Subject Description Form

Subject Code	BSE2122
Subject Title	Electrical Technology
Credit Value	3
Level	2
Pre-requisite Co-requisite Exclusion	Nil Nil Nil
Objectives	a. To provide students with sufficient understanding of the fundamentals of electrical engineering to understand and analyse the performance of electrical components and equipment found in building electrical systems.
	b. To enable students to adequately model electrical systems, e.g. using equivalent circuits, and to use such models in problem solving, with due regard to the limitations of given solutions.
Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able:
Learning Outcomes	a. to model electrical components, such as cables and capacitors with basic electrical parameters such as R, L and C;
	b. to model electrical systems using equivalent circuits and to use such skills in practical problem solving;
	c. to analyse basic d.c. and a.c. systems using analytical tools such as Thevenin's Theorem, etc; and
	d. to evaluate the performance of electrical components and systems found in buildings on the basis of undertaking experiments.
Subject Syllabus	<u>Induction</u> - overview of electricity supply, distribution and utilisation in high-rise and large buildings.
	<u>Simple dc systems</u> - circuit model and analysis for battery systems, internal resistance, maximum power, voltage drop, inductance, transient performance, short-circuit analysis by Thevenin equivalent circuit. Ring and radial circuits, interconnecting network and their effects on voltage drop and network efficiency.
	<u>Electromagnetism</u> - magnetic fields, electrical and magnetic circuit parameters. Physical meaning of self, mutual and leakage inductance. Equivalent circuit parameters for dc and single-phase conductors, coupled coils in air, iron cored coils, current transformers. Frequency effects, hysteresis, eddy currents.
	<u>Single phase ac circuits</u> - simple ac generator, waveform and phasor representations of voltage, current and power. Circuit modelling and analysis, transients, non-linearity and harmonics. Supply-load interaction. Principles of power factor correction.
	<u>Three phase systems</u> - concepts of three-phase generation, transmission, distribution and utilisation. Balanced and unbalanced operation. Single-phase equivalent circuits. Power measurements. Power factor correction, harmonics. Circuit analysis, Kirchhoff's laws, and star-delta transformation.
	<u>Single phase transformers</u> - Construction and principles. Auto-transformer, current transformers, and equivalent circuit models.
	<u>Electrical conductors</u> - power lines, cables, busbar systems, etc. Internal and external fields, R, L parameters, voltage drop, thermal characteristics, current rating, etc. Cabling rating data in IEE Regulations, etc.
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	<u>Teaching approach</u> emphasises the development of system models, and the realisation of system parameters from design or test data. The operation of equipment is examined as part of a system, with real and interdependent connections to input and output ports. Models of systems so developed are subject to qualitative and quantitative analysis, with due account for practical constraints and limitations appropriate to building services systems and equipment. Internal design detail of plant is not considered in detail, except insofar as it affects the students understanding of electro-mechanical, thermal and environmental aspects of performance. <u>Lecture</u> - 13 sessions of 2-hour lecture are provided. Lectures are to introduce students the basic concepts
	and relevant theory of each topic, and are taught in whole class.

Tutorial - 11 sessions of 1-hour tutorial with a group size of no more than 40 students are provided. Tutorials mainly focus on problem solving based on examination type questions, practical examples and related laboratory work. Laboratory work - 2 sessions of 3-hour laboratory work associated with the subject are provided with a group size of about 3. Laboratory works aim to help students in well-understanding of the lecture contents through practical operation and testing of relevant electrical system. It includes: Lab 1 - Measurement of Electrical Parameters Lab 2 - Single Phase Equivalent Circuits and Non-linearity Lab 3 - Single Phase Equivalent Circuit of Current Transformer Lab 4 - Polarity Marking and Testing of Single-phase Transformer Assessment Methods in Specific assessment % Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed Alignment with methods/tasks weighting (Please tick as appropriate) Intended Learning a b c d Outcomes Coursework 40 End-of-semester examination 60 Total 100 Coursework is made up from two assignments (25%) and the laboratory works (15%). Assignment 1 - held in first half of the semester to assess outcomes a) &b) and to get feedback for teaching improvements. Assignment 2 - held in second half of the semester to assess outcomes c) & d) and to find out the aspects that need to be strengthened further in teaching. Laboratory work – assess the students' skills of recognizing, operating and testing of particular electrical components of a building electrical system. Examination - held in the end of the semester with questions aligned with the intended subject learning outcomes. Student Study Class contact: 39 Hrs. Effort Expected Lectures 26 Hrs. **Tutorials** 11 Hrs. Talks on Assignments 2 Hrs. Laboratory sessions: 6 Hrs. 75 Hrs. Other student study effort: 120 Hrs. Total student study effort Reading List and 1) Handbook of electric power calculations, New York: McGraw-Hill, c2001, 3rd ed., editor: H. Wayne References Beaty (Reference Coll TK1005 .H29 2001). 2) Comprehensive dictionary of electrical engineering, FL: CRC Press, 2005, 2nd ed., editor-in-chief: Phillip A. Laplante and Boca Raton (Reference Coll TK9 .C575 2005). 3) Standard handbook for electrical engineers, New York: McGraw-Hill, 2007, 15th ed., editor-in-chief: H. Wayne Beaty and Donald G. Fink (Reference Coll TK147.S8 2007). 4) Study guides prepared by the Department of Building Services Engineering: - D.C. current system; - Electromagnetism; - Single-phase A.C. system - Three-phase A.C. system; - Single-phase transformer; - Electrical conductors;

- Electronic devices.