AMA1D01C (CAR D, CR/CW + CSR) The History of Ancient Chinese and World Mathematics



DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS 應用數學系



Subject Code	AMA1D01
Subject Title	The History of Ancient Chinese and World Mathematics
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Planned Student Intake per Year	Optimal class size: 50 Planned number of sessions to be offered: Semester 1: 3 Semester 2: 3 Summer Term:
GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfil	Please indicate which of the following GUR requirements the proposed subject intends to fulfil [Please check ALL boxes that may apply.] □ Languages and Communication Requirement (LCR) □ Requirement in Healthy Lifestyle □ Broad Discipline Requirement (BDR) □ Please specify Broad Discipline Area: □ Cluster Area Requirement (CAR) □ Please check the box(es) below to indicate the cluster area(s) the subject contributes in a major way: □ Human Nature, Relations and Development □ Community, Organization and Globalization □ History, Cultures and World Views □ Science, Technology and Environment ○ China-Study Requirement (CSR) More than 60% CSR-related content? Yes □ or No □ (Please check as appropriate) □ Eligible for "English Writing" (EW) designation - include an extensive piece of writing (3,000 characters) Yes □ or No □ (Please check as appropriate) □ Eligible for "Chinese Writing" (CW) designation - include a reading of an extensive text (100,000 words or 200 pages)? Yes □ or No □ (Please check as appropriate) □ Eligible for "Chinese Reading" (CR) designation - include a reading of an extensive text (100,000 words or 200 pages)? Yes □ or No □ (Please check as appropriate)
Medium of	text (100,000 characters or 200 pages) Yes 🛛 or No 🗌 (Please check as appropriate) Please check the appropriate box:
Instruction	 English Cantonese* Putonghua* Others* (Please specify:) Justification(s): For the part on Ancient Chinese History of mathematics, teaching materials would include those written in Chinese, and thus, the medium of instruction would include Cantonese. However, for the part of western-world History of Mathematics, English would be the major medium of instruction. * In line with the University policy, English will be the medium of instruction except for the Chinese culture- or Chinese literature-related subjects, which will normally be taught in Putonghua as recommended by the Working Group. For other subjects to be offered in Cantonese, Putonghua or other languages, justifications should be provided for special consideration

Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Required	AMA Lecture	22 Hrs.		
	 AMA Tutorial 	11 Hrs.		
	CBS Lecture/Tutorial	6 Hrs.		
	Total class contact	39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	 Self Study 	16 Hrs.		
	 Assignments 	8 Hrs.		
	 Project (including drafting for CW requirement) 	34 Hrs.		
	 Preparation for quizzes (for CR requirement) 	20 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	117 Hrs.		
Pre-requisite and/or Exclusion(s)	Nil			
(<i>Note</i> 2)				
Objectives				
(INOTE 5)	 world, and to expand students' intellectual capace domain so as to enable them to tackle professional multidisciplinary perspective, and in a holistic mann (b) To let students gain an enhanced understanding of C mathematics (CSR). (c) To nurture student's overall cultural appreciation worlds' mathematics. (d) To enhance student's Chinese Writing (CW) skills Assignments, and through instructional activities co (e) To cultivate student's Chinese Reading (CR) skills their understandings of the selected articles on Anci 	 world, and to expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain so as to enable them to tackle professional and global challenges from a multidisciplinary perspective, and in a holistic manner. To let students gain an enhanced understanding of China through ancient Chinese mathematics (CSR). To nurture student's overall cultural appreciation via the learning of ancient worlds' mathematics. To enhance student's Chinese Writing (CW) skills through Project writings and Assignments, and through instructional activities conducted by CBS staff. To cultivate student's Chinese Reading (CR) skills so that they can demonstrate their understandings of the selected articles on Ancient Chinese Mathematics. 		
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:			
(Note 4)	 (a) relate popular mathematical theories and results to comprehend popular Chinese literature of ancient (Relating mathematical theories to their historical <u>order thinking</u>, whereas, to comprehend liter mathematics would involve <u>literacy</u>). (b) identify the achievements made by ancient Chinese mathematics, and able to write about it (CR+C) Chinese mathematics would involve <u>literacy</u>, wher achievement of mathematics of ancient Chinese enhance students' interests, attitude, skills and inter disciplinary domain to prepare for <u>life-long learning</u> (c) apply simple ancient mathematical techniques to see problems. (To be able to apply any mathematical te <u>thinking</u>). (d) determine time line of events for the development 	o their historical roots, and to t Chinese mathematics (CR). I roots would involve <u>higher</u> rature on ancient Chinese as well as by other cultures in W). (To write about ancient eas, to be able to identify the and of other cultures would llectual capacity beyond their g). olve for ancient mathematical chniques involve <u>higher order</u> nt of mathematics in ancient		

