methodology | Lectures are the primary means of co the techniques of analysis and o Experiences on pragmatic design demonstration and site visit to HK problems with real-life constraints a analytical thinking. | lesign pertai and applica Electric. Stu | ning to high vo ations are given adents are expected | ltage engineering. through in-house ed to solve design | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | Outc | omes | | |
| | | | а | b | |
| | Lectures | | | \checkmark | |
| | In-house demonstration | | | | |
| | Site visit to HK Electric | | | \checkmark | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject outcomes to be a | ssessed | |
| Outcomes | | 600/ | a | b | |
| ~ accomes | 1. Examination | 60% | √ | | |
| | 2. Assignments | 40% | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: • Lecture/In-house demonstrat HK Electric Other student study effort: | to | 39 Hrs. | | |
| | Assignments | | 16 Hrs. | | |
| | Self-study | | 50 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort 10 | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Textbooks: NIL (Refer to Lecture Notes). | | I | | |
| | Reference books: M. S. Naidu and V. Kamaraju McGraw-Hill, 2004. V. IA Ushakov, Insulation of Hig E. Kuffel, W. S. Zaengl and J. 2 2nd Edition, Newnes, 2000. C. L. Wadhwa, High Voltage En A. Ravindra and M. Wolfgang, F Wiley: IEEE Press, 2011. F. H. Kreuger, Partial Disc Butterworths, 1989. IET Digital Library, Lightning Engineering and Technology, 20 | gh-Voltage Ec Kuffel, High gineering, 3rd ligh Voltage a harge Detec Protection, 1 | uipment, Springer Voltage Engineeri Edition, New Age and Electrical Insu tion in High-Ve | , 2004. ng: Fundamentals, Science, 2010. lation Engineering, ltage Equipment, | |

| Subject Code | EE510A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Electrical Traction Engineering |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: EE3003A and EE4003A Exclusion: EE4009A/B/D |
| Objectives | To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of traction systems from an engineering viewpoint, with emphasis on the applications to railways. To provide students with an appreciation of the current state-of-the-art design and applications of electric drives. To enable students to understand the implications of design of traction system for railway applications. To introduce the quality indicators of railway operations and their relationships with the performance of traction drives and traction power supply systems. To identify the necessary future technologies to improve the service quality in railway from the perspectives of traction drives and traction power supply systems. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Analyse the operation principles of the sub-systems in an electrified railway system with the state-of-the-art approaches and critically review their advantages and limitations with reference to operating railway lines. b. Identify the railway service quality parameters and evaluate the impact of the performance of the sub-systems to the overall system reliability, availability, safety and maintainability. c. Recognise the importance to engage in self-learning on latest technologies on railway systems at this advanced level of study. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | General aspects of traction system: Technical and design aspects of railways electrification. Train dynamics and speed-time characteristics. AC and DC railways, power supply systems and interference. Supply system requirements: performance under normal and emergency feeding conditions. Requirement of traction substations. Overhead and track level current collection systems. Computer-aided design and operation of traction systems: Elements of design and analysis of traction systems: cost/benefit analysis; computer simulation of AC/DC power converter drives and traction equipment; power-factor, maximum-demand and energy-efficient operation; computer simulation of train performance for optimum headway, schedule speed and energy consumption; use of expert systems for system control and train scheduling. Computer modeling of non-linear source and traction load. Power quality issues of single phase AC traction: imbalance, harmonics and voltage dip; impact to traction system and public. Corrective measures and filter design. Traction drives: Introduction of traction drives. Overview of the traction transmission systems. Tractive effort and power calculation. Overview of traction motors. Traction transformers. Single-phase drives; three-phase drives; chopper drives; inverter drives. Induction motor control: VVVF control, PWM control and CVVF control. Principles of powering and regenerative braking; blended regenerative and rheostatic brake control. DC traction drives. |

| | Maglev and linear drives: Prisuspension and levitation. Limagnets and eddy currents ind controlled DC electromagnets Application of linear drives in h Case Study: Traction drive systems Feeding systems in AC traction Signalling system installation Load-flow analysis in traction p | Levitation usi fuced by main . Operation high speed tran | ng permaner as frequency of of single-sid nsit systems. | nt magnets, su excitation. Su | uperconducting spension using | |
|---|---|---|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Video clips together with compu- lectures. Case studies will be used materials being covered. Practition with the class. A group project is knowledge learned. | l extensively t ers are also ir | to highlight t | he practicality e experience si | of the subject haring sessions | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | | Outcomes | | |
| | | | a | b | с | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | V | | |
| | Tutorials | | 1 | √ | V | |
| | Project Work | | \checkmark | \checkmark | N | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % Intende weighting be asse | | | | |
| Intended Learning | | 2004 | а | b | с | |
| Outcomes | 1. Mini-project (group project) | 20% | 1 | 1 | V | |
| | 2. Tests 3. Examination | 20% 60% | √ √ | √ √ | | |
| | Total | 100% | N | N | | |
| | This is an advanced and yet inti- engineers in the railway industry. I typical railway and a number of discussions. The outcomes are asse various aspects learnt), tests and wr | The subject en f case studies ssed through | acompasses al s are used t a mini-projec | ll the importan o supplement | t elements in a the analytical | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | 36 Hrs. | | |
| | Invited lecture | | | | 3 Hrs. | |
| - | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | | | | 66 Hrs | | |
| | Assignment, mini-projects | s and self-stu | dies | | 66 Hrs. | |

| Reading List and | Textbooks: |
|------------------|--|
| References | 1. M.H. Rashid, Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, 3 rd Edition, Prentice Hall 2004 |
| | Managing railway operations & maintenance: best practices from KCRC / edited by Robin Hirsch; technical co-editors, Felix Schmid, Michael Hamlyn. A & N Harris; Birmingham: University of Birmingham Press, 2007 |
| | Reference books/journals: |
| | 1. J. Pachl, Railway Operation and Control. VTD Rail Publishing, Mountlake Terrace (USA) 2004. |
| | 2. Bonnett, Clifford F. Practical railway engineering, London: Imperial College Press, 2005. |
| | 3. Petros A. Ioannou, Intelligent Freight Transportation (Automation and Control Engineering), CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, 2008 |
| | 4. Selected papers from IEE/IET Proceedings – Electric Power Applications |

| Subject Code | EE512A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Electric Vehicles |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| | Exclusion: EE543 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Exclusion: EE545 |
| Objectives | To acquire a broad knowledge on modern electric vehicles (EVs). To understand the development of EVs from technological, environmental, and societal perspectives. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. Understand the importance of EVs for environment, energy sustainability and climate change. |
| | b. Understand various underpinning technologies for modern EVs, including electric motor drives, energy storage, batteries, charging methods, infrastructure and auxiliary systems. |
| | c. Explain the emerging technologies such as hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs), fuel cell electric vehicles (FEV) and energy storage methods. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. <i>Introduction to electric vehicles (EVs):</i> Historical perspective. EV advantages and impacts. EV market and promotion: infrastructure needs, legislation and regulation, standardization. |
| | Electric vehicle (EV) design options: EV configurations: fixed vs. variable gearing, single- vs. multiple-motor drive, in-wheel drives. EV parameters, driving cycles and performance specifications. Choice of system voltage levels: electrical safety and protection. |
| | Vehicle dynamics and motor drives: Road load: vehicle kinetics; effect of velocity, acceleration and grade. EV drivetrain and components. EV motor drive systems: DC drives, induction motor drives, permanent-magnet synchronous motor drives, switched reluctance motor drives. Control strategies. |
| | 4. Batteries: Battery parameters. Types and characteristics of EV batteries. Battery testing and maintenance; charging schemes. Battery monitoring techniques. Opencircuit voltage and ampere-hour estimation. Battery load levelling. |
| | 5. <i>Auxiliaries</i> : On-board and off-board battery chargers. Energy management units. Battery state-of-charge indicators. Temperature control units. Power steering. |
| | 6. <i>Emerging EV technologies</i> : Hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs): types, operating modes, torque coordination and control, generator/motor requirements. Fuel cell electric vehicles (FEVs): fuel cell characteristics, hydrogen storage systems, reformers. Alternative sources of power: super- and ultra-capacitors, flywheels. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Delivery of the subject is and worked examples. Sel extensive use of web reso enable students to develor sessions develop students' | f-learning on the burces will be m op skills in lite | ne part of stude nade. A term pa rature survey a | nts is strongly aper and a rela and writing. C | encouraged an ted presentatio ral presentatio | |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Meth | odology | | Outcomes | | |
| | | | а | b | с | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Assignment and oral pres | sentation | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended sub | ject learning o | utcomes to be | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | a | b | с | |
| outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | √ | √ | V | |
| | 2. Test | 30% | \checkmark | | V | |
| | 3. Term paper | 5% | \checkmark | | V | |
| | 4. Oral presentation | 5% | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | technology and its impact and partly by the term presentation skills are eval | paper. The c | outcomes on t | echnical com | munication an | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | |
| | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| | Presentation/Tests | | | | 9 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Self-study and revision | | | 48 Hrs. | | |
| | Report – Case Stu | dy | | 18 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 105 Hrs. | |
| | Reference books: | | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE514A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Real Time Computing |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To understand the properties of real time programming languages, operating systems and associated hardware. To apply real time system technologies and concepts in engineering applications. To demonstrate and realize advantages in real time system underlying in today advanced technological evolvements. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate the important issues in real time computing systems, and their relations in engineering applications. b. Understand the complications in the design of a real time computing system and mechanisms to overcoming these obstacles. c. Communicate effectively with concerned topics during discussions and presentations. d. Equip individual the ability to analyse related issues and identify the proper solution in a real-time computing design. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Real time computing systems concepts: Criteria for real-time computing. Synchronous Real Time Systems: Polled, Main Polled Loop with Interrupts, Cyclic Schedulers. Multi-Processors Real Time Systems: Multi-Processor Structures, Process Dispatch Latency, Inter CPU Communication, Hierarchical Approach to Real Time Systems. Process Scheduling Architecture of Cloud Computing. Real time systems design issues: Time Handling: Representation of Time, Time constraints, Time Service and Synchronization Real Time System Modelling Example: Cluster computing, Internet of things in power energy platform. Real-time computing software: Real-time operating system. Real-time scheduling. Real-time system design Real-time system operation issues. Integration of IoT technology to resolve the real-time system operation issues. Integration of high-speed communication network in favourable of speed performance in system operation. The time-triggered architecture. Mini-Project: Develop a cluster computing platform using multiple microcontrollers. Develop an IoT system Case study: SCADA system in Power system using FSGIM (Facility Smart Grid Information Model) techniques to the efficiency and security throughout the power distribution system and |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the pri- theories. Experiences on design ar case study, in which the students a life constraints and to attain pragma | nd practical a re expected t | pplication o understa | is are give | en through | n a practica | |
|--|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology Outco | | | omes | | | |
| | | а | b | с | d | | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Experiments | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended to be ass | | earning o | utcomes | |
| Intended Learning | | | a | b | с | d | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | 2. Test | 15% | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | 3. Assignment/Presentation | 10% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 4. Laboratory experiments/Mini project/Report | 15% | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| | Total 100% | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | teamwork, are evaluated by experiments, mini-project and the reports. Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Enore Expected | Lecture/Seminar | | | | | 33 Hrs. | |
| | Case presentation demonstration | | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Case presentation demonstr | ration | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Case presentation demonstr Other student study effort: | ration | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | | ration | | | | 6 Hrs. 20 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | ration | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: Mini project | ration | | | | 20 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Case presentation demonstration Other student study effort: Mini project Self-study | | n Princip | les for Di | stributed | 20 Hrs. 41 Hrs. 100 Hrs. | |

| Subject Code | EE517A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Fibre Optic Components |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | 1. To enable students to understand the fundamentals of light emission, detection, amplification, and light propagation in optical fibres. |
| | 2. To learn the operation principles of key fibre components and apply the knowledge learned to design fibre components and devices. |
| | 3. To appreciate the applications of fibre components in communication and sensing systems. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Appreciate the importance of optic fibre development from a historical perspective; understand the important role of advanced fibre components in enhancing the performance of modern fibre systems. |
| | b. Understand the operating principle of various fibre components and analyze/characterize the performance of fibre components. |
| | c. Understand the same function may be achieved by using different technology (e.g., electro-optic and acoustic modulation) and understand the advantage and limitations of each technology. |
| | Select the most appropriate principles/techniques to design a fibre optic component with required specification, read the data sheet of various fibre optic components. |
| Subject Synopsis/ | 1. Review of optics: Wave/quantum nature of light. Polarization, index of refraction, reflection and refraction. |
| Indicative Syllabus | 2. Optical fibres and cables: Propagation of light in optical fibres. Different types of fibres. Fibre attenuation and dispersion. Optical fibre measurement. |
| | Modulation of light: Phase modulation, frequency modulation, intensity modulation. Birefringence and polarization modulation. Electro-optic, magneto-optic and acousto- optic effects. |
| | Optical sources: Emission and absorption of radiation. Population inversion. Optical feedback. Threshold condition. Laser modes. Light emitting diodes, semiconductor lasers, tunable lasers. |
| | 5. Optical amplifiers: Rare-earth doped fibres, optical fibre amplifiers, semiconductor amplifiers. |
| | 6. <i>Photo-detectors</i> : Photomultipliers, photoconductive detectors, junction detectors (p-i-n diode, avalanche photodiode). |
| | Passive devices: Fused bi-conical taper couplers. Thin-film multilayer interference filters. Wavelength division multiplexing (DWDM) devices. Fibre Bragg gratings and their fabrication techniques. Tunable Fabry-Perot filters. Optical isolators and circulators. Integrated optic devices. |
| | Laboratory Demonstration: |
| | Observation of fibre modal patterns |
| | Characterization of single mode fibres: loss, dispersion, polarization dependent loss |
| | Measurement of source (LED, multi and single mode diode lasers) spectrums and power- current relations |

| | Group-project Topics: To choose from a list of 15 top | pics and write | a study repo | rt and give | a presentati | ion | |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures are the primary r understanding of basic prim demonstrations. Experiences integrated/fibre optic compo similar functionalities are g discussions during tutorials, | ciple is furthe s and knowle ments, and on gained throug | er enhanced edge on de the use of h the use | through to sign and a alternative of example | utorials an pplications technologi es during | d laboratory s of various les to realise lectures and | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outc | omes | | | |
| | | | a | a b c d | | | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Tutorials | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Experiments | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % Intended sub weighting assessed | | subject lear | ject learning outcomes to be | | |
| | | | a | b | c | d | |
| | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 2. Tests and assignments | 25% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 3. Lab report | 5% | | \checkmark | | | |
| | 4. Group-project & report | 10% | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | |
| | The outcomes on concepts, and assignments whilst tho systems design, as well as evaluated by group projects | se on practica s team work | al considera and techr | tions of o | ptical com | ponents and | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | 36 Hrs. | | | |
| | Laboratory demo | | | | | 3 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Self-study and assign | nments | | | | 50 Hrs. | |
| | Group project and R | eport | | | | 10 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | 99 Hrs. | |

| Reading List and | Reference books: |
|------------------|--|
| References | 1. E. Hecht, Optics, 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2002 |
| | 2. G. Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 3 rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2000 |
| | 3. B.E.A. Saleh and M.C. Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, 2 nd Edition, Wiley Interscience, 2007 |
| | 4. D.K. Mynbaev and L.L. Scheiner, Fiber-Optic Communications Technology, |
| | Prentice Hall, 2001 |
| | 5. Selected papers from relevant journals |

| Subject Code | EE520A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Intelligent Motion Systems |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | 1. To describe an in depth knowledge on the design and operation of intelligent motion systems. |
| | 2. To relate and compare numerous application examples, which ranges from CD players and hard disc drives to robots and component insertion machines. |
| | 3. To enable the students to have the ability to design motion control systems for industry and domestic purposes. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. Contrast and compare different motion control system configurations, and select the most appropriate one for the task. To comprehend and understand numerous motion control examples for domestic and industrial applications. |
| | b. Understand the in-depth knowledge of motion drive and sensing techniques, and the ability to use them in real engineering applications. |
| | c. Have a broad understanding of motion control platform hardware and a visionary perspective on the future developments of computing/control hardware. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. Structures of intelligent motion systems: Specifications and requirements of intelligent motion systems. Operating modes: point to point motion, trajectory path tracking, velocity path tracking, force and tension control, compliance control, vibration damping. Switching between operation modes. |
| | Motion actuators and driving techniques: Using Voice Coil Motors and DC brush motors in motion control. AC brushless motors, linear direct drive AC brushless motors and their driving techniques. Stepping motors and their limitations in motion tracking systems. Microstepping and electronic damping of stepping motors. |
| | Motion sensing and estimation techniques: Optical encoders: working principle, decoding method, and resolution enhancement through interpolation. Syncro- resolvers: working principle and interface electronics. Velocity estimation and position estimation methods for large speed range actuators. |
| | Motion control platform: Computer hardware requirements. Tightly coupled systems versus distributed systems. Application of DSPs in motion control. Communication methods in motion systems. Real time operating system for motion control. |
| | 5. Intelligent algorithms for motion control and trajectory generation: PID controllers and their variations. Servo tuning methods. Motion control systems based on state space configuration. States observation and Kalman filters. Using Notch filters in non-rigid systems. Profile generation and motion planning algorithms. |

| | Issues in multi-axis intelligent motion systems: co-ordinate mapping and dynamics transformation. Multi-axis motion planning and profile generation. Motion synchronisation between axis. Decoupling inter-axis motion interference. Applying MIMO structure in tightly coupled system. | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 7. Case studies in intellige | nt motion syste | ems: | | | | | | |
| | Three examples will be s | | | | | | | | |
| | | a. Optical based position tracking in CD-ROMs and Laser discs.b. Magnetic head positioning in hard disk drives. | | | | | | | |
| | c. Motion control system design in multi-axis robot manipulators. d. Gantry robot motion systems for SMT component insertion machines. e. Motion systems in high precision CNC tooling machines. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | e. Motion systems in n | ign precision C | INC tooling m | achines. | | | | | |
| | Case study: | | | | | | | | |
| | Report on a high performance | e motion cont | rol application | example | | | | | |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Delivery of the subject is n and worked examples. Self- extensive use of web resour enable students to develop sessions develop students' sl | learning on the ces will be ma skills in litera | e part of studer ade. A term pa ature survey a | nts is strongly e per and a relate nd writing. Or | encouraged and ed presentation al presentation | | | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Method | | Outcomes | | | | | | |
| | | | a | b | с | | | | |
| | Lectures | √ | | | | | | | |
| | Tutorials | \checkmark | | √ √ | | | | | |
| | Assignment and oral preser | ntation | | | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subj assessed | ect learning ou | tcomes to be | | | | |
| Intended Learning | | | a | b | с | | | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Test | 30% | V | | √ | | | | |
| | 3. Report | 5% | \checkmark | | V | | | | |
| | 4. Oral presentation | 5% | \checkmark | | √ | | | | |
| | Total | 100% | • 1 | | 1.0 | | | | |
| | One end-of-semester writter test; a report on an assigne topic. | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | 30 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Presentation/Test | | | | 9 Hrs. | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | | |
| | Case study | | | | 18 Hrs. | | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | 48 Hrs. | | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 105 Hrs. | | | | |
| | real student study enon | | | | 100 1115. | | | | |

| Reading List and | References books: |
|------------------|---|
| References | 1. Precision Motion Control: Design and Implementation (Advances in Industrial Control) Dec 10, 2010 by Kok Kiong Tan and Tong Heng Lee, Springer |
| | 2. Motion Control Systems, Feb 21, 2011 by Asif Sabanovic and Kouhei Ohnishi, Wiley |
| | 3. S. Meshkat, Advanced Motion Control, PCIM reference series in Power Conversion and Intelligent Motion, 1988 |
| | 4. M.M. Gupta, Intelligent Control Systems: Concepts and Applications, IEEE Press, 1996 |
| | 5. K. Rajashekara, Sensorless Control of AC Motors, IEEE Press, 1996 |

| Subject Code | EE521A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Industrial Power Electronics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To provide power electronics engineers with in depth knowledge of the industrial power electronics. To provide latest development in power supplies, industrial power electronics system and renewable energy systems. To give industrial concern in power electronics design including passive components and standards To introduce to students to the various topologies of the power electronics circuits. To enable students to understand the power quality issues and the active and reactive power flow. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire a good understanding of power supply concept and design and be able to analyse the industrial needs for static power conversion. b. Understand the international standards on power electronics design. c. Have a global view on recent development on power electronics and be aware of applications of power electronics in various industries d. Understand the various topologies and working principles of basic power converters e. Work in teams and independently when conducting power electronics design and testing. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Industrial power systems: Static power systems, battery systems, AC systems, DC systems, AC-DC power conversion and recent advance in renewable energy systems such as wind and solar power Power conversion: Soft-switching, power factor correction, inverter configurations and static converters. Special environment power electronics: Power electronics distribution system, industrial guidelines, variable speed and constant frequency systems, actuation systems, brushless drives and other applications of power electronics in industry Industrial power supplies: Converter topologies, decentralized power, power modules, electro-magnetic compatibility, international standards and reliability. Power quality improvement: Fourier analysis of voltage an current waveforms, total harmonic distortion, passive/active filters, power quality issues, reactive power compensation. Magnetics and capacitors: High frequency inductors and transformers, winding techniques, core loss analysis, optimization of magnetics and power capacitors. Laboratory Experiments (select two out of four labs): Computer aided design for power electronics Power factor correction DC DC converter |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are the theories. Experiences on experiments and mini-project problems with real-life const analytical thinking. Interacti preparation and hence unders supplement the lecturing ma readings and to look for relevant | design and ets, in which traints and to ve laboratory standing of the terials so the | practica the stu- attain p session e experim at the stu | al appli dents ar oragmations are int ments. | cations a e expecte c solution roduced t Experime | are give ed to so ns with o to encou ents are o | n through lve design critical and rage better designed to | |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodo | logy | | | Outcome | s | | |
| | | | a | b | с | d | e | |
| | Lectures | | V | V | V | 1 | | |
| | Tutorials | | V | | \checkmark | | | |
| | Experiments/Laboratory | | | 1 | 1 | | V | |
| | Mini-project | | | | \checkmark | | \checkmark | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | assesse | d | t learning | | | |
| Intended Learning | 1 Englishting | 60% | a √ | b √ | c √ | d √ | e | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination 2. Test | 20% | V | V | V | ~ | | |
| | 3. Laboratory performance & report | 10% | V | v | v | V | | |
| | 4. Mini-project & report | 10% | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| Student Study | test; laboratory performance reasoning); and laboratory rep Class contact: | | | | | ative, an | d technical | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/tutorial | | | | | | 33 Hrs. | |
| | Laboratory 6 Hrs. | | | | | | 6 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Lab report/Mini-proje | ect | | | | 15 Hrs. | | |
| | Self-study | | | | | | 51 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort 105 I | | | | | | 105 Hrs. | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | EE522A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Optical Fibre Systems |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To re-introduce to students the fundamentals of light emission, modulation, detection, amplification, and light propagation in optical fibres. To enable students to understand the operating principle and performance specifications of various fibre-optic components, as well as their applications in modern fibre-optic systems. To equip students with the ability to analyse and design simple fibre-optic communication and sensing systems. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Appreciate recent developments in fibre optic communication systems, importance of fibre optic technology to the development of communications, engineering applications of fibre-optic technologies, and advantages of fibre optic sensors to the electrical engineering industry. b. Understand the principles of different types of optical fibres, fibre components, sensors, and communication systems. c. Know the same function may be achieved by using different technologies and understand the advantages and limitations of each technology. d. Select the most appropriate passive and active fibre-optic components to design fibre-optic sensor systems and fibre optic communication links. e. Have hands-on experience in the use of fusion splicer to make low-loss fibre joints, optical spectrum analyzer to perform spectral measurements, and fibre grating sensors for temperature and strain measurements. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Overview: Introduction to lightwave communication and sensor systems. Historical perspective. Basic concept and components. Channel capacity. Optical fibres: Theory of optical wave-guiding. Numerical aperture. Fibre modes. Fibre fabrication. Attenuation and dispersion. Special optical fibres. Passive fibre components: Light coupling. Splices and connectors. Couplers and splitters. Optical filters. Wavelength multiplexers/de-multiplexers. Fibre Bragg gratings. Optical isolators and circulators. Optical sources: Light emission and absorption. Light emitting diodes. Optical feedback. Threshold condition. Laser modes. Semiconductor lasers. Tunable lasers. Modulation of light. Optical transmitters. Optical amplifiers: Rare-earth doped fibres. Optical fibre amplifiers. Semiconductor amplifiers. Optical detectors: PIN and avalanche photodiode. Noise and response time. Responsivity. Optical receivers. Optical fibre communication: System architectures. Operating wavelength and system limitations. Power and rise-time budgets. Noise effects and other source of power penalty. |

| | Optical fibre sensor syste sensors. Phase modulation and frequency modulation distributed sensing system. Laboratory Experiments/Dep Observation of fibre modal part current relations of LED, mult insertion loss measurement; Fi | n sensors. Po on sensors. s. monstrations terns; Measu i and single n | Fibre g Fibre g rement of node diod | n modula grating s f source s le lasers; | tion sens sensors. spectrum | sors. Wa Multiple | avelength exed and wer- | |
|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Teaching/Learning | Lectures, quizzes, tests, labora | tory experime | ents, min | i-projects | s, and ex | aminatio | n. | |
| Methodology | Teaching/Learning Methodol | ogy | | (| Outcome | s | | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark | | |
| | Tutorials | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Demonstration/Experiments | | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | | | - | | | 1 | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende assesse | d | bject learning outcomes | | | |
| | | | a | b | c | d | e | |
| | 1.Tests/Quizzes | 18% | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 2. Assignments | 10% | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 3. Lab and report | 6% | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 4. Mini-project and report | 6% | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | |
| | 5. Examination | 60% | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | laboratory experiments and ex | tcomes are | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| Барессей | Lectures/Tutorials/Lab | oratory demo | э | | 39 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project and report | t | | | 20 Hrs. | | | |
| | Self-study and assignment | nents | | | | | 46 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | 1 | 05 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: G. Keiser, Optical Fiber Ct J.M. Senior, Optical Fiber Prentice Hall, 2008 J.C. Palais, Fiber Optic Ct G.P. Agrawal, Fiber-Optic J. P. Dakin and B. Culshaw and Vols.3&4, 1997. | r Communic mmunication Communicat | ations-Pr s, 5 th Edi ion Syste | tion, Prei ms, 3 rd E | and Pra ntice Hal dition, V | ctice, 3 ^{rc} 11, 2005 Viley, 20 | ¹ Edition, 02 | |

| Subject Code | EE524A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Open Electricity Market Operation |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To enable students to understand the key and practical issues of restructuring electricity supply industry and to establish a broad knowledge of open electricity market operation. To enable students to understand the key issues in open electricity market operation including deregulated power system operation, transmission pricing, procurement of ancillary services, congestion management, available transmission capacity so that students are provided with knowledge and techniques they need to meet the electric industry's challenges in the 21st century. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire a good understanding of the rationale and key issues for restructuring electricity supply industry and financial tools to hedge risks used in electricity supply industries. b. Analyse the available transmission capacity and formulate equitable transmission pricing in electricity markets. c. Assess ancillary services requirements based on security and economic considerations. d. Present technical results in the form of technical report and verbal presentation. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Restructuring of the Electricity supply industry (ESI): ESI structures; Privatisation and competition; Market structures and architectures; Regulation of Electricity Markets; Role of existing players. Electricity market: Purchasing electricity in an open market. Evaluating load and risk. Coordinating power suppliers. Use of financial tools. Managing risk. Derivatives and electricity futures. Transmission congestion management in electricity market. Security considerations. Transmission and ancillary services: Transmission ownership and restructuring. Measuring available transmission capacity in energy markets. Purchasing transmission capacity. Network and point to point transmission services. Fixed and firm transmission rights. Ancillary services. Transmission pricing: The costs of transmission services. Locational prices. Embedded cost allocation methods. Stranded assets. Game theory approach. Short- run marginal cost. Long-run marginal cost. Integrated approach of transmission pricing. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The concept of electricity market modelling and economic analysis framework will be presented through lectures and tutorials with reference to real-life market environment. Students will be required to form groups to work through cases covering the market structure and operational aspects so as to develop ability to critically evaluate principles and operation of electricity markets. Tutorials will be structured on different sessions for better understanding on the theoretical concepts which require sufficient contributions from students. Students will also learn through active participation in the presentation of finding of their case studies. |

| | Teaching/Learning Methodolog | gy | Outcomes | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| | | | а | b | с | d | | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | Case Studies & Presentation | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended be assess | comes to | | | | |
| Outcomes | | | а | b | с | d | | |
| | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | 2. In-class tests | 20% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | 3. Cases study & presentation | 20% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | 1 | | | |
| | the usual means of examination and presentation of findings, as by the case study exercise. | | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | | | | 33 Hrs. | | |
| | Presentation | | | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Case study and report | | | | 15 Hrs. | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | 51 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort 105 H | | | | | 105 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: D. Gan, D. Feng and J. Xie, Electricity Markets and Power System Econor CRC Press, 2013 M. Shahidehpour, H. Yamin, and Z. Li, Market Operations in Electric Po Systems, John Wiley & Sons, 2002 J. Glachant, Competition, Contracts and Electricity Markets: A New Perspec Edward Elgar, 2011 Lev S. Belyaev, Electricity Market Reforms: Economics and Policy Challen Springer, 2011 M. Ilic, F. Galiana, and L. Fink, Power Systems Restructuring, Kluwer Acad Publishers, 1998 J.M. Studebaker, Utility Negotiating Strategies for End-users, Penn Publishing Co., 1998 K. Bhattacharya, M.H.J. Bollen, and J.E. Daalder, Operation of Restructured P Systems, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001 | | | | | ctric Power Perspective, Challenges, r Academic Penn Well | | |

| Subject Code | EE525A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Energy Policy and Restructuring of Electricity Supply Industry |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To provide students with a comprehensive knowledge in formulating practical energy policies for sustainable energy utilization. To develop a conceptual framework for understanding key and practical issues of restructuring electricity supply industry. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. Identify, evaluate and formulate energy polices for sustainable energy utilization. b. Identify the rationale and key issues for restructuring electricity supply industry. c. Explain the market structures and regulatory framework for electricity supply industry. d. Explain and evaluate different pricing concepts and pricing contracts in restructured electricity supply industry. e. Present the results of study in the form of written technical reports and oral presentation. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Energy policy: Scope and limit of energy policy. Policy responses: environmental control and clean energy technology, energy efficiency and alternative energy sources. Policy instruments and their evaluation. Sustainable energy concept: trade-off between energy consumption, resources availability and environment deterioration. Energy conservation and demand side management: Energy conservation policy: efficient utilization and transformation, recycling of materials and waste heat extraction. Load management: energy and load growth, direct and indirect load control. Integrated Resources Planning: system cost, end-use development and environment cost. Restructuring of the ESI: Electricity supply industry structures; Privatisation and competition; Market structures and architectures; Regulation of Electricity Markets; Key issues for China and Hong Kong. Electricity pricing and management: Short range marginal cost. Real time and time-of-day pricing applications. Analysis of BOT option. Transmission contracts pricing. Futures and forward markets. Case Study: Functional analysis on energy policies Practical application of sustainable energy measures Analysis on key issues of ESI restructuring Implementation issues on ESI restructuring |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | electricity supply industry studies and international ex- through the process of eng Mini-Projects are used t applications. They provid evaluation, formulation ar energy policy and restructu | will be pres experiences. S gagement and to enhance s e students w ad technical r rring electricit | ented thr tudents as participat students with the correspondence | ough lea re expect tion in learning opportuniting skii ndustry. | ctures and ted to take ectures an experien ity to de lls pertino | d tutorial e initiativ d tutoria ices and velop in ent to th | ve to learn l sessions. practical dependent | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Metho | odology | | | Outcomes | | | |
| | T a stance | | a | b | c | d √ | e | |
| | Lectures | | √ √ | | | √ | | |
| | Tutorials Mini projecto | | √ | v √ | √ | √ √ | | |
| | Mini-projects | | V | v | N | N | N | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende | • | learning | outcome | s to be | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 2. Class test/Quiz | 25% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 3. Mini-project & report | 15% | \checkmark | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Total 100% | | | | | | | |
| | implementation and evalu industry and electricity pr project and reports. | | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort | | | | | | | by mini- | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | | | | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| • | Class contact: | o discussion | | | | | • | |
| • | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial | o discussion | | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| • | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Case studies/Group | | | | | | 30 Hrs. | |
| • | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Case studies/Group Other student study effort: | | | | | | 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. | |
| • | Class contact: Class contact: Class contact: Case studies/Group Other student study effort: Mini-project discus | | | | | | 30 Hrs. 9 Hrs. 18 Hrs. | |

| Subject Code | EE526A |
|--|---|
| • | Down System Analysis and Dynamics |
| Subject Title | Power System Analysis and Dynamics |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To introduce the students to the advanced concepts and analytical skills for the stability analysis in modern power systems. To understand the impact due to different system instabilities. To analyse and provide solutions to the power system stability problems. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Acquire in-depth understanding of different types of power system stability problems. b. Model the dynamic behaviours of system components under disturbances. c. Apply and adapt applications of mathematics and engineering skills in the analysis of stability problems. d. Discuss the causes and effects of instabilities and recommend possible solutions. e. Acquire skills in presentation and interpretation of experimental results and communicate in written form |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Power system stability: Basic concepts and classification. Past incidents of system instability and consequences. Power system stability issues and solutions. Reactive power compensation: System Q-V Characteristics. Reactive support theory. Load Characteristics. Synchronous condensers, Static Var Compensators (SVS), Thyristor Switched Capacitor (TSC), Thyristor controlled Reactor (TCR). Voltage stability: Fundamental concepts. Singularities and multiple load flow techniques, eigenvalue methods. Load modelling, tap-changer effects, voltage controllability and voltage compensation. Proximity of collapse, Measures against collapse. Practical experience. Dynamic stability & power system stabilisers: Eigenvalue and modal analysis. Generator and load modelling. Power system stabiliser. Small-signal stability of multi-machine systems. Selection of input signal and installation location, parameter design and commissioning of PSS. Application of HVDC, FACTS and ESS in improving stability: HVDC link operation and its control. Energy storage system, e.g. BESS, SOFC, FESS, and its application in stability control. |
| | Mini-projects: 1. Power system stability analysis using industrial power systems design and analysis software 2. Power system stabiliser design for damping of low frequency power oscillation |

Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of conveying the basic concepts and Teaching/Learning theories. Experiences on system analysis, design and practical applications are given Methodology through experiments, in which the students are expected to solve the power system stability and control design problems with practical constraints and to attain pragmatic solutions with critical and analytical thinking. Students will be required to form groups to work through a mini-project for a selected topic. Mini-Projects are used to enhance students learning experiences and practical applications. Teaching/Learning Methodology Outcomes b d а с e $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ Lectures $\sqrt{}$ Tutorials $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ Mini-project $\sqrt{}$ V $\sqrt{}$ Assessment Specific assessment % Intended subject learning outcomes to be Methods in methods/tasks weighting assessed Alignment with d e b с а Intended Learning $\sqrt{}$ 1. Examination $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ 60% Outcomes $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ 2. Class Test $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ 18% 3. Mini-project/report 12% $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ $\sqrt{}$ 4. Essay assignment 10% 100% Total The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and test Experiments and written reports assess those on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques and practical considerations of power system stability and control design as well as technical reporting. Student Study Class contact: Effort Expected . Lecture/Tutorial 39 Hrs. Other student study effort: . 12 Hrs. Mini-project and report . Essay assignment/Self-study 49 Hrs. 100 Hrs. Total student study effort **Reading List and Reference Books:** References 1. P. Kundur, Power System Stability and Control, McGraw Hill, 1994 2. P.M. Anderson and A.A. Fouad, Power System Control and Stability, Wiley-IEEE Press, 2nd Edition, 2002 3. G. Rogers, Power System Oscillations, Springer, 1999 4. Voltage Stability of Power Systems: Concepts, Analytical Tools and Industry Experience, IEEE Publication 90th 0358-2-PWR, 1990 5. Y.H. Song, and A.T. Johns, Flexible AC Transmission Systems, IEE, 1999 6. T.V. Cutsem, and C. Vournas, Voltage Stability of Electric Power Systems, Springer, 2nd Edition, 2007

| ~ | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Subject Code | EE527A | | | | | | | | | |
| Subject Title | Auto-tuning for Industrial Processes | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit Value | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Level | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil | | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | 1. To facilitate a solid understanding of system ide | ntificatio | n. | | | | | | | |
| | 2. To provide students with a solid knowledge of adaptive control. | | | | | | | | | |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be abl | e to: | | | | | | | | |
| Outcomes | a. Conduct parametric and non-parametric estimation for unknown processes. | | | | | | | | | |
| | b. Design self-tuning and adaptive controllers. | | | | | | | | | |
| | c. Design auto-tuning control systems based on relay auto-tuner. | | | | | | | | | |
| | d. Use CAD package for design and simulation. | | | | | | | | | |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | System identification: Low-order modelling, Frequency response identi Continuous-time and discrete-time identification, Identification by con Least-squares algorithm, Recursive least-squares, Extended least Computer implementation of these algorithms. Auto-tuning: PID auto-tuning, Relay auto-tuning, Applications in industry Self-tuning control: Self-tuning algorithms, Minimum variance and ge minimum variance, Pole-placement algorithms, Model reference adaptive se Case study: Individual assignment related to above methods. Students will write a reference | | | | | | | | | |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | present their finding to the class. Lectures and tutorials are the primary means of com theories. Case studies are designed to supplement the are encouraged to take extra readings and to look for | ne lecturi | ng materi | als. The s | | | | | | |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outco | omes | | | | | | |
| | | а | b | с | d | | | | | |
| | Lectures | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| | Tutorials | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | | | | |
| | Case studies | | V | | | | | | | |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | Intended assessed | subject learning outcomes to be | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Outcomes | | | a | b | с | d | | |
| | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | 2. Case studies | 40% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | The outcomes on concept examination. | ts, analysis and | l design ar | e assessed | by the usu | al means of | | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | | 30 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Case study | | 9 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Case study prepara | | 21 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Self-study | | 45 Hrs. | | | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | 105 Hrs. | | | | | |
| Reading List and References | Reference books: | | | | | | | |
| Kelerences | L. Ljung, System Iden N.J., Prentice Hall, 199 C.C. Hang, T.H. Lee Instrument Society of A Selected papers from II P.E. Wellstead and W Cichester, England: Ne K. J. Astrom abd B. V Addison-Wesley, 1995 | 9 and W.K. Ho, America, 1993 EEE Transaction V. Zarrop, Self- w York; Wiley, Vittenmark, Ada | Adaptive (s and IEE p tuning Sys 1991 | Control, Re roceeding a tems: Cont | nd other rel rol and Si | angle Park, N levant journals ignal Processi | | |

| Subject Code | EE528A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | System Modelling and Optimal Control |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To provide students with a sound knowledge of system identification and modelling techniques in areas of prediction and control. To introduce modern control design techniques. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: c. Model systems using State Variable and Transfer Functions. d. Design optimal controllers for system models. a. Conduct parametric and non-parametric estimation for unknown processes. b. Design self-tuning and adaptive controllers. e. Apply computer packages for control system modelling and design. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | System models: functions, transformations and mapping, Laplace transformation and z-transformation, state variables and state space models of dynamic systems, relations between state space models and transfer function models, solutions of unforced linear state equations, matrix exponential, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Jordan form, solutions of linear state equations, transition matrix. Modelling of physical systems: power, energy, sources, passive elements (C-, I-, R-, transformer, and Gyrator), through and across variables, linear graph, modelling examples for typical mechanical systems such as vehicle suspension, electrical motor, etc. |
| | 3. Stability, controllability, and observability: stability, Lyapunov stability, Lyapunov function, controllability and observability, definition and criteria, stabilizability and detectability, feedback control. |
| | <i>Optimal control:</i> Calculus of variations, formulation of optimal control problems, Pontryagin maximum principle, Riccati equation, application to linear regulator. <i>System identification:</i> Low-order modelling, Frequency response identification, Continuous-time and discrete-time identification, Identification by correlation, Least-squares algorithm, Recursive least-squares, Extended least-squares. |
| | 6. <i>Auto- and self-tuning control:</i> PID auto-tuning, Relay auto-tuning, Self-tuning algorithms, Minimum variance and generalised minimum variance, Pole-placement algorithms, Model reference adaptive systems. |

| Methodology | will be assigned as part of the interactive assignments, where the stu to solve theoretical and practical control problems with critical and ar | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|------------------------|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | Outcomes | | | | | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | Assignments | | | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes | | | | nes to | |
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| Dutcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| | 2. Assignments & lab experiment reports | 40% | \checkmark | \checkmark | V | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | The outcomes on concepts, design and applications are assessed by the usual means of examination and assignments. The outcomes on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques and practical considerations of designing control systems are evaluated by lab experiments and the reports. | | | | | | | |
| | examination and assignment techniques and practical co | ents. The outconsiderations of | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | em-solvi | |
| | examination and assignment techniques and practical co | ents. The outconsiderations of | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | em-solvi | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep | ents. The outconsiderations of | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | em-solvi | |
| | examination and assignment techniques and practical co lab experiments and the rep Class contact: | ents. The outconsiderations of | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | em-solvi valuated | |
| | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial | ents. The outconsiderations of orts. | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | em-solvi valuated | |
| | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Other student study effort: | ents. The outconsiderations of oorts. | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | em-solvi valuated 39 Hrs | |
| | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Other student study effort: Reading and studying | ents. The outconsiderations of oorts. | omes on | analyti | ical skill | ls, probl | aluated 39 Hrs 43 Hrs | |
| Effort Expected Reading List and | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Other student study effort: Reading and studyi Completing assignment | ents. The outconsiderations of oorts. | omes on designin | a analyting contr | ical skill | ls, probl | am-solvi valuated 39 Hrs 43 Hrs 23 Hrs 105 Hrs | |
| Effort Expected | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Other student study effort: Reading and studyi Completing assignment Total student study effort | ents. The outconsiderations of ports. | for the U | a analyting contr | Edition) | ls, probl ns are ev | 39 Hrs 39 Hrs 43 Hrs 23 Hrs 105 Hrs e Hall. | |
| Effort Expected Reading List and | examination and assignment techniques and practical co- lab experiments and the rep Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial Other student study effort: Reading and studyi Completing assignment Total student study effort 1. L. Ljung, System Identified | ication: Theory | for the Uptive Cor | a analyting contr | Edition) | ls, probl ns are ev | 39 Hrs 39 Hrs 43 Hrs 23 Hrs 105 Hrs e Hall. | |

| Subject Code | EE529A |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Power Electronics for Utility Applications |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To enable students to understand the problems faced by modern power utilities and how power electronics can overcome these problems. To introduce to students to the various topologies of the power electronics circuits. To provide basic understanding of the emerging power electronics technologies for power utility applications. To enable students to understand the harmonics issues in power utility and means of controlling it using power electronics. To enable students to design power electronics circuit that can control active and reactive power flow. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Explain why power electronics are needed in modern power system and understand of various emerging power electronics technologies for power utility applications. b. Explain the main topologies of power electronic circuits used in utility applications and how these differ from low power applications. c. Determine the harmonic filter required to satisfy the harmonic standard for a given harmonic load in a power system. d. Identify power electronics topologies for used in controlling active and reactive power in a power system. e. Communicate and work effectively on why and how power electronics can be used for power utility applications in terms of written reports and oral presentations |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Power electronics revolutions in utility applications: High power devices, Power Electronics and utility needs, control of power flow in the utility grid, distributed generation, improvement of electrical energy efficiencies, power quality, an overview of power electronics systems and their applications. Inverters for high power applications: Basic principles of current and voltage source inverters for high power applications, Multi-level Inverters, Analysis of their performance, AC and DC harmonics, Interaction with power grid. Transmission systems: High power issues, Source side model, Power transfer and voltage control issues, Damping of oscillation issues, Power Electronics solutions. Power system harmonic elimination techniques: Harmonics measures, Harmonic models, Harmonics standards, Propagation of Harmonics, Passive Filters, Source side issues, Active Filters. Reactive power compensations: concepts of reactive power, traditional means of controlling reactive powers, Power electronics applications for Static VAr Compensation (SVC), control of SVC, Harmonic issues, Analysis of performance and instabilities, Voltage Source Static Condensers (STATCON). New applications of power electronics for power system controls: Power Electronics for HVDC system, High Power DC-DC Converter, Topology Analysis of HVDC conversion, Flexible AC Transmission Devices, Unified Power Flow Controller (UPFC), Battery Energy Storage Systems, Analysis of performance and Control strategies. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures and tutorials are theories. Mini-projects are of students are given a design. are encouraged to form gro problem and they have to pre | designed to such they are given by the second secon | upplemen ven in th investig | nt the lec ne beginn gate a po | turing m ing of th ower ele | aterials : ne study. | so that the Students | |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| | Teaching/Learning Methodo | | Outcomes | | | | | |
| | reaching Dearning Wethous | лоду | а | b | c | d | e | |
| | Lectures | | √ | √ | √ | √ √ | - | |
| | Tutorials | | √ | v V | V | V | | |
| | Mini-project | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment % methods/tasks weighting | | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | | |
| Outcomes | | | а | b | с | d | e | |
| Outcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 2. Class Test | 20% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 3. Mini-project & Report | 20% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort | on analytical skills, problem-solving techniques and practical considerations of power design, as well as technical reporting and teamwork, are evaluated by mini-project and the reports. | | | | | | | |
| Expected | Lecture | | | | 33 Hrs. | | | |
| | Tutorial/Student presentation | | | | 6 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project/report | | | | 15 Hrs. | | | |
| | Self-study | | | | 46 Hrs. | | | |
| | Total student study effort 100 Hrs | | | | | 100 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and References | Textbooks: 1. V.K. Sood, HVDC and Power Systems, Kluwer A 2. Ghosh and Ledwich, Power Systems, Kluwer A 2. Ghosh and Ledwich, Power Systems, Kluwer, 2002 Reference books: 1. Zhang, Rehtanz and Pa Control, Springer, 2006 2. M.H. Rashid, Power Ele Elsevier, 2005 3. K.W.E.Cheng, Classical Hong Kong Polytechnic I 4. E.Acha, V.Agelidis, O | Academic Pul wer Quality al, Flexible . ectronics Har Switched M University, 20 | blishers, 2 Enhancer AC Tran Idbook: 1 Iode and 002 | 2008. ment Usi Ismission Devices, Resona | ng Custo System Circuits nt Powe | om Powe as: Mode and Ap r Conve | er Devices, elling and plications, prters, The | |

| Subject Code | EE530A |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Electrical Energy Saving Systems |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 5 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To enable students to establish a broad concept on energy saving using techniques of electrical engineering. To provide an in-depth knowledge on selected topics of energy-saving systems in electrical engineering. To enable students to understand typical energy storage systems, its associated issues of grid connection and related technical considerations. To enable students to understand the potential of solar energy and characteristics & performance of various kinds solar energy systems. |
| | To enable students to understand various techniques and systems for control and monitoring of energy saving, as well as the related communication protocol and interfacing requirements. To enable students to understand control gears for lighting systems and variable speed drives for HVAC systems & elevators. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Describe the operation principle & control strategy of various energy storage systems and topologies of these systems and identify their benefits & impacts. b. Describe the principle and characteristics of various solar energy devices, and identify the potentials of solar energy. Calculate available solar irradiation for a given location. c. Describe the operation principle and characteristics of typical control and monitoring systems for energy saving, including the communication protocols. d. Identify different energy saving control for industrial plants and multi-storey buildings, including giving examples. e. Describe the operation principle and characteristics of typical control gear for lighting and variables speed drives. f. Given a technical topic, carry out literature search and report the findings in a presentation and be able to work and communicate effectively in a team setting. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Energy storage systems: Utility Load Factor, peak lopping and valley filling, energy storage systems, battery energy storage, super-capacitor, power electronics topologies, control strategy, grid connection, voltage support, power quality improvement, environmental impact, improvement of utility energy efficiencies. Solar energy utilization: Solar irradiation on earth, potentials of solar energy, solar thermal system systems, photovoltaic systems, characteristics and performance of typical BIPV systems and estimation of its energy output, distributed power generation, passive solar devices on buildings for energy saving, and case study. Energy saving control and monitoring systems: Theory of energy saving, concept of building energy efficiency, control and monitoring systems and some of its |

| | 4. <i>Lighting, ballast, and</i> lighting design, fluorese systems and elevators, h | cent, LED an | d HID I | lamps, v | netic b variable | allast, e speed | electron drives f | ic ballas or HVA |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | Laboratory Experiments, Seminars, Site Visits: Demonstration on operating principles of some selected energy-saving systems. | | | | | | | |
| | Case study: Selections of practical real 1 | ife energy-sa | ving sys | stems in | Hong I | Kong. | | |
| `eaching/Learning Aethodology | Lectures and tutorials are theories. Practical exper applications are given throu of the study. Students are problem and they have to pr | iences on p igh mini-proj encouraged to | ower e ects. N o form g | lectroni Aini-pro group to | cs desi ojects ar o jointly | ign, en e given investi | ergy sa in the | ving an beginnin |
| | Teaching/Learning Methodology | | | Outcomes | | | | |
| | | | a | b | c | d | e | f |
| | Lectures | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Tutorials | | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | Mini-project | | | | | | | \checkmark |
| ssessment ethods in ignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intend | led subj ed | ect lear | ning out | tcomes 1 | to be |
| tended Learning | | | а | b | c | d | e | f |
| itcomes | 1. Examination | 60% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 2. Class Test | 30% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 3. Mini-project & Report | 10% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | It is a fundamental energy applications are assessed b analytical skills, problem- design, as well as technical project and the reports. | y the usual r solving techr | neans o niques a | f exami and pra | ination ctical o | and tes consider | t whilst ations | those of circu |
| udent Study ffort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | | | |
| <u>r</u> | Lecture/Tutorial 30 H | | | | | 30 Hrs. | | |
| | Seminar/Case study | , | | | | | | 9 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | | |
| | Mini-project/report | | | | | | | 20 Hrs. |
| | Self-study | | | | | | | 46 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | | 105 Hrs. |

| Reading List and | Reference books: |
|------------------|--|
| References | Battery Storage Systems |
| | 1. D. Andrea, Battery Management Systems for Large Lithium Ion Battery Packs, Artech House, 2010. |
| | P.W. Parfomak, Energy storage for Power Grids and Electric Transportation: A Technology Assessment, Congressional Research Service, 2012. W.D. et E. Will 2012. |
| | Y. Brunet, Energy storage, Wiley, 2013 F. S. Barnes, J.G. Levine, Large Energy Storage Systems Handbook, CRC Press, 2011 |
| | Solar Energy Utilisation |
| | S. Yannas, Solar Energy and Housing Design, Architectural Association, 2005/2006 R. Messenger, Photovoltaic Systems Engineering, CRC Press, 2017 edition |
| | 7. C. Prapanavarat, Investigation of the Performance of a Photovoltaic AC Module, Generation, Transmission and Distribution, IEE Proceedings, Vol: 149, Issue 4, Jul 2002 |
| | 8. Web site of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy from the Dept. of Energy of USA, http://www.eere.energy.gov/ |
| | 9. Web site of the Key Centre of Photovoltaic Engineering in University of New South Wales, <u>http://www.pv.unsw.edu.au/</u> |
| | 10. S. Kouro, Grid-connected photovoltaic systems – an overview of recent research and emerging PV converter technology, IEE Industrial Electronics Magazine, 2015. |
| | Energy Saving Control and Monitoring Systems |
| | 11. EMSD of HKSAR Govt, Code of Practice for Energy Efficiency of Building Services Installation, 2012 |
| | 12. EMSD of HKSAR Govt, Code of Practice for Building Energy Audit, 2012 |
| | 13. Anna Magrini, Building Refurbishment for Energy Performance: A Global Approach (Green Energy and Technology) Springer, 2014th Edition. |
| | 14. Bela Liptak, Instrument Engineers' Handbook, 4th Edition, Volume Two: Process Control and Optimization, CRC 2005. |
| | Lighting, Ballast, and Variable Speed Drives |
| | 15. T. Q. Khanh, LED lighting: Technology and Perception, Wiley-VCH, 2015 |
| | 16. J.R. Benya, D.J. Leban, Lighting Retrofit and Relighting: A Guide to Energy Efficient Lighting, John Wiley & Son, 2011 |
| | 17. M.H. Rashid, Power Electronics Handbook: Devices, Circuits and Applications, Academic Press, 2010 |
| | 18. Guidelines on Energy Efficiency of Lift and Escalator Installations, 2007 Edition, Electrical and Mechanical Services Department (EMSD), the Government of the HKSAR, Hong Kong |
| | 19. K.W.E.Cheng, Design and Fabrication of Electronics and Optical Systems for Advanced Automotive Lighting Systems, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, 2007 |

| Subject Code | ELC1011 |
|---|---|
| • | |
| Subject Title | Practical English for University Studies |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This subject aims to develop and enhance students' general proficiency and communication skills in English. A strong focus will be given to enhancing competence and confidence in writing, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. organise and write accurate and coherent short texts b. improve language accuracy and the ability to proofread for common errors in written texts c. use appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills to enhance fluency and accuracy in spoken communication such as short presentations To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present their views logically and coherently. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Written communication Enhancing the use of accurate and appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary for various communicative purposes; improving the ability to organise written texts logically; and improving cohesion and coherence in writing. Spoken communication Developing verbal and non-verbal interaction strategies appropriate to the context and level of formality. Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information delivered in written and spoken texts; developing effective reading and listening strategies. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation and fluency. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The study method is primarily se activities include teacher input as involving drafting of texts, info Students will make use of elean grammar and vocabulary, and oth Learning materials developed by course. Students will be referred Centre for Independent Languag recommended as required. | well as in- and ormation search ning resources er language ski the English La to learning res | out-of-class h, mini-prese and web-bas lls. nguage Centro ources on the | ndividual a ntations an ed work to re are used Internet an | nd group work d discussions. improve their throughout the d in the ELC's | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | a | b | с | |
| outcomes | 1. In-class paragraph writing | 20% | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | 2. Essay writing | 40% | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Documentary presentation | 40% | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriatenes learning outcomes: The paragraph writing test, which organization skills, necessitate acl The essay writing assessment eva | h assess studen hievement of L aluates students | ts' grammar, Os (a) and (b) s' ability write | vocabulary | 0 | |
| | and appropriate grammatical struct The documentary presentation appropriately and confidently. St a variety of sources, and deliver presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and In addition to these assessments training through web-based langu online tasks is aligned with all the | assesses stu udents will reso r the information (c)). | dents' abilit earch a topic, on as a digita required to c additional la | organise inf il document complete fu nguage train | ak accurately, formation from tary and mini- rther language ning offered in | |
| Student Study | The documentary presentation appropriately and confidently. St a variety of sources, and deliver presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and In addition to these assessments training through web-based langu | assesses stu udents will reso r the information (c)). | dents' abilit earch a topic, on as a digita required to c additional la | organise inf il document complete fu nguage train | ak accurately, formation from tary and mini- rther language ning offered in | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | The documentary presentation appropriately and confidently. St a variety of sources, and deliver presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and In addition to these assessments training through web-based langu online tasks is aligned with all the | assesses stu udents will reso r the information (c)). | dents' abilit earch a topic, on as a digita required to c additional la | organise inf il document complete fu nguage train | ak accurately, formation from tary and mini- rther language ning offered in | |
| | The documentary presentation appropriately and confidently. St a variety of sources, and deliver presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and In addition to these assessments training through web-based langu online tasks is aligned with all the Class contact: | assesses stu udents will reso r the information (c)). | dents' abilit earch a topic, on as a digita required to c additional la | organise inf il document complete fu nguage train | ak accurately, formation from tary and mini- trther language ning offered in ning in class. | |
| | The documentary presentation appropriately and confidently. St a variety of sources, and deliver presentation (ref. LOs (a), (b) and In addition to these assessments training through web-based langu online tasks is aligned with all the Class contact: Seminar | assesses stu udents will reso r the information (c)). | dents' abilit earch a topic, on as a digita required to c additional la | organise inf il document complete fu nguage train | ak accurately, formation from tary and mini- trther language ning offered in ning in class. | |

| Reading List and References | Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | Recommended references |
| | Boyle, J. & Boyle, L. (1998). Common Spoken English Errors in Hong Kong. Hong Kong: Longman. |
| | Brannan, B. (2003). A writer's workshop: Crafting paragraphs, building essays (3 rd ed.). Boston: McGraw-Hill. |
| | Hancock, M. (2003). English pronunciation in use. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. |
| | Nettle, M. and Hopkins, D. (2003). <i>Developing grammar in context: Intermediate</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. |
| | Redman, S. (2003). <i>English vocabulary in use: Pre-intermediate and intermediate</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. |
| | Powell, M. (2011). <i>Presenting in English. How to get successful presentations</i> . USA. Heinle & Heinle Publishers. |

| Subject Code | ELC1013 |
|---|--|
| Subject Code | |
| Subject Title | English for University Studies |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Students entering the University with Level $3 - 5^{**}$ from the HKDSE will be required to take this course. |
| Objectives | This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts. |
| Intended Learning | Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. Refer to sources in written texts and oral presentations |
| | b. Paraphrase and summarise materials from written and spoken sources |
| | c. Plan, write and revise expository essays with references to sources |
| | d. Deliver effective oral presentations |
| | To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present information logically and coherently. |
| Subject Synopsis/ | (a) Written communication |
| Indicative Syllabus | Analysing and practicing common writing functions; improving the ability of writing topic sentences and strategies for paragraph development; understanding common patterns of organization in expository writing; taking notes from written and spoken sources; practicing summarizing and paraphrasing skills; improving coherence and cohesion in writing; developing revision and proofreading skills. |
| | (b) Spoken communication |
| | Recognising the purposes of and differences between spoken and written communication in English in university study contexts; identifying and practicing the verbal and non-verbal interaction strategies in oral presentations; developing and applying critical thinking skills to discussions of issues. |
| | (c) Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini- presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of eLearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning. |
| | Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. |

| | Additional reference materials will be recommended as required. | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|--|---|----------|---|--|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | |
| | | | а | b | с | d | |
| | 1. Academic essay 1 | 30% | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Academic essay 2 | 30% | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Oral presentation | 40% | ~ | ~ | | ~ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | |
| Student Study | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assess intended learning outcomes: Assessments 1 and 2 necessitate achievement of LOs (a), (b) and (c) in order an effective academic essay via the process of extending and improving the c assessment 1. In order for students to present an effective academic oral press as demanded in assessment 3, they will need to read, note and synthesize variety of sources, and refer to those sources in their presentation (ref. LOs and (d)). In addition to these assessments, students are required to complete further la training, through web-based language work, reading tasks and online refl The additional language training offered in online tasks is aligned with all LOs. In some of the tasks, students to critically read and summarize info contained in a variety of sources, as required in LOs (a) and (b). Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Seminars | | | | 39 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Self-study / Preparation | | | | 78 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 117 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and References | Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre Recommended references Bailey, S. (2014). Academic writing: a handbook for international students. Abingdon: Routledge. Comfort, J. (2001). Effective presentations. Oxford: Cornelsen & Oxford University Press. Hung, T. T. N. (2005). Understanding English grammar: A course book for Chinese learners of English. Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press. Tang, R. (2012). Academic writing in a second or foreign language: Issues and challenges facing ESL/EFL academic writers in higher education contexts. London: Continuum International Pub. Zwier, L. J. (2002). Building academic vocabulary. Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan Press. | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | ELC2011 |
|---|--|
| Subject Title | Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ELC1012/ELC1013 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to help students become more effective readers and writers. It focuses on developing students' facility to read a variety of texts in a critical manner, both intensively and extensively; and to write texts that demonstrate knowledge and insight. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to examine a variety of texts, including literary texts, and: a. reflect on and critically analyze texts of different genres and styles, identifying the |
| | writer's aims and stance b. identify and evaluate language used to make claims and support these with valid arguments |
| | c. write a text on a chosen topic that includes their opinion and interpretation of some key issues and demonstrates critical thinking and creativity |
| Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus | Reading strategies Reading extensively to appreciate the use of language, acquire information, promote understanding, and develop empathy. Reading intensively to investigate a particular topic and develop an in-depth understanding of issues and stances. Reading critically to extract implications, identify writers' assumptions and purposes, and analyze issues raised in texts written from different perspectives. |
| | Writing strategies |
| | Describing and analyzing the structure, meaning and characteristics of a variety of texts. Presenting views and arguments to educated readers with sophisticated language and appropriate visual images and formats. |
| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended learning approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class work involving sharing and discussion of reading experiences; and reading, evaluating and drafting texts. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of e-learning resources to engage in discussions and to reflect on their learning. |
| | Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required. |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Intended | | | а | b | с | |
| Learning Outcomes | 1. Reflective writing | 20% | ~ | | | |
| | 2. Analyzing genres of writing | 40% | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Feature article writing | 40% | | | \checkmark | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriaten learning outcomes: Assessment 1 requires students t and sharing their ideas in class assessment) requires students to interpret texts, identify the write used; and is aligned with ILOs (research and gain some insight inform and impress readers throu ILO (c). Through these assessme advanced reading and writing ski | o write a ref ; and is alig o employ eff er's style and a) and (b). A into a partic gh its substar ents, students | lection after re ned with ILO ective critical l stance, and o assessment 3 r ular topic, the nee, structure a | eading a rang (a). Assess reading and evaluate the requires stude on produce and and language; | e of literary gem nent 2 (an in-cla l thinking skills choice of langua mits to first condu n article which c and is aligned w | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Seminars | | | | 39 Hrs | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Online forums and blogs Readings and sharing session preparation Research and drafting/revising of texts | | | | 78 Hrs | |
| | Total student study effort: | | | | 117 Hrs | |
| Reading List and References | Course material Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre | | | | | |
| | Recommended references Best, J. (2001). Damned lies and statistics: Untangling numbers from the media, politicians and activists. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press. | | | | | |
| | Cooper, S. & Patton, R. (2010). Writing logically, thinking critically. New York, NY Longman. | | | | | |
| | Damer, T. E. (2009). <i>Attacking faulty reasoning: A practical guide to fallacy-free arguments</i> Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning. | | | | | |
| | Kennedy, X. J. & Gioia, D. (2010 writing (11 th ed.). New Yo | | | ion to fiction, | poetry, drama, a | |
| | Mefcalfe, M. (2006). Reading cri | tically at univ | versity Thouse | and Oaks CA | ·Sage | |

| Subject Code | ELC2012 |
|---|--|
| Subject Title | Persuasive Communication |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ELC1012/ELC1013 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to help students become more persuasive communicators in a variety of contexts that they may encounter at university and in the workplace. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | By the end of the subject, students should be able to communicate effectively in an English-medium environment through: |
| | a. writing persuasive texts intended for a variety of audiencesb. communicating persuasively in oral contextsc. make persuasive arguments in formal discussions |
| | To achieve these, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion. |
| Subject Synopsis/ | 1. Preparing for effective persuasion |
| Indicative Syllabus | Assessing the situation; selecting relevant content; organising ideas and information; selecting an appropriate tone, distance and level of formality to support the communication of messages. |
| | 2. Persuasion through writing |
| | Developing and practising appropriate language, tone, style and structure; achieving cohesion and coherence. |
| | 3. Persuasion through speaking |
| | Developing and practising appropriate verbal and non-verbal skills for persuasive oral communication; improving and extending relevant pronunciation features, including articulation, pausing, intonation, word stress and sentence stress. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The study method is primarily seminar-based. Activities include teacher input as well as individual and group work involving reading and appreciating texts, discussions and presentations of ideas. |
| | Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required. |
| | |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks % | | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | |
|--|--|------|---|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | | |
| Outcomes | 1. Speech | 30% | | ✓ | | | |
| | 2. Persuasive written text | 40% | ✓ | | ~ | | |
| | 3. Debate | 30% | | ✓ | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | · · · · | | | |
| | learning outcomes: Assessment 1 is an individu Assessment 3 examines a di | | | | suasive writing. | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| | Seminars | | | | 39 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | Self study/preparation | on | | | 78 Hrs. | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 117 Hrs. | | |
| Reading List and | Required readings | | | | | | |
| References | ELC-provided subject materials. | | | | | | |
| | Other readings | | | | | | |
| | Breaden, B. L. (1996). <i>Speaking to persuade</i> . Fort Worth, TX: Harcourt Brace College. | | | | | | |
| | Covino, W.A. (1998). The elements of persuasion. Boston: Allyn and Bacon. | | | | | | |
| | Edwards, R. E. (2008). Competitive debate: The official guide. New York: Alpha Books. | | | | | | |
| | Leanne, S. (2008). Say it lih New York: McGraw | | e power of spe | aking with purp | oose and vision. | | |
| | Rogers, W. (2007). Persu Rowman & Littlefield | | ges, receivers, | and contexts. | Lanham, MD: | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | ELC2013 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | English in Literature and Film |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ELC1012/ELC1013 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to introduce students to a range of literary genres in English as well as to enable them to consider differences in media representations of genres, and to appreciate and negotiate the meanings of a variety of literary texts. It is also intended that the subject will help students further develop literacy, as well as |
| | higher order thinking and life-long learning skills. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. examine and analyse literary texts from different perspectives b. discuss literary techniques employed by writers c. appreciate and articulate differences in textual and visual media representations |
| | To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. Written communication Describing and interpreting content and language in literary texts; employing appropriate grammatical structures and vocabulary. |
| | Spoken communication Presenting critical evaluation of literary works effectively and convincingly. |
| | 3. Reading Developing understanding of and competence in using literary devices such as metaphor, simile and symbolism, via reading literary texts and viewing film versions. |
| | 4. Language development Improving fluency and pronunciation, and extending grammatical and lexical competence. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving listening to and viewing a variety of audio-visual sources, reading and drafting texts, conducting internet research, making mini-presentations, participating in discussions, and comparing various representations of literature. Students will make use of elearning resources and web-based work to further improve their English literacy skills. |
| | Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required. |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | ubject learni to be assesse | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Outcomes | | | a | b | c | |
| | 1. Individual Essay | 40% | ✓ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Group Presentation | 30% | ~ | ~ | ✓ | |
| | 3. Individual Project | 30% | ~ | ✓ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriation of the second seco | riateness of the asses | sment method | ls in assessir | ng the intended | |
| | In assessment 1, students critically reflect on their achievement of LO (a). Assessment 2 assesses s comparison of the merits individual project that r literature and audio-visual | r reading of prose, Assessments 2 a tudents' understand of its textual and t equires interpretation | , and by so nd 3 are alig ling of a lite heatrical versi | doing, den gned with a erary drama ions. Asses | all three LOs. and requires assment 3 is an | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Expected | Seminars | | | 39 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Self study/prepara | tion | | | 78 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 117 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Recommended reading The PolyU library retains The titles can also be found Stam, R., and Raengo, [electronic source] BI Call number PN1995. http://www.blackwell 3_9780631230533&a | d online. A. (eds.). (2004). ackwell reference or .3.C65 2004eb reference.com/subsc uthstatuscode=202 | A companion nline. Malden: priber/uid=262 | n to literat Blackwell. /book?id=g | ure and film. 978063123053 | |
| | Other readings will be sp novelettes, plays and poetr | | teacher, and | may contair | n short fiction, | |

| Subject Code | ELC2014 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Advanced English for University Studies |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Pre-requisite: ELC1012/ELC1013 |
| Objectives | This subject aims to help students study effectively in the University's English medium learning environment, and to improve and develop their English language proficiency within a framework of university study contexts. |
| Intended Learning | Upon successful completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | research relevant academic texts for a topic and integrate the sources into a position argument essay appropriately and effectively; |
| | b. plan, research for, write and revise a position argument essay; andc. present and justify views effectively in a mini oral defence. |
| | To achieve the above outcomes, students are expected to use language and text structure appropriate to the context, select information critically, and present and support stance and opinion logically and persuasively. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. Written communication Developing logical and persuasive arguments; applying a variety of organisation patterns in discursive writing, including the writing of explanatory and evaluative texts; selecting information from academic texts critically; supporting stance; maintaining cohesion and coherence in discursive writing; achieving appropriate style and tone. |
| | 2. Spoken communication Enhancing and practising the specific oral and aural skills required to participate effectively in an academic discussion and to present and justify views in an oral defence. |
| | 3. Reading and listening Understanding the content and structure of information in oral and written texts; comprehending, inferring and evaluating messages and attitude. |
| | 4. Language development Improving and extending relevant features of grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The study method is primarily seminar-based. Following a blended delivery approach, activities include teacher input as well as in- and out-of-class individual and group work involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations. The process approach to writing is adopted, and students make use of elearning resources to engage in academic discussions and to reflect on their learning. |
| | Learning materials developed by the English Language Centre are used throughout the course. Students will be referred to learning resources on the Internet and in the ELC's Centre for Independent Language Learning. Additional reference materials will be recommended as required. |

| Assessment Methods in | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended st to be asses | | ng outcomes | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| Alignment with Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | |
| Outcomes | 1. Position Argument Essay (draft) | 20% | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Academic Presentation & discussion | 35% | ~ | | ~ | |
| | 3. Position Argument Essay (final) | 45% | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriatenes learning outcomes: | s of the assess | nent method | s in assessin | g the intended | |
| | Assessments 1 and 3 assess stuu which requires research, and effer (b)). Assessment 2 assesses their oral defence (ref. LOs (a) and (c)) | ctive use and re abilities to pla | eferencing of | f sources (ret | f. LOs (a) and | |
| | In addition to their assessments, st out academic research and by focussing on grammar and aca strategies. | completing a | variety of in | ndependent-l | earning tasks | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Seminars | | 39 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | |
| | Self study/preparation | | | | 78 Hrs. | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | 117 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Course material Learning materials developed by t | he English Lan | guage Centre | e | | |
| | Recommended references | | | | | |
| | Davies, B. (2012). Reading research: A user friendly guide for health professionals (5 th ed.). Toronto, ON: Elsevier Canada. | | | | | |
| | Faigley, L. (2012). Backpack writing: Reflecting, arguing, informing, analyzing, evaluating (3 rd ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson. | | | | | |
| | Madden, C. and Rohlck, T. N. community. Ann Arbor, MI: | (1997). Discus | | | the academic | |
| | McWhorter, K. T. (2007). Academic reading (6 th ed.). Pearson/Longman | ed.). New | York, NY: | | | |
| | Oshima, A. & Hogue, A. (2006). Pearson/Longman. | Writing academ | ic English (4 | 4th ed.). Whi | te Plains, NY: | |
| | Reinhart, S. M. (2013). <i>Giving</i> University of Michigan Pres | | sentations (2 | 2 nd ed.). An | n Arbor, MI: | |
| | Rost, M. (2013). Active listening. | Harlow, Englaı | | | | |
| | Wood, N. V. (2012). Perspectives | on argument (| 7 th ed.). Bost | on, MA: Pea | rson. | |

| Subject Code | ELC3521 |
|---|--|
| Subject Title | Professional Communication in English |
| Credit Value | 2 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | English LCR subjects |
| Objectives | This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in English required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in English, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers |
| | b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences |
| | c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences |
| Subject | 1. Project proposal in English |
| Synopsis / | Planning and organising a project proposal |
| Indicative Syllabus | Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project Referring to the current situation or existing literature to substantiate a project proposal |
| | Describing the methods of study |
| | Describing and discussing anticipated project results and (if applicable) results of a pilot study |
| | Presenting the budget, schedule and (if applicable) method of evaluation |
| | Writing an executive summary |
| | 2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English |
| | Selecting content for an audience-focused presentation |
| | Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience |
| | • Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in a team presentation |
| | |

| Teaching/ Learning Methodology | The subject is designed to deve students need to use to comm stakeholders of engineering-rela skills covered in GUR language The study approach is primarily well as individual and group presentations, discussions and si The learning and teaching active will engage students in propo different intended readers/audient planning and researching writing project-related de giving oral presentations | nunicate effe ted projects. I training subje seminar-base o work, inve mulations. ities in the sul osing and rep nees. During t the project occuments sucl | ctively an it builds up ects. d. Seminar olving dra bject will f porting on the course, n as projec | d profe oon the l activiti affing a occus on an en student t propos | ssionally anguage an es include nd evalua a course-1 gineering-1 s will be in als | with a variety of nd communication instructor input as ting texts, mini- ong project which related project to |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended assessed | subject | learning o | utcomes to be |
| Intended Learning | | | а | | b | с |
| Outcomes | 1. Project proposal in English | 40% | ~ | | | \checkmark |
| | 2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English | 60% | | | \checkmark | ~ |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriater learning outcomes: The assessments will arise fror collaborate in groups in plannin the project. They will be assess different intended readers/audier content and use language a readers/audiences. Assessment type 1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal and each member writes a rep explaining his/her contribution 2. Oral presentation of project Each team delivers a speech (of four), simulating a pres proposal | n a course-lc g, researchin, ed on written ices. This fac and style a of 2000-250 port of 200-2 to the projec et proposal in 30 minutes fo | ong engine g, discussi document ilitates asso ppropriate 0 words; 50 words t n English or a team | ering-re ng and ts and c essment to th Intend | elated proj giving ora oral presen of student e purpose ed s/audience y eering s | ect. Students will l presentations on tations targeted at s' ability to select |

| Student Study | Class contact: | |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Effort Expected | Seminars | 26 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | |
| | Researching, planning and writing the project Rehearsing the presentation | 52 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort: | 78 Hrs. |
| Reading List and References | D.F. Beer, (Ed.), Writing and speaking in the technology profess 2nd ed., Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2003. | sions: A practical guide, |
| | 2. R. Johnson-Sheehan, <i>Writing proposals</i> , 2 nd ed., New York: Pea | rson/Longman, 2008. |
| | S. Kuiper, Contemporary business report writing, 3rd ed., Cincir Thomson/South-Western, 2007. | mati, OH: |
| | M.S. Lawrence, Writing as a thinking process: Teacher's manual University of Michigan Press, 1975. | al. Ann Arbor, Mich: |
| | D.C. Reep, Technical writing: Principles, strategies and reading Longman, 2006. | gs, 6 th ed., Pearson, |

| Subject Code | ENG1003 |
|---|--|
| Subject Title | Freshman Seminar for Engineering |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 1 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | The objectives of this subject are to: (1) Introduce students to the engineering broad discipline and enthuse them about their major study (2) Cultivate students' creativity and problem-solving ability, and global outlook (3) Introduce students to the concept of entrepreneurship (4) Engage the students in desirable forms of learning at university that emphasizes self-regulation, autonomous learning and deep understanding |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will: (a) Be able to demonstrate an understanding and an enthusiasm about the engineering broad discipline and their major study (b) Develop their problem-solving ability and global outlook (c) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of entrepreneurship (d) Be able to research for information, formulate a project plan, and manage a project with initiative (e) Be able to demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity (4 hours*) Students will be required to complete successfully an Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of the first semester. The students will understand the importance of academic integrity by completing the Online Tutorial. 2. Seminars (12 hours*) There will be seminars given by various speakers on various topics to introduce to students the engineering broad discipline, to enthuse them about their major study, to arouse students' interests in engineering and to cultivate their understanding of and sense of belonging to the discipline and the engineering profession, and to cultivate students' global outlook. The formats of the seminars may be, but not limited to, Departmental Seminars, and Renowned Speaker Seminar. 3. Freshman Project (45 hours*) There will be practical workshops, presentation and demonstration sessions for the Freshman Project. The freshman project aims at developing students' creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information, and project management abilities through practical and hands-on tasks at a level commensurate with their first-year engineering backgrounds. Students will work in small groups under the guidance of teachers/instructors to design and implement an engineering solution to some given problems. |

| | 4. Entrepreneurship Project (45 hours [*]) The entrepreneurship project is designed to develop students' appreciation and understanding about entrepreneurship and the commercialization process by attending lectures, workshops and tutorials. In the course of the Entrepreneurship Project, students will identify technology opportunities and learn the skills of preparing a simple business plan. |
|--|--|
| | (* Note: hours indicate total student workload) |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity The Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity is developed by the University to help the students understand the importance of academic integrity. By going through the Online Tutorial, students will be aware of the importance of upholding academic integrity during University study. They will also learn good practices by which to stay clear of dishonest behaviors and academic plagiarism. |
| | Seminars The seminars (such as renowned speaker seminars and departmental seminars) are designed to arouse students' interest about engineering. The delivery mode will be <i>interactive</i> and <i>engaging</i> . Students will be motivated to search for information and do background reading. They will be encouraged to raise questions and discuss with the presenters. Assessment tasks (quizzes) will be designed to measure students' learning outcomes as well as to encourage participation and interaction. |
| | <i>Freshman Project</i> For the Freshman Project, students will work collaboratively with their group members to design and implement an engineering solution to a given problem under the guidance of instructors. There will be close staff-students and students-students <i>interaction</i> . Students will be given opportunities to develop creativity, problem-solving skills, research for information and project management abilities. Assessment tasks will consist of demonstration, presentation, reports, and reflective essay writings. These are designed to evaluate individual student's performance and achievement of the relevant intended learning outcomes as well as to encourage active participation. |
| | <i>Entrepreneurship Project</i> There will be lectures, workshops, and tutorials. A general overview of the concepts required to conduct the project will be provided to students through lectures. They will then work in small groups in a workshop to appreciate the essential elements in the development of a business plan and subsequently to produce a simple business plan and to present it to fellow classmates. Assessment will focus towards students' understanding about entrepreneurship, innovation and creativity. |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Students' performance in this subject will be assessed by using a letter-grading system in accordance with the University's convention from grade F (failure) to A+. The relative weights of the different assessment components are as follows: |
| | |

| Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | |
|---|----------------|---|--------------|---|---|---|
| | | а | b | с | d | e |
| Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity | 0% | | | | | ~ |
| Seminars Quizzes | 10% | \checkmark | \checkmark | | | |
| Freshman Project Project demonstration, presentation, report and reflective essay writing | 45% | | ~ | | ~ | |
| Entrepreneurship Project Business plan | 45% | | | ~ | ~ | |
| Total | 100 % | | | | | |

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

<u>Quizzes</u> (online or paper-based) can measure the students' *understanding* about the engineering discipline. Through <u>reflective essays</u>, students can reflect on their appreciation and understanding about the *engineering* discipline. Through project <u>demonstration</u>, <u>presentation</u> and project <u>reports</u>, students can demonstrate their *creativity and problem-solving skills abilities*. They can also demonstrate their *ability to research for information, formulate a project plan*, and *manage a project with initiative*. Through <u>business plan</u>, students can demonstrate their understanding about *entrepreneurship*.

