The Hong Kong Polytechnic University Subject Description Form

Please read the notes at the end of the table carefully before completing the form.

Subject Code	CLC1AN02P
Subject Title	My Family Story (Nonfiction Writing) 我的家族故事(非虛構寫作)
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject is designed to introduce students to the meaning of family history, and guide them in collecting, writing and sharing their family stories. It attempts to relate personal experiences and familial histories, as well as record diachronic and synchronic cultural practices.
	Family is the one thing we all have in common. Family history is trying to respond to some key questions about our own self and human nature, such as where we came from, who we are, and why we are here. The subject encourages students to not only research their family trees, but also do an in-depth study on the traditions, customs and beliefs of their family members.
	Students are required to gather the information and face their parents/grandparents through an interview. They should learn how to set up questions, start conversations, respond to aggressive behaviour/silent treatments, deal with emotions and most importantly, form connections with the family's past. There are often discoveries and surprises.
	In addition, students are expected to experience a writing journey, including thinking, drafting, revising and editing. They should use both family information and oral materials as a basis, and literary writing techniques as a tool, to transform their findings and insights into engaging and resonant writing – narrative nonfiction. Real-life stories will be factually and creatively written. Family stories will be truly and expressively composed.
	It is hoped that students will build a sense of identity, cultivate historical empathy and develop a respect for diverse experiences during the process of retelling their own, and reading others' family stories. It is an opportunity for different generations to reflect on themselves, get closer to each other and build consensus. It also provides a platform to present daily lives and social changes. Family stories are both a

	snapshot of personal growth and a microcosm of society and times, and deserve to be remembered, recorded and shared.
Intended Learning Outcomes (Note 1)	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) Develop an understanding of concepts of "family history", principles of "family writing", and their interdisciplinary significance in human development and cultural inspection; (b) Communicate about and reflect on family experience and relationship, as well as cultural heritage and social changes; (c) Apply interviewing skills and enhance oral expression for daily and professional purposes; (d) Demonstrate capabilities of information gathering, clarification and extraction; (e) Adapt creative writing techniques and enrich textual expression, as well as fulfil the "Chinese Writing and Reading Requirements".
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus (Note 2)	 Weeks 1-2 What is Family History? What is Family Writing? Definition Development Meaning and Importance Weeks 3-5 To Collect My Family's Story (Before the Interview) To identify a consanguinity relationship To study my parent/grandparent's background To establish interview focus To develop topics and write an outline To anticipate problems with if-then planning (During the Interview) How to show my goodwill? How to show my goodwill? How to observe, listen and make a record? How to deal with different situations? (After the Interview) Transcription Collation Proof, notes and explanation (old photo, family tree, biography etc.) Weeks 6-10 To explore connections between materials To refine writing themes from creative and literary perspectives How big is the topic?

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	• What is the a		s/her me	emory an	d my inte	erpretatio	n)
	3.2 Character Dev						
	• Desires and I						
	• Harmony and	d conflict					
	3.3 Narrative	11,	1	•• 1 66		• •,•	
	• To distinguis				narrator ti	ime	
	• To determine				``		
	• "Tailoring" (getting close	e and pi	illing awa	ay)		
	3.4 Style	9					
	• In what lang						
	• Voice and to	ne consisten	cy				
	Week 11-13						
	4. To Value Our H	Family Histo	<i>11</i> 71 (
	• Ethics of wri		<u>ry</u>				
	 Preservation 		custor	ns and he	liefe		
	 Freservation Sense of iden 		, custol				
	 Family bond 	•					
	 Historical ex 						
	 Cultural insp 						
	- Culturul IIISp						
Teaching/Learning	The subject adopt	s a lecture-ti	utorial a	pproach.	with a 2-	hour lec	ture
Methodology	and a 1-hour tutor			ppro uo n,		110 41 100	
(Note 3)							
	A general survey	of family his	storv wi	11 be prov	vided and	l useful ti	ps of
	A general survey of family history will be provided and useful tips of family writing will be introduced in lectures. The lecturer will share						
	concrete examples and analyse how invaluable voices and memories of						
	people could be preserved in face-to-face interview, and how reflective						
	perspective for un						
	narrative nonfiction	-				1	
	Discussions, presentations and other activities will be held in tutorials.				orials.		
	Students will com						
	share their own w						
	writing plans. Que						
	subject assignmer						•
	feedback and guid				-		
	encouragement fr	om their pee	rs durin	ig the wh	ole learni	ng proce	SS.
Assessment	G : "	0./	T · · ·	1 1 '	.1 .		
Methods in	Specific	%			t learning		
Alignment with	assessment	weighting			ease tick		
Intended Learning	methods/tasks	20	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Outcomes (Note 4)	1. Oral	30	~	✓	✓	✓	
(11010 7)	Presentation						
	(Group)	10	✓				
	2. Oral	10	~	✓	✓	×	
	Presentation						
	(Individual)	10	✓				
	3. Written	10	v	↓ ¥		v	· ·
	Review						
	(Individual)						

	1 Nonfiction	50	./	./		./	./
	4. Nonfiction Writing	50	v	v		v	v
	(Individual)						
	Total	100					
		I					
	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in						
	 assessing the intended learning outcomes: 1. Oral Presentation (Group) (≤25 min./group) (30%): Students are required to analyse designated interview clips and oral history materials. It is to assess students' understanding of family history, 						
						•	
	grasp of interviewing requirements, ability to analyse interviewers' performance, ability to evaluate interview strengths and/or						
	weaknesses, and levels of oral expression;						
	2. Oral Presentation	•	<i>,</i> ,			· ·	
	are required to for writing far			-			
	narrative theo						als,
	ability to then expression;	ne and frame	tamily	stories, a	ind levels	s of oral	
	-	(100/) -					C1 41
	3. Written Review (10%): To assess students' comprehension of both nature and characteristics of family writing, ability to give						
	improvement suggestions on each other's writing, and levels of					of	
written expression;							
4. Nonfiction Writing (Chinese Writing Requirement: 2							
	characters) (50%, 10% to be conducted by CLC language instructors): To assess students' ability to incorporate and apply what they have learned from the subject, and ability to compose					nlv	
	factual, creative and reflective family stories.						
	To familiarize themselves with necessary writing strategies and						
	methods of the nonfiction writing assignment, students are required to read 306 pages of texts, which are listed in the reading list below.						
	In addition, 2 dra						
	to CLC language	instructors v	vho will	support	students'	writing	process
	by providing feed style of their work						riting
	nonfiction writing						
Student Study	Class contact:						
Effort Expected	Lectures					,,	6 Hrs.
	EccluresTutorials						3 Hrs.
		ty effort.					5 1115.
	Other student stud	ay C 11011:				-	6 Hrs.
	Reading						
	Interview			1 D	·		0 Hrs.
	• Group Prese	ntation (Prep	paration	and Rev	iew)		5 Hrs.

	Individual Presentation (Preparation and Review)	5 Hrs.
	• Written Review	5 Hrs.
	Nonfiction Writing	30 Hrs
	Total student study effort	130 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Required Reading List 1. Lee Gutkind. You Can't Make This Stuff Up: The Cato Writing Creative Nonfiction from Memoir to Lis Journalism and Everything in Between. Boston: Da Books, 2012. / 李 · 古特金德著,李雅玲譯:《如故事?》,臺北:臉譜出版社,2022年。(Chin Requirement: pp. 1-336) References 	iterary Capo Lifelong □何說好真實
	 Family History and Family Writing 1. Denis Ledoux. Turning Memories into Memoirs: A. Writing Lifestories. Lisbon Falls: Soleil Press, 2005 2. Mary Jo Maynes, Ann Waltner. The Family: A Work New York: Oxford University Press, 2012. 3. Neale, Lesley. "The Ethics and Intentions of Writing Vitae scholasticae, Vol.34 (2) (2017), pp.110. 4. Sally Cline, Carole Angier. Life Writing: A Writers' Companion (Writers' and Artists' Companions). Lo Bloomsbury, 2013. 5. 魯迅等著, 立緒文化編選: 《我的父親母親: 百 寫》, 新店: 立緒文化編選: 《我的父親母親: 百 寫》, 新店: 立緒文化事業有限公司, 2004年。 Interview 1. Ritchie, Donald A Doing Oral History. Oxford: Or University Press, 2015. / 唐諾·里齊著, 王芝芝講 做口遮歷史》, 臺北: 遠流出版公司, 1997年。 2. 《人物》雜誌: 《回到生活原點》, 北京: 華文出 2018年。 3. 《人物》雜誌: 《回到生活原點》, 北京: 華文出 2018年。 5. 朱潔: 《採訪提問 100 例》, 成都: 四川大學出 年。 6. 柴靜: 《看見》, 桂林:廣西師範大學出版社, 7. 楊祥銀: 《口遮史學》, 臺北: 揚智文化出版, 8. 王春泉: 《新聞採訪技巧: 理論與實踐》, 西安 社, 2001年。 Nonfiction Writing 1. Boynton, Robert S. The New New Journalism: Com America's Best Nonfiction Writers on Their Craft. N Vintage Books, 2005. / 羅伯特·博因頓著, 劉蒙: 新聞主義: 美國頂尖非虛構作家寫作技巧訪談銷 	Ad History. g Family." and Artists' ndon: 年文選家族書 xford 译:《大家來 出版社, 2018 北京:華文 版社,2018 北京:華文 版社,2013 2001年。 2004年。 : 西安出版 versations with New York: 之譯:《新新

	2. Ellis, Sherry. Now Write! Nonfiction: Memoir, Journalism, and
	Creative Nonfiction Exercises from Today's Best Writers and
	Teachers. New York: Jeremy P. Tarcher/Penguin, 2009. / 雪麗.
	艾利斯著,刁克利譯:《開始寫吧!非虛構文學創作》,北
	京:中國人民大學出版社,2012年。
	3. Hart, Jack. Storycraft: The Complete Guide to Writing Narrative
	Nonfiction. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2021. / 傑克·
	哈特著,謝汝萱譯:《說故事的技藝》,新北:新樂園出版,
	遠足文化事業股份有限公司,2020年。
2	4. Kramer, Mark William, Call, Wendy Louise. <i>Telling True Stories:</i>
	A Nonfiction Writers' Guide from the Nieman Foundation at
	Harvard University. New York: Plume, 2007. / 馬克・克雷默、
	溫蒂·考爾著,王宇光等譯:《哈佛非虛構寫作課:怎樣講
	好一個故事》,北京:中國文史出版社,2015年。
	5. William E. Blundell. The Art and Craft of Feature Writing: Based
	on The Wall Street Journal Guide. New York: Plume, 1988. / 威
	廉·布隆代爾著,洪慧芳譯:《報導的技藝》,臺北:臉譜
	出版社,2023年。
	5. Zinsser, William Knowlton. On Writing Well: The Classic Guide
	to Writing Nonfiction. New York: Collins, 2006. / 威廉・金瑟
	著,劉泗翰譯:《非虛構寫作指南》,臺北:臉譜出版,
	2018年。
-	7. 李梓新:《非虛構寫作指南》,北京:中信出版社,2019
	年。
	 <l< th=""></l<>
	國人民大學出版社,2014年。
	9. 周逵:《非虚構:時代記錄者與敘事精神》,北京:清華大
	學出版社,2017年。
]	10. 葛紅兵、許道軍:《大學創意寫作:文學寫作篇》(第五章
	第一節 非虛構文學),北京:中國人民大學出版社,2017
	年。
]	11. 羅鋼:《敍事學導論》,昆明:雲南人民出版社,1999年。
4	Application and Demonstration
]	1. 中央研究院近代史研究所期刊《口述歷史》
	https://mhorh.mh.sinica.edu.tw/showMaz.php
	2. 好丘《回家說故事》口述歷史影像計劃
	https://www.goodchos.com.tw/article/175
	3. 香港大學《香港口述歷史檔案計劃》
	https://sunzi.lib.hku.hk/hkoh/
4	4. 香港公共圖書館「香港留聲」口述歷史檔案庫
	https://www.hkmemory.hk/collections/oral history/index cht.html
	5. 康文署社區口述歷史戲劇計劃
	https://www.facebook.com/abooralhistory/
	5. 賽馬會「生命說」回憶書寫及藝術創作計劃
	https://speaklife.zihua.org.hk

<u>Note 1: Intended Learning Outcomes</u> Intended learning outcomes should state what students should be able to do or attain upon subject completion. Subject outcomes are expected to contribute to the attainment of the overall programme outcomes.

Note 2: Subject Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus

The syllabus should adequately address the intended learning outcomes. At the same time, overcrowding of the syllabus should be avoided.

Note 3: Teaching/Learning Methodology

This section should include a brief description of the teaching and learning methods to be employed to facilitate learning, and a justification of how the methods are aligned with the intended learning outcomes of the subject.

Note 4: Assessment Method

This section should include the assessment method(s) to be used and its relative weighting, and indicate which of the subject intended learning outcomes that each method is intended to assess. It should also provide a brief explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes. (Form AR 140) 8.2020