The Hong Kong Polytechnic University Subject Description Form

Subject Code	CBS1BN03	
Subject Title	East Asia: Towards a Global Community with Cultural Diversity	
Credit Value	3	
Level	1	
Pre-requisite / Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Exclusion: CBS234 and CBS1B03	
Objectives	 East Asian countries, in particular Japan, Korea, and China, have influenced each other in various aspects throughout history and have formed a cultural community. This subject aims to introduce major social and cultural phenomena of Japan, Korea, and China, and to help students understand better each country's society and culture and integrate them into one community as East Asia. After completing this subject, students will have social and cultural awareness of Japan, Korea, and China and also have perspectives to understand them as an East Asian community and further to connect the East Asia to the World. This subject takes a thematic approach by discussing one specific topic for each week and is taught by a team of instructors. 	
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) Articulate and describe basic knowledge about Japanese, Korean, and Chinese societies and cultures through reading and writing; (b) Examine and criticize the validity of information and arguments about social and cultural characteristics of Japan, Korea, and China, and reach a sound judgment through logical reasoning; (c) Identify and analyze the similarities and differences of Japan, Korea, and China, and integrate them into one East Asia community; (d) Acquire lifelong abilities to learn to appreciate social and cultural diversities as a global citizen; and (e) Communicate and collaborate effectively with other people. 	
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Part 1: Society and Life • Society/Globalization: "Korean Wave" (Korea) • Cuisine/Culture: Korean Cuisine and Culture (Korea) • Language/Society: Korean Language and Writing System (Korea) • Language/Society: Japanese Language and Communication (Japan) • Language/Society: Japanese religions and their rituals (Japan) • Society/Culture: J-Pop and Japanese Culture (Japan) • Society: Chinese Traditional Thingkings and Complex Behaviors today (China) Part 2: Community and History • Heritage: World Heritage in Korea (Korea) • Community: Japanese religions and their rituals (Japan)	

Community/History: The Dissemination of Christianity in Japan, China and Korea, and its <i>status quo</i> in China (Cross-Culture) Teaching/Learning Methodology The in-class teaching and learning activities consist of two parts. Lectures introduce the major social and cultural issues about Japan, Korea and China, while seminars for whole-class and small group discussions let students express their viewpoints about each topic. To facilitate students' understanding on some topics, a team of instructors who are experts in the given topics delivers the lecture and leads the discussions. The mode of teaching and learning is highly interactive by eliciting students' active participation and collaboration through pair or group work and discussions. In particular, this subject requires students as a group to produce a final project and present it in class during the final weeks of the semester. Intended learning outcomes achieved by the stated teaching and learning methods are illustrated below: Specific in-class teaching/learning methodology Intended subject learning outcomes to be achieved Lectures V V V V V V A V V V V A V V V A V V V A Assessment Methods		Community/Arts: Chinese	Traditio	nal	Arts	and Co	ntempo	orary Pr	actices	(China)
MethodologyInteractass teaching and learning activities consist of two parts. Lectures introduce the major social and cultural issues about Japan, Korea and China, while seminars for whole-class and small group discussions let students express their viewpoints about each topic.To facilitate students' understanding on some topics, a team of instructors who are experts in the given topics delivers the lecture and leads the discussions. The mode of teaching and learning is highly interactive by eliciting students' active participation and collaboration through pair or group work and discussions. In particular, this subject requires students as a group to produce a final project and present it in class during the final weeks of the semester.Intended learning outcomes achieved by the stated teaching and learning methods are illustrated below:Intended subject learning outcomes to be achievedSpecific in-class teaching/learning methodologyIntended subject learning outcomes to be achievedAssessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning OutcomesIntended subject learning utcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)		• Community/History: The Dissemination of Christianity in Japan, China and								
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3. Group Project and Presentation40% $$ $$ $$ $$			40%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
4. Individual Short40% $$ $$ $$ Essays40% $$ $$			40%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Total 100 %		Total	100 %				I			<u> </u>
In-class discussions, a group project and presentation, and individual written essays let students think beyond information and knowledge by analyzing, comparing and integrating the societies and cultures of three countries.		essays let students think bey	ond info	rma	ation a	and kno	owledge	e by ana	alyzing	
Student Study Class contact:										