	 China and other ancient cultures. (To be able to determine time line of events would enhance students' interests, attitude, skills and intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain to prepare for <u>life-long learning</u>). (e) identify some famous mathematicians and give a brief account their major contributions in history of mathematics (CW). (To be able to give a brief historical accounts of ancient mathematicians would involve literacy, whereas, to be able to identify famous mathematicians would enhance students' interests, attitude, skills and intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain to prepare for <u>life-long learning</u>).
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	中國古代數學
(Note 5)	介紹中國古代數學發展的四個時期:(1)先秦時期,(2)秦統一以後到唐代 中期,(3)唐代中期到明末,(4)明末到清末。說明我國古代數學的實用性 及社會性。比對我國古代與世界各地的數學發展歷程。
	介紹勾股定理及我國古代的証明方法:出入相補法。介紹一些中國古代數學技 巧,例如開方術、賈憲三角、中國剩餘定理(即馳名中外的《孫子算經》 中「物不知數」同餘問題)等。
	介紹中國古代傑出的數學思想家,例如: 惠施、 甄鸞、劉徽、趙爽、 祖沖 之、秦九韶、楊輝、李冶、 朱世傑、 徐光啟、利瑪竇、梅文鼎、李善蘭和華蘅 芳等。
	介紹中國古代與數學有關的文獻,例如:《算數書》,《周髀算經》、《九章算術》,《孫子算經》、《五曹算經》、《海島算經》、《九章注》、《周髀算經注》、《夏侯陽算經》、《張丘建算經》、《數書九章》等。
	Development of Mathematics outside China
	Ancient Time Brief introduction to mathematics in Ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia, Ancient Greek to time of Euclid, Archimedes, Ptolemy, Diophantus, and Hypatia. Brief introduction to Mathematics in Ancient and Medieval India and Mathematics in the Islamic World.
	<u>Modern Time</u> Mathematics in Medieval Europe and Renaissance; The introduction of algebra to Europe; Pre-calculus and calculus in the 17 th Century; Development of analysis, probability and statistics, algebra and number theory, geometry in the 18 th Century.
Teaching/Learning Methodology (Note 6)	Teaching of the subject is mainly through a traditional Lecture/Tutorial manner. Projects will be used to assess Writing requirement (CW) and quizzes will be used to asses Reading requirement (CR).
	Individual assignments and projects will be assigned to students. For the projects, students are required to write at least 3000 characters of Chinese (CW). AMA is responsible for the mathematics materials, whereas, CBS is responsible for the Chinese writing skills (CW).

	 Four sets (of no less than 50 pages each) of additional materials written in Chinese will be assigned to students as reading materials (CR). Quizzes in the form of multiple choice questions will be conducted via the CBS system to test students on their understandings of the materials. Presentations will be given by the students during tutorials followed by in-class and small group discussions, and reports will be submitted afterwards. Students would have to research for literature review, making use of our library and the internet extensively to source historical materials not presented in lectures and tutorials. Topics on Projects could be, but not limited to the followings: . 談古今中外如何估算圓周率π。 . 論李善蘭的尖錐求積術。 . 論中國古代高次方程的數值解法。 								
Assessment Method (Note 7)	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intende assesse	ed subjec ed (Please	t learning e tick as a	goutcome ppropriat	comes to be opriate)		
			а	b	с	d	e		
	1. Assignments	10%	\checkmark	~	\checkmark		✓		
	2. Quizzes (<u>to assess CR requirement</u>) via CBS system	20%	✓	✓			~		
	3. Project/Presentation (to assess CW requirement)								
	Marked by CBS	10%	✓	✓					
	Marked by AMA	40%			\checkmark	~	~		
	4. Exam	20%	~	~		~	~		
	Total	100 %							
	Continuous Assessment comprises o written exam (predominately with n semester. To pass the subject, students are req Continuous Assessment and the Exa intended learning outcomes.	f assignment ultiple choic uired to obt mination co	s, proje ce questi ain Gra mponen	ct/preser ions) is h de D or a ts in ord	ntation a led at th above in er to sati	nd quizza e end of t both the sfy all th	es. A the ıe		
Reading List and Reference	 Please indicate clearly in this section if the subjerindicate clearly which items on the Reading L numbers. "R" designation reading list: (1) 吳文俊、白尚恕、沈康身, pp. 79-86, 87-103, 104-121, 郭金彬、孔國平,《中國傳 pp. 284-336. (total 53 pages) (3) 紀志剛,《南北朝隋唐數學 	ct should have a ist constitute the 《劉徽研究 385-394,46 4統數學思想	n "R" desi e expected 》,九章 22-413. 史》,利 學技術指	gnation. If reading re 拿出版社 (total 65 斗學出版 出版社,	so, subject equirement , 1993 (pages) 社, 200 1999 。	proposers s and includ	should also le the page		
	pp. 1-44, 356-386. (total 75 p (4) 孔國平,《李冶朱世傑與金	oages) 元數學》,	河北科學	學技術出	版社,1	999。			

 Textbook 錢寶琮,《中國數學史》,科學出版社,1981。 References 李儼、杜石然,《中國數學》,1986。 Li Yan, Du Shiran, John N. Crossley, Anthony W.C. Lun,《Chinese Mathematics A Concise History》, Oxford Science Publications, 1987. 李迪,《中國數學史簡編》,遼寧人民出版社,1984。 Victor J. Katz,《A History of Mathematics》, 2004.



AMA1D03 (CAR D) Introduction to Pension Mathematics



DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS 應用數學系



Subject Code	AMA1D03
Subject Title	Introduction to Pension Mathematics
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	 (a) To introduce the concept of pension system, and to appreciate the role and the relationship of pension system to the society. (b) To let students gain an enhanced understanding of interest, discount, life contingency, and financial planning. (c) To nurture student's overall financial planning for retirement via the learning of pension mathematics.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) understand the importance of the pension system to our community. (b) evaluate the elementary measures of interest. (c) command the ideas of basic annuities payments and outstanding balance under amortization. (d) master the concept of measuring death and survival rates through life table. (e) analyze the key factors of the valuation of pension funds. (f) evaluate the normal cost and accrual liability for pension funds under various funding methods.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Basic Mathematics Experiment, data collection and analysis, elementary concepts of probability and statistical modeling in pension mathematics, model interpretation and validation. Introduction to Pension Plans Basic principle of pension schemes, importance of the pension schemes, defined benefit vs. defined contribution pension funds, stakeholders, normal cost, accrual actuarial liability, supplementary cost. Measurement of Interest Compound interest, nominal and effective interest and discount rates, present values of annuities, accumulated values of annuities, annuities with monthly payments. Amortization Schedules Outstanding balance, prospective method, retrospective method. Survival Distributions and Life Tables Age-at-death random variables, survival function, life tables, parametric and

	model.							
	Life Annuities and Benefit Reserves							
	Pension Funding Valuation Methods Unit credit method, projected unit credit, entry age normal method, aggregate method, unfunded liability.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures: Lectures will be conducted to present the basic principles and fundamentals of pension funding and the use of mathematics for in-depth understanding.							
	Tutorial questions and reading and writing tas discussion by problem-so	Case study/j sks will be e plving approa	present mploye ch.	ation o ed to 1	on the aise st	select audent's	ed topi s intere	ics via est and
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			es to		
Outcomes			a	b	с	d	e	f
	1.Assignments	30%	✓	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	2. Case study / Presentation	30%	~	~	~	~	~	~
	3. Test	10%		~	✓	✓	~	\checkmark
	4. Exam	30%		~	~	~	~	\checkmark
	Total	100 %						
	Continuous assessment presentation, and test. T techniques related to th include the statistical me scheme with scientific presentations (30%) rec relevant topics about per examination (30%) will b	(70%) con iest (10%) wi e mathematic ethod to build c methods a quire students hasion around to be held at the	nprises ll focu s of p up sur and te s to re the wor end of	of s on th ension. vival n chniqu ead and 1d and the sen	assignr ne stud Nodel a nodel a es. Be d searc its dev nester.	nents, y of th gnmen nd to d esides, ch liter elopme	Case le scien ts (30% lesign F Case rature f ent. A	study/ ice and 6) also Pension study/ for the written
	To pass the subject, students are required to obtain Grade D or above in both the continuous assessment and the examination components in order to satisfy all the intended learning outcomes.							
	Explanation of the appro- intended learning outcom	opriateness of nes:	the as	sessme	nt metl	nods in	assess	ing the
	Assignment and test as and principle of the evaluation	ssess the stud uation. Two as	ents' u ssignme	ndersta ents an	anding d one t	of the est will	basic c be give	concept en.
	Case study/Presentatio analytical and creative	n assess stuc thinking skil	lents' p ls. It v	oroblen vill be	n solvi based	ng, cri on th	tical th eir ind	inking, ividual

	performance in presentation skills.			
	The subjects focus on the integration of basic concepts evaluation techniques in pension mathematics. The asse on examination is appropriate.	and application of the essment method based		
Student Study	Class contact:			
Effort Expected	Lecture	26 Hrs.		
	 Tutorials 	13 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:			
	 Self-study 	39 Hrs.		
	 Preparation for project & presentation 	30 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort	108 Hrs.		
Reading List and	References:			
Kelerences	1. Atitken, W. H., A Problem-solving Approach Valuation, ACTEX Publication, 1996.	to Pension Fund and		
	 Kellison, S.G., The Theory of Interest (3rd ed.) 2009.), McGraw-Hill/Irwin,		
	 Bowers, N.L., Gerber, H.U., Hickman, J.C., Jones, D.A., and N C.J., Actuarial Mathematics (2nd ed.), Societies of Actuaries, 1997 			
	 McGill, D, Brown, K.N., Haley, J.J., Schieber, S., and Warshawsky M.J., Fundamentals of Private Pensions (9th ed.), New York: Oxfore University Press, 2010. 			
	 Blake, D., Pension Schemes and Pension Funds in the United Kingdom (2nd ed.), New York: Oxford University Press, 2003. 			
	6. Carmichael, I., Pension Power: Unions, Pensi- Investment in Canada, Buffalo: University of Tor-	on funds, and Social onto Press, 2005.		
	Reading List:			
	1. Polzer K., Financing Future LTSS and Long Flexible 401(k) and IRAs, 2014.	Life Through more		
	(https://www.soa.org/Library/Monographs/Retire Systems/managing-impact-ltc/2014/mono-2014-n	ment- nanaging-ltc.pdf)		
	 Bikker, J.A., Steenbeek, O.W., and Torracchi F., Complexity, and Service Quality on the Adu Pension Funds: A Cross-country Comparison, Insurance, 79(2), 477-514, 2012. 	, The Impact of Scale, ministrative Costs of Journal of Risk and		
	3. Yang, Y., and Chen, K., Comparison of the Pens East Asia and South-east Asia, Academics in Chin	ion System Reform in na, 7, 269-273, 2015.		
	 Comprix, J., and Muller, K.A., Pension Plan Acc The Freezing of Defined Benefit Pension Plans, and Economics, 51(1-2), 115-133, 2011. 	ounting Estimates and Journal of Accounting		



AMA1DO4 (CAR D) Understanding Social Conflicts by Game Theory



DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS 應用數學系



Subject Code	AMA1D04
Subject Title	Understanding Social Conflicts by Game Theory
Credit Value	3
Level	1
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	nil
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce basic concepts of game theory and related quantitative methods, which can be applied to analyze social issues and political situations, make reasonable social choice, evaluate optimal strategies to achieve equilibrium, and divide assets or costs fairly. Students will acquire quantitative skills required to analyze political, economic and social issues rationally, though a strong Mathematics background is not necessary.
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) Understand voting systems in making social choice. (b) Evaluate political power of a body within a council by using simple models based on number of members and votes needed to pass a law. (c) Describe competitive situation between two bodies and analyze strategies. (d) Solve disputes among bodies by making a fair division or apportionment using quantitative methods. (e) Develop logical thinking and ability to explain issues or conflicts in society.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Social Choice and Voting SystemsIntroduction to social choice procedures and the properties they satisfy.These procedures include: Condorcet's method, plurality voting, Bordacount, Hare system, approval voting. Examples will be given of votingsystems in Hong Kong and all over the world.Political PowerEvaluation of ways of forming a coalition among bodies in a council,evaluation of their political power by Shapley-Shubik index of power,Banzhaf index of power. Introduction of the chair's paradox.Game TheoryUsing two persons zero sum game and general sum game to understandconcepts of dominant strategy, threat, Nash equilibrium, maxi-minstrategy, mixed strategy, prisoner's dilemma.Division and AuctionProblem of apportionment and Hamilton's method. Fair division usingdivide-and-choice method, adjusted winner procedure. Division of

	contested sum in debt collection problem, taxi fare problem. Game tree analysis and the dollar auction problem. Examples of auction methods.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures: Explanation of basic concepts and methods illustrated by examples will be given in lectures. Lecture notes and readings will be given to students in advance. <u>Tutorials:</u> Tutorial problems will be given and explained in tutorial classes. Students will solve problems by applying what they have learnt in lectures. Students will understand social topics and mathematical strategies through interactive activities including free discussion, mock election, mock auction, games, etc. They can also seek advices from their tutor on their individual projects.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended assessed	l subjec l (Please	t learn e tick a	ing out is appro	tcomes	to be)
Intended Learning			а	b	с	d	e	
Outcomes	1. Project	40	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	✓	✓	
	2. Test	20	\checkmark	✓	~	✓	✓	
	3. Exam	40	\checkmark	✓	~	✓	✓	
	Total	100 %						
	Total100 %Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:Project:Students will choose and explore a social topic and demonstrate their quantitative skills which they have learnt in lectures. Instructors will provide a list of topics which students can choose from. If students want to choose a topic not on the list, they have to get prior approval from the instructor. Students should choose topics by week 7 of the semester. A possible list of topics include: voting system of different countries; power index of different councils or organizations around the world (e.g., UN, European Union); and game theory and competition between two supermarket chains. The project will be a maximum of 5 pages long. Students will have to demonstrate the following four things in their project: (a) a clear explanation of social issue/conflict they have chosen; (b) use of their quantitative skills learned in lectures to solve the social issue/conflict; (c) justification of their methodology; (d) a coherent conclusion and the limitations of the methodology used. A rubrics based on parts (a) to (d) will be employed to assign a grade to the project. Turnitin will be used to assess plagiarism.Test and exam Written exam with multiple choice questions, short questions, long						eir ill want m the er. A d (e.g., two ng. r ocial based	

	students' understanding in basic concepts and terminologies. Short questions cover application of quantitative methods introduced in social decision making, voting, fair division or strategy making with simple calculations. Long questions involve case studies in which students will use both qualitative and quantitative skills to analyze a given situation of a social issue and evaluate a fair, optimal solution.		
Student Study	Class contact:		
Effort Expected	Lecture	26 Hrs.	
	Tutorial	13 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:		
	 Reading reference materials 	30 Hrs.	
	 Research and preparation for project 	40 Hrs.	
	Total student study effort	109 Hrs.	
Reading List and References	Alan D. Taylor and Allison M. Pacelli, Mathematics and politics strategy, voting, power and proof, Springer 2008		
	Christoph Börgers, Mathematics of social choice : voting, compensation, and division, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics 2010		
	Jonathan K. Hodge, The mathematics of voting and elections : a hands- on approach, American Mathematical Society 2005		
	Wojciech Cwalina, Andrzej Falkowski and Bruce I. Newman, A cross- cultural theory of voter behavior, The Haworth Press, 2008		
	Jason Brennan, The ethics of voting, Princeton, 201	1	
	Staffan I. Lindberg, Democratization by Elections, T University Press, 2009	The Johns Hopkins	

AMA1D07 (CAR D)

Introduction to Cosmology



DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS 應用數學系



Subject Code	AMA1D07	
Subject Title	Introduction to Cosmology	
Credit Value	3	
Level	1	
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil	
Objectives	The main objectives of this subject are:	
	 a) To offer students a general understanding, at an elementary level, of cosmology from the observational and theoretical perspectives. b) To widen student's view on forefront knowledge and enhance their independent learning skills. c) To present the basic observational facts on which our understanding of the structure and evolution of the Universe is based d) To develop students' moral affection through raising their awareness on the roles of human beings in the nature and the universe. 	
Intended Learning Outcomes	 a) Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:understand the principles and laws that describe the observational/ experimental aspects of cosmology b) understand the dynamic interactive processes that take place in the Universe c) acquire the basic techniques to enhance the understanding on cosmology and science d) analyze data and make appropriate judgments on scientific phenomena e) conduct self-learning and contribute to team work in any disciplines/areas 	
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	• The visible universe. Galaxies, their structure and classification; determination of the cosmic distances; determination of the ages of the cosmic objects.	
	 The observational basis of cosmology. The cosmological redshift; Hubble's law Elementary theory of the Big Bang. Newtonian cosmology; the energy conservation equation; the expansion equation; cosmological models; the deceleration parameter; the age of the Universe Elementary general relativity; the metric of the Universe; geometry of the 	
	Universe	

	 Physics of the early Universe. Primordial nucleosynthesis; structure formation; the Cosmic Microwave Background; anisotropy of the Cosmic Microwave Background; the WMAP and Planck satellite observations The very early Universe. Problems of the standard cosmological models; inflationary models; quantum cosmology; the no-boundary proposal of Stephen Hawking The accelerating Universe. Supernovae as standard candles; the discovery of the recent acceleration of the Universe; dark energy and dark matter; the cosmological constant problem. 						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lecture: This class will consist of 9 weekly 3-hour lectures and 4 sessions of student presentations. Each lecture will be dedicated to a particular topic relevant to the study of Cosmology. Both the mathematical and the physical aspects of the field will be stressed. We will explain the mathematics in layman's terms so as to accommodate students from different backgrounds. During the course of a lecture, pictures and videos will be presented to aid the students in obtaining an intuitive understanding. Weekly readings from classical and forefront popular science books will be assigned so that all students will have the opportunity to learn from the precise yet non-technical writing styles of cosmology scholars. Observations: We will offer three observation sessions for a total of 8 hours. The Objects that will be observed include the sun, stars, and other celestial bodies. The observations will be done using optical and radio telescopes. In each session, each student will complete a set of experimental exercises for evaluation. After each observation session, students are required to complete a laboratory report in analyzing real time data. Visiting Hong Kong Astronomical Observatory (Ho Koon)						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks 1. Assignment 2. Observation exercises 3. Test 4. Presentation	% weighting 20% 20% 30%	Intende assessed a ✓ ✓ ✓	d subject d (Please b ✓ ✓ ✓	learning tick as a ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	outcome ppropriat d v v	es to be e) ✓ ✓
	Total	100 %		•	• 	•	•

	Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:					
	There will be three observational work sheets, one take-home assignment, one mid-term test, and one final presentation.					
	We guarantee that the observation equipments are enough to accommodate the needs for all the students. For instance, we have solar filters that every student can use for doing observation of the sun.					
	Final presentation;					
	At the end of the semester, students will divide into groups. Each group will deliver a presentation on an assigned topic related to cosmology. Through these presentations, students will have the opportunity to acquire the skills of self- learning, analysis and organization of material, critical thinking, teamwork, and communication, all of which are important skills that our university graduate should possess.					
	Topics of presentation					
	We will suggest some interesting topics to the students for doing project presentation. The topics are suggested as follows:					
	Black Holes, Dark Matter, Dark Energy, 21cm Cosmology, String Cosmology, Gravitational Wave Cosmology, Large Scale Structure, Supernovae Cosmology, Brain-World Cosmology, Parallel Universe, etc.					
Student Study Effort Expected	Lecture and presentation	39 Hrs				
	Observations	8 Hrs				
	Other student study effort:	60 Hrs				
	Total student study effort	107 Hrs				
Reading List and References	An Introduction to Galaxies and Cosmology, by Mark H. Jones and Robert J. Lambourne, Cambridge University Press, 2015					
	Astronomy Today Volume 2 : Stars and Galaxies (8 th Edition) by Eric Chaisson and Steve McMillan, Pearson Education, Inc., Addison-Wesley, 2014					
	Extragalactic Astronomy and Cosmology: An Introduction, by Peter Schneider, Springer, 2014					
	Cosmology: A First Course, by Marc Lachieze-Rey, Cambridge University Press, 2011					
	An Introduction to Modern Astrophysics, by B. W. Carroll and D. A. Ostlie, Pearson, 2013					