Subject Description Form

Subject Code	CSE38300								
Subject Title	Introduction to Analytical and Quantitative Methods for Civil								
	Engineering								
Credit Value	3								
Level	3								
Pre-requisite	CSE20302 Engineering Analysis and Computation								
Objectives	To provide the basic tools of mathematics and fundamental concepts to								
	enable the students to formulate civil engineering problems in analytical								
	and statistical terms, and to apply these tools for their feasible solution.								
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:								
Outcomes	a. summarize and present information effectively from data;								
	b. design sampling plans for experiments and surveys;								
	c. select and construct proper statistical models for engineering problems;								
	d. apply the fundamentals of mathematics and science to formulate problems and obtain solutions in civil engineering;								
	e. critically analyze and interpret the models formulated and								
	solutions obtained to support the synthesis of logical and cost-								
	effective solutions;								
	f. integrate knowledge across different subject domains, including								
	structures, geotechnics, hydraulics, environmental and								
	g. communicate solutions logically and lucidly throug calculation, sketch, drawing and in writing.								
	calculation, sketch, drawing and in writing.								
Subject Synopsis/	1. Techniques for analysis of experimental data, field data and								
Indicative Syllabus	meteorological data such as concrete compressive strengths,								
ľ	traffic volumes, wind velocities, wave heights, earthquake								
	magnitudes and frequencies: first moment and second moment,								
	locations and spread, outliers, scatter plots, box plots, frequency								
	distribution and sample size required. (2 weeks)								
	Distributions of experimental results, measured data and								
	meteorological data: normal distribution (concrete cube and								
	traffic flow data), lognormal distribution (flood and travel time								
	data), Weibull distribution (wind data). Sampling distribution								
	and estimators. Goodness-of-fit test. (2 weeks)								
	Correlation between collected data such as traffic speed, runoff and precipitation for river basin, void ratio and compression								
	index of soils: regression models, coefficient of determination,								
	prediction intervals, residual. (2 weeks)								
	2. Partial differential formulation of civil engineering problems:								
	Laplace equation, steady-state seepage, potential flow, solution								
	by method of separation of variables. Diffusion equation, heat								
	conduction, consolidation equation, convection term in								
	diffusion problems, Fourier series and transform, Laplace								
	transform. Wave equation, vibration of a string, principle of								

	minimum potential energy for the equilibrium of structures, vibration of beams, orthogonality of mode shapes. (7 weeks)										
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Emphasis is placed on a pro-active learning approach. Fundamental knowledge will be introduced in the lectures, with interspersed questions, exercises and quizzes for class discussion and after class self study. Students will be expected to read up, do exercises and reflect critically on the material covered in class. A companion web site-cum-discussion forum will be available to facilitate questioning and discussion. Optional tutorial sessions (1 hour per alternative week) can be arranged to cater for diverse learning needs on request.										
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	to b	e ass	nded subject learning outcomes e assessed (Please tick as ropriate) b c d e f g						
	1. Assignments	20							$\sqrt{}$		
	2. Mini-project	10						\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$		
	3. Examination	70							$\sqrt{}$		
	Total	100 %									
Student Study Effort	Students must attain at least grade D in both coursework and final examination (whenever applicable) in order to attain a passing grade in the overall result. Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Assignments - Problem solving teaches students how to carry out statistical tests and interpret the results. Real life data set given in assignments help students learn how to explore, summarize and present data. It also enables students to formulate engineering problems in mathematical models and to obtain solutions to problems formulated. Mini-project takes the homework to deeper dimensions. It teaches students how to formulate problems, search for appropriate data, think independently and hence develop lifelong learning skills. The project report will help the student to develop his written English. The final examination tests how much the students has learnt in this module.										
Expected	Class contact: Lectures / Tutorials				Average hours per week 3 Hrs.						
								зп	18.		
	Other student study effort:										
	 Assignments 	 Assignments 						1	1.69 Hrs.		
	 Mini projects 	Mini projects						0	.31 Hrs.		
	 Self Study 	■ Self Study 4							4 H	rs.	
	Total student study 6	effort	9 Hrs.								

Reading List and References

Essential References

Navidi, W. S., Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, 4^{th} ed., McGraw-Hill, 2015.

William E. Boyce, Richard C. Diprima., Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 11th Ed., John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2017.

Zill D.G. and Cullen M.R., Differential Equations with Boundary-Value Problems. 9th ed., Cengage Learning, 2018.

Supplementary References

Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2011

Keller G., Thomson, Statistics for Management and Economics, 11th edition, Cengage Learning, 2018.

D.S.Wilks, Statistical Methods in Atmospheric Sciences, 3rd, ed., Academic Press, 2011.

C.H. Edwards and D.E. Penney, Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems: Computing and Modeling, 5th ed., Prentice-Hall, 2015.

G.F. Simmons and S.G. Krantz, Differential Equations: Theory, Technique and Practice, 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill, 2015.