Pass Conditions

In order to pass this subject, students must obtain a Grade D or above for total marks comprising the Seminars, Freshman Project and Entrepreneurship Project as described here <u>AND</u> pass the Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity on or before week 5 of semester 1 as described in the previous section.

| Student Study Effort Expected | Class contact: | |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Expected | Introduction and Seminars (such as Departmental Seminars, Renowned Speaker Seminar) | 6 hours |
| | • Freshman project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks | 15 hours |
| | Entrepreneurship project: 3 hours per week for 5 weeks | 15 hours |
| | Other student study effort: | 70 Hours |
| | <u>4</u> hours for Online Tutorial on Academic Integrity; <u>6</u> hours for seminars quizzes preparation; <u>60</u> hours for Freshman project and Entrepreneurship project: background information search, project work preparation, meeting and discussion, presentation and demonstration, and report writing. | |
| | Total student study effort | 106 Hours |

| Reading and References List | H. Scott Fogler and Steven E. LeBlanc, <i>Strategies for creative problem solving</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2008 |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | N.J. Smith (ed), <i>Engineering project management</i> , Oxford, UK; Malden, MA: Blackwell, 2008 |
| | Gene Moriaty, <i>The engineering project: its nature, ethics, and promise,</i> University Park, Pa.: Pennsylvania State University Press, 2008. |
| | K. Allen, <i>Entrepreneurship for scientists and engineers</i> , Upper Saddle River, N.J. : Prentice Hall, 2010. |
| | The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, "Engineering Our City", Youtube clip ref. no. nYMmI6vlVeQ |
| | HKIE Corporate Video, Youtube clip ref. no. INMVI8MuNEY |

| Subject Code | ENG2001 |
|---|---|
| Subject Title | Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | 1. To realize the impact of the development of engineering materials on human civilization; |
| | To enable students to establish a broad knowledge base on the structure and properties of materials for solving engineering problems. |
| | 3. To enable students to understand the applications and selection of engineering materials based on the consideration of properties, cost, ease of manufacture, environmental issues and their in service performance. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Outcomes | a. comprehend the importance of materials in engineering and society; |
| | explain the properties and behaviour of materials using fundamental knowledge of materials science. |
| | c. apply the knowledge of materials science to analyze and solve basic engineering problems related to stress, strain and fracture of materials; |
| | d. select appropriate materials for various engineering applications taking into consideration of issues in cost, quality and environmental concerns. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | <u>Introduction</u> Historical perspective; Evolution of engineering materials; Materials science and engineering; Classification of materials |
| | 2. <u>Atomic Structure and Structures of Materials</u> |
| | Atomic structure; Bonding forces and energies; Primary interatomic bonds and secondary bonding; Crystalline and non-crystalline materials; Phase diagram and microstructure of alloys |
| | <u>Electrical and Optical Properties of Materials</u> Conductors and insulators; Semi-conductor materials; N-type and P-type semiconductors; P/N junction; Light interactions with materials; Light emitting diode (LED) and photovoltaics; Light propagation in optical fibers; Liquid crystal; Photoelasticity |
| | Mechanical Properties of Materials Concept of stress and strain; Stress-strain behaviour; Elastic and plastic properties of materials; Concepts of dislocations and strengthening mechanisms; Tensile properties; Elastic recovery after plastic deformation; Hardness; Stress concentration; Impact energy, Fracture toughness; Design and safety factors |
| | <u>Introduction to Failure Analysis and Prevention</u> Fundamentals of fracture: ductile, brittle, fatigue and creep; Corrosion; Nondestructive testing; Techniques for failure analysis and prevention |

| | <u>Selection of Engineering Materials</u> Characteristics of metallic, polymeric, ceramic, electronic and composite material Economic, environmental and recycling issues | | | | | te materials; | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | The subject will be delivy laboratory work will sul studies of material applic classes, also laboratory fundamental principles of students' problem solving | cal probler or discussion and assir | ns and case on in tutorial nilate some | | | | | |
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | | | | ect learning outcomes to be use tick as appropriate) | | | |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | а | b | с | d | | |
| outcomes | 1. Assignments | 15% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | 2. Test | 20% | | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Laboratory report | 5% | | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | 3. Examination | 60% | | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | 1 | | | |
| | assist them in self-monito | oring of their pr | ogress. | | C | | | |
| | assist them in self-monito The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing th | bring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea are for determ | ogress. ess the capa arning outco ining stude | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | alyzing and | | |
| Student Study | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental data The test and examination | bring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea are for determ | ogress. ess the capa arning outco ining stude | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | alyzing and | | |
| | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing the | oring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievemen | ogress. ess the capa arning outco ining stude | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | alyzing and | | |
| | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing th Class contact: | designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievemen s, practical | ogress. ess the capa arning outco ining stude | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | nalyzing and a concepts | | |
| | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing th Class contact: • Lectures, tutorial: | oring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievemen s, practical t: | ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining stude at of the lea | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | cey concepts | | |
| | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing th Class contact: Lectures, tutorial: Other student study effort Guided reading, a Self-study and pr | oring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievemen s, practical t: assignments and | ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining stude at of the lea | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | alyzing and tey concepts 39 Hrs. | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental dat The test and examination as well as for assessing th Class contact: Lectures, tutorial: Other student study effort Guided reading, a | oring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievemen s, practical t: assignments and reparation for te | ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining stude at of the lea | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders | udents in ar tanding of k | alyzing and tey concepts 39 Hrs. 37 Hrs. | | |
| | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing th Class contact: Lectures, tutorial Other student study effort Guided reading, a Self-study and pr examination | oring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievement s, practical t: assignments and reparation for te Jr., David G. R <i>ing</i> , 4 th edition, | ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining stude at of the lea d reports est and ethwisch, <i>I</i> <i>E-Text</i> | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders' rning outco | udents in ar tanding of k mes. | alyzing and tey concepts 39 Hrs. 37 Hrs. 47 Hrs. 123 Hrs. | | |
| Effort Expected Reading List and | The laboratory report is or reporting experimental da The test and examination as well as for assessing th Class contact: Lectures, tutorial: Other student study effort Guided reading, a Self-study and pr examination Total student study effort 1. William D. Callister, <i>science and engineern</i> | oring of their pr designed to asso ata relates to lea a are for determ neir achievement s, practical t: assignments and reparation for te Jr., David G. R <i>ing</i> , 4 th edition, ISBN: 978-1-11 Jr., David G. R on, <i>E-Text</i> | ogress. ess the capa urning outco ining stude at of the lea d reports est and ethwisch, <i>I</i> <i>E-Text</i> 8-53126-6 ethwisch, <i>N</i> | ability of st ome (b). nts' unders' rning outco | udents in ar tanding of k mes. | alyzing and tey concepts 39 Hrs. 37 Hrs. 47 Hrs. 123 Hrs. | | |

| Subject Code | ENG2002 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Computer Programming |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite / Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | (i) To introduce the fundamental concepts of computer programming (ii) To equip students with sound skills in C/C++ programming language (iii) To equip students with techniques for developing structured and object-oriented computer programs (iv) To demonstrate the techniques for implementing engineering applications using computer programs. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Familiarize themselves with at least one C/C++ programming environment. b. Be proficient in using the basic constructs of C/C++ to develop a computer program. c. Develop a structured and documented computer program. d. Understand the fundamentals of object-oriented programming and be able to apply it in computer program development. e. Apply computer programming techniques to solve practical engineering problems. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Syllabus: Introduction to programming - Components of a computer; Programming environment; Process of application development. Bolts and Nuts of C/C++ - Preprocessor; Program code; Functions; Comments; Variables and constants; Expressions and statements; Operators. Program Flow Control - Branching and looping; Function parameters passing; Return values; Local and global variables; Scope of variables. Program Design and Debugging - Structured program design; Debugging a program. Case study: Using the Visual C++ debugger. Basic Object Oriented Programming - Objects and classes; Private versus public; Implementing class methods; Constructors and destructors. Pointer and Array - Stack and Free store; Create and delete objects in the free store; Pointer arithmetic; Passing function arguments by pointer; Returning values by pointer; Array of objects; Array and pointer; Array of pointers; Pointer of array; Character array; Command-line processing. |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Teaching and Learning Method | Intended Subject Learning Outcome | Remarks |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | Lectures, supplemented with short quizzes | b,c,d | Students are introduced to the knowledge of computer programming through explanation and illustrative examples. Comprehension of the knowledge is strengthened with short quizzes. Students will be able to monitor the skills of using C/C++ and apply the techniques of developing structured object-oriented applications. |
| | Laboratories/tutorials where problems are given to students for them to solve | a,b,c,d | Students apply what they have learnt in lectures and solve problems in exercises. The purpose is to ensure students have captured the important points. Tutors will aid the lecturer in helping the students finishing the exercises, and interactive Q&A will take place. |
| | Assignment, tests and final examination | a,b,c,d,e | By doing assignment, students will develop a firm understanding and comprehension of the knowledge taught. They will analyse given C/C++ applications and apply knowledge to solve problems. They will have to design solutions by evaluating different alternatives. To enhance the students' problem solving skill in a given programming environment, openbook programming tests are arranged regularly. To assure students' understanding of fundamental concepts, a closed-book final examination is arranged. |
| | | | |

| Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intende be asse | nes to | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | a | b | c d e | | | |
| | 1. In-class exercises | 10% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Short-quizzes | 10% | | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Programming tests | 30% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | 4. Assignment | 20% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | 5. Final examination | 30% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: | | | | | | | |
| | class exercises are condi- language and skills. The solving computer problem doing assignment, student and design solutions by assessing the students' a computer programs. | programming as through pro s will be able using a system | tests are grammin to experi natic app | for asses g within ience ho proach. | ssing the a speci w to sol The fir | e ability ified peri ve comp nal exam | of students on iod. Through uter problems ination is for | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | 39 Hrs. | |
| • | Class contact. | | | | | | | |
| • | Lectures, Tests and Qu | iizzes | | | | | 26 Hrs. | |
| • | | iizzes | | | | | 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. | |
| • | Lectures, Tests and Qu | | | | | | - | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Lectures, Tests and Qu Laboratory/Tutorial | | | | | | 13 Hrs. | |
| • | Lectures, Tests and Qu Laboratory/Tutorial Other student study effor | | | | | | 13 Hrs. 69 Hrs. | |
| • | Lectures, Tests and Qu Laboratory/Tutorial Other student study effor Self-studying | rt: | | | | | 13 Hrs. 69 Hrs. 57 Hrs. | |

| Subject Code | ENG2003 |
|---|---|
| Subject Title | Information Technology |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | To provide the foundation knowledge in internet applications, computer networks, and database management that is essential to modern information system design |
| Intended Subject Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <u>Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills</u> a. Understand the functions and features of modern computing systems. b. Understand the client-server architecture and be able to set up multiple internet |
| | applications. c. Understand the principles of computer networks and be able to set up simple computer networks. d. Understand the basic structure of a database system and be able to set up a simple database system. <u>Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness</u> e. Solve problems using systematic approaches. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Syllabus: <u>Introduction to computers</u> Introduction to information technology using Internet of Things as a real life example. Introduction to modern computing systems. <u>Computer Networks</u> Introduction to computer networks (Client-Server Architecture). Study different internet applications (HTTP/FTP/DNS). Explain basic concepts on packet routing (Data Encapsulation/IP Addressing/Functions of Routers). Introduction to basic network security measures. <u>Introduction to data processing and information systems</u> Database systems – architecture, relational database concept, structural query language (SQL), database management systems, Web and database linking, database application |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | development. Introduction to Information systems. Workflow management. Case study: Database design, implementation and management. There will be a mix of lectures, tutorials, and laboratory sessions/workshops to facilitate effective learning. Students will be given case studies to understand and practice the usage of modern information systems. |

| Assessment | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | | ed subje ssessed | | ing outc | omes |
| Intended Learning | | | а | b | с | d | e |
| Outcomes | 1. Quizzes (in tutorials) | 3% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| | 2. Quizzes (in lectures) | 14% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 3. Workshops | 14% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | 4. Mid-term Test | 11% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | | |
| | 5. Assignment | 8% | | | | \checkmark | |
| | 6. Examination | 50% | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropria intended learning outcomes: The assessment methods includ 50%) and other assessment me workshops, and an assignment, d, and e. | le an end-of- thods (total : | subject 50%), in | 2-hour cluding | written quizze | examina s, a mic | ation (total I-term test, |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | • Lectures (18), tutorials (6), and workshops (15) | | | | | | 39 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | | | | | | |
| | • Workshops preparation (6/w | | 30 Hrs. | | | | |
| | • Self study (3/week) | | | | | | |
| | Total student study effort | | | | | | 108 Hrs. |
| Reading List and References | B. Williams and S. Sawyer, to Computers and Communic J. F. Kurose and K. W. Ross Pearson, 2016. D. E. Comer, Computer Netw B. A. Forouzan, TCP/IP Prot W. Stalling, Data and Compute S. Morris and C. Corone Management, 11th Edition, C M. Mannino, Database Desi Chicago Business Press, 201 | cations, 11 th ec s, Computer N vorks and Inte tocol Suite, 4 th uter Communi el, Database Course Techno ign, Applicatio | l., McGr Vetworkin rnets, 6 th ed., Tm cations, System blogy, 20 | aw-Hill <i>ng: A To</i> ed., Pea h, 2010. 10 th ed., <i>s: Dest</i>)14. | , 2014. <i>op-Down</i> arson, 2(Pearson <i>ign, Im</i> | n Approd)15. n, 2013. plement | ach, 7 th ed., ation, and |

| Subject Code | ENG3003 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Engineering Management |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This subject provides students with: |
| | 1. A practical introduction to management and a comprehensive guide to the tools and techniques used in managing people and other resources. |
| | Opportunities to trace the historical development and describe the functions of management, from planning, and decision making to organizing, staffing, leading, motivating, and controlling. It also includes a discussion on engineering ethics. |
| | Opportunities to explore the core business strategy, technology, and innovation, and examine how these functions intertwine to play a central role in structural design, as well as supporting an organization's overall success. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to |
| Outcomes | perform tasks in an organization related to organizing, planning, leading and controlling project and process activities; |
| | select appropriate management techniques for improving organizational structures, work procedures, and quality performance of operational tasks; |
| | c. analyze the factors that affect changes in the work environment, and be aware of the approaches in implementing change in an organization; |
| | d. be aware of the imperatives of ethical and business behaviors in engineering organizations in a fast-changing business environment. |
| Subject | 1. <u>Introduction</u> |
| Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus | General management concepts in organizations; Functions and types of industrial organizations; Organizational structures; Corporate objectives, strategy, and policy |
| | 2. <u>Industrial Management</u> |
| | Roles of managers: Process of management, leadership, planning, organizing, motivating, and control of social and engineering activities; Quality management: Related tools and techniques |
| | 3. Project Management |
| | Project scope and objectives; Network analysis; Tools that support engineering operations and task scheduling |

| | 4. <u>Management of Change</u> | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| | Change leadership; Organization management; Factors that affect the | | | planned | change | e; Stress |
| | 5. Effects of Environmental Factors | | | | | |
| | The effects of extraneous factors such as ethics and corporate socia | | | gineerin | g organ | izations, |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, and case studies are used to deliver v topics in this subject. Some topics are covered by problem-based format wh applicable in enhancing the learning objectives. Other topics are covered by d study so as to develop students' "life-long learning" ability. The case studies, largely based on real experience, are designed to integrate the covered in the subject and to illustrate the ways various techniques are inter- and applied in real life situations. | | | | | vhenever directed ne topics |
| Assessment | | | | | | |
| Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | |
| Outcomes | | | а | b | с | d |
| | 1. Coursework | 40% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | Group learning activities (10%) | | | | | |
| | • Presentation (individual) (30%) | | | | | |
| | 2. Final examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | Total | 100% | | | 1 | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of intended learning outcomes: The coursework of this subject involve reflect the realities of management situ exercises, students' ability to apply assessed on the basis of their performa the quality of their written reports on t is also designed to assess the intended I | s students work ations in an en and synthesiz nce in group di hese case studi | ing in g gineerin e acqui scussion es. A w | roups to g setting red kno , oral pr | study c . Throu wledge esentati | ases that igh such can be ons, and |

| Student Study | Class contact: | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Effort Expected | Lectures and review | 27 Hrs. |
| | Tutorials and presentations | 12 Hrs. |
| | Other student study effort: | |
| | Research and preparation | 30 Hrs. |
| | Report writing | 10 Hrs. |
| | Preparation for oral presentation and examination | 37 Hrs. |
| | Total student study effort | 116 Hrs. |
| Reading List and References | 1. John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., 2013, Introduction to Management, Wiley | 12th Ed., John |
| | Robbins, S P, DeCenzo, D A, and Coulter, M, 2013, Fu Management Essential Concepts and Applications, 8th Ed., Pea | |
| | Morse, L C and Babcock, D L, 2010, Managing Engineering an an Introduction to Management for Engineers, 5th Ed., Prentice | 0, |
| | White, M A and Bruton, G D, 2011, The Management of T Innovation: A Strategic Approach, 2nd Ed., South-West Learning | 0, |

| Subject Code | ENG3004 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Society and the Engineer |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 3 |
| Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This subject is designed for engineering students as a complementary subject on the role of the professional engineer in practice and their responsibilities toward the profession, colleagues, employers, clients, and the public. The objectives of the subject are to enable students to |
| | appreciate the historical context of modern technology and the nature of the process whereby technology develops and the relationship between technology and the environment, as well as the implied social costs and benefits; |
| | understand the social, political, legal, and economic responsibilities and accountability of the engineering profession and the organizational activities of professional engineering institutions; |
| | be aware of the short-term and long-term effects related to safety and health, and the environmental impacts of technology; |
| | observe professional conduct, as well as the legal and other applicable constraints, related to various engineering issues; and |
| | develop a strong vision to optimize their contribution to sustainable development. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to |
| Outcomes | a. identify and evaluate the effects of technology as it applies to the social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society; |
| | explain the importance of local and international professional training, professional conduct and ethics, and responsibilities in various engineering disciplines, particularly the Washington Accord; |
| | c. evaluate and estimate, in a team setting, the impact of contemporary issues, planned projects, and unforeseen technological advances related to engineers; effectively communicate and present the findings to laymen and peers. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | 1. Impact of Technology on Society |
| inalcative Synabus | Historical cases and trends of technological innovation explored through their impact on social and cultural developments of civilization and their commonalities. |

| | 2. <u>Environmental Protection and Related Issues</u> |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | Roles of the engineer in energy conservation, ecological balance, and sustainable development. |
| | 3. <u>Global Outlook for Hong Kong's Economy and Industries</u> |
| | Support organizations, policies and their impacts on industrial and economic development in Greater China, the Pacific Rim, and the world. |
| | 4. <u>Regulatory Organizations and Compliance</u> |
| | Discussion of engineer's responsibilities within different regulatory frameworks and environments; Examples from various entities such as the Labour Department and the Occupational Health and Safety Council; Legal dimensions to engineering such as liability, contract law, and industrial legislation. |
| | 5. <u>Professional Institutions</u> |
| | Local and overseas professional institutions; Washington Accord and the qualifications and criteria of professional engineers. |
| | 6. <u>Professional Ethics</u> |
| | Prevention of bribery and corruption; The work of the Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC); Social responsibilities of engineers. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Class comprises short lectures to provide essential knowledge and information on the relationships between society and the engineer under a range of dimensions. |
| | Other methods include discussions, case studies, and seminars to develop students' in- depth analysis of the relationships. |
| | Each student will submit two assignments based on their weekly learning activities, which will be part of the subject's evaluation. The assignments will deal with important issues of social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society. |
| | Students are assembled into groups; throughout the course, they will work on engineering cases by completing the following learning activities: |
| | 1. Case analysis where students explore the relationships between society and the engineering issues of a project under specific dimensions; |
| | 2. Construction and assembly of a case portfolio which includes |
| | i. Presentation slides ii. Feedback critiques iii. Weekly summary reports iv. A report on Sustainable Development v. Individual Reflections |
| | 3. Final oral presentation |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | |
|--|---|---|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | а | b | с | |
| | 1. Continuous assessment | 70% | | | | |
| | Group weekly learning activities | (20%) | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | • Individual Assignments (2) | (20%) | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Individual final presentation | (15%) | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Individual reflection statement | (5%) | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Group project and SD reports | (10%) | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | 2. Examination | 30% | ~ | ~ | | |
| | Total | 100% | | I | | |
| | perspectives of the eight dimensions in exercises, students' ability to apply an assessed through their performance during the quality of their portfolio reports on the The open-book examination is used to as solving skills when working on their own. | nd synthesize g groups' discu case studies. sess students' | acquired ussion, ora | knowledg Il presenta | e can bo tions, and | |
| Student Study Effort | Class contact: | | | | | |
| Expected | Lectures and review | 27 Hrs. | | | | |
| | Presentation | | | 12 Hrs. | | |
| | Other student study efforts: | | | | | |
| | Other student study efforts: | | | | 12 Hrs. | |
| | Other student study efforts: Research and preparation | | | | 12 Hrs. 55 Hrs. | |
| | | | | | | |

| Reading List and | Reference Books & Articles: |
|------------------|---|
| References | Education for Sustainable Development - An Expert Review of Processes and Learning, UNESCO, 2011 Poel, Ibo van de, and Lambèr M. M. Royakkers. Ethics, Technology, and Engineering : an Introduction. Wiley-Blackwell, 2011 Engineering for Sustainable Development: Guiding Principles, Royal Academy of Engineering, 2005 Securing the future: delivering UK sustainable development strategy, 2005 Johnston, F S, Gostelow, J P, and King, W J, 2000, Engineering and Society Challenges of Professional Practice, Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Prentice Hall Hjorth, L, Eichler, B, and Khan, A, 2003, Technology and Society A Bridge to the 21st Century, Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Prentice Hall The Council for Sustainable Development in Hong Kong, http://www.enb.gov.hk/en/susdev/council/ Poverty alleviation: the role of the engineer, http://publications.arup.com/publications/p/poverty_alleviation_the_role_of_ the engineer |
| | Reading materials: Engineering journals: |
| | Engineers by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers Engineering and Technology by The Institution of Engineers and Technology |
| | Magazines: Time, Far East Economic Review |
| | Current newspapers: South China Morning Post, China Daily, Ming Pao Daily |

| Subject Code | ENG4001 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Project Management |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This subject provides students with knowledge in: project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; project management methodologies and their application; choosing project variables for effective project management; and various developments of project management. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to engineering projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; and d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints. |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | Project Overview, Management Principles, and the Systems Approach Characteristics of projects and project management. Management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts and principles. Conflict management. <u>Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques</u> Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure. Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gantt charts, network analysis techniques, time-phased networks, CPA, PERT, and resource smoothing. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u> Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Experience curve. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u> Earned value measurement system. Managing project risks. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination. |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, case studies, and laboratory work are used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem- based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies are from best practices of projects, based on a literature review. They are used to integrate the topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in real-life situations. |

| Assessment | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--------------|------------|---|--|
| Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment methods/tasks | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | |
| Outcomes | | | а | b | с | d | |
| | 1. Tutorial exercises/ written report | 20% | | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 2. Mid Term Test | 20% | ~ | ~ | ~ | | |
| | 3. Written examination | 60% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | · | |
| | Explanation of the approp intended learning outcomes: | | he assessn | nent metho | ods in ass | sessing the | |
| | Continuous assessment (1) & (2): Test, written reports and tutorial exercises are used to assess students' understanding and application of the knowledge that they have learnt relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c). | | | | | | |
| | Written examination: question and (d). | ons are designe | ed to assess | s learning o | outcomes (| (a), (b), (c), | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | | | | | | | |
| • | Lectures | 3 hours/wee | ek for 9 we | eks | | 27 Hrs. | |
| • | Lectures Tutorials / Case studies | | | | | 27 Hrs. 12 Hrs. | |
| | | | | | | _, | |
| | | | | | | 12 Hrs. | |
| | Tutorials / Case studies | s 3 hours/we | ek for 4 wo | | | 12 Hrs. | |
| | Tutorials / Case studies Other student study effort: Preparation for assignment | s 3 hours/we | ek for 4 wo | | | 12 Hrs. 39 Hrs. | |
| Reading List and References | Tutorials / Case studie Other student study effort: Preparation for assignr written examination | s 3 hours/we ments, short tes | ts, and the | | nent: a l | 12 Hrs. 39 Hrs. 79 Hrs. 118 Hrs. | |
| | Tutorials / Case studies Other student study effort: Preparation for assign written examination Total student study effort I. Meredith JR and M | s 3 hours/we ments, short tes fantel SJ, 201 ooken NJ <i>roject Manage</i> | tts, and the 0, <i>Projec</i> ment: a S | t Manager | | 12 Hrs. 39 Hrs. 79 Hrs. 118 Hrs. Managerial | |

| Subject Code | IC2105 |
|--|--|
| Subject Title | Engineering Communication and Fundamentals |
| Credit Value | 4 Training Credits |
| Level | 2 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil |
| Objectives | This subject offers a wide spectrum of fundamental engineering practice that are essential for a professional engineer. This subject includes Engineering Drawing and CAD, Industrial Safety and Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice, Basic Mechatronic Practice and Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB that aims at providing fundamental and necessary technical skills to all year 1 students interested in engineering. |
| Intended | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Learning Outcomes | a) Describe the principles and conventional representation of engineering drawings according to engineering standards and be able to use it as a medium in technical communication and documentation with CAD application, modelling and practice with application in mechanical, industrial systems and electrical engineering; |
| | b) Interpret basic occupational health and industrial safety requirements for engineering practice; |
| | c) Explain common electronic product safety tests; |
| | d) Design and implement simple mechatronic systems with programble controller, software, actuation devices, sensing devices and mechanism; and |
| | e) Apply scientific computing software for computing in science and engineering including visualization and programming; |
| Subject Synopsis/ | Syllabus: |
| Indicative Syllabus | 1. (TM8059) Engineering Drawing and CAD |
| Synabus | 1.1. Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing and CAD Principles of orthographic projection; sectioning; dimensioning; sketching; general tolerances; conventional representation of screw threads and fasteners; types of drawings including part drawing and assembly drawing. |
| | Introduction to CAD; features of 2D CAD system (layer; draw; modify; block & attributes; standard library); techniques for the creation of titleblock; setup of 2D plotting; general concepts on 3D computer modeling; parametric feature based solid modeling; construction and detailing of solid features; solid model modification and its limitations; concepts of assembly modeling including bottom up and top down approaches for the generation of parts, subassemblies, and final assembly; virtual validation and simulation, generation of 2D drawings from 3D parts and assemblies; drawing annotation including dimensioning, tolerancing, and part list. |

| 1.2. | Electrical Drawing |
|------|--------------------|
|------|--------------------|

Wiring diagram and wiring table for electronic and electrical installation, functional representation of circuit, system block diagram, electrical and electronic device symbols and layout, architectural wiring diagram with reference to the architectural symbols for electrical drawings in Hong Kong and international standards.

2. (TM2009) Industrial Safety

- 2.1. Safety Management: Overview, essential elements of safety management, safety training, accident management, and emergency procedures.
- 2.2. Safety Law: F&IU Ordinance and principal regulations, OSH Ordinance and principal regulations.
- 2.3. Occupational Hygiene and Environmental Safety: Noise hazard and control; dust hazard and control; ergonomics of manual handling.
- 2.4. Safety Technology: Mechanical lifting, fire prevention, dangerous substances and chemical safety, machinery hazards and guarding, electrical safety, first aid, job safety analysis, fault tree analysis, personal protective equipment.

3. (TM1116) Electronic Product Safety Test and Practice

- 3.1 Use of basic electronic test instruments, current and voltage measurements, waveform measurement, power supply and signal sources;
- 3.2 Electronic product safety test method; High Voltage Isolation Test, Insulation Resistance Test, Continuity Test, Leakage Current Measurement, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Test.

4. (TM0510) Basic Mechatronic Practice

- 4.1. Definitions of mechatronics; design and operation of typical mechatronic systems; appreciation of measurement system, actuator system, motor drives, mechanical drives, gear train and linkage, pneumatic and hydraulic systems, signal conditioning, and human-machine interfaces.
- 4.2. Integration of system components using appropriate controller hardware and software such as PLC, PAC, and Microcontroller system; use of simulation software packages for pneumatic and hydraulic circuit design.

5. (TM3014) Basic Scientific Computing with MATLAB

- 5.1. Overview to scientific computering; introduction to MATLAB; interactive calculations, random number generators, variables, vectors, matrices and string; mathematical operations, polynomial operation, data analysis and curve fitting, file I/O functions. Basic 2D and 3D plots.
- **5.2.** M-file programming & debugging; scripts, functions, logic operations, flow control, introduction to graphical user interface.

Learning Methodology The teaching and learning methods include lectures, workshop tutorials, and practical works. The lectures are aimed at providing students with an overall and concrete background knowledge required for understanding key issues in engineering communication, use of standard engineering components and systems, and importance of industrial safety. The workshop tutorials are aimed at enhancing students' in-depth knowledge and ability in applying the knowledge and skills to complete specific tasks. The practical works aim at facilitating students to review the diverse topics covered in this course and perform active learning with research, practice, questioning, and problem solving in a unified activity.

| Assessment | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|-------|-----------|----------|
| Methods in Alignment with Intended | Assessment Methods | % | | Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed | | | |
| Learning Outcomes | | Weight | | a b c d | | e | |
| Outcomes | Continuous Assessment | | | | | | |
| | 1. Assignment / Project | Refer | | / / | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| | 2. Test | Modu | le | ~ | | ~ | ~ |
| | 3. Report / Logbook | Descrip Forn | | | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100 | | 1 | | 1 | |
| | <u>L</u> | | | | | | |
| | Assessment Methods | | | Remar | ks | | |
| | 1. Assignment / Project | | The project is designed to facilitate students to reflect and apply the knowledge periodically throughout the training. | | | | |
| | 2. Test | Test is designed to facilitate students to review the breadth and depth of their understanding on specific topics. | | | | | |
| | 3. Report / Logbook | acquire | deep und | is designed lerstanding sent those c | on tl | he topics | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Class Contact | TM8059 | TM200 | 9 TM11 | 16 7 | ГМ0510 | TM3014 |
| Enort Expected | Mini-lecture | 11 Hrs. | 7 Hrs. | 2 Hı | s. | 6 Hrs. | 6 Hrs. |
| | In-class Assignment/ Hands-on Practice | 40 Hrs. | 8 Hrs. | 4 Hı | ·s. | 21 Hrs. | 15 Hrs. |
| | Other Study Effort | | | · | | | |
| | • Nil | | | | | | |
| | Total Study Effort | | | | | | 120 Hrs. |

| | 1 |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Reading List and References | Reference Software List: |
| Kelefences | 1. AutoCAD from Autodesk Inc. |
| | 2. SolidWorks from Dassault Systèmes Solidworks Corp. |
| | 3. MATLAB from The Mathworks Inc. |
| | Reference Standards and Handbooks: |
| | 1. BS8888 Technical Product Specification (TPS) Specification. |
| | 2. Cecil H. Jensen, et al, Engineering Drawing and Design, McGraw-Hill, 2008. |
| | 3. Warrendale, SAE fastener standards manual, Society of Automotive Engineers, 1997. |
| | 4. Timothy H Wentzell, et al, Machine Design, Delmar Learning, 2004. |
| | 5. Czernik, Daniel, Gaskets: Design, Selection, and Testing, McGraw-Hill, 1995. |
| | Michael M. Khonsari, E. Richard Booser, Applied Tribology: Bearing Design and Lubrication, Wiley-Interscience, 2001. |
| | IEEE Standard 315 / ANSI Y32.2 / CSA Z99 Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics Diagrams. |
| | 8. IEC 61082 Preparation of Documents used in Electrotechnology. |
| | Reference Books: Training material, manual and articles published by Industrial Centre. |

| | | Subject Synopsis/ | (TM0367) Lighting and Electrical System Design |
|--|--|---------------------|--|
| Subject Code | IC2112 IC Training I (EE) | Indicative Syllabus | Interior lighting design and calculation; daylight illumination lumens and reflectors; T5, T8 and T11 lamps; energy conservation. |
| Credit Value | 4 Training Credits | | Introduction of low-voltage power distribution system and code electrical design in Hong Kong; examine architectural drawings; and electrical services; prepare layout drawings and schematics. |
| Level | 2 | | (TM0389) Low-voltage Switchboard and Power Monitoring, AC Co |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Nil | | Specifications, standards and requirements of LV switchboard electronic protection relays; schematic diagram, testing, commaintenance. |
| Objectives | 1) To provide trainees with simulated working environments and training of | | Power monitoring and analysis, noise and harmonics; active filter capacitor bank. |
| · | industrial practices in Electrical Engineering. | | Introduction of programmable controller systems, sensors, actuators, counters, ladder logic programming and testing. |
| | 2) This subject covers a wide range of fundamental electrical engineering application technology that including electrical installation practice, lighting | | (TM0383) Integrated Building Systems |
| | and electrical system design, LV switchboard and power monitoring, integral building system and basic electronic practice. | | Proprietary and open systems (BMS, EIB and DALI); sensors and ac circuit, scenes control; system design, programming and commission building system integration. |
| Intended Learning | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: | | (TM0373) Electrical Installation and Basic Electronic Practice |
| Outcomes | a) identify relevant engineering theories and principles and to apply them in hands-on training exercises to determine system feasibility; | | Wiring for conventional low voltage installations and intelligent b systems (EIB and DALI); final lighting and power circuits, con |
| | b) compare and contrast conceptual design, develop actual work sequences and | | protective devices; inspection, testing, |
| | methods for various electrical installations; | | Identification of electronic circuit components, soldering and de- film process, Etching process. |
| | c) recognize the engineering standards, regulations and practices to undertake the | | |
| | design, construction, testing and commissioning electrical distribution system in buildings. ; | Learning | The teaching and learning methods include lectures, workshop practical works to convey general principles, techniques and related t |
| | apply intelligent building control technology effectively and evaluate new building automation/intelligent control schemes; and | Methodology | students. Their learning knowledge will be strengthened through exercises and case studies in a problem-based format for the de system integration skills, and to effectively apply those of |
| | e) apply their knowledge and skills for system analysis. | | environments. |

Г

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes | Assessment Methods | | Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|--|--------|-------------------|---|------|--|
| | TM0367 Lighting and Electrical | % Weighting | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | System Design | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Assignment | 40 | ~ | ~ | ~ | | ~ | |
| | 2. Test | 30 | ~ | ~ | | | | |
| | 3. Training Report | 30 | ~ | ~ | ~ | | ~ | |
| | Total | 100 | | | | | | |
| | Assessment Methods | | Inter | nded L | earnin Assesse | | omes | |
| | TM0389 Low-Voltage Switchboard and Power Monitoring, AC Control and PLC | % Weighting | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | 1. Assignment | 40 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | 2. Test | 30 | ~ | ~ | | | | |
| | 3. Training Report | 30 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100 | | | | | | |
| | Assessment Methods | | Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed | | | | | |
| | TM0383 Integrated Building Systems | % Weighting | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | 1. Assignment | 40 | ~ | | | ~ | ~ | |
| | 2. Test | 30 | ~ | | | | | |
| | 3. Training Report | 30 | ~ | | | ~ | ~ | |
| | Total | 100 | | | | | | |

| | Assessment Methods | | Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|--|-----------------------|----------|---------|---|--|
| | | % Weighting | а | b | с | d | e | |
| | TM0373 Electrical Installation and Basic Electronic Practice | | | | | | | |
| | | 40 | ~ | ~ | ~ | | ~ | |
| | | 30 | ~ | ~ | | | | |
| | 3. Training Report | 30 | ~ | ✓ | ~ | | ~ | |
| | Total | 100 | | | | | | |
| | The assignment is designed to facilitate students to reflect and apply the knowledge periodically throughout the training. | | | | | | | |
| | Test is designed to facilitate stude understanding on specific topics. Training Report is designed to facili the topics of the training and to prese | tate students to | o acqu | ire dee | | 1 | | |
| Student Study Effort Required | Class Contact | | | | | | | |
| Ellort Kequirea | Lecture / Tutorial / Demonstration | | | | | 32 Hrs. | | |
| | Workshop Practice | | | | | 86 Hrs. | | |
| | • Test | | | | | 2 Hrs. | | |
| | Other Study Effort | | | | | 0 Hr. | | |
| | Total Study Effort | | | | 120 Hrs. | | | |
| Reading List and References | Training material, manual and an EMSD, Code of Practice for the IEE wiring regulation, 16th Editi | Electricity (W | | | | | | |
| | 5. The wiring regulation, 16 th Edition | 011. | | | | | | |

| Subject Code | ISE404 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | Total Quality Management |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/Co- requisite/Exclusion | Students who do not have background knowledge in quality control and quality engineering should be prepared to do additional reading. |
| Objectives | This subject provides students with the knowledge to understand the philosophy and core values of Total Quality Management (TQM); determine the voice of the customer and the impact of quality on economic performance and long-term business success of an organization; apply and evaluate best practices for the attainment of total quality. |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to a. select and apply appropriate techniques in identifying customer needs, as well as the quality impact that will be used as inputs in TQM methodologies; b. measure the cost of poor quality and process effectiveness and efficiency to track performance quality and to identify areas for improvement; c. understand proven methodologies to enhance management processes, such as benchmarking and business process reengineering; d. choose a framework to evaluate the performance excellence of an organization, and determine the set of performance indicators that will align people with the |
| Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus | objectives of the organization. 1. Principles of Total Quality Concepts of quality; Core values and paradigms for TQM, including corporate citizenship and protection of the environment; Models for performance excellence: Deming Prize, Baldrige Quality Award, European Quality Award 2. Customer Needs Internal and external customers; Voice of the customer; Customer satisfaction; |
| | Customer loyalty; Service recovery; Crisis management <u>Economics of Quality</u> Classification and analysis of quality costs; Implementing quality costing systems; Economic value of customer loyalty and employee loyalty <u>TQM Methodologies</u> Quality Function Deployment (QFD); Benchmarking; Business process reengineering; Process improvement |
| | 5. <u>Learning and Growth</u> Organizational learning; Organizational renewal; Change management; Employee empowerment |
| | 6. <u>Strategic Quality Management</u> Vision, strategy, goals, and action plans; Measurement of organizational performance |

| Teaching/Learning Methodology | A mixture of lectures, group discussions (tutorials), and mini-case studies are use achieve the objectives of this subject. Some topics are taught in the classre environment; students have to learn these topics by themselves in the process writing problem-based assignments. Directed study is also used to develop the s learning ability of students. | | | | | e classroom process of |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| Assessment Methods in Alignment with | Specific assessment methods/tasks % weighting Intended subject learning assessed | | | | ning outcom | to be |
| Intended Learning Outcomes | | | a | b | с | d |
| | 1. Assignments | 35% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ✓ |
| | 2. Tests | 20% | ~ | ~ | ✓ | ~ |
| | 3.Examination | 45% | ~ | ~ | ✓ | ~ |
| | Total | 100% | | | | |
| | 1 , | admittes to ana | lyze and sol | ve problem | s related to | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | admines to ana | lyze and sol | ve problem | s related to | the subject. |
| | Class contact: Lecture/Tutorial | | lyze and sol /week for 13 | 1 | s related to | |
| | | 2 hours | | weeks | s related to | 5 |
| Student Study Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial | 2 hours y 1 hour/v | /week for 13 | weeks | s related to | the subject. 26 Hrs. |
| | Lecture/Tutorial Tutorial/Case Study | 2 hours y 1 hour/v t: | /week for 13 | weeks | s related to | the subject. 26 Hrs. |
| | Lecture/Tutorial Tutorial/Case Study Other student study effor | 2 hours y 1 hour/v t: earning | /week for 13 | weeks | s related to | 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. |
| | Lecture/Tutorial Tutorial/Case Study Other student study effor Studying and self le | 2 hours y 1 hour/v t: earning port writing | /week for 13 | weeks | s related to | 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. 50 Hrs. |
| Effort Expected Reading List and | Lecture/Tutorial Tutorial/Case Study Other student study effor Studying and self le Assignment and rep | 2 hours y 1 hour/v t: earning port writing t | /week for 13 | weeks | | 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. 50 Hrs. 28 Hrs. 117 Hrs. |
| Effort Expected | Lecture/Tutorial Tutorial/Case Study Other student study effor Studying and self le Assignment and rep Total student study effort | 2 hours. y 1 hour/v t: earning port writing t .al. 2003, <i>Total</i> Davis, B 2006, | /week for 13 week for 13 Quality Ma Quality Ma | weeks weeks nagement, | 3 rd edn, Prei | 26 Hrs. 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. 50 Hrs. 28 Hrs. 117 Hrs. 117 Hrs. ntice Hall on to Total |
| Effort Expected Reading List and | Lecture/Tutorial Tutorial/Case Study Other student study effor Studying and self le Assignment and rep Total student study effort Besterfield, DH, et. Goetsch, DL & D | 2 hours y 1 hour/v t: earning port writing t .al. 2003, <i>Total</i> Davis, B 2006, <i>ent for Producti</i> | /week for 13 week for 13 Quality Ma Quality Ma on, Processi | weeks weeks nagement, anagement: ing and Ser | 3 rd edn, Pren Introduction | 26 Hrs. 26 Hrs. 13 Hrs. 50 Hrs. 28 Hrs. 117 Hrs. 117 Hrs. ntice Hall on to Total n, Pearson |

| Subject Code | MM4522 |
|--|---|
| Subject Title | China Business Management |
| Credit Value | 3 |
| Level | 4 |
| Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion | Exclusion: MM4521 |
| Objectives | This course covers the business environment and key issues about doing business in China. The course offers a broad survey of a wide range of topics related to China business rather than in-depth study of particular aspects. The primary objectives are to introduce the students to the broad terrain, and help them to explore those aspects in their future pursuit. |
| Subject Intended | Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: |
| Learning Outcomes | a. understand, analyse, and evaluate the nature and changing shape of business connection between Hong Kong and the Chinese Mainland. |
| | b. explain and assess the institutional and legal issues of doing business in China.(BBA Outcome 3) |
| | c. describe, analyse and evaluate business strategies and practices in China. (BBA Outcome 3) |
| | d. develop critical thinking about how different contextual and cultural factors affect business success, and learn to better communicate with people in different institutional environment. (BBA Outcome 3) |
| | e. have further developed their oral and written communication skills (BBA Outcome 1) |
| Subject Synopsis/ | 1. The economic system and economic reforms in China |
| Indicative Syllabus | 2. Understanding the Chinese bureaucracy |
| | 3. China's integration into the global economy |
| | 4. China - Hong Kong Business relations |
| | 5. The regulations of China's foreign trade |
| | 6. China's tax system |
| | 7. Foreign direct Investment and management |
| | 8. Marketing strategies in China |
| Teaching/Learning Methodology | Lectures, tutorial discussion, group project (presentation and written report) |

| Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning | Specific assessment | % weighting | Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | methods/tasks | | а | b | с | d | e | | |
| Outcomes | Continuous Assessment | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Group Project | 30% | | | | | | | |
| | • Presentation | 15% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | •Written Report | 15% | | | | | ~ | | |
| | 2. Class Participation | 20% | | | | ~ | | | |
| | Examination | 50% | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | |
| | Total | 100% | | | | | | | |
| | *Weighting of assessment m subject to each subject lecture | | n contint | uous ass | essment | may be | different | | |
| | To pass this subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in <u>BOTH</u> the Continuous Assessment and Examination components. | | | | | | | | |
| | Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: the various methods are designed to ensure that all students taking this subject | | | | | | | | |
| | The assessments are designed to motivate the students to read the recommended materials and participate in the required activities to achieve the learning outcomes. | | | | | | | | |
| Student Study | Class contact: | | | | | | | | |
| Effort Expected | Lecture 26 | | | | | 26 Hrs. | | | |
| | Tutorial 13 1 | | | | | 13 Hrs. | | | |
| | Other study effort: | | | | | | | | |
| | Group project | | | | | | 20 Hrs. | | |
| | Reading | | 48 Hrs. | | | | | | |
| | - Keauling | | | 107 Hrs | | | | | |
| | Tetal to device the loss offer the | | | | | | 07 Hrs. | | |
| . | Total student study effort | | | | c (1 | | 1 1. | | |
| 0 | Total student study effort This course does not have a base compiled and edited b <i>Review</i> , a publication of th readings have been uploaded | y the Econom e US-China E | ist Intel | ligence | Unit, and | l China | Busines | | |
| 0 | This course does not have a base compiled and edited by <i>Review</i> , a publication of the | y the Econom e US-China E | ist Intel | ligence | Unit, and | l China | Busines | | |
| 0 | This course does not have a base compiled and edited b <i>Review</i> , a publication of th readings have been uploaded | y the Econom e US-China E to WebCT. | ist Intel Business | ligence Council | Unit, and | l China | Busines | | |
| Reading List and References | This course does not have a base compiled and edited be <i>Review</i> , a publication of the readings have been uploaded to <i>References</i> | y the Econom e US-China F to WebCT. (Constable & E dia: How Chi | ist Intel Business Robinsor | ligence Council n, 2004) | Unit, and , and ot | l <i>China</i> her sour | Busines. ces. The | | |
| 0 | This course does not have a base compiled and edited b <i>Review</i> , a publication of th readings have been uploaded th <i>References</i> 1. Tim Clissold's <i>Mr. China</i> 2. Pete Engardio (ed.), <i>Chin</i> | y the Econom e US-China E to WebCT. (Constable & E dia: How Chi 007 Illion Customet | ist Intel Business Robinsor ina and rs: Lessa | ligence Council n, 2004) India an | Unit, and , and ot <i>re Revolt</i> | l <i>China</i> her sour <i>utionizin</i> | Busines, ces. The g Globa | | |
| 0 | This course does not have a base compiled and edited by <i>Review</i>, a publication of th readings have been uploaded a <i>References</i> 1. Tim Clissold's <i>Mr. China</i> 2. Pete Engardio (ed.), <i>Chin Business</i>, McGraw-hill, 20 3. James McGregor, <i>One Bia</i> | y the Econom e US-China E to WebCT. (Constable & 1 dia: How Chi 007 Ilion Customer olas Brealey Pu Strategy: Harr | iist Intel Business Robinson ina and rs: Lessa iblishing | Ligence Council n, 2004) India an ons from , 2005). | Unit, and , and ot re Revolu the From | l China her sour utionizin, nt Line o | Busines cces. Th g Globa of Doing | | |

Appendix II

Minor Programme in Electrical Engineering

1 Objective

The present-day engineering profession has become more and more multi-disciplinary in nature. The possession of adequate knowledge in electrical engineering will be an asset for engineering personnel whose major is in other disciplines. The objective of the programme is to provide a working knowledge on selected topic areas in electrical engineering for students with non-electrical-engineering background.

2 Programme Outcomes

After completing the programme, students should be able to

- (i) Apply fundamental principles of mathematics, science and engineering to solve practical problems in selected areas of electrical engineering.
- (ii) Conduct experiments with appropriate techniques and tools and interpret and analyse the data.
- (iii) Keep abreast of developments in certain areas of electrical engineering.

3 Eligibility

Full-time students pursuing a four-year undergraduate degree in Faculty of Engineering or Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering (excluding a Major in Electrical Engineering or a Major in Transportation Systems Engineering) may choose this programme. Only students with a GPA of 2.5 or above can be considered for Minor study. The department may set a quota for admitting students into this Minor programme.

4 Curriculum

The student has to complete 18 credits of discipline-specific subjects in Electrical Engineering as shown in the following table, with at least 50% (9 credits) of the subjects at Level 3 or above.

| Subject Code | Subject Title | Number of |
|--|--|-----------|
| ~~~~~j~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | | Credits |
| EE2001A | Applied Electromagnetics | 3 |
| EE2002A | Circuit Analysis | 3 |
| EE2003A | Electronics | 3 |
| EE2004A | Electrical Energy Systems Fundamentals | 3 |
| EE3001A | Analogue and Digital Circuits | 3 |
| EE3002A | Electromechanical Energy Conversion | 3 |
| EE3003A | Power Electronics and Drives | 3 |
| EE3004A | Power Transmission and Distribution | 3 |
| EE3005A | Systems and Control | 3 |
| EE3006A | Analysis Methods for Engineers | 3 |
| EE3007A | Computer System Principles | 3 |
| EE3008A | Linear Systems and Signal Processing | 3 |
| EE3009A | Electrical Services in Buildings | 3 |
| EE4002A | Digital Control and Signal Processing | 3 |
| EE4003A | Electrical Machines | 3 |
| EE4004A | Power Systems | 3 |
| EE4007A | Advanced Power Electronics | 3 |
| EE4008A | Applied Digital Control | 3 |
| EE4009A | Electric Traction and Drives | 3 |
| EE4010A | Fibre Optics | 3 |
| EE4011A | Industrial Computer Applications | 3 |
| EE4012A | Intelligent Buildings | 3 |
| EE4013A | Power System Protection | 3 |
| EE4014A | Intelligent Applications in Electrical Engineering | 3 |
| EE4015A | Electrical Engineering Materials | 3 |
| EE4022A | Fundamentals of Fibre-Optic Communications and Sensors | 3 |

Note: The Department reserves the right of NOT offering all these subjects in each semester.

5 Award Classification

For students who have completed a Major/Minor programme, a single classification will be awarded and their award classification will mainly be based on the "Major GPA", but it can be moderated by the Board of Examiners with reference to the "Minor GPA". For students who have completed a Major programme combined with free electives, their award classification will be determined by their "Major GPA" which includes grades obtained for the free electives, if appropriate.

"Major GPA" is derived based on all subjects of the Major programme, including those meeting the mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) and programme-specific language requirement, but not necessarily including the training credits.

"Minor GPA" is derived based on the 18 credits of specific Minor programme. "Minor GPA" is unweighted.

The "Major GPA" and the "Minor GPA" will be presented separately to the Board of Examiners for consideration. The guidelines for determining award classification are applicable to programmes with Major/Minor studies.

Where a student has a high GPA for his Major but a lower GPA for his Minor, he will not be 'penalised' in respect of his award classification, which is attached to the Major. On the other hand, if a student has a lower GPA for his Major than his GPA for the Minor, the Board of Examiners may consider giving the student a higher award classification than with reference to his Major GPA.

Aug 2018