Effort Expected	 Lectures 	26 Hrs.		
	Seminars	13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	 Reading and research on the topics 	42 Hrs.		
	 Research and writing an essay 	20 Hrs.		
	 Research and preparation for the group project 	20 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	121 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Required Reading:			
	1. Japan			
	Frank and Anne Allison, ed. 2015. <i>Japan: The Precarious</i> University Press.	Future. New York		
	Hay, Colin, and David Marsh, eds. 2016. Demystifying globalization. Springer.			
	Heenan, Patrick, ed. 2014. The Japan Handbook. Routledge. Baldwin,			
	Kim, Nam-Kook. 2016. <i>Multicultural challenges and redefining identity in East Asia</i> . Routledge.			
	2. Korea			
	Choi, Joon-sik. 2007. Understanding Koreans and Their C Media.	Culture. Seoul: Her One		
	Chua, Beng Huat & Koichi, Iwabuchi (Eds.) 2008. East As Analysing the Korean Wave. Hong Kong: Hong Kong Univ	-		
	Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism. (2009). Facts abo Korean Culture and Information Service.	out Korea. Seoul:		
	Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism. (2009). <i>Guide to</i> Seoul: Korean Culture and Information Service.	Korean Culture.		
	3. China			
	Barme, Geremie. In the Red: On Contemporary Chinese C Columbia University Press, 1999.	Culture. New York:		
	Halcombe, Charles. A History of East Asia: from the origi Twenty-first century. New York: Cambridge University Pr			
	Kieschnick, John. The Import of Buddhism on Chinese Ma Princeton: Princeton University Press, c2003.	aterial Culture.		

Louie, K. H. <i>The Cambridge companion to modern Chinese culture</i> . Cambridge University Press, 2008.
Recommended Materials:
1. Japan
Beeson, Mark. 2014. <i>Regionalism and globalization in East Asia: politics, security and economic development</i> . Palgrave macmillan.
Buruma, Ian. 2015. <i>A Japanese mirror: Heroes and villains of Japanese culture</i> . Atlantic Books Ltd.
Jin, Dal Yong. 2015. De-convergence of global media industries. Routledge.
Grenville, Bruce (ed.). 2008. The delirious world of anime + comics + video games + art. Berkeley, Los Angeles & London: University of California Press.
Kaigo, Muneo, ed. 2017. Social Media and Civil Society in Japan. Palgrave Macmillan.
MacWilliams, Mark W. 2014. Japanese visual culture: explorations in the world of manga and anime. Routledge.
Ronald, Richard, and Allison Alexy, eds. 2017. <i>Home and family in Japan: Continuity and transformation</i> . Routledge.
Useful links: Kodansha encyclopedia of Japan
2. Korea
Arirang TV. 2007. UNESCO World Heritage in Korea. Seoul: Arirang TV. (Documentary Film)
Choi, Jinhee. 2010. The South Korean Film Renaissance: Local Hitmakers, Global Provocateurs. Middletown, CT: Wesleyan University Press.
Choi, Joon-sik. 2006. Folk-Religion: The Customs in Korea. Seoul: Ewha Woman University.
Choi, Joon-sik. 2009. Seoul: a Window into Korean Culture. Seoul: Her One Media.
Civitello, Linda. 2011. Cuisine and Culture: A History of Food and People. (3 rd ed.) Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.
Korea Foundation. 2008. Korea's Traditional Tastes: Traditions beyond 500 years "Su Wun Jab Bang". Seoul: Korea Foundation. (Documentary Film)
Korea Foundation. 2008. The Beat, Beat, Beat of Korea. Seoul: Korea Foundation. (Documentary Film)

Lee, Kyung Ja, Hong, Na Young, & Chang, Sook Hwan. (2005). Traditional Korean Costume. Folkstone: Global Oriental.
3. China
Fairbank, John King. China: A New History. Cambridge, Massachusetts: Harvard University Press, 1992.
Johnson, David (ed.). Popular Culture in Late Imperial China. Berkeley: University of California Press, 1985.
Kieschnick, John. The eminent monk: Buddhist ideals in medieval Chinese hagiography. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press, c1997.
Little, Stephen and Eichman, Shawn. Taoism and the Arts of China. Berkeley: University of California Press, 2000.
Mote, Frederick W. Intellectual foundations of China, New York : Knopf, 1971.
Sullivan, Michael. The three perfections: Chinese painting, poetry, and calligraphy. New York: George Braziller, 1999.
Thorp, Robert et al. Chinese art & culture. New York: Abrams, 2001.
Wright, Arthur. Studies in Chinese Buddhism. New Haven/London: Yale University Press, 1990.
Brokaw, Cynthia. The history of the book in East Asia. Routledge 2016.
Goggin, Gerard, and Mark McLelland, eds. <i>The Routledge companion to global Internet histories</i> . Taylor & Francis. 2017.
Tønnesson, Stein. Explaining the East Asian Peace: A Research Story. NIAS Press, 2017.
Zhou, Minglang, and Hongkai Sun, eds. <i>Language policy in the People's Republic of China: Theory and practice since 1949</i> . Vol. 4. Springer Science & Business Media, 2006.

Prepared by Dr. Sun-A Kim