The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Please read the notes at the end of the table carefully before completing the form.

Subject Code	APSS1B11		
Subject Title	Globalization and the Changing Middle Class		
Credit Value	3		
Level	1		
GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfill	This subject intends to fulfill the following requirement(s) : Healthy Lifestyle Freshman Seminar Languages and Communication Requirement (LCR) Leadership and Intra-Personal Development Service-Learning Cluster-Area Requirement (CAR) Human Nature, Relations and Development Community, Organization and Globalization History, Cultures and World Views Science, Technology and Environment Science, Technology and Environment Yes or No Writing and Reading Requirements English or Chinese		
Pre-requisite / Co- requisite/ Exclusion	Nil		
Assessment Methods	assigned;The completion and	Individual Assessment 50% 20% 15% ated according to the p d submission of all co quired for passing the	mponent

Objectives	Specific objectives of the subject:
	1. To increase students' intellectual, literacy (English reading and writing) capacity through familiarization and critical understanding of the key literature on how the forces of globalization have changed the socio-economic landscapes of contemporary societies; critical perspective for understanding and empathizing;
	2. To allow students to empathize and develop the capacity for life- long learning through the development of a clear and broader picture of how such global forces have impacted on the lives, opportunities, values and aspirations of middle class with a local and global vision;
	 To critically assess whether policies are needed to be developed to ensure protection not only for the needy and vulnerable, but also for middle class people who are losing grounds;
	4. To identify and investigate specific issues relating to social mobility and widening social inequalities in the age of globalization so as to ascertain measures and policies for appropriate actions in community, organizations, social and political institutions to achieving balanced growth and sustainability.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students are able to:(a) Expand their intellectual capacity and English reading and writing skills beyond their disciplinary domain in understanding the forces
(Note 1)	of globalization in creating changes from a holistic, multidisciplinary perspective;
	(b) Become more aware of the major local and international works on the complexities and the impacts of globalization on people, especially middle class, in contemporary societies;
	(c) Recognize the potential consequences of globalization, especially those dealing with life opportunities and ethical issues that impact directly on the social well being of society;
	(d) Acquire a broad foundation knowledge and analytical skills that can be adapted to underpin they major studies and life-long learning;
	(e) Develop a broader horizon in understanding social inequality, social mobility and middle class in global and local contexts.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	This course examines the rapid emergence and development of globalization and how its economic fluctuations have affected the formation of social classes, in particular in changing the middle class since the early 1990s. The topics covered by the subject include the
(Note 2)	following:
	 Development and forces of globalization: global social changes in the 1990s a) Emerging global forces and new order b) Economic globalization c) Cultural globalization d) Political globalization
	2. Emergence of 'new' economies and markets: the rise of China and India

 a) Economic 'miracles' of the 'Four Little Dragons' b) Contributions to the economic reforms in China c) From export process zones to 'global factory': the rise of China d) A different trajectory: India and the "global back office"
 3. Globalization and social mobility in the "new economies": India and China a) Determinants of social mobility in India and China b) Emerging new social stratifications c) Professionals d) Salariat e) Business entrepreneurs f) Labourers
 4. Features of the 'new' middle class in India and China a) Is there a 'middle class' in China and India? b) Making of 'middle class spaces ' – gated community c) Representations of new middle class – lifestyle and consumption d) Individualism and neo-conservatism
 5. Globalization and developed economies: economic fluctuations and the middle class a) New configurations of economy in developed economies in globalized economy b) Changing landscape of work c) The shrinking welfare state d) New vulnerability e) Class warfare?
 6. New rich or "disappearing" middle class? Comparative case studies north America (US and Canada) Culture of the new capitalism Postmodern forms of labour and 'American Dream' under pressure Corrosion of character and new work ethic Emerging new rich and the wealth gaps
 7. New rich or "disappearing" middle class? Comparative case studies 2: Europe (UK and western Europe) a) Middle class as 'hidden poor' b) Rising indebtedness, shoplifting and homelessness c) The end of welfarism? d) Stunted lifestyle and anxiety
 8. New rich or "disappearing" middle class? Comparative case studies 3: East Asia (Taiwan, Japan and Hong Kong) a) Global lifestyles and local conditions b) Consumption, class formation and identities c) Trajectories to the new rich d) Formation of M-Shape society
 9. Globalizing risks and opportunities: a socio-economic score sheet for middle class? a) Globalizing wealth or wealth gaps? b) Middle class and changing economic and social forces c) New risks or new opportunities? d) Policy interventions for balancing the score sheet

Teaching/Learning Methodology (Note 3)	 10. Changing values and aspirations: middle class and their next generation in post-global financial crisis context. a) Global financial crisis and impact on middle class young people b) Seduced and abandoned: the road to whatever c) Middle class remade or reborn?: a global picture d) Conclusion A combination of teaching and learning methods will be employed in this subject. Interactive lectures will be used to deliver the more theoretical contents while seminars will allow students to engage in group projects specifically design to apply their knowledge in analyzing case studies of changing middle class in different nations in the world.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	outc	nded s omes as app	to be a	assess	•	ease
			а	b	с	d	e	
(Note 4)	 Book Report For EW Requirement [30% marked by APSS, 10% marked by ELC] For ER Requirement [10% marked by APSS] 	50%	V	~	4	~	N	
	Term End Quiz	20%	V	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	√	
	Presentation and Participation	30%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	4	4	
	Total	100 %						<u> </u>
	Explanation of the appr assessing the intended le Book Report for ER a To enable students to n be required to view onlit on reading skills and wr instructors to improve the They are also expected List, critically evaluate and explore the releva- local context, and subr	earning outco nd EW Requ neet the "ER" ne a short lec iting strategic heir English to study the p e the key co ance of these	omes: uirem " and ture se es and writin prescr ncept e conc	ent: "EW" eries, a receiv g skill ibed re s or a cepts o	requint trend ve con s. eading rgum or arg	remer tutoria nment ss on t ents i gumer	nt, the als foc s from he Re n the nts in	ading book

	Term End Quiz:	
	Will further contribute to students becoming more familiar with the major local and international works on the complexities and impacts of globalization on people, especially middle class, in contemporary societies; and identify the potential consequences of globalization, especially those relating to life opportunities and ethical issues that may impact directly on the social well being of society.	
	Presentation and Participation:	
	Students are divided into small group and asked to prepare an in-class presentation based on real world case studies. This will contribute to students acquiring a broad foundation knowledge and analytical skills that can be adapted to underpin their major studies and life-long learning; and gaining of broader horizon in understanding social inequality, social mobility and middle class in global and local contexts. Students will be individually assessed for their performances in presentation and participation in discussions during the lectures and presentations.	
Student Study Effort	Class contact:	
Expected	Lecture	33 Hrs.
	 Seminar 	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	Self-directed Studies	50 Hrs.
	 Assignment Preparation 	26 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	115 Hrs.
Reading List and References	 Essential Readings (Please select one of the following Book Report) Andress, H. J. and Lohmann, H. (ed.) (2008). The we Europe: Employment, poverty and globalization Edward Elgar. Brooks, D. (2000). Bobos in Paradise: the new upper how they got there. New York: Simon & Schuster. On De Botton A. (2004). Status Anxiety. London: Hami ® Estache, A. and Leipziger, D. (ed.) (2009). Stuck in the metafiscal policy failing the middle class? Washington, D.C.: Institution Press. 	orking poor in Cheltenham: er class and sh Hamilton. niddle: Is
	 Ehrenreich, B. (2008). Nickel and dimed: On (not) getting New York: Holt Paperbacks. (221 pages) Ford, M. R. (2015). Rise of the Robots : Technor Threat of a Jobless Future. New York : Ba 	blogy and the

Frank, R. H. (2007). Falling behind: How rising inequality harms the middle class. Berkeley: University of California Press.
Goodman, D. S. G. (ed.) (2008). <i>The new rich in China: Future rulers, present lives</i> . London; New York: Routledge.
Harari, Y. (2016). Homo Deus: A Brief History of Tomorrow. London: Harvill Secker. ®
Hartmann, T. (2007). <i>Screwed: The undeclared war against the middle classand what we can do about it.</i> San Francisco: Berrett-Koehler Publishers.
Jaffrelot, C. and Van der Veer, P. (ed.) (2008). <i>Patterns of middle class consumption in India and China</i> . New Delhi: SAGE Publications.
Klein, N. (2000). <i>No Logo: Taking Aim at the Brand Bullies</i> . Knopf Canada: Picador. ®
Krugman, P. (2009). The Conscience of a Liberal. Norton.
Mooney, N. (2008). (Not) <i>Keeping up with our parents: The decline of the professional middle class</i> . Boston: Beacon Press.
Pow, C. P. (2009). <i>Gated communities in China: Class, privilege and the moral politics of the good life.</i> London; New York: Routledge.
Stiglitz, J. E. (2006). <i>Making Globalization Work</i> . New York: W.W. Norton. ®
Supplementary
Chan, A., Madsen, R. and Unger, J. (2009). <i>Chen village: Revolution to globalization</i> . Berkeley: University of California Press. (Chapters 13 and 14)
Cherng-tay, J. and Ku, Y. W. (2009). Social change and social policy in Taiwan: New poverty, M-shaped society and policy implications. <u>International journal of Japanese sociology</u> , 18(1): 45-59.
Chua, B. H. (ed.) (2000). Consumption in Asia: Lifestyles and identities. New York: Routledge.
Currie, E. (2005). The road to whatever: Middle-class culture and the crisis of adolescence. New York: Metropolitan Books, Henry Holt.
Danziger, P. N. (2005). Let them eat cake: Marketing luxury to the masses - as well as the classes. Chicago: Dearborn Trade Publications.
Davis, D. E. (2004). <i>Discipline and development: Middle classes and prosperity in East Asia and Latin America</i> . Cambridge; New York: Cambridge University Press.
Derné, S. (2008). <i>Globalization on the ground: Media and the transformation of culture, class, and gender in India.</i> Los Angeles, CA: Sage Publications.

Dobbs, L. (2006). War on the middle class: How the government, big business, and special interest groups are waging war on the American dream and how to fight back. New York: Viking Penguin.
Ganguly-Scrase, R. and Scrase, T. J. (2009). Globalisation and the middle classes in India: The social and cultural impact of neoliberal reforms. Abingdon, U.K.: Routledge.
Hoffman, P. T., Postel-Vinay, G. and Rosenthal, J. L. (2007). Surviving large losses: Financial crises, the middle class, and the development of capital markets. Cambridge, MA: Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.
Kumar, S., Heath, A. and Heath, O. (2002). Determinants of social mobility in India", <i>Economic and political weekly</i> , July, 20.
Lan, P. C. (2006). Global cinderellas: Migrant domestics and newly rich employers in Taiwan. Durham, NC: Duke University Press.
Lui, T. L. (1993). Hong Kong's new middle class: Its formation and politics. In Hsiao, M. H. H. (ed.). <i>Discovery of the middle classes in</i> <i>East Asia</i> , pp.247-272. Taipei: Institute of Ethnology, Academia Sinica.
Mathews, G. and Lui, T. L. (ed.) (2001). <i>Consuming Hong Kong</i> . Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press.
Meredith, R. (2007). <i>The elephant and the dragon: The rise of India and China and what it means for all of us.</i> Chicago: W.W. Norton.
Ornstein, A. (2007). Class counts: Education, inequality, and the shrinking middle class. Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers.
Prince, R. A. and Schiff, L. (2008). <i>The middle-class millionaire: The rise of the new rich and how they are changing America</i> . New York: Currency/Doubleday.
Sennett, R. (1998). <i>The corrosion of character</i> . New York: W.W. Norton.
Sheehan, S. (2009). Ain't no middle class. In Eitzen, D. S. and Smith, K. E. (ed.) <i>Experiencing poverty: Voices from the bottom</i> , pp. 68-83. Boston: Pearson/Allyn & Bacon.
Shipler, D. K. (2004). <i>The working poor: Invisible in America</i> . New York : Alfred A. Knopf.
So, A. Y. (2004). The middle class in Asia Pacific: Second phase research and trajectory. <i>Asian perspective</i> , 28(2): 263-275.
 Xu, J. H. (2009). Building a Chinese "middle class": Consumer education and identity construction in television land. In Ying Zhu & Chris Berry (ed.). <i>TV China</i>, pp. 150-167. Bloomington: Indiana University Press.

三浦展著;蕭雲菁譯(2007)。《階級是會遺傳的:不要讓你的孩子跌入 「下流階級」》。台北市:三采文化出版事業有限公司。
門倉貴史著;龔婉如譯 (2008) 。 <i>《窮忙族:新貧階級時代的來臨》</i> 。台 北市:聯經出版事業股份有限公司 。
呂大乐 (2000)。"亚洲金融风暴下的香港中产阶级"在 劉兆佳 [et al.] 編。 <i>《市場、階級與政治: 變遷中的華人社會》</i> 。页 432-458。 香港: 香 港中文大學香港亞太研究所。

Note 1: Intended Learning Outcomes

Intended learning outcomes should state what students should be able to do or attain upon completion of the subject. Subject outcomes are expected to contribute to the attainment of the overall programme outcomes.

Note 2: Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

The syllabus should adequately address the intended learning outcomes. At the same time over-crowding of the syllabus should be avoided.

Note 3: Teaching/Learning Methodology

This section should include a brief description of the teaching and learning methods to be employed to facilitate learning, and a justification of how the methods are aligned with the intended learning outcomes of the subject.

Note 4: Assessment Method

This section should include the assessment method(s) to be used and its relative weighting, and indicate which of the subject intended learning outcomes that each method purports to assess. It should also provide a brief explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes.