记宋晁冲之集

乐 鸿 林

East Asian Studies, Princeton University

宋晁冲之（1572～1632）字用晦，号虚谷，明松江府华亭人。政和进士，曾授馆职，官至太常博士，历任侍御史，参知政事。崇禎初拜礼部尚书，后改工部尚书，隆庆时以右善侍郎兼文渊阁大学士。其诗文皆为当时所称，著作有《虚谷集》《虚谷文集》等。其文学成就在当时颇受重视，著有《虚谷集》《虚谷文集》等。

宋之诗文以宋为宗，其诗文皆为当时所称，著作有《虚谷集》《虚谷文集》等。其文学成就在当时颇受重视，著有《虚谷集》《虚谷文集》等。
A Note on Sung Mao-ch'eng's Chin-yao Chi

HUNG-LAM CHU

Sung Mao-ch'eng (1573-1623), a native of Hua-ling, modern Kiang-nan, was a well versed and widely connected literatus in the late Ming, known particularly for his wealth, his generosity, and his chivalric spirit. His literary works, Chin-yao chi, comprising two anthologies of prose and two of poetry in 33 chüan, were published around 1616 but became extremely rare thereafter. Because of numerous anti-Manchu expressions it contains, the book was banned during the early eighteenth century. It was not until 1984 that a modern, punctuated version, based upon a manuscript the scholar Wan Li-ch'ing once possessed, was edited by Wang and published in Peking. Undoubtedly rendering a great service to the scholarly circles, Wang's version is nevertheless incomplete, especially so in the part of poetry. The present note compares the new edition with the original edition now held by the Nakkaku Bunko in Japan, discusses bibliographic questions pertinent to both editions, and lists the titles of pieces that are included in the original but missing in the new edition. In addition, it calls attention to those essays and poems which might be useful for the study of political, social, and intellectual history of the late sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries.