The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Please read the notes at the end of the table carefully before completing the form.

	CL C2271D (2010 20 server)				
Subject Code	CLC3271P (2019-20 onward)				
	CBS3271P (2018-19 and before)				
Subject Title	Professional Communication in Chinese for Design				
Credit Value	3				
Level	3				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil				
Objectives	This subject aims to enhance students' Chinese competence, in particular listening and dialoguing, with necessary project stakeholders, and to cope with the workplace communication requirements relating to their training in the Social, Cultural and Design fields.				
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:				
Outcomes (Note 1)	a. Competence in modern Chinese writing in terms of syntactic correctness, lexical collocation and textual coherence;				
	b. Develop analytical thinking skills for better organization and presentation of ideas;				
	c. Master the formal essentials in written genres with particular reference to professional proposal in Chinese;				
	d. Communicate effectively both in oral presentation (Putonghua optional) and practical writing;				
	e. Acquire advanced Chinese skills in reading and comprehending academic texts relating to the design and culture disciplines.				
	f. Listen, read and think carefully before jumping into conclusion.				
	Students will be required to read and write intensively for enhancing their proficiency level in written Chinese. The mastering of effective communication skills in both written and spoken Chinese will also facilitate their life-long learning in various disciplines.				
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Indicative Content:Structure of language and ideas				
(Note 2)	 Structure of language and ideas Reading strategy and comprehension of texts Local thinking and writings Organization of ideas and paragraphing various Chinese genres such as, topic writing, newsletter, arts criticism and pamphlet. Accuracy and effectiveness in oral communication and presentation Summarising, paraphrasing and expressing key ideas in Chinese academic writing 				

Teaching/Learning Methodology (Note 3)	The subject will motivate the collaboration, individual pre- will be presented in both pri- of accuracy in written and se materials in self-access man students depending on in Putonghua.	sentation and inted mode a poken Chine nner. Teach	d group nd aud se, stu ner cor	o discu io-visu dents v nsultati	ssion. al moc vill be on wil	Teach le. Fo supple l be o	ing ma r the tr emente ffered	aterials raining ed with to the
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
Outcomes			а	b	c	d	e	f
(Note 4)	 Assessment 1 Proposal (group work) 	30%	~	~	~	~	~	×
	2. Assessment 2 Promotional Writing (individual)	15%	v	~	~	v	✓ ✓	×
	3. Assessment 3 Arts criticism/Review	15%	~	~	~	~	~	~
	 Assessment 4 Two reading articles (Classwork/individual &group) 	20%	~	•		~		×
	 5. Assessment 5 Oral presentation (group work) 	10%		~		~		✓
	6. In-class participation	10%	~	✓	~	~	~	~
	Total	100 %		1	1	1		1
	The assessment includes quizzes, oral presentation and practical writing on criterion-referenced basis. It develops an ever-growing competence in writing which focuses on active intellectualization as well as evaluates students' writing communication skills, pronunciation, vocabulary, colloquial expression vs. formal expression, writing and speaking achievement.							
Student Study	Class contact:							

Effort Expected	Lecture & Seminars	39 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	Outside class practice	3 x 15 = 45 Hrs.			
	Self-study	3 x 15 = 45 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	129 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	 黃靈方等(1995):《推銷廣告:商務展計》。成都:四川大學出版社。 心猿(1996):《狂成亂馬》。香港:計 陳慧(1998):《拾香紀》。香港:七号 馬國明(1998):《拾香紀》。香港:七号 馬國明(1998):《路邊政治經濟學》。 羅克波特出版公司編(2000):《宣傳書 輕工業出版社。 盧丹懷、何寅、謝天振(2002):《中決 商務印書館。 邢福義、汪國勝(2003):《現代漢語》 出版社。 蔣勳(2004):《給青年藝術家的信》。 陳冠中(2005):《我這一代香港人》。 社。 陳冠中(2007):《事後:本土文化誌》 社。 陳冠中(2008):《下一個十年:香港的 津大學出版社。 張昱主編,王敏撰稿(2008):《實用語 程》,武漢:華中科技大學出版社。 陳雲(2008):《中文解毒》。香港:月 梁文道(2009):《創意意見》。成都:廣西 第念曾(2009):《創意意見》。成都: 四、林偉業(2009):《中文閱讀與表達》。 18. 陳曉蕾(2011):《剩食》。香港:三戰 19. 于城鯤、陳瑞端、秦扶一、金振邦主編(用文寫作規範叢書:公務與事務文書寫作 學出版社。 	骨文書屋。 等項出版社。 香港:曙光圖書公司。 手冊設計》。北京:中國 巷應用文大全》。香港: 。武昌:華中師範大學 。台北:聯經出版。 。香港:牛津大學出版 。香港:牛津大學出版 的光榮年代》。香港:牛 香意表達能力訓練教 天窗出版社。 雪師範大學出版社。 雪師範大學出版社。 古訓練:認讀、理解、策 台北:五南出版社。 台北:五南出版社。 (2011):《中國現代應			

Note 1: Intended Learning Outcomes

Intended learning outcomes should state what students should be able to do or attain upon completion of the subject. Subject outcomes are expected to contribute to the attainment of the overall programme outcomes.

<u>Note 2: Subject Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus</u> The syllabus should adequately address the intended learning outcomes. At the same time over-crowding of the syllabus should be avoided.

Note 3: Teaching/Learning Methodology

This section should include a brief description of the teaching and learning methods to be employed to facilitate learning, and a justification of how the methods are aligned with the intended learning outcomes of the subject.

<u>Note 4: Assessment Method</u> This section should include the assessment method(s) to be used and its relative weighting, and indicate which of the subject intended learning outcomes that each method purports to assess. It should also provide a brief explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes.