

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	APSS3211																	
Subject Title	Psychology of Language: Milestones and Theories of Language Development																	
Credit Value	3																	
Level	3																	
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	<u>Pre-requisite:</u> APSS111/APSS1A07 Introduction to Psychology																	
Assessment Methods	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">100% Continuous Assessment</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Individual Assessment</th> <th style="width: 25%;">Group Assessment</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Seminar presentation</td> <td style="text-align: center;">--</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Group report</td> <td style="text-align: center;">--</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15 %</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Seminar participation</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10 %</td> <td style="text-align: center;">--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Quiz</td> <td style="text-align: center;">60 %</td> <td style="text-align: center;">--</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			100% Continuous Assessment	Individual Assessment	Group Assessment	1. Seminar presentation	--	15 %	2. Group report	--	15 %	3. Seminar participation	10 %	--	4. Quiz	60 %	--
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Objectives	<p>The usage of language is believed to be one of the indicators to differentiate humans from beast. Evidence from neurology, psychology and linguistics jointly indicates the uniqueness of language processing, compared to other non-linguistic processing. The subject, <i>Psychology of Language</i>, is therefore aimed at providing a general understanding of this magnificent processing. The subject covers an extensive range of discussion on the related issues, including the origins of language, contemporary theories of language perception, neurological perspective towards language processing and computational model of language perception. It is expected that students through this subject will acquire a relatively wider perspective to one of our most common daily activities, language processing.</p>																	
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. critically examine theories and concepts of language development, psycholinguistics, language perception and other related cognitive processes. b. differentiate experimental paradigms and other methodologies on studies of language and cognition through discussions on different experimental studies. c. critically reflect upon their own language development and design activities for enhancing learners' language skills and language learning experience. 																	

Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The nature and origin of language The uniqueness and the characteristics of language Do animals have language? 2. Biological concerns in language processing Introduction to the uniqueness of languages from biological perspective Brain localization of language processing Discussion on clinical cases associated with language functioning 3. Language acquisition How language is learnt: a debate between nativism and empiricism Biological readiness for language acquisition Theories of language acquisition 4. Language perception Perceptual process of the visual word Theories of sentence processing Perceptual process of the speech sound Models and theories related to speech processing 5. Development of syntax and morphology 6. Communicative development 7. Language, culture, and cognition in development Introduction to hypothesis of language relativity Experimental evidence showing relationship among language, cognition and sensation 8. Discussion on language disorders Introduction of some examples of language disorders Special focus: dyslexia and related theories 																																				
Teaching/Learning Methodology	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">Lecture</td> <td style="width: 15%;">27 hours</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Seminar</td> <td>12 hours</td> <td colspan="5"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;">TOTAL</td> <td colspan="5" style="border-top: 1px solid black;">39 hours</td> </tr> </table>							Lecture	27 hours						Seminar	12 hours						TOTAL		39 hours													
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1. Seminar presentation	15	✓	✓	✓																																	
2. Group report	15	✓	✓	✓																																	

	3. Seminar participation	10	✓	✓	✓			
	4. Two quizzes	60	✓	✓	✓			
	Total	100 %						
	<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Having continuous assessment will provide better feedback to the students, allows also individual teachers to have the flexibility to tailor the subject to suit the needs and monitor progress of students based on the result of the assessment.</p> <p>While students' knowledge and understanding of concepts and principles can be assessed through quizzes, students' performance will also be assessed on the extent to which students can proactively and appropriately incorporate and apply knowledge from different professional disciplines in critical thinking and problem solving processes. The group project, seminar presentation and discussion are designed to help students learn and engage their attention to the relevant issues discussed. Feedbacks and related supplementary information will be given to enrich the learning experiences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned; - The final grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned for each assessment component; - Successful completion and submission of all component assignments is required for passing the subject. 							
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	▪ Lecture		27	Hrs.				
	▪ Seminar		12	Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:							
	▪ Independent study		30	Hrs.				
	▪ Assignments		63	Hrs.				
	Total student study effort			132	Hrs.			
Reading List and References	<u>Recommended Textbooks</u>							
	<p>Hoff, E. (2014). <i>Language development</i> (5th Edition). CA.Thomson/Wadsworth.</p> <p>Reiterer, S. (2018). <i>Exploring language aptitude: Views from psychology, the language sciences, and cognitive neuroscience</i> (English language education (Springer (Firm))); v. 16). Cham, Switzerland: Springer.</p>							

Other References

Chomsky, C. (2000). *The architecture of language*. N.Y.: Oxford University Press.

Chik, P. P.-M., Ho, C. S.-H., Yeung, P.-S., Wong, H. Y.-K., Chan, D. W., Chung, K. K.-H., & Lo, L.-Y. (2012). Contribution of discourse and morphosyntax skills to reading comprehension in Chinese dyslexic and typically developing children. *Annals of Dyslexia*, 62, 1-18.

Ho, C. S. H., Wong, H. Y.-K., Yeung, P. S., Lo, S. C., Luan, H., Chik, P. P. M., et al. (2012). The core components of reading instruction in Chinese. *Reading and Writing: An interdisciplinary Journal*, 25, 857-886

Lo, L.-Y., Ho, C.S.-H., Wong, H. Y.-K., Chan, D.W.-O., Chung, K.K.-H. (2015). Understanding the Microstructure and Macrostructure of Passages Among Chinese Elementary School Children. *Journal of Psycholinguistic Research*. doi: 10.1007/s10936-015-9402-2

Recommended Academic Journals

Cognition

Journal of Experimental Psychology

Cognitive Psychology

Journal of Memory and Language

Psychological Review